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**IDAPA 09
TITLE 01
CHAPTER 35**

09.01.35 - UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TAX ADMINISTRATION RULES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under the legal authority of Section 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 09.01.35, "Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration Rules". (4-11-06)

02. Scope. These rules govern Department procedures and the rights and duties of employers under the Unemployment Insurance Program. (3-19-99)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

Explanations for rule changes are available for public inspection at the Idaho Department of Commerce and Labor, 317 W. Main Street, Boise, Idaho, 83735. Brochures explaining various provisions of Idaho's Employment Security Law are also available at the above address. (4-11-06)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Appeals shall be governed by the provisions of Sections 72-1361 and 72-1368, Idaho Code and IDAPA 09.01.06, "Rules of the Appeals Bureau". (3-19-99)

004. -- 010. (RESERVED).

011. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

The following Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration Rules are adopted pursuant to Section 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

01. Quarterly Reporting. Subject employers shall report all wages paid for services in covered employment each calendar quarter. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

02. Contribution Due Date. Contributions are due on or before the last day of the month following the calendar quarter except if the last day of the month falls on a weekend or holiday, in which case the next workday is the due date. Ref. Sec. 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

03. Penalties and Interest on Bankruptcy. Penalty and/or interest shall not be assessed on amounts covered in the Department's Proof of Claim with the Bankruptcy Court for the period after the filing date of the Bankruptcy Petition and ending with the conclusion of bankruptcy proceedings and distribution of assets. Post petition penalty and interest shall be compromised, provided the amount due is paid in full by a date established after the termination of the bankruptcy proceedings. Ref. Sec. 72-1356, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

04. Lien Interest. Lien interest on a delinquent account shall be assessed against the remaining unpaid balance computed from the day following the recording of a tax lien, at a rate established by law. (See Section 056). Ref. Sec. 72-1360, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

05. Penalty and Interest During Controversy. Penalty and/or interest shall be compromised for periods when a valid controversy exists if amounts determined to be due are paid in full by a date established at the conclusion of the issue. Ref. Sec. 72-1354 and 72-1360, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

06. Confidential Information. Information obtained from an employer shall be held as confidential and shall not be released without the consent of the employer except as provided in IDAPA 09.01.08, "Rules on Disclosure of Information," Section 011 or when disclosure is necessary for collection of any amount due under the employment security law, or as otherwise provided by law or these rules. Ref. Sec. 9-340 and 72-1342, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

07. Filing of an Employer Appeal. (3-30-01)

a. An appeal shall be in writing, signed by an interested party or representative, and shall contain words that, by fair interpretation, request the appeal process for a specific determination or redetermination of the Department. The appeal may be filed by delivering it, or faxing it, to any Idaho Commerce & Labor local office or to the Tax and Benefit Control Bureau of the Idaho Department of Commerce and Labor, 317 W. Main Street, Boise, Idaho 83735. The date of personal delivery shall be noted on the appeal and shall be deemed the date of filing. A faxed appeal that is received by a Idaho Commerce & Labor local office or the Tax and Benefit Control Bureau by 5 p.m. (as of the time zone of the office receiving the appeal) on a business day shall be deemed filed on that date. A faxed appeal that is received by a Idaho Commerce & Labor local office or the Tax and Benefit Control Bureau on a weekend or holiday or after 5 p.m. on a business day shall be deemed filed on the next business day. An appeal may also be filed by mailing it to any Idaho Commerce & Labor local office or to the Tax and Benefit Control Bureau, Idaho Department of Commerce and Labor, 317 W. Main Street, Boise, Idaho 83735. If mailed, the appeal shall be deemed to be filed on the date of mailing as determined by the postmark on the request. Ref. Sec. 72-1361, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

b. An appeal should be accompanied by a specific statement, information or evidence which provides an explanation as to why the original determination is erroneous. (3-30-01)

c. In cases where a determination of amounts due is made by the Department pursuant to Section 72-1358, Idaho Code, the reports shall replace the determination and will be used to establish the employer's liability if (i) the employer files reports for the periods covered by the determination before the determination becomes final, and (ii) the Department determines that the reports are accurate and complete. If the Department determines the reports are not accurate or complete, the reports shall be treated as an appeal of the determination. (3-30-01)

08. Determinations. Determinations shall be in writing, signed by an authorized representative of the director, and shall contain provisions which advise the interested parties of their right to appeal the determination within fourteen (14) days from the date of mailing of the determination in accordance with Section 72-1361, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

09. Determination of Payment Date. Each amount shall be deemed to have been paid on the date that the Department receives payment thereof in cash or by check or other order for the payment of money honored by the drawer on presentment; provided, that if sent through the mail, it shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date mailed as determined by the postmark on the envelope containing same, or the date of the check in lieu of a postmark. Provided further, that in the case of payments received by means of garnishment, execution, or levy, the amount received shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date that the order of garnishment, execution, or levy is served. Ref. Sec. 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

