# PENDING RULES COMMITTEE RULES REVIEW BOOK

# Submitted for Review Before Senate Commerce & Human Resources Committee

65th Idaho Legislature Second Regular Session – 2020



**Prepared by:** 

Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator Division of Financial Management

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# SENATE COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE

# ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW

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# **IDAPA 07 – DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY**

# DOCKET NO. 07-0000-1900

# NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

# LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to following sections of Idaho Code:

I.C. § 39-4107	I.C. § 39-8605	I.C. § 54-1006	I.C. § 54-5004
I.C. § 39-4109	I.C. § 44-2102	I.C. § 54-2601	I.C. § 54-5005
I.C. § 39-4112	I.C. § 44-2104	I.C. § 54-2605	I.C. § 55-2203
I.C. § 39-4302	I.C. § 44-2201	I.C. § 54-2606	I.C. § 55-2211
I.C. § 39-4303	I.C. § 44-2504	I.C. § 54-1907	I.C. § 67-2601A
I.C. § 39-8007	I.C. § 54-1005	I.C. § 54-4510	

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters promulgated as proposed rules under this docket number under IDAPA 07, rules of the Division of Building Safety:

- 07.03.09, Rules Governing Manufactured Homes Consumer Complaints Dispute Resolution;
- 07.03.13, Rules Governing Mobile Home Rehabilitation;
- 07.06.01, Rules Governing Uniform School Building Safety; and
- 07.08.01, Idaho Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging.

This pending rule vacates the following proposed rules previously promulgated as part of the omnibus proposed rulemaking under IDAPA 07, rules of the Division of Building Safety:

- (VACATED) 07.01.01, Rules Governing Electrical Permits and Inspections
- (VACATED) 07.01.04, Rules Governing Limited Electrical Licensing and Registration
- (VACATED) 07.01.05, Rules Governing Examinations
- (VACATED) 07.01.06, Rules Governing the Use of National Electrical Code
- (VACATED) 07.01.07, Rules Governing Continuing Education Requirements
- (VACATED) 07.01.08, Rules Governing Electrical Inspection Appeals
- (VACATED) 07.01.10, Rules Governing Certification and Approval of Electrical Products and Materials
- (VACATED) 07.02.04, Rules Governing Plumbing Safety Inspections
- (VACATED) 07.02.05, Rules Governing Plumbing Safety Licensing
- (VACATED) 07.02.06, Rules Concerning the Idaho State Plumbing Code
- (VACATED) 07.04.01, Rules Governing Safety Inspections General

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 793–922. Amendments to the chapters identified in this notice were made consistent with Executive Orders 2019-01 and 2019-02 related to the Licensing Freedom Act and the Red Tape Reduction Act. Amendments made to the rulemakings included revision to eliminate unnecessary, outdated, or duplicative rule provisions, or to simplify or reformat (consolidate) rules.

Specifically, this pending rule vacates the proposed rules for the following chapters: IDAPA 07.01.01, "Rules Governing Electrical Permits and Inspections"; 07.01.04, "Rules Governing Limited Electrical Licensing and Registration"; 07.01.05, "Rules Governing Examinations"; 07.01.06, "Rules Governing the Use of National Electrical Code"; 07.01.07, "Rules Governing Continuing Education Requirements"; 07.01.08, "Rules Governing Electrical Inspection Appeals"; and 07.01.10, "Rules Governing Certification and Approval of Electrical Products and Materials." These chapters are being consolidated into a new, renamed Chapter 07.01.01, "Rules of the Idaho Electrical Board." The proposed rules for that rulemaking are contained in docket number 07-0101-1901, published in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin, September 4, 2019 – Vol. 19-9, pages 132–154.

Further, this pending rule vacates the proposed rules for IDAPA chapters 07.02.04, "Rules Governing Plumbing Safety Inspections," 07.02.05, "Rules Governing Plumbing Safety Licensing," and 07.02.06, "Rules Concerning the Idaho State Plumbing Code." These chapters are being consolidated into a renamed chapter 07.02.02, "Rules Governing Plumbing." The pending rules for that rulemaking are contained in Docket Number 07-0000-1900F. Additionally, this pending rule vacates the proposed rule for 07.04.01, "Rules Governing Safety Inspections – General."

The Division of Building Safety rules are necessary to ensure that properly qualified persons continue to practice in the professions over which the Division exercises regulatory authority, and that the installations made in the various trades and professions related thereto, and other applicable construction work, is performed safely and in accordance with laws, codes, standards, and processes that protect the safety and welfare of the public.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Patrick Grace, Regional Manager at (208) 332-7120.

Dated this 8th day of October, 2019.

Chris Jensen Administrator Division of Building Safety 1090 E. Watertower St., Ste 150 Meridian, ID 83642 (208) 332-7100

# THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to the following Sections of Idaho Code:

DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY		Docket No. 07-0000-1900	
IDAPA 07		OMNIBUS PENDING RULE	
I.C. § 39-4107	I.C. § 39-8605	I.C. § 54-1006	I.C. § 54-5004
I.C. § 39-4109	I.C. § 44-2102	I.C. § 54-2601	I.C. § 54-5005

I.C. § 39-4112	I.C. § 44-2104	I.C. § 54-2605	I.C. § 55-2203
I.C. § 39-4302	I.C. § 44-2201	I.C. § 54-2606	I.C. § 55-2211
I.C. § 39-4303	I.C. § 44-2504	I.C. § 54-1907	I.C. § 67-2313
I.C. § 39-8007	I.C. § 54-1005	I.C. § 54-4510	I.C. § 67-2601A

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 07, rules of the (Division of Building Safety):

# IDAPA 07

- 07.01.01, Rules Governing Electrical Permits and Inspections
- 07.01.04, Rules Governing Limited Electrical Licensing and Registration
- 07.01.05, Rules Governing Examinations
- 07.01.06, Rules Governing the Use of National Electrical Code
- 07.01.07, Rules Governing Continuing Education Requirements
- 07.01.08, Rules Governing Electrical Inspection Appeals
- 07.01.10, Rules Governing Certification and Approval of Electrical Products and Materials
- 07.02.04, Rules Governing Plumbing Safety Inspections
  07.02.05, Rules Governing Plumbing Safety Licensing
- 07.02.06, Rules Concerning Idaho State Plumbing Code
- 07.03.09, Rules Governing Manufactured Homes Consumer Complaints Dispute Resolution
- 07.03.13, Rules Governing Mobile Home Rehabilitation
- 07.04.01, Rules Governing Safety Inspections General
- 07.06.01, Rules Governing Uniform School Building Safety
- 07.08.01, Idaho Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. The Division of Building Safety Rules are necessary to ensure that properly qualified persons continue to practice in the professions over which the Division exercises regulatory authority, and that the installations made in the various trades and professions related thereto, and other applicable construction work is performed safely and in accordance with laws, codes, standards, and processes that protect the health, safety and welfare of the public.

FEE SUMMARY: This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Patrick Grace, Regional Manager at (208) 332-7120.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

# THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 07-0000-1900

# 07.03.09 – RULES GOVERNING MANUFACTURED HOMES – CONSUMER COMPLAINTS – DISPUTE RESOLUTION

# 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The Factory Built Structures Advisory Board of the Division of Building Safety is authorized under Section 44-2102(4), Idaho Code, to promulgate rules concerning establishment of dispute resolution programs. ()

# 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules are titled IDAPA 07.03.09, "Rules Governing Manufactured Homes – Consumer Complaints – Dispute Resolution." (4-6-05)

**02.** Scope. These rules establish a program for the timely resolution of disputes between manufacturers, retailers and installers of manufactured homes in order to comply with Federal Housing and Urban Development regulations within 42 U.S.C. Section 5422(c)(12). (4-6-05)

#### 002. -- 011. (RESERVED)

# 012 COMPLAINTS.

01. Inquiry. Complaints may be initiated by the consumer and directed to the Division of Building Safety in writing.

**02. Statute of Limitations**. Complaints are to be reported on forms provided by the Division within one (1) year following the date of initial home installation in order to be eligible for this dispute resolution process.

)

#### 013. INVESTIGATION.

**01. Site Inspection**. Upon review of the completed complaint form, the Division may perform a site inspection, based on the nature of the complaint or upon request of the complainant. ()

**02. Inspectors**. The site inspection may have only the Division inspector and consumer present, at the consumer's request, or, if there is a dispute between the manufacturer, installer, or dealer, the inspection will be coordinated to include all involved parties. (4-6-05)

# 03. Costs.

(4-6-05)

**a.** A site inspection made upon a consumer's request that involves issues concerning a defect as defined by HUD is conducted at no cost to the consumer. (4-6-05)

**b.** A charge for mileage to and from the inspection site, plus an hourly charge for the time spent conducting the inspection, is assessed the manufacturer, installer, or dealer if a site inspection is made upon a request by the manufacturer, installer, or dealer, and does not involve a serious defect or imminent safety hazard. (4-6-05)

04. Inspection Report. Following a site inspection, the inspector will prepare a final report and include photographs.

**05. Complaint Determination**. Following an investigation, a determination is made regarding the complaint along with any follow-up required by HUD guidelines. ()

# 014. ACTION.

A notification letter and copies of the complaint form and investigation findings may be provided to all involved parties and HUD.

01. Division Action. Any Division action, notification and follow-up are completed according to HUD ( )

**02.** License File. If the nature of the complaint pertains to retailer contractual issues or installation problems, a copy of the complaint is to be consolidated with the appropriate Division license files. ()

03. Correction or Repair. A Division building inspector must issue a report concerning correction or

repair of defects that are a matter of dispute between the homeowner, retailer, installer, or manufacturer. The report will include the likely cause of the defect and identify the party responsible for creating the defect that is in need of correction or repair.

# 015. DECISIONS - APPEALS - INFORMAL DISPOSITION.

01. Decisions. The Administrator will review the inspector's report and set forth the required corrective action and identify the party responsible for such action. The Administrator may initiate a contested case proceeding if, in his sole discretion, he determines that such a proceeding or further investigation would be of assistance in reaching a decision. The decision must direct the responsible party to complete the required corrective action within specified timelines and consider the needs of the involved parties including, but not limited to, safety, anticipated expense and availability of funds, time of year, and convenience to the parties. ()

**02. Appeals**. Decisions of the administrator are final orders for purposes of appeal. (4-6-05)

03. Informal Disposition -- Arbitration -- Mediation. Unless otherwise prohibited by other provisions of law, informal disposition may be made of any complaint by negotiation, stipulation, agreed settlement, and consent order. The parties may agree to enter into binding arbitration or mediation. Informal settlement of matters is to be encouraged. (4-6-05)

016. -- 999. (RESERVED)

# 07.03.13 - RULES GOVERNING MOBILE HOME REHABILITATION

# 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

In accordance with Section 44-2504, Idaho Code, the administrator of the Idaho Division of Building Safety is authorized to promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of Title 44, Chapter 25, Idaho Code.

# 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. These rules are titled IDAPA 07.03.13, "Rules Governing Mobile Home Rehabilitation."

)

**02. Scope**. These rules apply to the rehabilitation of mobile homes constructed prior to June 15, 1976, intended for relocation in Idaho requiring an installation permit pursuant to Section 44-2202, Idaho Code.

a. Before a permit for the installation of the mobile home may be issued, the home must meet the rehabilitation requirements specified in this chapter and receive a certificate of compliance from the administrator of the Division. (7-1-99)

**b.** Upon submission of the rehabilitation form required pursuant to Section 44-2504, Idaho Code, and any other information required by the administrator to establish compliance with this chapter, the administrator issues a certificate of compliance to the homeowner. The certificate must be presented to the local jurisdiction before a permit for the installation of the home may be issued.

**c.** Upon receipt of the certificate, the local jurisdiction issues the installation. No zoning, ordinance or policy of the local jurisdiction may prohibit the relocation or installation of a mobile home for which a certificate of compliance has been issued in accordance with this rule.

# 002. -- 003. (RESERVED)

# 004. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Administrator**. The administrator of the Division of Building Safety for the state of Idaho.

(7-1-99)

**02. Division**. The Division of Building Safety for the state of Idaho. (7-1-99)

**03.** Local Jusrisdiction. A city or county within Idaho that has enacted ordinances that regulate the siting or installation of mobile homes.

04. Mobile Home. A structure similar to a manufactured home, but built to a mobile home code prior to June 15, 1976, the date of enactment of the federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standards Act (H.U.D. code). (7-1-99)

# 005. -- 010. (RESERVED)

# 011. REHABILITATION REQUIREMENTS.

The mobile home must meet the following rehabilitation requirements:

(7-1-99)

**01. Smoke Detectors**. A smoke detector (which may be a single station alarm device) must be installed on any wall in a hallway or space communicating with each bedroom area and the living area on the living area side and, when located in a hallway, the detector must be between the return air intake and the living area. Each smoke detector must be installed in accordance with its listing and the top of the detector must be located on a wall four (4) inches to twelve (12) inches below the ceiling. The detector may be battery powered or may be connected to an electrical outlet box by a permanent wiring method into a general electrical branch circuit, without any switch between the over current protection device protecting the branch circuit and the detector. (7-1-99)

**02. Gas Furnace and Water Heater Compartment Protection**. The walls, ceilings and doors of each compartment containing a gas-fired furnace or water heater must, as a minimum, be lined with five-sixteenth (5/16) inch gypsum board, unless the compartment access door opens to the exterior of the home, in which case, the door may be all metal construction. All exterior compartments must seal to the interior of the mobile home. (7-1-99)

03. Egress From Sleeping Areas. Each room designated expressly for sleeping purposes must have an

# IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 07.03.13 Division of Building Safety Rules Governing Mobile Home Rehabilitation

exterior exit door or at least one (1) outside egress window or other approved exit device with a minimum clear dimension of twenty-two (22) inches and a minimum clear opening of five (5) square feet. The bottom of the exit must not be more than thirty-six (36) inches above the floor. (7-1-99)

04. Electrical System Testing. All electrical systems must be tested for continuity to assure that metallic parts are properly bonded, tested for operation to demonstrate that all equipment is connected and in working order, and given a polarity check to determine that connections are proper. The electrical system must be properly protected for the required amperage load. If the unit wiring is of aluminum conductors, all receptacles and switches rated twenty (20) amperes or less directly connected to the aluminum conductors must be marked CO/ALR. Exterior receptacles other than heat tape receptacles must be of the ground fault circuit interrupter (GFI) type. Conductors of dissimilar metals (copper/aluminum or copper clad aluminum) must be connected in accordance with Section 110-14 of the National Electrical Code. (7-1-99)

05. Gas System Testing. The mobile home's gas piping must be tested with the appliance valves removed from the piping system and piping capped at those areas. The piping system must withstand a pressure of at least six (6) inch mercury or three (3) psi gauge for a period of not less than ten (10) minutes without showing any drop in pressure. Pressure must be measured with a mercury manometer or a slope gauge calibrated so as to read in increments of not greater than one-tenth (1/10) pound or an equivalent device. The source of normal operating pressure must be isolated before the pressure test is made. After the appliance connections are reinstalled, the piping system and connections must be tested with line pressure of not less than ten (10) inches nor more than fourteen (14) inches water column air pressure. The appliance connections must be tested for leakage with soapy water or a bubble solution. All gas furnaces and water heaters must be vented to the exterior in accordance with the latest state adopted mechanical code. (7-1-99)

**06.** Water System Testing. A full water or air pressure test will be performed on the mobile home's water and sewer system. (7-1-99)

**a.** Water piping must be tested and proven tight under a water pressure not less than the working pressure under which it is to be used. The water used for tests must be obtained from a potable source of supply. A fifty (50) pound per square inch (344.5kPa) air pressure may be substituted for the water test. In either method of test, the piping must withstand a test without leaking for a period of not less than fifteen (15) minutes. (7-1-99)

**b.** A water test must be applied to the drainage and vent system either in its entirety or in sections. If applied to the entire system, all openings in the piping must be tightly closed, except at the highest opening, and the system filled with water to the point of overflow. If the system is tested in sections, each opening must be tightly plugged except the highest opening of the section under the test and each section must be filled with water, but no section must be tested with less than a ten (10) foot head of water. In testing successive sections, at least the upper ten (10) feet of the next preceding section must be tested, so that no joint or pipe in the structure, except the uppermost ten (10) feet of the system, must have been submitted to a test of less than a ten (10) foot head of water. The water must be kept in the system or in the portion under testing for at least fifteen (15) minutes before inspection starts. The system must be tight at all points. (7-1-99)

07. Requirements for Obtaining Certificates of Compliance. All repairs or other work necessary to bring the mobile home into compliance with requirements of this section must be completed before a certificate of compliance may be issued by the Division. (7-1-99)

# 012. REHABILITATION FORM AND CHECKLIST -- COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE.

01. Rehabilitation Checklist. The rehabilitation form will be completed and signed by an authorized representative of an Idaho licensed manufactured home installer or retailer holding an installer's license. Electrical, gas, water and sewer inspections and any necessary repairs must be performed by a person or company properly licensed and authorized to perform the work in Idaho and identified on the rehabilitation form. Inspections means testing of the various electrical, gas, water and sewer systems. A properly completed rehabilitation form must be presented to the Division before a certificate of compliance may be issued.

**02.** Rehabilitation Checklist and Compliance Certification Form. The following is the official rehabilitation checklist and compliance certificate: (7-1-99)

DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Manufactured Housing Section 1090 E Watertower St Ste 120 Meridian, ID 83642 FAX : 208-855-9399

FOR DIVISION USE ONLY Compliance Certificate Issued			
Ву:			
Title:			
Date:			

# MOBILE HOME REHABILITATION CHECKLIST -- COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE (TITLE 44 CHAPTER 25 IDAHO CODE)

These rehabilitation/testing requirements are applicable only to non-HUD mobile homes manufactured prior to June 15, 1976. Separate permits and inspections <u>may</u> be required for any repairs made to plumbing or electrical systems. Additional permits <u>may</u> be required by the local authority having jurisdiction in order to do any work or make any repairs on the mobile home not involving plumbing or electrical systems. Check with your local building department to determine the need for permits and inspections <u>before</u> initiating any repair work or before installing your mobile home at a new site.

# The undersigned installer/service company representatives, electrical or plumbing contractors attest and verify that rehabilitative repairs and testing have been completed in accordance with Title 44 - Chapter 25 Idaho Code:

1	Smoke Detection			
1.	Shioke Detection	DBS Licensed Installer/Service Co. Rep.	Installer/Service Co. License #	Date
2.	Egress Windows/Exterior Exit Doors From All Sleeping Areas	DBS Licensed Installer/Service Co. Rep.	Installer/Service Co. License #	Date
		Å		
3.	Fire Protection of Gas Water Heater/ Furnace Compartments	Home is equipped with gas water heater or furnace.	YesN	No
	Verified or Repaired By			-
		DBS Licensed Installer/Service Co. Rep.	Installer/Service Co. License #	Date
4.	Gas System Testing/Repairs	Home has gas appliances Yes	No	
	If Yes, Testing Performed By			
	Repairs (If Required) Made By	DBS Licensed Installer/Srvc Co. License # Or HVAC Contractor	Date Gas Utility	Date
	Repairs (II Required) Made By	DBS Licensed Installer/Service Co. Rep. Or Licensed HVAC Contractor	License #	Date
5.	Electrical System Testing Performed E	3v		
	2	By DBS Licensed Electrical Contractor	License #	Date
	Repairs (If Required) Made By	DBS Licensed Electrical Contractor		
		DBS Licensed Electrical Contractor	License # Permit #	Date
6.	Water/DWV System Test Performed E	3y		
		DBS Licensed Plumbing Contractor	License #	Date
	Repairs (If Required) Made By			
		DBS Licensed Plumbing Contractor	License # Permit #	Date
		HOME VIN		
		TELEPHON		
				;
L	OCATION OF HOME AT TIME OF R	EHABILITATION/TESTING:		

MAIL OR FAX COMPLETED FORM TO THE DIVISION ADDRESS LISTED AT THE TOP OF THIS FORM MHRF-1 12/07R

013. -- 999. (RESERVED)

# 07.06.01 - RULES GOVERNING UNIFORM SCHOOL BUILDING SAFETY

## 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The Administrator of the Division of Building Safety is authorized under Section 39-8007, Idaho Code, to promulgate rules concerning the enforcement and administration of the Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Act. (3-15-02)

# 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules are titled IDAPA 07.06.01, "Rules Governing Uniform School Building Safety." (3-15-02)

02. Scope. These rules prescribe the Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Code and provide for enforcement and administration of the Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Act by the Administrator of the Division. (3-15-02)

# 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

01. Uniform Codes. The following uniform codes are hereby incorporated by reference into these rules as, and insofar as, the most recent editions have been adopted by the appropriate governing authority for the state of Idaho pursuant to applicable Idaho Code:

a.	International Building Code;	(3-29-10)
b.	International Mechanical Code;	(3-29-10)
c.	International Fuel Gas Code;	(3-29-10)
d.	Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators (ASME/ANSI A17.1);	(3-29-10)
e.	International Energy Conservation Code;	(3-29-10)
f.	Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities (ICC/ANSI A117.1);	(3-29-10)
g.	Idaho Fire Code (IFC);	( )
h.	National Electrical Code (NEC);	(3-29-10)
i.	Idaho State Plumbing Code (UPC);	( )
j.	Pacific NW AWWA Manual for Backflow Prevention and Cross Connection Co	ntrol; and (3-29-10)
k.	Idaho Safety and Occupational Health Standards.	( )
02	Idaha Uniform School Building Safety Code. The codes set forth in Subsec	tion 004.01 of this

**02.** Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Code. The codes set forth in Subsection 004.01 of this rule, together with the definitions contained therein and the written interpretations thereof, insofar as they are applicable to school facilities, constitute the Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Code.

# 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

# 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01.	Act. The Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Act, Section 39-8001, et seq., Idaho C	Code. (3-15-02)
02.	Administrator. The Administrator of the Division of Building Safety for the state of I	daho. (3-15-02)
03.	Building Code. The Building Code specified in Paragraph 004.01.a. of these rules.	(4-6-05)
04.	Code. The Idaho Uniform School Building Safety Code.	(3-15-02)
05.	Division. The Idaho Division of Building Safety.	(3-15-02)

**06. Imminent Safety Hazard**. A condition that presents an unreasonable risk of death or serious bodily injury to occupants of a building. (3-15-02)

**07.** School Building or Building. Any school building, including its structures and appurtenances necessary for the operation of the school building, and subject to the provisions of the Act. (3-15-02)

**08.** Serious Safety Hazard. A condition that presents an unreasonable health risk or risk of injury to occupants of a building. (4-6-05)

011. -- 049. (RESERVED)

#### 050. VIOLATION OF CODE.

01. Duty to Act. The Administrator must immediately undertake the steps set forth in the Act whenever he finds a violation of the Code. (3-15-02)

**02.** Imminent Safety Hazard. Code violations that constitute an imminent safety hazard, include, but are not limited to, whenever the following are observed:

**a.** Any door, aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is not of sufficient width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic; (3-15-02)

**b.** The walking surface of any aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is so warped, worn, loose, torn or otherwise unsafe as to not provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic; (3-15-02)

c. The stress in any materials, member or portion thereof, due to all dead and life loads, is more than one and one half (1-1/2) times the working stress or stresses allowed in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location; (3-15-02)

**d.** Any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood or by any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum requirements of the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location; (3-15-02)

e. Any portion or member or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property; (3-15-02)

f. Any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance or ornamentation on the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored, attached or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of one-half (1/2) of that specified in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location without exceeding the working stresses permitted in the Building Code for such buildings; (3-15-02)

**g.** Any portion thereof has wracked, warped, buckled or settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction; (3-15-02)

h.	The building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of:	(3-15-02)
i.	Dilapidation, deterioration or decay;	(3-15-02)
ii.	Faulty construction;	(3-15-02)
iii. supporting such	The removal, movement or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of uilding; (3-15-02)	

iv. The deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation; or (3-15-02)

# IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 07.06.01 – Rules Governing Division of Building Safety Uniform School Building Safety

v. Any other cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse; (3-15-02)

i. Any building or structure has been constructed, exists or is maintained in violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure provided by the building regulations of this jurisdiction, as specified in the Building Code, or of any law or ordinance of this state or jurisdiction relating to the condition, location or structure of buildings; (4-6-05)

**j.** Any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with all applicable laws and ordinances, has in any nonsupporting part, member or portion less than fifty percent (50%), or in any supporting part, member or portion less than sixty-six percent (66%) of the: (3-15-02)

ii. Fire-resisting qualities or characteristics; or (3-15-02)

iii. Weather-resisting qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly constructed building of like area, height and occupancy in the same location; (3-15-02)

**k.** Any building or structure, because of obsolescence; dilapidated condition; deterioration; damage; inadequate exits; lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction; faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus; or other cause, is determined by the state fire marshal to be a fire hazard; (3-15-02)

I. A building or structure, because of inadequate maintenance; dilapidation; decay; damage; faulty construction or arrangement; inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities; or otherwise, is determined to be unsanitary, unfit for human occupancy or habitation, or in such a condition that is likely to cause accidents, sickness, or disease; (3-15-02)

**m.** Any building or structure, because of dilapidated condition; deterioration; damage; inadequate exits; lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction; faulty electric wiring, gas connections, or heating apparatus; or other cause, is determined by the state fire marshal to be a fire or life safety hazard; and (3-15-02)

**n.** There is, within the building, the presence of vapors, fumes, smoke, dusts, chemicals, or materials in any form (natural or man made) in quantities that have been established by national health organizations to be a threat to the health or safety of the building occupants. This does not include materials stored, used, and processed in accordance with nationally recognized safety standards for the materials in question. (3-15-02)

# 051. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter A – General Provisions (Rules 000 - 050)

# 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 67-2601A, Idaho Code, the Division of Building Safety has the authority to promulgate and adopt rules for affecting the purposes therein.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

These rules are titled IDAPA 07.08.01, "Idaho Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging," and are applicable to the logging industry in the state of Idaho.

# 002. -- 006. (RESERVED)

# 007. DEFINITIONS A THROUGH C.

		nese standards shall be interpreted in the most commonly accepted sense, excepting onlied.	y tho (	se )
	01.	Administrator. The Administrator of the Division of Building Safety.	(	)
top and	02. separated	<b>A-Frame</b> . A structure made of the independent columns (of wood or steel) fastened together a reasonable width at the bottom to stabilize the unit from tipping sideways.	er at tl (	he )
	03.	Approved. The term approved means approved by the Division of Building Safety.	(	)
facilitat	04. e skidding	Arch. A piece of equipment attached to the rear of a vehicle, used for raising one end of g.	logs (	to )
	05.	Division. The Division of Building Safety.	(	)
	06.	Back Cut. The final falling cut.	(	)
falling.	07.	Barber Chair. Slab portion of tree remaining on the stump above the back cut due to in	nprop (	er )
projects	<b>08.</b> a spike.	Bell or Cup Hook with Spike. A hook consisting of a cylindrical cup from whose center	er the (	re )
through	<b>09.</b> a block.	Bight. The loop of a line, the ends being "gast" elsewhere, or the angle formed by a line a	runniı (	ng )
	10.	Binder. Chain, cable, or steel strap used for binding loads of logs.	(	)
	11.	Blasting Cap. A metal shell containing a detonating compound.	(	)
long fla	<b>12.</b> t raft or bo	<b>Brailling</b> . One (1) section of flat log raft enclosed by boom sticks. To place logs end to e bom.	end in (	a )
loading	13. or unload	Brow Log. A log placed parallel to any roadway at a landing or dump to protect vehicle ing.	s whi (	lle )
	14.	Bullbuck. The supervisor over cutting crew.	(	)
the base	15.	Buckle Guy Line. Line used to stiffen or support a tree, pole, or structure between the top g	uys aı (	nd )
	16.	Bunk. The cross support for logs on a logging car or truck.	(	)
	17.	Butt Hook. Hook at the end of a haul-in line for attaching chokers to line.	(	)

# IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODEIDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum SafetyDivision of Building SafetyStandards and Practices for Logging

18.	Butt Rigging. Arrangement at the end of main line for attaching chokers.	(	)
	<b>Cable-Assisted Logging Systems</b> . Logging systems, including, but not limited to, winc tethered, and traction-assisted systems that enable ground-based timber harvesting ot limited to, feller bunchers, harvesters, loaders and shovels, to be operated on slopes.		
20.	Capped Fuse. A piece of fuse to which a blasting cap has been crimped.	(	)
<b>21.</b> carriages to yar	<b>Carriage Logging</b> . A type of high lead logging using gravity, haul back, or remodel logs. (Bullet carriage is one type).	te cont (	trol )
22.	Cat Road. A tractor road.	(	)
<b>23.</b> on skid road.	Chaser. The member of the yarding crew who unhooks the logs at the landing or fights	s hang- (	ups )
24.	Chipper. A machine that cuts materials into chips.	(	)
25.	Chock (Bunk Block-Cheese Block). A wedge that prevents logs from rolling off the bur	nks.(	)
26.	Cheater. An extension to bunk stakes.	(	)
27.	Choker. A wire rope with special attachments put around the log near the end for hauling	; or lifti (	ing. )
28.	Cold Deck. Any pile of logs that is yarded and left for future removal.	(	)
29.	<b>Cold Shut</b> . A link for joining two (2) chains, the link being closed cold with a hammer, r	iot a we	eld. )
	<b>Competent Person</b> . An individual who is capable of identifying existing and predictable surroundings or working conditions that are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to emploization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate such.	le haza oyees, a (	ırds and )
<b>31.</b> the leading wire	<b>Connecting Wires</b> . Those wires that connect the leg wire of one (1) electric blasting ces, when blasting in series.	ap or w (	vith )
<b>32.</b> ends being attac	<b>Crotch Line</b> . Two (2) short lines attached to a hoisting line by means of a ring or shackle ched to loading hooks and used for loading or unloading.	, the lov (	wer )
33.	Cutter. A term used to designate faller or bucker.	(	)
	NITIONS D THROUGH I. these standards shall be interpreted in the most commonly accepted sense, excepting a ined.	only th	iose )
<b>01.</b> is used in place	<b>D</b> or Strap Socket. A socket with a closed loop and arranged to be attached to the end of a spliced eye.	of a line (	e. It )
02.	Dead Man. A buried log or other object used as an anchor.	(	)
03.	Detonator. A blasting cap, electric blasting cap, or delay electric blasting cap.	(	)
04.	Dog Line. Any line used to tie logs together.	(	)
<b>05.</b> moving or trans	<b>Donkey (Short for "Donkey Engine")</b> . Power equipment equipped with drum and sporting logs as in loading or yarding.	cable (	for )

06. Drag-Turn. Any log or group of logs attached by some means of power and moved from a point of rest.

**07. Equipment**. The term, as used, means and include all machines, machinery, tools, devices, safeguard, and protective facilities used in connection with logging operations, regardless of ownership. ()

**08.** Explosive. Any chemical compound or mechanical mixture commonly used that contains any oxidizing and combustible units, or other ingredients, in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, friction concussion, percussion, or detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or destroying life or limb. . ()

**09. Exposed to Contact**. Means the location of a hazardous object is so accessible that a workman may, in the course of his employment, come into contact with the object. ()

10. Fair Lead. A combination of a pair of sheaves or roller set transversely or vertically in a unit in front of another pair of sheaves to guide a line coming from any direction and leading it properly to a drum.

11. Gin Pole. A raised pole properly guyed and used to support lines and blocks.

12. Grapple. A device attached to a hoisting line for mechanically handling logs. ( )

13. Guarded. Guarded means covered, shielded, or railed so as to remove the possibility of dangerous contact or approach by employees or objects. It further means construction of guards to ensure protection from flying objects where applicable.

14.	Gut Wrapper. An intermediate binder for an individual tier of logs.	(	)
15.	Guy Lines. The lines used to stay or support spar trees, booms, etc.	(	)

16. Haul Back. A small wire line traveling between the power skidder and a pulley set near the logs. Used to return the main cable with tongs, chokers, or hooks to the next log.

17. Hazard. Hazard, as used in these standards, means any condition or circumstance that may cause accident or injury to an employee.

**18.Heel Block.** The block heel of boom.( )

**19. Heel Boom**. A type of loading boom where one end of the log is pulled up against the boom.( )

**20. Hook Tender, Hooker**. The worker who supervises the method of moving the logs from the woods to the place of loading.

21. It is Recommended, or Should. When these terms are used they indicate provisions that are not ( )

# 009. DEFINITIONS J THROUGH R.

Terms used in these standards shall be interpreted in the most commonly accepted sense, excepting only those specifically defined.

- 01.Jaggers. Any projecting broken strand of cable.(02.Jammer. A machine used for handling logs.(
- 03. Jill Poke. A projecting object out of its normal position. ( )

	04.	<b>Knob</b> . A metal ferrule arranged to be attached to the end of a line, used in place of a splice	d eye. (	)
unloadii	<b>05.</b> ng.	Landing, Rollway. Any place where logs are placed, after being yarded, awaiting loa	ading (	or )
direction	<b>06.</b> n.	Lang Lay Rope. A wire rope, in which the wires in the strands of the rope are laid in t	he saı (	me )
generati	<b>07.</b> ng devise	<b>Leading Wires</b> . Those wires between the "connecting wires" or "leg wires" and a e or an approved type blasting battery in series blasting.	portal (	ble )
	08.	Leaners. A live or dead leaning tree.	(	)
	09.	Loading Boom. Any structure projecting from a pivot point to guide a log when lifted.	(	)
	10.	Log or Logs. When the word log or logs is used, it includes poles, piling, pulpwood, skids,	, etc. (	)
	11.	Log Stacker. A machine with lift forks used to handle logs.	(	)
	12.	Magazine. Any building or other structure used exclusively for the storage of explosives.	(	)
	13.	Operation (Show Woods Layout). Any place where logging is being done.	(	)
	14.	Mainline. A cable which pulls logs or trees to loading.	(	)
	15.	Pan (Skidding Pan). A solid piece of metal placed behind a tractor on which one end of lo	gs res	st. )
	16.	Peeling Bar or Spud. A tool for removing bark from trees or logs.	(	)
	17.	Pike, Pole. A long pole whose end is shod with a sharp pointed steel spike, point, or hook.	(	)
a woode	<b>18.</b> en spar tre	<b>Portable Spar or Tower</b> . An engineered structure designed to be used in a manner similar tee would be used.	to whi (	ich )
	19.	<b>Powder</b> . Any explosive other than the detonating agent.	(	)
	20.	Primer. A cartridge of explosive with a detonator inserted there in.	(	)
		<b>Qualified Person</b> . An individual who, by possession of a recognized degree, certifding, or who by extensive knowledge, training and experience, has successfully demonstrative problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.	icate ated t	or the )
	22.	Reach. An adjustable beam between a trailer and a motorized logging vehicle.	(	)
	23.	<b>Receding Line</b> . The line on a skidder or slack-line comparable to the haul back line on a year	arder. (	)
	24.	Reload. Any area where logs are dumped and reloaded.	(	)
	25.	Running Line. Any line that moves.	(	)
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS S THROUGH Z.	1.1	

Terms used in these standards shall be interpreted in the most commonly accepted sense, excepting only those specifically defined.

# IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

01. Safety Factor or Factor of Safety. This term as used is the ratio of the ultimate breaking strength of a member or piece of material to the actual working stress or to the maximum permissible (safe load) stress. For example: When a safety factor of six (6) is required, the structure, lines, hoists, or other equipment referred to shall be such as to provide a strength sufficient to support a load equal to six (6) times the total weight or stress to be imposed on it. 02. Sail Guy. A guy which holds the outer end of a boom. 03. Sail Block. A block hung inverted on the sail guy to hold the tong block in proper position. ( 04. Schoolmarm. A crotched tree consisting chiefly of two (2) trunks. 05. Shall, Will. Is compulsory or mandatory. 06. Skids. Any group of timbers spaced a short distance apart on which the logs are placed. ) 07. Side, Show, Chance. That unit of a logging operation, including men and equipment that is sufficient to fall, buck, and load a given area ready for transportation of the logs to the mill. 08. Side Winders. A piece of log, brush, or limb thrown up or sideways during skidding operation, or a tree knocked down by another tree in falling. Signalman, Whistle Punk. The authorized worker who transfers signals from a given location to 09. the operator. 10. Skidding. Movement of logs on the ground. ) Skyline. The supporting line on various types of logging systems on which carriage, block, or 11. bullet travels. 12. Slack Line. A form of skyline where skyline is spooled on drum and can be raised or lowered. ) 13. Slack Puller. Any device used to increase the movement of a line when its own weight is inadequate. ) 14. Snags. Any dead standing trees. ) Snubbing. A method of retarding or controlling the movement of logs or machine by means of 15. looping the line around a stationary object. Spring Board. A board with an iron tip used by fallers to stand on when they must stand above the 16. ground level. ) 17. Standard Safeguard. Means a device designed and constructed with the object of removing the hazard of an accident incidental to the machine, appliance, tool, building or equipment to which it is attached. ( Strap. Any short piece of line with an eye or "D" in each end. 18. ) 19. Strawline. A small line used for miscellaneous purposes. ) 20. Strip. A definite location of timber allocated to a cutting crew. ) Substantial. Means constructed of such strength, of such material, and of such workmanship, that 21. the object referred to will withstand normal wear, shock and usage. )

operatio	<b>22.</b> ons.	Sweeper. Unexpected and controlled lateral movement of a log, tree, etc., during s	skiddi (	ing )
	23.	Swamp. The falling or clearing of limbs and brush around or along a specific place.	(	)
	24.	Tag Line. A line used to control movement during loading, unloading, or skidding operation	ons. (	)
	25.	Tail Hold. Any anchor used for making fast any line.	(	)
	26.	Tell Tale. A devise used to serve as a warning for overhead hazards.	(	)
	27.	Tight Line. When power is exerted on both mainline and haul back at the same time.	(	)
	28.	Tongs. A hooking device used to lift or skid logs.	(	)
	29.	Transfer. Changing of a load of logs in a unit from one means of transportation to another.	(	)
	30.	Tree Plates. Steel protectors spiked around a tree to prevent the lines from cutting into the	trees. (	)
	31.	Undercut. A notch cut in the tree to guide and control the tree in falling.	(	)
	32.	Windfall. A tree felled by the wind or other natural causes.	(	)
	33.	Widow Maker. A loose limb, top, or piece of bark which may fall on a logger working ber	neath (	it. )
shippin	<b>34.</b> g point.	Yarding. Movement of logs or trees from the place they are felled (bucked) to a central log	ading (	or )
011.	INTER	<b>PRETATION AND APPLICATION OF THESE RULES.</b>		

01. Scope. These rules are part of the state of Idaho industrial accident prevention program and have the full force and effect of law.

**02.** Jurisdiction. In accordance with the laws of the state of Idaho, every employer and every employee working in the state of Idaho shall comply with the rules contained herein.

03. Enforcement. The enforcement of all rules of this chapter and the right of inspection and examination, at any time, shall rest with the Division.

04. Issues Not Covered. Where specific standards in these rules fail to provide a rule or standard applicable to the operation in question, and other state of Idaho codes or standards are applicable, those codes or standards shall apply.

**05. Interpretations**. Should any controversy develop as to the intent or application of any standard or rule as set forth in these rules, or the interpretation of any standard or rule set forth in these rules, such controversy shall be called to the direct attention of the Division, which shall render a decision as the applicability of such rule or standard. Any appeal from this decision shall be directed to the Administrator. ()

**06.** Additional Standards. It is recognized that a definite, positive safety standard cannot anticipate all contingencies. The Division, after due notice and opportunity to be heard, may require additional standards and practices to insure adequate safety at any place of any employment, and, on its own motion or upon application of any employer, employee, group, or organization, may modify any provision of this rule. ()

07. Exceptions. In exceptional cases where the rigid application or compliance with a requirement can

# IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

only be accomplished to the detriment and serious disadvantage of an operation, method, or process, exception to the requirement will be considered upon written application to the Division. After thorough investigation, the Division may grant an exception if human life and physical well being will not be endangered by such exception.

**08.** Existing Buildings, Structures, and Equipment. Nothing contained in this rule for logging safety shall prevent the use of existing buildings, structures, and equipment during their lifetime when maintained in good safe condition, and properly safeguarded, or require conformance with the applicable safety standards required by Idaho Safety Codes effective prior to the effective date of this rule, provided that replacements and alterations shall conform with all provisions of these rules. ()

# 012. EMPLOYER'S RESPONSIBILITY.

# 01. General Requirements.

a. Every employer subject to these rules shall furnish employment and maintain places of employment that are safe according to the standards as set forth herein. ()

**b.** Every employer shall adopt and use practices, means, methods, operations and processes that are adequate to render such employment and place of employment safe. ()

i. Employers shall place highly visible "LOGGING AHEAD" or similar-type warning signs at the entrances of active logging jobs. Employers shall also place "TRUCKS AHEAD," "TRUCKS ENTERING," "TREE FALLING," and "CABLES OVERHEAD," whenever applicable ()

ii. Every employer shall furnish to its crew a Company Emergency Rescue Plan. ()

**c.** Every employer should insure that Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are reasonably accessible for every hazardous material.

**d.** Every employer shall post and maintain in a conspicuous place or places in and about his place or places of business a written notice stating the fact that he has complied with the worker's compensation law as to securing the payment of compensation to his employees and their dependents in accordance with the provisions of Idaho law. Such notice shall contain the name and address of the surety, as applicable, with which the employer has secured payment of compensation. Such notice shall also be readily available on the site where logging operations are occurring, and available for inspection by Division officials upon request.

e. Every employer shall do all other things as required by these rules to protect the life and safety of ()

**f.** No employer shall require any employee to go or be in any place of employment that does not meet the minimum safety requirement of these rules, except for the purpose of meeting such requirements. ()

g. No employer shall fail or neglect: (		)
---	--	---

i. To make available and use safety devices and safeguards as are indicated.

ii. To adopt and use methods and processes adequate to render the employment and place of employment safe.  $(\ )$ 

iii. To do all other things as required by these rules to protect the life and safety of employees. ( )

**h.** No employer, owner or lessee of any real property shall construct or cause to be constructed any place of employment that does not meet the minimum safety requirements of these rules. ()

i. No person, employer, employee, other than an authorized person, shall do any of the following:

)

)

)

# IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

)

i. Remove, displace, damage, destroy or carry off any safeguard, first aid material, notice or warning, furnished for use in any employment or place of employment, or interfere in any way with the use thereof by any other person.

ii. Interfere with the use of any method or process adopted for the protection of any employee, including himself, in such employment or place of employment. ()

iii. No person shall fail or neglect to do all other things as required by these rules to protect the life and safety of employees.

iv. The use of intoxicants or drugs while on duty is prohibited. Persons reporting for duty while under the influence of or impaired by liquor or other legal or illegal drugs or substances shall not work until completely recovered.

j. A procedure for checking the welfare of all workers during working hours shall be instituted and all workmen so advised. The employer shall assume responsibility of work assignments so that no worker shall be required to work in a position or location so isolated or hazardous that he is not within visual or audible signal contact with another person who can render assistance in case of emergency. In any operation where cutting, yarding, loading, or a combination of these activities are carried on there shall be a minimum crew of two (2) persons who shall work as a team, and shall be in visual or audible signal contact with one another. This does not apply to operators of motorized equipment, watchmen, or certain other jobs which, by their nature are singular workmen assignments. There shall be some method of checking-in crew members at the end of the shift. Each immediate supervisor shall be responsible for his crew being accounted for. This standard also includes operators of movable equipment.

**k.** Every employer shall keep a record of all cases of injuries his employees receive at their work. This record shall be kept in such manner as to enable representatives of the Division to determine by examining the record, the injury rate of the employee force for the period covered by the report. ()

**I.** Every employer shall investigate every accident resulting in a disabling injury that his employees suffer in connection with their employment. Employers shall promptly take any required action to correct the situation. Employees shall assist in the investigation by giving any information and facts they have concerning the accident.

# 02. Management Responsibility.

**a.** Management shall take an active and interested part in the development and guidance of the operation's safety program, including fire safety.

**b.** Management shall apply a basic workable safety plan on the same priority as it does to any other work facet of the operation where elimination of all injuries is to be achieved in all phases of the operation. It is the duty of management to assume full and definite responsibility. To attain these safety objectives, management shall have the full cooperation of employers and the Division.

**c.** Every employer shall furnish employment which shall be safe for the employees therein and shall furnish such devices and safeguards and shall adopt and use such practices, means, methods, operation and processes as are adequate to render such employment and places of employment safe to protect the life and safety of employees. The employer shall make available necessary personal protective safety equipment. ()

**d.** Regular safety inspection of all rigging, logging, machinery, rolling stock, bridges, and other equipment shall be made as often as the character of the equipment requires. Defective equipment or unsafe conditions found shall be replaced, repaired or remedied.

e. All places of employment shall be inspected by a qualified person or persons as often as the type of operation or the character of the equipment requires. Defective equipment or unsafe conditions found by these inspections shall be replaced or remedied promptly. ()

# 013. EMPLOYEE'S RESPONSIBILITY.

#### 01. General Requirements.

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**a.** Employees shall not indulge in horseplay, scuffling, practical jokes or any activity that creates or constitutes a hazard while on the employer's property or at any time when being transported from or to work in facilities furnished by the employer.

**b.** Employees who are assigned to, or engaged in the operation of any machinery or equipment, shall ensure that all guards, hoods, safety devices, etc., that are provided by the employer are in proper place and properly adjusted.

**02. Employee Accidents**. Each employee shall make it his individual responsibility to keep himself, his coworkers, and his machine or equipment free from accidents to the best of his ability.

**03. Study Requirements**. So that each worker may be better qualified to cooperate with his fellow workmen in preventing accidents, he shall study and observe these and any other safety standards governing his work.

04. Employee Responsibilities. Additional responsibilities of an employee insofar as industrial safety is concerned shall be as follows:

**a.** The employee shall report immediately, preferably in writing, to his foreman or safety coordinator for the logging operation, all known unsafe conditions and practices. ()

**b.** The employee shall ascertain from the foreman where medical help may be obtained if it is needed.

**c.** The employee shall not participate in practical jokes or horseplay. (

**d.** The employee shall make a prompt report of every accident regardless of severity to the foreman, first aid attendant, or person in charge. Such reports are required and are necessary in order that there may be a record of his injuries.

e. The employee shall at all times apply the principles of accident prevention in his daily work and shall use proper safety devices and protective equipment. No employee shall remove, displace, damage, destroy, or carry off any safety device or safeguard furnished and provided for use in any employment, or interfere in any way with the use thereof by any other person, or interfere with the use of any method or process adopted for the protection of any employee in such employment, or fail or neglect to do every other thing reasonably necessary to protect the life and safety of himself and fellow employees, and by observing safe practice rules shall set a good example for his fellow workmen.

**f.** The employee shall not report to the job impaired by intoxicants or legal or illegal drugs and shall not use intoxicants or such drugs while on the job. The employer shall prohibit any employee from working on or being in the vicinity of any job while under the influence of or impaired by intoxicants or drugs. Employers shall be responsible for the actions of any employee known to be in an intoxicated or impaired condition while on the job.

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g. The employee shall wear, use and properly care for personal protective safety equipment issued to him. These items shall be returned to the employer upon termination of employment. ()
h. Workers exposed to head hazards shall wear approved head protection. ()
i. Proper eye protection shall be worn while performing work where a known eye hazard exists. ()
j. The employee should consider the benefits of accident prevention to himself and to his job. ()

	k.	The employee should make an effort to understand his job.	(	)
conduc	<b>l.</b> t the work	The employee should anticipate every way in which a person might be injured on the to avoid accidents.	job, a	and )
	m.	The employee should be on the alert constantly for any unsafe condition or practice.	(	)
	n.	The employee shall learn first aid.	(	)
	0.	The employee should keep physically fit, and obtain sufficient rest.	(	)
starting	<b>p.</b> g the work	The employee should be certain that all instructions received are understood complete .	ly bef (	fore )
	q.	The employee should actively participate in safety programs.	(	)
distribu	<b>r.</b> ited by the	The employee should study the safety educational material posted on the bulletin bo e employer or safety committee.	ards (	and )
and wa	<b>s.</b> rn them o	The employee should advise inexperienced fellow-employees of safe ways to perform the f dangers to be guarded against.	neir w (	ork )
	t.	It is the employer's responsibility to ensure compliance with the foregoing provisions.	(	)
014(	050.	(RESERVED)		
		Subchapter B - Health, Safety, and Sanitation (Rules 051 100)		
051.	FIRST	AID.		
	01.	Transportation.	(	)
be used	<b>a.</b> l in the ev	Suitable means of transportation shall be established and maintained at the site of all oper ent any employee is seriously injured.	ration (	s to )
	b.	Transportation shall be of a nature to render reasonable comfort to an injured employee.	(	)
require	<b>c.</b> d contents	Each crew bus, or similar vehicle, shall be equipped with at least one (1) first aid kits as indicated in Subsection 010.06 of these rules.	with (	the )
	02.	Communication.	(	)
				1.1.

Every employer shall arrange suitable telephone or radio communication at the nearest reasonable a. point, and shall establish an emergency action plan to be taken in the event of serious injury to any employee. ( )

b. Instructions covering the emergency action plan shall be made available to all work crews. ( )

When practicable, a poster shall be displayed on, or near the cover of each first aid cabinet or c. phone. The poster shall display the phone numbers of applicable emergency services. The use of the Idaho State EMS Communication Center is recommended. The number is 1-800-632-8000 or 208-846-7610. ( )

Every employer shall obtain their specific job location (longitude and latitude preferred) and d. furnish such to crew for emergency evacuation. ) (

#### 03. Attendance for Seriously Injured.

Seriously injured employees shall, at all times, be attended by the most qualified available person a.

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to care for the injured employees.

**b.** Seriously injured employees shall be carefully handled and removed to a hospital, or given medical attention as soon as possible.

**c.** Caution shall be used in removing a helpless or unconscious person from the scene of an accident to prevent further injury.

04. First Aid Training. Any person performing work associated with a logging operation shall be required to complete an approved course in first-aid and have a current card.

**05. Stretcher or Spine Board**. A spine board (designed for or adaptable to the work location and terrain) and two blankets maintained in sanitary and serviceable condition shall be available where such conditions require the use of such to provide for the proper transportation and first aid to an injured workman. ()

# 06. First Aid Kits.

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a. The employer shall provide first aid kits at each work site where trees are being felled, at each active landing, and in each employee transport vehicle.

**b.** The following list sets forth the minimally acceptable number and type of first-aid supplies for required first-aid kits. The contents of the first-aid kits shall be adequate for small work sites, consisting of approximately two (2) to three (3) employees. When larger operations or multiple operations are being conducted at the same location, additional first-aid kits shall be provided at the work site or additional quantities of supplies shall be included in the first-aid kits:

	TABLE 010.06 REQUIRED CONTENTS
1.	Gauze pads (at least 4 x 4 inches)
2.	Two (2) large gauze pads (at least 8 x 10 inches)
3.	Box adhesive bandages (band-aids)
4.	One (1) package gauze roller bandage (at least two (2) inches wide)
5.	Two (2) triangular bandages
6.	Wound cleaning agent such as sealed moistened towelettes
7.	Scissors
8.	At least one (1) blanket
9.	Tweezers
10.	Adhesive tape
11.	Latex gloves
12.	Resuscitation equipment such as resuscitation bag, airway, or pocket mask
13.	Two (2) elastic wraps
14.	Splint
15.	Directions for requesting emergency assistance

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**c.** Special kits, or the equivalent, shall be provided and approved for special hazards peculiar to any given work location.

Section 051

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**d.** All kits, as applicable, shall be readily available and kept supplied. ( )

e. First aid kits shall be in metal, or other sanitary containers. Such containers shall be designed and constructed so as to be impervious to conditions of weather, dust, dirt, or other foreign matter.

# 052. SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

# 01. General Requirements.

a. Special protective equipment or apparel required for safe employment, other than clothing or equipment customarily supplied by employees, shall be furnished by the employer where necessary for the safety of employees.

**b.** Employees are required to utilize all prescribed safety equipment and special protective equipment or apparel, and they shall exercise due care in maintaining it in safe, efficient and sanitary conditions. ()

**c.** Employers are required to provide, at no cost to employees, appropriate eye, face, head, hand, and leg protection.

**d.** Defective safety equipment shall not be used. Where the need for their use is indicated, protective covering, ointments, gloves or other effective protection shall be provided for and used by persons exposed to materials that are irritating to the skin. ()

# 02. Inspection, Maintenance and Sanitizing.

a. Each employer shall maintain a regular system of inspection and maintenance of personal protective equipment furnished to workers.

**b.** Air line equipment shall have a necessary regulator and shall be inspected before each use. ( )

**c.** Workers shall check their equipment at the beginning of each shift.

# **03.** Eye Protection.

a. Where workers are subject to eye hazards (flying particles, dusts, hazardous liquids, gases, mists or vapors, or injurious light rays) they shall be furnished with and shall wear eye protection suitable for the hazards involved. Such eye protection shall conform to the American National Standard Institute standards for Head, Eyes and Respiratory protection.

**b.** Face shields may be used in lieu of other forms of eye protection where the nature of the operation is such that they will furnish equivalent protection.

**c.** Clean water in ample quantities shall be immediately available where materials are handled that are caustic or corrosive to the eyes.

# 04. Foot and Leg Protection.

**a.** Employees shall wear footwear suitable for the work conditions. (

**b.** Employees shall wear sharp caulk-soled boots or other footwear which will afford maximum protection from slipping.

**c.** Special types or designs of shoes, or foot guards, shall be required to be worn where conditions exist that make their use necessary for the safety of the workers. ()

d. Leggings or high boots of leather, rubber or other suitable material shall be worn by climbers,

persons exposed to hot substances, or caustic solutions, etc., or where poisonous snakes may be encountered. ( Each employee who operates a chain saw shall wear leg protection, which meets the requirements e. of ASTM F 1897 and covers the full length of the thigh to the top of the boot on each leg, except when working as a climber. 05. Hand Protection. ) Hand protection suitable for the required usage shall be worn wherever the nature of the work a. requires extra protection for the hands. Gloves shall not be worn where their use would create a hazard. b. ) **06**. Head Protection. Persons required to work where falling or flying objects, overhead structures, exposed electrical я. conductors, equipment or material create a hazard shall wear approved safety hard hats or caps at all times while exposed to such hazards. ) Employees working in locations which present a catching or fire hazard to hair shall wear caps or b. other head protection that completely covers the hair. ) Life Jackets, Vests and Life Rings. Where personal buoyancy equipment is provided, it shall be of 07. a design and shall be worn in a manner that will maintain the wearer's face above water. It shall be capable of floating a sixteen (16) pound weight for three (3) hours in fresh water. Such equipment shall not be dependent upon manual or mechanical manipulation or chemical action to secure the buoyant effect. Employees shall be provided with, and shall wear, approved buoyant protective equipment at all я. times while working on or over water, as follows: ) i. On floating pontoons, rafts and floating stages. ) On open decks of floating plants (such as dredges, pile-drivers, cranes, pond saws, and similar ii. types of equipment) which are not equipped with bulwarks, guardrails or life lines. During the construction, alteration or repair of structures extending over or adjacent to water, iii except when guardrails, safety nets, or safety belts and life lines are provided and used. Working alone at night where there are potential drowning hazards regardless of other safeguards iv. provided. ) v. On floating logs, boom sticks or unguarded walkways. ) b. Life rings with sufficient line attached to meet conditions shall be located at convenient points along exposed sides of work areas adjacent to water. Such rings, if used at night where a person might be beyond illuminated areas, shall be provided with a means of rendering them visible. NOTE: Consult U.S. Coast Guard requirements for operations in navigable waters. ) 08. Life Lines -- Safety Belts. ) Each life line and safety belt shall be of sufficient strength to support, without breaking, a weight of a. two thousand five hundred (2,500) pounds. All life lines and safety belts shall be periodically inspected by the supervisor in charge. Employees b. shall inspect their belts and lines daily. Any defective belts or life lines shall be discarded or repaired before use.

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	c.	Life lines shall be safely secured to strong stable supports and maintained with minimum sla	ick. (	)
	09.	Work Clothing.	(	)
	a.	Clothing shall be worn which is appropriate to work performed and conditions encountered.	(	)
	b.	Loose sleeves, cuffs or other loose or ragged clothing shall not be worn near moving machin	nery. (	)
oxidizir	<b>c.</b> ng agents	Clothing saturated or impregnated with flammable liquids, corrosive substances, irrita shall be removed immediately and not worn again until properly cleaned.	ants (	or )
hazardo	<b>d.</b> ous materi	When it is necessary for workers to wear aprons or similar clothing near moving machinals, such clothing shall be so arranged that it can be instantly removed.	ines (	or )
around	e. exposed e	Clothing with exposed metal buttons, metal visors or other conductive materials shall not be electrical conductors.	e woi (	rn )
	10.	Respiratory Equipment.	(	)
one suc	<b>a.</b> h respirat	When filter or cartridge-type respirators are required to be used regularly, each employee sha or for his own exclusive use.	ll hav (	/e )
such res	<b>b.</b> spiratory	Employers and employees shall familiarize themselves with the use, sanitary care and limitate equipment as they may have occasion to use.	ions (	of )
or other equipmo		Whenever practical, harmful dusts, fumes, mists, vapors and gases shall be suppressed by wa which will minimize harmful exposure and permit employees to work without the use of resp		
		Whenever compressed air from an oil-lubricated compressor is used to supply resp er shall be inserted in the supply line to remove any oil, sediment or condensation that it may co be maintained in efficient working condition.	oirator ontai	ry n. )
maintai	e. ned for re	When self-contained respiratory equipment is used in hazardous locations, a standby unit sescue purposes.	hall t (	)e
with and	<b>11.</b> d shall we	Hearing Protection. Where workers are subject to hazardous noise levels, they shall be fur ear hearing protection suitable for the level of hazard involved.	mishe (	ed )
		Additional Information and Requirements. Additional information and requirements for t ent and personal protective equipment may be found in the Safety and Health Standards estab 01, "Safety and Health Rules for Places of Public Employment."		
053.	FIRE P	REVENTION, PROTECTION AND SUPPRESSION.		
	01.	General Requirements.	(	)
		Additional Standards pertinent to the storage, distribution, and use of liquefied petroleum gas s or combustibles may be obtained by reference to regulations of the Idaho State Fire Marshal a prective Association pamphlets.		

**b.** Fire fighting equipment, suitable for the hazards involved, shall be provided for the protection of workmen. Such equipment shall be readily accessible, and shall be plainly labeled as to its character and method of operation. Locations of such equipment shall be conspicuously posted.

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**c.** All equipment and apparatus for fire protection and fire fighting shall be regularly inspected and be maintained in good and serviceable condition at all times. A record of the date of the latest inspection shall be kept with each portable fire extinguisher. This includes all automatic sprinkler systems and hose lines.

**d.** Fire extinguishers, whether portable or automatic, shall comply with appropriate current standards as published by the National Fire Protection Association. Portable fire extinguishers shall also be subject to an annual maintenance inspection by the Division. They must also be visually inspected by the employer each month, and such inspections documented.

e. Electrical lights, apparatus, and wiring used in locations where flammable or explosive gases, vapors, mists, or dusts are present shall be of the type accepted by the adopted Electrical Code for the State of Idaho.

f. Smoking while refueling equipment is prohibited. ( )

g. All fuel storage tanks, service tanks, etc., shall be bonded for ground for fueling purposes. ( )

**h.** When lights are used in enclosed rooms, vaults, manholes, tanks or other containers which may contain flammable or explosive vapors, mists, gases, or dusts, such lights shall be of the approved vapor proof types.

i. No torch, flame, arc, spark, or other source of ignition shall be applied to any tank or container that has contained or does contain flammable or explosive vapors or materials until such container has been made to be inert or otherwise purged of flammable or explosive vapors or materials, except that "hot tapping" on tanks may be done provided that:

i. There shall be at least four (4) feet of liquid above the point of the "hot tap"; and ( )

ii. The work shall be carried out under the direction of a supervisor experienced in this type of work.
 NOTE: A test for flammability or explosiveness of the interior of such vessels shall be made using a device which will determine the concentration of flammable vapors for this purpose. Unless the percentage of flammable vapors is found to be less than twenty percent (20%) of its lower explosive limit, no source of ignition shall be permitted.

**j.** Frequent testing for determining the concentration of flammable and explosive vapors shall be made, and if the concentration is found to exceed twenty percent (20%) of its lower explosive limit, sources of ignition shall be extinguished or removed immediately. Fire extinguishing equipment adequate to cope with possible hazards shall be maintained close at hand.

**k.** Smoking, the use of open flames, tools which are not approved for such areas, and other sources of ignition are prohibited in locations where flammable or explosive gases, vapors, mists, or dusts are present. Warning signs shall be conspicuously posted in such areas.

**I.** Where salamanders and other fuel-burning heating devices are used, they shall be provided with adequate means for preventing the emission of sparks or other sources of ignition. Such devices shall be insulated or placed a sufficient distance from combustible structures and materials to prevent causing fires. Adequate ventilation shall be provided.

**m.** When welding or cutting is done special precautionary measures shall be exercised before, during and after the job is finished to eliminate any possibility of immediate or delayed fires. ()

# 02. Flammable Liquids.

**a.** For the purpose of this section, "Flammable Liquids" shall mean any liquid having a flash point below one hundred forty (140) degrees Fahrenheit and having a vapor pressure not exceeding forty (40) pounds per square inch (absolute) at one hundred (100) degrees Fahrenheit.

**b.** All flammable liquids shall be stored in approved containers suitable for their particular contents,

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and such approved containers shall be stored in areas removed from any direct source of ignition.

c. Flammable liquids shall be kept in approved covered containers when not in actual use. ( )

**d.** The name of the flammable liquid contained therein shall be placed on all stock containers, and whenever such liquids are taken from the stock containers and put into other approved containers for use, it shall be the responsibility of the employer to ensure that these containers (except small containers of flammable liquids which are scheduled for immediate use and disposal) also bear the name of the flammable liquid contained therein. ( )

e. Flammable liquids shall not be used indoors to clean or wash floors, walls, any part of a building structure, furniture, equipment, machines or machine parts, unless sufficient ventilation is provided to bring and maintain the concentration of explosive vapors in the atmosphere below twenty percent (20%) of its lower explosive limit.

NOTE: The use of flammable liquids may create toxic contaminants in the atmosphere above permissible threshold limit values.

03. Transferring Flammable Liquids and Powdered Materials. In transferring flammable liquids or finely divided flammable or explosive materials from one metal container to another, the containers shall be in firm contact with each other or be continuously bonded throughout the transfer so as to prevent the accumulation of static charges. Where portable tanks, mixers, or processing vessels are used for flammable liquids or flammable or explosive compounds, they shall be bonded and grounded while being filled or emptied. ()

#### 04. Transportation of Flammable Liquids.

**a.** When transporting gasoline or other flammable liquids, approved containers shall be used. ( )

**b.** If tank truck service is not available or used, gasoline and other flammable liquids shall be transported in approved containers. Bungs shall be tight and containers shall be secured to prevent movement.( )

**c.** It may be permissible to transport gasoline or other flammable liquids on passenger vehicles if in approved, closed safety containers of not more than six and one-half (6 1/2) gallon capacity, provided such containers are carried in a suitable and safe location outside the passenger compartment. ()

# 054. DESIGNATED LOGGING CAMPS.

A camp used in a logging operation shall comply with the following requirements: ( )

01. Trees and Snags. Trees and snags that may constitute a hazard to persons in the camp area shall be ())

**02.** Sanitation. The Idaho Department of Environmental Quality rules for sanitation must be observed as to water, toilets, washrooms, refuse, etc.

# 055. -- 100. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter C - Garages, Machine Shops, and Related Work Areas (Rules 101 -- 150)

# 101. GARAGES AND MACHINE SHOPS AND RELATED AREAS.

# 01. General Requirements.

**a.** Machine shops and other structures where workers are employed shall be constructed, ventilated, lighted and maintained in a safe working condition.

**b.** Engines, pulleys, belts, gears, sprockets, collars and other moving parts of machinery shall be properly guarded.

**c.** Grinding wheels shall have proper and adequate eye guards or hoods. Face shields shall be worn by

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employ	vees while	e grinding.	(	)
	d.	Machines shall be in good repair and good housekeeping shall be maintained.	(	)
welding	e. g, electric	Proper goggles or hoods shall be made available and used in grinding and cutting, a c and other types of welding.	acetyl (	ene )
and ma	<b>f.</b> aterials so	Tools shall be kept in good condition and care shall be taken in the handling and storing o as to minimize chances for injury.	f all to (	ools )
	g.	An approved screen shall be provided, and used, to protect other workers from welding fla	ishes. (	)
102	150.	(RESERVED)		
		Subchapter D - Signals and Signal Systems (Rules 151 200)		
151.	GENE	RAL REQUIREMENTS.		
	01.	Rigging.		
	a.	Rigging shall be moved by established signals and procedures only.	(	)
	b.	Signals shall be thoroughly understood by the crew.	(	)
begin.	02.	Daily Test Required. Each electric or radio signal system shall be tested daily before o	perati (	ons )
	03.	Personnel in Clear Before Moving Logs or Turns.	(	)
a signa	<b>a.</b> l has beer	Operators of yarding equipment shall not move logs or turns until all personnel are in the n given.	clear a (	and )
	b.	Operators of yarding equipment shall be alert to signals at all times.	(	)
152.	SIGNA	ALING.		
	01.	One Worker to Give Signals.	(	)
	a.	The Worker sending drag shall be the only one to give signals.	(	)
conditi	<b>b.</b> ons are a	Any person is authorized to give a stop signal when a worker is in danger or other enpparent.	nergei (	ncy )
	02.	Signal Must Be Clear and Distinct.	(	)
	a.	Machine operators shall not move any line unless the signal received is clear and distinct.	(	)
	b.	If in doubt the operator shall repeat the signal as understood and wait for confirmation.	(	)
	03.	Hand Signal Use Restricted.	(	)
	a.	Hand signals are permitted only when in plain sight of the operator.	(	)
	b.	Hand signals may be used at any time as an emergency stop signal.	(	)
	04.	Persons in Clear Before Signal Given. All persons shall be in the clear before a signal is	s giveı	n to

move logs or turns.

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**05.** Throwing Material Prohibited. Throwing of any type of material as a signal is prohibited. ( )

**06.** Audible Signaling to Be Installed and Used. A whistle, horn or other audible signaling device, clearly audible to all persons in the affected area, shall be installed and used on all machines operating as yarders.

**07.** Audible Signaling Device at the Machine to Be Activated. When radio or other means of signal transmission is used, an audible signal must be activated at the machine.

# **153. ELECTRIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS.**

01. Weatherproof Wire and Attachments to Be Used. Where an electrical signal system is used, all wire and attachments shall be of the weather proof type.

**02.** Electric Signal Systems to Be Properly Installed and Adjusted. Electric signal systems shall be properly installed and adjusted as necessary. They shall be protected against accidental signaling, and shall be maintained in good operating condition at all times.

03. All Connections to Be Weatherproof. All connections in insulated signal wire shall be ()

# 154. RADIO SIGNALING SYSTEMS.

01. Use of Conventional Space Transmission of Radio Signals. When conventional space transmission of radio signals is used under and in accordance with an authorization granted by the Federal Communications Commissions to initiate any whistle, horn, bell or other audible signaling device, or such transmission of radio signals is used to activate or control any equipment, the following specific rules contained in this section will apply.

NOTE: This rule shall apply only to devices operating on radio frequencies authorized pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

# 02. Description on Outside of Case.

**a.** Each radio transmitter and receiver shall have its tone frequency(s) in hertz (CPS), the manufacturer's serial number, and the assigned radio frequency clearly and permanently indicated on the outside of the case.

**b.** When the duration of a tone frequency performs a function, the pulse-tone duration shall also be permanently indicated on the outside of the case. ()

**c.** On the FCC restricted frequencies one hundred fifty-four point fifty-seven (154.57) MHZ and one hundred fifty-four point sixty (154.60) MHZ, a maximum of two (2) watts of power will be allowed. ()

**03.** Activating Pulse-Tone Limitations. The activating pulse-tone of any multi-tone transmitter shall be of not more than forty (40) milliseconds duration.

04. Adjustment, Repair or Alteration. All adjustments, repairs or alterations of radio-signaling devices shall be done only by or under the immediate supervision and responsibility of a person holding a first or second class commercial radio operator's license, either radio-telephone or radio-telegraph, issued by the Federal Communications Commission.

# 05. Testing of Tone-Signal Controlled Devices.

**a.** Tone-signal controlled devices shall be tested each day before work begins. If any part of the equipment fails to function properly, the system shall not be used until the source of trouble is detected and corrected.

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**b.** Audible signals used for test purposes shall not include signals used for movement of lines or material.

NOTE: Equipment or machines controlled by radio-signaling devices shall be designed and built to "fail safe" or stop, in case of failure of the radio-signaling device.

06. Interference, Overlap, Fade-Out or Blackout. When interference, overlap, fade-out or blackout of radio signals is encountered, the use of the tone-signal controlled device shall be immediately discontinued. The use of such tone-signal controlled device shall not be resumed until the source of trouble has been detected and corrected.

# 07. Number of Transmitters Required.

**a.** Two (2) radio transmitters shall be in the vicinity of the rigging crew at all times when transmitters are being used by persons who are around the live rigging. ()

**b.** Only one (1) radio transmitter shall be required, if in possession of a signalman who has no other duties and remains in an area where he is not subjected to hazards created by moving logs or rigging. ( )

08.	Voice Communication.	(	)
a.	Voice Communication shall be used for explanation purposes only.	(	)
b.	Actual activation of equipment shall be done by audible horn, bell or whistle and not by	voice.	)
c.	The signal must be audible throughout the entire yarding and machine area.	(	)

# 155. -- 200. (RESERVED)

# Subchapter E - Truck Road Standards (Rules 201 -- 250)

# 201. TRUCK ROAD STANDARDS.

01. Building Roads.	( )
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**a.** When building roads, all construction shall be carried on in accordance with good logging engineering practices and shall be constructed and maintained in a manner to insure reasonably safe operation.( )

b.	The due consideration shall be given to the following factors:	(	)
i.	The type of material used for roadbed and surfacing.	(	)
ii.	The type of hauling equipment which will travel road.	(	)
iii.	The size of loads to be hauled.	(	)
iv.	The pitch and length of grades.	(	)
v.	The degree of curvature and visibility on turns.	(	)
vi.	The volume of traffic.	(	)

**c.** Truck roads shall not be too steep for safe operation of logging, or work trucks which operate over them, and should not exceed twenty percent (20%) grade unless an auxiliary means of truck lowering is provided.

)

)

**d.** Sufficient turnouts shall be provided and a safe side clearance maintained along all truck roads.

e. Brush and other materials that obstruct the view at intersections or on sharp curves shall be eliminated and all possible precautions taken.

**f.** Culverts and bridge structures shall be adequate to support the maximum imposed loads without exceeding the maximum safe working unit stresses. Such structures shall be maintained in good condition and shall be inspected annually by a qualified individual.

**g.** Dangerous trees, snags and brush, which may create a hazard shall be cleared a safe distance on both sides of the right-of-way.

# 02. Main Truck Roads.

)

a. Main truck roads shall be of sufficient width and evenness to insure the safe operation of ()

**b.** Truck roads with blind curves where visibility is less than three hundred (300) feet shall be of sufficient width for two (2) trucks to pass, controlled by some type of signal system, or speed shall be limited to fifteen (15) miles per hour.

**c.** Conditions such as broken planking, deep holes, large rocks, logs, etc., which prevent the safe operation of equipment shall be immediately corrected.

**d.** Wheel guard rails on bridges shall be not less than eight (8) inches above deck and shall be substantially fastened to withstand impact of shearing wheels. Such guard rails shall extend the full length of the bridge.

**03. Operation of Equipment**. Excavators, tractors, bulldozers, and other equipment shall be operated in a safe and careful manner. All precautions shall be taken to insure the safety of all employees. ()

# 202. -- 250. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter F - Transportation of Employees (Rules 251 -- 300)

# 251. TRANSPORTATION OF EMPLOYEES.

# 01. General Requirements.

)

a. Anchored seats and seat belts shall be provided for each person riding in any vehicle. ( )

**b.** Vehicles used for the transportation of employees shall be constructed or accommodated for that purpose, and shall be equipped with adequate seats with back rests properly secured in place. Vehicles shall be protected on their sides and ends to prevent falling from the vehicle.

**c.** Vehicles, as described above, shall be equipped with adequate steps, stirrups, or other similar devices, so placed and arranged that the employees can safely mount or dismount the vehicle.

**d.** Vehicles designed to transport nine (9) or more passengers, shall be equipped with an emergency exit not less than six and one-half (6 1/2) feet in area, with the smaller dimension being not less than eighteen (18) inches. Such exit shall be placed at or near the back of the vehicle on the side opposite the regular entrance. The route to and egress from the exit must be unobstructed. ()

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Division of Building Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

e. Every emergency exit shall be conspicuously marked "Emergency Exit," and be so fastened that it can be readily opened by a passenger in the case of emergency.

**f.** Emergency doors shall be not less than twenty-four (24) inches in width. ( )

**g.** Every vehicle used for the transportation of employees shall be equipped with an Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. approved fire extinguisher, or its equivalent, with at least a four (4) BC rating.

**h.** All drivers of vehicles used for the transportation of employees shall have an appropriate operator's license for the state of Idaho.

i. Drivers shall inspect vehicles before operating them. If a vehicle is found to be unsafe, it shall be reported to a proper authority and shall not be operated until it has been made safe. ()

j. Brakes, steering mechanism and lights shall be tested immediately before starting any trip. ( )

**k.** No flammable materials, or toxic substances shall be transported in passenger compartments of vehicles while carrying personnel.

**I.** Transporting more individuals than the seating capacity of the vehicle is permitted only under emergency conditions. Should it become necessary in an emergency, all employees not having seats must ride within the vehicle.

**m.** Under no circumstances shall employees ride on fenders or running boards. ( )

**n.** An employee must never ride in, or on, any vehicle with his legs hanging over the end or sides.

)

**o.** If tools are transported at the same time that employees are being transported, the tools shall be enclosed in boxes or racks and properly secured to the vehicle. ()

**p.** No one shall board, or leave, moving equipment except in the case of an emergency (except trainmen or others whose duties require such).

**q.** Equipment shall be operated in a safe manner and in compliance with traffic regulations. Safe speeds shall be maintained at all times.

r. No explosives shall be transported on, or in, vehicles used primarily for carrying personnel while such vehicles are being used for carrying personnel.

**s.** The driver shall do everything reasonably possible to keep vehicles under control at all times, and shall not operate vehicles at excessive speeds. The driver shall take into consideration the condition of the roadway, weather factors, curves, grades and grade crossings, the mechanical condition of the vehicle and equipment and other pertinent items. The driver shall clear rocks from between dual tires before driving on multi-lane roads. A daily inspection shall be made of trucks and trailers with particular attention to steering apparatus, brakes, boosters, brake hoses and connections, reaches and couplings. Any defects found shall be corrected before the equipment is used.

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#### 252. --300. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter G -Falling and Bucking (Rules 301 -- 350)

#### **301. FALLING AND BUCKING.**

01. General Requirements.

)

#### IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

**a.** There shall be an established method of checking-in workers from the woods. Each supervisor shall be responsible for their crew being accounted for at the end of each shift.

**b.** Cutters not in sight of another employee shall have radio communications with crew members on ()

**c.** Common sense and good judgment must govern the safety of cutters as effected by weather conditions. At no time shall they work if wind is strong enough to prevent the falling of trees in the desired direction, or when vision is impaired by weather conditions or darkness.

**d.** All cutters shall have a current first aid certification. Employers shall provide an opportunity for cutters to take a standard first aid course. ()

e. Tools of cutters such as axes, sledges, wedges, saws, etc., must be maintained in safe condition. Battered sledges, and wedges shall not be used. When power saws are used, wedges shall be made of soft material, such as wood or plastic.

**f.** Cutters shall not be placed on hillsides immediately below each other or below other operations where there is possible danger.

g. Trees shall not be felled if a falling tree endangers any worker, line, or any unit in operation.( )

**h.** Before starting to fall or buck any tree or snag, the cutter must survey the area for possible hazards and proceed according to safe practices. Snags, which are unsafe to cut, shall be blown down with explosives, or felled by other methods.

i. Dangerous or hazardous snags shall be felled prior to or in the course of cutting a strip. No danger tree shall be felled by one (1) cutter where and when the assistance of a fellow employee is necessary to minimize the danger or hazards involved. In the case that any danger tree or snag cannot be safely felled and must remain standing or unattended, such tree or snag shall be clearly identified and suitably marked, including all surrounding impact area, and the employee's supervisor shall be notified as soon as possible. ()

**j.** In falling timber, adjacent brush and snow shall be cleared away from and around the tree to be felled to provide sufficient room to use saws and axes and provide an adequate escape path. ()

**k.** Cutters shall not fall into another strip; leaners on the line shall be traded. Trees shall be felled into the open whenever conditions permit.

**I.** Undercuts and side cuts shall be large enough to safely guide the trees and eliminate the possibility of splitting and barber chairing. Particular care shall be taken to hold enough wood to prevent the tree from prematurely slipping or twisting from the stump. Undercuts shall be cleaned out to the full depth of the saw cut. Especially large undercuts are necessary in heavy leaners. When required to safely fell a tree, mechanical or other means shall be employed to accomplish this objective. Pre-cutting of trees for the purpose of production logging is prohibited.

NOTE: Trees with no perceptible lean having an undercut to a depth of one quarter (1/4) of the diameter of the tree with an undercut height equal to one fifth (1/5) of the diameter of the tree will be assumed to be in reasonable compliance with this rule. ()

**m.** Back-cuts shall be above the level of the upper horizontal cut of the undercut. ( )

**n.** While wedging, fallers shall watch for limbs or other material which might be jarred loose. Cutting of holding wood in lieu of using wedges is prohibited.

**o.** When falling or bucking a tree is completed the power saw motor should be stopped. The power saw motor shall be stopped while the operator is traveling to the next tree. ()

**p.** Cutters shall not work on the downhill side of the log being bucked unless absolutely unavoidable

#### IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

and only when the log is blocked or otherwise secured to prevent rolling when cut is completed.

**q.** Cutters must give timely warning to all persons within range of any log which may have a tendency to roll or slide after being cut off.

**r.** Logs shall be completely bucked-through whenever possible. If it becomes hazardous to complete a cut, then the log shall be marked and identified by a predetermined method. Rigging crews shall be instructed to recognize such marks and when possible cutters shall warn rigging crew of locations where such unfinished cuts remain.

s. A competent person properly experienced in this type of work shall be placed in charge of falling and bucking operations. Inexperienced workers shall not be allowed to fall timber or buck logs unless under the direction of experienced workers.

t. Power saws shall be kept in good repair at all times. All exhaust parts on power chain saws shall be constructed and maintained so the operator is exposed to a minimum amount of fumes and noise.

**u.** Combustion engine driven power saws shall be equipped with an automatic throttle which will return the motor to idling speed upon release of the throttle.

v. Power saw motors shall be stopped while being fueled. ( )

w. All personnel shall wear approved head protection, proper clothing and footwear. ()

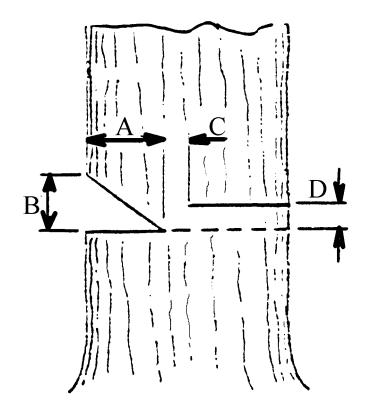
**x.** Each employee who operates a chain saw shall wear leg protection, which meets the requirements of ASTM F 1897 and covers the full length of the thigh to the top of the boot on each leg, except when working as a climber. ()

#### **302.** ILLUSTRATION OF UNDERCUTS.

#### 01. Illustration of Undercuts.

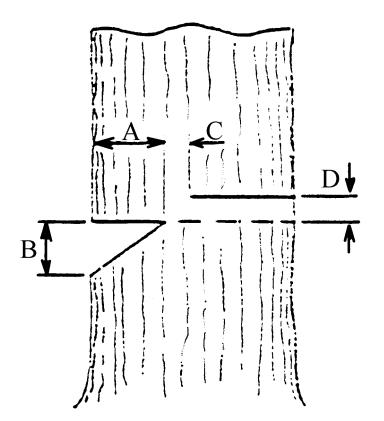
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#### FIGURE 011.01-A - CONVENTIONAL UNDERCUT



**a.** Conventional Undercut. May be made with parallel saw cut and a diagonal cut. Backcut (D) shall be above undercut.

#### FIGURE 011.01-B - HUMBOLT UNDERCUT



**b.** Humbolt Undercut. A cut in which both cuts made with the saw leaves a square end log (See Figure 011.01-B). The cut is the same as a conventional cut (See Figure 011.01-A) except that waste is on the stump. Backcut (D) shall be above undercut.

# Open Face Е

#### FIGURE 011.01-C - OPEN FACE UNDERCUT

Open Face Undercut. A cut in which two (2) angle cuts are made with the saw (See Figure 011.01c. C) -- It is used when it is necessary that the face does not close until the tree is near the ground. )

#### 303. **MECHANICAL DELIMBERS AND FELLER BUNCHERS.**

#### 01. General Requirements.

Before start-up or moving equipment, check the surrounding area for fellow employees or a. equipment. )

If any protective device is missing, it is to be replaced as soon as possible. If it affects a safe b. operation, the machine is to be shut down. )

When a machine is working, extreme caution shall be used when approaching. The operator shall c. be notified by radio or visual contact. )

All raised equipment shall be lowered to the ground or to a safe position and the park brake set d. before leaving the machine. ( )

(RESERVED) 304. -- 350.

)

#### Subchapter H -Rigging, Lines, Blocks, and Shackles (Rules 351 -- 400)

#### 351. RIGGING.

<b>01.</b> machine can deliv	General. The determining factor in rigging-up shall be the amount of rated stump pull ver on each line.	whicł (	1 a )
02.	Equipment Classification.	(	)
а.	Equipment shall be classed according to the manufacturer's rating.	(	)
<b>b.</b> of the rigging sha Subsection 010.0	Where lower gear ratios or other devices are installed to increase the power of equipment, all be increased proportionately so that it will safely withstand the increased strains to cor 4 of these rules.		
<b>03.</b> withstand all expe	Safe Loading. Rigging, and all parts thereof, shall be of a design and application to ected or potential loading to which it will be subjected.	o safe (	ely )
04.	Allowable Loading or Stress.	(	)
<b>a.</b> strength of any pa	In no case shall the allowable loading or stress be imposed on one half $(1/2)$ of the rated barts of the rigging.	oreaki (	ng )
b.	This shall not be construed as applying to chokers.	(	)
05.	<b>Chokers</b> . Chokers shall be at least one eighth (1/8) inch smaller than the mainline.	(	)
<b>06.</b> shall be such as to	<b>Placing, Condition, and Operation of Rigging</b> . The placing, condition and operation of o ensure safety to those who will be working in the vicinity.	riggi (	ng )
<b>07.</b> not pound, rub, or	Arrangement and Operation. Rigging shall be arranged and operated so that rigging or log saw against lines, straps, blocks, or other equipment.	ads w (	rill )
08.	Line Hazards.	(	)
a.	Running lines and changed settings shall be made in a way to avoid bight of line hazards.	(	)
b.	Signals to operator shall be made before moving lines.	(	)
09.	Reefing. Reefing or similar practices to increase line pull shall be prohibited.	(	)
10.	Inspection of Rigging.	(	)
<b>a.</b> rigging shall be n for as long as the review.	A thorough inspection, by the operator or qualified person, of all blocks, straps, guylines, a nade before the rigging is placed in position for use and subsequently repeated every thirty (a rigging is in position for use. Each rigging inspection shall be documented and kept or	30) da	ays
<b>b.</b> bolts, lubrication,	This inspection shall include an examination for damaged, cracked or worn parts, loose r condition of straps and guylines.	uts a (	.nd )

**c.** The repairs or replacements necessary for safe operation shall be made before rigging is used.

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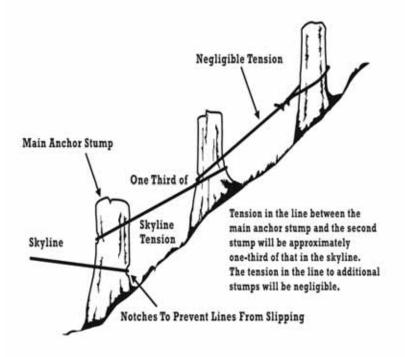
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#### **352.** GUYLINES.

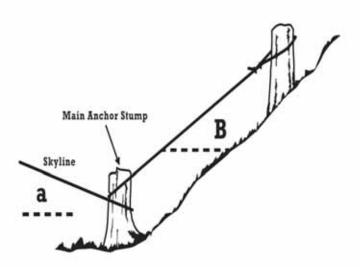
	01.	General Requirements.	(	)
	a.	Guylines shall be of plow steel or equivalent, and in good condition.	(	)
strength	<b>b.</b> equivale	Guylines shall be provided in sufficient number, condition and location to develop s nt to the breaking strength of any component part of the rigging or equipment.	stability (	and )
attachin	<b>c.</b> g guyline	Guylines shall be fastened by means of shackles or hooks and slides. The use of loops of s is prohibited. The use of wedge buttons on guylines is prohibited.	or molles (	for
guyline.	<b>d.</b> Pins sha	The "U" part of a shackle shall be around the guyline and the pin passed through the ll be secured with molles, cotter-keys, or the equivalent.	e eye of (	the )
	e.	Guylines shall be kept tightened while equipment or rigging they support is in use.	(	)
	02.	Anchoring Guylines.	(	)

**a.** Stumps used for fastening guylines and skylines shall be carefully chosen as to position, height and strength. They shall be tied back if necessary. See Figures 011.02-A and 011.02-B.

#### **FIGURE 011.02-A**



#### **FIGURE 011.02-B**



Profile of a common two-stump anchor.

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**b.** Properly installed deadman anchors are permitted. Guylines shall not be directly attached to deadman anchors. Suitable straps or equally effective means shall be used. ()

**c.** Stumps, trees and guyline anchors shall be inspected from time to time while an operation is in progress and hazardous conditions immediately corrected.

**d.** Standing trees which will reach landing or work areas shall not be used for guyline anchors. ( )

e. Any guyline anchor tree that can reach the landing or work area shall be felled before using as an anchor.

#### 03. Effectiveness of Guys.

**a.** Guys making an angle with the horizontal greater than sixty (60) degrees will be considered less than fifty percent (50%) effective. For the effectiveness of other angles see Table 011.03-A.

TABLE 011.03-A						
Degree Effectiveness						
60 to 45	50% to 75%					
45 to 30	75% to 85%					
30 to 10	85% to 95%					

)

**b.** For the effectiveness of guys according to the number of guys and their spacing, see Table 011.03-B.

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TABLE 011.03-B					
No. of Guys Equally	Guys Most Effective When Pull Is:	Guys Will Support Strain Equal To The Following:			
3	Opposite 1 guy	100% of strength of 1 guy			
4	Halfway between 2 guys	140% of strength of 1 guy			
5	Opposite 1 guy or halfway between 2 guys	160% of strength of 1 guy			
6	Opposite 1 guy or halfway between 2 guys	200% of strength of 1 guy			
7	Opposite 1 guy or halfway between 2 guys	225% of strength of 1 guy			
8	Halfway between 2 guys	260% of strength of 1 guy			
9	Opposite 1 guy or halfway between 2 guys	290% of strength of 1 guy			
10	Opposite 1 guy or halfway between 2 guys 325% of strength of 1 g				

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**04.** Minimum Guyline Requirements. A minimum of four (4) top guys are required on any portable spar tree used for yarding, swinging, loading or cold-decking.

#### 353. LINES, SHACKLES AND BLOCKS.

#### 01. General Requirements.

a. All lines, shackles, blocks, etc., should be maintained in good condition and shall be of sufficient size, diameter and material to withstand one and one half  $(1 \ 1/2)$  times the maximum stress imposed. ()

**b.** Wire rope or other rigging equipment which shows a fifteen percent (15%) reduction in strength shall be replaced.

#### 02. Splices.

**a.** Two (2) lines may be connected by a long splice, or by shackles of patent links of the next size larger than the line where practical.

**b.** A safe margin of line must be used for making long splices. See Table 012.02-A.

TABLE 012.02-A						
Rope Diameter Unraveled Total Leng						
3/8"	8'	16'				
5/8"	13'	20'				
3/4"	15'	30'				
7/8"	18'	36'				

TABLE 012.02-A						
Rope Diameter Unraveled Total Length						
1"	20'	40'				

( )

#### 03. Wire Rope Clips or Clamps.

**a.** Clips should be spaced at least six (6) rope diameters apart to achieve maximum holding power. See Table 012.03-A

TABLE 012.03-A						
Diameter of Rope	Number of Clips	Required Space Between Clips				
1-1/2-inch	8	10 inches				
1-3/8-inch	7	9 inches				
1-1/4-inch	6	8 inches				
1-1/8-inch	5	7 inches				
1- inch	5	6 inches				
7/8-inch	5	5-1/4 inches				
3/4-inch	5	5-1/2 inches				
3/8 to 5/8-inch	4	3 inches				

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(

**b.** Clips should always be attached with the base or saddle of the clip against the longer or "live" end of the rope. See Figure 012.03-A. This is the only approved method.

#### **FIGURE 012.03-A**



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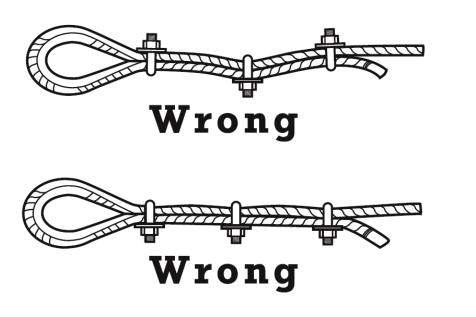
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**c.** Do not reverse the clips or stager them. See Figure 012.03-B. Otherwise the "U" bolt will cut into the live rope when the load is applied.

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**FIGURE 012.03-B** 



**d.** After the rope has been used and is under tension, the clips should again be tightened to take up any looseness caused by the tension reducing the rope diameter. Remember that even when properly applied a clip fastening has only about ninety percent (90%) of the strength of the rope and far less than that when rigged improperly.

e. U-bolt wire rope clamps must not be used to form eyes on running lines, skylines, machine guylines, or straps.

04. Blocks. All blocks must be of steel construction or of material of equal or greater strength and so hung that they will not strike or interfere with other blocks or rigging.

05. Pins. All pins in blocks shall be properly secured by keys of the largest size the pin hole will ( )

06. Shackles.

**a.** Spread in jaws of shackles shall not exceed by more than one (1) inch the size of yoke or swivel of the block to which it is connected.

**b.** All shackles must be made of forged steel or material of equivalent strength and one (1) size larger than the line it connects.

**07. Cable Cutting**. Cable cutters, soft hammers, or a cutting torch shall be available and shall be used for cutting cables. Eye protection must be used when cutting cable. ()

**08. Damaged or Worn Wire Rope**. Worn or damaged wire rope creating a safety hazard shall be taken out of service or properly repaired before further use. ()

#### 354. -- 400. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter I -Canopy and Canopy Construction for Logging Equipment (Rules 401 -- 450)

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#### 401. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### 01. Driver Protection Guard.

a. A substantial metal guard for the protection of the driver shall be installed on every piece of equipment, where exposed to overhead hazards.

**b.** This guard shall be strongly constructed to afford adequate protection for the driver against overhead hazards.

**c.** This guard shall be of sufficient width and height so that it will not impair the movements of the driver or prevent his immediate escape from the equipment in emergencies. ()

**d.** This guard shall be of open construction to allow the driver all the visibility possible. ( )

#### 02. Canopy Framework.

**a.** The canopy framework shall consist of at least two (2) arches, either transverse or longitudinal.

**b.** If transverse, one (1) arch shall be installed at the rear of the equipment and the other at the center of the equipment. They shall be joined together by three (3) longitudinal braces, one (1) at the top and one (1) at each side of the arches.

**c.** There shall be a shear or deflecting guard extending from the leading edge of the forward arch to the front part of the frame of the tractor or similar equipment.

**d.** If longitudinal arches are used, they shall be extended from the rear of the tractor or equipment to the front frame of the tractor or equipment and each arch shall have an intermediate support located approximately at the dash so that ingress or egress will not be impeded.

e. Regardless of the type of construction used, the fabrication and method of connecting to the tractor or equipment shall be of such design as to develop a strength equivalent to that of the upright members. ()

03. Canopy Structure. The canopy structural framework shall be fabricated of pipe of the following size, or materials of equivalent strength, depending upon the gross weight of the tractor or similar equipment as equipped. Under twenty-eight thousand (28,000) lbs., two (2) inch double extra strong pipe (XXS); twenty-eight thousand (28,000) lbs., three (3) inch double extra strong pipe (XXS); over fifty-eight thousand (58,000) lbs., four (4) inch double extra strong pipe (XXS). ()

04. Gusset Plates or Braces. Gusset plates or braces shall be installed on the canopy framework so that the framework will withstand a horizontal pressure equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross weight of the tractor or similar equipment, as equipped, when such pressure is applied to any vertical member at a point not more than six (6) inches below the roof of the canopy.

**05.** Clearance Above the Deck. The clearance above the deck of the tractor or similar equipment at points of egress shall be not less than fifty-two (52) inches and the clearance above the driver's seat shall be of such height as will allow sufficient clearance above the driver's head.

**06. Overhead Covering**. The overhead covering on the canopy structure shall be of not less than threesixteenth (3/16) inch steel plate except that the forward eighteen (18) inches may be made of one quarter (1/4) inch woven wire having not more than one (1) inch mesh. ()

#### 07. Rear Covering.

**a.** The opening in the rear of the structure shall be covered with one quarter (1/4) inch woven wire

		han one and one half (1 1/2) inch or more than two (2) inch wire mesh. This covering shall be at members so that ample clearance will be provided between the screen and the back of the operation (		1 )
projecti	<b>b.</b> ons whicl	Structural members shall present smooth, rounded edges and the covering shall be free h would tend to puncture or tear flesh or clothing. (	from	1 )
	08.	Pin Connections. (		)
the tract	<b>a.</b> tor frame	Pin connections are recommended for joints in the structural frame and especially at connection or similar equipment frame.	ons to	) )
	b.	Gusset plates shall be installed at each place where individual pieces of pipe are joined. (		)
	09.	Sideguards. When practical, sideguards shall be installed to protect the operator from hazard	<b>s.</b>	)
402.	TRACT	FORS AND SIMILAR LOGGING EQUIPMENT.		
	01.	Operating Condition. (		)
the driv	<b>a.</b> er and oth	The general operating condition of a tractor or equipment shall be sufficient to ensure the safther workmen.	ety o	f )
machine	<b>b.</b> ery.	An operating manual shall be readily available in either print or electronic format for each pic	ece o	f )
equipmo	<b>02.</b> ent is use	<b>Guards</b> . All guards shall be kept in place and in good repair at all times when the tractor or si d.	imila	r )
which n	03. nay cause	<b>Repairs or Adjustments</b> . Repairs or adjustments to clutches, frictions, or other parts of equip hazardous movement of equipment shall not be done while engines are running.	omen	t )
	04.	Blades or Similar Equipment. (		)
or perfo	<b>a.</b> orming oth	Blades or similar equipment shall be blocked or otherwise securely supported when making re- her work around such equipment when they are elevated from the ground.	epairs	5 )
	b.	Equipment under repair or adjustment should be tagged out. (		)
	05.	Brakes and Steering. (		)
maximu	<b>a.</b> 1m load o	All equipment shall be equipped with a braking system capable of stopping and holdin n all grades at all times.	g the	e )
yarding	<b>b.</b> operation	Any defect found in the braking system or steering devices of any equipment used in skidding shall not be used until repaired or replaced.	ing o	r )
experie	06. nced pers	Starting of Equipment. Equipment shall be started (cranked) only by the operator or ons.	othe	r )
	07.	Seatbelts. (		)
accorda	<b>a.</b> nce with	Seatbelts shall be installed on all tractors and mobile equipment having roll-over protection a design by a professional engineer which offers equivalent employee protection. (	or ir	1 )

**b.** Seatbelts shall be used when operating any machine equipped with Roll Over Protection Structure

(ROPS	5), Falling	g Object Protection Structure (FOPS), or overhead guards.	(	)		
	08.	Pin Connections.	(	)		
<b>a.</b> the tractor frame		Pin connections are recommended for joints in the structural frame and especially at connect or similar equipment frame.				
	b.	Gusset plates shall be installed at each place where individual pieces of pipe are joined.	(	)		
	09.	Sideguards. When practical, sideguards shall be installed to protect the operator from haz	ards. (	)		
403	450.	(RESERVED)				
		Subchapter J -Skidding and Yarding (Rules 451 500)				
451.	SKID	DING AND YARDING.				
	01.	General Requirements.	(	)		
yarding	<b>a.</b> g.	All personnel shall wear approved head protection and proper clothing at all times in skic	lding (	and )		
	b.	Getting on or off moving equipment is strictly prohibited.	(	)		
	c.	Equipment operators shall move rigging only upon the signal of an authorized person.	(	)		
winder lines.	<b>d.</b> rs, rolling	Workers shall at all times watch for and protect themselves and their fellow workers fr g logs, up ending logs, snags, and other hazards caused by the movement of equipment, log				
	e.	Chokers should be placed near, but not closer than two (2) feet, from the ends of logs if po	ossible (	». )		
	f.	Choker holes shall be dug from the uphill side of a log if there is any danger of its rolling.	(	)		
	g.	Knots shall not be used to connect separate lengths of chain or cable.	(	)		
is awa	<b>h.</b> re of his l	Chaser (hooker) shall not unhook logs (trees) until rigging has stopped and the equipment location.	opera (	ator )		
the dri	<b>i.</b> ver's seat	Riding on drag or logs or any part of equipment used in skidding and yarding except in th t is prohibited.	ne area (	a of )		
lines w	<b>j.</b> vith hands	A tool handle, stick, iron bar, or similar object shall be used in guiding lines onto drums. s is prohibited.	Guid (	ling )		
	k.	Make sure all personnel are in the clear before skidding turn, drag, log, or tree into landing	g. (	)		
	l.	All personnel shall keep out of the bight of line and clear of running lines.	(	)		
	m.	Logs shall not be swung over personnel.	(	)		
	n.	Knot bumping should be done before a log is loaded.	(	)		
452.	CABL	E YARDING.				

01. Safety A. Personnel shall not ride hooks, lines, rigging, or logs suspended in the air or being ()

02. Safety B, Personnel shall not hold on to haywire, running lines, drop lines, or chokers as an assist when walking uphill.

03. Safety C. Personnel shall not work in the bight of lines under tension. ( )

04. Safety D. Personnel shall be "in the clear" before any signal to move any lines is given. ( )

05. Safety E. The outer swing radius of each swing yarder shall be marked with hi-vis tape or cones while the swing yarder is in operation. Tools or supplies shall not be kept inside the swing radius outside the machine cabin unless in a lockable box. No employee shall enter the swing radius without first notifying the operator. ( )

#### 453. YARDING MACHINERY.

01. Equipment Assessment. When personnel arrive at a job site with a set of machinery on hand to perform yarding operations, evaluation of the conditions at the landing shall be made, and reassessment of the capacity of the available equipment shall be performed to determine if it meets the task. The principal options and features for yarders, log loaders, and processors are described in this section. ()

**02. Manufacturer's Manual**. Yarders of various types are used in logging operations, including ground-based and rigged trees to lift the lines, and mobile steel towers. The manufacturer's manual shall always be consulted for essential features and inspection points on each particular machine. ()

**03.** Types of Yarding Equipment. Yarding operations may include the use of, but is not limited to the following yarding equipment:

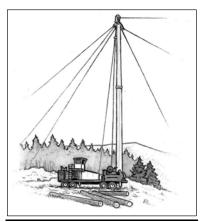
**a.** Straight Tube Telescoping Tower. This equipment uses a hydraulic ram or multiple-sheave cable system to raise the tower. Some telescoping towers allow use at the telescoped height. The tower may be used partially retracted if guyline anchors need to be placed closer to the landing or on steep slopes. ()

i. This equipment may travel by self-propulsion, or be either trailer or track-mounted. It has long reach capacity with a typical height of ninety (90) to one hundred ten (110) feet. ()

ii. The advantages of this equipment include the ability to operate heavy payloads, the tower height allows for more line deflection, and some yarders allow yarding one hundred eighty (180) degrees without moving yarder or guylines.

iii. The disadvantages of this equipment are that it is heavy and difficult to move, it requires appropriate roads and it may have to be disassembled to move on public roads, it requires large landing areas, and it needs large guyline anchor capacity.

#### **FIGURE 012.03-C**



STRAIGHT TUBE TELESCOPING TOWER

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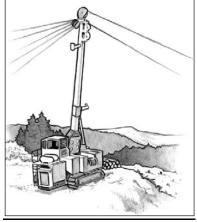
**b.** Fixed Leaning Tower. This equipment is a one (1)-piece tower that may be front-mounted vertical, or leaning. The height of the tower varies with make and model.

i. This equipment may travel by self-propulsion, or be either trailer or track-mounted. It has medium reach capacity with a typical height of forty (40) to eighty (80) feet. ()

ii. The advantages of this equipment include faster line setup, smaller landing area requirements, it is lighter and easier to move, and has lower guyline anchor requirements. ()

iii. The disadvantages include a smaller yarding window which necessitates moving the tower and guylines more frequently, and smaller payloads than straight tube towers.

#### **FIGURE 012.03-C**



FIXED LEANING TOWER

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**c.** Swing Yarder. This equipment is similar to the fixed leaning tower in nearly all respects; however, the swing yarder is also capable of swinging logs onto the road or landing, and capable of using a running skyline.

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Track mounts are more stable when moving.

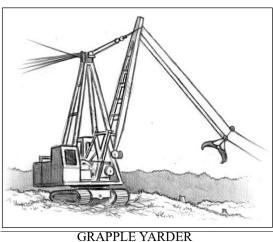
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**d.** Grapple Yarder. This equipment uses a swing yarder or yoader system. The grapple is controlled by signals from the rigging slinger, or by the yarder engineer using a video link on the carriage. Swing capability is necessary to allow a wider logging corridor. A grapple system is typically used in conjunction with a machine anchor and elevated support on the back end of the unit, making for quick road changes. (())

i. This equipment may travel by track-mount or rubber-tire mount. It has medium to short reach ( )

ii. The advantages of this equipment include the need for a smaller crew size, typically only a yarder engineer, landing worker, and a hooktender, and it is easier to rig up which is ideal for smaller logging areas. ( )

iii. The disadvantages of this equipment are that it requires extensive planning to achieve full production, it must have moderate to good deflection, access to the back of unit is generally necessary, and it possesses limited yarding width.



#### **FIGURE 012.03-D**

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e. Yoader. This yarder is typically a log loader with two (2) drums mounted at the base of the boom. Both lines run through sheaves mounted on the boom or heel rack. The lines can be set up in a standing, live, or running skyline configuration, or a high-lead configuration.

i. This equipment may travel by track-mount or rubber-tire mount. It has medium reach capacity.

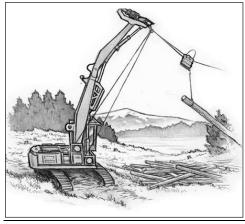
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ii. The advantages of this equipment are that guylines are not necessary, it is easier to move, easy road changes, it is easier to rig up which is ideal for smaller logging areas, and it may be used as a loader. ()

iii. The disadvantages of this equipment are that it requires/results in slower line speeds, it requires blocking up front of the tracks to create stability, and rigging height is limited.

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#### **FIGURE 012.03-E**



YOADER

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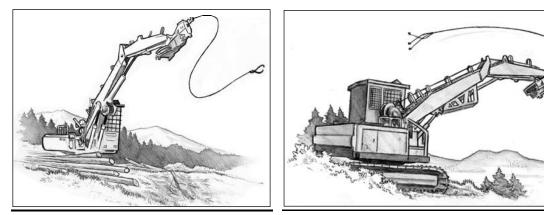
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f. Tong-tosser/Jammer System. These are two (2) systems which basically use the same machine as the yoader, with either tongs or chokers on the end of the line to secure the logs. This version typically uses one (1) drum on the machine with a spitter wheel at the end of the boom to pull the line from the drum and push it out to the brush. The yarder engineer usually gets the tongs or chokers swinging and then tosses them to the waiting choker setters. ()

i. This equipment travels by track-mount. It has short reach capacity.

ii. The advantages of this equipment are that guylines are not necessary, it is easier to move, it is easier to rig up which is ideal for smaller logging areas, and it may be used as a loader. Additionally, it does not require line layouts or anchors.

iii. The disadvantages of this equipment are that it results in slower line speeds, it requires blocking up front of the tracks to create stability, rigging height is limited, and there is a greater potential risk to the rigging crew.



TONG-TOSSER WITH GRAPPLE

**FIGURE 012.03-F** 

JAMMER-SYSTEM WITH CHOKERS

**FIGURE 012.03-G** 

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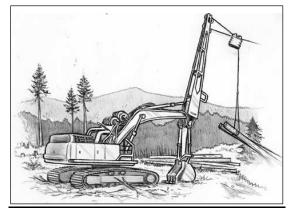
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**g.** Stiff-leg Spar Yarder. One of various configurations for this yarder uses an excavator or log loader fitted with a third boom between the main and jib boom, which is elevated to provide lift. The elevated boom is typically rigged with two (2) or three (3) lines. Works with high lead, standing, running, or slackline configurations.

i. This equipment travels by track-mount. It has medium reach capacity. ( )

ii. The advantages of this equipment are that guylines may not be necessary, it is easier to move, it is easier to rig up which is ideal for smaller logging areas, and it may be used as a loader or excavator. Additionally, it does not require line layouts or anchors. Additionally, jib boom offers greater stability, and the rigging height is greater than yoader or tong-tosser/jammer system.

iii. The disadvantages of this equipment are that it results in slower line speeds, the attached tower boom may need to be removed for other operations, and it generates heavy stress on boom and components.



**FIGURE 012.03-H** 

#### STIFF-LEG SPAR YARDER

( )

#### 454. WIRE ROPE.

01. General Characteristics. Wire rope comes in many grades and dimensions, and every rope has its own characteristics with regard to strength and resistance to crushing and fatigue. A larger rope will outlast a smaller rope of the same materials and construction, used in the same conditions, because wear occurs over a larger surface. Similarly, a stronger rope will outlast a weaker rope, because it performs at a lower percentage of its breaking strength, with reduced stress.