10. Release of Lien upon Payment in Full. An amount secured by a lien shall be deemed to be satisfied when payment in full is received by the Department in the form of cash, money order, or other certified funds, or proof presented that a check or other negotiable instrument has been honored by its drawer upon presentment. Ref. Sec. 45-1908, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

11. Contribution Reports. Each contribution shall be accompanied by an employer's contribution report in a form or medium prescribed and furnished or approved for such purpose, giving such information as may be required, including number of individuals employed and wages paid or payable to each, which must be signed or furnished by the covered employer or, on their behalf by someone having personal knowledge of the facts therein stated, and who has been authorized by the covered employer to submit the information. Ref. Sec. 72-1349, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

012. -- 039. (RESERVED).

040. COMPROMISE OF PENALTY AND CIVIL PENALTY.

Pursuant to Section 72-1354, Idaho Code, the Director or his authorized representative may, for good cause shown, compromise the amount of penalties owed on an employer account. An employer shall submit a request in writing for compromise of penalties, setting forth the reason(s) for the delinquency, and attaching any available evidence

supporting the request. (4-11-06)

01. Good Cause. An employer has good cause for the failure to timely pay contributions or for compromise of civil penalties when, in the opinion of the Director or his authorized representative, the employer has established that one (1) of the following criteria has been met: (4-11-06)

a. The reason for the delinquency was beyond the reasonable control of the employer. Examples of circumstances that are beyond the reasonable control of the employer include, but are not limited to, the following: (3-19-99)

i. Departmental error, including but not limited to providing incorrect information to the employer or not furnishing proper forms in sufficient time to permit timely payment of contributions; (3-19-99)

ii. Death or serious illness or injury of the employer or the employer's accountant or members of their immediate families; (3-19-99)

iii. Destruction by fire or other casualty of the employer's place of business or business records; or (3-19-99)

iv. Postal service delays. (3-19-99)

b. The delinquency was due to circumstances for which the imposition of penalties would be inequitable. (3-19-99)

c. Good cause is also established in the case of an employer who has never received a status determination, who has never paid any contributions to the director, who voluntarily approaches the Department to inquire as to whether workers are engaged in covered employment, and the failure to pay contributions was due to the employer's good faith belief that the employer was not a covered employer pursuant to the provisions of Idaho Employment Security Law. Ref. Sec. 72-1354, Idaho Code. (7-1-05)

041. -- 050. (RESERVED).

051. ROUNDING WAGES REPORTED ON CONTRIBUTION REPORT TO NEXT LOWER DOLLAR AMOUNT.

The total wages and taxable wages shown on the contribution report which are to be used in computing contributions due shall be reduced to the next lower dollar amount. Ref. Sec. 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

052. -- 055. (RESERVED).

056. APPLICATION OF PAYMENTS ON DELINQUENT ACCOUNTS.

Whenever and if a delinquency exists in the account of an employer, and payment in an amount less than the total delinquency is submitted to the Department upon said account, the Department shall, unless other arrangements have been made and approved by the Department, apply payment as follows: (3-19-99)

01. First Application. First, credit such payment in satisfaction of interest due for the calendar quarter or period most delinquent in point of time; (3-19-99)

02. Second Application. Next, credit the remainder of such payment in satisfaction of penalty due for such calendar quarter or period most delinquent in point of time; (3-19-99)

03. Third Application. Next, credit the remainder of such payment in satisfaction of contributions due for the calendar quarter or period most delinquent in point of time; (3-19-99)

04. Subsequent Applications. Such applications shall be applied in a like manner for each remaining delinquent quarter. Any remaining credit shall be applied to interest on civil penalties then to civil penalty due until the amount of payment is exhausted. Ref. Sec. 72-1354, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

057. -- 060. (RESERVED).

061. DEFINITIONS.

The definitions listed in IDAPA 09.01.35, "Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration Rules," Section 011, and the following are applicable to the Tax and Benefit Control Bureau. (4-11-06)

01. Tolerance Amount. A tolerance of four dollars and ninety-nine cents (\$4.99) is established in connection with collection of amounts due; and under normal circumstances, no delinquency or credit will be issued or carried on the books of accounts for this amount or less. Ref. Sec. 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