**02.** Wire Rope Terms. Common grades of wire rope include extra improved plow steel (EIPS) and swaged powerflex, among others. The following terms are commonly used for wire rope: ()

a. Abrasion Resistance. Ability of outer wires to resist wear. Abrasion resistance is greater with larger ()

**b.** Core. The foundation of a wire rope which is made of materials that will provide support for the strands under normal bending and loading conditions. A fiber core (FC) can be natural or synthetic. If the core is steel, it can be a wire strand core (WSC) or an independent wire rope core (IWRC).

c. Crushing Resistance. Ability of the rope to resist being deformed. A rope with an independent wire

d.

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core is more resistant to crushing than one with a fiber core.

Die-form Line. Made from strands that are first compacted by drawing them through a drawing die to reduce their diameter. The finished rope is then swaged or further compressed. ( )

Fatigue Resistance. Ability of the rope to withstand repeated bending without failure (the ease of e. bending a rope in an arc is called its "bendability"). Fatigue resistance is greater with more wires. ( )

Strength. Referred to as breaking strength, usually measured as a force in pounds or tons. The f. breaking strength is not the same as the load limit, which is calculated as a fraction of the breaking strength to ensure safety. )

Swaged Line. Manufactured by running a nominal-sized line through a drawing die to flatten the g. outer crown and thus reduce the rope diameter. This compacted rope allows for increased drum capacity and increased line strength. )

03. Typical Wire Rope Specifications. The table below lists a few examples of wire-rope breaking strengths. ( )

TABLE 012.09-A Typical Wire Rope Specifications						
6x26 Improved Plow Steel			6x26 Swaged		Swaged Compact-Strand	
Diameter (inches)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)
1/2	0.46	11.5	0.6	15.2	0.63	18.6
9/16	0.59	14.5	0.75	19	0.78	23.7
5/8	0.72	17.9	0.93	23.6	1.01	28.5
11/16			1.10	28.8	1.18	35.3
3/4	1.04	25.6	1.37	34.6	1.41	42.2
13/16			1.56	39.6	1.63	49.3
7/8	1.42	34.6	1.83	46.5	1.91	56.0
15/16			1.95	53.3	2.20	66.1
1	1.85	44.9	2.42	60.6	2.53	73.7
1-1/8	2.34	56.5	2.93	75.1	2.97	92.9
1-1/4	2.89	69.3	3.52	92.8	3.83	112.1
1-3/8	3.5	83.5	4.28	108.2	4.62	128.6

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TABLE 013.03-A						
6x26 Improved Plow Steel			6x26 Swaged		Swaged Compact-Strand	
Diameter (inches)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)
1⁄2	0.46	11.5	0.6	15.2	0.63	18.6
9/16	0.59	14.5	0.75	19	0.78	23.7
5/8	0.72	17.9	0.93	23.6	1.01	28.5
11/16			1.10	28.8	1.18	35.3
3⁄4	1.04	25.6	1.37	34.6	1.41	42.2
13/16			1.56	39.6	1.63	49.3
7/8	1.42	34.6	1.83	46.5	1.91	56.0
15/16			1.95	53.3	2.20	66.1
1	1.85	44.9	2.42	60.6	2.53	73.7
1-1/8	2.34	56.5	2.93	75.1	2.97	92.9
1-1/4	2.89	69.3	3.52	92.8	3.83	112.1
1-3/8	3.5	83.5	4.28	108.2	4.62	128.6

Source: Cable Yarding Systems Handbook. 2006. Worksafe BC. Table lists typical breaking strengths. See manufacturer's specifications for specific lines.

04. Synthetic Rope. High-tensile strength synthetic lines are considerably lighter than standard wire rope; however, some lines are dimensionally as strong as standard wire rope. Accordingly, high-tensile strength synthetic lines are permitted to be used in appropriate logging applications, including as substitutes for brush straps, tree straps, tail and intermediate support guylines, guyline extensions, skyline extensions, and haywire. Manufacturers' standards and recommendations for determining usable life or criteria for retirement of such lines shall be followed. Personnel shall examine the lines for broken or abraded strands, discoloration, inconsistent diameter, glossy or glazed areas caused by compression and heat, and other inconsistencies. Rope life is affected by load history, bending, abrasion, and chemical exposure. Most petroleum products do not affect synthetic ropes.

#### 05. Inspection and Care.

**a.** Wire rope shall be inspected daily by a qualified individual and repaired or taken out of service when there is evidence of any of the following conditions: ()

i. Twelve and five tenths percent (12.5%) of the wires are broken within a distance of one (1) lay.

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## IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODEIDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum SafetyDivision of Building SafetyStandards and Practices for Logging

ii. Evidence of chafing, sawing, crushing, kinking, crystallization, bird-caging, corrosion, heat damage, or other damage that has weakened the rope structure.

**b.** Qualified personnel shall closely inspect those points subject to the most wear, including the knob ends of lines, eye splices, and those sections of line that most often run through blocks or carriages. If there is doubt about the integrity of the line, it is far safer to replace a suspect line, or cut out and resplice a defective area, than risk a failure during operation. Evaluation of the load-bearing yarder lines shall be stringent. A qualified person shall also inspect all other lines used on site and remove any that are unsafe.

**06.** Additional Precautions. The following precautions shall also be observed: ( )

**a.** Ensure the working load limit for any line is adequate for the intended use. ( )

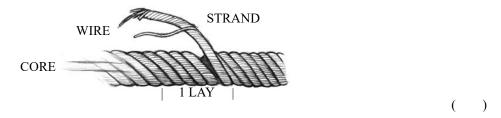
**b.** The manufacturer's specifications with regard to assigned breaking strength shall be followed. Such specifications as determined by engineering test results should factor the grade of the wire, number of strands, number of wires per strand, filler wire construction, lay pattern of the wires, and the diameter of the line. ()

07. Safety Factor. Operators shall follow the manufacturer's specifications in determining load limits. The working load limit is a fraction of a line's breaking strength – a factor of three (3), or one-third (1/3) the breaking strength, is commonly used as a safety factor for running and standing lines, when workers are not exposed to breaking lines or loads passing overhead. A safety factor of three (3) is commonly used to determine the working load limit for a standing or running line. A standard six (6) x twenty-six (26) IWRC wire rope with a diameter of one (1) inch has a breaking strength of approximately forty-five (45) tons – divide by three (3) – equals fifteen (15) tons working load limit.

#### 08. Wire Labeling.

**a.** The elements of a typical wire rope are labeled, for example, six (6) x twenty-five (25) FW PRF RL EIPS IWRC. The label indicates a six (6)-strand rope with twenty-five (25) wires per strand (six (6) x twenty-five (25)), filler-wire construction (FW), strands pre-formed in a helical pattern (PRF), laid in a right-hand lay pattern (RL), using an extra-improved plow steel (EIPS) grade of wire, and strands laid around an independent wire rope core (IWRC). See figure 013.08-A for proper labeling of wire rope. ()

#### **FIGURE 013.08-A**



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**b.** Out of Service Standard Example. A six (6) x twenty-five (25) IWRC wire rope = six (6) strands in one (1) lay with twenty-five (25) wires per strand = one hundred fifty (150) wires. The rope must be taken out of service when twelve and five tenths percent (12.5%), or one-eighth (1/8), of the wires are broken within the distance of one (1) lay = one hundred fifty (150) divided by eight (8) = eighteen and seventy-five one hundredths (18.75), or nineteen (19) broken wires.

**09.** Wire Line Life. Table 013.08-A provides the allowable life of a line in million board feet in accordance with line size and use. Figure 013.09-A illustrates both the correct and incorrect manner in which to measure line size (diameter).

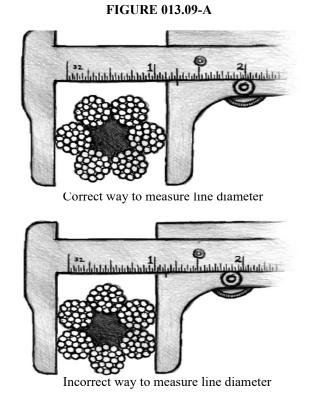
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System	Use	Line Size (inches)	Line Life (million board feet)
		1-3/4	20-25
	Skyline	1-1/2	15-25
Standing Sky-		1-3/8	8-15
line	Mainline	1 to 1-1/8	15-20
	Mairinite	1	10-15
	Haulback	3/4 to 7/8	8-12
		1-1/2	10-20
	Skyline	1-3/8	8-15
		1	6-10
		1	10-15
Live Skyline	Mainline	3/4	8-12
		5/8	8
	Haulback	3/4 to 7/8	8-12
	Tauback	1/2	6-10
	Dropline	7/16	5-8
High	Mainline	1-3/8	8-15
Lead	Mannine	1-1/8	6-12

### TABLE 013.08-ALINE LIFE BY WOOD HAULED

Source: Willamette Logging Specialist's Reference by Keith L McGonagill. 1976. Portland, OR: Willamette National Forest. Calculations of line life refer to EIPS 6x21 wire rope for the skyline, and EIPS 6x26 for other lines. Figures will be different for other classes of wire rope.

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10. Dynamic Loads. Operators shall consider high dynamic loads when calculating safe working limits of wire ropes. Wire ropes are often subjected to high dynamic loads, which greatly multiply the force on a line and may exceed the safe working limit. Even a split second of time over the limit can lead to premature failure of a line. Typical dynamic loads occur when a turn hits a stump, a turn comes down off of the back hillside to full suspension, or when excessive force is applied to pulling a turnout of its bed. A high dynamic load or a sudden shock load that exceeds the working limit may not result in immediate failure, but rope strands may stretch and weaken, and may fail at a later time.

#### 11. Other Common Wire Rope Considerations.

**a.** Wire Rope Stretching and Line Diameter. A stretched wire rope has a reduced diameter. Operators shall check for stretched lines by measuring the diameter, particularly on older lines and any line used in stressful situations.

**b.** Older Wire Rope. Standing lines and guylines are often kept in service for multiple years (four (4) to five (5), and as long as ten (10) years in some instances) without exhibiting any obvious signs of excessive wear other than rust. Operators shall check date stamps of wire rope and evaluate line life. Operators shall also inspect the core of older lines periodically for a fractured or dry core, which could indicate other deficiencies such as broken wires, excessive wear, or line deformation.

**c.** Hard Use. The life of a wire rope is also affected by hard use. Line life can be measured by the volume of wood hauled (see Table 013.08-A). Line life is reduced when a line exceeds its elastic limits, is heavily shocked, or rubbed against rocks or other lines. As a line wears, the safe working load limit shall be lower and the payload adjusted appropriately.

d. Wire Rope endurance and elastic limits. Working within the endurance and elastic limits of lines

can help preserve line life. The following principles shall be observed when evaluating the integrity and safe use of wire rope:

i. The "endurance limit" for all lines is fifty percent (50%) of the breaking strength. If wire rope tensioning regularly exceeds the endurance limit, the life of the line is reduced through fatigue.

ii. The "elastic limit" for all lines is sixty to sixty-five percent (60-65%) of the breaking strength. When a wire rope is loaded to its normal safe working limit, the line stretches, but then returns to its original size when the load is released. If a load increases past the elastic limit through prolonged exertion or repeated stress, the line will stretch and stay stretched, resulting in a permanent reduction in the breaking strength. ()

e. Lubrication and Abrasion. Wire rope is lubricated in the factory to reduce internal friction and corrosion, and prolong the life of the rope. Heat from friction causes the internal lubricant to deteriorate. Friction occurs when the rope stretches under load, particularly in places where it bends around sheaves or other objects. An improperly lubricated line can pick up particles of dirt and sand that will increase abrasion. Accordingly, operators shall:

i. Check for and ensure the proper lubrication of all lines and wire rope, following the manufacturer's instructions. Commercial wire rope lubricants are available.

ii. Carefully inspect lines for faults in areas where dust and sand may collect. ( )

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iii. Store all wire rope and lines off the ground.

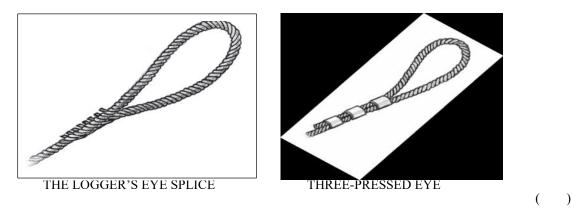
#### 12. Line Connections.

a. Inspection. Operators shall regularly inspect shackles, hooks, splices, and other connecting equipment for damage and wear, as well as ensure the connectors are the correct type and size for the line and intended use.

**b.** Wire Splicing. Splices are used to form an eye at the end of a line, extend the length of a line, or repair a broken or damaged line. The splicing of wire rope requires special skill and shall only be performed under the supervision of a competent person with using the proper tools. Reference materials are available with detailed instructions for numerous types of splices. Individuals splicing wire shall always wear appropriate eye protection while splicing or assisting with a splicing procedure. ()

**c.** The logger's eye splice and three (3)-pressed eye are the most common methods to form an eye for use as a skyline terminal. See Figure 013.12-A. The spliced eye is approximately eighty percent (80%) efficient. A three (3)-pressed eye can reach ninety percent (90%) line strength. The pressed eye is typically performed at the rigging shop. Spliced eyes may be placed in the field, but may require additional time to install. ()

#### FIGURE 013.12-A



d. When Flemish (Farmes, Rolled) eye splices are used on load-bearing lines, the strand ends must be ( )

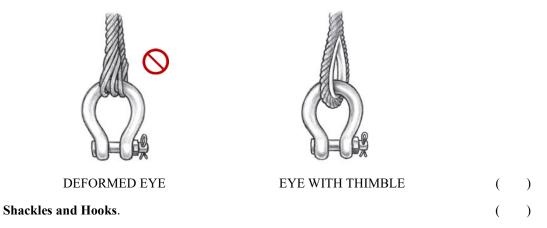
i.	Hand tucking each strand three (3) times; or	(	)
ii.	Applying a compression (pressed-eye) fitting.	(	)

e. Guyline Care. Guylines are a vital link in holding up a tower. Guyline extensions shall not be excessively moved around by dragging on the ground, or left on the ground for long periods of time as they will deteriorate faster.

f.	Guyline extensions must be connected by:	(	)
i.	A bell shackle using a safety pin to connect spliced eyes or pressed eyes; or	(	)
ii.	Poured nubbins (buttons) and a double-ended hook.	(	)

**g.** Line Deformity. A line may deform where it loops around a shackle or pin, producing weakness that may result in line failure. A thimble in the loop protects the line. Thimbles may be used on standing lines, but not on running lines. Examples of the appearance of deformed lines and the use of thimbles in shackles are illustrated in Figure 013.12-B.

#### **FIGURE 013.12-B**



**a.** Hooks. Hooks shall be inspected to ensure that they have not sprung open. Ensure that shackles are positioned correctly to bear the load. Haywire swivels shall be inspected frequently, due to their susceptibility to wear rapidly.

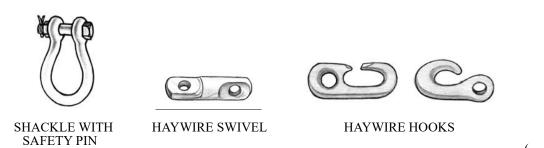
**b.** Shackle Safety. Proper bells or shackles shall be used to connect the guylines to the stumps, and the guyline lead blocks to the ring at the top of the tower. Connections shall have at least one and a half (1-1/2) times the strength of the guyline. The pins of the shackles must be secured to protect against dislodgement, and a nut and cotter key, or a nut and molly may be used for that purpose. The use of loops or mollies to attach guylines is prohibited. Examples of the appearance of some shackle equipment is illustrated in Figure 013.13-A.

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**FIGURE 013.13-A** 



**c.** The following practices shall be observed in order to ensure the safe use of shackles: ( )

i. A shackle must have a rated breaking strength greater than the rated breaking strength of the lines attached to it, and the manufacturer's rated strengths to determine oversized requirements shall be used. Accepted industry standards shall be utilized and adhered to when determining the correct shackle size based on the type and nature of the logging operation being performed. Examples of the appearance of some shackle equipment for the purposes of proper selection is illustrated in Figure 013.13-B.

ii. Shackles with pins, and securing nuts with mollies or a cotter key shall be used on standing or overhead rigging.

iii. Screw shackle pins shall not be used in any standing or overhead rigging. ( )

iv. Screw shackle pins, where allowed to be used, shall be tightened securely. ( )

v. Shackle pin mollies shall be rolled sufficiently and fit the pin hole fully. Mollies shall be tucked a minimum of three (3) times.

vi. The shackle shall always be placed with the pin nearest to the yarder, so that in the event the shackle fails the least amount of hardware may be thrown at the yarder. ()

vii. Replace shackles that are bent, broken, or show excess wear on the inner surfaces. Examples of the appearance of some damaged or non-conforming shackles are illustrated in Figure 013.13-A.

#### FIGURE 013.13-A



REPLACE SHACKLES THAT ARE BENT, BROKEN, OR SHOW EXCESS WEAR ON THE INNER SURFACES.

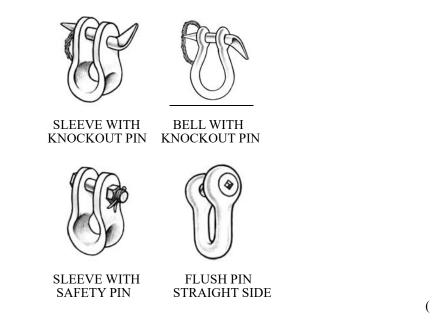
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**FIGURE 013.13-B** 



#### 14. Knobs, Ferrules, and Eyes.

a. Poured nubbins and a double-end hook are acceptable connectors in place of shackles in some instances. The use of quick nubbins (wedge buttons) as guylines and skyline end fittings is prohibited unless attaching guylines to guyline drums. Operators shall follow the manufacturer's recommendations when attaching sockets and similar end fastenings.

**b.** Poured nubbins achieve ninety-nine percent (99%) of line strength and may be used. Quick nubbins only achieve a maximum of sixty-five percent (65%) under ideal conditions, and accordingly operators shall consider whether they are appropriate for safe use in any given application. Pressed ferrule are not certifiable for strength, and shall not be used. Examples of the appearance of some knob, ferrule, and nubbin equipment are illustrated in Figure 013.14-A.

**c.** Operators shall inspect knobs, ferrules, and eyes at cable ends for loose or broken wires, and corroded, damaged, or improperly applied end connections. Poured nubbins shall be date stamped.

**FIGURE 013.14-B** 

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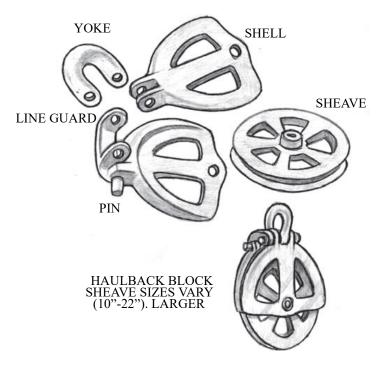
BABBITED KNOB & PRESSED FERRULE QUICK NUBBIN (WEDGE BUTTON)

15. Brush Blocks. Brush blocks shall be thoroughly inspected for cracks, wear, or deterioration.

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(

Operators shall closely examine the areas subject to the most wear, including bearings, sheave, frame, yoke, and pins. Defective parts shall be replaced immediately. Blocks shall be greased every time before each use.

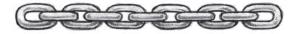


#### **FIGURE 013.15-A**

16. Chains and Straps. Chains or straps shall always be sized and used correctly for the intended purpose. Determining which size to use may depend on various factors. Oversized trailer lift straps, for example, shall have a breaking strength equal to five (5) times the load to be lifted. Towing chains shall have a tensile strength equivalent to the gross weight of the towed vehicle. The manufacturer's specifications or other appropriate reference materials shall always be consulted to ensure the right chain or strap is used for a task.

a. Operators shall periodically inspect chains for damaged, worn, or stretched links. Chains with more than ten percent (10%) wear at the bearing surface shall be replaced. Operators shall periodically inspect straps, and examine them for broken wires or wear. Examples of the appearance of damaged and safe chains are illustrated in Figure 013.16-A. ()

#### **FIGURE 013.16-A**



#### GOOD CHAIN



#### STRETCHED CHAIN



WORN CHAIN (INSIDE LINKS)

( )

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#### 455. TREE CLIMBING.

Loggers are often required to climb considerable heights to top trees or hang rigging on lift trees. All workers who may be exposed to fall hazards shall be specifically trained and equipped with fall protection.

01. Rescue Plan. Before rigging any tree, the employer must develop rescue procedures, which includes identifying appropriate equipment, personnel, and training to perform a rescue in case a climber is injured or incapacitated in the tree. A second set of climbing gear and a person with climbing experience shall be readily available. Equipment and procedures that will support an injured climber's chest and pelvis in an upright position during a rescue shall be used. When an injured climber is wearing only a climbing belt, provisions must be made to prevent the climber from slipping through it; this may include using a rope to create an upper-body support system. Consideration should be made to replacing climbing belts with a climbing harness. ()

02. Before Leaving the Ground. Employers shall check climbing equipment and immediately remove defective equipment from service. Personnel shall ensure that hardware and safety equipment is securely fastened before placing weight on the lanyard or life-support rope. All climbing knots shall be tied, dressed, and set prior to ascending. All personnel shall follow the recommendations of the manufacturer of the cordage with respect to the use of splices.

#### 03. Climbing Equipment.

**a.** A climbing harness provides both pelvic and upper-body support, and may be a one (1)-piece, full-body harness, or any two (2)-piece design that meets industry standards.

**b.** Climbing and life-support lines shall be conspicuous and easily identifiable. ( )

**c.** All lines and webbing used for life support shall have a minimum breaking strength of five thousand four hundred (5,400) pounds and may only be used for climbing.

**d.** When a cutting tool is used in a tree, the climbing rope (lanyard) shall be a high-quality steel safety chain of three-sixteenths (3/16) inch size or larger, or a wire-core rope.

e. A life-support rope evidencing excessive wear or damage or that has been subjected to a shock load shall be removed from climbing service.

#### 04. Climbing Operations.

a. Ensure climbers are appropriately well-trained in climbing and in the use of all equipment to carry out assigned tasks.

**b.** While climbing operations are underway, co-workers and others on the ground shall stay clear of potential falling objects. If co-workers must work directly below a climber, the climber shall stop any activity in which objects could be dropped or dislodged until the area below is cleared. Climbers shall provide warning whenever any material may be likely to fall or is dropped deliberately. Unsecured equipment, rigging, or material shall not be left in the tree.

**c.** Yarding activity must cease within reach of a tree or guylines of a tree where a climber is working. Machinery may operate in reach of the climber to hoist rigging into the tree. In such circumstance the following shall apply:

i. A spotter shall be utilized and yarding operations shall be performed with extra caution; ( )

ii. The machine operator and the spotter shall give the task their undivided attention; ( )

iii. Equipment that is nearby and which may be noisy, such as power saws, tractors, or logging machines shall be shut down if the noise interferes with signal communications with the climber; and ()

iv. Lines attached to a tree in which a climber is working shall not be moved except on a signal from ()

**d.** Tree climbers shall use a three (3)-point climbing system whereby three (3) points of contact must be firmly in place on a secure surface before moving to another point. Along with hands and feet, other points on the body, such as a hooked knee, can be considered a point of contact if it can support the full body weight. Additionally, the places of support must be secure, and climbers should use care to void unsound branches or stubs as a contact point. A lanyard around the tree secured to the safety harness or climbing belt on both ends constitute two (2) points of contact.

e. Climbing without being secured to the tree is prohibited, except in conifers, when in the judgment of a qualified climber, the density of branches growing from the stem make attaching the lanyard more hazardous than simply climbing the tree. In such instances, the climber shall evaluate the tree farther up, and use attachments when it is safe to do so.

**05. Topping Trees**. Only an experienced climber with experience felling trees shall top a tree. Cutters shall not cut when wind or other conditions make doing so hazardous. Standard safe felling procedures shall apply, with the additional following requirements:

a. A chainsaw with a bar short enough to make both the face-cut and backcut easily from one side shall be used.

**b.** Cutters shall determine the felling direction and ensure there are no obstructions. Consideration shall be given to the fact that an impact could cause violent movement in the tree being topped where the climber is perched.

**c.** A safety chain shall be wrapped around the tree just below the cut to prevent the tree from splitting or slabbing down inside the climbing rope.

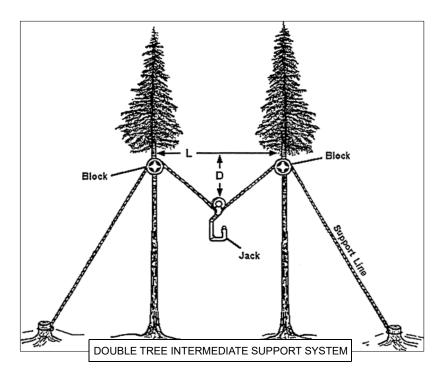
**d.** The cutter shall ensure he is comfortable, and avoid any awkward cutting position. ( )

e. Exact cuts should be made. There is no escape route for the climber to get away from the stem to avoid kickback or a splintered hinge. When making horizontal side cuts, extra care shall be used to stay on the line of the backcut to avoid wood breaking away with the saw as the top falls. ()

#### 456. TYPICAL RIGGING SYSTEMS.

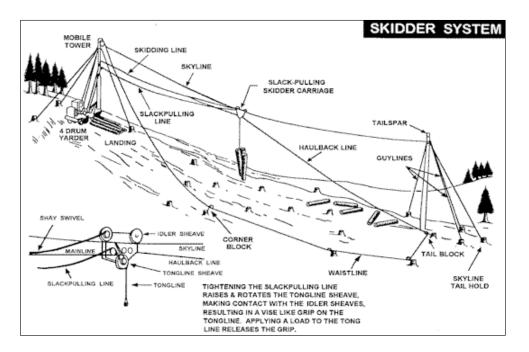
#### 01. See Figures 015.16-A through 015.16-H.

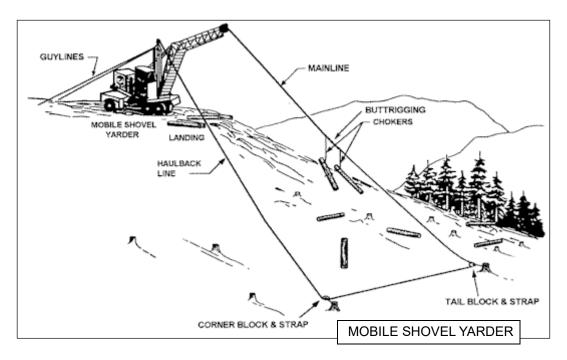
#### IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging



**FIGURE 015.16-A** 

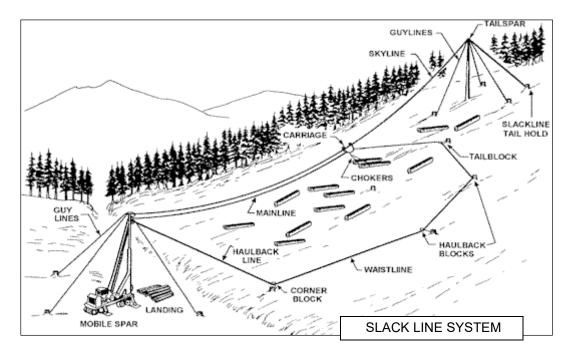
**FIGURE 015.16-B** 

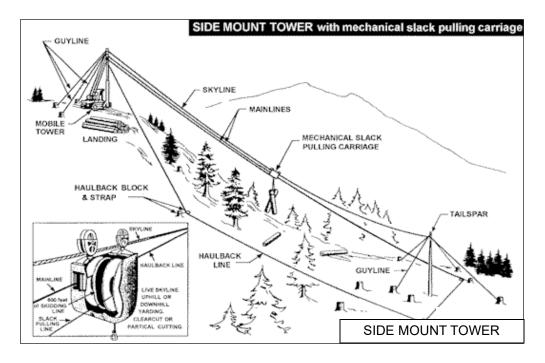




**FIGURE 015.16-C** 

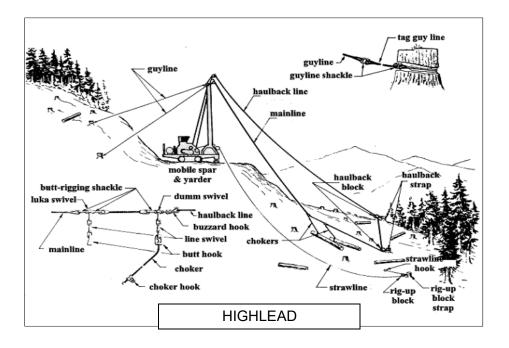
**FIGURE 015.16-D** 





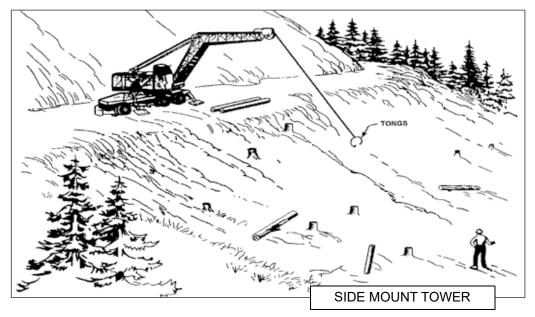
**FIGURE 015.16-E** 

**FIGURE 015.16-F** 

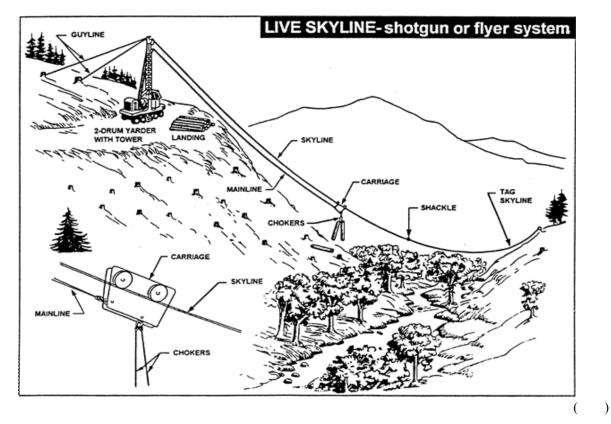


#### IDAPA 07.08.01 – Minimum Safety Standards and Practices for Logging

**FIGURE 015.16-G** 



**FIGURE 015.16-H** 



#### 457. -- 500. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter K -Road Transportation (Rules 501 -- 550)

#### 501. LOG TRUCK TRANSPORTATION.

01. General. The following requirements are supplemental to any Idaho law governing automobiles, trucks, tractors, trailers, and any combination of these units. If there are any discrepancies in the codes between this section and any federal or Idaho motor vehicle regulations pursuant to title 49, Idaho Code, applicable in the state of Idaho, such federal of other governmental regulations will govern. ()

#### 02. Stopping and Holding Devices for Log Trucks.

**a.** Motor logging trucks and trailers must be equipped with brakes or other control methods which will safely stop and hold the maximum load on the maximum grade. Air or vacuum brake lines shall be of the type intended for such use and shall have fittings which will not be interchangeable with water or other lines. ()

**b.** Brake Test - A brake test shall be made before and immediately after moving a vehicle. Any defects shall be eliminated before proceeding.

#### 03. Lighting Equipment Required.

**a.** Motor vehicles used on roads not under the control of the Idaho Transportation Board, counties or cities, shall have equipment necessary for safe operation, such as head, tail, and stop lights.

**b.** Such lights shall be used during clearance periods of reduced visibility. ( )

#### 04. Safe Operating Requirements.

a. The driver shall do everything reasonably possible to keep his truck under control at all times and shall not operate in excess of a speed at which he can stop the truck in one-half (1/2) the distance between him and the range of unobstructed vision. ()

**b.** The driver shall take into consideration the condition of the roadway, weather factors, curves, grades and grade crossings, the mechanical condition of his equipment, and other relevant factors. ()

c. The driver shall clear rocks from between dual tires before driving on multi-lane roads. ( )

**d.** A daily inspection shall be made of trucks and trailers with particular attention to steering apparatus, brakes, boosters, brake hoses and connections, reaches, and couplings. Any defects found shall be corrected before equipment is used.

05. Stakes, Bunks, or Chock Blocks. All stakes and bunks, installed on log trucks and trailers, together with the means provided for securing and locking the stakes in a hauling position, shall be designed and constructed of materials of such size and dimensions that will withstand a pressure of fifteen thousand (15,000) pounds applied outward against the tops of the stakes, and, or extensions when used, without yield or permanent set resulting in the stakes, bunks or the means provided for securing and locking the stakes.

NOTE: Test Procedure - A test pressure of fifteen thousand (15,000) pounds is applied to the top of one (1) stake, using the top of the stake opposite as a base for applying pressure. Bunk is not to be secured to floor or other base except in a manner similar to that used to mount it to truck or trailer. Stakes must return to normal upright position at end of test and stakes and all component parts examined and checked with original specifications. If no yield results in any part, the design and construction may be considered as meeting code requirements.

#### 06. Stake Extensions.

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**a.** Stake extensions shall not be used unless all component parts of the bunking system are of sufficient size and strength to support the added stresses involved. ()

**b.** Truck drivers shall report missing or broken stake extensions to the proper authority. ( )

**07. Stake and Chock Tripping Mechanisms**. Stakes and chocks that trip shall be constructed in such a manner that the tripping mechanism, which releases the stake or chocks, is activated at the opposite side of the load from the stake being tripped.

#### 08. Linkage for Stakes or Chocks.

a. The linkage used to support the stakes or chock must be of adequate size and strength to withstand the maximum imposed impact lead.

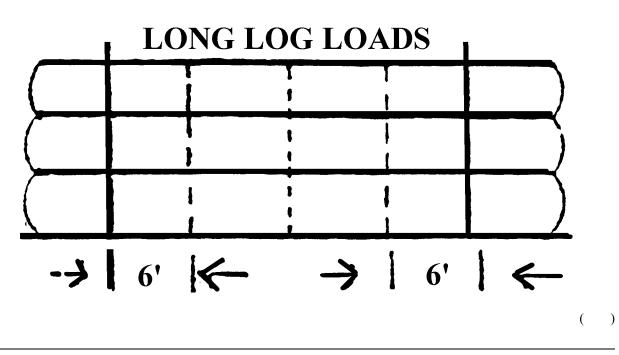
b.	"Molly Hogans" or cold shuts are prohibited in chains or cable used for linkage.	(	)
09.	Notify Engineer When Around Truck.	(	)
a.	Persons shall not walk along side of or be underneath any truck being loaded.	(	)

**b.** Prior to performing any duties, such as releasing bunk locks, placing or removing compensating pin, scaling logs, reading scale, chopping limbs or making connections, persons shall notify the loading engineer of their intentions and be acknowledged.

#### **10.** Number of Wrappers Required.

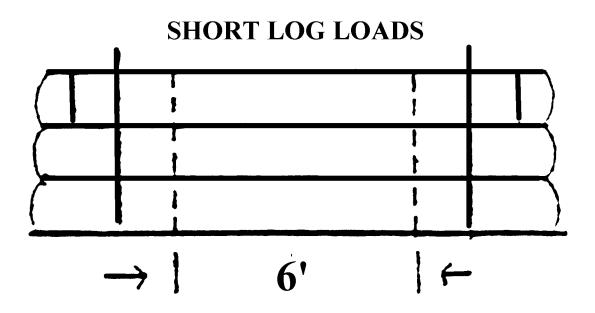
**a.** Each unit used for hauling logs longer than twenty six (26) feet, shall have the load secured by a minimum of three (3) wrappers. Wrappers shall be placed in positions that effectively secure the load. One (1) wrapper shall be placed within ten (10) feet of each bunk. See Figure 010.10-A.

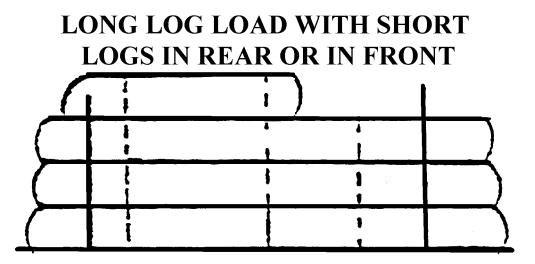
#### **FIGURE 010.10-A**

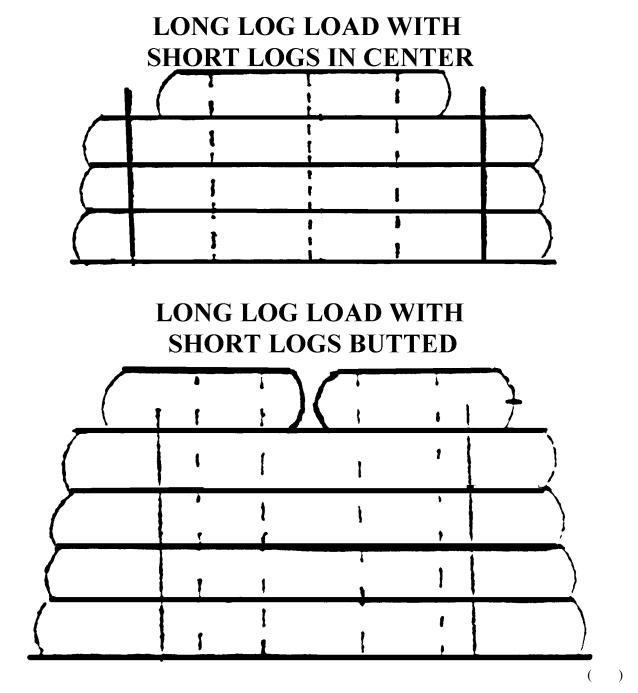


**b.** All exposed outside logs shall be secured by one (1) wrapper passing near each end of the log. See Figure 010.10-A.

**FIGURE 010.10-B** 



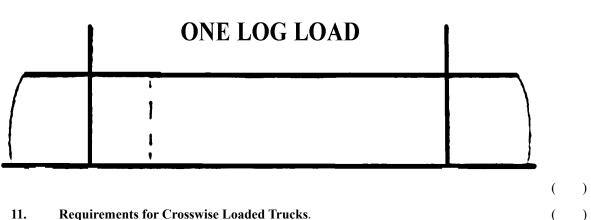




**c.** On one (1) log load where trailer bunk is equipped with cheese blocks, one (1) wrapper securing log to the trailer bunk will be sufficient. Outside wrappers on short logs shall have a minimum of six (6) feet spread. (See Figure 010.10-C.)

NOTE: High loads are defined as logs loaded above bunk stakes.

**FIGURE 010.10-C** 

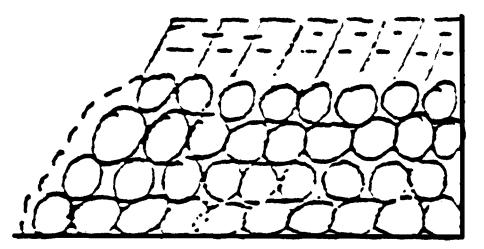


#### 11. **Requirements for Crosswise Loaded Trucks.**

**a.** When loads of short logs are loaded crosswise, the logs shall be properly contained by use of stake or chock blocks and shall be secured by a minimum of two (2) wrappers. (See Figure 010.11-A.)

#### **FIGURE 010.11-A**

## **CROSSWISE LOADED TRUCK**



(	)
(	)
(	)
(	)
	( ( (

	b.	"Molly Hogans" or cold shuts are prohibited to make splices or connections.	( )
pounds.	c.	Each wrapper shall have a minimum breaking strength of not less than fifteen thousand (1	15,000) (  )
	d.	Binders must be stamped with a working load limit of four thousand (4,000) pounds or great	ter.
	13.	Binder Placement Requirements.	( )
log, or c	<b>a.</b> on the side	Binders shall be placed in a manner whereby they will be released on the side opposite the where the unloading equipment operator can see the binders.	ie brow
either ju	<b>b.</b> 1st before	Truck drivers shall be required to stop vehicles, dismount, check and tighten loose load b or immediately after leaving a private road to enter the first public road they encounter.	oinders,
	14.	Precautions When Placing or Removing Binders and Wrappers.	( )
prevent	<b>a.</b> logs from	Binders and wrappers shall remain on the load until an approved safeguard has been provarolling off the side of truck where binders are being released.	rided to
	b.	At least one (1) wrapper shall remain secured while relocating or tightening other binders.	( )
all requi	ired wrap	<b>Binders and Wrappers to Be Placed Before Leaving Landing Area</b> . Binders and wrappe htened around the completed load before shifting the load for proper balance. Each load mu pers placed and secured at the loader before the truck is moved. If it is unsafe to do so, the true hearest safe place in sight of the loader of sight of the landing crew.	ıst have
	16.	Adequate Reaches Required.	( )
stresses.	a.	Log trailers must be connected to tractors by reaches of a size and strength to withstand all in	mposed
	b.	Spliced reaches shall not be used.	( )
	c.	Documented reach inspections shall be performed annually.	( )
	17.	Proper Lay of Logs in Stakes or Bunks.	( )
		The method of loading shall be such that the logs in any tier or layer unsecured by stakes or their centers inside of the centers of the outer logs of the next lower tier or layer so that the e aid of binders.	cheese load is ()
wrapper	<b>b.</b> s or stake	Logs shall be well saddled without crowding so that there will be no excessive strain es.	on the
saddled.	с.	No more than one half $(1/2)$ of any log shall extend above the stakes unless properly and so	ecurely
oscillati	<b>d.</b> ng bunks.	Bunk logs shall extend not less than twelve (12) inches beyond the bunk, with the exception	of non-
side of t	<b>18.</b> the road, e	<b>Traffic Travel on Right Side of Road Except Where Posted</b> . All trucks shall keep to the except where road is plainly and adequately posted for left side traveling.	ne right

19. Towing of Trucks. When trucks must be towed on any road, the person guiding the vehicle being

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towed s	towed shall, by prearranged signals, govern the speed of travel. ( )							
truck, tł	<b>20.</b> ne logs sh	Scaling and Branding. When at the dump or reload and where logs are scaled or brande hall be scaled or branded before the wrappers are released.	d on the					
surfaces	<b>21.</b> s between	Metal Parts Between Bunk and Cab to Be Covered. Suitable material shall be used on the bunk and cab to prevent persons from slipping on the metal parts.	treading (  )					
	22.	Bunks to Be Kept in Good Condition and Repair.	( )					
	a.	Log bunks or any part of bunk assembly bent enough to cause bunks to bind shall be straig	htened.					
	b.	Bunks shall be sufficiently sharp to prevent logs from slipping.	( )					
	23.	Following Other Vehicles.	( )					
feet.	a.	A vehicle not intending to pass shall not follow another vehicle closer than one hundred fif	ty (150)					
which n	<b>b.</b> nay be es	Passing shall be done only when it can be done safely. The passing vehicle shall consider al sential, such as condition of the roadway, width of the road, and distance of clear visibility a						
clamp, s	<b>24.</b> shall be in	<b>Reaches to Be Clamped When Towing Unloaded Trailer</b> . A positive means, in additionstalled on the reach of log truck trailers when the trailers are being towed without a load.	n to the					
	25.	Inserting of Compensating Pin.	( )					
	a.	Persons shall never enter the area below suspended logs or trailers.	( )					
		At dumps where the load must remain suspended above the bunks until the truck is move iller is the type with a compensating pin in the reach, a device shall be installed that will a ed away from the danger area.						
	26.	Safety Chains.	( )					
assembl	<b>a.</b> ly to the t	All trailers shall be secured with a safety chain, or chains, which connect the frame of tarailer unit.	he truck					
	b.	The chains shall be capable of holding the trailer in line in case of failure of the hitch assen	nbly. (  )					
502.	STEER	RED TRAILERS.						
and ope	<b>01.</b> crated in a	Steered Trailers. Steered trailers not controlled from the truck cab shall be designed, consuccordance with this section.	structed,					
the bun	<b>a.</b> k. Any ar	Secure seat. A secure seat with substantial foot rests shall be provided for the steerer at the rangement that permits the steerer to ride in front of the bunk is prohibited.	e rear of					
exit from	<b>b.</b> m both si	Unobstructed exit. The seat for the steerer shall be so arranged that the steerer has an unob des and the rear.	structed					
times.	c.	Bunk support. The bunk support shall be so constructed that the steerer has a clear view ahe	ead at all					

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**d.** Adequate means of communication. Adequate means of communication shall be provided between the steerer and the truck driver.

e. Eye protection and respirator. Eye protection and respirator shall be provided for the steerer.( )

**f.** Fenders and splash plates. The trailer shall be equipped with fenders or splash plates to protect the steerer from mud and dust so far as possible. ()

**g.** Lights. If used during a period of reduced visibility on roads not under the control of the Idaho Transportation Board, counties or cities, the trailer shall be equipped with head, tail and stop lights. ()

#### 503. COMMON CARRIERS.

**01. Responsibility**. It shall be the responsibility of the common carrier, and particularly the operator of the common carrier, upon entering the premises of any sawmill, woodworking or allied industry, to exercise all possible caution and to use all necessary safety devices and precautions to their fullest extent.

#### 02. Audible and Visual Warning Devices.

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**a.** All common carriers equipped with audible and visual warning devices shall activate such warning devices before entering a danger zone, and they shall remain activated as long as the carrier is moving in that zone.

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**b.** A danger zone shall be defined as an area where men or vehicles are working or normally work.

**03. Train Operations**. When a train is operating on a plant railway system, the safety rules shall apply as outlined by the Association of American Railroads governing train, engine and transportation of employees.

#### 504. SELF-LOADING LOG TRUCKS.

01.	Self-Loading Log Trucks.	Self-loading log trucks	manufactured after	January 1, 1981	, shall I	be
equipped with:				•	(	)

**a.** A load check valve (velocity fuse) or similar device installed on the main boom. ( )

**b.** A seat that is offset from the point of attachment of the boom. The seat and boom structure shall rotate concurrently.

**02. Operator**. The operator of a self-loading log truck shall not:

**a.** Heel the log over his head; or

**b.** Heel the log on the operator side of the boom of the seat if offset from the point of attachment of the boom.

**03.** Safe and Adequate Access. A safe and adequate means of access to and from the loading work station on self-loading log trucks shall be provided.

**04. Overhead Hazards**. A self-loading log truck shall not load itself or another truck when the loading process is under or within a guyline circle or similar overhead hazard.

**05. Trailers Secured**. Self-loading truck trailers shall be secured to the truck when the trailer is being hauled on the truck.

505. -- 550. (RESERVED)

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#### Subchapter L - Log Dumps, Landing, Log Handling Equipment, Loading and Unloading Booms, Log Ponds, Rafting, Towing, Stiff Booms, Boom Sticks and Foot Logs, Pond Boats and Tow Boats and Trailer Loading Hoists (Rules 551 -- 600)

#### 551. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

#### 01. Log Dumps, Landings, Log Handling Equipment, Loading, and Unloading.

a. Only authorized persons shall operate log handling equipment. Machine operators shall be capable and experienced personnel. No persons other than the operator may be in the operator's compartment while machinery is operating, except for purposes of operating instructions. Unnecessary talking to the operator of log handling equipment while the machine is in operation is prohibited.

**b.** Machine operators shall make necessary inspection of machines each day before starting work. All repairs or adjustments shall be made before any strain or load is placed upon the equipment. ()

**c.** Substantial barriers or bulkheads protecting the operator shall be provided for all log handling machines where the design, location, or use of such machines exposes the operator to material or loads being handled. Such barriers or bulkheads shall be of adequate area and capable of withstanding impact of materials handled. ( )

**d.** A safe and adequate means of access to, and egress from, the operator's station shall be provided. Necessary ladders, steps, step plates, foot plates, running boards, walkways, grab irons, handrails, etc., shall be provided and maintained.

e. All moving parts shall be guarded in an approved manner to afford complete protection to the operator and other workers.

f. Throttles and all power controls shall be maintained in good operating condition. ( )

**g.** Landings shall be prepared and arranged to provide maximum safety for all employees and shall provide ample space for the safe movement of equipment and storage and handling of logs.

**h.** Adequate means shall be used to prevent logs from rolling into the road or against trucks. Workers shall be sure that logs are securely landed before approaching them. While unhooking chokers, workers shall choose the safest approach. This is usually from the upper side of the log. ()

i. Logs shall not be landed at loading areas until all workers, tractors, trucks, or equipment are in the clear. All persons shall stay in the clear of running lines, moving rigging, and loads until rigging or loads have stopped.

**j.** The loading machine shall be set so that the operator shall have an unobstructed view of the loading area, or a signalman shall be properly placed and his signal shall be followed. Signaling the operator shall be done by standard hand signals, whistles, or other positive means of communication. ()

**k.** Machines, sleds, or bases shall be of sufficient strength to safely withstand moving, and machines shall be securely anchored to their bases. ()

**I.** Mufflers shall be installed on all internal combustion engines of log handling equipment and located or guarded in such a manner as to prevent accidental contact with the muffler or exhaust pipes and afford protection from fumes.

**m.** Brakes shall be installed on all machine drums and maintained in effective working condition.

n. Brake levers shall be provided with a ratchet or other equally effective means for securely holding

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the drum.

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**o.** Brake bands shall have a safety factor of five (5) times the stress to be imposed and they shall be of a design which will render them impervious to exposure. Operators shall test brakes before lifting any load at the start of each shift.

**p.** In no case shall stresses in excess of the manufacturer's recommendation be permitted. Equipment not carrying a manufacturer's recommendation shall not exceed stresses of more than one half of the yield strength of the material used. Conversion of cranes, shovels, etc., into yarders shall be in conformity with these rules. Necessary guylines or outriggers shall be provided and used to effectively prevent mast, A-frames, etc., from tipping or overturning.

**q.** The manufacturer's recommendations for line sizes, if in compliance with these rules, shall be followed and such line sizes shall not exceed the rated capacity of the machine using it. ()

**r.** Fork lifts or arms, tongs, clams or grapples shall be lowered to their lowest position and all equipment brakes set before the operator leaves the machine.

s. Log unloaders shall not be moved about the premises for distances greater than absolutely necessary with the lift extended or with the loads higher than necessary for clear vision. ()

t. All log handling machines which have lift arms that create a shear point with the driver's cab or position shall be provided sheer guards that will eliminate the operator's exposure to such hazard. Grapple arms or other positive means of keeping logs on the forks shall be required on fork lift-type loading machines.

**u.** All workers shall be in the clear and in view of the machine operator before a lift is made. ( )

v. All mobile log handling machines shall be equipped with rearview mirrors, a horn or other audible warning device, and lights front and rear so as to illuminate the entire length of the load being lifted or carried. An automatic warning device that will activate when the vehicle is moved is preferable in areas where other workers are employed.

w. Logs or loads shall not be swung over occupied equipment or workers and no person shall ride the load or rigging.

**x.** While logs are being loaded, no person shall remain on the chain deck or behind the truck cab protector where they could be pinned between the end of a log and cab, tank, or cab protector. Cab protectors shall be cleaned of all loose gear before trucks are moved from the landing.

**y.** An unimpaired clearance of not less than three (3) feet shall be maintained from swinging or moving parts of machines, where such swinging or moving parts create a hazard to personnel. If this clearance cannot be maintained, suitable barricades or safeguards shall be installed to isolate the hazardous area.

**z.** A-frames, towers, masts, etc., shall be designed and constructed to provide adequate structural strength and height for positive control of materials or loads lifted. When in use, they shall be guyed or braced to provide stability and prevent tipping. Their bases shall be secured against possible displacement. ()

**aa.** All log handling equipment shall be equipped with brakes capable of holding and controlling the vehicle with capacity load.

**bb.** A limit stop which will prevent the lift arms from over-traveling shall be installed on all electric powered log unloaders.

cc. Gas powered vehicles shall not be refueled while motor is running nor in the vicinity of smoking or ()

dd. All log handling equipment shall be equipped with approved fire extinguisher of at least five (5)

B.C. rating easily accessible to operator.

ee. Methods of unloading logs shall be properly arranged and used in a manner to provide protection to ( )

**ff.** After cars or trucks are spotted at such dump or landing, no person will be permitted to pass between a brow log and a truck or rail car.

gg. Where there is danger of tongs or hooks pulling out of the logs, straps shall be used.

**hh.** All equipment should be so positioned, equipped, or protected so that no part shall be capable of coming within ten (10) feet of any power line.

ii. Bunk logs shall extend not less than twelve (12) inches beyond the bunks, with the exception of non-oscillating bunks.

**jj.** The method of loading shall be such that the logs in any tier or layer unsecured by stakes or cheese blocks shall have their centers inside of the centers of the outer logs of the next lower tier or layer so that the load is stable without the aid of binders. Logs shall be well saddled without crowding so that there will be no excessive strain on the binders, bunk chains, or stakes. No more than one half (1/2) of any log shall extend above the stakes unless properly and securely saddled. ()

**kk.** Binders shall be so placed that they will not be fouled by the unloading machine and that they may be released from the side on which the unloader operates. Proper protection shall be provided for workers while removing wrappers.

**II.** Truck drivers shall be in the clear and in view of the log unloader operator before forks are moved into the load or against it, before a lift is made. All persons are prohibited from standing under, or near, the ends of logs being lifted or moved.

**mm.** Loads or logs shall not be moved or shifted while binders are being applied or adjusted. NOTE: For logs in transit see "Log Truck Transportation" (IDAPA 07.08.12, Section 010). ( )

**nn.** All log dumps, trailer loading areas, and landings shall be kept reasonably free from bark and other ()

**00.** Logs in storage decks shall be so arranged as to prevent logs from rolling off the face of the deck.

**pp.** All log load wrappers shall be arranged so that they must be released in view of the unloader operator or signal person. When binders are released by remote control devices and when the person releasing the binders is in a safe location, and when in view of the unloading operators, or signal person, the binders may be released from either side. After the unloading machine is in position to hold the load, the binders shall be removed and the person removing them shall be in a safe location in view of the operator. The operator will be given a signal by the person releasing the binders before the machine or load is moved.