02. Wages. The term "wages" includes all remuneration from whatever source, paid or given in exchange for services performed or to be performed, including the cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash. "Wages" in covered employment, and subject to unemployment insurance reporting, include, but are not limited to: (3-19-99)

a. Commissions, bonuses, draws, distributions, dividends and any other forms or types of payments made by corporations or other similar entities if paid in exchange for services; (4-5-00)

b. Bonuses, prizes, and gifts given to an employee in recognition of services, sales, or production; (3-19-99)

c. Commissions for past services in covered employment; (3-19-99)

d. Remuneration paid to corporate officers which is paid in exchange for services performed or to be performed for or on behalf of the corporation; (4-5-00)

e. Salary advances against commissions; (3-19-99)

f. All forms of profit sharing for services rendered unless specifically exempt under Section 72-1328, Idaho Code; (3-19-99)

g. Excess travel or employer business allowances over actual expense, or over the federal allowance per diem rate for the area of travel, unless returned to the employer; (3-19-99)

h. Vacation or "idle-time" pay, no matter when paid; (3-19-99)

i. Personal expense reimbursement, not gifts, i.e., clothing, family expenses, rent. (3-19-99)

j. The director or his authorized representative shall determine the fair market value of any other remuneration, regardless of its classification, form, or label, which is paid to a worker in exchange for services. In making such determination, consideration will be given to the prevailing wage for similar services. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

k. Noncash payments for farm work, if such payments would be classified as wages for federal tax purposes. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

03. Exclusions from Wages. The term "wages" described in Section 72-1328, Idaho Code, does not include the following: (3-19-99)

a. Prizes or gifts for special occasions which are expressions of good will; (3-19-99)

b. Bonuses paid for signing a contract; (3-19-99)

c. Fees paid to participate periodically in meetings of boards of directors unless exceedingly high; i.e., amounts comparable to other employers in the same industry, of relatively the same size; (3-19-99)

d. Drawings or advances by partners of a partnership, or by members of a limited liability company

- treated for federal tax purposes as a partnership or sole proprietorship; (4-5-00)
- e.** Rental charge for personal equipment provided by the employee on the job: if (3-19-99)
 - i.** There is a rental agreement; and (3-19-99)
 - ii.** The worker has received a reasonable wage for services performed; and (3-19-99)
 - iii.** The fees are held separately on the employer's records. (3-19-99)
 - f.** Stock or membership interests issued for purposes other than services performed or to be performed; (3-19-99)
 - g.** Reimbursement for actual employee expense, or business allowance arrangements with employees that requires them: (3-19-99)
 - i.** To have paid or incurred reasonable job related expenses while performing services as employees; and (3-19-99)
 - ii.** To account adequately to the employer for these expenses; and (3-19-99)
 - iii.** To return any excess reimbursement or allowance. (3-19-99)
 - h.** Payments for employee travel expenses, provided: (3-19-99)
 - i.** Payments are job related expenses while performing services; and (3-19-99)
 - ii.** Payments do not exceed actual expenses or the federal allowance per diem rate for the area of travel; and (3-19-99)
 - iii.** Records for days of travel pertaining to per diem payments are verifiable. (3-19-99)
 - i.** Employee fringe benefits as set forth in Section 132 of the Internal Revenue Code, which are excluded from an employee's gross income and which are not subject to federal unemployment taxes. (3-19-99)
 - j.** Noncash payment to farmworkers. Noncash payments for farm work will be excluded from wages if they are "de minimis" in relation to the amount of cash wages paid to the farmworkers, or are not intended to be treated as the cash equivalent of wages, or as the cash payment of wages. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

04. Treatment of Limited Liability Companies. For purposes of state unemployment tax coverage, a limited liability company will have the same status as it may have elected for federal tax purposes, or as that status may be determined or required by the federal government, subject to the provisions of Subsections 061.02 and 061.03. (4-5-00)

05. Domestic Employment. Domestic employment is defined as work performed in the operation or maintenance of a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, as distinguished from services as an employee in pursuit of an employer's trade, occupation, profession, enterprise, or vocation. In general, domestic employment "in the operation or maintenance of a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority" includes, but is not limited to, services rendered by: (3-15-02)

- a.** Cooks; (3-15-02)
- b.** Waiters; (3-15-02)
- c.** Butlers; (3-15-02)
- d.** Maids; (3-15-02)

- e. Janitors; (3-15-02)
- f. Laundresses; (3-15-02)
- g. Furnacemen; (3-15-02)
- h. Handymen; (3-15-02)
- i. Gardeners; (3-15-02)
- j. Housekeepers; (3-15-02)
- k. Housemothers; and (3-15-02)
- l. In-home caregivers. Ref. Sec. 72-1315, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

06. Casual Labor. Services performed by an individual not in the course of the employer's trade or business who earns less than fifty dollars (\$50) per calendar quarter per service provided and is not regularly employed by that employer to perform such service, are exempt from unemployment insurance coverage. Ref. Sec. 72-1316A(19), Idaho Code. Domestic employment exempt as casual labor may not be exempt if the employer is covered for such service under Section 72-1315(8), Idaho Code. The term, "services not in the course of the employer's trade or business", refers to services that do not promote or advance the trade or business of the employer. The casual labor exemption found under Section 72-1316A(19), Idaho Code, does not apply to services performed for corporations because all services performed for a corporation are considered to be in the course of the trade or business of the corporation. (4-11-06)

062. SUBSTANCE VS. FORM.

In recognizing covered employers, covered employment and in classifying wages, the Department shall examine both the substance and the form of the arrangement, contract, transaction or event, but more consideration shall be given to the substance of the arrangement, contract, transaction or event than to the form. If it is determined that true economic substance is lacking or the operations, accounting practices and records do not reflect the purported form or legal status, the Department shall, regardless of the form, determine proper coverage or classification. (3-15-02)

063. -- 080. (RESERVED).

081. EMPLOYER RECORDS.

Each person hiring one (1) or more individuals, whether or not such employment is sufficient to create the status of a covered employer, shall establish and maintain records to show the information hereinafter indicated. Such records shall be kept for a period of three (3) years after the calendar year in which the remuneration was due. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

01. Required Information. Such records shall show with respect to each employee unless the Department has ruled that the services do not constitute covered employment: (4-11-06)

- a. Full name and home address of worker; (3-19-99)
- b. Social Security account number; (3-19-99)
- c. The place of work within this State; (4-11-06)
- d. Date on which employee was hired, rehired, or returned to work after temporary or partial layoff; (3-19-99)
- e. Date employment was terminated; whether the termination occurred by voluntary action of the individual and the reason given, or by discharge or death, and the reason for discharge; (3-19-99)

f. Wages paid for employment in each pay period and total wages for all pay periods ending in each quarter of the year, showing separately: (3-19-99)

i. Money wages; (3-19-99)

ii. The cash value of other remuneration; and (3-19-99)

iii. The amount of all bonuses or special commissions. (3-19-99)

02. Special Remuneration. Any special remuneration paid for services performed in more than one quarter (1/4) of the year, such as annual commissions or bonuses, gifts and prizes, showing separately: (3-19-99)

a. Money payments; and (3-19-99)

b. The cash value of other remuneration and the nature thereof. (3-19-99)

03. Travel or Employee Business Expenses. Amounts paid to employees as allowances or reimbursement for travel and employee business expenses and the amounts of such expenditures actually incurred and accounted for by them. (3-19-99)

04. Records to Be Made Available. The records to be made available to the director or his authorized representative, in accordance with the provisions of Section 72-1337, Idaho Code, shall include all of the business records, such as journals, ledgers, time books, minute books, or any other records or information which would tend to establish the existence of and/or amounts paid for services performed, whether or not in covered employment, and for information necessary to assist in or enable collection efforts or any other investigations conducted by the department. (4-11-06)

082. -- 095. (RESERVED).

096. EMPLOYER STATUS REPORT.

01. Status Report. Each employer shall report on such form or any online system as may be prescribed and furnished, such information as may be necessary to make an initial or subsequent determination of status under the Idaho Code. Said reports shall be signed by the employer, or on behalf of the employer by a duly authorized representative for such purpose. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

02. Exceptions. The provisions of this Rule shall not apply to any employer for whom the services performed do not, by virtue of the provisions of Section 72-1316, Idaho Code, constitute covered employment, except that the director reserves the right, in his discretion, to require any such employer at any time to make the reports mentioned in Section 096 of this rule. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

097. -- 105. (RESERVED).

106. CLAIMS OF EXEMPTION.

Any employer claiming that services performed for the employer or remuneration paid by the employer does not constitute covered employment or covered wages, as defined in Section 72-1316 and 72-1328, Idaho Code, shall make a report to the Department of Commerce and Labor of all pertinent facts upon which said claim is based, which report shall be signed by the person making the claim, if he is the employer, or on behalf of the employer by an authorized representative. Ref. Sec. 72- 1337, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

107. REMUNERATION PAID CONSTITUTES BOTH TAXABLE WAGES AND EXCLUDED AMOUNTS.

When remuneration paid includes payment for other than wages for services performed in covered employment, the employer's records must account for wages and other remuneration separately. When this distribution is not shown on the records, the employee's entire remuneration will be deemed to be wages. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

108. -- 110. (RESERVED).

111. SERVICES PERFORMED PART IN COVERED EMPLOYMENT AND PART IN EXCLUDED EMPLOYMENT.

When wages paid cover services performed both in covered employment and excluded employment, the employer's records must show the hours and wages for covered employment and also hours and wages for excluded employment. When this distribution is not shown on the records, the employee's entire wage will be deemed to have been earned in covered employment. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

112. DETERMINING STATUS OF WORKER.

01. Determining if Worker Is an Employee. In making a determination as to whether a worker is performing services in covered employment, it shall be determined whether the worker is an employee. To determine whether a worker is an employee, the following factors shall be considered: (3-19-99)

- a.** The way in which the business entity represented its relationship with the worker prior to the investigation or litigation, including representations to the Internal Revenue Service; (3-19-99)
- b.** Statements made to the department; (3-19-99)
- c.** Method of payment to the worker, in particular whether federal, state, and FICA taxes are withheld from paychecks; and (3-19-99)
- d.** Whether life, health, or other benefits are provided to the worker at the business entity's expense. (3-19-99)