#### 02. Trailer Loading Hoist/Sawmill Log Dump.

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**a.** The hoist shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the National Electrical Code, so as to provide safe loading or unloading of the trailer. ( )

**b.** The hoist shall be equipped with a limiting device to maintain safe take-up limits of line on the hoisting drum.

**c.** Regular service and inspection of the hoist and hoisting equipment shall be made to assure reliable serviceability of the facility.

552. -- 600. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter M - Helicopter Logging (Rules 601 -- 650)

#### 601. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

Safety requirements are as follows:

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**01. Briefings**. Prior to each day's operation, a briefing shall be conducted. This briefing shall set forth the daily plan of operation for the pilot and ground personnel.

**02. Personal Protective Equipment**. Personal protective equipment for employees receiving the load shall, as a minimum, consist of complete eye protection and hard hats secured by chinstraps.

03. Loose-Fitting Clothing. Loose-fitting clothing likely to flap in the downwash, and perhaps be snagged on the hoist line, shall not be worn.

04. Reduced Visibility. When visibility is reduced by dust or other conditions, ground personnel shall keep clear of main and stabilizing rotors.

**05. Unauthorized Personnel**. No unauthorized person shall be allowed to approach within fifty (50) feet of the helicopter when the rotor blades are turning. ()

**06. Approaching or Leaving Helicopter**. All employees approaching or leaving a helicopter with blades rotating shall remain in full view of the pilot and remain in a crouched position.

07 Areas to Avoid in Helicopter. Employees shall avoid the area from the cockpit or cabin rearward unless authorized to be there by the helicopter operator.

**08.** Approach and Departure Zones. Helicopter approach and departure zones shall be designated and no equipment or personnel will occupy these areas during helicopter arrival or departure.

09. External Loads. Helicopters with an external load shall not pass over areas where fallers are ()

10. Open Fires. Open fires shall not be permitted in an area that could result in such fires being spread by rotor downwash.

11. Compliance with FAA Regulations. Helicopter operations shall comply with any applicable regulation of the Federal Aviation Administration.

**12. Protective Precautions**. Every practical precaution shall be taken to provide for the protection of employees from flying objects in the rotor downwash. ()

#### 602. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

#### 01. Signal Systems.

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**a.** Signal systems between air crew and ground personnel shall be understood and checked before hoisting the load. This applies to either radio or hand signal systems. ( )

**b.** There shall be constant reliable communication between the pilot and a designated signalman during the period of loading and unloading.

**c.** The helicopter shall be equipped with a siren to warn workers of hazardous situations. ( )

02. Loading Logs.

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It shall be the responsibility of the firm, supervisor, or person who is in charge of the actual loading a. operation to comply with the provisions of these rules applicable to log loading. (

The helicopter operator shall be responsible for the size, weight and manner in which loads are b. attached to the helicopter. If, for any reason, the helicopter operator believes the lift cannot be made safely, the lift shall not be made. )

When employees are required to perform work under hovering aircraft, a safe means of access shall c. be provided for employees to reach the hoist line hook and engage or disengage cargo slings. )

d. Employees shall not work under hovering aircraft except while hooking or unhooking loads.( )

e. The weight of an external load shall not exceed the manufacturer's rating. )

The hook-up crew shall not work on slopes below felled and bucked timber when an unsafe f. situation exists. Culls left, which have a potential of rolling, should be moved to a safe position. )

#### 03. Loading and Landing Areas.

a.

being harvested.

The minimum dimensions of a drop zone shall be determined by the length of the logs being hauled. All zones shall be at least one and one-half  $(1 \ 1/2)$  times as long, and as wide as the length of the average log

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landed.	b.	Landing or loading machinery shall be a reasonable distance away from where logs as	re to ł (	) )
	c.	Landing crew shall be in the clear before logs are landed.	(	)
onto the	<b>d.</b> landing.	The approach to the landing shall be clear and long enough to prevent tree tops from bein	g pulle (	ed )
	e.	Separate areas shall be designated for landing logs and fueling helicopters.	(	)
	f.	Sufficient ground personnel shall be provided for safe helicopter loading and unloading operation of the safe helicopter loading and unloading operation.	eration (	is. )
	g.	A clear area shall be maintained in all helicopter loading and unloading areas.	(	)
working	<b>h.</b> areas.	Emergency landing areas for injured workers shall be located within a reasonable distance	from a (	ıll )
	04.	Hooks and Chokers.	(	)
<b>a.</b> The electrical activating device of all electrically operated cargo hooks experimentation installed to prevent inadvertent operation. In addition, these cargo hooks shall be equipped mechanical control for releasing the load.				
<b>b.</b> Logs will be laid on the ground and th approach the logs.		Logs will be laid on the ground and the helicopter completely free of the chokers before s.	worke (	rs )

One (1) end of all the logs in the turn shall be touching the ground and at an angle no greater than c. forty-five degrees  $(45^{\circ})$  before the chokers are released.

If the load must be lightened, the hook shall be placed on the ground on the uphill side of the turn d. before the hooker approaches to release the excess logs. )

#### 603. -- 650. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter N - Recommended Safety Program (Rules 651 -- 700)

#### 651. INTRODUCTION.

#### 01. Scope.

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**a.** These rules are part of the accident prevention program of the state of Idaho. This program is dedicated to the safety and well-being of all workers in Idaho's logging industry. It has been established according to the processes prescribed by law.

**b.** These rules contain the primary safety rules for the logging industry. However, other Idaho Safety Standards promulgated and adopted by the Industrial Commission shall be applicable to this industry where not inconsistent with the provisions herein, or where any particular activity which is being carried on is not specifically covered or regulated herein.

**02. Enforcement**. The enforcement of these rules is the responsibility of the Division of Building Safety. These rules will not serve their purpose if their requirements are considered anything but a minimum for safe operation. So much variation exists in the logging industry that each operation should be judged, not by its compliance to the letter of this Standard, but according to a higher standard -- that of absolute safety under all conditions.

**03.** Accident Prevention. Accident prevention is often a problem of organization and education. It does not succeed solely on detailed safety codes but consists largely of the desire to institute a common sense safety program and determination to carry out the program effectively. Effective accident prevention embodies the following five (5) principles: management leadership; employee cooperation; effective organization; thorough training; and good supervision. ()

#### 652. FIRE AND SAFETY POLICY.

01. Elements. The basic elements or management responsibility for fire and safety policy are enumerated in this section.

**02. Management Leadership**. The establishment of the safety policy should be made clear to all levels of supervision, purchasing, engineering, industrial and construction; and communicated to all employees that top management has approved the operation's safety program.

**03. Planning**. The program should be based on the following: accounting record of safety cost, accident recording system, accident investigation recommendations, operation inspection recommended corrections, employee suggestions, and job analysis to determine the work hazards. The hazard appraisal can be summarized as follows: mechanical and physical hazards; environmental hazards; and work procedure and practices. ()

#### 04. Management Discharge of Duty.

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**a.** If management is to discharge its duty in proper directing of the fire and safety program, it must organized a definite planned program of continuous supervision and leadership by all facets of the management organization. The very fact that safety must be woven into all operations and activities should not require extra managerial time beyond the ordinary to operate a business successfully, i.e., if the entire management team will assume their safety responsibility. ()

**b.** The first task of management is to determine the operational hazards. Once these are ascertained and appraised, suitable corrective action can be initiated. If the working unit is operating, the following specific activities should be carried out to find the hazards. These are: job inspection; job analysis; accident investigation (near accident, non-disabling injuries) to determine necessary remedial action to prevent reoccurrence of the accident.

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**05. Hazard Appraisal**. The partial list of terms covered by appraisals are summarized briefly as follows: mechanical and physical hazards; adequacy of mechanical guarding of machines and equipment; preventing the use of inferior manufactured and unsafe supplies, equipment, chain, cables, sheaves, tires, power saws, tractor canopy guards, approved head protection, fire extinguishers, solvents, mill saws, etc.; and physical exhaustion such as may be caused by excessive work hours by truck drivers and mill maintenance employees. ()

06. Environmental Hazards Inherent to the Operation. ( )

**a.** Personal protection devices (approved head protection, ear plugs, knee pads, proper eye protection, (\_\_\_)

**b.** Storage and use of flammable liquids and gases (gasoline, diesel, acetone, acetylene, acids, etc.)

**c.** All employees should be familiar with proper work signals (falling, blasting, high lead signals, loading, mill signals, operation fire signal, etc.)

d. Noise and fatigue hazards that are inherent to the industry (planers, cutoff saws, jack hammers, etc.).

#### 07. Work Procedures and Practices.

**a.** Hazards directly related to work practices should be carefully observed and evaluated. ( )

**b.** Work practices that should be investigated include, but are not necessarily limited to: use, care and maintenance of hand and portable power tools; degree of supervision given the worker; the extent of job training provided; the safety indoctrination and training of new or transferred employees; the proper use of fire extinguishers; the use of personal protective devices (approved head protection, shoes, etc.); and the repair and maintenance of equipment with respect to machines, mechanical handling equipment, log loaders, yarding equipment, tractors, fork lifts, overhead cranes, headrigs, etc.;

#### 08. Reporting of Injuries.

a. The employer shall instruct all employees to report all job injuries to the supervisor at the time injuries occur. The employer shall check specifications for new machines, processes and equipment for compliance with existing safety standards, laws and safety requirements, and shall have such equipment fully inspected before it is placed in use.

**b.** The employer is responsible for reporting all industrial lost time injuries to the Industrial Commission within forty-eight (48) hours.

**c.** The employer is responsible for reporting all in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or the loss of an eye for any employee to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the Division of Building Safety Logging Safety Program within twenty-four (24) hours. ()

**09. Fatalities**. All work fatalities should be immediately reported to the County Sheriff or Coroner, the Division of Building Safety Logging Safety Program, and OSHA in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations, 29 CFR 1904.39.

#### 10. Management of Personnel.

**a.** The recruiting and placing of a new worker on the job is a major responsibility of the management organization. Every effort should be made to match the qualifications of the worker with the demands of the job.

**b.** The furnishing of first aid services, treatment of injuries, and inspection of working conditions is the employer's responsibility.

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#### 11. Assignment of Responsibilities.

**a.** Supervisors, purchasing agents, engineering personnel, safety directors, personnel directors, and employees have responsibilities to ensure conformance with the organization's fire and safety objectives in every operation.

**b.** Management must accept the normal obligation for preventing accidents. In many operations it is a practice to delegate the actual administration of the safety program to a person who can devote full-time to it. In smaller operations, safety administration may be a collateral duty carried on in conjunction with some other duties. The safety director should function in a staff capacity. Because the safety director operates in a consultant capacity, ultimate responsibility for accident prevention rests with the workers' supervisor, the foreman and line production organization. There is no doubt that the foreman is the key person in every safety program. Safety is not something separate and apart from production. If the job is done right, it is done safely.

**c.** Safety is an integral and important part of production, just as is quality and quantity, or meeting production schedules.

**d.** All these duties are foreman or project superintendent duties, and the most important part of the line production organization. This obligation cannot be delegated. As the person in charge of production, the foreman is responsible for the safety of his people. This fact must be made clear and should be included in the statement of policy.

#### 12. Safety Director (Part-Time or Full-Time):

a. Makes periodic inspections of the operations and suggests corrective measures to eliminate hazards.

**b.** Should assist in investigation of all types of accidents to determine the cause, so as to prevent like accidents in the future.

c. Aids foremen in developing safe work procedures and practices and assists foremen in training ())

**d.** Keeps accident records and makes periodic reports to the proper official on the progress being made. Reports and records; report of accidents; accident investigation report; performance report (injury frequency and severity); accident cost report; safety committee reports; report on degree of corrective action taken on different recommendations.

e. Conducts or initiates safety training courses including first aid and fire fighting, where appropriate, and any other course inherent to the job (truck driver courses, power saw courses, welding, grinder usage, fork lift truck operator, etc.).

f.	Establishes safety committee.	(	)

g. Ensures that recommendations are promptly and properly implemented. ( )

h. Checks specifications for new machines, processes and equipment for compliance with existing safety standards, laws and safety requirements, and shall have such equipment fully inspected before it is placed in use.

i. He shall assist the safety committee in developing agendas for their meetings. ( )

13. Foreman Responsibilities. It is widely accepted that the foreman is the key man in attaining proper work habits in any operation. It is the obligation of management to give the most careful attention to the selection, education, and training of foremen and train them in the proper way to train employees in correct and safe work methods to attain the best production in the safest way.

14. First Aid Training. It shall be the responsibility of management to arrange to have all employees take a full course in first aid training. It is required that supervisory personnel shall take an approved first aid course, and have a current first aid card.

#### 15. Injury Record and Reporting System.

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**a.** If an employer had ten (10) or fewer employees at all times during the last calendar year, it does not need to keep OSHA injury and illness records unless OSHA or the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) informs the employer in writing that it must keep records under OSHA regulations. However, as required by such regulations, all employers covered by the OSH Act must report to OSHA and the Division of Building Safety Logging Safety Program any workplace incident that results in a fatality or the hospitalization, the amputation of a limb, or the loss of an eye for any employee.

**b.** For those employers subject to the injury and illness recording requirements under OSHA, the employer shall establish in its main Idaho office an injury record and reporting system which is consistent with reporting, record, and statistical requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). ( )

**c.** Injury frequency rates shall be calculated annually commencing the first of January each year. These rates shall be kept on file in the office of the employer for at least four (4) years after the date of entry thereof, and shall be made available to the Division of Building Safety, upon request.

**d.** The injury frequency rate shall be the number of lost time injuries to all employees per one million (1,000,000) man hours of exposure. The frequency rate is computed by multiplying the number of lost time injuries by one million (1,000,000) (the standard of measurement) and dividing the product by the total number of man hours worked during the period. The formula is expressed as follows: Frequency equals the number of lost time injuries times one million (1,000,000) total man hours of exposure. ()

e. A lost time injury shall be the term applied to any injury, arising out of, and in the course of employment which makes it impossible for the injured person to return to an established regular job at the beginning of the next regular shift following the shift during which the injury occurred, or some future shift.

**f.** Man hours of exposure shall be the total number of man hours actually worked by all personnel in the industrial unit during the period for which the rate is being computed. ()

16.	Training and Education.	(	)
a.	Training and education includes:	(	)
i.	Establishment of effective job training methods and safety education.	(	)
ii.	First aid courses, proper work signals and job hazard warnings.	(	)
iii.	Pamphlets, bulletin boards, safety meetings, posters, etc.	(	)

**b.** The employer shall establish an adequate job training and safety education program. The relationship of safety to job quality and modern quantity production methods should be clearly understood. Good work production is governed by careful planning and accurate control of all phases of the operation. Accidents are the result of inadequate planning of faulty operation.

**c.** Safety must be made an essential and integral part of every operation and integrated into the activity if the most successful quantity production is to be attained. The soundness of this statement has been proven many times by comparing the accident cost with the day by day curve of production.

**d.** It is the responsibility of management to train employees in all phases of the work they are assigned. The worker training should begin at the time of employment with a careful presentation of the general safety information the employee must have to work on and in logging and lumbering or wood working operations.

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When the worker is placed on the job, the worker must be given detailed training on proper work methods for accomplishment of the job. The correct way is the safe way. Telling is not training.

e. People learn to do things primarily through action. The employee's job training should be given using the five (5) step job training method:

i.	Tell the employee;	(	)
ii.	Show the employee;	(	)
iii.	Have the employee do it;	(	)
iv.	Correct until the employee does it right; and	(	)
		,	``

v. Supervise to see that the employee keeps doing it right. ( )

**f.** Education and promotion are a supplemental means of reducing injuries. This device employs any number of methods to accomplish results. A good program may use but will not overemphasize emotional appeal to the workers using such devices as scholarships, stamps, posters, safety meetings, contests, and awards. It is management's responsibility to integrate education and training program and balance its effectiveness to employee training. Unsafe acts or unsafe work practices are the result of failure to train workers in safe work procedures. In establishing or operating a safe and quality work program, an appraisal of unsafe work procedures and poor quality of work is called for, and job training methods initiated to correct these practices.

#### 17. Employer, Employee, and Labor Representative Cooperation. ( )

**a.** The workers have a responsibility to obey the units safety rules, smoking rules, report unsafe conditions, to serve on the different safety committees, perform their work in a safe way, and to help fellow workers by showing them how to do their job safely.

**b.** Many safety programs fail because the worker has not been made to feel that it is their program; or that they can contribute as well as benefit from the program. It often fails because it lacks employee participation and interest. The fact that employees are given the opportunity to participate and to contribute to the program not only opens a reservoir of valuable information on practical experience in accident prevention, it also gives the employee a feeling of being a part of the organization.

**c.** The committee on safety should be made up of personnel selected from management and workers. Management members are supervisors and worker members may be selected by the union or by the employees.

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d.	The labor unions should help develop a safe behavior among the workers.	(	)
18.	Maintenance of Safe Working Conditions.	(	)
9	The employer shall provide a safe and healthy work area in which to work including purch	nacina	of

a. The employer shall provide a safe and healthy work area in which to work, including purchasing of safe equipment and tools and provide proper maintenance of such equipment.

**b.** Since a safe and healthy place to work is the very foundation of the safety program, the mechanical, physical, and environmental conditions should be given first consideration. ()

**c.** For almost every accident there are typically two (2) contributing causes - an unsafe condition and an unsafe act. A safe and healthy place to work will diminish or eliminate the first cause, the unsafe condition; but unless the unsafe act is corrected, accidents will continue to occur. Unsafe acts may stem from a number of factors, such as improper selection of the worker for the job, lack of job training, physical or mental limitations or inadequate supervision. When a safety program is first established or a new project with a new crew is started, this may necessitate a thorough periodic survey of the entire operation to determine hazards.

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#### **19.** Remedial Measures of Corrective Action.

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a. The employees shall support and correct the findings of job analysis, inspections, accident investigations, employee suggestions, etc. ()

**b.** The assumption of responsibility for fire and accident prevention by management carries with it the continuing responsibility to assess the progress being made on the program, and where progress is unsatisfactory to take necessary steps to bring about improvement. Inspection alone is primarily a means of finding and eliminating fire and physical hazards, particularly in connection with enforcement. All educational and promotional activities should be integrated with inspection activities, and should be based on the specific needs of the establishment or operation. Inspection and educational and promotional programs are sometimes looked upon as entirely unrelated activities rather than a single integrated program.

**c.** None of the foregoing activities are of value unless followed by effective corrective action. The responsible executive within top management must establish specific procedures to effect proper and complete corrective action in each area for problems that occur. In well-managed organizations the areas of responsibility are clearly defined. The activities are well coordinated, supervision is adequate and proactive, employees' safety behavior is excellent, and policies are well-defined to permit smooth organization. This is not difficult; the corrective measures are applied as part of the day to day operating procedure.

**20.** Safety Order By the Administrator. In accordance with the provisions of section 67-2601A (3), Idaho Code, the administrator may issue a safety order requiring an owner, operator or other party responsible for ensuring safe logging operations to immediately stop work or close any work site, or portion thereof where an inspection has revealed evidence of a condition that poses an immediate threat of bodily harm or loss of life to any person. The process governing the issuance of a safety order is contained herein this section. ()

**a.** Upon receiving information evidencing an unsafe condition or unsafe practices at any logging workplace or place of employment, the administrator shall inspect or cause to be inspected such place of employment unless such information was obtained by previous inspection of the Division. If upon such inspection the administrator determines that an unsafe condition or unsafe practice exists which may pose an immediate threat of bodily harm or loss of life, the administrator may issue a safety order requiring the employer to immediately stop work or close any work site, or portion thereof. Any safety order issued by the administrator shall specifically identify the unsafe condition or practice, as well as the safety risks associated therewith. Written notice of such order shall immediately be provided by the administrator to the owner or operator of the business, or any other appropriate party responsible for abating the unsafe condition or practice.

**b.** Upon receiving such notice from the administrator, such owner, operator or responsible party shall immediately comply with such, and may notify the administrator in writing of their objection to the notice and request to contest such at a hearing. The owner, operator or responsible party shall provide the administrator with information, documentation, or other evidence supporting their objection. ()

**c.** Upon receipt and review of such information from the owner, operator, or responsible party, the administrator may reconsider the matter and issue appropriate findings to the owner, operator, or party responsible for abating the unsafe condition or practice, including rescission of the order.

**d.** If after review it is the determination of the administrator to keep the safety order in place, he shall so notify the owner, operator or responsible party and designate a time and place for hearing, and may assign the matter for hearing by a hearing officer. The hearing shall be afforded at such time not to exceed five (5) business days from the date the administrator received the notice of objection unless additional time is requested by the owner, operator, or responsible party. The hearing proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. The hearing officer shall issue an order in accordance with Section 67-5243, Idaho Code. The hearing may be held at such location or by such means as the administrator determines most convenient for the parties.

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e. The safety order shall remain in effect, and shall not be rescinded until the administrator has determined that the safety threat has been corrected or removed from the workplace. Upon verification by the administrator that the safety threat has been corrected or otherwise removed from the worksite, the administrator shall

immediately notify the owner, operator or responsible party of the rescission of the safety order. Any party aggrieved by the final order of the administrator shall be entitled to judicial review thereof in accordance with the provisions of Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code.

**f.** Any person who knowingly fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of a safety order issued by the administrator shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and the administrator may seek criminal prosecution of any such violations.

653. -- 700. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter O - Cable-Assisted Logging Systems (Rules 701 -- 999)

#### 701. MACHINE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

01. Harvesting Machines. Harvesting machines for cable-assisted logging operations shall comply with each of the following:

a.	Meet the protective structure requirements set forth in IDAPA 07.08.10.010;	( )
	1 1	( )

**b.** Be equipped with a certified roll-over protective structure (ROPS); and ( )

**c.** Be equipped with at least a four (4)-point restraint system approved by the machine's manufacturer or a qualified person.

**02. System Approval**. The cable-assisted logging system shall be designed and constructed for cableassisted logging applications by the original equipment manufacturer, or approved for cable-assisted logging applications in writing by the original equipment manufacturer or a registered professional engineer. ()

03. Operation of System. The cable-assisted logging system shall be operated, inspected and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, specifications and limitations, or if no manufacturer's recommendations exist, then by the recommendations of a registered professional engineer. Cable-assisted logging systems not in safe operating condition shall be removed from service until repaired by a qualified person.

#### 702. TETHERED LINE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

01. Inspection of Tethered Lines. Tether lines shall be new wire rope and have a rated breaking load according to the cable-assisted logging system manufacturer's recommendations and specifications. At a minimum, a competent person shall inspect the entire length of each tether line and drum connection prior to the startup of each cable-assisted logging operation, and thereafter on a monthly basis. A competent person shall also inspect the first fifty (50) feet of each tether line daily prior to use. These inspections shall be documented in writing. Tether lines must not be spliced and shall be replaced if there is evidence of chafing, sawing, crushing, kinking, crystallization, bird-caging, significant corrosion, heat damage, other damage that has weakened the tether line, or if the tether line reaches two thousand (2,000) hours of use.

**02.** Line Tension. The tether line tension and machine travel shall be synchronized to ensure tether line tension is continuously provided and does not exceed thirty-three percent (33%) of the rope's rated breaking load. The operator shall have an immediate and self-reliant or automated method to identify tether line tension, winch rotation and speed, amount of line on and off the drum, and anchor movement.

03. Tether Line Components. All tether line assembly components shall be rated with a greater safe working load than the wire rope. Tether line attachment points and hitches shall be engineered and certified to maintain a safety factor equal to or greater than the recommendations and specifications of the cable-assisted logging system manufacturer. Inspections of tether line assembly components (except drum connection as specified in Subsection 011.01 of these rules), hitches, winches, machines, and anchors shall be performed daily by a competent person prior to use.

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#### 703. **OPERATION AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.**

01. General. Cable-assisted logging systems shall be operated, inspected and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and specifications. Inspections shall be documented in writing. ( )

**02. Planning**. All cable-assisted logging operations shall be planned by the operator and a competent person who has the knowledge, training or experience to identify existing and predictable hazards in the work site surroundings or working conditions, which could be hazardous to employees, and has been authorized by the employer or employer representative to eliminate the hazard or take corrective action therefrom. Items to consider during site-specific planning must include, but are not limited to, the following: ( )

a.	Experience of the operator;	(	)
b.	Limitations of the equipment;	(	)
c.	Soil and terrain conditions;	(	)
d.	Environmental conditions;	(	)
e.	Poor visibility and lighting conditions;	(	)
f.	Weather conditions;	(	)
g.	Direction of travel;	(	)
h.	Requirements for turning the machine on slopes;	(	)
i.	Load sizes;	(	)
j.	Method and adequacy of anchorage; and	(	)
k.	Any other condition that may adversely affect operations.	(	)
<b>03.</b> adequate exp	<b>Operator Qualifications</b> . Cable-assisted logging operators shall have document berience to safely operate the equipment on slopes.	ed training (	or )
<b>04.</b> site detailing	<b>Operating Plans</b> . A cable-assisted logging system operator shall have a written operator the following:	rating plan (	on )
a.	Tether line replacement criteria;	(	)
<b>b.</b> third (1/3) of	Cable size, type and breaking strength, and method of assurance that tensions do no breaking strength to maintain a 3:1 safety factor or greater;	ot exceed or (	1e- )
c. winches;	Inspection and maintenance to be performed on tether lines, end connectors,	machines a (	nd )
d.	How the operator will use tension limiting controls to maintain desired tension;	(	)
e.	How the winch cable tension and machine travel are synchronized;	(	)
<b>f.</b> and off drum	How the operator will monitor machine slope, anchor movement, winch tension, am, and winch function;	ount of line (	on )
g.	How the tether line attachment points to the harvesting machine are engineered	l to withsta	nd

tial los pote

potential lo	ads;	(	)
<b>h.</b> harness or r	All harvesting machine modifications that allow it to operate on steep slopes, including or restraint system;	opera (	itor )
i. conditions;	How pre-operations planning and daily assessments will identify hazards for soil and	terr (	rain )
j.	How the operator will determine if soil and terrain conditions are unsafe during operations;	(	)
k.	How operators will report new hazards identified during operations;	(	)
l.	Operating guidance given to the operator; and	(	)
	How emergencies are handled by the system, including line failure, machine failure, winch ure, winch machine movement or anchor movement, and whether there is an emergency stop at the anchor.		

Unsafe Conditions. The employer shall establish and use procedures for operators to report unsafe 05. conditions to a supervisor or qualified person. Such conditions must be corrected prior to resuming cable-assisted logging operations. Procedures shall also include steps to take in the event of equipment breakdown and for upset conditions. ( )

Warning Signs. Effective signage shall be affixed to all remotely operated equipment warning **06.** employees and others that lines and machines may start, stop, or move without warning. All employees working in close proximity of cable-assisted logging operations must receive training that enables them to recognize the potential hazards involved and to maintain safe distances. ) (

705. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## **IDAPA 07 – DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY**

#### 07.03.01 – RULES OF BUILDING SAFETY

#### DOCKET NO. 07-0301-1901

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under Docket No. 07-0000-1900F, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 39-4107, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 24 through 37.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Jeff Egan, Building Code Program Manager, at (208) 332-7123 or at jeff.egan@dbs.idaho.gov.

Dated this 30th day of October, 2019.

Ron Whitney, Deputy Administrator Division of Building Safety 1090 E. Watertower St., Ste. 150 P. O. Box 83720 Meridian, ID 83642 Phone: (208) 332-7150 Fax: (877) 810-2840 ron.whitney@dbs.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 39-4107, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This proposed rulemaking adopts and amends for Idaho the 2018 editions of the International Building Code (IBC), International Residential Code (IRC), International Existing Building Code (IEBC), and International Energy Conservation Code (IECC). Additionally, this proposed rulemaking eliminates or simplifies provisions in IDAPA 07.03.01 to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act (Executive Order 2019-02).

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the June 5, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6, pages 38 through 39.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The state has been operating under 2015 editions of the IBC, IEBC, and IECC and 2012 edition of the IRC. The 2018 editions of the IBC, IRC, IEBC, and IECC provide revisions and clarifications that streamline the codes and make them easier to understand and apply. The 2018 editions of these codes also provide enhanced building safety requirements and address emerging building technologies. In several ways, the 2018 editions of these codes reduce building requirements and expand building options. Adopting the 2018 editions of these codes will bring Idaho up to date with the latest building industry standards.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jeff Egan, Building Code Program Manager, at (208) 332-7123 or at jeff.egan@dbs.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 07-0301-1901

#### 004. ADOPTION AND INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

Under the provisions of Section 39-4109, Idaho Code, the codes enumerated in this Section are hereby adopted and incorporated by reference into IDAPA 07.03.01, "Rules of Building Safety," Division of Building Safety. Pursuant to Section 39-4109, Idaho Code, the effective date of any edition of the codes adopted in this Section, or any amendments identified thereto, shall be January 1 of the succeeding year following legislative approval of the rulemaking establishing the edition or amendment. Copies of these documents may be reviewed at the office of the Division of Building Safety. The referenced codes may be obtained from International Code Council, 5360 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, California 90601-2298 or the International Code Council at http://www.iccsafe.org. (3-20-14)

01. International Building Code. 2018 Edition with the following amendments:

**a.** Delete Section 305.2.3 and replace with the following: 305.2.3 Twelve (12) or fewer children in a dwelling unit. A facility such as the above within a dwelling unit and having twelve (12) or fewer children receiving such day care shall be classified as a Group R-3 occupancy or shall comply with the International Residential Code.

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**b.** Delete Section 308.2.4 and replace with the following: 308.2.4 Five (5) or fewer persons receiving custodial care. A facility with five (5) or fewer persons receiving custodial care shall be classified as a Group R-3 occupancy or shall comply with the International Residential Code.

**c.** Delete Section 308.3.2 and replace with the following: 308.3.2 Five (5) or fewer persons receiving medical care. A facility with five (5) or fewer persons receiving medical care shall be classified as a Group R-3 occupancy.

**d.** Delete Section 308.5.4 and replace with the following: 308.5.4 Persons receiving care in a dwelling unit. A facility such as the above within a dwelling unit and having twelve (12) or fewer children receiving day care or having five (5) or fewer persons receiving custodial care shall be classified as a Group R-3 occupancy or shall comply with the International Residential Code.

e. Delete Section 310.4 and replace with the following: 310.4 Residential Group R-3. Residential Group R-3 occupancies where the occupants are primarily permanent in nature and not classified as Group R-1, R-2, R-4, E or I, including:1. Buildings that do not contain more than two (2) dwelling units. 2. Care facilities that provide accommodations for five (5) or fewer persons receiving personal care, custodial care or medical care. 3. Congregate living facilities (nontransient) with sixteen (16) or fewer occupants, including boarding houses (nontransient), convents, dormitories, fraternities and sororities, and monasteries. 4. Congregate living facilities (transient) with ten (10) or fewer occupants, including boarding houses (transient). 5. Dwelling units providing day care for twelve (12) or fewer children. 6. Lodging houses (transient) with five (5) or fewer guest rooms and ten (10) or fewer occupants.

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f. Delete Section 310.4.1 and replace with the following: 310.4.1 Care facilities within a dwelling. Care facilities for twelve (12) or fewer children receiving day care or for five (5) or fewer persons receiving personal care or custodial care that are within a one- or two-family dwelling are permitted to comply with the International Residential Code.

**g.** Delete footnote <sup>e</sup> under Table 2902.1 Minimum Number of Required Plumbing Fixtures and replace with the following: <sup>e</sup> For business occupancies, excluding restaurants, and mercantile occupancies with an occupant load of thirty (30) or fewer, service sinks shall not be required.

**h.** Delete footnote  ${}^{f}$  from Table 2902.1 Minimum Number of Required Plumbing Fixtures, add footnote  ${}^{f}$  in the header row of the column in Table 2902.1 labeled "Drinking Fountains," and delete footnote  ${}^{f}$  under Table 2902.1 and replace with the following:  ${}^{f}$  Drinking fountains are not required for an occupant load of thirty (30)

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#### or fewer.

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i. Delete Section 3113.1 and replace with the following: 3113.1 General. The provisions of this Section shall apply to relocatable buildings. Relocatable buildings manufactured after the effective date of this code shall comply with the applicable provisions of this code; title 39, chapter 43, Idaho Code; and IDAPA 07.03.03. Exception: This Section shall not apply to manufactured housing used as dwellings.

02. International Residential Code. 2018 Edition with the following amendments: ()

**a.** Delete the exception under Section R101.2 Scope, and replace with the following: Exception: The following shall also be permitted to be constructed in accordance with this code: 1. Owner-occupied lodging houses with five (5) or fewer guestrooms and ten (10) or fewer total occupants. 2. A care facility with five (5) or fewer persons receiving custodial care within a dwelling unit or single-family dwelling. 3. A care facility for five (5) or fewer persons receiving personal care that are within a dwelling unit or single-family dwelling. 4. A care facility with twelve (12) or fewer children receiving day care within a dwelling unit or single-family dwelling. ()

**b.** Delete Section R104.10.1 Flood hazard areas.

**c.** Delete item number 7 under the "Building" subheading of Section R105.2 Work exempt from permit, and replace with the following: 7. Prefabricated swimming pools that are not greater than four (4) feet (one thousand, two hundred nineteen (1219) mm) deep.

**d.** Add the following as item number 11 under the "Building" subheading of Section R105.2 Work exempt from permit: 11. Flag poles.

e. Delete Section R109.1.3 and replace with the following: R109.1.3 Floodplain inspections. For construction in areas prone to flooding as established by Table R301.2(1), upon placement of the lowest floor, including basement, the building official is authorized to require submission of documentation of the elevation of the lowest floor, including basement, required in Section R322.

**f.** Delete Section R301.2.1.2 Protection of Openings.

**g.** Delete Table R302.1(1) and replace with the following:

#### TABLE R302.1(1) - EXTERIOR WALLS

EXTERIC	PR WALL ELEMENT	MINIMUM FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING	MINIMUM FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE
Walls	Fire-resistance rated	1 hour-tested in accordance with ASTM E 119, UL263, or Section 703.3 of the International Building Code with exposure from both sides	< 3 feet
	Not fire-resistance rated	0 hours	≥ 3 feet
Projections	Fire-resistance rated	1 hour on the underside, or heavy timber, or fire retardant-treated wood <sup>a,b</sup>	≥ 2 feet to < 3 feet
	Not fire-resistance rated	0 hours	≥ 3 feet

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EXTERIC	OR WALL ELEMENT	MINIMUM FIRE-RESISTANCE RATING	MINIMUM FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE
Openings	Not allowed	N/A	< 3 feet
in	25% maximum of wall area	0 hours	≥ 3 feet to < 5 feet
Walls	Unlimited	0 hours	5 feet
Penetrations	All	Comply with Section R302.4	< 3 feet
i eneciacions		None required	≥ 3 feet

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

N/A = Not Applicable

<sup>a</sup> The fire-resistance rating shall be permitted to be reduced to zero (0) hours on the underside of the eave overhang if fireblocking is provided from the wall top plate to the underside of the roof sheathing.

<sup>b</sup> The fire-resistance rating shall be permitted to be reduced to zero (0) hours on the underside of the rake overhang where gable vent openings are not installed. ()

#### **h.** Delete Section R302.13 Fire protection of floors.

( )

i. Delete Section R303.4 and replace with the following: R303.4 Mechanical Ventilation. Dwelling units shall be provided with whole-house mechanical ventilation in accordance with Section M1505.4.

**j.** Delete the exception under Section R313.1 Townhouse automatic fire sprinkler systems, and replace with the following: Exception: Automatic residential fire sprinkler systems shall not be required in townhouses where either two (2) one (1)-hour fire-resistance-rated walls or a common two (2)-hour fire-resistance rated wall, as specified in item number 2 of Section R302.2.2 is installed between dwelling units or when additions or alterations are made to existing townhouses that do not have an automatic residential fire sprinkler system installed.

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k. Delete Section R313.2 One- and two-family dwellings automatic fire sprinkler systems. ( )

**I.** Delete the exceptions under Section R314.2.2 Alterations, repairs and additions, and replace with the following: Exceptions: 1. Work involving the exterior surfaces of dwellings, such as, but not limited to, replacement of roofing or siding, or the addition or replacement of windows or doors, or the addition of a porch or deck or electrical permits, are exempt from the requirements of this section. 2. Installation, alteration or repairs of plumbing or mechanical systems are exempt from the requirements of this section. ()

**m.** Delete the exceptions under Section R315.2.2 Alterations, repairs and additions, and replace with the following: Exceptions: 1. Work involving the exterior surfaces of dwellings, such as, but not limited to, replacement of roofing or siding, or the addition or replacement of windows or doors, or the addition of a porch or deck or electrical permits, are exempt from the requirements of this section. 2. Installation, alteration or repairs of noncombustion plumbing or mechanical systems are exempt from the requirements of this section. ()

n. Delete Section R322.1.10 As-built elevation documentation. ( )

**o.** Delete Section R322.2.1 and replace with the following: R322.2.1 Elevation requirements. 1. Buildings and structures in flood hazard areas, including flood hazard areas designated as Coastal A Zones, shall have the lowest floors elevated to or above the base flood elevation. 2. In areas of shallow flooding (AO Zones), buildings and structures shall have the lowest floors (including basement) elevated to a height above the highest adjacent grade of not less than the depth number specified in feet (mm) on the FIRM, or not less than two (2) feet (610 mm) if a depth number is not specified. 3. Basement floors that are below grade on all sides shall be elevated to or above base flood elevation. Exception: Enclosed areas below the design flood elevation, including basements with floors that are not below grade on all sides, shall meet the requirements of Section R322.2.2.

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**p.** Delete subparagraph 2.1 of Section R322.2.2 Enclosed area below design flood elevation, and replace with the following: 2.1. The total net area of all openings shall be at least one (1) square inch (645 mm2) for each square foot (0.093 m2) of enclosed area, or the opening shall be designed and the construction documents shall include a statement that the design and installation of the openings will provide for equalization of hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters. ()

**q.** Delete Tables R403 Minimum Depth (D) and Width (W) of Crushed Stone Footings (inches), R403.1(1) Minimum Width and Thickness for Concrete Footings for Light-Frame Construction (inches), R403.1(2) Minimum Width and Thickness for Concrete Footings for Light-Frame Construction and Brick Veneer (inches), and R403.1(3) Minimum Width and Thickness for Concrete Footings with Cast-In-Place or Fully Grouted Masonry Wall Construction (inches).

**r.** Add the following as Table R403.1:

	LOAD-BEARING VALUE OF SOIL (psf)					
	1,500	2,000	3,000	≥ 4,000		
	Conven	tional light-frame cons	struction			
1-Story	12	12	12	12		
2-Story	15	12	12	12		
3-Story	23	17	12	12		
4-i	nch brick veneer over	light frame or 8-inch l	nollow concrete maso	nry		
1-Story	12	12	12	12		
2-Story	21	16	12	12		
3-Story	32	24	16	12		
	8-inch s	solid or fully grouted n	nasonry			
1-Story	16	12	12	12		
2-Story	29	21	14	12		
3-Story	42	32	21	16		

# TABLE R403.1 MINIMUM WIDTH OF CONCRETE, PRECAST, OR MASONRY FOOTINGS (inches)<sup>a</sup>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

<sup>a</sup>Where minimum footing width is twelve (12) inches, use of a single wythe of solid or fully grouted twelve (12)-inch nominal concrete masonry units is permitted.

**s.** Delete Section R403.1.1 and replace with the following: R403.1.1 Minimum size. Minimum sizes for concrete and masonry footings shall be as set forth in Table R403.1 and Figure R403.1(1). The footing width (W) shall be based on the load bearing value of the soil in accordance with Table R401.4.1. Spread footings shall be at least six (6) inches in thickness (T). Footing projections (P) shall be at least two (2) inches and shall not exceed the thickness of the footing. The size of footings supporting piers and columns shall be based on the tributary load and allowable soil pressure in accordance with Table R401.4.1. Footings for wood foundations shall be in accordance with the details set forth in Section R403.2 and Figures R403.1(2) and R403.1(3).

t. Delete Section R602.10 and replace with the following: R602.10 Wall bracing. Buildings shall be braced in accordance with this Section or, when applicable Section R602.12, or the most current edition of APA System Report SR-102 as an alternate method. Where a building, or portion thereof, does not comply with one (1) or

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more of the bracing requirements in this Section, those portions shall be designed and constructed in accordance with Section R301.1.

#### 03. International Existing Building Code. 2018 Edition.

#### 04. International Energy Conservation Code. 2018 Edition with the following amendments: ( )

a. Add the following as Section C101.5.2: C101.5.2 Industrial, electronic, and manufacturing equipment. Buildings or portions thereof that are heated or cooled exclusively to maintain the required operating temperature of industrial, electronic, or manufacturing equipment shall be exempt from the provisions of this code. Such buildings or portions thereof shall be separated from connected conditioned space by building thermal envelope assemblies complying with this code.

**b.** Add the following as an exception under Section C402.5 Air leakage—thermal envelope (Mandatory): Exception: For buildings having over fifty thousand (50,000) square feet of conditioned floor area, air leakage testing shall be permitted to be conducted on less than the whole building, provided the following portions of the building are tested and their measured air leakage is area-weighted by the surface areas of the building envelope: 1. The entire floor area of all stories that have any spaces directly under a roof. 2. The entire floor area of all stories that have any spaces directly under a roof. 2. The entire floor area of all stories that have a building entrance or loading dock. 3. Representative above-grade wall sections of the building totaling at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the above-grade wall area enclosing the remaining conditioned space. Floor area tested under subparagraphs 1. or 2. of this exception shall not be included in the twenty-five percent (25%) of above-grade wall sections tested under this subparagraph.

**c.** Add the following as exception number 7 under Section C403.5 Economizers (Prescriptive): 7. Unusual outdoor air contaminate conditions – Systems where special outside air filtration and treatment for the reduction and treatment of unusual outdoor contaminants, makes an air economizer infeasible.

TABLE C404.5.1 PIPING VOLUME AND MAXIMUM PIPING LENGTHS							
NOMINAL		MAXIMUM PIPIN	G LENGTH (feet)				
PIPE SIZE (inches)	(liquid ounces per foot length)	Public lavatory faucets	Other fixtures and appliances				
1/4	0.33	31	50				
5/16	0.5	N/A - non-standard size	50				
3/8	0.75	17	50				
1/2	1.5	10	43				
5/8	2	7	32				
3/4	3	5	21				

**d.** Delete Table C404.5.1 and replace with the following:

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#### Docket No. 07-0301-1901 PENDING RULE

TABLE C404.5.1 PIPING VOLUME AND MAXIMUM PIPING LENGTHS							
NOMINAL	VOLUME	MAXIMUM PIPING LENGTH (feet)					
PIPE SIZE (inches)	(liquid ounces per foot length)	Public lavatory faucets	Other fixtures and appliances				
7/8	4	N/A - non-standard size	16				
1	5	3	13				
1 1/4	8	2	8				
1 1/2	11	1	6				
2 or larger	18	1	4				

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm; 1 foot = 304.8 mm; 1 liquid ounce = 0.030 L; 1 gallon = 128 ounces. (4-11-19)

e. Delete the rows in Table R402.1.2 for climate zones "5 and Marine 4" and "6" and replace with the following:

	TABLE R402.1.2         INSULATION AND FENESTRATION REQUIREMENTS BY COMPONENT <sup>a</sup>									
Climate Zone	Fenestration U- Factor <sup>b</sup>	Skylight <sup>b</sup> U-factor	Glazed Fenestration SHGC <sup>b, e</sup>	Ceiling R-Value	Wood Frame Wall R-Value	Mass Wall R-Value <sup>i</sup>	Floor R-Value	Basement <sup>c</sup> Wall R-Value	Slab <sup>d</sup> R-Value & Depth	Crawlspace <sup>c</sup> Wall R-Value
5	0.3 <mark>2</mark>	0. <mark>55</mark>	NR	38	20 or 13+5 <sup>h</sup>	13/17	30 <sup>g</sup>	15/19	10, 2 ft	1 <mark>5</mark> /19
6	0.3 <mark>0</mark>	0. <mark>55</mark>	NR	49	2 <mark>2</mark> or 13+5 <sup>h</sup>	15/ <mark>20</mark>	30 <sup>g</sup>	15/19	10, 4 ft	15/19

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f. Add the following as footnote k to the title of Table R402.1.2 - Insulation and Fenestration Requirements by Component: k For residential log home building thermal envelope construction requirements see Section R402.6.

**g.** Delete the rows in Table R402.1.4 for climate zones "5 and Marine 4" and "6" and replace with the following:

TABLE R402.1.4EQUIVALENT U-FACTORS <sup>a</sup>								
Climate Zone	Fenestration U-factor	Skylight U-factor	Ceiling <mark>U-factor</mark>	Frame Wall U-factor	Mass Wall <mark>U-factor<sup>b</sup></mark>	Floor U-factor	Basement Wall <mark>U-factor</mark>	Crawlspace Wall <mark>U-factor</mark>
5	0.3 <mark>2</mark>	0. <mark>55</mark>	0.030	0.0 <mark>60</mark>	0.082	0.033	0.05 <mark>0</mark>	0.0 <mark>5</mark> 5
6	0.3 <mark>0</mark>	0. <mark>55</mark>	0.026	0.057	0.060	0.033	0.050	0.0 <mark>5</mark> 5
								(

**h.** Delete Section R402.4.1 and replace with the following: R402.4.1 Building thermal envelope. 1. Until June 30, 2021, the building thermal envelope shall comply with Sections R402.4.1.1 (Installation) and either Section R402.4.1.2 (Testing) or Section R402.4.1.3 (Visual inspection). 2. Effective July 1, 2021, the building thermal envelope of a minimum of twenty percent (20%) of all new single-family homes constructed by each builder shall comply with Section R402.4.1.1 (Installation) and Section R402.4.1.2 (Testing). The authority having jurisdiction may: 2.1. Determine how to enforce this requirement, starting with the fifth house and continuing with each subsequent fifth house. 2.2. Waive this requirement if significant testing indicates the five (5) air changes per hour (ACH) requirement is consistently being met or exceeded (resulting in a lower ACH). 2.3. Grant exceptions to this requirement in rural areas where testing equipment is not available or cost effective. 3. Effective July 1, 2021, the building thermal envelope of eighty percent (80%) of all new single-family homes constructed by each builder shall comply with Section R402.4.1.1 (Installation) and either Section R402.4.1.2 (Testing) or Section R402.4.1.3 (Visual inspection). 4. The sealing methods between dissimilar materials shall allow for differential expansion and contraction.

i. Delete Section R402.4.1.1 and replace with the following: R402.4.1.1 Installation. The components of the building thermal envelope as listed in Table R402.4.1.1 shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the criteria listed in Table R402.4.1.1, as applicable to the method of construction.

**j.** Delete Section R402.4.1.2 and replace with the following: R402.4.1.2 Testing. Testing building envelope tightness and insulation installation shall be considered acceptable when tested air leakage is less than five (5) air changes per hour (ACH) when tested with a blower door at a pressure of 33.5 psf (50 Pa). Testing shall occur after rough in and after installation of penetrations of the building envelope, including penetrations for utilities, plumbing, electrical, ventilation and combustion appliances. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with RESNET/ ICC 380, ASTM E 779 or ASTM E 1827 and reported at a pressure of 0.2-inch w.g. (50 Pascals). During testing: 1. Exterior windows and doors, fireplace and stove doors shall be closed, but not sealed. 2. Dampers shall be closed, but not sealed, including exhaust, intake, makeup air, backdraft and flue dampers. 3. Interior doors shall be open. 4. Exterior openings for continuous ventilation systems and heat recovery ventilators shall be closed and sealed. 5. Heating and cooling system(s) shall be turned off. 6. HVAC ducts shall not be sealed. 7.Supply and return registers shall not be sealed.

**k.** Add the following as Section R402.4.1.3: R402.4.1.3 Visual inspection. Building envelope tightness and insulation installation shall be considered acceptable when the items listed in Table R402.4.1.1, applicable to the method of construction, are field verified. Where required by code official an approved party independent from the installer of the insulation shall inspect the air barrier and insulation. ()

1. Add the following as Section R402.6: R402.6 Residential log home thermal envelope. Residential log home construction shall comply with Section R401 (*General*), Section R402.4 (*Air leakage*), Section R402.5 (*Maximum fenestration U-factor and SHGC*), Section R403.1 (*Controls*), the mandatory sections of Sections R403.3 through R403.9, Section R404 (*Electrical Power and Lighting Systems*), and either 1., 2., or 3. as follows: 1. Sections R402.2 through R402.3, Section R403.3.1 (*Insulation*), Section R404.1 (*Lightning equipment*), and Table R402.6 (*Log Home Prescriptive Thermal Envelope Requirements by Component*). 2. Section R405 (*Simulated Performance Alternative*). 3. REScheck (U.S. Department of Energy Building Codes Program). ()

**m.** Add the following as Table R402.6:

#### **TABLE R402.6**

## LOG HOME PRESCRIPTIVE THERMAL ENVELOPE REQUIREMENTS BY COMPONENT

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

Climate Zone	Fenestration U-factor <sup>a</sup>	Skylight U-factor	Glazed Fenestration SHGC	Ceiling R-value	Min. Average Log Size In Inches	Floor R-value	Basement Wall R-value <sup>d</sup>	Slab R-value & Depth <sup>b</sup>	Crawl Space Wall R-value <sup>d</sup>
5, 6 - High efficiency equipment path <sup>c</sup>	0.32	0.60	NR	49	5	30	15/19	10, 4 ft.	10/13
5	0.32	0.60	NR	49	8	30	10/13	10, 2 ft.	10/13
6	0.30	0.60	NR	49	8	30	15/19	10, 4 ft.	10/13

<sup>a</sup>The fenestration U-factor column excludes skylights. The SHGC column applies to all glazed fenestration.

<sup>b</sup>R-5 shall be added to the required slab edge R-values for heated slabs.

<sup>c</sup>90% AFUE natural gas or propane, 84% AFUE oil, or 15 SEER heat pump heating equipment (zonal electric resistance heating equipment such as electric base board electric resistance heating equipment as the sole source for heating is considered compliant with the high efficiency equipment path).

<sup>d</sup>"15/19" means R-15 continuous insulated sheathing on the interior or exterior of the home or R-19 cavity insulation at the interior of the basement wall. "15/19" shall be permitted to be met with R-13 cavity insulation on the interior of the basement wall plus R-5 continuous insulated sheathing on the interior or exterior of the home. "10/13" means R-10 continuous insulated sheathing on the interior or exterior at the interior of the basement wall plus R-5 continuous insulated sheathing on the interior or exterior of the home. "10/13" means R-10 continuous insulated sheathing on the interior or exterior of the home.

)

**n.** Delete Section R403.5.3 and replace with the following: R403.5.3 Hot water pipe insulation (Prescriptive). Insulation for hot water piping with a thermal resistance, R-value, of not less than R-3 shall be applied to the following: 1. Piping serving more than one (1) dwelling unit. 2. Piping located outside the conditioned space. 3. Piping located under a floor slab. 4. Buried piping. 5. Supply and return piping in recirculation systems other than demand recirculation systems.

**o.** Delete Section R404.1 and replace with the following: R404.1 Lighting equipment (Mandatory). A minimum of seventy-five percent (75%) of the lamps in permanently installed lighting fixtures shall be high-efficacy lamps or a minimum of seventy-five percent (75%) of the permanently installed lighting fixtures shall contain only high efficacy lamps.

**p.** Delete Section R406.3 and replace with the following: R406.3 Energy Rating Index. The Energy Rating Index (ERI) shall be determined in accordance with RESNET/ICC 301. Energy used to recharge or refuel a vehicle used for transportation on roads that are not on the building site shall not be included in the ERI reference design or the rated design.

**q.** Delete Table R406.4 and replace with the following:

#### Table R406.4 - Maximum Energy Rating Index

#### DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Rules of Building Safety

Climate Zone	Energy Rating Index <sup>a</sup>
5	68
6	68

<sup>a</sup> Where on-site renewable energy is included for compliance using the ERI analysis of Section R406.4, the building shall meet the mandatory requirements of Section R406.2, and the building thermal envelope shall be greater than or equal to the levels of efficiency and SHGC in Table R402.1.2 or Table R402.1.4 of the 2015 International Energy Conservation Code.

**05. References to Other Codes**. Where any provisions of the codes that are adopted in this Section make reference to other construction and safety-related model codes or standards which have not been adopted by the involved authority having jurisdiction, to the extent possible, such reference should be construed as pertaining to the equivalent code or standard that has been duly adopted by such jurisdiction. (3-29-10)

## **IDAPA 07 – DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY**

#### 07.07.01 – RULES GOVERNING INSTALLATION OF HEATING, VENTILATION, AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS, DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY

#### DOCKET NO. 07-0701-1901

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule, the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under Docket No. 07-0000-1900F, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 54-5001, 54-5004, and 54-5005, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the July 3, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-7, pages 136 through 146.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact John Nielsen, HVAC Program Manager, Division of Building Safety at (208) 332-7112 or at john.nielsen@dbs.idaho.gov.

Dated this 13th day of November, 2019.

Ron Whitney, Deputy Administrator Division of Building Safety 1090 E. Watertower St., Ste. 150 P. O. Box 83720 Meridian, ID 83642 Phone: (208) 332-7150 Fax: (877) 810-2840 ron.whitney@dbs.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 54-5001, 54-5004, and 54-5005, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than July 17, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This proposed rulemaking adopts parts V (mechanical) and VI (fuel gas) of the 2018 edition of the International Residential Code (IRC) and the 2018 editions of the International Fuel Gas Code (IFGC) and International Mechanical Code (IMC), but retains existing Idaho amendments to the 2012 editions of these codes, as applicable.