02. Determining if Worker Is an Independent Contractor. If it cannot be determined that a worker is an employee pursuant to Subsection 112.01 above, then a determination shall be made whether the worker is an "independent contractor" pursuant to the terms of Section 72-1316(4), Idaho Code. For the purposes of that section and these rules, an independent contractor is a worker who meets the requirements of both Sections 72-1316(4)(a) and (b), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

03. Proving Worker Is Free from Control or Direction in His Work. To meet the requirement of Section 72-1316(4)(a), Idaho Code, it must be proven that a worker has been and will continue to be free from control or direction in the performance of his work, both under his contract of service and in fact. The following factors shall be considered in this determination: (3-19-99)

- a.** Whether the alleged employer has control over: (3-19-99)
 - i.** The details of the work; (3-19-99)
 - ii.** The manner, method or mode of doing the work; and (3-19-99)
 - iii.** The means by which the work is to be accomplished, but without reference to having control over the results of the work. (3-19-99)
- b.** The freedom from direction and control must exist in theory (under a contract of service) and in fact; and (4-11-06)
- c.** The employer must demonstrate that it lacked a right to control the worker. (4-11-06)

04. Proving Worker Is Engaged in Independently Established Business. To meet the requirement of Section 72-1316(4)(b), Idaho Code, it must be proven that a worker is engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession or business. The following factors shall be considered in this determination: (3-19-99)

- a.** Skills, qualifications, and training required for the job; (3-19-99)

- b.** Method of payment, benefits, and tax withholding; (3-19-99)
- c.** Right to negotiate agreements with other workers; (3-19-99)
- d.** Right to choose sales techniques or other business techniques; (3-19-99)
- e.** Right to determine hours; (3-19-99)
- f.** Existence of outside businesses or occupations; (3-19-99)
- g.** Special licensing or regulatory requirements for performance of work; (3-19-99)
- h.** Whether the work is part of the employer's general business; (3-19-99)
- i.** The nature and extent of the work; (3-19-99)
- j.** The term and duration of the relationship; (3-19-99)
- k.** The control of the premises; (3-19-99)
- l.** Whether the worker has the authority to hire subordinates; (3-19-99)
- m.** Whether the worker owns or leases major items of equipment or incurs substantial unreimbursed expenses, provided, that in a case where a worker leases major items of equipment from the alleged employer: (3-19-99)
 - i.** The terms of the lease; and (3-19-99)
 - ii.** The actions of the parties pursuant to those terms must be commercially reasonable as measured by applicable industry standards. (3-19-99)
- n.** Whether either party would be liable to the other party upon peremptory or unilateral termination of the business relationship; and, (3-19-99)
- o.** Other factors which, viewed fairly in light of all the circumstances in a given case, may indicate the existence or lack of an independently established trade occupation, profession or business. (3-19-99)

05. Meeting Criteria for Covered Employment. A worker who meets one (1), but not both, of the tests in Subsections 112.03 and 112.04 above shall be found to perform services in covered employment. (3-19-99)

06. Evidence of Contractual Liability for Termination. For purposes of making a determination under Section 72-1316(4), Idaho Code, and this regulation, the party alleging that summary termination by either party would result in contractual liability must present some evidence upon which to base such allegation. Ref. Sec. 72-1316(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

113. -- 130. (RESERVED).

131. FARM COMMODITY OWNERSHIP.

In determining if the farm operator-processor produced more than fifty percent (50%) of the commodities being processed, the following shall apply: (3-19-99)

01. Quantity. It will be determined on a quantity basis where the farm operator processes only one (1) commodity. (3-19-99)

02. Wages. It will be determined on the basis of the relationship between wages paid for processing commodities raised by the farm operator-processor and total wages paid for processing where the farm operator processes several commodities. Wages paid for processing each commodity will be determined. The proportionate

share of such wages paid for processing that portion of the commodity raised by the farm operator-processor will be ascertained on the basis of the percentage of such commodity which was produced by the farm operator. This will be done for each commodity processed so as to ascertain total wages paid for processing commodities produced by the farm operator-processor. If such total is more than fifty percent (50%) of the total wages paid for processing all commodities, the activity will be exempt but if it is fifty percent (50%) or less, it will not be exempt. Ref. Sec. 72-1304, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

132. STATUS.

01. Status Information Required. To determine the taxable status of an employer, detailed information regarding the business activities of any person engaged in business in Idaho shall be submitted as required, including articles of incorporation, articles of organization, minutes of boards of directors, financial reports, partnership agreements, number of employees, wages paid, employment contracts, income tax records, and any other records or other information which may tend to establish such person's status. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

02. Notification to Liable Employers. Employers who are determined liable for contributions shall be notified by letter of their status as a covered employer. The employer's appeals rights to the determination shall also be explained in the letter. Ref. Sec. 72-1353 and 72-1361, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

03. Status Determination. A formal determination of status shall be prepared if an employer questions their liability. This status determination shall state the received facts and arrive at a logical conclusion based on these facts and precedent appeals decisions or legal opinions. Ref. Sec. 72-1353, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

04. Employer Quarterly Report Forms. Employers who are liable to pay tax contributions, or who have elected a cost reimbursement option in lieu of tax contributions, shall submit quarterly report forms in any form or medium designated by the director or his authorized representative. Ref. Sec. 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

05. Update Requirements. Covered employers shall furnish the Department with pertinent status data when new or additional information is available. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

133. (RESERVED).

134. PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS.

A professional employer organization shall fully comply with the requirements of the Professional Employer Recognition Act, Chapter 24, Title 44, Idaho Code in order to be eligible for any transfers of experience rating as allowed by Section 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

01. Methods of Reporting. To report the wages and employees covered by the professional employer arrangement between a professional employer and client, professional employers and their clients shall make reports to the Department in one (1) of the following ways, subject to the conditions in Subsections 134.02 through 134.06 of this rule: (3-15-02)

a. Report the workers included in the professional employer arrangement under the employer account number of the professional employer and transfer the rate of the client to the professional employer; or (3-15-02)

b. Report the workers included in the professional employer arrangement under the employer account number of the client without an experience rate transfer. Ref. Sec. 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

02. Joint Transfer of Experience Rate. In order to effect a transfer of a client's experience rate into the experience rate of a professional employer organization, both the client and the professional employer organization shall jointly apply for the transfer of the experience rate within the same timeframes as required of employers by Section 72-1351(4), Idaho Code, from the date of the contract entered into between the professional employer organization and the client required by Section 44-2405, Idaho Code. Failure to submit a timely joint request for transfer of experience rate shall result in the professional employer organization reporting wages for the client under the employer account number of the client. Ref. Sec. 72-1351(4), Idaho Code. (7-1-05)

03. Partial Transfers of Experience Rate Prohibited. In the event that a client and a professional employer organization jointly apply to transfer the experience rate of the client into that of the professional employer, the client's entire experience rate and factors of experience rate shall be transferred into that of the professional employer, and no partial transfers of experience factors or the experience rate shall be allowed. Ref. Sec. 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

04. Joint Application. If the professional employer organization elects to report the workers assigned to a client under the experience rate account of the professional employer a joint application signed by the professional employer organization and the client employer must be submitted within one hundred eighty (180) days of the contract between the professional employer organization and the client. If the application is not received within this time frame, the workers assigned to the client employer must be reported under the experience rate account of the client without an experience rate transfer. Ref. Sec. 72-1351, and 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

05. Partial Reporting of Workers. If some of the client's workers are included in the professional employer arrangement and some are not included, and the professional employer organization and the client elect to report the workers included in the professional employer arrangement under the employer account number of the client, then only one (1) quarterly report shall be remitted to the Department, which shall list or include all the client's workers whether or not included in the professional employer arrangement. Ref. Sec. 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

06. Combined Wages or Services for Purposes of Coverage. If a client employer has employees or employment, or both, that does not independently meet the coverage or threshold requirements necessary to constitute covered employment, such employees, services or employment shall nonetheless be deemed to meet the coverage requirements of the Employment Security Law if, in combination with other employees, employment or services of such other employees of the professional employer organization or any of its clients, such wages, services or employees do jointly meet coverage requirements. (3-15-02)

135. -- 165. (RESERVED).

166. FIELD OPERATIONS CONTROL.

When circumstances dictate, and as a result of nonpayment of liabilities, the employer shall be notified by mail to the last known address of lien proceedings against the employer's interests, with an explanation of the amounts due, and the accrual of interest at the proper rate until the lien is satisfied. Ref. Sec. 72-1360, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

01. Statute of Limitations for Audits and Inspections of Employer Records. In the absence of fraudulent practices, the Department shall not audit an employer's records for a period greater than three (3) years for purposes of establishing a tax liability. The three (3) year period shall be determined by, and extend three (3) years back from, the date that the employer is notified, orally or in writing by any representative of the Department, of an intent to perform an audit of the records, and shall be deemed to include every quarter which, in whole or in part, falls within the three (3) year period. This statute of limitations shall not apply in any case in which an employer has engaged in fraudulent practices. (3-30-01)

02. Tolling of Statute of Limitations. The three (3) year statute of limitations is tolled for any period in which the employer does not reside within the state. (3-30-01)

03. Notification of Audits. Employers shall be notified as soon as practicable of an impending payroll records audit for tax liability purposes. This shall allow time in which to agree as to a convenient time and place for audit. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