This proposed rulemaking allows an out-of-state applicant for an Idaho HVAC contractor license to meet the work experience requirement for such license by providing satisfactory proof of twenty-four (24) months of work experience as an HVAC journeyman in another jurisdiction or forty-eight (48) months of work experience equivalent in nature to the work experience of an Idaho HVAC journeyman. In addition, this proposed rulemaking requires such an applicant to obtain an Idaho HVAC journeyman license, pay applicable application and licensing fees, and pass the Idaho HVAC contractor examination before receiving an Idaho HVAC contractor license.

This proposed rulemaking also eliminates or simplifies provisions in IDAPA 07.07.01 to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act (Executive Order 2019-02).

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

This proposed rulemaking will not have any fiscal impact on the state general fund. This proposed rulemaking will have a negative fiscal impact of approximately \$8,000 on the Idaho HVAC Board dedicated fund due to the cost of implementing the new code, including training and new code books for inspectors and staff.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the May 1, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-5, pages 59 through 60.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

This proposed rulemaking adopts parts V and VI of the 2018 edition of the IRC and the 2018 editions of the IFGC and IMC, but retains existing Idaho amendments to the 2012 editions of these codes, as applicable. Parts V and VI of the 2018 edition of the IRC and the 2018 editions of the IFGC and IMC provide revisions and clarifications that make the codes easier to understand and apply. The 2018 editions of these codes also provide enhanced safety requirements for HVAC installations, including new safety requirements for emerging HVAC technologies. Examples of noteworthy changes to these codes include the following: parts V and VI of the 2018 IRC revise requirements regarding makeup air serving domestic cooking exhaust, the 2018 IFGC includes express prohibition of the use of PVC and CPVC for fuel gas systems, and the 2018 IMC provides detailed requirements regarding pedicure and

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manicure station exhaust systems and rates. More detailed information about changes to parts V and VI of the 2018 edition of the IRC and the 2018 editions of the IFGC and IMC is available upon request to the Division of Building Safety.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact John Nielsen, HVAC Program Manager, Division of Building Safety at (208) 332-7112 or at john.nielsen@dbs.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before July 24, 2019.

Dated this 7th day of June, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 07-0701-1901

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

 Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General," govern administrative appeals and judicial review thereof.

# 004. ADOPTION AND INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL MECHANICAL CODE, 2018 EDITION; THE INTERNATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE, 2018 EDITION; AND PART V (MECHANICAL) AND PART VI (FUEL GAS) OF THE INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE FOR ONE (1)- AND TWO (2)-FAMILY DWELLINGS, 2018 EDITION.

The 2018 editions of the International Residential Code for One (1)- and Two (2)-Family Dwellings, International Mechanical Code, and International Fuel Gas Code are available at the Division's offices located at 1090 E. Watertower St., Suite, 150 Meridian, Idaho 83642; 1250 Ironwood Dr., Ste. 220, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho 83814; and 2055 Garrett Way, Building 1, Suite 4, Pocatello, Idaho 83201.

**01.** International Mechanical Code. The 2018 Edition, including appendix "A," (herein IMC) is adopted and incorporated by reference with the following amendments:

**a.** Where differences occur between the IMC and Title 54, Chapter 50, Idaho Code and IDAPA 07, Title 07, the provisions in Idaho Code and IDAPA rules apply. (4-11-06)

**b.** All references to the International Plumbing Code (IPC) are construed as referring to the Idaho State Plumbing Code (ISPC) as adopted and amended by the Idaho State Plumbing Board. (3-20-14)

**c.** All references to the International Code Council Electrical Code (ICC EC) are construed as referring to the National Electrical Code (NEC) as adopted and amended by the Idaho State Electrical Board.

(4-11-06) (7-1-10)

d. Section 109. Delete.

e. Section 202 Definitions. Delete the definitions provided in the code for the terms identified herein this paragraph and replace with the following: (3-29-17)

i. Light-Duty Cooking Appliance. Light-duty cooking appliances include gas and electric ovens (including standard, bake, roasting, revolving, retherm, convection, combination convection/steamer, countertop conveyorized baking/finishing, deck, pastry, and electric and gas conveyor pizza ovens), electric and gas steam jacketed kettles, electric and gas pasta cookers, electric and gas compartment steamers (both pressure and atmospheric) and electric and gas cheesemelters. (3-29-17)

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ii. Medium-Duty Cooking Appliance. Medium-duty cooking appliances include electric discrete element ranges (with or without oven), electric and gas hot-top ranges, electric and gas griddles, electric and gas double sided griddles, electric and gas fryers (including open deep fat fryers, donut fryers, kettle fryers and pressure fryers), electric and gas tilting skillets (braising pans) and electric and gas rotisseries. (3-29-17)

**f.** Section 401.1 Scope. Add the following: Exception: The principles specified in ASHREA 62-2010 may be used as an alternative to this chapter to demonstrate compliance with required ventilation air for occupants.

(4-7-11)

**g.** Section 504.8.1 Material and size. Add the following exception: Dryer duct may be constructed of 0.013 (30 gauge) or equivalent if prefabricated 0.016 (28 gauge) ducts and fittings are not available.

h. Table 603.4 Duct Construction Minimum Sheet Metal Thickness for Single Dwelling Units. Add the following exception to the Table: Round duct, enclosed rectangular ducts and fittings less than fourteen (14) inches may be constructed of 0.013 (30 gauge) or equivalent if prefabricated 0.016 (28 gauge) ducts and fittings are not available. (3-20-14)

**02.** International Fuel Gas Code. The 2018 Edition, including appendixes "A, B, C, and D," (herein IFGC) is adopted and incorporated by reference with the following amendments:

**a.** Where differences occur between the IFGC and Title 54, Chapter 50, Idaho Code and IDAPA 07, Title 07, the provisions in Idaho Code and IDAPA rules apply. (4-11-06)

**b.** All references to the International Plumbing Code (IPC) are construed as referring to the Idaho State Plumbing Code (ISPC) as adopted and amended by the Idaho State Plumbing Board. (3-20-14)

**c.** All references to the International Code Council Electrical Code (ICC EC) are construed as referring to the National Electrical Code (NEC) as adopted and amended by the Idaho State Electrical Board.

(4-11-06) (7-1-10)

d. Section 109. Delete.

e. Section 406.4. Change the last sentence to: Mechanical gauges used to measure test pressure must have a range such that the highest end of the scale is not greater than two (2) times the test pressure nor lower than one and one-half (1.5) times the test pressure. (4-11-06)

**f.** Section 406.4.1. Test Pressure. Not less than twenty (20) psig (140kPa gauge) test pressure is required for systems with a maximum working pressure up to ten (10) inches water column. For systems with a maximum working pressure between ten (10) inches water column and ten (10) psig (70kPa gauge); not less than sixty (60) psig (420kPa gauge) test pressure is required. For systems over ten (10) psig (70kPa gauge) working pressure, minimum test pressure may be no less than six (6) times working pressure. (4-11-06)

g. Section 406.4.2. The test duration may not be less than twenty (20) minutes. (4-11-06)

h. Add a new section 503.4.1.2 as follows: Testing. All plastic pipe within a dwelling used for venting flue gases must be tested at five (5) psi for fifteen (15) minutes. (4-4-13)

i. Section 505.1.1. Addition. An interlock between the cooking appliance and the exhaust hood system is not be required for appliances that are of the manually operated type and are factory equipped with standing pilot burner ignition systems. (4-11-06)

03. Part V (Mechanical) and Part VI (Fuel Gas) of the International Residential Code for One (1)- and Two (2)-Family Dwellings. The 2018 Edition, including appendixes "A, B, C, and D," (herein IRC) is adopted and incorporated by reference with the following amendments:

a. Where differences occur between the IRC and Title 54, Chapter 50, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 07,

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Title 07, Chapter 01, the provisions in Idaho Code and IDAPA rules apply.

(4-7-11)

**b.** All references to the International Plumbing Code (IPC) are construed as referring to the Idaho State Plumbing Code (ISPC) as adopted and amended by the Idaho State Plumbing Board. (3-20-14)

c. All references to the International Code Council Electrical Code (ICC EC) are construed as referring to the National Electrical Code (NEC) as adopted and amended by the Idaho State Electrical Board. (4-7-11)

**d.** Add the following as section M1201.3 and section G2402.4 (201.4): Alternative materials, design and methods of construction equipment. The provisions of this part of the code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative has been approved. An alternative material, design or method of construction must be approved where the authority having jurisdiction finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, at least the equivalent of that prescribed in this code. Compliance with the specific performance-based provisions of this part of the code in lieu of specific requirements of this code will also be permitted as an alternate. (4-4-13)

e. Add the following as section M1201.3.1 and section G2402.4.1 (201.4.1): Tests. Whenever there is insufficient evidence of compliance with the provisions of this part of the code, or evidence that a material or method does not conform to the requirements of this part of the code, or in order to substantiate claims for alternative materials or methods, the authority having jurisdiction has the authority to require tests as evidence of compliance to be made at no expense to the jurisdiction. Test methods are as specified in this code or by other recognized test standards. In the absence of recognized and accepted test methods, the authority having jurisdiction approves the testing procedures. Tests must be performed by an approved agency. Reports of such tests must be retained by the authority having jurisdiction for the period required for retention of public records. (4-4-13)

**f.** Add the following as section M1203.1: Carbon monoxide alarms. For new construction, an approved carbon monoxide alarm must be installed outside of each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of the bedrooms in dwelling units within which fuel-fired appliances are installed and in dwelling units that have attached garages. (4-4-13)

**g.** Add the following as section M1203.2: Where required in existing dwellings. Where work requiring a permit occurs in existing dwellings that have attached garages or in existing dwellings within which fuel-fired appliances exist, carbon monoxide alarms must be provided in accordance with Subsection 004.03.f. of these rules.

**h.** Add the following as section M1203.3: Alarm requirements. Single station carbon monoxide alarms must be listed as complying with UL 2034 and must be installed in accordance with this code and the manufacturer's installation instructions. (4-4-13)

i. Section M1502.4.1 Material and size. Add the following exception: Dryer duct may be constructed of 0.013 (30 gauge) or equivalent if prefabricated 0.016 (28 gauge) ducts and fittings are not available. (3-20-14)

j. Delete Section M1502.4.2 Duct Installation and replace with the following: Exhaust ducts must be supported at four (4) foot (1,219 mm) intervals and secured in place. The insert end of the duct must extend into the adjoining duct or fitting in the direction of airflow. Ducts must not be joined with screws or similar fasteners that protrude into the inside of the duct. (3-20-14)

**k.** Table M1601.1.1 (2) Gauges of Metal Ducts and Plenums Used for Heating or Cooling. Add the following exception: Round duct, enclosed rectangular ducts and fittings less than fourteen (14) inches may be constructed of 0.013 (30 gauge) or equivalent if prefabricated 0.016 (28 gauge) ducts and fittings are not available. (3-20-14)

**I.** Section G2417.4 (406.4). Change the last sentence to: Mechanical gauges used to measure test pressure must have a range such that the highest end of the scale is not greater than two (2) times the test pressure nor lower than one and one-half (1.5) times the test pressure. (4-7-11)

m. Section G2417.4.1 (406.4.1). Test Pressure. Not less than twenty (20) psig (one hundred forty (140) kPa gauge) test pressure is required for systems with a maximum working pressure up to ten (10) inches water column. For systems with a maximum working pressure between ten (10) inches water column and ten (10) psig (seventy (70) kPa gauge), not less than sixty (60) psig (four hundred twenty (420) kPa gauge) test pressure is required. For systems over ten (10) psig (seventy (70) kPa gauge) working pressure, minimum test pressure may be no less than six (6) times working pressure. (4-7-11)

**n.** Section G2417.4.2 (406.4.2). The test duration may not be less than twenty (20) minutes. (4-7-11)

**o.** Add a new section G2427.4.1.2 as follows: Testing. All plastic pipe within a dwelling used for venting flue gases must be tested at five (5) psi for fifteen (15) minutes. (4-4-13)

#### 005. OFFICE – OFFICE HOURS – MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.

The principal place of business of the Division's HVAC Program is located at 1090 E. Watertower Street, Suite 150, Meridian, Idaho. The office is open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., except Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays. The mailing address is: Division of Building Safety, HVAC Program, 1090 E. Watertower Street, Suite 150, Meridian, Idaho 83642. The office telephone number is (208) 334-6180 and the facsimile number is (208) 855-0768. ()

#### 006. FILING OF DOCUMENTS.

All written communications and documents that are intended to be part of an official record for decision in a rulemaking or contested case, must be filed with the Administrator of the Division. Communications and documents must be filed by mail, hand-delivery, or by facsimile transmission. One (1) original must be filed with the Administrator, and one (1) copy must be submitted to the opposing parties. Whenever documents are filed by facsimile transmission, originals must be deposited in the mail the same day or hand-delivered the following business day to the Administrator and opposing parties. (3-16-04)

#### 007. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

These rules were promulgated in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. These rules and all records of the Board are subject to the provisions of the Idaho Public Records Act, Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code.

## 008. CHANGES IN NAME AND ADDRESS -- ADDRESS FOR NOTIFICATION PURPOSES.

01. Change of Name. Whenever a change of name occurs for a certified contractor, journeyman, specialty journeyman, specialty contractor, registered apprentice, or specialty apprentice, the Board must be notified immediately, in writing, of the change. Documentation confirming the change of name must be provided to the Board on request.

**02.** Change of Address. Whenever a change of mailing address occurs for a certificated contractor, journeyman, specialty journeyman, specialty contractor, registered apprentice, or specialty apprentice, the Board must be notified immediately, in writing, of the change.

03. Address for Notification Purposes. The most recent mailing address on record with the Board will be utilized for purposes of all written communication with certified contractors, journeymen, specialty journeymen, specialty contractors, registered apprentices, and specialty apprentices, including, but not limited to, notification of renewal and notices related to inspections.

#### **009.** MEETINGS.

Board meetings are subject to the provisions of the Idaho Open Meeting Law, Title 67, Chapter 23, Idaho Code.

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# 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01.** Additional Definitions. Terms defined in Section 54-5003, Idaho Code, will have the same meaning when utilized in these rules. (3-16-04)

(3-16-04)

(4-6-05)

0 <b>2</b> .	Administrator. The Administrator of the Idaho Division of Building Safety.	(3-16-04)
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**03. Board**. The Idaho Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Board. (3-16-04)

**04. Division**. The Idaho Division of Building Safety.

**05. Recognized Jurisdiction**. A jurisdiction with an HVAC program that is recognized by the Board as being substantially equivalent to Idaho's HVAC program. ()

# 011. CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY -- ISSUANCE, RENEWAL, EXPIRATION -- REVIVAL.

01. Issuance. Certificates of competency will be issued in such a manner as to create a renewal date that coincides with the birth month of the individual to whom the certificate is issued and allows for renewals every three (3) years. (4-6-05)

a. Certificates of competency are issued for a period of no less than one (1) year and no more than (3) three years. For example: a qualified applicant who applies for a certificate of competency in August of year one (1), but whose birthday will not occur until March of year two (2) will be issued a certificate of competency renewable on the anniversary of the applicant's birth month. (4-6-05)

**b.** The fee for issuance of certificates of competency will be prorated based on the number of months for which the certificate is issued. (4-6-05)

**02.** Renewal. Certificates of competency will be renewed in such a manner as to create a staggered system of certificate renewals using the birth month of the individual to whom the certificate is issued as the expiration date. (4-6-05)

**a.** Certificates of competency are renewed for a period of no less than one (1) year and no more than (4-6-05)

**b.** The fee for renewal of certificates of competency will be prorated based on the number of months for which the certificate is issued. (4-6-05)

#### 03. Expiration-Revival.

**a.** Certificates that are not timely renewed will expire on the last day of the month in which the (4-6-05)

**b.** Revived certificates will be issued in such a manner as to create a renewal date that coincides with the birth month of the applicant so as to create a staggered system of renewal. (4-6-05)

## 012. -- 019. (RESERVED)

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

# 021. HVAC CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY - REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Bond**. Applicants must provide a compliance bond in the amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000). Any such bond is required to be effective for the duration of the contractor licensing period. (3-29-12)

**02. Qualification**. Applicants must provide proof, satisfactory to the Board, of having legally acted as an HVAC journeyman for a period of not less than twenty-four (24) months. (3-16-04)

03. Examination. Applicants for certification as HVAC contractors must successfully complete the

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examination designated by the Board. (3-16-04)

#### 04. Out-of-State Contractor Applications.

**a.** An out-of-state applicant for a contractor certificate of competency shall first obtain an Idaho journeyman certificate of competency in accordance with Section 023 of these rules. The applicant shall pay all applicable application and examination fees to the Division and successfully complete the contractor examination administered by the Division. The applicant shall file the compliance bond required by Section 54-5007, Idaho Code, with the Division upon successful completion of the examination. Applications that are incomplete in any detail will be returned as unacceptable or denied.

**b.** An applicant for a contractor certificate of competency who has previously been licensed as an HVAC journeyman in a Recognized Jurisdiction shall provide to the Division satisfactory proof of two (2) years of work experience as an HVAC journeyman in such jurisdiction. ()

**c.** An applicant for a contractor certificate of competency who has never been previously licensed as a journeyman in a Recognized Jurisdiction shall provide proof of four (4) years of experience performing HVAC work of a nature equivalent to that which an HVAC journeyman in Idaho must demonstrate to qualify for a contractor certificate of competency. Proof of such work experience may be provided by the submission of three (3) sworn affidavits from individuals attesting that the applicant has had at least four (4) years' experience performing such work.

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

## 023. HVAC JOURNEYMAN CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY: REQUIREMENTS.

01. Experience. Demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Board, a minimum of four (4) years' experience working in the trade, in compliance with the requirements of the state in which the applicant received his supervision, or as a registered HVAC apprentice making HVAC installations on the job under the supervision of a qualified HVAC journeyman. Notwithstanding the requirement that an HVAC apprentice demonstrate four (4) years of on-the-job work experience under the supervision of a qualified HVAC journeyman, any HVAC apprentice who successfully completes a Board-approved, full-time, one (1)-academic-year HVAC training course may receive credit for up to one (1) year of on-the-job work experience. (4-11-19)

**02.** Education. Successfully complete any required apprenticeship training courses. (3-16-04)

**03. Examination**. Applicants for certification as HVAC journeymen must successfully complete the examination designated by the Board. (3-16-04)

**a.** Each HVAC apprentice who desires to take the HVAC journeyman examination must complete a Board-approved training course as described in Subsection 025.02 of these rules prior to the date of the examination and provide a certificate of completion with the apprentice's application for examination. There is no minimum work experience requirement to be eligible to take the HVAC journeyman examination. (4-11-19)

**b.** The Division will not issue a certificate of competency to an HVAC apprentice until the apprentice furnishes to the Division proof of satisfaction of the requirements contained in Subsection 023.01 of these rules and successful completion of the journeyman examination. (4-11-19)

## 04. Out of State Journeyman Applications. (3-24-17)

**a.** An out-of-state applicant for a journeyman certificate of competency shall pay all applicable application and examination fees to the Division, and successfully complete the journeyman examination administered by the Division.

**b.** Exhibition of a license issued by another Recognized Jurisdiction may be accepted as proof of

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meeting the experience and schooling requirements listed in Subsections 023.01 and 023.02 of these rules. An applicant for a journeyman certificate of competency who has previously been licensed as a journeyman in a Recognized Jurisdiction must provide satisfactory proof of licensure in such jurisdiction. ()

**c.** An applicant for a journeyman certificate of competency who has never been previously licensed as a journeyman in a Recognized Jurisdiction must provide one (1) of the following: ()

i. Proof of four (4) years, defined as eight thousand (8,000) hours, of HVAC work experience of a nature equivalent to that which an HVAC apprentice must perform in Idaho and four (4) years of training equivalent to that which an HVAC apprentice must complete in Idaho.

ii. Proof of eight (8) years, defined as a minimum of sixteen thousand (16,000) hours, of HVAC work experience of a nature at least equivalent to that which an HVAC apprentice must perform in Idaho.

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 050. HVAC PERMITS.

**01. Serial Number**. Each permit must bear a serial number. (3-16-04)

02. HVAC Contractors and HVAC Specialty Contractors. The Division will furnish permits to certified HVAC contractors and HVAC specialty contractors upon request. The serial numbers of such permits must be registered in the name of the HVAC contractor or HVAC specialty contractor to whom they are issued.

**03. Home Owners.** Home owners or a contract purchaser of residential property, making HVAC installations on their own residences, coming under the provisions of Section 54-5002, Idaho Code, must secure an HVAC permit by making application to the Division as provided in Section 54-5016, Idaho Code. (3-16-04)

04. HVAC Contractors and HVAC Specialty Contractors. HVAC contractors and HVAC specialty contractors must secure an HVAC permit by making application to the Division as provided in Section 54-5016, Idaho Code. (3-16-04)

**05. Transferring a Permit**. A HVAC permit may be transferred to another eligible party if such party provides to the Division written authorization signed and notarized by the original permit holder consenting to the transfer itself as well as assignment of all the responsibilities and conditions incorporated into the original permit issuance. A permit may be transferred to the owner of the property on which the HVAC work is to be performed and for which the permit was issued for such owners' designated legal agent, in cases where the property owner has terminated their legal relationship with the HVAC contractor who originally obtained the permit. An administrative fee in the amount of forty-five dollars (\$45) for the transfer of a permit will be assessed by the Division. (3-24-17)

06. Refunds of Permits. The Administrator may authorize a refund for any permit fee paid on the (3-24-17)

**a.** The Administrator may authorize a refund of the entire permit fee paid when no work has been performed related to the installations or HVAC work covered by a permit issued by the Division. A lesser amount up to fifty percent (50%) of the permit fee amount may be refunded if work has commenced and the project is less than fifty percent (50%) complete as determined by the Division; and (3-24-17)

**b.** The Administrator will not authorize a refund of any permit fee paid except upon written application for such filed by the original permit holder or the property owner's representative not less than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date the permit was issued. (3-24-17)

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 060. REQUIRED INSPECTIONS.

#### 01. Request for Division Inspection.

a. Inspection. Each permit holder must notify the Division at least one (1) day prior to the desired inspection, Sundays and holidays excluded, that the project is ready for inspection. (3-16-04)

**b.** Reinspection. If a reinspection is required after the final inspection, due to a failure to meet requirements of Title 54, Chapter 50, Idaho Code, and/or these rules, the permit holder will be charged a fee not to exceed the actual cost of each reinspection. (3-16-04)

**02. Inspection Tags**. Inspectors certify to the permit holder that an inspection has been done by securely attaching the inspection tag in a prominent location. (5-8-09)

**a.** Final Inspection Tags. An inspection tag indicating that a final inspection has been performed is attached when the HVAC installation as specified on the permit is complete and conforms to the requirements of the code and rules. (5-8-09)

**b.** Inspection Tags for Unacceptable HVAC Installations. "Notice of Correction" inspection tags are attached to indicate that the HVAC installation is not acceptable and that corrections are required. (3-29-12)

**c.** Work-in-Progress Tag. An inspection tag indicating that a work-in-progress inspection has been performed is attached following inspection of ground work, rough-in work, or any portion of the installation that is to be covered or otherwise concealed before completion of the entire HVAC installation as specified on the permit.

(5-8-09)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 070. CIVIL PENALTIES.

Except for the acts described in Subsections 070.01 and 07.08 of these rules, the acts described in this section subject the violator to a civil penalty of not more than two hundred dollars (\$200) for the first offense and not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense that occurs thereafter within one (1) year of an earlier violation. ( )

**01. Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning Contractor or Specialty Contractor**. Except as provided by Section 54-5001, Idaho Code, any person who acts, or purports to act, as an HVAC contractor or specialty contractor as defined by Section 54-5003(3) and 54-5003(6), Idaho Code, without a valid Idaho state HVAC contractor or specialty contractor certification is subject to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) for the first offense and not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense that occurs thereafter within one (1) year of an earlier violation.

**02. Knowingly Employing**. Knowingly employing a person who does not hold a valid Idaho HVAC certification or apprentice registration, as required by Section 54-5008, Idaho Code, to perform HVAC installations.

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**03.** Certification or Registration. Except as provided by Section 54-5001, Idaho Code, performing HVAC work as an HVAC journeyman as defined by Section 54-5003(4), Idaho Code; specialty journeyman as defined by Section 54-5003(7), Idaho Code; apprentice as defined by Section 54-5003(2), Idaho Code; or specialty apprentice as defined by Section 54-5003(5), Idaho Code, without a valid certification or registration. ()

**04. Supervision**. Working as an HVAC apprentice or specialty apprentice without the required journeyman supervision or employing an apprentice without providing the required journeyman supervision. ( )

05. Performance Outside Scope of Specialty License. Performance of any HVAC installation, alteration, or maintenance by an HVAC specialty contractor or specialty journeyman outside the scope of the

#### DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Rules Governing Installation of HVAC Systems

specialty certification.

#### )

**06.** Fees and Permits. Failing to pay applicable fees or properly post an HVAC permit for, or to request an inspection of, any installation, alteration, improvement, or extension of any piping, venting, ductwork, appliances and appurtenances in connection with any HVAC system or subsystems of such.

07. Corrections. Failure to make corrections in the time allotted in the notice on any HVAC installation as set forth in Section 54-5019, Idaho Code.

**08. Gross Violation**. In the case of continued, repeated, or gross violation of Title 54, Chapter 50, Idaho Code, or these rules, a certification revocation will be initiated for certificated individuals under this chapter and non-certificated individuals is subject to prosecution by the appropriate jurisdiction under Idaho law.

# IDAPA 07 – DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY 07.08.01 – IDAHO MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES FOR LOGGING DOCKET NO. 07-0801-1901 NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE**: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under docket no. 07-0000-1900, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-2601A, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

The changes being made to this docket clarify safety procedures for the operation of swing yarders, correct a typo, and include a requirement regarding the use of sleeve shackles that was discussed during negotiated rulemaking but was inadvertently left out of the rulemaking. These changes are being made pursuant to comments submitted during the twenty-one (21)-day comment period.

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 38 through 77.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the pending rule, contact Larry Jeffres, Regional Manager, Division of Building Safety at (208) 277-6526 or at larry.jeffres@dbs.idaho.gov.

Dated this 1st day of November, 2019.

Ron Whitney, Deputy Administrator Division of Building Safety 1090 E. Watertower St., Ste. 150 P. O. Box 83720 Meridian, ID 83642 Phone: (208) 332-7150 Fax: (877) 810-2840 ron.whitney@dbs.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-2601A, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In accordance with 2019 HB2, this proposed rulemaking allows the director of the Idaho State Police and the Idaho Transportation Board to enforce IDAPA 07.08.01 on public highways. The proposed rulemaking also updates and clarifies provisions of IDAPA 07.08.01, eliminates outdated terminology, eliminates reference to outdated equipment and practices, and requires important safety equipment and procedures. The proposed rulemaking requires employers and employees to use specific safety equipment and procedures related to the use of eye, face, head, hand, and leg protection; machinery operator manuals; U-bolt wire rope clamps; swing yarders; Flemish eye splices; and guyline extensions. Further, the proposed rulemaking eliminates language related to jerk wire, log dumps, log ponds, booms, towing, pond boats, tow boats, and rafting. The proposed rulemaking also clarifies procedures for checking in at the end of a shift, reporting unsafe logging conditions and practices, and loading logs.

In addition, this proposed rulemaking eliminates or simplifies provisions in IDAPA 07.08.01 to comply with the Red Tape Reduction Act (Executive Order 2019-02).

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the June 5, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6, pages 40 through 41.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Larry Jeffres, Regional Manager, Division of Building Safety at (208) 277-6526 or at larry.jeffres@dbs.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 21st day of August, 2019.

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#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 07-0801-1901

#### 005. -- 006. *(RESERVED)*

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 012. EMPLOYER'S RESPONSIBILITY.

#### 01. General Requirements.

**a.** Every employer subject to these rules shall furnish employment and maintain places of employment that are safe according to the standards as set forth herein. ()

**b.** Every employer shall adopt and use practices, means, methods, operations and processes that are adequate to render such employment and place of employment safe. ()

i. Employers shall place highly visible "LOGGING AHEAD" or similar-type warning signs at the entrances of active logging jobs. Employers shall also place "TRUCKS AHEAD," "TRUCKS ENTERING," "TREE FALLING," and "CABLES OVERHEAD," whenever applicable ())

ii. Every employer shall furnish to its crew a Company Emergency Rescue Plan. ( )

c. Every employer should insure that Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are reasonably accessible for every hazardous material.

**d.** Every employer shall post and maintain in a conspicuous place or places in and about his place or places of business a written notice stating the fact that he has complied with the worker's compensation law as to securing the payment of compensation to his employees and their dependents in accordance with the provisions of Idaho law. Such notice shall contain the name and address of the surety, as applicable, with which the employer has secured payment of compensation. Such notice shall also be readily available on the site where logging operations are occurring, and available for inspection by Division officials upon request. ()

e. Every employer shall do all other things as required by these rules to protect the life and safety of ()

**f.** No employer shall require any employee to go or be in any place of employment that does not meet the minimum safety requirement of these rules, except for the purpose of meeting such requirements. ()

- g. No employer shall fail or neglect: ( )
- i. To make available and use safety devices and safeguards as are indicated.

ii. To adopt and use methods and processes adequate to render the employment and place of employment safe.

iii. To do all other things as required by these rules to protect the life and safety of employees. ( )

**h.** No employer, owner or lessee of any real property shall construct or cause to be constructed any place of employment that does not meet the minimum safety requirements of these rules. ()

i. No person, employer, employee, other than an authorized person, shall do any of the following:

i. Remove, displace, damage, destroy or carry off any safeguard, first aid material, notice or warning, furnished for use in any employment or place of employment, or interfere in any way with the use thereof by any other person.

ii. Interfere with the use of any method or process adopted for the protection of any employee, including himself, in such employment or place of employment. ()

iii. No person shall fail or neglect to do all other things as required by these rules to protect the life and safety of employees.

iv. The use of intoxicants or drugs while on duty is prohibited. Persons reporting for duty while under the influence of or impaired by liquor or other legal or illegal drugs or substances shall not work until completely recovered.

**j.** A procedure for checking the welfare of all workers during working hours shall be instituted and all workmen so advised. The employer shall assume responsibility of work assignments so that no worker shall be required to work in a position or location so isolated or hazardous that he is not within visual or audible signal contact with another person who can render assistance in case of emergency. In any operation where cutting, yarding, loading, or a combination of these activities are carried on there shall be a minimum crew of two (2) persons who shall work as a team, and shall be in visual or audible signal contact with one another. This does not apply to operators of motorized equipment, watchmen, or certain other jobs which, by their nature are singular workmen assignments. There shall be some method of checking-in crew members at the end of the shift. Each immediate supervisor shall be responsible for his crew being accounted for. This standard also includes operators of movable equipment.

**k.** Every employer shall keep a record of all cases of injuries his employees receive at their work. This record shall be kept in such manner as to enable representatives of the Division to determine by examining the record, the injury rate of the employee force for the period covered by the report. ()

**I.** Every employer shall investigate every accident resulting in a disabling injury that his employees suffer in connection with their employment. Employers shall promptly take any required action to correct the situation. Employees shall assist in the investigation by giving any information and facts they have concerning the accident.

#### 02. Management Responsibility.

a. Management shall take an active and interested part in the development and guidance of the operation's safety program, including fire safety.

**b.** Management shall apply a basic workable safety plan on the same priority as it does to any other work facet of the operation where elimination of all injuries is to be achieved in all phases of the operation. It is the duty of management to assume full and definite responsibility. To attain these safety objectives, management shall have the full cooperation of employers and the Division. ()

c. Every employer shall furnish employment which shall be safe for the employees therein and shall furnish such devices and safeguards and shall adopt and use such practices, means, methods, operation and processes as are adequate to render such employment and places of employment safe to protect the life and safety of employees. The employer shall make available necessary personal protective safety equipment. ()

**d.** Regular safety inspection of all rigging, logging, machinery, rolling stock, bridges, and other equipment shall be made as often as the character of the equipment requires. Defective equipment or unsafe conditions found shall be replaced, repaired or remedied.

e. All places of employment shall be inspected by a qualified person or persons as often as the type of operation or the character of the equipment requires. Defective equipment or unsafe conditions found by these inspections shall be replaced or remained or remedied promptly.

#### 013. EMPLOYEE'S RESPONSIBILITY.

#### 01. General Requirements.

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**a.** Employees shall not indulge in horseplay, scuffling, practical jokes or any activity that creates or constitutes a hazard while on the employer's property or at any time when being transported from or to work in facilities furnished by the employer.

**b.** Employees who are assigned to, or engaged in the operation of any machinery or equipment, shall ensure that all guards, hoods, safety devices, etc., that are provided by the employer are in proper place and properly adjusted.

**02. Employee Accidents**. Each employee shall make it his individual responsibility to keep himself, his coworkers, and his machine or equipment free from accidents to the best of his ability.

03. Study Requirements. So that each worker may be better qualified to cooperate with his fellow workmen in preventing accidents, he shall study and observe these and any other safety standards governing his work.

**04. Employee Responsibilities**. Additional responsibilities of an employee insofar as industrial safety is concerned shall be as follows: ( )

a. The employee shall report immediately, preferably in writing, to his foreman or safety coordinator for the logging operation, all known unsafe conditions and practices. ()

**b.** The employee shall ascertain from the foreman where medical help may be obtained if it is needed.

c. The employee shall not participate in practical jokes or horseplay.

**d.** The employee shall make a prompt report of every accident regardless of severity to the foreman, first aid attendant, or person in charge. Such reports are required and are necessary in order that there may be a record of his injuries.

e. The employee shall at all times apply the principles of accident prevention in his daily work and shall use proper safety devices and protective equipment. No employee shall remove, displace, damage, destroy, or carry off any safety device or safeguard furnished and provided for use in any employment, or interfere in any way with the use thereof by any other person, or interfere with the use of any method or process adopted for the protection of any employee in such employment, or fail or neglect to do every other thing reasonably necessary to protect the life and safety of himself and fellow employees, and by observing safe practice rules shall set a good example for his fellow workmen.

**f.** The employee shall not report to the job impaired by intoxicants or legal or illegal drugs and shall not use intoxicants or such drugs while on the job. The employer shall prohibit any employee from working on or being in the vicinity of any job while under the influence of or impaired by intoxicants or drugs. Employers shall be responsible for the actions of any employee known to be in an intoxicated or impaired condition while on the job.

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**g.** The employee shall wear, use and properly care for personal protective safety equipment issued to him. These items shall be returned to the employer upon termination of employment. ( )

h. Workers exposed to head hazards shall wear approved head protection. ( )

i. Proper eye protection shall be worn while performing work where a known eye hazard exists.

	j.	The employee should consider the benefits of accident prevention to himself and to his job	). (	)
	k.	The employee should make an effort to understand his job.	(	)
conduc	<b>I.</b> t the wor	The employee should anticipate every way in which a person might be injured on the k to avoid accidents.	job, (	and )
	m.	The employee should be on the alert constantly for any unsafe condition or practice.	(	)
	n.	The employee shall learn first aid.	(	)
	0.	The employee should keep physically fit, and obtain sufficient rest.	(	)
starting	<b>p.</b> the work	The employee should be certain that all instructions received are understood complete k.	ly bet (	fore )
	q.	The employee should actively participate in safety programs.	(	)
distribu	<b>r.</b> ited by th	The employee should study the safety educational material posted on the bulletin be an employer or safety committee.	ards (	and )
and wa	<b>s.</b> rn them c	The employee should advise inexperienced fellow-employees of safe ways to perform the of dangers to be guarded against.	neir w (	vork )
	t.	It is the employer's responsibility to ensure compliance with the foregoing provisions.	(	)
014	050.	(RESERVED) SUBCHAPTER B - HEALTH, SAFETY, AND SANITATION (Rules 051 through 100)		
051.	FIRST	AID.		
	01.	Transportation.	(	)
be used	<b>a.</b> I in the ev	Suitable means of transportation shall be established and maintained at the site of all operation of the sent any employee is seriously injured.	ration (	s to
	b.	Transportation shall be of a nature to render reasonable comfort to an injured employee.	(	)

**c.** Each crew bus, or similar vehicle, shall be equipped with at least one (1) first aid kit with the

required contents as indicated in Subsection 010.06 of these rules.

# 02. Communication.

**a.** Every employer shall arrange suitable telephone or radio communication at the nearest reasonable point, and shall establish an emergency action plan to be taken in the event of serious injury to any employee.

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**b.** Instructions covering the emergency action plan shall be made available to all work crews.

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**c.** When practicable, a poster shall be displayed on, or near the cover of each first aid cabinet or phone. The poster shall display the phone numbers of applicable emergency services. The use of the Idaho State EMS Communication Center is recommended. The number is 1-800-632-8000 or 208-846-7610. ()

**d.** Every employer shall obtain their specific job location (longitude and latitude preferred) and furnish such to crew for emergency evacuation.

#### 03. Attendance for Seriously Injured.

a. Seriously injured employees shall, at all times, be attended by the most qualified available person to care for the injured employees.

**b.** Seriously injured employees shall be carefully handled and removed to a hospital, or given medical attention as soon as possible.

**c.** Caution shall be used in removing a helpless or unconscious person from the scene of an accident to prevent further injury.

04. First Aid Training. Any person performing work associated with a logging operation shall be required to complete an approved course in first-aid and have a current card.

**05. Stretcher or Spine Board**. A spine board (designed for or adaptable to the work location and terrain) and two blankets maintained in sanitary and serviceable condition shall be available where such conditions require the use of such to provide for the proper transportation and first aid to an injured workman. ()

#### 06. First Aid Kits.

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a. The employer shall provide first aid kits at each work site where trees are being felled, at each active landing, and in each employee transport vehicle.

**b.** The following list sets forth the minimally acceptable number and type of first-aid supplies for required first-aid kits. The contents of the first-aid kits shall be adequate for small work sites, consisting of approximately two (2) to three (3) employees. When larger operations or multiple operations are being conducted at the same location, additional first-aid kits shall be provided at the work site or additional quantities of supplies shall be included in the first-aid kits:

	TABLE 010.06 REQUIRED CONTENTS
1.	Gauze pads (at least 4 x 4 inches)
2.	Two (2) large gauze pads (at least 8 x 10 inches)
3.	Box adhesive bandages (band-aids)
4.	One (1) package gauze roller bandage (at least two (2) inches wide)
5.	Two (2) triangular bandages
6.	Wound cleaning agent such as sealed moistened towelettes
7.	Scissors
8.	At least one (1) blanket
9.	Tweezers
10.	Adhesive tape
11.	Latex gloves
12.	Resuscitation equipment such as resuscitation bag, airway, or pocket mask
13.	Two (2) elastic wraps
14.	Splint

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

#### Docket No. 07-0801-1901 PENDING RULE

#### **TABLE 010.06 REQUIRED CONTENTS**

Directions for requesting emergency assistance

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**c.** Special kits, or the equivalent, shall be provided and approved for special hazards peculiar to any given work location.

**d.** All kits, as applicable, shall be readily available and kept supplied.

e. First aid kits shall be in metal, or other sanitary containers. Such containers shall be designed and constructed so as to be impervious to conditions of weather, dust, dirt, or other foreign matter.

## 052. SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

#### 01. General Requirements.

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a. Special protective equipment or apparel required for safe employment, other than clothing or equipment customarily supplied by employees, shall be furnished by the employer where necessary for the safety of employees.

**b.** Employees are required to utilize all prescribed safety equipment and special protective equipment or apparel, and they shall exercise due care in maintaining it in safe, efficient and sanitary conditions. ()

**c.** Employers are required to provide, at no cost to employees, appropriate eye, face, head, hand, and leg protection.

**d.** Defective safety equipment shall not be used. Where the need for their use is indicated, protective covering, ointments, gloves or other effective protection shall be provided for and used by persons exposed to materials that are irritating to the skin. ()

#### 02. Inspection, Maintenance and Sanitizing.

**a.** Each employer shall maintain a regular system of inspection and maintenance of personal protective equipment furnished to workers.

**b.** Air line equipment shall have a necessary regulator and shall be inspected before each use. ( )

c. Workers shall check their equipment at the beginning of each shift. ( )

## 03. Eye Protection.

**a.** Where workers are subject to eye hazards (flying particles, dusts, hazardous liquids, gases, mists or vapors, or injurious light rays) they shall be furnished with and shall wear eye protection suitable for the hazards involved. Such eye protection shall conform to the American National Standard Institute standards for Head, Eyes and Respiratory protection.

**b.** Face shields may be used in lieu of other forms of eye protection where the nature of the operation is such that they will furnish equivalent protection.

**c.** Clean water in ample quantities shall be immediately available where materials are handled that are caustic or corrosive to the eyes.

04.	Foot and Leg Protection.	(	)
a.	Employees shall wear footwear suitable for the work conditions.	(	)

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**b.** Employees shall wear sharp caulk-soled boots or other footwear which will afford maximum protection from slipping.

**c.** Special types or designs of shoes, or foot guards, shall be required to be worn where conditions exist that make their use necessary for the safety of the workers. ()

**d.** Leggings or high boots of leather, rubber or other suitable material shall be worn by climbers, persons exposed to hot substances, or caustic solutions, etc., or where poisonous snakes may be encountered. ( )

e. Each employee who operates a chain saw shall wear leg protection, which meets the requirements of ASTM F 1897 and covers the full length of the thigh to the top of the boot on each leg, except when working as a climber.

#### 05. Hand Protection.

a. Hand protection suitable for the required usage shall be worn wherever the nature of the work requires extra protection for the hands.

**b.** Gloves shall not be worn where their use would create a hazard. ( )

#### 06. Head Protection.

a. Persons required to work where falling or flying objects, overhead structures, exposed electrical conductors, equipment or material create a hazard shall wear approved safety hard hats or caps at all times while exposed to such hazards.

**b.** Employees working in locations which present a catching or fire hazard to hair shall wear caps or other head protection that completely covers the hair. ()

#### 07. Life Jackets, Vests and Life Rings.

Where personal buoyancy equipment is provided, it shall be of a design and shall be worn in a manner that will maintain the wearer's face above water. It shall be capable of floating a sixteen (16) pound weight for three (3) hours in fresh water. Such equipment shall not be dependent upon manual or mechanical manipulation or chemical action to secure the buoyant effect.

a. Employees shall be provided with, and shall wear, approved buoyant protective equipment at all times while working on or over water, as follows:

i. On floating pontoons, rafts and floating stages.

ii. On open decks of floating plants (such as dredges, pile-drivers, cranes, pond saws, and similar types of equipment) which are not equipped with bulwarks, guardrails or life lines. ()

iii. During the construction, alteration or repair of structures extending over or adjacent to water, except when guardrails, safety nets, or safety belts and life lines are provided and used.

iv. Working alone at night where there are potential drowning hazards regardless of other safeguards ( )

v. On floating logs, boom sticks or unguarded walkways. (

**b.** Life rings with sufficient line attached to meet conditions shall be located at convenient points along exposed sides of work areas adjacent to water. Such rings, if used at night where a person might be beyond illuminated areas, shall be provided with a means of rendering them visible.

NOTE: Consult U.S. Coast Guard requirements for operations in navigable waters. ( )

	08.	Life Lines Safety Belts.	(	)
two tho	<b>a.</b> usand fiv	Each life line and safety belt shall be of sufficient strength to support, without breaking, a we e hundred (2,500) pounds.	eight (	of )
shall ins	<b>b.</b> spect thei	All life lines and safety belts shall be periodically inspected by the supervisor in charge. Em r belts and lines daily. Any defective belts or life lines shall be discarded or repaired before u		es)
	c.	Life lines shall be safely secured to strong stable supports and maintained with minimum sla	ack. (	)
	09.	Work Clothing.	(	)
	a.	Clothing shall be worn which is appropriate to work performed and conditions encountered	(	)
	b.	Loose sleeves, cuffs or other loose or ragged clothing shall not be worn near moving machin	nery. (	)
oxidizir	<b>c.</b> ng agents	Clothing saturated or impregnated with flammable liquids, corrosive substances, irrit shall be removed immediately and not worn again until properly cleaned.	ants (	or )
hazardo	<b>d.</b> ous materi	When it is necessary for workers to wear aprons or similar clothing near moving mach ials, such clothing shall be so arranged that it can be instantly removed.	ines (	or )
around	e. exposed e	Clothing with exposed metal buttons, metal visors or other conductive materials shall not belectrical conductors.	be wo (	rn )
	10.	Respiratory Equipment.	(	)
one suc	<b>a.</b> h respirat	When filter or cartridge-type respirators are required to be used regularly, each employee share for his own exclusive use.	all ha (	ve )
such res	<b>b.</b> spiratory	Employers and employees shall familiarize themselves with the use, sanitary care and limita equipment as they may have occasion to use.	tions (	of )
or other equipmo		Whenever practical, harmful dusts, fumes, mists, vapors and gases shall be suppressed by w which will minimize harmful exposure and permit employees to work without the use of resp	ater, o pirato (	oil ry )
		Whenever compressed air from an oil-lubricated compressor is used to supply respected in the supply line to remove any oil, sediment or condensation that it may determination in efficient working condition.		
maintai	e. ned for re	When self-contained respiratory equipment is used in hazardous locations, a standby unit sescue purposes.	shall (	be )
with and	<b>11.</b> d shall we	<b>Hearing Protection</b> . Where workers are subject to hazardous noise levels, they shall be fue ar hearing protection suitable for the level of hazard involved.	rnish (	ed )

**12.** Additional Information and Requirements. Additional information and requirements for the use of safety equipment and personal protective equipment may be found in the Safety and Health Standards established in IDAPA 07.09.01, "Safety and Health Rules for Places of Public Employment."

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

**DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY** 

Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

Docket No. 07-0801-1901

PENDING RULE

#### 152. SIGNALING.

	01.	One Worker to Give Signals.	(	)
	a.	The Worker sending drag shall be the only one to give signals.	(	)
conditio	<b>b.</b> ons are ap	Any person is authorized to give a stop signal when a worker is in danger or other eme parent.	ergenc (	у )
	02.	Signal Must Be Clear and Distinct.	(	)
	a.	Machine operators shall not move any line unless the signal received is clear and distinct.	(	)
	b.	If in doubt the operator shall repeat the signal as understood and wait for confirmation.	(	)
	03.	Hand Signal Use Restricted.	(	)
	a.	Hand signals are permitted only when in plain sight of the operator.	(	)
	b.	Hand signals may be used at any time as an emergency stop signal.	(	)
move lo	<b>04.</b> gs or turr	<b>Persons in Clear Before Signal Given</b> . All persons shall be in the clear before a signal is gas.	given (	to )
	05.	Throwing Material Prohibited. Throwing of any type of material as a signal is prohibited.	(	)
	0.		1 .	

**06.** Audible Signaling to Be Installed and Used. A whistle, horn or other audible signaling device, clearly audible to all persons in the affected area, shall be installed and used on all machines operating as yarders.

**07.** Audible Signaling Device at the Machine to Be Activated. When radio or other means of signal transmission is used, an audible signal must be activated at the machine.

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### **301. FALLING AND BUCKING.**

#### 01. General Requirements.

**a.** There shall be an established method of checking-in workers from the woods. Each supervisor shall be responsible for their crew being accounted for at the end of each shift.

**b.** Cutters not in sight of another employee shall have radio communications with crew members on ( )

**c.** Common sense and good judgment must govern the safety of cutters as effected by weather conditions. At no time shall they work if wind is strong enough to prevent the falling of trees in the desired direction, or when vision is impaired by weather conditions or darkness.

**d.** All cutters shall have a current first aid certification. Employers shall provide an opportunity for cutters to take a standard first aid course.

e. Tools of cutters such as axes, sledges, wedges, saws, etc., must be maintained in safe condition.

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Battered sledges, and wedges shall not be used. When power saws are used, wedges shall be made of soft material, such as wood or plastic.

**f.** Cutters shall not be placed on hillsides immediately below each other or below other operations where there is possible danger.

g. Trees shall not be felled if a falling tree endangers any worker, line, or any unit in operation.

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**h.** Before starting to fall or buck any tree or snag, the cutter must survey the area for possible hazards and proceed according to safe practices. Snags, which are unsafe to cut, shall be blown down with explosives, or felled by other methods.

i. Dangerous or hazardous snags shall be felled prior to or in the course of cutting a strip. No danger tree shall be felled by one (1) cutter where and when the assistance of a fellow employee is necessary to minimize the danger or hazards involved. In the case that any danger tree or snag cannot be safely felled and must remain standing or unattended, such tree or snag shall be clearly identified and suitably marked, including all surrounding impact area, and the employee's supervisor shall be notified as soon as possible. ()

**j.** In falling timber, adjacent brush and snow shall be cleared away from and around the tree to be felled to provide sufficient room to use saws and axes and provide an adequate escape path. ()

**k.** Cutters shall not fall into another strip; leaners on the line shall be traded. Trees shall be felled into the open whenever conditions permit.

**I.** Undercuts and side cuts shall be large enough to safely guide the trees and eliminate the possibility of splitting and barber chairing. Particular care shall be taken to hold enough wood to prevent the tree from prematurely slipping or twisting from the stump. Undercuts shall be cleaned out to the full depth of the saw cut. Especially large undercuts are necessary in heavy leaners. When required to safely fell a tree, mechanical or other means shall be employed to accomplish this objective. Pre-cutting of trees for the purpose of production logging is prohibited.

NOTE: Trees with no perceptible lean having an undercut to a depth of one quarter (1/4) of the diameter of the tree with an undercut height equal to one fifth (1/5) of the diameter of the tree will be assumed to be in reasonable compliance with this rule. ()

**m.** Back-cuts shall be above the level of the upper horizontal cut of the undercut. ( )

**n.** While wedging, fallers shall watch for limbs or other material which might be jarred loose. Cutting of holding wood in lieu of using wedges is prohibited.

**o.** When falling or bucking a tree is completed the power saw motor should be stopped. The power saw motor shall be stopped while the operator is traveling to the next tree. ()

**p.** Cutters shall not work on the downhill side of the log being bucked unless absolutely unavoidable and only when the log is blocked or otherwise secured to prevent rolling when cut is completed.

**q.** Cutters must give timely warning to all persons within range of any log which may have a tendency to roll or slide after being cut off.

r. Logs shall be completely bucked-through whenever possible. If it becomes hazardous to complete a cut, then the log shall be marked and identified by a predetermined method. Rigging crews shall be instructed to recognize such marks and when possible cutters shall warn rigging crew of locations where such unfinished cuts remain.

s. A competent person properly experienced in this type of work shall be placed in charge of falling and bucking operations. Inexperienced workers shall not be allowed to fall timber or buck logs unless under the

direction of experienced workers.

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t. Power saws shall be kept in good repair at all times. All exhaust parts on power chain saws shall be constructed and maintained so the operator is exposed to a minimum amount of fumes and noise. ()

**u.** Combustion engine driven power saws shall be equipped with an automatic throttle which will return the motor to idling speed upon release of the throttle.

v. Power saw motors shall be stopped while being fueled.

w. All personnel shall wear approved head protection, proper clothing and footwear. ()

**x.** Each employee who operates a chain saw shall wear leg protection, which meets the requirements of ASTM F 1897 and covers the full length of the thigh to the top of the boot on each leg, except when working as a climber.

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

## 351. RIGGING.

01. e can deliv		which (	a )
02.	Equipment Classification.	(	)
a.	Equipment shall be classed according to the manufacturer's rating.	(	)
	all be increased proportionately so that it will safely withstand the increased strains to con		
03. nd all expo		safe (	ly )
04.	Allowable Loading or Stress.	(	)
<b>a.</b> of any pa		reakir (	ıg )
b.	This shall not be construed as applying to chokers.	(	)
05.	<b>Chokers</b> . Chokers shall be at least one eighth $(1/8)$ inch smaller than the mainline.	(	)
06. such as to		riggir (	ng )
<b>07.</b> nd, rub, or		ads wi (	)
08.	Line Hazards.	(	)
a.	Running lines and changed settings shall be made in a way to avoid bight of line hazards.	(	)
b.	Signals to operator shall be made before moving lines.	(	)
	<ul> <li>a.</li> <li>b.</li> <li>igging shation 010.0</li> <li>03.</li> <li>od all expendent of any particular of any pa</li></ul>	<ul> <li>e can deliver on each line.</li> <li>02. Equipment Classification.</li> <li>a. Equipment shall be classed according to the manufacturer's rating.</li> <li>b. Where lower gear ratios or other devices are installed to increase the power of equipment, taging shall be increased proportionately so that it will safely withstand the increased strains to contro 010.04 of these rules.</li> <li>03. Safe Loading. Rigging, and all parts thereof, shall be of a design and application to ad all expected or potential loading to which it will be subjected.</li> <li>04. Allowable Loading or Stress.</li> <li>a. In no case shall the allowable loading or stress be imposed on one half (1/2) of the rated b of any parts of the rigging.</li> <li>b. This shall not be construed as applying to chokers.</li> <li>05. Chokers. Chokers shall be at least one eighth (1/8) inch smaller than the mainline.</li> <li>06. Placing, Condition, and Operation of Rigging. The placing, condition and operation of such as to ensure safety to those who will be working in the vicinity.</li> <li>07. Arrangement and Operation. Rigging shall be arranged and operated so that rigging or lo nd, rub, or saw against lines, straps, blocks, or other equipment.</li> <li>08. Line Hazards.</li> <li>a. Running lines and changed settings shall be made in a way to avoid bight of line hazards.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>e can deliver on each line.</li> <li><b>02.</b> Equipment Classification.</li> <li><b>a.</b> Equipment shall be classed according to the manufacturer's rating.</li> <li><b>b.</b> Where lower gear ratios or other devices are installed to increase the power of equipment, the siz igging shall be increased proportionately so that it will safely withstand the increased strains to conform to 010.04 of these rules.</li> <li><b>03.</b> Safe Loading. Rigging, and all parts thereof, shall be of a design and application to safel ad all expected or potential loading to which it will be subjected.</li> <li><b>04.</b> Allowable Loading or Stress.</li> <li><b>05.</b> Chokers. Shall the allowable loading or stress be imposed on one half (1/2) of the rated breakin of any parts of the rigging.</li> <li><b>05.</b> Chokers. Chokers shall be at least one eighth (1/8) inch smaller than the mainline.</li> <li><b>06.</b> Placing, Condition, and Operation of Rigging. The placing, condition and operation of riggin such as to ensure safety to those who will be working in the vicinity.</li> <li><b>07.</b> Arrangement and Operation. Rigging shall be arranged and operated so that rigging or loads wind, rub, or saw against lines, straps, blocks, or other equipment.</li> <li><b>08.</b> Line Hazards.</li> <li><b>09.</b> Choker and changed settings shall be made in a way to avoid bight of line hazards.</li> </ul>

09. Reefing. Reefing or similar practices to increase line pull shall be prohibited. )

#### 10. Inspection of Rigging.

A thorough inspection, by the operator or qualified person, of all blocks, straps, guylines, and other a. rigging shall be made before the rigging is placed in position for use and subsequently repeated every thirty (30) days for as long as the rigging is in position for use. Each rigging inspection shall be documented and kept onsite for review.

This inspection shall include an examination for damaged, cracked or worn parts, loose nuts and b. bolts, lubrication, condition of straps and guylines. ) (

The repairs or replacements necessary for safe operation shall be made before rigging is used. c.

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# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 353. LINES, SHACKLES AND BLOCKS.

#### 01. General Requirements.

All lines, shackles, blocks, etc., should be maintained in good condition and shall be of sufficient a. size, diameter and material to withstand one and one half (1 1/2) times the maximum stress imposed. )

Wire rope or other rigging equipment which shows a fifteen percent (15%) reduction in strength b. shall be replaced. )

#### 02. Splices.

Two (2) lines may be connected by a long splice, or by shackles of patent links of the next size a. larger than the line where practical. )

**TABLE 012.02-A** 

b.	A safe margin of line must be used for making long splices. See Table 012.02-A.

Rope Diameter	Unraveled	Total Length
3/8"	8'	16'
5/8"	13'	20'
3/4"	15'	30'
7/8"	18'	36'
1"	20'	40'

#### 03. Wire Rope Clips or Clamps.

Clips should be spaced at least six (6) rope diameters apart to achieve maximum holding power. a. See Table 012.03-A

TABLE 012.03-A		
Diameter of Rope	Number of Clips	Required Space Between Clips
1-1/2-inch	8	10 inches
1-3/8-inch	7	9 inches
1-1/4-inch	6	8 inches
1-1/8-inch	5	7 inches
1- inch	5	6 inches
7/8-inch	5	5-1/4 inches
3/4-inch	5	5-1/2 inches
3/8 to 5/8-inch	4	3 inches

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**b.** Clips should always be attached with the base or saddle of the clip against the longer or "live" end of the rope. See Figure 012.03-A. This is the only approved method.

# FIGURE 012.03-A



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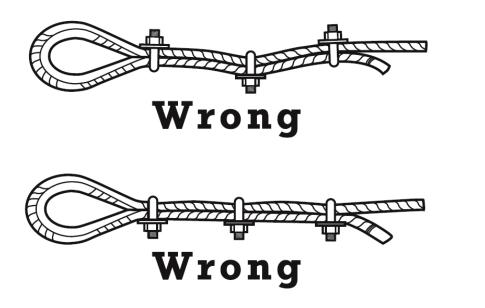
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**c.** Do not reverse the clips or stager them. See Figure 012.03-B. Otherwise the "U" bolt will cut into the live rope when the load is applied.

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**FIGURE 012.03-B** 



**d.** After the rope has been used and is under tension, the clips should again be tightened to take up any looseness caused by the tension reducing the rope diameter. Remember that even when properly applied a clip fastening has only about ninety percent (90%) of the strength of the rope and far less than that when rigged improperly.

e. U-bolt wire rope clamps must not be used to form eyes on running lines, skylines, machine guylines, or straps.

04. Blocks. All blocks must be of steel construction or of material of equal or greater strength and so hung that they will not strike or interfere with other blocks or rigging.

05. Pins. All pins in blocks shall be properly secured by keys of the largest size the pin hole will ( )

06. Shackles.

**a.** Spread in jaws of shackles shall not exceed by more than one (1) inch the size of yoke or swivel of the block to which it is connected.

**b.** All shackles must be made of forged steel or material of equivalent strength and one (1) size larger than the line it connects.

07. Cable Cutting. Cable cutters, soft hammers, or a cutting torch shall be available and used for cutting cables. Eye protection must be used when cutting cable.

**08. Damaged or Worn Wire Rope**. Worn or damaged wire rope creating a safety hazard shall be taken out of service or properly repaired before further use. ()

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

# 402. TRACTORS AND SIMILAR LOGGING EQUIPMENT.

#### 01. Operating Condition.

a. The general operating condition of a tractor or equipment shall be sufficient to ensure the safety of the driver and other workmen.

**b.** An operating manual shall be readily available in either print or electronic format for each piece of ()

**02. Guards**. All guards shall be kept in place and in good repair at all times when the tractor or similar equipment is used.

03. Repairs or Adjustments. Repairs or adjustments to clutches, frictions, or other parts of equipment which may cause hazardous movement of equipment shall not be done while engines are running.

## 04. Blades or Similar Equipment.

**a.** Blades or similar equipment shall be blocked or otherwise securely supported when making repairs or performing other work around such equipment when they are elevated from the ground.

**b.** Equipment under repair or adjustment should be tagged out. (

#### 05. Brakes and Steering.

a. All equipment shall be equipped with a braking system capable of stopping and holding the maximum load on all grades at all times.

**b.** Any defect found in the braking system or steering devices of any equipment used in skidding or yarding operations shall not be used until repaired or replaced.

06. Starting of Equipment. Equipment shall be started (cranked) only by the operator or other experienced persons.

#### 07. Seatbelts.

**a.** Seatbelts shall be installed on all tractors and mobile equipment having roll-over protection or in accordance with a design by a professional engineer which offers equivalent employee protection.

**b.** Seatbelts shall be used when operating any machine equipped with Roll Over Protection Structure (ROPS), Falling Object Protection Structure (FOPS), or overhead guards.

#### **08. Pin Connections**.

**a.** Pin connections are recommended for joints in the structural frame and especially at connections to the tractor frame or similar equipment frame.

**b.** Gusset plates shall be installed at each place where individual pieces of pipe are joined. ( )

**09.** Sideguards. When practical, sideguards shall be installed to protect the operator from hazards.

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## (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

# 452. CABLE YARDING.

01. Safety A. Personnel shall not ride hooks, lines, rigging, or logs suspended in the air or being ( )

**02.** Safety **B**, Personnel shall not hold on to haywire, running lines, drop lines, or chokers as an assist when walking uphill.

**03.** Safety C. Personnel shall not work in the bight of lines under tension. ( )

04. Safety D. Personnel shall be "in the clear" before any signal to move any lines is given. ( )

**05.** Safety E. All swing yarders shall have the outer swing radius marked with hi-vis tape or cones while skidding is in progress. No tools or supplies may be kept inside that radius outside the machine unless in a locked box. No employee may get inside that radius without first notifying the operator. ()

# (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 454. WIRE ROPE.

01. General Characteristics. Wire rope comes in many grades and dimensions, and every rope has its own characteristics with regard to strength and resistance to crushing and fatigue. A larger rope will outlast a smaller rope of the same materials and construction, used in the same conditions, because wear occurs over a larger surface. Similarly, a stronger rope will outlast a weaker rope, because it performs at a lower percentage of its breaking strength, with reduced stress.

**02.** Wire Rope Terms. Common grades of wire rope include extra improved plow steel (EIPS) and swaged powerflex, among others. The following terms are commonly used for wire rope: ()

a. Abrasion Resistance. Ability of outer wires to resist wear. Abrasion resistance is greater with larger ()

**b.** Core. The foundation of a wire rope which is made of materials that will provide support for the strands under normal bending and loading conditions. A fiber core (FC) can be natural or synthetic. If the core is steel, it can be a wire strand core (WSC) or an independent wire rope core (IWRC).

**c.** Crushing Resistance. Ability of the rope to resist being deformed. A rope with an independent wire core is more resistant to crushing than one with a fiber core.

**d.** Die-form Line. Made from strands that are first compacted by drawing them through a drawing die to reduce their diameter. The finished rope is then swaged or further compressed.

e. Fatigue Resistance. Ability of the rope to withstand repeated bending without failure (the ease of bending a rope in an arc is called its "bendability"). Fatigue resistance is greater with more wires.

**f.** Strength. Referred to as breaking strength, usually measured as a force in pounds or tons. The breaking strength is not the same as the load limit, which is calculated as a fraction of the breaking strength to ensure safety.

**g.** Swaged Line. Manufactured by running a nominal-sized line through a drawing die to flatten the outer crown and thus reduce the rope diameter. This compacted rope allows for increased drum capacity and increased line strength.

03. Typical Wire Rope Specifications. The table below lists a few examples of wire-rope breaking ( )

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

	TABLE 012.09-A Typical Wire Rope Specifications						
6x26	6x26 Improved Plow Steel		6x26 Swaged		Swaged Compact-Strand		
Diameter (inches)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	
1/2	0.46	11.5	0.6	15.2	0.63	18.6	
9/16	0.59	14.5	0.75	19	0.78	23.7	
5/8	0.72	17.9	0.93	23.6	1.01	28.5	
11/16			1.10	28.8	1.18	35.3	
3/4	1.04	25.6	1.37	34.6	1.41	42.2	
13/16			1.56	39.6	1.63	49.3	
7/8	1.42	34.6	1.83	46.5	1.91	56.0	
15/16			1.95	53.3	2.20	66.1	
1	1.85	44.9	2.42	60.6	2.53	73.7	
1-1/8	2.34	56.5	2.93	75.1	2.97	92.9	
1-1/4	2.89	69.3	3.52	92.8	3.83	112.1	
1-3/8	3.5	83.5	4.28	108.2	4.62	128.6	

	TABLE 013.03-A						
6x26 Improved Plow Steel		6x26 Swaged		Swaged Compact-Strand			
Diameter (inches)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	
1/2	0.46	11.5	0.6	15.2	0.63	18.6	
9/16	0.59	14.5	0.75	19	0.78	23.7	
5/8	0.72	17.9	0.93	23.6	1.01	28.5	
11/16			1.10	28.8	1.18	35.3	
3/4	1.04	25.6	1.37	34.6	1.41	42.2	

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

# Docket No. 07-0801-1901 PENDING RULE

	TABLE 013.03-A						
6x26	6x26 Improved Plow Steel		6x26 Swaged		Swaged Compact-Strand		
Diameter (inches)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Breaking Strength (tons)	
13/16			1.56	39.6	1.63	49.3	
7/8	1.42	34.6	1.83	46.5	1.91	56.0	
15/16			1.95	53.3	2.20	66.1	
1	1.85	44.9	2.42	60.6	2.53	73.7	
1-1/8	2.34	56.5	2.93	75.1	2.97	92.9	
1-1/4	2.89	69.3	3.52	92.8	3.83	112.1	
1-3/8	3.5	83.5	4.28	108.2	4.62	128.6	

Source: Cable Yarding Systems Handbook. 2006. Worksafe BC. Table lists typical breaking strengths. See manufacturer's specifications for specific lines.

04. Synthetic Rope. High-tensile strength synthetic lines are considerably lighter than standard wire rope; however, some lines are dimensionally as strong as standard wire rope. Accordingly, high-tensile strength synthetic lines are permitted to be used in appropriate logging applications, including as substitutes for brush straps, tree straps, tail and intermediate support guylines, guyline extensions, skyline extensions, and haywire. Manufacturers' standards and recommendations for determining usable life or criteria for retirement of such lines shall be followed. Personnel shall examine the lines for broken or abraded strands, discoloration, inconsistent diameter, glossy or glazed areas caused by compression and heat, and other inconsistencies. Rope life is affected by load history, bending, abrasion, and chemical exposure. Most petroleum products do not affect synthetic ropes.

## 05. Inspection and Care.

**a.** Wire rope shall be inspected daily by a qualified individual and repaired or taken out of service when there is evidence of any of the following conditions: ()

i. Twelve and five tenths percent (12.5%) of the wires are broken within a distance of one (1) lay.

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ii. Evidence of chafing, sawing, crushing, kinking, crystallization, bird-caging, corrosion, heat damage, or other damage that has weakened the rope structure. ()

**b.** Qualified personnel shall closely inspect those points subject to the most wear, including the knob ends of lines, eye splices, and those sections of line that most often run through blocks or carriages. If there is doubt about the integrity of the line, it is far safer to replace a suspect line, or cut out and resplice a defective area, than risk a failure during operation. Evaluation of the load-bearing yarder lines shall be stringent. A qualified person shall also inspect all other lines used on site and remove any that are unsafe.

06. Additional Precautions. The following precautions shall also be observed: ( )

**a.** Ensure the working load limit for any line is adequate for the intended use. ( )

**b.** The manufacturer's specifications with regard to assigned breaking strength shall be followed. Such specifications as determined by engineering test results should factor the grade of the wire, number of strands, number of wires per strand, filler wire construction, lay pattern of the wires, and the diameter of the line. ()

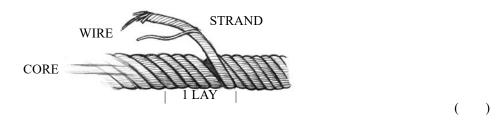
07. Safety Factor. Operators shall follow the manufacturer's specifications in determining load limits. The working load limit is a fraction of a line's breaking strength – a factor of three (3), or one-third (1/3) the breaking strength, is commonly used as a safety factor for running and standing lines, when workers are not exposed to breaking lines or loads passing overhead. A safety factor of three (3) is commonly used to determine the working load limit for a standing or running line. A standard six (6) x twenty-six (26) IWRC wire rope with a diameter of one (1) inch has a breaking strength of approximately forty-five (45) tons – divide by three (3) – equals fifteen (15) tons working load limit.

#### **08.** Wire Labeling.

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**a.** The elements of a typical wire rope are labeled, for example, six (6) x twenty-five (25) FW PRF RL EIPS IWRC. The label indicates a six (6)-strand rope with twenty-five (25) wires per strand (six (6) x twenty-five (25)), filler-wire construction (FW), strands pre-formed in a helical pattern (PRF), laid in a right-hand lay pattern (RL), using an extra-improved plow steel (EIPS) grade of wire, and strands laid around an independent wire rope core (IWRC). See figure 013.08-A for proper labeling of wire rope. ()

#### **FIGURE 013.08-A**



**b.** Out of Service Standard Example. A six (6) x twenty-five (25) IWRC wire rope = six (6) strands in one (1) lay with twenty-five (25) wires per strand = one hundred fifty (150) wires. The rope must be taken out of service when twelve and five tenths percent (12.5%), or one-eighth (1/8), of the wires are broken within the distance of one (1) lay = one hundred fifty (150) divided by eight (8) = eighteen and seventy-five one hundredths (18.75), or nineteen (19) broken wires.

**09.** Wire Line Life. Table 013.08-A provides the allowable life of a line in million board feet in accordance with line size and use. Figure 013.09-A illustrates both the correct and incorrect manner in which to measure line size (diameter).

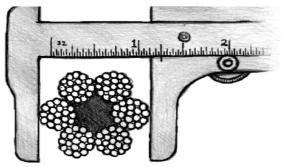
# TABLE 013.08-ALINE LIFE BY WOOD HAULED

Sustam	llee	Line Size	Line Life
System	Use	(inches)	(million board feet)

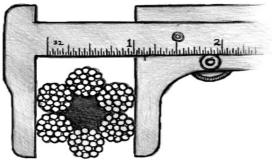
		1-3/4	20-25
	Skyline	1-1/2	15-25
Standing Sky-		1-3/8	8-15
line	Mainline	1 to 1-1/8	15-20
	Mairinie	1	10-15
	Haulback	3/4 to 7/8	8-12
		1-1/2	10-20
	Skyline	1-3/8	8-15
		1	6-10
	Mainline Haulback	1	10-15
Live Skyline		3/4	8-12
		5/8	8
		3/4 to 7/8	8-12
		1/2	6-10
	Dropline	7/16	5-8
High	Mainline	1-3/8	8-15
Lead	Mairinine	1-1/8	6-12

Source: Willamette Logging Specialist's Reference by Keith L McGonagill. 1976. Portland, OR: Willamette National Forest. Calculations of line life refer to EIPS 6x21 wire rope for the skyline, and EIPS 6x26 for other lines. Figures will be different for other classes of wire rope.

# FIGURE 013.09-A



Correct way to measure line diameter



Incorrect way to measure line diameter

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10. Dynamic Loads. Operators shall consider high dynamic loads when calculating safe working limits of wire ropes. Wire ropes are often subjected to high dynamic loads, which greatly multiply the force on a line and may exceed the safe working limit. Even a split second of time over the limit can lead to premature failure of a line. Typical dynamic loads occur when a turn hits a stump, a turn comes down off of the back hillside to full suspension, or when excessive force is applied to pulling a turnout of its bed. A high dynamic load or a sudden shock load that exceeds the working limit may not result in immediate failure, but rope strands may stretch and weaken, and may fail at a later time.

#### 11. Other Common Wire Rope Considerations.

a. Wire Rope Stretching and Line Diameter. A stretched wire rope has a reduced diameter. Operators shall check for stretched lines by measuring the diameter, particularly on older lines and any line used in stressful situations.

**b.** Older Wire Rope. Standing lines and guylines are often kept in service for multiple years (four (4) to five (5), and as long as ten (10) years in some instances) without exhibiting any obvious signs of excessive wear other than rust. Operators shall check date stamps of wire rope and evaluate line life. Operators shall also inspect the core of older lines periodically for a fractured or dry core, which could indicate other deficiencies such as broken wires, excessive wear, or line deformation. ()

**c.** Hard Use. The life of a wire rope is also affected by hard use. Line life can be measured by the volume of wood hauled (see Table 013.08-A). Line life is reduced when a line exceeds its elastic limits, is heavily shocked, or rubbed against rocks or other lines. As a line wears, the safe working load limit shall be lower and the payload adjusted appropriately.

**d.** Wire Rope endurance and elastic limits. Working within the endurance and elastic limits of lines can help preserve line life. The following principles shall be observed when evaluating the integrity and safe use of wire rope:

i. The "endurance limit" for all lines is fifty percent (50%) of the breaking strength. If wire rope tensioning regularly exceeds the endurance limit, the life of the line is reduced through fatigue.

ii. The "elastic limit" for all lines is sixty to sixty-five percent (60-65%) of the breaking strength. When a wire rope is loaded to its normal safe working limit, the line stretches, but then returns to its original size when the load is released. If a load increases past the elastic limit through prolonged exertion or repeated stress, the line will stretch and stay stretched, resulting in a permanent reduction in the breaking strength. ()

e. Lubrication and Abrasion. Wire rope is lubricated in the factory to reduce internal friction and corrosion, and prolong the life of the rope. Heat from friction causes the internal lubricant to deteriorate. Friction occurs when the rope stretches under load, particularly in places where it bends around sheaves or other objects. An improperly lubricated line can pick up particles of dirt and sand that will increase abrasion. Accordingly, operators

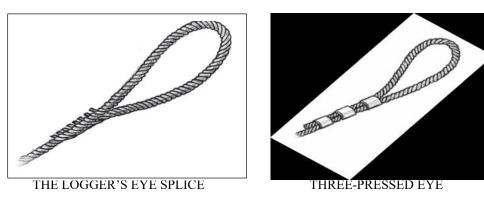
Docket No. 07-0801-1901 PENDING RULE

shall:		(	)
i. instructions. (	Check for and ensure the proper lubrication of all lines and wire rope, following the Commercial wire rope lubricants are available.	e manufacture (	er's )
ii.	Carefully inspect lines for faults in areas where dust and sand may collect.	(	)
iii.	Store all wire rope and lines off the ground.	(	)
12.	Line Connections.	(	)

Inspection. Operators shall regularly inspect shackles, hooks, splices, and other connecting a. equipment for damage and wear, as well as ensure the connectors are the correct type and size for the line and intended use.

Wire Splicing. Splices are used to form an eye at the end of a line, extend the length of a line, or b. repair a broken or damaged line. The splicing of wire rope requires special skill and shall only be performed under the supervision of a competent person with using the proper tools. Reference materials are available with detailed instructions for numerous types of splices. Individuals splicing wire shall always wear appropriate eye protection while splicing or assisting with a splicing procedure. )

The logger's eye splice and three (3)-pressed eye are the most common methods to form an eye for c. use as a skyline terminal. See Figure 013.12-A. The spliced eye is approximately eighty percent (80%) efficient. A three (3)-pressed eye can reach ninety percent (90%) line strength. The pressed eye is typically performed at the rigging shop. Spliced eyes may be placed in the field, but may require additional time to install. ( )



## **FIGURE 013.12-A**

When Flemish (Farmers, Rolled) eye splices are used on load-bearing lines, the strand ends must d. be secured by:

i.	Hand tucking each strand three (3) times; or	(	)	
ii.	Applying a compression (pressed-eye) fitting.	(	)	

ii. Applying a compression (pressed-eye) fitting.

Guyline Care. Guylines are a vital link in holding up a tower. Guyline extensions shall not be e. excessively moved around by dragging on the ground, or left on the ground for long periods of time as they will deteriorate faster.

f.	Guyline extensions must be connected by:	(	)
i.	A bell shackle using a safety pin to connect spliced eyes or pressed eyes; or	(	)

#### Docket No. 07-0801-1901 PENDING RULE

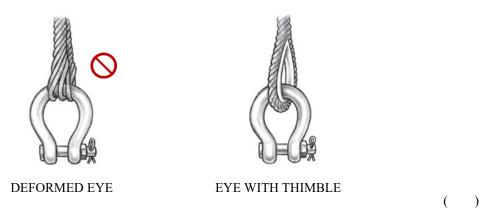
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#### ii. Poured nubbins (buttons) and a double-ended hook.

**g.** Line Deformity. A line may deform where it loops around a shackle or pin, producing weakness that may result in line failure. A thimble in the loop protects the line. Thimbles may be used on standing lines, but not on running lines. Examples of the appearance of deformed lines and the use of thimbles in shackles are illustrated in Figure 013.12-B.

#### **FIGURE 013.12-B**

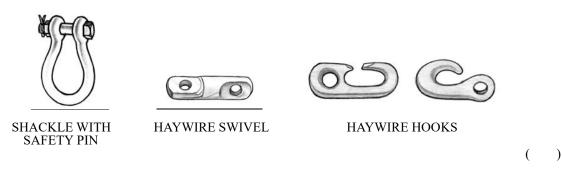


#### 13. Shackles and Hooks.

**a.** Hooks. Hooks shall be inspected to ensure that they have not sprung open. Ensure that shackles are positioned correctly to bear the load. Haywire swivels shall be inspected frequently, due to their susceptibility to wear rapidly.

**b.** Shackle Safety. Proper bells or shackles shall be used to connect the guylines to the stumps, and the guyline lead blocks to the ring at the top of the tower. Connections shall have at least one and a half (1-1/2) times the strength of the guyline. The pins of the shackles must be secured to protect against dislodgement, and a nut and cotter key, or a nut and molly may be used for that purpose. The use of loops or mollies to attach guylines is prohibited. Examples of the appearance of some shackle equipment is illustrated in Figure 013.13-A.

#### **FIGURE 013.13-A**



c. The following practices shall be observed in order to ensure the safe use of shackles: (

i. A shackle must have a rated breaking strength greater than the rated breaking strength of the lines attached to it, and the manufacturer's rated strengths to determine oversized requirements shall be used. Accepted

)

industry standards shall be utilized and adhered to when determining the correct shackle size based on the type and nature of the logging operation being performed. Examples of the appearance of some shackle equipment for the purposes of proper selection is illustrated in Figure 013.13-B.

ii. Shackles with pins, and securing nuts with mollies or a cotter key shall be used on standing or overhead rigging.

iii. Screw shackle pins shall not be used in any standing or overhead rigging. ()

iv. Screw shackle pins, where allowed to be used, shall be tightened securely. ( )

v. Shackle pin mollies shall be rolled sufficiently and fit the pin hole fully. Mollies shall be tucked a minimum of three (3) times.

vi. The shackle shall always be placed with the pin nearest to the yarder, so that in the event the shackle fails the least amount of hardware may be thrown at the yarder. ()

vii. Replace shackles that are bent, broken, or show excess wear on the inner surfaces. Examples of the appearance of some damaged or non-conforming shackles are illustrated in Figure 013.13-A.

viii. Sleeve shackles or choker bells must be used when choked lines are permitted.

# FIGURE 013.13-A



REPLACE SHACKLES THAT ARE BENT, BROKEN, OR SHOW EXCESS WEAR ON THE INNER SURFACES.

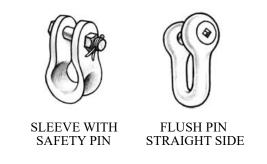
FIGURE 013.13-B





SLEEVE WITH KNOCKOUT PIN

BELL WITH KNOCKOUT PIN



#### 14. Knobs, Ferrules, and Eyes.

a. Poured nubbins and a double-end hook are acceptable connectors in place of shackles in some instances. The use of quick nubbins (wedge buttons) as guylines and skyline end fittings is prohibited unless attaching guylines to guyline drums. Operators shall follow the manufacturer's recommendations when attaching sockets and similar end fastenings.

**b.** Poured nubbins achieve ninety-nine percent (99%) of line strength and may be used. Quick nubbins only achieve a maximum of sixty-five percent (65%) under ideal conditions, and accordingly operators shall consider whether they are appropriate for safe use in any given application. Pressed ferrule are not certifiable for strength, and shall not be used. Examples of the appearance of some knob, ferrule, and nubbin equipment are illustrated in Figure 013.14-A.

**c.** Operators shall inspect knobs, ferrules, and eyes at cable ends for loose or broken wires, and corroded, damaged, or improperly applied end connections. Poured nubbins shall be date stamped.

#### **FIGURE 013.14-B**



BABBITED KNOB & PRESSED FERRULE QUICK

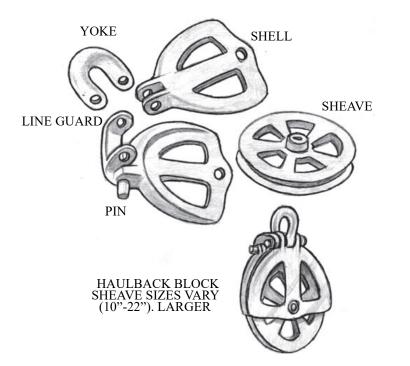
QUICK NUBBIN (WEDGE BUTTON)

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15. Brush Blocks. Brush blocks shall be thoroughly inspected for cracks, wear, or deterioration. Operators shall closely examine the areas subject to the most wear, including bearings, sheave, frame, yoke, and pins. Defective parts shall be replaced immediately. Blocks shall be greased every time before each use.



#### **FIGURE 013.15-A**

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16. Chains and Straps. Chains or straps shall always be sized and used correctly for the intended purpose. Determining which size to use may depend on various factors. Oversized trailer lift straps, for example, shall have a breaking strength equal to five (5) times the load to be lifted. Towing chains shall have a tensile strength equivalent to the gross weight of the towed vehicle. The manufacturer's specifications or other appropriate reference materials shall always be consulted to ensure the right chain or strap is used for a task.

a. Operators shall periodically inspect chains for damaged, worn, or stretched links. Chains with more than ten percent (10%) wear at the bearing surface shall be replaced. Operators shall periodically inspect straps, and examine them for broken wires or wear. Examples of the appearance of damaged and safe chains are illustrated in Figure 013.16-A. ()

**FIGURE 013.16-A** 



GOOD CHAIN



STRETCHED CHAIN



WORN CHAIN (INSIDE LINKS)

( )

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(

## (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 501. LOG TRUCK TRANSPORTATION.

**01. General**. The following requirements are supplemental to any Idaho law governing automobiles, trucks, tractors, trailers, and any combination of these units. If there are any discrepancies in the codes between this section and any federal or Idaho motor vehicle regulations pursuant to title 49, Idaho Code, applicable in the state of Idaho, such federal or other governmental regulations will govern. ()

## 02. Stopping and Holding Devices for Log Trucks. ( )

**a.** Motor logging trucks and trailers must be equipped with brakes or other control methods which will safely stop and hold the maximum load on the maximum grade. Air or vacuum brake lines shall be of the type intended for such use and shall have fittings which will not be interchangeable with water or other lines. ()

**b.** Brake Test - A brake test shall be made before and immediately after moving a vehicle. Any defects shall be eliminated before proceeding.

#### 03. Lighting Equipment Required.

**a.** Motor vehicles used on roads not under the control of the Idaho Transportation Board, counties or cities, shall have equipment necessary for safe operation, such as head, tail, and stop lights.

b.	Such lights shall be used during clearance periods of reduced visibility.	(	)
<b>D</b> •	Such inghts shall be used during creatance periods of reduced visionity.		,

## 04. Safe Operating Requirements.

**a.** The driver shall do everything reasonably possible to keep his truck under control at all times and shall not operate in excess of a speed at which he can stop the truck in one-half (1/2) the distance between him and the range of unobstructed vision. ()

**b.** The driver shall take into consideration the condition of the roadway, weather factors, curves, grades and grade crossings, the mechanical condition of his equipment, and other relevant factors. ()

**c.** The driver shall clear rocks from between dual tires before driving on multi-lane roads. ( )

**d.** A daily inspection shall be made of trucks and trailers with particular attention to steering apparatus, brakes, boosters, brake hoses and connections, reaches, and couplings. Any defects found shall be corrected before equipment is used.

05. Stakes, Bunks, or Chock Blocks. All stakes and bunks, installed on log trucks and trailers, together with the means provided for securing and locking the stakes in a hauling position, shall be designed and constructed of materials of such size and dimensions that will withstand a pressure of fifteen thousand (15,000) pounds applied outward against the tops of the stakes, and, or extensions when used, without yield or permanent set resulting in the stakes, bunks or the means provided for securing and locking the stakes.

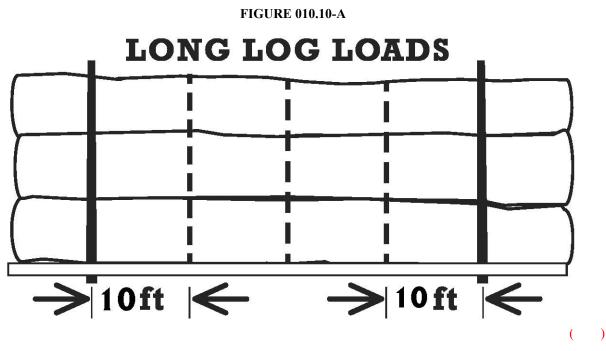
### DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

## Docket No. 07-0801-1901 PENDING RULE

NOTE: Test Procedure - A test pressure of fifteen thousand (15,000) pounds is applied to the top of one (1) stake, using the top of the stake opposite as a base for applying pressure. Bunk is not to be secured to floor or other base except in a manner similar to that used to mount it to truck or trailer. Stakes must return to normal upright position at end of test and stakes and all component parts examined and checked with original specifications. If no yield results in any part, the design and construction may be considered as meeting code requirements. 06. Stake Extensions. ) Stake extensions shall not be used unless all component parts of the bunking system are of a. sufficient size and strength to support the added stresses involved. ) Truck drivers shall report missing or broken stake extensions to the proper authority. b. ) ( 07. Stake and Chock Tripping Mechanisms. Stakes and chocks that trip shall be constructed in such a manner that the tripping mechanism, which releases the stake or chocks, is activated at the opposite side of the load from the stake being tripped. ) 08. Linkage for Stakes or Chocks. ) The linkage used to support the stakes or chock must be of adequate size and strength to withstand a. the maximum imposed impact lead. "Molly Hogans" or cold shuts are prohibited in chains or cable used for linkage. b. 09. Notify Engineer When Around Truck. ) Persons shall not walk along side of or be underneath any truck being loaded. a. ) Prior to performing any duties, such as releasing bunk locks, placing or removing compensating h pin, scaling logs, reading scale, chopping limbs or making connections, persons shall notify the loading engineer of their intentions and be acknowledged. ( ) 10. Number of Wrappers Required. )

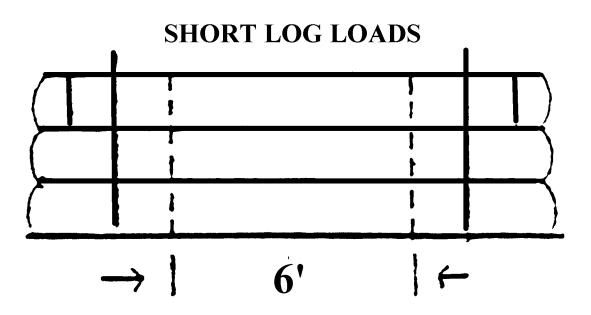
**a.** Each unit used for hauling logs longer than twenty six (26) feet, shall have the load secured by a minimum of three (3) wrappers. Wrappers shall be placed in positions that effectively secure the load. One (1) wrapper shall be placed within ten (10) feet of each bunk. See Figure 010.10-A.

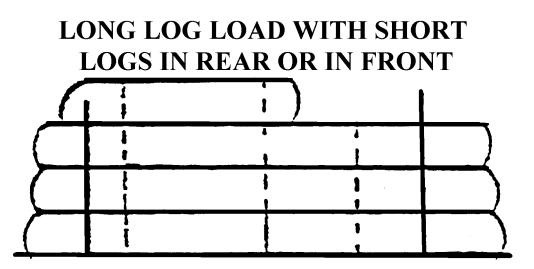
DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

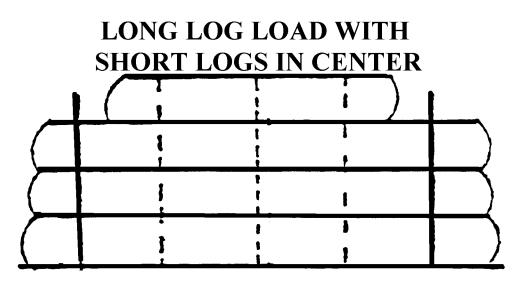


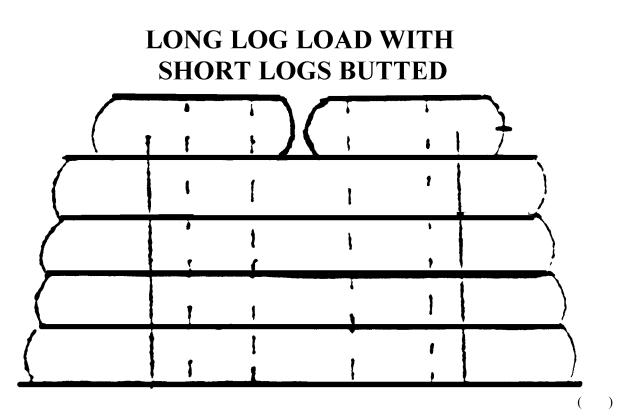
**b.** All exposed outside logs shall be secured by one (1) wrapper passing near each end of the log. See Figure 010.10-A.

**FIGURE 010.10-B** 



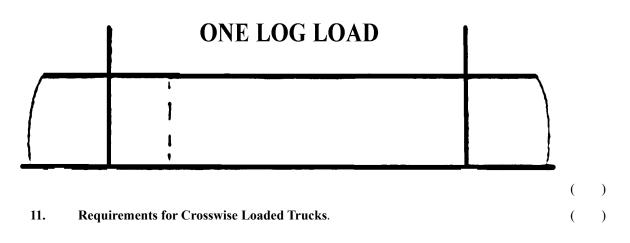






**c.** On one (1) log load where trailer bunk is equipped with cheese blocks, one (1) wrapper securing log to the trailer bunk will be sufficient. Outside wrappers on short logs shall have a minimum of six (6) feet spread. (See Figure 010.10-C.)

NOTE: High loads are defined as logs loaded above bunk stakes. FIGURE 010.10-C

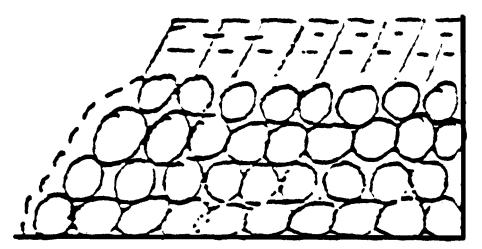


## DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

**a.** When loads of short logs are loaded crosswise, the logs shall be properly contained by use of stake or chock blocks and shall be secured by a minimum of two (2) wrappers. (See Figure 010.11-A.)

## FIGURE 010.11-A

## **CROSSWISE LOADED TRUCK**



			C	)
	b.	Binders shall be securely fastened to the vehicle.	(	)
	12.	Construction of Wrappers and Binders.	(	)
pounds.	a.	Cables shall have a spliced eye or swaged fittings.	(	)
	b.	"Molly Hogans" or cold shuts are prohibited to make splices or connections.	(	)
	c.	Each wrapper shall have a minimum breaking strength of not less than fifteen thousand (	(1 <mark>5</mark> ,00	0)
	d.	Binders must be stamped with a working load limit of four thousand (4,000) pounds or great		)
	13.	Binder Placement Requirements.	(	)
log, or c	<b>a.</b> on the side	Binders shall be placed in a manner whereby they will be released on the side opposite the where the unloading equipment operator can see the binders.	he bro (	w )
either ju	<b>b.</b> 1st before	Truck drivers shall be required to stop vehicles, dismount, check and tighten loose load or immediately after leaving a private road to enter the first public road they encounter.	binder (	rs, )
	14.	Precautions When Placing or Removing Binders and Wrappers.	(	)
	a.	Binders and wrappers shall remain on the load until an approved safeguard has been pro-	vided	to

## DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

prevent logs from rolling off the side of truck where binders are being released. ) b. At least one (1) wrapper shall remain secured while relocating or tightening other binders. ) 15. Binders and Wrappers to Be Placed Before Leaving Landing Area. Binders and wrappers shall be placed and tightened around the completed load before shifting the load for proper balance. Each load must have all required wrappers placed and secured at the loader before the truck is moved. If it is unsafe to do so, the truck may be moved to the nearest safe place in sight of the loader. 16. Adequate Reaches Required. ) Log trailers must be connected to tractors by reaches of a size and strength to withstand all imposed a. stresses. Spliced reaches shall not be used. b. Documented reach inspections shall be performed annually. c. 17. **Proper Lay of Logs in Stakes or Bunks.** The method of loading shall be such that the logs in any tier or layer unsecured by stakes or cheese a. blocks shall have their centers inside of the centers of the outer logs of the next lower tier or layer so that the load is stable without the aid of binders. Logs shall be well saddled without crowding so that there will be no excessive strain on the b. wrappers or stakes. No more than one half (1/2) of any log shall extend above the stakes unless properly and securely c. saddled. Bunk logs shall extend not less than twelve (12) inches beyond the bunk, with the exception of nond. oscillating bunks. Traffic Travel on Right Side of Road Except Where Posted. All trucks shall keep to the right 18. side of the road, except where road is plainly and adequately posted for left side traveling. ) Towing of Trucks. When trucks must be towed on any road, the person guiding the vehicle being 19 towed shall, by prearranged signals, govern the speed of travel. Scaling and Branding. When at the dump or reload and where logs are scaled or branded on the 20. truck, the logs shall be scaled or branded before the wrappers are released. Metal Parts Between Bunk and Cab to Be Covered. Suitable material shall be used on treading 21. surfaces between the bunk and cab to prevent persons from slipping on the metal parts. 22. Bunks to Be Kept in Good Condition and Repair. ) Log bunks or any part of bunk assembly bent enough to cause bunks to bind shall be straightened. a. b. Bunks shall be sufficiently sharp to prevent logs from slipping. ) 23. Following Other Vehicles. ) A vehicle not intending to pass shall not follow another vehicle closer than one hundred fifty (150) a. feet. Passing shall be done only when it can be done safely. The passing vehicle shall consider all factors b.

which may be essential, such as condition of the roadway, width of the road, and distance of clear visibility ahead.

24. Reaches to Be Clamped When Towing Unloaded Trailer. A positive means, in addition to the clamp, shall be installed on the reach of log truck trailers when the trailers are being towed without a load.

## 25. Inserting of Compensating Pin.

**a.** Persons shall never enter the area below suspended logs or trailers.

**b.** At dumps where the load must remain suspended above the bunks until the truck is moved away and when the trailer is the type with a compensating pin in the reach, a device shall be installed that will allow the trailer to be towed away from the danger area.

#### 26. Safety Chains.

**a.** All trailers shall be secured with a safety chain, or chains, which connect the frame of the truck assembly to the trailer unit.

**b.** The chains shall be capable of holding the trailer in line in case of failure of the hitch assembly.

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## (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

## 551. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

## 01. Log Dumps, Landings, Log Handling Equipment, Loading, and Unloading.

**a.** Only authorized persons shall operate log handling equipment. Machine operators shall be capable and experienced personnel. No persons other than the operator may be in the operator's compartment while machinery is operating, except for purposes of operating instructions. Unnecessary talking to the operator of log handling equipment while the machine is in operation is prohibited.

**b.** Machine operators shall make necessary inspection of machines each day before starting work. All repairs or adjustments shall be made before any strain or load is placed upon the equipment. ()

**c.** Substantial barriers or bulkheads protecting the operator shall be provided for all log handling machines where the design, location, or use of such machines exposes the operator to material or loads being handled. Such barriers or bulkheads shall be of adequate area and capable of withstanding impact of materials handled.

**d.** A safe and adequate means of access to, and egress from, the operator's station shall be provided. Necessary ladders, steps, step plates, foot plates, running boards, walkways, grab irons, handrails, etc., shall be provided and maintained.

e. All moving parts shall be guarded in an approved manner to afford complete protection to the operator and other workers.

**f.** Throttles and all power controls shall be maintained in good operating condition. ( )

**g.** Landings shall be prepared and arranged to provide maximum safety for all employees and shall provide ample space for the safe movement of equipment and storage and handling of logs.

**h.** Adequate means shall be used to prevent logs from rolling into the road or against trucks. Workers shall be sure that logs are securely landed before approaching them. While unhooking chokers, workers shall choose

#### DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

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the safest approach. This is usually from the upper side of the log.

i. Logs shall not be landed at loading areas until all workers, tractors, trucks, or equipment are in the clear. All persons shall stay in the clear of running lines, moving rigging, and loads until rigging or loads have stopped.

**j.** The loading machine shall be set so that the operator shall have an unobstructed view of the loading area, or a signalman shall be properly placed and his signal shall be followed. Signaling the operator shall be done by standard hand signals, whistles, or other positive means of communication. ()

**k.** Machines, sleds, or bases shall be of sufficient strength to safely withstand moving, and machines shall be securely anchored to their bases.

**I.** Mufflers shall be installed on all internal combustion engines of log handling equipment and located or guarded in such a manner as to prevent accidental contact with the muffler or exhaust pipes and afford protection from fumes.

**m.** Brakes shall be installed on all machine drums and maintained in effective working condition.

**n.** Brake levers shall be provided with a ratchet or other equally effective means for securely holding ()

**o.** Brake bands shall have a safety factor of five (5) times the stress to be imposed and they shall be of a design which will render them impervious to exposure. Operators shall test brakes before lifting any load at the start of each shift.

**p.** In no case shall stresses in excess of the manufacturer's recommendation be permitted. Equipment not carrying a manufacturer's recommendation shall not exceed stresses of more than one half of the yield strength of the material used. Conversion of cranes, shovels, etc., into yarders shall be in conformity with these rules. Necessary guylines or outriggers shall be provided and used to effectively prevent mast, A-frames, etc., from tipping or overturning.

**q.** The manufacturer's recommendations for line sizes, if in compliance with these rules, shall be followed and such line sizes shall not exceed the rated capacity of the machine using it. ()

**r.** Fork lifts or arms, tongs, clams or grapples shall be lowered to their lowest position and all equipment brakes set before the operator leaves the machine.

s. Log unloaders shall not be moved about the premises for distances greater than absolutely necessary with the lift extended or with the loads higher than necessary for clear vision. ()

t. All log handling machines which have lift arms that create a shear point with the driver's cab or position shall be provided sheer guards that will eliminate the operator's exposure to such hazard. Grapple arms or other positive means of keeping logs on the forks shall be required on fork lift-type loading machines. ()

**u.** All workers shall be in the clear and in view of the machine operator before a lift is made. ( )

v. All mobile log handling machines shall be equipped with rearview mirrors, a horn or other audible warning device, and lights front and rear so as to illuminate the entire length of the load being lifted or carried. An automatic warning device that will activate when the vehicle is moved is preferable in areas where other workers are employed.

w. Logs or loads shall not be swung over occupied equipment or workers and no person shall ride the load or rigging.

**x.** While logs are being loaded, no person shall remain on the chain deck or behind the truck cab

## DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY Idaho Minimum Safety Standards & Practices for Logging

protector where they could be pinned between the end of a log and cab, tank, or cab protector. Cab protectors shall be cleaned of all loose gear before trucks are moved from the landing.

**y.** An unimpaired clearance of not less than three (3) feet shall be maintained from swinging or moving parts of machines, where such swinging or moving parts create a hazard to personnel. If this clearance cannot be maintained, suitable barricades or safeguards shall be installed to isolate the hazardous area. ()

**z.** A-frames, towers, masts, etc., shall be designed and constructed to provide adequate structural strength and height for positive control of materials or loads lifted. When in use, they shall be guyed or braced to provide stability and prevent tipping. Their bases shall be secured against possible displacement. ()

**aa.** All log handling equipment shall be equipped with brakes capable of holding and controlling the vehicle with capacity load.

**bb.** A limit stop which will prevent the lift arms from over-traveling shall be installed on all electric powered log unloaders.

cc. Gas powered vehicles shall not be refueled while motor is running nor in the vicinity of smoking or ()

**dd.** All log handling equipment shall be equipped with approved fire extinguisher of at least five (5) B.C. rating easily accessible to operator.

ee. Methods of unloading logs shall be properly arranged and used in a manner to provide protection to ()

**ff.** After cars or trucks are spotted at such dump or landing, no person will be permitted to pass between a brow log and a truck or rail car.

gg. Where there is danger of tongs or hooks pulling out of the logs, straps shall be used. ( )

hh. All equipment should be so positioned, equipped, or protected so that no part shall be capable of coming within ten (10) feet of any power line.

ii. Bunk logs shall extend not less than twelve (12) inches beyond the bunks, with the exception of non-oscillating bunks.

**jj.** The method of loading shall be such that the logs in any tier or layer unsecured by stakes or cheese blocks shall have their centers inside of the centers of the outer logs of the next lower tier or layer so that the load is stable without the aid of binders. Logs shall be well saddled without crowding so that there will be no excessive strain on the binders, bunk chains, or stakes. No more than one half (1/2) of any log shall extend above the stakes unless properly and securely saddled. ( )

**kk.** Binders shall be so placed that they will not be fouled by the unloading machine and that they may be released from the side on which the unloader operates. Proper protection shall be provided for workers while removing wrappers.

**II.** Truck drivers shall be in the clear and in view of the log unloader operator before forks are moved into the load or against it, before a lift is made. All persons are prohibited from standing under, or near, the ends of logs being lifted or moved.

mm. Loads or logs shall not be moved or shifted while binders are being applied or adjusted.

NOTE: For logs in transit see "Log Truck Transportation" (IDAPA 07.08.12, Section 010).

nn. All log dumps, trailer loading areas, and landings shall be kept reasonably free from bark and other ( )

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**00.** Logs in storage decks shall be so arranged as to prevent logs from rolling off the face of the deck.

**pp.** All log load wrappers shall be arranged so that they must be released in view of the unloader operator or signal person. When binders are released by remote control devices and when the person releasing the binders is in a safe location, and when in view of the unloading operators, or signal person, the binders may be released from either side. After the unloading machine is in position to hold the load, the binders shall be removed and the person removing them shall be in a safe location in view of the operator. The operator will be given a signal by the person releasing the binders before the machine or load is moved.

## 02. Trailer Loading Hoist/Sawmill Log Dump.

**a.** The hoist shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the National Electrical Code, so as to provide safe loading or unloading of the trailer.

**b.** The hoist shall be equipped with a limiting device to maintain safe take-up limits of line on the hoisting drum.

**c.** Regular service and inspection of the hoist and hoisting equipment shall be made to assure reliable serviceability of the facility.

## IDAPA 07 – DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY 07.11.01 – RULES OF THE DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY DOCKET NO. 07-1101-1901 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

## LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 67-9401 and 67-9407, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the September 4, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-9, pages 163 through 165.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Ron Whitney, Deputy Administrator, at (208) 332-7150 or at ron.whitney@dbs.idaho.gov.

Dated this 30th day of October, 2019.

Ron Whitney, Deputy Administrator Division of Building Safety 1090 E. Watertower St., Ste. 150 P. O. Box 83720 Meridian, ID 83642 Phone: (208) 332-7150 Fax: (877) 810-2840 ron.whitney@dbs.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 67-9401 and 67-9407, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 18, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rulemaking implements the provisions of Title 67, Chapter 94, Idaho Code, and provides processes, criteria, or both to accept military education, training, or service from military members, former military members discharged under honorable conditions, veterans, or their spouses (Military Applicants) toward the requirements for a professional license with the Division of Building Safety; and issue licenses by endorsement to Military Applicants.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

This rulemaking will not have a fiscal impact on any general, dedicated, or federal funds because this rulemaking merely provides processes and criteria regarding the qualifications, expedited applications, and licensure by endorsement of Military Applicants.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because these changes are required pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 94, Idaho Code.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Ron Whitney, Deputy Administrator, at (208) 332-7150 or at ron.whitney@dbs.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 25, 2019.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 07-1101-1901

## 07.11.01 – RULES OF THE DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The Division of Building Safety is authorized under Title 67, Chapter 94, Idaho Code, and Section 67-2601A, Idaho Code, to promulgate rules for the issuance of licenses in the professions devolved for administration upon the Division.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. These rules are titled IDAPA 07.11.01, "Rules of the Division of Building Safety." ( )

**02. Scope**. These rules are applicable to licenses administered by the Division pursuant to Title 54, Chapters 10, 19, 26, 45, and 50, and Title 44, Chapter 21.

## 002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

In accordance with Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, this agency may have written statements that pertain to the interpretation of these rules. Any such statements are available for public inspection and copying pursuant to the Public Records Act, Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code.

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

All agency actions may be appealed in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act at Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General."

#### 004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference into these rules.

#### 005. OFFICE – MAILING ADDRESS - STREET ADDRESS – OFFICE HOURS - WEB ADDRESS.

The Division of Building Safety's central office is located at 1090 E. Watertower Street, Suite 150, Meridian, Idaho 83642. The Division's satellite offices are located at 1250 Ironwood Drive, Suite 220, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho 83814, and at 2055 Garrett Way, Building 1, Suite 4, Pocatello, Idaho 83201. All Division offices are open from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., except Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays. The Division's telephone number is (208) 334-3950 and facsimile number is (877) 810- 2840. The Division's web address is http://dbs.idaho.gov. ()

#### 006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

These rules are subject to and in compliance with the Public Records Act, Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code. ( )

#### 007. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Division. The Idaho Division of Building Safety. ( )

**02.** Licensing Program. The electrical program, plumbing program, HVAC program, manufactured home program, or public works contractor license program within the Division.

**03. Military Applicant**. A member of the military, former member of the military discharged under honorable conditions, veteran, or spouse of any such person applying for any initial or renewal license or registration issued by any Licensing Program.

### **008.** -- **010.** (**RESERVED**)

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#### 011. MILITARY, VETERAN, AND SPOUSE LICENSE APPLICATIONS

01. Qualifications for Licensure. Each Licensing Program within the Division will determine which and to what extent any military education, training, or service that has been completed is relevant or applicable toward the requirements to receive a license for an occupation administered by such respective Licensing Program. The Division will accept and identify on its website military education, training, or service determined by the Division to be relevant and applicable. Each Licensing Program will at a minimum consider the following criteria when determining whether to accept any type of training, education, or work experience, whether Military Applicants received such from the armed forces or other sources:

**a.** The nature of the training, education, or work experience, including whether it involved the installation of equipment, materials, fixtures, apparatuses, controls, wires, piping, systems, or other related or like components the installation of which the statutes and rules of Idaho require a person to be licensed.

**b.** Whether the scope of the training, education, or work experience addressed the installation of equipment, materials, fixtures, apparatuses, controls, wires, piping, systems, or other related or like components the installation of which is prescribed by a nationally recognized code adopted in the state of Idaho. ()

**02. Licensure by Endorsement.** Upon review, each Licensing Program may grant a license by endorsement to any Military Applicant who at the time of application to the Division possesses a current, valid, and unrestricted license from another state, district, territory of the United States, or from any branch of the armed forces or national guard that is equivalent in nature to the license for which the applicant has applied. Each Licensing Program will at a minimum consider the following criteria when determining whether to grant a license by endorsement:

**a.** The nature of the license held by the Military Applicant, including the scope of actual occupational work the license allows the applicant to perform in the other jurisdiction, and the scope of work the applicant has actually performed under authority of the license; ()

**b.** The length of time the Military Applicant has held the license from another jurisdiction; ( )

**c.** The requirements of the other jurisdiction to obtain the license, including schooling or education, work experience, and on-the-job training and hours of such; examination and passing score requirements; or licensure disciplinary history.