04. Frequency of Audits. The frequency of audits or inspections of an employer's records to ensure compliance with the law and Department rules shall be based on the following criteria: (3-30-01)

a. On the basis of random selection and other selection criteria in accordance with federal requirements; (3-30-01)

b. As a result of information received from any source, provided that the information received is of such a nature that it would be reasonable to conduct an audit or inspection of records as a result of that information; or

(3-30-01)

c. As a result of a previous audit, if the business practices or records of the employer are of such a nature that it would be reasonable for a Department employee to re-inspect or re-audit the records to ensure future compliance with the law. Ref. Sec. 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

05. Statute of Limitations for Collections of Contributions, Penalty and Interest. Administrative proceedings for collection of taxes from subject employers shall be instituted within five (5) years from the date of a final determination, decision or order establishing the employer's liability. (3-30-01)

a. The time limits contained in Subsection 166.05 shall not apply once a tax liability is recorded as a lien against the property of an employer. (3-30-01)

b. If the employer or his representative acknowledges the indebtedness or makes a partial payment thereon, the statute of limitations for collection shall be extended an additional three (3) years from the date of such payment or acknowledgement. (3-30-01)

06. Execution Against Assets. The Department of Commerce and Labor, when the situation warrants, shall levy upon or execute against any real or personal property, both tangible and intangible, in which an indebted person has an interest, including any offsets as allowed by Section 67-1026, Idaho Code. Ref. Sec. 72-1360, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

07. Relief of Indebtedness. Neither the full running of the statute of limitations nor the writing off of the account as uncollectible relieves an employer of tax indebtedness. Ref. Sec. 72-1364, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

167. -- 185. (RESERVED).

186. ACCOUNTING AND DELINQUENCY CONTROL.

Overpayments on employer accounts may be refunded without written application by the employer. Credits resulting from overpayments or adjustments to an employer's account shall be refunded periodically unless such credit is applied to a subsequent balance due. Ref. Sec. 72-1357, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

01. Erroneous Wage Reports. An employer submitting an erroneous report of employee wages resulting in payment of unearned unemployment insurance benefits shall have said benefit payments subtracted from any refund due that employer, if such employer benefited from the unearned benefit payments. Ref. Sec. 67-4702 and 72-1372, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

02. Notification of Underpayments. Employers shall be notified periodically of any taxes, penalties, or lien interest due on their tax account. Ref. Sec. 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

03. Cancellation of Refund Warrants. Refund warrants, outstanding after the validity date, shall be canceled, stop-payment procedures initiated, and then reissued only upon completion of an affidavit for the replacement of the lost or destroyed warrant. Ref. Sec. 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

187. -- 220. (RESERVED).

221. TRANSFER OF EXPERIENCE RATING.

Upon request, employers shall be informed of the requirements for transferring an experience rating record. Notification shall be issued to interested parties when an experience rating record transfer request is made. Ref. Sec. 72-1351, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

01. Mandatory Transfer of Rate. An experience rating record transfer shall be mandatory if there is a continuity of business activity and ownership or management or control is substantially the same between the predecessor and successor. The parties in interest shall be notified of such transfer of experience as determined from the facts applicable to the case. Such determination may be appealed as provided in Ref. Sec. 72-1351, 72-1361, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

02. Partial Experience Rate Transfers. The following method is used to compute the pro-rata share of the experience rate account that is to be transferred from the predecessor to a successor. The pro-rata share is determined by dividing the gross payroll associated with the portion of the business acquired by the total gross payroll for the entire business operations for the same time period. The time period upon which this computation is based is the four (4) most recently completed quarters as reported by the predecessor prior to the date of acquisition or change in entity. (4-11-06)

03. Continued Predecessor Employment for Liquidation. When a total transfer of experience rating record has been completed and it is found that the predecessor employer continues to have employment in connection with the liquidation of his business, such employer shall continue to pay contributions at the assigned rate for the period of liquidation but not to extend beyond the balance of the rate year. Ref. Sec. 72-1351, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

04. Management or Ownership or Control Substantially the Same. For the purposes of Sections 72-1351(5)(a) and (b), Idaho Code, in determining whether the ownership or management or control of a successor is substantially the same as the ownership or management or control of the predecessor factors to be considered include, but are not limited to, the extent of policy making authority, the involvement in daily management of operations, the supervision over the workforce, the percentage of ownership of shares or assets, and the involvement on boards of directors or other controlling bodies. (4-11-06)

05. Wage Paid by Predecessor. The successor employer may use wages paid by the predecessor employer to arrive at the wage base for purposes of calculating taxable wages only when the experience rate of a predecessor employer has been transferred to a successor employer. Ref. Sec. 72-1349(1), 72-1351(5), and 72-1350(8), Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

222. -- 230. (RESERVED).

231. EXPERIENCE RATING -- QUALIFYING PERIOD.

When an eligible employer ceases to have covered employment for a period of six (6) consecutive quarters or more, they must complete another qualifying period in order to again be eligible for consideration for a reduced contribution rate. Ref. Sec. 72-1319, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

232. -- 240. (RESERVED).