**03. Records Verification and Affidavits**. The Division may require a Military Applicant to provide records or other documentation verifying the completion of military education, training, or service or the issuance of a previous license. The Division may also require a Military Applicant to provide a sworn affidavit attesting to the veracity of the information provided in an application for licensure or registration. ()

#### 012. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## **IDAPA 09 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## DOCKET NO. 09-0000-1900

## NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** These rules have been adopted by the agency and are now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rules become final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rules are approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rules are approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rules becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted pending rules. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 45-616 and 72-1333(2), Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rules and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rules and the text of the pending rules with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This following pending rules adopt and re-publish the following existing and previously approved and codified chapter(s) under IDAPA 09, rules of the Idaho Department of Labor:

#### IDAPA 09

- 09.01.01, Rules of the Administrative Procedures of the Idaho Department of Labor
- 09.01.08, Rules on the Disclosure of Employment Security Information
- 09.01.30, Unemployment Insurance Benefit Administration Rules
- 09.01.35, Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration
- 09.01.60, Complaint Procedures Under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act
- 09.02.01, Rules of the Disability Determinations Service
- 09.05.03, Rules Determining Bargaining Representatives

The text of the pending rules is amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 1,184-1,247.

- 1. Outside of edits that delete excess and unnecessary verbiage or clarify the rule language so it is easier to read and understand, no significant changes or edits were made to the following proposed rules published in the June 19,2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin:
  - 09.01.01 Rules of the Administrative Procedures of the Idaho Department of Labor
  - 09.01.08 Rules on the Disclosure of Employment Security Information
  - 09.01.35 Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration
  - 09.02.01 Rules of the Disability Determinations Service
  - 09.05.03 Rules Determining Bargaining Representatives
- 2. Of the proposed rules published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, the following pending rules contain additional changes summarized as follows:

#### A. 09.01.30 - Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules

1. Section 575.04.c. Code C is a section of this chapter that defines a code used to identify a claimant looking for work. The code in question – Code C – is being deleted because it has not been used for more than 20 years, and is considered obsolete and irrelevant:

• 575.04.c. Code C. A claimant who has no marketable skills or whose skills have become obsolete and who is unable to return to his former occupation, or who has a special need for employment-related services.

2. Sections 425.05, 425.06, 575.09 refer to the work registration requirement that is currently duplicated in statute, 72-1366(2), making the rule duplicative and redundant. The Department's Unemployment Insurance Benefits

#### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR IDAPA 09

Bureau works closely with the Workforce Services Bureau to encourage claimants to register for work and assist individuals in finding new work.

**B.** 09.01.60 - Complaint Procedures Under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act

1. This chapter describes the procedures for processing complaints in accordance with federal regulations under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA). According to the department's Deputy Attorney General, the deletions for this chapter involve details of the internal complaint processing procedures that - because said details are included in the Idaho State WIOA nondiscrimination plan – do not need to be in Rule and include sections:

- 012.01- 02 and 08 -11, Discrimination Complaints
- 013.01-07, Program Complaints Against Local WIOA Programs and Policies Initial Review
- 014.01 06, Program Complaints Against Statewide WIOA Programs and Policies Initial Review

**FISCAL IMPACT:** It is not expected this rulemaking will have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact:

- Georgia Smith, Deputy Director (x2102) IDAPA 09.01.01; IDAPA 09.01.08; IDAPA 09.05.03
- Amy Hohnstein, Administrator (x3330) IDAPA 09.01.60
- Joshua McKenna Bureau Chief (x3919) IDAPA 09.01.30
- Larry Ingram Bureau Chief (x3543) IDAPA 09.01.35
- Laura Croft (x2343) IDAPA 09.02.01

Dated this 23rd day of October, 2019.

Jani Revier, Director Idaho Department of Labor 317 W. Main Street Boise, ID 83735 Phone: (208) 332-3570 ext. 3110 Fax: (208) 334-6430

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 45-616 and 72-1333(2), Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 09, Rules of the Idaho Department of Labor, with modification.

#### IDAPA 09

- 09.01.01 *Rules of Administrative Procedures of the Idaho Department of Labor* Re-named from Rules of the Executive Division and with modifications and modified content from other existing chapters.
- 09.01.08 Rules on Disclosure of Employment Security Information with modification.
- 09.01.30 Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules with modification.
- 09.01.35 Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration Rules with modification.
- 09.01.60 Complaint Procedures Under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act with modification.
- 09.02.01 Rules of the Disability Determinations Service with modification.
- 09.05.03 Rules Determining Bargaining Representatives with modification.

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rules is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules.

**FEE SUMMARY:** This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rules, call (208) 332-3570 and ask for:

- Georgia Smith, Deputy Director (x2102) IDAPA 09.01.01; IDAPA 09.01.08; IDAPA 09.05.03
- Amy Hohnstein, Administrator (x3330) IDAPA 09.01.06; IDAPA 09.01.50; IDAPA 09.01.60
- Joshua McKenna Bureau Chief (x3919) IDAPA 09.01.04; IDAPA 09.01.30
- Larry Ingram Bureau Chief (x3543) IDAPA 09.01.35
- Laura Croft (x2343) IDAPA 09.02.01

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th of June, 2019.

## THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 09-0000-1900

#### 09.01.01 – RULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under Sections 45-616 and 72-1333(2), Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules are titled IDAPA 09.01.01, "Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Department of Labor."

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**02.** Scope. These rules govern all procedures for rulemaking, petitions for declaratory rulings, and determinations and appeals pursuant to the Employment Security Law, Title 72, Chapter 13, Idaho Code, and the Claims for Wages Act, Title 45, Chapter 6, Idaho Code, and for other programs administered by the Department unless otherwise specified by law.

#### 002. (RESERVED)

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals from determinations under the Employment Security Law and the Claims for Wages Act may be taken as provided in these rules and applicable provisions of the Employment Security Law and the Claims for Wages Act.

## 004. PAYMENTS TO THE DEPARTMENT.

Any payment tendered to the Department will be for collection only and will not constitute payment of any amount due until the payment clears the appropriate financial institution. Should the Department incur any additional expense in the payment collection, the expense will be paid by the person who tenders said payment to the Department.

#### 005. – 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Appeals Examiner. A Department hearing officer designated to hear administrative appeals pursuant to the Employment Security Law and the Claims for Wages Act.

02. Claims for Wages Act. The Claims for Wages Act codified at Title 45, Chapter 6, Idaho Code.

**03. Department**. The Idaho Department of Labor.

**04. Determination**. Unless the context clearly suggests otherwise, reference to a determination in these rules includes a determination, redetermination, or a revised determination. ()

**05.** Employment Security Law. The Employment Security Law codified at Title 72, Chapter 13, Idaho Code.

#### 011. – 014. (RESERVED)

## 015. EXEMPTION FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE RULES FOR CONTESTED CASES.

Pursuant to Section 67-5206(5), Idaho Code, the procedures contained in Subchapter B, "Contested Cases," of the Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General, IDAPA 04.11.01.100 through 04.11.01.799, do not apply to appeals within the Department. All appeals within the Department are governed solely by the provisions of the Employment Security Law, the Claims for Wages Act, these rules, and by the applicable federal law governing programs administered by the Department.

# 016. REASONS FOR EXEMPTION FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL'S ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE RULES.

**01. Unemployment Insurance Benefits and Tax Contribution Proceedings**. Sections 72-1361 and 72-1368, Idaho Code, provide that all proceedings to determine the rights to unemployment insurance benefits and tax contribution coverage are exempt from the contested case and judicial review provisions of the Idaho

Administrative Procedure Act. Appeals of complaint determinations and other decisions arising within the complaint system or other programs administered by the Department must be determined by the requirements of applicable federal law. Procedures for administrative proceedings and appeals are provided for in the Employment Security Law and these rules. All procedures affecting the rights to benefits and unemployment insurance coverage must be determined solely by the requirements of the Employment Security Law. Such proceedings must be speedy and simple as required by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act and the Social Security Act. The Department determines that it can more adequately meet these requirements through promulgating its own rules rather than relying upon the rules applicable to other state agencies.

**02.** Claims for Wages Proceedings. All proceedings to determine claims for wages are exempt from the contested case provisions of the Idaho Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Section 45-617(2), Idaho Code. Procedures for administrative proceedings and appeals are provided for in the Claims for Wages Act and these rules.

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## 017. (RESERVED)

## 018. DECLARATORY RULING PROCEDURES.

Form and Contents of Petitions for Declaratory Rulings on Applicability of Statutes or Rules. Any person petitioning for a declaratory ruling on the applicability of a statute or Department rule must comply with this rule.

01. Form of Petition. The petition must: identify the petitioner and state the petitioner's interest in the matter; state the declaratory ruling that the petitioner seeks; and indicate the statute, or rule, and the factual allegations upon which the petitioner relies to support the petition. ()

**02.** Legal Assertions. Citations of cases and/or statutory provisions may accompany the legal assertions in a petition for a declaratory ruling.

**03. Filing Petition**. A petition for a declaratory ruling on applicability of statutes or rules must be filed with the Director of the Department at 317 Main Street, Boise, Idaho 83735.

04. Disposition of Petitions for Declaratory Rulings. When a petition is received in the form and content required by these rules, the Director or the Director's designee will review the petition contents and request additional information from the petitioner, if necessary, and thereafter rule on the petition and notify the petitioner and any other interested parties in writing of the ruling.

## 019. – 024. (RESERVED)

## 025. WAGE CLAIMS PROCEDURES.

Administrative procedures for wage claims filed with the Department pursuant to the Claims for Wages Act are governed by these rules and Section 45-617, Idaho Code.

## 026. DISMISSAL OF WAGE CLAIMS FOR LACK OF PROSECUTION.

Wage claimants have a responsibility to seek prompt adjudication of their claims. The Department may dismiss, without prejudice, wage claims when claimants fail to respond within thirty (30) days to written notice from the Department that additional action is required on their part to prosecute their claim. The thirty (30) day period for a response begins the date the notice is mailed to the wage claimant's last known address. Mailed responses are deemed received the date they are postmarked. A wage claim dismissed for lack of prosecution may be refiled with the Department subject to limitations of Sections 45-614 and 45-617(1), Idaho Code.

## 027. WAGE CLAIM AND EMPLOYMENT SECURITY LAW DETERMINATIONS.

**01. Determinations and Time for Filing Appeals**. Department determinations under the Claims for Wages Act and Employment Security Law must be in writing and contain provisions advising the interested parties of their right to appeal the determination within fourteen (14) days from the date of mailing, or the date of electronic transmission to an electronic-mail address approved by the Department, in accordance with Sections 45-617(5), 72-1361 and 72-1368(5), Idaho Code. Every such determination must contain and clearly identify the mailing address, fax number and electronic address for filing an appeal. A determination is final unless, within fourteen (14) days after

## IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Labor

notice, as provided in Sections 45-617(5) and 72-1368(5), Idaho Code, an appeal is filed by an interested party with the Department in accordance with these rules. If an appeal from a wage claim determination is not timely filed, the amount awarded by a final determination will be immediately due and payable to the Department.

**02. Appeals Heard By Appeals Examiners**. Appeals from wage claim and Employment Security Law determinations will be heard by an appeals examiner in accordance with the Claims for Wages Act, the Employment Security Law, and these rules.

**03. Computation of Time.** In computing any time period prescribed or allowed by the Employment Security Law or the Claims for Wages Act, the day of the act, event, or default is not to be included. Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays will be counted during the period, except, if the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the period extends to the next business day following the Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. ()

## 028. – 034. (RESERVED)

# 035. APPEALS TO APPEALS EXAMINER – FORM AND MANNER OF FILING OF NOTICES OF APPEAL.

**01.** Form of Notices of Appeal. Any appeal taken to an appeals examiner pursuant to the Employment Security Law and the Claims for Wages Act must be in writing, signed by an interested party, the appellant or representative, and contain words that, by fair interpretation, request the appeal process for a specific determination or other decision of the Department.

**02.** Filing of Notices of Appeal. To appeal a determination or other decision of the Department, interested parties must follow the instructions on these rules and the document being appealed. If an appeal is delivered personally, the personal delivery date will be noted on the appeal and deemed the date of filing. A faxed or electronically transmitted appeal received after 5 p.m., mountain time zone, on a business day will be deemed filed on the next business day. A faxed or electronically transmitted appeal received after 5 p.m., mountain time zone, on a weekend or holiday will be deemed filed on the next business day. If mailed, the appeal will be deemed filed on the date of mailing as determined by the postmark on the envelope containing the appeal, unless a party establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that but for error by the U.S. Postal Service, the envelope would have been postmarked within the period for timely appeal. If such a postal error is established, the appeal will be deemed to be timely filed. Ref. Section 72-1368(6), and Section 45-617, Idaho Code.

## 036. DATE OF MAILING OF DETERMINATIONS.

The date indicated on Department determinations, revised determinations, redeterminations and decisions as the "Date of Mailing" or "Date Mailed" will be presumed to be the date the document was deposited in the United States mail, or the date the document was electronically transmitted to an electronic-mail address approved by the Department pursuant to Section 72-1368(5), Idaho Code, unless shown otherwise by a preponderance of competent evidence.

## **037.** EFFECT OF DELAY OR ERROR OF POSTAL SERVICE OR DEPARTMENT.

**01. Department Determinations.** If a party establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that because of delay or error by the U.S. Postal Service or error on the part of the Department, notice of a Department determination was not delivered to the party's last known address, or transmitted electronically to the party's electronic-mail address approved by the Department, within fourteen (14) days of mailing, as provided by the Employment Security Law and by the Claims for Wages Act, the period for filing a timely appeal extends to fourteen (14) days from the date of actual notice. ()

**02. Decisions of the Appeals Examiner**. If a party establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that, because of delay or error by the U.S. Postal Service, or because of error on the part of the Department, notice of a decision by an appeals examiner was not delivered to the party's last known address, or transmitted electronically to the party's electronic-mail address approved by the Department, within the time periods prescribed by the Employment Security Law or the Claims for Wages Act for filing an application for rehearing or an appeal to the Industrial Commission, as the case may be, then: ()

IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE	IDAPA 09.01.01
Department of Labor	Administrative Procedure Rules

**a.** For an application for rehearing that must be filed within ten (10) days of notice of a decision, the period for filing a timely application for rehearing extends to ten (10) days from the date of actual notice; and (

**b.** For an appeal to the Industrial Commission that must be filed within fourteen (14) days of notice of a decision, the period for filing a timely appeal extends fourteen (14) days from the date of actual notice. Ref. Section 72-1368 (5) and (6) and Section 45-617(7), Idaho Code.

## 038. DISMISSAL IF FILING IS LATE.

Where it appears any appeal (request for hearing) to the appeals examiner, or claim, or any other request or application, was not filed within the time period prescribed for filing, it will be dismissed on such grounds; provided, however, before or after such dismissal, the adversely affected interested party will be notified and given an opportunity to show that such appeal, claim for review, petition, or other request was timely. If it is found that such appeal, claim for review, petition was timely, the matter will be decided on the merits. Copies of a decision under this section will either be given, mailed, or electronically transmitted to an electronic-mail address approved by the Department pursuant to Section 72-1368(5), Idaho Code, to all interested parties, together with a clear statement of right of appeal or review. Ref. Section 72-1368 and Section 45-617, Idaho Code. ( )

#### 039. – 044. (RESERVED)

### 045. CONDUCT OF APPEALS HEARING.

Upon request for appeal, a hearing before an appeals examiner will be set. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing will be mailed or electronically transmitted to each interested party not less than seven (7) days prior to the hearing date.

01. Telephone Hearings. Hearings will be held by telephone unless, at the sole discretion of the appeals examiner, a personal hearing should be set. In deciding the manner in which to conduct the hearing, the appeals examiner will consider factors, including but not limited to the desires of the parties, possible delay and expense, the burden of proof, the complexity of the issues, and the number and location of witnesses. ()

**02. Continuance**. The appeals examiner may postpone or continue a hearing for good cause on the examiner's own motion or that of any party, before a hearing is concluded. The appeals examiner may dismiss an appeal for good cause, such as abandonment of the appeal. ()

**03. Rehearing**. An application for rehearing will be in writing and filed in person or postmarked within ten (10) days after the appeals examiner's decision is served.

04. No Appearance Hearings. If no party appears to present additional evidence, a decision may be based on the existing record. For this purpose, the existing record will consist of documents maintained by the Department in the ordinary course of adjudicating the issues in the case, copies of which are provided to the parties with the notice of hearing.

**05. Exhibits and Recordings**. Hearing exhibits and recordings may be destroyed, reused, or otherwise disposed of after the expiration of the time period for appeal from the decisions of the appeals examiner. ()

**06. Subpoenas**. After determining a subpoena of a witness or records is necessary and reasonable, the appeals examiner will issue the subpoena, which may be served by mail or in person. ()

07. Failure to Respond to Subpoena. If a person fails to respond to a subpoena issued by mail, the appeals examiner will proceed with the scheduled hearing and determine, after hearing available testimony, whether the subpoena is still necessary and reasonable. If so, the hearing will be continued and a second subpoena will be issued and personally served.

08. Witness Fees. Individuals who attend hearings before the appeals examiner as subpoenaed witnesses, not parties, are entitled to receive a fee of seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50) for each day or portion thereof for attendance. In no case will a witness be paid more than seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50) for any one (1) day. Subpoenaed witnesses are entitled to mileage expense at the current allowable mileage reimbursement rate as determined by the Idaho State Board of Examiners. For appeals under the Employment Security Law, such witness

fees and mileage expenses will be paid from the Employment Security Administration fund. Under no circumstances will interested parties to a hearing be granted witness fees or mileage expenses. Mileage fees are not allowed for vicinity travel.

**09.** Undecided Issues. When it is apparent that there is no prior ruling on an issue that must be decided under the Act, the appeals examiner may hear and decide the issue. ()

**10. Type of Hearing**. The proceeding before an appeals examiner will be a hearing "de novo" or original hearing and not solely a review proceeding. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code.

**11. Role of Appeals Examiner**. The appeals examiner will function as a fact finder and not solely as a judge. The appeals examiner will have the responsibility of developing all the evidence that is reasonably available. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code.

12. Order of Witnesses. The appeals examiner, in the exercise of reasonable discretion, will direct the order of witnesses and develop evidence in a logical and orderly manner to move the hearing along as expeditiously as possible. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code.

**13.** Evidence. The appeals examiner may exclude evidence that is irrelevant, unduly repetitious, or excludable on constitutional or statutory grounds, or on the basis of any evidentiary privilege provided by statute or recognized in the courts of this state. All other evidence may be admitted if it is of a type commonly relied upon by prudent persons in the conduct of their affairs. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code. ()

14. Disruptive Individuals. The appeals examiner may exclude disruptive individuals from the hearing or may postpone the hearing if the integrity of the proceedings is being compromised. If an interested party is excluded, they will be provided a copy of the recording of the proceedings and given an opportunity to submit written evidence and argument prior to the issuance of the decision and the opposing party will be given an opportunity to respond. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code.

**15. Challenge of General Knowledge**. If judicially cognizable facts or general, technical, or scientific facts within the appeals examiner's specialized knowledge are used in the decision, the parties will be given an opportunity to challenge them at the time of the hearing, or at the time of the issuance of the decision. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code. ()

**16. Closing Arguments**. Closing arguments will be limited to five (5) minutes for each party unless the appeals examiner grants an exception. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(6) and Sec. 45-617(7), Idaho Code.

## 046. COMMUNICATION WITH APPEALS STAFF.

No party involved in an appeal may communicate, either directly or indirectly, with appeals examiners, the Chief of the Appeals Bureau, or clerical staff of the Appeals Bureau, regarding any issue of fact or law relevant to an appeal, unless all parties involved have been provided notice and an opportunity to participate in such communication. No person acting on behalf of any party, including the Idaho Department of Labor, may attempt to influence the disposition of an appeal through such communications. No appeals examiner may knowingly cause a communication prohibited by this section to be made.

**01. Prohibition of Ex Parte Contacts**. The prohibition on ex parte contacts contained in this rule applies from the time an appeal is filed pursuant to IDAPA 09.01.01.025 or IDAPA 09.01.01.027 until the appeal becomes final and conclusive pursuant to Sections 72-1368 and 45-617, Idaho Code.

**02. Issues of Fact**. As used in this rule, the term "issue of fact or law relevant to an appeal" includes any matter relating to the merits of an appeal but does not include questions of appeals procedure or case status inquiries. Parties may not direct questions of appeals procedure or case status inquiries to the appeals examiner assigned to their case but rather to other appeals examiners, the Chief of the Appeals Bureau (unless he or she is functioning as the appeals examiner in the case), or to clerical staff of the Appeals Bureau.

03. **Reporting Prohibited Contacts**. An appeals examiner or other Appeals Bureau employee who receives a communication prohibited by this rule must place in the record of the case all such written communications

or a memorandum stating the substance of all such oral communications. The Appeals Bureau must send a full copy of the communication to other interested parties to the appeal and allow an appropriate time for the parties to respond.

## 047. – 059. (RESERVED)

## 060. INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION REVIEW OF APPEALS EXAMINER DECISIONS.

01. Claim for Review Under the Employment Security Law. A claim for review of the appeals examiner's decision, as provided in Section 72-1368, Idaho Code, must be made in writing, signed by the person claiming the review or by his attorney or agent, and filed with the Idaho Industrial Commission in accordance with rules adopted by the Commission. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(7) Idaho Code.

**02. Transcripts.** Upon receipt of a notice that a claim for review has been filed with the Industrial Commission, a true and correct transcript of the recorded proceedings must be prepared if ordered by the Commission. Copies of transcripts or recording of the proceedings, together with exhibits received in the case, must be transmitted by the Department to the Commission and provided to all interested parties without charge. () **061.** – **064. (RESERVED)** 

#### 065. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF WAGE CLAIM DECISIONS.

A claimant or employer aggrieved by a final decision of the appeals examiner in a wage claim proceeding may seek judicial review of the decision pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code, and Section 45-619, Idaho Code, by timely filing a petition for judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction. The Department is not an aggrieved party for purposes of any judicial review proceeding and will not be made a party in any petition for judicial review. The proper parties in a petition for judicial review are the claimant and the employer.

#### 066. – 999. (RESERVED)

## 09.01.08 - RULES ON DISCLOSURE OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY INFORMATION

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under Sections 72-1333 and 72-1342, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 09.01.08, "Rules on Disclosure of Employment Security Information." ()

**02.** Scope. These rules address disclosure by the Department of employment security information, as defined in Section 74-106(7), Idaho Code. These rules comply with the requirements of 20 CFR Part 603, "Confidentiality and Disclosure of State Unemployment Compensation Information," and the Idaho Public Records Act.

#### 002. (RESERVED)

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

There is no administrative appeal under this chapter. Appeals of denials of requests for Department records are governed by the provisions of the Idaho Public Records Act.

#### 004. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Agent. One who acts for or in the place of an individual or employer by the authority of that individual or employer. (5-8-09)

**02.** Employment Security Law. The act codified at Title 72, Chapter 13, Idaho Code. ()

03. Payment in Advance. Full payment of all costs before or at the time that employment security information is disclosed to a recipient. (5-8-09)

04. Public Official. In accordance with Section 72-1342, Idaho Code, a "public official" is an official, elected official, or a contractor thereof in or for a federal, state, or local government, agency, or public entity within the executive branch of federal, state, or local government, who has responsibility for administering or enforcing a law, including research related to administration of a law.

**05. Public Records Act**. The act codified at Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code. ()

## 011. ACCESS BY PERSONS TO INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THEM.

01. Individual or Employer. Individuals or employers may access employment security information pertaining to them, subject to the procedures and restrictions contained in the Idaho Public Records Act and reimbursement provisions in Section 020 of these rules. Unless the disclosure is for the purposes of the Employment Security Law, the Department will not comply with requests for disclosure of records to an individual or employer on an ongoing basis, and only existing records in the Department's custody as of the date of receipt of the request will be disclosed, not records that may be created in the future.

02. Attorney. An attorney representing a party for the purposes of the Employment Security Law need only submit a letter on letterhead to the Department confirming the attorney's representation of the party, for an Employment Security Law purpose, to access any employment security information that would be available to the attorney's client. If the attorney is not representing the client for the purposes of the Employment Security Law, the attorney must provide an informed consent release, in the same manner and with the same restrictions as an agent in Subsection 011.04 of these rules, in order to access any employment security information that would be available to the client. (5-8-09)

03. Elected Official. An elected official performing constituent services who requests employment security information on behalf of an individual or employer may access any employment security information related to the inquiry and available to the constituent if the elected official presents reasonable evidence the constituent authorized the disclosure. Such reasonable evidence may include a letter or written record of a telephone request for assistance from the constituent.

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Labor

## IDAPA 09.01.08 – Disclosure of Employment Security Information

04. Agent. In order to access any employment security information available to the individual or employer, an agent of an individual or employer must provide an informed consent release that meets the requirements of Subsection 013.01 of these rules. If the disclosure is for the purposes of Employment Security Law and it is impossible or impracticable to obtain an informed consent release, the agent must provide clear and convincing evidence, as determined by the Department, that the agent is authorized to act on behalf of the individual or employer in order to access any employment Security Law, the Department will not comply with requests for disclosure of records to an agent on an ongoing basis, and only existing records in the Department's custody as of the date of receipt of the request will be disclosed pursuant to the informed consent release, not records that may be created in the future.

## 012. DISCLOSURE TO PUBLIC OFFICIALS.

Employment security information may be disclosed by the director or the director's authorized representative to the following public officials or to an agent or contractor of the following public officials, for use in the performance of official duties: (5-8-09)

01. Required by Federal Law. Any public agency to whom the Department is required by federal law to disclose information, under the terms and restrictions required by federal law; (5-8-09)

**02. Reciprocal Disclosures**. Any public agency where reciprocal disclosures from such agency to the Department will reasonably assist in the collection of contributions and payments in lieu of contributions. (5-8-09)

**03. Benefit to Department**. Any public agency to whom disclosure of Department information would be consistent with the mission of the Department or of benefit to the Department, as determined by the director.

(5-8-09)

04. Written Agreement. Any release of information to public officials under Subsections 012.02 and 012.03 of these rules must be pursuant to a written agreement signed by the requesting agency director or their authorized representative and the director of the Department. If an agent or contractor is to obtain or access information on behalf of a requesting agency, the requesting agency director or the director's authorized representative must sign the agreement. The requesting agency will be responsible for ensuring the agent or contractor complies with all security requirements of the agreement. ()

05. Terms and Conditions of Written Agreement. The interagency agreement must contain the following provisions: (5-8-09)

**a.** A description of the specific information to be furnished by the Department and the purpose(s) for which the information is sought and will be used; (5-8-09)

**b.** A statement that those who request or receive information under the agreement will be limited to those individuals, identified by name or job title, or both, with a need to access for purpose(s) specified in the agreement; (5-8-09)

c. Methods and timing, if the disclosure is to be made more than once, including the format to be (5-8-09)

**d.** Provisions for timely payment of the Department's billed costs as required by Subsection 020.02 of these rules, including the Department's costs of performing on-site inspections to ensure compliance with State and Federal law and agreement requirements; ()

e. Provisions for safeguarding the information disclosed, including the following requirements:

(5-8-09)

i. Recipient will use the information only for purposes authorized by law and specified in the (5-8-09)

ii. Recipient will store the information in a place physically secure from access by unauthorized

persons;

(5-8-09)

iii. Recipient will store and process the information maintained in electronic format in a way that unauthorized persons cannot obtain the information by any means; (5-8-09)

iv. Recipient will undertake precautions to ensure only authorized personnel have access to the information stored in computer systems; ( )

v. Recipient will instruct and have all personnel with access to the information sign an acknowledgment they will adhere to the agreement's confidentiality requirements; understand the civil and criminal penalties in Sections 72-1372 and 72-1374, Idaho Code for unauthorized disclosure of information; and will fully and promptly report to the Department any breach of the confidentiality requirements; ()

vi. Except for any information possessed by any court, Recipient will dispose of the information and any copies made by the requesting agency or its agent or contractor after the purpose of the disclosure has been served, and will not retain the information with personal identifiers for any longer period of time than the Department deems appropriate; and ()

vii. Recipient will redisclose the information only as provided in the agreement or as required by State (5-8-09)

**f.** Provisions for on-site inspections of the requesting agency and/or its agent or contractor by the Department to ensure compliance with State and Federal law and the requirements of the agreement; (5-8-09)

g. Provisions that stipulate the Department determines the requesting agency or its agent or contractor is not adhering to the requirements of the agreement, including timely payment of the Department's billed costs, any and all further disclosures will immediately be suspended until the Department is satisfied corrective action has been taken and there will be no further breach; ()

**h.** Provisions for terminating this agreement if, after a breach of the agreement, prompt and satisfactory corrective action is not taken, and for the immediate surrender to the Department of all employment security information, including copies in any form, obtained under the agreement by the requesting agency and/or its agent or contactor; and (5-8-09)

i. Provisions for the Department to take any remedial action permitted under State or Federal law to enforce the agreement, including seeking damages, penalties, restitution, attorneys fees and costs incurred by the Department for pursuit of any breaches of the agreement and required enforcement. (5-8-09)

06. Exception for Certain Federal Agencies. These requirements do not apply to disclosures of employment security information to a Federal agency which the U.S. Department of Labor has determined, by notice in the Federal Register, to have in place safeguards adequate to satisfy the confidentiality requirement of Section 303(a)(1) of the Social Security Act, and an appropriate method of paying or reimbursing the Department for any costs involved in such disclosures. (5-8-09)

**07.** Safety Concerns. Employment security information may be disclosed to a public official contacted for assistance when the safety of Department staff or property may be at risk. Such disclosures are considered necessary for the proper administration of programs under the Employment Security Law and may be made without a written agreement or a subpoena from the public official. (5-8-09)

## 013. DISCLOSURE TO THIRD PARTIES WITH WRITTEN, INFORMED CONSENT.

A person may agree, through written, informed consent, to allow a third party to obtain employment security information pertaining to the person from the Department, subject to the following terms and conditions: (5-8-09)

## 01. Informed Consent Release.

(5-8-09)

**a.** An informed consent release must be signed by the person providing informed consent and dated within one (1) year of the date of the request for access to the records. (5-8-09)

b.	In the document, the person providing informed consent must:	(5-8-09)
i.	Identify the specific records to be disclosed;	(5-8-09)
ii.	Acknowledge Department files will be accessed to obtain the records;	(5-8-09)

iii. List all third parties authorized to access the person's information; and (5-8-09)

iv. Indicate specific purpose(s) of the disclosure and state the records will be used only for the specified purpose(s). If the disclosure is not for purposes of the Employment Security Law, the purpose(s) specified must provide a service or benefit to the person providing informed consent or to administer or evaluate a public program to which informed consent release pertains.

c. Unless disclosure is for the purposes of the Employment Security Law, the Department will not comply with disclosure requests to a third party on an ongoing basis. Only existing records in the Department's custody as of the date of receipt of the request will be disclosed pursuant to the informed consent release, not records that may be created in the future.

**02.** Agreement by Third Party. Before the Department will disclose employment security information to a third party pursuant to an informed consent release, the third party must sign an agreement containing the following provisions: (5-8-09)

**a.** A description of the specific information to be furnished by the Department and the purpose(s) for which the information is sought and will be used, as specified in the informed consent release; (5-8-09)

**b.** A statement that those who request or receive information under the agreement will be limited to those individuals, identified by name, with a need to access it for the purpose(s) specified in the informed consent release; (5-8-09)

c. The method for the disclosure, including format; (5-8-09)

**d.** Provisions for payment of the Department's costs of disclosure as required by Subsection 020.02 of these rules, including the Department's costs of performing audits to ensure compliance with State and Federal law and the requirements of the agreement; (5-8-09)

e. Provisions for safeguarding the information disclosed, including the following requirements: (5-8-09)

i. Recipient will use the information only for purposes authorized by law and specified in the informed consent release; (5-8-09)

ii. Recipient will store the information in a place physically secure from access by unauthorized (5-8-09)

iii. Recipient will store and process the information maintained in electronic format in such a way unauthorized persons cannot obtain the information by any means; (5-8-09)

iv. Recipient will undertake precautions to ensure only authorized personnel have access to the information stored in computer systems; (5-8-09)

v. Recipient will instruct and have all personnel with access to the information sign an acknowledgment that they will adhere to the agreement's confidentiality requirements; understand the civil and criminal penalties in Sections 72-1372 and 72-1374, Idaho Code for unauthorized disclosure of information; and will fully and promptly report to the Department any breach of the confidentiality requirements. ()

vi. Except for any information possessed by any court, Recipient will dispose of the information and

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any copies made by the requesting agency or its agent or contractor after the purpose of the disclosure has been served, and will not retain the information with personal identifiers for any longer period of time than the Department deems appropriate; and ()

vii. Recipient will redisclose the information only as authorized under informed consent release and for purpose(s) specified in the release or as required by State or Federal law. (5-8-09)

**f.** Provisions for on-site audits of the recipient by the Department as the Department may deem necessary to ensure compliance with State and Federal law and agreement requirements; (5-8-09)

**g.** Provisions for the immediate suspension of the agreement if the Department determines that the recipient is not adhering to the requirements of the agreement; (5-8-09)

**h.** Provisions for termination of the agreement if, after a breach of the agreement prompt and satisfactory corrective action is not taken, and for immediate surrender to the Department of all employment security information, including copies in any form, obtained under the agreement by the recipient; (5-8-09)

i. Acknowledgment by recipient the agreement is governed by the laws of the State of Idaho, and civil and criminal penalties in Sections 72-1372 and 72-1374, Idaho Code, apply to any unauthorized disclosure of information no matter where the unauthorized disclosure may occur; and (5-8-09)

j. Provisions for the Department to take any remedial action permitted under State or Federal law to enforce the agreement, including seeking damages, penalties, restitution, and attorneys fees and costs incurred by the Department for any breaches of the agreement and required enforcement. (5-8-09)

**03. Department's Right to Audit**. After a third party receives employment security information pursuant to an informed consent release, the Department may perform an on-site audit of the third party to ensure the information is used for authorized purposes only.

## 014. -- 019. (RESERVED)

## 020. COSTS OF DISCLOSURE.

Unless the disclosure of employment security information is for the purposes of the Employment Security Law, the party requesting the disclosure must reimburse the Department's costs of disclosure, including staff time and processing costs, as follows: (5-8-09)

01. **Private Party**. If the requestor is not a public official, reimbursement must be in advance to the Department unless the disclosure involves an incidental amount of staff time and nominal processing costs. ()

**02. Public Official.** If the requestor is a public official, payment to reimburse the Department may be made in advance or by way of billing invoice, as determined by the director, unless the disclosure involves only an incidental amount of staff time and nominal processing costs or there is a reciprocal cost arrangement with the public official. The Department may enter into a reciprocal cost arrangement with a public official when the relative benefits received by each agency through information sharing are approximately equal. (5-8-09)

## 021. SUBPOENAS OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY INFORMATION.

01. Subpoena from Public Official. Employment security information may be supplied to a public official with subpoena authority after the Department receives a subpoena that is reasonable in nature and scope from the public official. This provision does not apply to subpoenas served on behalf of private parties to civil or criminal proceedings to which the Department is not a party. (5-8-09)

**02. Subpoena from Private Party**. If the Department is served with a subpoena on behalf of a private party to a civil or criminal proceeding to which the Department is not a party and the private party is not entitled to access the information pursuant to Section 011 of these rules, the Department will move to quash the subpoena and attempt to recover costs if other means of avoiding unauthorized disclosure of the information have been unsuccessful or the court has not already ruled on the disclosure. (5-8-09)

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#### IDAPA 09.01.08 – Disclosure of Employment Security Information

## 022. RECORDS REQUESTS SUBMITTED BY ELECTRONIC MAIL.

The Department will only accept records requests sent via e-mail to records\_requests@labor.idaho.gov, unless an alternate method of transmittal is necessary to comply with applicable law or the request is for employment security information. Records requests sent to any other Department electronic mail address will not be accepted. A person making a records request must include the requestor's name, mailing address, and telephone number. If the request is for employment security information, the person may be required to provide identification to the Department. For security reasons, the Department will not disclose employment security information via electronic mail. ()

#### 023. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 09.01.30 - UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION RULES

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 09.01.30, "Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules." ( )

)

**02.** Scope. These rules govern claims for unemployment insurance benefits. (3-19-99)

#### 002. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter are governed by Section 72-1368, Idaho Code and IDAPA 09.01.01, "Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Department of Labor."

#### 004. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS**.

01. Additional Claim. An initial claim made after a period of employment subsequent to a new claim in the same benefit year. (3-19-99)

02. Average Annual Wage. For the purpose of determining the taxable wage base, under Section 72-1350(1), Idaho Code, the average annual wage is computed by dividing that calendar year's total wages in covered employment, excluding State government and cost reimbursement employers, by the average number of workers in covered employment for that calendar year as derived from data reported to the Department of Labor by covered employers. (3-19-99)

03. Average Weekly Wage. For the purpose of establishing the maximum weekly benefit amount, under Section 72-1367(2)(a), Idaho Code, the average weekly wage is computed by dividing the total wages paid in covered employment (including State government and cost reimbursement employers) for the preceding calendar year, as computed from data reported to the Department of Labor by covered employers, by the monthly average number of workers in covered employment for the preceding calendar year and then dividing the resulting figure by fifty-two (52). (4-11-06)

04. Central Claims Office. A claims office designated by the director, where unemployment claims throughout the state are processed. (3-28-18)

**05.** Chargeability Determination. A determination issued with respect to whether a covered employer's account will be charged for benefits paid on a claim.

**06.** Claim. An application for unemployment insurance or "benefits." (3-19-99)

07. Continued Claim. An application for waiting-week credit or for benefits for specific compensable (3-19-99)

**08.** Corporate Officer. Any individual empowered in good faith by stockholders or directors in accordance with the corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws to discharge the duties of a corporate officer. (4-4-13)

**09. Fraud Overpayment.** An established overpayment resulting from a determination that the claimant willfully made a false statement or willfully failed to report a material fact in order to obtain benefits. Ref. Sec. 72-1369, Idaho Code.

**10. Full-Time Employment**. A week of full-time employment is one where the claimant worked what are customarily considered full-time hours for that industry or where the earnings were more than one and one half (1-1/2) times his weekly benefit amount.

11. Initial Claim. The first claim for benefits made by an unemployed individual during a continuous period of unemployment. An initial claim may be either new or additional. (3-19-99)

12. Interstate Claim. A claim filed by a worker who resides in a state other than the state (or states) in

which he has earned wages in covered employment.

(3-19-99)

13. Intrastate Claim. A claim filed by a worker who resides in Idaho and has earned wages within or as federal wages assigned to Idaho.

14. Material. A fact is material if it is relevant to a determination of a claimant's right to benefits. All information a claimant is asked to provide when applying for unemployment benefits or when making a continued claim report is material and relevant to a determination of a claimant's right to benefits. To be considered material, the fact need not actually affect the outcome of an eligibility determination. Ref. Section 72-1366, Idaho Code. ()

**15. Monetary Determination**. A determination of eligibility which lists a claimant's base period employer(s) and wages and establishes, if the claimant is eligible, his benefit year, his weekly benefit amount, and his total benefit amount. (3-19-99)

16. New Claim. The first initial claim made in a benefit year. (3-19-99)

17. Non-Fraud Overpayment. Any established overpayment other than an overpayment resulting from a determination that a claimant made a false statement or willfully failed to report a material fact in order to obtain benefits. Ref. Sec. 72-1369, Idaho Code.

**18.** Non-Monetary Determination. A determination issued by a claims examiner with respect to the personal eligibility conditions of a claimant. (3-19-99)

**19.** Tolerance Amount. A tolerance of four dollars and ninety-nine cents (\$4.99) connection with the recovery of overpayments and at the discretion of the Director, overpayments for this amount or less may be compromised. Ref. Sec. 72-1369, Idaho Code.

## 011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

## 100. ABLE TO WORK.

"Able to work" is the physical and mental ability to perform work under conditions ordinarily existing during a normal workweek. It does not mean that a person must be able to perform work in his customary occupation or the same kind of work he last performed. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code.

01. Able to Perform Some Type of Work. A person must be able to perform work of some type for which he can qualify at the time he files an initial claim for unemployment insurance.

**02. Able to Work Part-Time**. A person who is able to work only part of the workday or part of the workweek is not considered "able to work" for the purposes of Section 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. This rule does not apply to claimants who establish eligibility under the Americans with Disabilities Act. (3-19-99)

**03. Disability Compensation**. A claimant's receipt of disability compensation does not in itself establish that he is unable to work or unavailable for work, even though the payee has been declared totally disabled. (3-19-99)

**04. Illness Provision**. A person who claims benefits under the illness provision must remain available for job referral; however, he may leave the area for treatment of his illness and continue to be eligible under the illness provision.

**05.** Illness Provision as Applied to Transitional or Reopened Claim. The illness provision will continue to apply even though the current benefit year has ended and a transitional claim is filed the following year or the claim is reopened after a period of not filing with no intervening employment.

**06.** Withdrawing from Labor Market Because of Illness. A claimant who withdraws from the labor market because of illness or injury prior to filing a claim is not eligible until he is able and available for work. ( )

## 101. -- 124. (RESERVED)

## **125.** ALIEN ELIGIBILITY.

01. Alien Eligibility. Benefits are not payable based on services performed by an alien unless the alien was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing such services, or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time the services were performed. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(19), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**02. Benefit Eligibility**. To be eligible for benefits, an alien must fall within one (1) of the following three (3) categories at the time the work on which the claim is based was performed. In addition, at the time benefits are claimed, the alien must have current, valid authorization to work from the Immigration & Naturalization Service in order to meet the continuing eligibility requirement of being able and available to work (unless the alien claimant is a Canadian resident who is claiming benefits under the Interstate Benefit Payment Plan, in which case the claimant must satisfy only Canadian availability requirements). Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), (19), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

a. Permanent Residence. The category of individuals who are "lawfully admitted for permanent residence," includes aliens who have been lawfully admitted to the United States as "immigrants" and those whose status has been adjusted from that of "non-immigrant" under the Immigration and Nationality Act. Evidence of this status is the Alien Registration Receipt Card, or "green card," issued to each lawful permanent resident by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. (3-19-99)

**b.** Performing Services. The category of individuals who are "lawfully present for purposes of performing services" includes three (3) groups of aliens: (3-19-99)

i. Canadian and Mexican residents who commute daily or seasonally and are authorized to work in the United States; (3-19-99)

ii. Legally-admitted non-immigrants who are granted a status by the Immigration and Naturalization Service which authorizes them to work in the United States during their stay; and (3-19-99)

iii. Other aliens with Immigration and Naturalization Service authorization to work in the United States regardless of their status. (3-19-99)

**c.** Permanently Residing Under Color of Law. The category of individuals who are "permanently residing in the United States under color of law" includes the following groups of aliens: (3-19-99)

i. Refugees and parolees, as identified in the Immigration and Nationality Act; (3-19-99)

ii. Aliens presumed by the Immigration and Naturalization Service to be lawfully admitted for permanent residence; and (3-19-99)

iii. Aliens who, after review of their particular circumstances under INS statutory or regulatory procedures, have been granted a status which allows them to remain in the United States for an indefinite period of time. For informal Immigration and Naturalization Service action to authorize an alien's residence under "color of law," the Immigration and Naturalization Service must know of the alien's presence, and must provide the alien with official, documented assurance that enforcement of deportation is not planned. (3-19-99)

## 126. -- 149. (RESERVED)

#### 150. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA).

An individual with a medically verifiable long term or permanent physical or mental disability (as defined at 29 C.F.R. Sec 1630.2(g)) that prevents the individual from working full time or during particular shifts is not deemed unable to work or unavailable for work for so long as he is able to perform some work and remains available for work to the full extent of his ability. Claimants meeting the above criteria must be exempt from complying with eligibility requirements found elsewhere in these Rules which would be in conflict with the intent of this provision. (3-19-99)

01. Availability Requirement. For purposes of this rule, a claimant with a disability will be considered

as having complied with the requirement of being available for work if he is willing to work the maximum number of hours that he has established through medically verifiable evidence that he is able to work. (3-19-99)

**02. Full-Time Employment**. An individual claiming benefits under this provision will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits in any week that the individual works the maximum number of hours that he is able to work. (3-19-99)

**03.** Long Term. For purposes of this rule, "long term" is defined as twelve (12) months or longer.

(3-19-99)

## 151. -- 174. (RESERVED)

#### 175. AVAILABLE FOR WORK.

"Available for work" is a state of mind that encompasses a readiness and willingness to work, and a desire to find a job, including the possibility of marketing one's services in the claimant's area of availability. There must remain a reasonable possibility of a claimant finding and obtaining, or being referred and hired for, suitable work. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code.

01. Availability Requirements. The type of work for which the claimant is available must exist in the claimant's area to the extent that a normal unemployed person would generally find work within a reasonable period of time. (3-19-99)

for seekin		<b>Child Care</b> . Child care must be arranged so as not to restrict a claimant's availability for	or work (3-19-9	
	03.	Compelling Personal Circumstances. Compelling personal circumstances mean:	(	)
:	a.	A situation in which the claimant required the assistance of emergency response personne	el; (4-11-0	)6)
	b.	The serious illness, death, or funeral of an immediate family member; or	(4-11-0	)6)
	c.	The wedding of the claimant or an immediate family member.	(4-11-0	)6)
	<b>d.</b> sister, gra	Under this rule, "immediate family member" means a claimant's spouse, child, foster chi andparent, grandchild, or the same relation by marriage.	ild, paren (	nt, )
	e.	Under this rule, "workweek" is defined:	(	)
	i.	Code R, U, or X. The claimant's normal workweek as defined by the employer.	(	)
	ii.	Code B. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m5 p.m.	(	)
	iii.	Code D. Regular class hours.	(	)
	f.	Claimant work availability requirements are waived on Independence Day. Thanksei	iving Da	av.

f. Claimant work availability requirements are waived on Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day.

**04.** Conscientious Objection. No person may be held to be unavailable for work solely because of religious convictions not permitting work on a certain day. (3-19-99)

**05. Contract Obligation**. A person who is bound by a contract that prevents him from accepting other employment is not eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**06. Distance to Work**. A claimant seeking work must be willing to travel the distance normally traveled by other workers in his area and occupation. (3-19-99)

## IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 09.01.30 Department of Labor Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules

07. Domestic Circumstances. A claimant is not eligible for benefits if domestic circumstances take precedence over the claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)

**08.** Equipment. Claimants will be required to provide necessary tools or equipment in certain occupations. The lack of these tools or equipment will directly affect a claimant's availability for work, unless he will accept other work. (3-19-99)

**09. Experience or Training**. A claimant is expected to be available for work consistent with his past experience or training, provided there is no change in his ability to perform that work. (3-19-99)

10. Full-Time/Part-Time Work. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must be available for a full workweek and a full, normal workday unless the claimant establishes that a majority of the weeks worked in his base period were for less than full-time work or the claimant establishes eligibility under the Americans with Disabilities Act. An individual who restricts his availability to part-time work pursuant to Section 72-1366(4)(c), Idaho Code, will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits if the individual works hours comparable to his part-time work experience in his base period. (3-29-10)

**11. Incarceration/Work Release**. A claimant who is incarcerated for any part of the workweek is not eligible for benefits for that week, unless the claimant can establish he has work release privileges which would provide him a reasonable opportunity to meet his work search requirements and obtain full-time employment. ( )

12. Jury Duty/Subpoenas. A claimant serving on jury duty or subpoenaed is excused from the availability and work-seeking requirements of the law for that time period, and may refuse work that would commence during that time period.

**13.** Licensing or Government Restrictions. A claimant prohibited by law from engaging in certain work must be available for other employment to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

14. Moving to Remote Area. A claimant who moves to a remote locality where there is very little possibility of obtaining work will be ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**15. Public Official**. A public official who receives pay and performs "full-time" service is not unemployed or eligible for benefits. Part-time officials, even though receiving pay, may be considered available for work the same as any other individual employed on a part-time basis. Ref. Sec. 72-1312(1). (3-19-99)

16. **Public Service**. Performing public service, including voluntary non-remunerated service, does not disqualify an individual for benefits as long as he is meeting the availability and work-seeking requirements.

(3-19-99)

17. **Restricting Work to Within the Home**. A claimant who restricts his availability to only work done within the home which severely limits the work available to him is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

18. School Attendance or a Training Course. A person who is attending school or a training course may be eligible for benefits if the attendance does not conflict in any way with that person's availability for work or for seeking work and if he will discontinue attendance upon receipt of an offer of employment that creates a conflict between employment and the schooling or training.

19. Temporary Absence from Local Labor Market to Seek Work. All claimants, regardless of their attachment to an industry or employer, must meet the same standard of remaining within their local labor market area during the workweek in order to be considered available for work, unless the primary purpose of a temporary absence is to seek work in another labor market; provided, however, claimants otherwise eligible to receive benefits while participating in an approved training program or course are not deemed ineligible when the training or course occurs outside of their local labor market due to the unavailability of similar programs or courses within their local labor market.

**20.** Transportation Difficulties. Lack of transportation is not a bona fide reason for a claimant to fail to be available for or to seek work. Transportation is the responsibility of the claimant. (3-19-99)

21. Unreasonable Restrictions on Working Conditions. A claimant who places unreasonable restrictions on working conditions so as to seriously hinder his availability and search for work is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**22.** Vacation. A person on a vacation approved by his employer during time when work is available is not eligible for benefits.

**23.** Wages. A claimant is eligible for benefits if the wages or other conditions of available work are substantially less favorable to the claimant than those prevailing for similar work in the local area. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(7)(b), Idaho Code.

**a.** Demanding Higher Wages. A claimant is ineligible for benefits if he unduly restricts his availability for work by insisting on a wage rate that is higher than the prevailing wage for similar work in that area. (3-19-99)

**b.** Prior Earnings. The claimant's prior earnings and past experience are considered in determining whether he is available for suitable work. (3-19-99)

**24.** Waiver of Two-Year Training Limitation. A waiver under Idaho Code Section 72-1366(8)(c)(ii) for claimants who lack skills to compete in the labor market requires:

**a.** Financial Plan. The claimant must demonstrate a workable financial plan for completing the school or training course after his benefits have been exhausted. (3-19-99)

**b.** Demand for Occupation. The claimant must establish there is a demand for the occupation in which the claimant will be trained. A "demand occupation" is one in which work opportunities are available and there is not a surplus of qualified applicants. (3-19-99)

**c.** Duration of Training. At the time that the claimant applies for the waiver, the duration of the school or training course is no longer than two (2) years to completion. (3-19-99)

**d.** Denial. No claimant will be denied a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training because the claimant is already enrolled or participating in the school or training at the time he requests the waiver.

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# 176. -- 199. (RESERVED)

# 200. CANCELING CLAIMS.

Upon the written request of a claimant, a claim may be canceled at any time, provided that the claimant did not misrepresent or fail to report a material fact in making the claim and the claimant has repaid any benefits received on the claim, unless the benefits received will be offset from a new claim the claimant is filing. Ref. Sec. 72-1327A, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# 201. -- 224. (RESERVED)

#### **225.** DECEASED CLAIMANTS.

Upon the death of a benefit claimant who has completed a compensable period prior to his death, distribution of benefits due him will be made to the surviving spouse or, if none, to the dependent child or children. If there is no surviving spouse nor dependent child or children, the benefits become the property of the claimant's estate. (3-29-10)

# 226. -- 249. (RESERVED)

#### **250.** DETERMINATIONS/APPELLATE PROCESSES.

01. Rebuttal Procedure. Whenever any information is provided in response to a claim, and the information contradicts a statement made previously, all interested parties will be given an opportunity for rebuttal. Ref. Sec. 72-1368(3), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**02. Reestablishing Eligibility After a Determination of Ineligibility**. Evidence of requalifying wages includes, but is not limited to, the name of the employer, the mailing address, the dates of employment, the type of employment performed, and the claimant's gross earnings. Ref. Sec 72-1366(14), Idaho Code. ()

251. -- 274. (RESERVED)

#### 275. DISCHARGE.

01. Burden of Proof. The burden of proving that a claimant was discharged for employment-related misconduct rests with the employer. (3-19-99)

**02. Disqualifying Misconduct**. To disqualify a claimant for benefits, misconduct must be connected with the claimant's employment and involve one of the following: ()

**a.** Disregard of Employer's Interest. A willful, intentional disregard of the employer's interest. (3-19-99)

**b.** Violation of Reasonable Rules. A deliberate violation of the employer's reasonable rules. (3-19-99)

**c.** Disregard of Standards of Behavior. If the alleged misconduct involves a disregard of a standard of behavior which the employer has a right to expect of his employees, there is no requirement that the claimant's conduct be willful, intentional, or deliberate. The claimant's subjective state of mind is irrelevant. The test for misconduct in "standard of behavior cases" is as follows: (3-19-99)

i. Whether the claimant's conduct fell below the standard of behavior expected by the employer; and (3-19-99)

ii. Whether the employer's expectation was objectively reasonable in the particular case. (3-19-99)

03. Inability to Perform or Ordinary Negligence. Mere inefficiency, unsatisfactory conduct, failure of good performance as the result of inability or incapacity, inadvertencies, isolated instances of ordinary negligence, or good faith errors in judgment or discretion are not considered misconduct connected with employment. (3-19-99)

04. Non-Job Related Conduct. If the claimant was discharged for conduct involving personal, non-job related behavior, the discharge is not for misconduct connected with employment.