241. BOARD, LODGING, MEALS.

When board, lodging, meals, or any other payment in kind considered as payment for services performed by an employee constitute a part of wages or wholly comprise an employee's wages, the value of such board, lodging, or other payment shall be determined as follows: (3-19-99)

01. Cash Value. If a cash value for such board, lodging, or other payment is agreed upon in any contract of hire, the amount so agreed upon shall be used provided it is a reasonable, fair market value. If there is no agreement, or if the contract of hire states an amount less than a reasonable, fair market value, the Department of Commerce and Labor shall determine the reasonable or fair market value to be used. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

02. Meals and Lodging Not Included in Gross Wages. The value of meals and lodging furnished by an employer to the employee will not be included in the employee's gross income if it meets the following tests: (4-11-06)

a. The meals or lodging are furnished on the employer's business premises; (3-19-99)

b. The meals or lodging are furnished for the employer's convenience; and (3-19-99)

c. In the case of lodging (but not meals), the employees must be required to accept the lodging as a condition of their employment. This means that they must accept the lodging to allow them to properly perform their duties. In addition, in order to exclude the value of lodging from an employee's gross wages, the employer must show that the wages paid to the employee for services performed meets the prevailing wage for those services. If the employer's records do not show or establish that the employee received the prevailing wage for services performed,

then the reasonable or fair market value of the lodging will be included in the employee's gross income as wages. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

03. Meals or Lodging for Employer Convenience. Meals or lodging furnished will be considered for the employer's convenience if the employer has a substantial business reason other than providing additional pay to the worker. A statement that the meals or lodging are not intended as pay is not enough to prove that either meals or lodging are furnished for the employer's convenience. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

04. Subsistence Remuneration. In the case of employees who receive remuneration in the form of subsistence, such as groceries, staples, and fundamental shelter, the fair value of such subsistence will be determined by the Director. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

242. -- 255. (RESERVED).

256. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUE OF REMUNERATION FOR PERSONAL SERVICES.

When the amount paid to an employee by an employer includes remuneration for other than personal services such as equipment use, travel costs, etc., the Director shall determine the fair value of the remuneration for the employee's personal services. In making such determination, the Director shall consider the wages specified in the contract of hire, the prevailing wages for similar work under comparable conditions, and other pertinent factors. The wages so determined by the Director shall be reported by the employer. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

257. -- 261. (RESERVED).

262. DETERMINATION OF PROPER QUARTER IN WHICH TO ASSIGN AND REPORT WAGES.

01. Wage Assignment to Proper Calendar Quarter. Wages shall be assigned to the calendar quarter in which the wages were: (3-19-99)

a. Actually paid to the employee in accordance with the employer's usual and customary payday as established by law or past practice; or (3-30-01)

b. Due the employee in accordance with the employer's usual and customary payday as established by law or past practice but not actually paid on such date because of circumstances beyond the control of the employer or the employee; or (3-30-01)

c. Not paid on the usual or customary payday as established by law or past practice but set apart on the employer's books as an amount due and payable or otherwise recognized as a specific and ascertainable amount due and payable to the worker in accordance with an agreement or contract of hire under which services were rendered. Ref. Sec. 72-1367, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

02. Draws and Advances on Wages. Payments to employees made prior to regular or established paydays will be assignable and reportable during the quarter in which they would have been paid unless a practice is established whereby all employees or a class of employees are given an opportunity to take a "draw" by which such action, another "regular" payday appears to have been created. (3-19-99)

03. Judgments of Wages. Amounts received as a result of labor relations awards or judgments for back pay, or for disputed wages, constitute wages and will be reported in the quarter or quarters in which the award or judgment has become final, after all appeals have been exhausted, or the quarter or quarters to which the court assigns the wages, if different. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

04. Awarded Damages Against Employers. Amounts awarded to the claimant as a penalty or damages against the employer, other than for lost wages, do not constitute wages. Ref. Sec. 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

263. -- 274. (RESERVED).

275. UI DELIVERY SYSTEMS.

The Department of Commerce and Labor shall be responsible for analyzing, designing, testing, and assisting in implementing new and improved UI delivery systems for claimants and employers. Ref. Sec. 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

01. Testing. The testing of new or improved UI delivery systems in Idaho shall be accomplished at various selected locations with selected claimants and/or employers as pilot projects. Ref. Sec. 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

02. Inclusion in Testing or Development. The development or testing of a UI delivery system shall not necessarily include all claimants or employers at a location or at all locations serving the public. Ref. Sec. 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

03. Advisement of Changes. All claimants and employers included in a test system shall be advised of any changes which may occur and which may affect their eligibility for benefits or the amount of taxes which they must pay. Ref. Sec. 67-4702, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

276. -- 999. (RESERVED).

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