05. When Notice of Discharge Prompts a Resignation. If a claimant has resigned after receiving a notice of discharge (or lay off due to a lack of work), but before the effective date of the discharge, both "separations" must be considered. The following three (3) elements should be present for both actions to affect the claimant's eligibility: (3-19-99)

**a.** The employee was given notice by the employer of a specific separation date; (3-19-99)

**b.** The employee's decision to quit before the effective date of the termination was a consequence of the pending separation; and (3-19-99)

**c.** The voluntary quit occurred a short time prior to the effective date of the termination. (3-19-99)

**06. Indefinite Suspension**. A claimant who has been suspended without pay for an indefinite period of time, who has not been given a date to return to work, is considered discharged. ()

# 276. -- 324. (RESERVED)

# **325.** EMPLOYEES OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

01. Possibility of Employment. An offer of employment by an educational institution or service

agency is not "bona fide" if merely a possibility of employment exists. A possibility of employment, rather than a reasonable assurance, exists when: (3-19-99)

**a.** The circumstances under which the claimant would be employed are not within the control of the educational institution; and (3-19-99)

**b.** The educational institution does not provide evidence that such an individual normally would perform services the following academic year. (3-19-99)

02. Reasonable Assurance. "Reasonable assurance" of continuing employment exists when an educational institution or service agency provides an oral or written statement to the Department indicating that the claimant has been given a bona fide offer of a specific job in the second academic period. In addition, for such "reasonable assurance" to exist, the terms and conditions of the job offered in the second period must not be substantially less favorable than the terms and conditions of the job performed in the first period. (4-5-00)

**03. Reasonable Assurance Later Given**. A claimant who initially was determined not to have a reasonable assurance of continuing employment, will subsequently become disqualified for benefits under Sections 72-1366(17)(a), (b), or (c), Idaho Code, when an educational institution or service agency gives the claimant such reasonable assurance.

04. Retroactive Payments. A claimant seeking retroactive payments pursuant to 72-1366(17)(b), Idaho Code, must make a request for the retroactive payment with the Department no later than thirty (30) days after the beginning of the second school year or term or retroactive payment will not be made. In addition, the claimant must provide written evidence from the employer who previously provided reasonable assurance of continuing work, that the claimant was not offered an opportunity to return to work in the second of two (2) successive school years or terms.

**05.** Under Contract, but Between School Terms. Employees of educational institutions who are hired under contract for the school term, are considered unemployed between school terms even though they may receive their salary in twelve (12) monthly payments. (3-19-99)

#### **326.** -- **349.** (RESERVED)

**350. EXTENDED BENEFITS.** Ref. Sec. 72-1367A, Idaho Code.

01. Evidence of Employment for Extended Benefits. Satisfactory evidence that an individual's prospects for obtaining work in his customary occupation within a reasonably short period includes: (3-19-99)

a. A letter signed by a prospective employer giving assurances of work within the next four (4) (3-19-99)

**b.** A verifiable, written statement by the claimant that he will have work within the next four (4) (3-19-99)

**02. Remuneration Earned**. Remuneration earned must be in employment where an employeeemployer relationship exists to satisfy requalification requirements for Extended Benefits. (3-19-99)

# 351. -- 374. (RESERVED)

#### **375.** FULLY EMPLOYED/NOT UNEMPLOYED.

Ref. Section 72-1312(1), Idaho Code.

**01.** Excessive Earnings Week. An excessive earnings week is a week in which the claimant's wages allocable to that week are more than one and one half (1-1/2) times the claimant's weekly benefit amount. (3-19-99)

02. Leave of Absence. A claimant who is on a mutually agreed upon leave of absence, and whose

(3-19-99)

(3-29-12)

employer has committed to the claimant's return to work at the end of the leave, is employed and not eligible for benefits.

03. Suspension. A claimant suspended with or without pay for a specific number of days, who has been given a date to resume employment after the suspension, is not considered unemployed and is not eligible for benefits.

#### 04. Corporate Officer.

**a.** A corporate officer has the burden of proving by a preponderance of evidence that he is unemployed due to circumstances beyond his control or the control of a family member with an ownership interest in the corporation.

**b.** Circumstances beyond a corporate officer's control or the control of a family member with an ownership interest in the corporation. Circumstances beyond a corporate officer's or a family member's control are circumstances that last through the corporate officer's benefit year end date and include, but are not limited to, the following: (3-29-12)

i. Unemployment due to the corporate officer's removal from the corporation under circumstances that satisfy the personal eligibility conditions of Section 72-1366, Idaho Code; ()

- ii. Unemployment due to dissolution of the corporation; or (3-29-12)
- iii. Unemployment due to the sale of the corporation to an unrelated third party. (3-29-12)

#### **376.** -- **399.** (RESERVED)

#### 400. LABOR DISPUTE/UNION RULES.

A "labor dispute" is a controversy with respect to wages, hours, working conditions, or right of representation affecting the work or employment of a number of individuals employed for hire which results in a deadlock or impasse between the contending parties. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(7), (10), Idaho Code.

01. Burden of Proving Nonparticipation. The burden of proving non-participation, lack of financing and similar factors is upon the claimant.

**02. Involvement of Work Site in Labor Dispute**. A claimant will not be denied benefits because of a labor dispute if the dispute is not in any way directly connected with the factory, establishment, or premises at which the individual is or was last employed.

**03.** Lack of Work. A claimant's unemployment will be deemed due to lack work and not due to a labor dispute if it is shown that because of the labor dispute the employer's business has fallen off to the extent that he can no longer utilize the services of the claimant due to the drop in business.

04. Laid Off Before Labor Dispute. A claimant laid off because of lack of work from an employer where a labor dispute later occurred will not be considered unemployed due to the labor dispute. (3-19-99)

**05. Period of Ineligibility**. The period of ineligibility applies for the whole of any week in which any part of a claimant's unemployment is due to a labor dispute. (3-19-99)

**06. Picketing Work Site**. The act of picketing the work site of a labor dispute constitutes participation in the labor dispute, whether or not payment is made for such services. (3-19-99)

07. Refusal to Cross Picket Line. Voluntary refusal to cross a peaceable picket line to work constitutes participation in the labor dispute. (3-19-99)

**08. Subsequent Employment**. Subsequent employment does not make the claimant eligible for benefits if his unemployment is still due to the labor dispute. As long as the claimant intends to return to the employer

where the labor dispute exists, his unemployment is due to the labor dispute regardless of any intervening employment. (3-19-99)

**09. Termination of Labor Dispute**. The period of ineligibility due to the labor dispute terminates at the end of the calendar week in which the labor dispute no longer exists. The termination of the dispute does not automatically make a claimant eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

10. Union Member. The fact that an individual is a dues-paying union member alone does not constitute financing a labor dispute. Nor does the fact that he is not a union member establish that he is not financing or participating in the dispute. (3-19-99)

#### 401. -- 424. (RESERVED)

**425. NEW CLAIMS/ADDITIONAL CLAIMS.** Ref. Sec. 72-1308, Idaho Code.

(3-19-99)

01. Claims for Benefits, Delayed Filing. When the Central Claims Office has determined that a claimant's attempt to file an initial claim was delayed due to problems with the Department's telephone or electronic filing system, the claim may be backdated if the claimant reported the access problem to the Central Claims Office within seven (7) days of the date the problem occurred. When a claim is backdated, the continued claim report for the period of time involved is timely if filed during the same week or the next week after the claim is filed. ()

02. Effective Date of Backdated Claims. When the filing of an initial claim for benefits is backdated due to a Department system malfunction, the effective date is the Sunday of the week in which the claimant first reported to the Central Claims Office to file the claim or attempted to access the telephone or electronic claim filing system and there were problems with the system. (3-28-18)

**03.** Filing of New Claims, Additional, and Reopen Claims. Intrastate and interstate claims, including, without limitation, new claims, additional claims, and reopen claims, may be filed electronically or by telephone at the Department's discretion.

a. Electronically Filed Claims. Claimants may file claims electronically by accessing Idaho's Internet claim system or, if filing through an Idaho Works location, by accessing the Department's Intranet claim system. Electronically filed claims will be date and time stamped at the time the claimant completes the application process. The claim will not be completed until the claimant has finished the process and has electronically submitted the claim to the Department. A claim filed via the Internet or an Idaho Works location is effective as of the Sunday of the week of the date shown on the date/time stamp. ()

**b.** Interstate Claims. Any claim filed by an interstate claimant is accepted in the same manner and conditions for which claims are accepted from intrastate claimants. ()

c. Telephone Claims. A claimant may also file a claim by calling the Central Claims Office. A claim filed via telephone is effective as of the Sunday of the week in which the claimant first calls the Central Claims Office to initiate the claim.

**d.** Claimants' Electronic Verification. A unique confidential number or other electronic method of verification approved by the Department may be used by a claimant or an employer to submit information or engage in transactions with the Department through electronic or telephonic means. Use of this method of verification has the same force and effect as a manual signature. ()

04. Registration/Reporting Requirements -- Interstate Claimants. Interstate claimants are required to comply with the same reporting requirements prescribed for regular Idaho intrastate claimants. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(1), (2), Idaho Code.

**07. Requirement to Provide Information**. If a claimant fails to provide the Department with all necessary information pertinent to eligibility, the claimant is denied benefits until the information is provided. Any individual making a claim for benefits must provide the Department with:

a.	The claimant's legal name;	(3-15-02)
b.	The claimant's Social Security Number;	(3-15-02)
c.	The address where the claimant's mail is delivered;	(3-15-02)
d.	The claimant's place of last employment;	(3-15-02)

e. The name, correct mailing address, dates of employment, and the reason for separation from all of the claimant's most recent and base-period employers; ()

f.	If requested by the Department, a list of all other employment in the past twenty-four (	past twenty-four (24) months; (3-15-02)	
g.	The claimant's plans for finding other employment at the earliest possible time; and	(3-15-02)	
h.	Other information necessary for the proper processing of the claim.	(3-15-02)	

i. Once a claim has been established, the claimant must provide, upon request, a record of the

i. Once a claim has been established, the claimant must provide, upon request, a record of the claimant's work search, in order for the Department to assess compliance with personal eligibility requirements.

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**j.** If the claimant's identifying information does not match with data provided by the Social Security Administration, the Division of Motor Vehicles, or other public entities for identity verification purposes, the claimant will be provided notice and an opportunity to provide proof of identity before benefits are denied. ( )

# **08.** Separation Notice. (3-19-99)

**a.** Notice to Employer of Separation. Every employer (including employers not subject to Title 72, Chapter 13, Idaho Code), when contacted by a Department representative for a response, must respond to the Department with the reasons for the separation whenever the claimant:

i. Left his employment voluntarily;	(3-19-99)
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ii.	Was discharged from his employment due to misconduct;	(3-19-99)
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iii.	Is unemployed due to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;	(3-30-07)
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- iv. Is not working due to a suspension; or (3-30-07)
- v. Was separated for any other reason except lack of available work. (3-19-99)

**b.** Employer Response. The employer's response must be given by the employer or on the employer's behalf by someone having personal knowledge of the facts concerning the separation. The employer should provide to the Department, via electronic media or mail, copies of any documentation supporting their position. (3-30-07)

**09.** Additional Claim or Reopened Claim. A claim must be reestablished after a claimant has failed to report or has reported excessive earnings for two (2) or more consecutive weeks.

10. Use of Wage Credits. All unemployment insurance wage credits from any source that are assignable to the state of Idaho will be used in establishing a claim and determining the claimant's monetary eligibility. Ref. Sec. 72-1367(1), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

11. Valid Claim. To be a valid claim for benefits, a claim must be filed during a week of no work, a week of less than full-time work in which the total wages payable to the claimant for work performed in such week amount to less than one and one-half (1-1/2) times the claimant's weekly benefit amount, or a week in which the

claimant is separated from employment. Ref. Sec. 72-1327A and 72-1312, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

#### 426. -- 449. (RESERVED)

450. QUIT.

Ref. Sec. 72-1366(5), Idaho Code.

01. Burden of Proof. The claimant has the burden of proof to establish that he voluntarily left his employment with good cause in connection with the employment to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

02. Cause Connected with Employment. To be connected with employment, a claimant's reason(s) for leaving the employment must arise from the working conditions, job tasks, or employment agreement. If the claimant's reason(s) for leaving the employment arise from personal/non job-related matters, the reasons are not connected with the claimant's employment. (3-19-99)

03. Good Cause. The standard of what constitutes good cause is the standard of reasonableness as applied to the average man or woman. Whether good cause is present depends upon whether a reasonable person would consider the circumstances resulting in the claimant's unemployment to be real, substantial, and compelling.

(3-19-99)

(3-19-99)

04. Moral or Ethical Quit. A claimant who leaves a job because of a reasonable and serious objection to the work requirements of the employer on moral or ethical grounds and is otherwise eligible, will not be denied benefits. (3-19-99)

**05. Quit Due to Health or Physical Condition**. A claimant whose unemployment is due to his health or physical condition which makes it impossible for him to continue to perform the duties of the job will be deemed to have quit work with good cause connected with employment. (3-19-99)

06. Quit for Permanent Work or Quit Part-Time Work for Increase in Work Hours. A claimant who quits a temporary job for a permanent job or who quits part-time employment for employment with an increase in the number of hours of work will be deemed to have quit work with good cause connected with employment. (3-19-99)

**07. Quit or Retirement During Employer Downsizing**. An individual who has continuing suitable work available and who voluntarily elects to retire or to terminate employment during a period of reorganization or downsizing will be deemed to have voluntarily quit the employment for personal reasons. ()

**08.** Unrelated Discharge Prior to Pending Resignation. The eligibility of a claimant discharged before a pending resignation has occurred for reasons unrelated to the pending resignation will be determined on the basis of the discharge.

**09.** When Notice of Resignation Prompts a Discharge. If a claimant had given notice of a pending resignation, but was discharged before the effective date of the resignation, both "separations" must be considered. The following three (3) elements should be present for both actions to affect the claimant's eligibility: (3-19-99)

**a.** The employee gave notice to the employer of a specific separation date; (3-19-99)

**b.** The employer's decision to discharge the claimant before the effective date of the resignation was a consequence of the pending separation; and (3-19-99)

**c.** The discharge occurred a short time prior to the effective date of the resignation. (3-19-99)

10. Quit Due to Harassment. Good cause for quitting employment may be established by showing the party was subjected to any form of harassment that is unlawful under the Idaho Human Rights Act, Title 67, Chapter 59, Idaho Code.

451. -- 459. (RESERVED)

#### 460. PROFESSIONAL ATHLETES BETWEEN SEASONS.

Ref. Sec. 72-1366(18), Idaho Code.

(3-30-07)

01. Base Period Wages. No base period wages are used to establish a claim when substantially all services performed during the base period consist of participation in sports, athletic events, training, or preparing to so participate, for any week which commences during the period between two (2) successive sport seasons (or similar periods) if the individual performed such services in the first season (or similar period) and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons (or similar periods). ()

**02. Reasonable Assurance**. Reasonable assurance requires the following: ()

**a.** The claimant has a contract, either written or oral; (3-30-07)

**b.** The claimant offered to work and the employer expressed an interest in hiring the player for the next season (or similar period); or (3-30-07)

**c.** The claimant expresses a readiness and willingness or intent to participate in the sport the following season. Reasonable assurance exists if the claimant asserts he or she intends to pursue employment as a professional athlete the next season despite not having a specific employer to return to or a formal offer of employment. (3-30-07)

**03.** Substantially All Services. An individual is deemed to have performed "substantially all services" in sports, athletic events, training, or preparing to so participate if ninety percent (90%) or more of the base period wages were based on such services. (3-30-07)

#### 461. -- 474. (RESERVED)

#### 475. REFUSAL OF WORK/FAILURE TO APPLY.

Ref. Sec. 72-1366(6), (7), Idaho Code.

01. Citizenship or Residency Requirements. An employer's restrictions on citizenship or residency is deemed good cause for a claimant's failure to apply for available work if he does not meet the requirements. (3-19-99)

**02.** Claimant Conduct. A claimant who, by his conduct, causes an employer to withdraw an offer of suitable work or terminate the offer after the claimant has accepted it is ineligible. (3-19-99)

**03.** Claimant Responsibility. A claimant has the responsibility to apply for and accept suitable work. (3-19-99)

04. Conscientious Objection. A claimant may refuse employment that requires him to work on his Sabbath if his religious convictions do not permit him to work on that day. (3-19-99)

05. Employer Requirements. Claimants are expected to comply with reasonable, lawful requirements that are typical of certain occupations, such as a requirement that a worker be bonded. Unreasonable requirements by employers will not be used as a basis to deny benefits. However, a claimant must have good cause to refuse or fail to meet an employer's reasonable, lawful employment requirements to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**06.** Failure to Report. A claimant who fails to report to the Department when so directed, fails to follow explicit instructions for applying for suitable, available work, or fails to report to work after accepting employment, without good cause, is ineligible. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(2), (6), Idaho Code. ()

07. Failure to Return to Work After Layoff. A claimant who has been laid off, but fails to return to work on the date specified by the employer at the time of layoff or fails to respond to a callback after a layoff, will be considered to have refused an offer of work if the ongoing employment relationship is severed as a result. If the claimant declines work with the employer but the ongoing employment relationship is not severed as a result, the claimant's availability for work will be examined, but the claimant will not be considered to have refused an offer of

(3-19-99)

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work under Sections 72-1366(6) or (21)(a)(ii)(A), Idaho Code.

**08. Government Requirements**. A claimant who cannot meet government requirements within a reasonable period of time has good cause for refusing that opportunity to work.

**09. Moral Objections**. A claimant is not ineligible for failing to apply for or accept employment if the claimant has reasonable, serious objections to the work or the workplace on moral or ethical grounds. (3-19-99)

**10. Offer of Work**. A claimant whose unemployment is due to his failure without good cause to accept available, suitable work is ineligible. The job offer must have been genuine and known to the claimant. (3-19-99)

11. **Part-Time Work**. A claimant must be available for and willing to accept suitable part-time work in the absence of suitable full-time work. (3-19-99)

12. **Personal Circumstances**. To have good cause to refuse to apply for or accept available, suitable work because of personal circumstances, a claimant must show that his circumstances were so compelling that a reasonably prudent individual would have acted in the same manner under the same circumstances. (3-19-99)

13. Prospect of More Suitable Work. A claimant is not ineligible for failing to accept employment if he has excellent prospects for more suitable work with his former employer or in his regular occupation. (3-19-99)

14. Suitable Work. Every claimant has the right to restrict his availability to suitable work. (3-19-99)

15. Travel Distance. A claimant is not ineligible if the travel distance to available work is excessive or unreasonable. A claimant is ineligible if he fails to apply for and accept suitable work within a commuting area similar to other workers in his area and occupation. (3-19-99)

#### 476. -- 499. (RESERVED)

#### 500. REISSUING BENEFIT PAYMENTS.

Whenever a benefit payment is lost, stolen, destroyed, or forged, the claimant will be issued a new benefit payment upon his proper presentation of the facts and submission of an affidavit, in a form prescribed by the Department, for the issuance of a new benefit payment. Ref. Section 72-1368(1), Idaho Code. (7-1-10)

01. Affidavit for Issuance of New Benefit Payment. A claimant's affidavit filed for the issuance of a new benefit payment must be signed before a notary public or an authorized representative of the Department.

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**02. Reissuance of Stolen Benefit Payments**. If a claimant knows who took a benefit payment, he must provide evidence that he has taken all reasonably available legal steps and been unsuccessful in recovering the benefit payment before the Department will consider reissuing the benefit payment. (7-1-10)

#### 501. -- 524. (RESERVED)

# 525. REPORTABLE INCOME.

Ref. Sections 72-1312, 72-1328, Idaho Code.

01. Back Pay or Disputed Wages. Amounts received as a result of labor relations awards or judgments for back pay, or for disputed wages, constitute wages for the weeks in which the claimant would have earned them, or are assignable to the weeks stipulated in the award or judgment.

**02. Disability/Injury Compensation**. Injury or disability compensation payments are not considered wages and are not reportable income for unemployment insurance purposes. (3-19-99)

**03. Disability Retirement Payments**. Retirement payments as a result of disability are treated the same as other types of retirement payments. Ref. Section 72-1312(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

(3-19-99)

04. Gratuities or Tips. Gratuities or tips must be reported by a claimant for the week in which each gratuity or tip is earned. (3-19-99)

05. Holiday Pay. Holiday pay must be reported as though earned in the week in which the holiday (4-6-05)

**06.** Non-Periodic Remuneration. All non-periodic remuneration such as one-time severance pay, profit sharing, and bonus pay is reportable for the week in which paid. (3-19-99)

07. Penalty or Damage Awards. Amounts awarded to a claimant as a penalty or damages against an employer, other than for lost wages, do not constitute wages. (3-19-99)

**08. Pension, Retirement, or Annuity Payments.** The pension deduction provision of Section 72-1312(4), Idaho Code, only applies if the pension, retirement pay, annuity, or other similar periodic payment is made under a plan maintained or contributed to by a base period employer. The dollar amount of the weekly pension will be deducted from the claimant's weekly benefit amount unless the claimant has made contributions toward the pension. If the claimant has made contributions toward the pension plan, no deduction for the pension will be made from the claimant's weekly benefit amount. Ref. Section 72-1312(4), Idaho Code. ()

**a.** Pension Contributions. The burden is on the claimant to establish by substantial, competent evidence that he has made contributions toward the pension, retirement pay, annuity or other similar payment plan.

(3-19-99)

**b.** Pension Payment Changes. Any change in the amount of the pension, retirement, or annuity payments which affects the deduction from the claimant's weekly benefit amount will be applied in the first full week after the effective date of the change. (3-19-99)

# **09.** Relief Work or Public Assistance. (3-19-99)

a. Remuneration received for relief work or public service work will be considered wages on the same basis as any other employment. (3-19-99)

**b.** Eligibility When Public Assistance Received. A person receiving public assistance is eligible for benefits if no work is involved and the claimant is otherwise eligible. (3-19-99)

10. Self-Employment Earnings. When reporting earnings, a claimant must report gross earnings from self-employment. If the claimant demonstrates to the Department that certain expenses were reasonable and necessary in order to accomplish the work, the Department may allow the deduction of those expenses from claimant's gross wages. Deductible expenses may include, but are not limited to, buying products wholesale for resale and renting equipment to accomplish a task. Non-deductible expenses include, but are not limited to, transportation costs, uniforms, and depreciation of equipment.

11. Severance Pay. An equal portion of a periodic severance payment must be reported in each week of the period covered by the payment. However, severance pay received in a lump sum payment at the time of severance of the employment relationship must be reported when paid. (3-19-99)

12. Vacation Pay. Vacation pay allocable to a certain period of time in accordance with an employment agreement must be reported in the week to which it is allocable. However, vacation pay received in a lump-sum payment at the time of severance of the employment relationship must be reported when paid. (3-19-99)

13. Verification of Earnings on Claim Reports. The Department may verify the earnings and/or reasons for separation reported by claimants on claim reports filed for benefit payments. Ref. Section 72-1368(1), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

14. Wages for Contract Services. A person who is bound by a contract which does not prevent him from accepting other employment but who receives pay for a period of not working, is required to report the contract payments as earnings in equal portions in each week of the period covered by the contract. This rule does not apply to

employees of educational institutions.

(3-19-99)

**15.** Wages for Services Performed Prior to Separation. Wages for services performed prior to a claimant's separation are reportable for the week in which earned. (3-19-99)

16. Temporary Disability Benefits. For any week with respect to which a claimant is receiving or has received temporary disability benefits under a worker's compensation law of any state or under a similar law of the United States, such payments must be reported in an amount attributable to such week.

# 526. -- 549. (RESERVED)

# 550. **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

Each claimant must report weekly or biweekly for benefits as directed. When filing claim reports, a claimant must use the reporting method assigned by the Department. Failure to file timely reports in a manner required by this rule will result in ineligibility for benefits for the week(s) claimed. Ref. Section 72-1366(1), Idaho Code. (3-29-12)

**01. Mailed Reports**. Reports that are mailed are considered timely when the envelope containing the report is postmarked within nine (9) calendar days immediately following the week(s) being claimed, except if the ninth day is a holiday, the report period will extend to the next working day.

**02.** Internet Reports. Reports filed via the Internet are considered timely when made between 12:00 a.m., mountain time zone, of the Sunday following the week being claimed and midnight 11:59 p.m., mountain time zone of the Saturday following the week being claimed.

03. Facsimile Reports. Reports filed by facsimile are considered timely when transmitted on a form provided by the Department to a telephone number designated by the Department to receive such documents within nine (9) calendar days immediately following the week(s) being claimed, except if the ninth day is a holiday, the reporting period will extend to the next working day. Reports are deemed filed upon receipt by the Department.

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04. Electronic Mail Reports. Reports filed by electronic mail are considered timely when electronically mailed in a format provided by the Department to an email address designated by the Department to receive such documents within nine (9) calendar days immediately following the week(s) being claimed, except if the ninth day is a holiday, the reporting period will extend to the next working day. Reports are deemed filed upon receipt by the Department.

**05.** Telephone Reports. Reports filed by telephone are timely if the claimant contacts the Central Claims Office at a telephone number designated by the Department to provide such reports during regular business hours within nine (9) calendar days immediately following the week(s) being claimed, except if the ninth day is a holiday, the report period will extend to the next working day. ()

**06.** When Report Missing. If a claimant establishes, by credible and corroborated evidence, that a missing report was properly filed as required by this rule, a replacement report will be considered timely. (3-29-12)

# 551. -- 574. (RESERVED)

575. SEEKING WORK.

Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), (6), Idaho Code.

01. Attitude and Behavior. A claimant's attitude and behavior must be conducive to a positive reaction by employers to his job search. (3-19-99)

**02.** Effort to Secure Employment. A claimant will be expected to do what is normally done by unemployed persons that are seeking work. (3-19-99)

**03.** Employer's Hiring Practices. An employer's reluctance to hire a claimant because of his appearance or physical condition is not a determining factor in ruling on the claimant's eligibility. (3-19-99)

(3-19-99)

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04. Job Attachment Classifications. For the purpose of administering the work search requirements of Section 72-1366(4) and (6), Idaho Code, a claimant will be classified according to his attachment to an employer or industry, as follows: (3-19-99)

a. Code R-Recall, U-Union or X-Both. A claimant who has a firm attachment to an employer, industry or union, or who is temporarily or seasonally unemployed, and expects to return to his former job or employer in a reasonable length of time not to exceed a maximum of sixteen (16) weeks. If during the sixteen (16) weeks the claimant returns to work temporarily for the job attached employer, the claimant's period of job attachment will be extended by one (1) week for each week of verified full-time employment as defined by Section 72-1312, Idaho Code. (3-25-16)

**b.** Code B. A claimant who possesses marketable skills in an occupation, but has no immediate prospects for reemployment, and whose employment expectations (i.e., wages, hours, etc.) are realistic in relation to the normal labor market supply and demand in his area of availability. (3-19-99)

**c.** Code D. A claimant who is assigned to a training course under the provisions of Section 72-1366(8), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**05.** Jobs Availability. A claimant will not be required to make useless employer contacts if there are no jobs available in the area due to seasonal factors. (3-19-99)

**06.** License or Permits. A claimant must provide or be capable of obtaining a license or permit if required by law for performance of the work.

**07. No Employment Prospects**. A claimant must apply for and accept a lower or beginning pay rate for employment if he has no prospects for a better paying job in the locality. (3-19-99)

**08. Seasonal Availability**. A claimant who is regularly employed on a seasonal basis must be available for other types of work in the off-season to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**09.** Work-Seeking Requirement Categories. A claimant must seek work in accordance with the following categories of work-seeking activity, as instructed by a Department representative or as notified by the Department via electronic claims messaging. A claimant must meet the requirements of the code to which the claimant is assigned. A claimant's category of work-seeking activity will be determined and modified based on the claimant's prevailing local labor market conditions and/or the average county unemployment rates. Failure to comply with work-seeking requirements will result in a denial of benefits. ()

**a.** Code O claimant must maintain regular contact with his employer(s) or union. (3-29-17)

**b.** Code 1 claimant must engage in one (1) or more of the following activities to increase his prospects of securing employment: (3-15-02)

i. Make at least one (1) employer contact each week in the manner prescribed by the Central Claims (3-28-18)

ii. Attend a Job Search Workshop; (3-15-02)
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iii. Expand work search efforts to surrounding areas or states; (3-15-02)

iv. Send resumes to firms/businesses that hire people with his skills; (3-15-02)

v. Enroll in and attend a specific training program to meet the requirements of the claimant's employment plan; or (3-15-02)

vi. Engage in other work search activities such as resume preparation or labor market research, as prescribed by a Department representative. (4-11-06)

c. Code 2 claimant must engage in one (1) or more of the following activities to increase his prospects (3-15-02)

Office;	i.	Make at least two (2) employer contacts per week in the manner prescribed by the Cen	tral Claims (3-28-18)
	ii.	Attend a Job Search Workshop;	(3-15-02)
	iii.	Expand work search efforts to surrounding areas or states;	(3-15-02)
	iv.	Send resumes to firms/businesses that hire people with their skills;	(3-15-02)
employ	v. ment pla	Enroll in and attend a specific training program to meet the requirements of the n; or	claimant's (3-15-02)
prescrib	vi. bed by a l	Engage in other work search activities such as resume preparation or labor market r Department representative.	esearch, as (4-11-06)
of secu	<b>d.</b> ring emp	Code 3 claimant must engage in one (1) or more of the following activities to increase hi loyment:	s prospects (3-15-02)
Office;	i.	Make at least three (3) employer contacts per week in the manner prescribed by the Cen	tral Claims (3-28-18)
	ii.	Attend a Job Search Workshop;	(3-15-02)
	iii.	Expand work search efforts to surrounding areas or states;	(3-15-02)
	iv.	Send resumes to firms/businesses that hire people with their skills;	(3-15-02)

v. Enroll in and attend a specific training program to meet the requirements of the claimant's employment plan; or (3-15-02)

vi. Engage in other work search activities such as resume preparation or labor market research, as prescribed by a Department representative. (4-11-06)

# 576. -- 599. (RESERVED)

# 600. SELF-EMPLOYMENT.

A claimant is ineligible when his self-employment is of such size and nature that the operation of it is his principal duty and working for an employer is merely incidental. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(13), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**01. Occupational Conflicts**. Agricultural activities, commercial enterprises, family enterprises, and commission sales work are examples of self-employment which may render a claimant ineligible unless he can show he is seeking employment and is available for suitable work. (3-19-99)

**02. Potential Employability**. A claimant is eligible if his self-employment in no way interferes with his potential employability and work schedule. (3-19-99)

# 601. -- 649. (RESERVED)

# 650. SIGNATURES OF ILLITERATES AND WITNESSES.

If a claimant is unable to write his name, he must instead use the mark (X). The mark must be witnessed by a Department representative or an individual who must enter, immediately after the mark (X), the words "His Mark." Next, the name of the claimant must be printed, followed by the signature of the Department representative or the individual who witnessed the mark. Ref. Sec. 72-1366 (1), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

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# 651. -- 674. (RESERVED)

# 675. TOTAL TEMPORARY DISABILITY ALTERNATE BASE PERIOD (TTD).

The alternate base period provision of Section 72-1306(2), Idaho Code, will apply only if the claimant cannot establish monetary eligibility by using the regular base period described in of Section 72-1306(1), Idaho Code.

#### 676. -- 699. (RESERVED)

#### 700. PARTIAL PAYMENTS OF AMOUNTS OWED THE DEPARTMENT.

Upon the Department's receipt of a partial payment of an overpayment and accrued interest and penalties thereon, the Department must, unless other arrangements have been made with the debtor and approved by the Department, apply the partial payment to the amounts owed as follows:

01. Interest. The partial payment must be applied first to any accrued interest of the amounts due, starting with the oldest accrued interest; ( )

**02. Penalties**. After any accrued interest has been paid in full, the partial payment must be applied next to any assessed penalties, starting with the oldest assessed penalty; ( )

03. Fraud Overpayments. After all accrued interest and assessed penalties have been paid in full, the partial payment must be applied next to any fraud overpayments due, starting with the oldest fraud overpayment; and

04. Nonfraud Overpayments. After all fraud overpayments have been paid in full, the partial payment must be applied next to any nonfraud overpayments, starting with the oldest nonfraud overpayment. Ref. Sec. 72-1369, Idaho Code.

#### 701. – 724. (RESERVED)

#### 725. RECOVERIES.

Unless the overpayment resulted from a determination that the claimant willfully made a false statement or willfully failed to report a material fact, overpayments will be deducted from any future benefits payable. Ref. Secs. 72-1369 and 72-1366, Idaho Code.

#### 726. – 749. (RESERVED)

#### 750. WAIVER OF REPAYMENT.

An interested party must submit a written request for a waiver of repayment within fourteen (14) days of the date of mailing of the Determination of Overpayment. Ref. Sec.72-1369 ()

751. – 999. (RESERVED)

#### 09.01.35 – UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TAX ADMINISTRATION RULES

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 09.01.35, "Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration Rules." ()

**02.** Scope. These rules govern Department procedures and the rights and duties of employers under the Unemployment Insurance Program. (3-19-99)

#### 002. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals from determinations under this chapter may be taken as provided in IDAPA 09.01.01, "Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Department of Labor," and Sections 72-1361 and 72-1368, Idaho Code. ()

#### 003. -- 010. (RESERVED)

#### 011. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

**01. Quarterly Reporting.** Subject employers shall report all wages paid for services in covered employment each calendar quarter. In the event a subject employer does not pay wages during a calendar quarter, the employer shall file a quarterly report indicating that no wages were paid. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code.

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**02. Contribution Due Date**. If the normal due date falls on a weekend or holiday the next workday is the due date for contributions. Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code. ()

03. Penalties and Interest on Bankruptcy. Penalty and/or interest shall not be assessed on amounts covered in the Department's Proof of Claim with the Bankruptcy Court for the period after the filing date of the Bankruptcy Petition and ending with the conclusion of bankruptcy proceedings and distribution of assets. Post petition penalty and interest shall be compromised, provided the amount due is paid in full by a date established after the termination of the bankruptcy proceedings. Ref. Section 72-1356, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**04.** Lien Interest. Lien interest on a delinquent account shall be assessed against the remaining unpaid balance computed from the day following the recording of a tax lien. Ref. Section 72-1360, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**05. Penalty and Interest During Controversy**. Penalty and/or interest shall be compromised for periods when a valid controversy exists if amounts determined to be due are paid in full by a date established at the conclusion of the issue. Ref. Sections 72-1354 and 72-1360, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**06. Determinations and Appeals.** The rules governing the form, filing, and other procedures relating to determinations under this chapter, and any appeal from those determinations, are provided in IDAPA 09.01.01, "Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Department of Labor."

**07.** When Reports Replace Determinations. In cases where a determination of amounts due is made by the Department pursuant to Section 72-1358, Idaho Code, the reports shall replace the determination and will be used to establish the employer's liability if:

a. The employer files reports for the periods covered by the determination before the determination becomes final; and (3-30-01)

**b.** The Department determines that the reports are accurate and complete. If the Department determines the reports are not accurate or complete, the reports shall be treated as an appeal of the determination.

(3-30-01)

08. Determination of Payment Date. Each amount shall be deemed to have been paid on the date that the Department receives payment thereof in cash or by check or other order for the payment of money honored by the drawer on presentment; provided, that if sent through the mail, it shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date mailed as determined by the postmark on the envelope containing same, or the date of the check in lieu of a postmark. Provided further, that in the case of payments received by means of garnishment, execution, or levy, the amount received shall be deemed to have been paid as of the date that the order of garnishment, execution, or levy is served.

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Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code.

(3-19-99)

(3-19-99)

09. Release of Lien upon Payment in Full. An amount secured by a lien shall be deemed to be satisfied when payment in full is received by the Department in the form of cash, money order, or other certified funds, or proof presented that a check or other negotiable instrument has been honored by its drawer upon presentment. Ref. Section 45-1908, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

10. Contribution Reports. Each contribution shall be accompanied by an employer's contribution report. All contribution reports shall be filed electronically with the department unless the employer has petitioned the department in writing for a waiver and the department has granted a waiver allowing the filing of a non-electronic contribution report. All contribution reports shall be in a form or medium prescribed and furnished or approved for such purpose by the department, giving such information as may be required, including number of individuals employed and wages paid or payable to each, which must be signed, furnished, or acknowledged by the covered employer or, on their behalf by someone having personal knowledge of the facts therein stated, and who has been authorized by the covered employer to submit the information. Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

a. Common paymaster arrangements as referenced by Internal Revenue Code Section 3306 are prohibited for Idaho unemployment insurance purposes. Each covered employer shall complete and submit an Idaho business registration form and the Department will assign to the covered employer a unique unemployment insurance account number. The covered employer must file quarterly reports under its assigned unemployment insurance account number. The workers of one (1) covered employer may not be reported using the assigned unemployment insurance account number of a different covered employer or related entity. Ref. Sections 72-1325 and 72-1315, Idaho Code. (3-22-07)

# 012. -- 039. (RESERVED)

# 040. COMPROMISE OF PENALTY AND CIVIL PENALTY.

Pursuant to Section 72-1354, Idaho Code, the Director or his authorized representative may, for good cause shown, compromise the amount of penalties owed on an employer account. An employer shall submit a request in writing for compromise of penalties, setting forth the reason(s) for the delinquency, and attaching any available evidence supporting the request. (4-11-06)

**01. Good Cause**. An employer has established good cause if the employer can show that one (1) of the following criteria has been met:

**a.** The reason for the delinquency was beyond the reasonable control of the employer. Examples of circumstances that are beyond the reasonable control of the employer include, but are not limited to, the following: (3-19-99)

i. Departmental error, including but not limited to providing incorrect information to the employer or not furnishing proper forms in sufficient time to permit timely payment of contributions; (3-19-99)

ii. Death or serious illness or injury of the employer or the employer's accountant or members of their immediate families; (3-19-99)

iii. Destruction by fire or other casualty of the employer's place of business or business records; or (3-19-99)

iv. Postal service delays.

**b.** The delinquency was due to circumstances for which the imposition of penalties would be (3-19-99)

c. Good cause is also established in the case of an employer who has never received a status determination, who has never paid any contributions to the director, who voluntarily approaches the Department to inquire as to whether workers are engaged in covered employment, and the failure to pay contributions was due to the employer's good faith belief that the employer was not a covered employer pursuant to the provisions of Idaho

Employment Security Law. Ref. Section 72-1354, Idaho Code.

#### 041. -- 050. (RESERVED)

# 051. ROUNDING WAGES REPORTED ON CONTRIBUTION REPORT TO NEXT LOWER DOLLAR AMOUNT.

The total wages and taxable wages shown on the contribution report which are to be used in computing contributions due shall be reduced to the next lower dollar amount. Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

#### 052. -- 055. (RESERVED)

#### 056. APPLICATION OF PAYMENTS ON DELINQUENT ACCOUNTS.

Unless otherwise specified and approved by the Department, apply payment as follows:

01. First Application. First, credit such payment in satisfaction of interest due for the calendar quarter or period most delinquent in point of time; (3-19-99)

**02.** Second Application. Next, credit the remainder of such payment in satisfaction of penalty due for such calendar quarter or period most delinquent in point of time; (3-19-99)

**03.** Third Application. Next, credit the remainder of such payment in satisfaction of contributions due for the calendar quarter or period most delinquent in point of time; (3-19-99)

**04. Subsequent Applications**. Such applications shall be applied in a like manner for each remaining delinquent quarter. Any remaining credit shall be applied to interest on civil penalties then to civil penalty due until the amount of payment is exhausted. Ref. Section 72-1354, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

#### 057. -- 060. (RESERVED)

#### 061. **DEFINITIONS.**

The definitions listed in IDAPA 09.01.35, "Unemployment Insurance Tax Administration Rules," Section 011, and the following are applicable to the UI Compliance Bureau. (3-22-07)

**01.** Tolerance Amount. A tolerance of four dollars and ninety-nine cents (\$4.99) is established in connection with collection of amounts due; and under normal circumstances, no delinquency or credit will be issued or carried on the books of accounts for this amount or less. Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

02. Wages. The term "wages" includes all remuneration from whatever source, paid or given in exchange for services performed or to be performed, including the cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash. "Wages" in covered employment, and subject to unemployment insurance reporting, include, but are not limited to: (3-19-99)

a. Commissions, bonuses, draws, distributions, dividends and any other forms or types of payments made by corporations or other similar entities if paid in exchange for services; (4-5-00)

**b.** Bonuses, prizes, and gifts given to an employee in recognition of services, sales, or production; (3-19-99)

c. Commissions for past services in covered employment; (3-19-99)

**d.** Remuneration paid to corporate officers which is paid in exchange for services performed or to be performed for or on behalf of the corporation; (4-5-00)

e. Salary advances against commissions; (3-19-99)

f. All forms of profit sharing for services rendered unless specifically exempt under Section 72-1328, (3-19-99)

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**g.** Excess travel or employer business allowances over actual expense, or over the federal allowance per diem rate for the area of travel, unless returned to the employer; (3-19-99)

h	Vacation or "idle-time" pay, no matter when paid;	(3-19-99)
п.	vacation of inte-time pay, no matter when paid,	(3-19-99)

i. Personal expense reimbursement, not gifts, i.e., clothing, family expenses, rent. (3-19-99)

j. The director or his authorized representative shall determine the fair market value of any other remuneration, regardless of its classification, form, or label, which is paid to a worker in exchange for services. In making such determination, consideration will be given to the prevailing wage for similar services. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**03.** Exclusions From Wages. The term "wages" described in Section 72-1328, Idaho Code, does not include the following: (3-19-99)

**a.** Prizes or gifts for special occasions which are expressions of good will; (3-19-99)

**b.** Bonuses paid for signing a contract;

**c.** Fees paid to participate periodically in meetings of boards of directors unless exceedingly high; i.e., amounts comparable to other employers in the same industry, of relatively the same size; (3-19-99)

**d.** Drawings or advances by partners of a partnership, or by members of a limited liability company treated for federal tax purposes as a partnership or sole proprietorship; (4-5-00)

e.	Rental charge for personal equipment provided by the employee on the job: if	(3-19-99)
i.	There is a rental agreement; and	(3-19-99)

ii. The worker has received a reasonable wage for services performed; and (3-19-99)

- iii. The fees are held separately on the employer's records. (3-19-99)
- f. Stock or membership interests issued for purposes other than services performed or to be (3-19-99)

g. Reimbursement for actual employee expense, or business allowance arrangements with employees that requires them: (3-19-99)

- i. To have paid or incurred reasonable job related expenses while performing services as employees; and (3-19-99)ii. To account adequately to the employer for these expenses; and (3-19-99)iii. To return any excess reimbursement or allowance. (3-19-99)h. Payments for employee travel expenses, provided: (3-19-99)i. Payments are job related expenses while performing services; and (3-19-99)
  - 1. Fayments are job related expenses while performing services, and (3-19-99)
- ii. Payments do not exceed actual expenses or the federal allowance per diem rate for the area of (3-19-99)
  - iii. Records for days of travel pertaining to per diem payments are verifiable. (3-19-99)

i. Employee fringe benefits as set forth in Section 132 of the Internal Revenue Code, which are

excluded from an employee's gross income and which are not subject to federal unemployment taxes. (3-19-99)

**j.** Noncash payment to farmworkers. Noncash payments for farm work will be excluded from wages if they are "de minimis" in relation to the amount of cash wages paid to the farmworkers, or are not intended to be treated as the cash equivalent of wages, or as the cash payment of wages. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code.

(3-15-02)

**k.** Payments of any kind by a partnership to its partner or by a sole proprietorship to its owner.

(3-29-17)

04. Treatment of Limited Liability Companies. For purposes of state unemployment tax coverage, a limited liability company will have the same status as it may have elected for federal tax purposes, or as that status may be determined or required by the federal government, subject to the provisions of Subsections 061.02 and 061.03. Any member of a limited liability company that has elected to be treated as a corporation for federal tax purposes shall be treated as a corporate officer for state Employment Security Law purposes. (4-4-13)

05. Domestic Employment. Domestic employment is defined as work performed in the operation or maintenance of a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, as distinguished from services as an employee in pursuit of an employer's trade, occupation, profession, enterprise, or vocation. In general, domestic employment "in the operation or maintenance of a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority" includes, but is not limited to, services rendered by cooks, waiters, butlers, maids, janitors, handymen, gardeners, housekeepers, housemothers, and in-home caregivers. Ref. Section 72-1315, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

**06. Casual Labor**. Casual labor is labor that meets the requirements of Section 72-1316A(19), Idaho Code. The term, "services not in the course of the employer's trade or business," refers to services that do not promote or advance the trade or business of the employer. ()

07. Willfully. When applied to the intent with which an act is done or omitted, willfully implies simply a purpose or willingness to commit the act or make the omission referred to. It does not require any intent to violate law, in the sense of having an evil or corrupt motive or intent. It is more nearly synonymous with "intentionally," "designedly," "without lawful excuse," and therefore not accidental. Ref. Section 72-1372 and 72-1351A, Idaho Code. (3-22-07)

#### 062. SUBSTANCE VS. FORM.

In recognizing covered employers, covered employment and in classifying wages, the Department shall examine both the substance and the form of the arrangement, contract, transaction or event, but more consideration shall be given to the substance of the arrangement, contract, transaction or event than to the form. If it is determined that true economic substance is lacking or the operations, accounting practices and records do not reflect the purported form or legal status, the Department shall, regardless of the form, determine proper coverage or classification. (3-15-02)

#### 063. -- 080. (RESERVED)

# 081. EMPLOYER RECORDS.

Each person hiring one (1) or more individuals, whether or not such employment is sufficient to create the status of a covered employer, shall maintain records for five (5) years to show the information hereinafter indicated. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code.

**01. Required Information**. Such records shall show with respect to each employee unless the Department has ruled that the services do not constitute covered employment: (4-11-06)

- a.Full name and home address of worker;(3-19-99)b.Social Security account number;(3-19-99)
- c. The place of work within this State; (4-11-06)

**d.** Date on which employee was hired, rehired, or returned to work after temporary or partial layoff; (3-19-99)

e. Date employment was terminated; whether the termination occurred by voluntary action of the individual and the reason given, or by discharge or death, and the reason for discharge; (3-19-99)

**f.** Wages paid for employment in each pay period and total wages for all pay periods ending in each quarter of the year, showing separately: money wages; the cash value of other remuneration; and the amount of all bonuses or commissions. (3-19-99)

02. Travel or Employee Business Expenses. Amounts paid to employees as allowances or reimbursement for travel and employee business expenses and the amounts of such expenditures actually incurred and accounted for by them. (3-19-99)

03. Records to Be Made Available. The records to be made available to the director or his authorized representative, in accordance with the provisions of Section 72-1337, Idaho Code, shall include all of the business records, such as journals, ledgers, time books, minute books, or any other records or information which would tend to establish the existence of and/or amounts paid for services performed, whether or not in covered employment, and for information necessary to assist in or enable collection efforts or any other investigations conducted by the Department. (4-11-06)

# 082. -- 095. (RESERVED)

#### 096. EMPLOYER STATUS REPORT.

01. Status Report. Each employer shall report on such form or any online system as may be prescribed and furnished, such information as may be necessary to make an initial or subsequent determination of status under the Idaho Code. Said reports shall be signed by the employer, or on behalf of the employer by a duly authorized representative for such purpose. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

**02. Exceptions.** The provisions of this Rule do not apply to any employer for whom the services performed do not, by virtue of the provisions of Section 72-1316, Idaho Code, constitute covered employment, except that the director reserves the right, in his discretion, to require any such employer at any time to make the reports mentioned in Section 096 of this rule. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# 097. -- 105. (RESERVED)

#### **106.** CLAIMS OF EXEMPTION.

Any employer claiming that services performed for the employer or remuneration paid by the employer does not constitute covered employment or covered wages, as defined in Section 72-1316 and 72-1328, Idaho Code, shall make a report to the Department of Labor of all pertinent facts upon which said claim is based, which report needs to be signed by the person making the claim, if he is the employer, or on behalf of the employer by an authorized representative. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

# 107. REMUNERATION PAID CONSTITUTES BOTH TAXABLE WAGES AND EXCLUDED AMOUNTS.

When remuneration paid includes payment for other than wages for services performed in covered employment, the employer's records must account for wages and other remuneration separately. When this distribution is not shown on the records, the employee's entire remuneration will be deemed to be wages. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

#### **108. ELECTION TO EXEMPT CORPORATE OFFICERS.**

A corporation may elect to exempt one (1) or more corporate officers from coverage by registering with the Department each qualifying corporate officer it elects to exempt pursuant to Section 72-1352A, Idaho Code. Registrations in the format prescribed by the Department made on or before December 15th shall become effective on the first day of the next calendar year and remain effective for at least two (2) consecutive calendar years. Exemptions are not retroactive and no refund or credit shall be given for contributions paid before the effective date of the

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exemption. Exemptions continue to remain in effect after two (2) consecutive calendar years unless the exemption is terminated according to Subsection 108.04 of this rule or coverage is reinstated according to Subsection 108.05 of this rule. (3-29-12)

**01. Public Company Election**. A public company, as defined in Section 72-1352A, Idaho Code, may elect to exempt any bona-fide corporate officer who: (3-29-12)

**a.** Is voluntarily elected or voluntarily appointed in accordance with the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation; (3-29-12)

b.	Is a shareholder of the corporation:	(3-29-12)
<b>D</b> •		(52)12)

c. Exercises control in the daily management of the corporation; and (3-29-12)

**d.** Does not perform manual labor as a primary work responsibility. (3-29-12)

**02.** Election for Corporations That Are Not Public Companies. A corporation that is not a public company as defined in Section 72-1352A, Idaho Code, may exempt from coverage any bona-fide corporate officer who: (3-29-12)

- **a.** Is a shareholder of the corporation; (3-29-12)
- **b.** Voluntarily agrees to be exempted from coverage; and (3-29-12)
- c. Exercises substantial control in the daily management of the corporation. (3-29-12)

**03.** Election to Exempt Not Applicable. The election to exempt does not apply to corporate officers covered by Sections 72-1316A, 72-1322D and 72-1349C, Idaho Code. (3-29-12)

04. Termination of Exemption. A corporate officer's exemption terminates upon the corporate officer's failure to satisfy the election criteria of Section 72-1352A, Idaho Code. It is the responsibility of the corporation to notify the Department in writing in a format required by the Department when an exempt corporate officer no longer meets the election criteria. A corporation is responsible for any taxes, penalties, and interest due after the date the exemption is terminated or should have been terminated. (3-29-12)

05. Reinstatement of Coverage. A corporation may elect to reinstate coverage for one (1) or more corporate officers previously exempted. Reinstatement requires written notice from the corporation to the Department in a format required by the Department. Reinstatement requests received by the Department on or before December 15th become effective the first day of the calendar year following the end of the exemption's initial two (2) year effective date. Coverage shall not be reinstated retroactively. (3-29-12)

**06. Definitions**. For purposes of this chapter:

(3-29-12)

a. "Bona-fide corporate officer" is defined as any individual empowered in good faith by stockholders or directors, in accordance with the corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, to discharge the duties of a corporate officer. (3-29-12)

**b.** "Exercise substantial control in the daily management of the corporation" is defined as when an individual makes managerial decisions over a business function or functions that have some effect on the entire corporation. This includes the authority to hire and fire, to direct other's activities in the corporation, or the responsibility to account for and pay over taxes or debts incurred by the corporation. (3-29-12)

**07.** Services in Employment. Unless specifically exempted, services performed by corporate officers are considered services in employment and are covered for purposes of unemployment insurance. (3-29-12)

#### 109. -- 110. (RESERVED)

# 111. SERVICES PERFORMED PART IN COVERED EMPLOYMENT AND PART IN EXCLUDED EMPLOYMENT.

When wages paid cover services performed both in covered employment and excluded employment, the employer's records must show the hours and wages for covered employment and also hours and wages for excluded employment. When this distribution is not shown on the records, the employee's entire wage will be deemed to have been earned in covered employment. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# **112. DETERMINING STATUS OF WORKER.**

01. Determining if Worker Is an Employee. In making a determination as to whether a worker is performing services in covered employment, it shall be determined whether the worker is an employee. To determine whether a worker is an employee, the following factors may be considered: (3-22-07)

**a.** The way in which the business entity represented its relationship with the worker prior to the investigation or litigation, including representations to the Internal Revenue Service; (3-19-99)

**b.** Statements made to the Department; (3-19-99)

c. Method of payment to the worker, in particular whether federal, state, and FICA taxes are withheld from paychecks; and (3-19-99)

**d.** Whether life, health, or other benefits are provided to the worker at the business entity's expense. (3-19-99)

**02.** Determining if Worker Is an Independent Contractor. If it cannot be determined that a worker is an employee pursuant to Subsection 112.01 above, then a determination shall be made whether the worker is an "independent contractor" pursuant to the terms of Section 72-1316(4), Idaho Code. For the purposes of that section and these rules, an independent contractor is a worker who meets the requirements of both Sections 72-1316(4)(a) and (b), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**03. Proving Worker Is Free from Control or Direction in His Work**. To meet the requirement of Section 72-1316(4)(a), Idaho Code, the alleged employer must prove that a worker has been and will continue to be free from control or direction in the performance of his work, both under his contract of service and in fact. The following factors may be considered in this determination: (3-22-07)

a. Whether the alleged employer has control over the details of the work, the manner, method or mode of doing the work, and the means by which the work is to be accomplished, but without reference to having control over the results of the work. (3-19-99)

**b.** The freedom from direction and control must exist in theory (under a contract of service) and in (4-11-06)

c. The employer must demonstrate that it lacked a right to control the worker. (4-11-06)

04. Proving Worker Is Engaged in Independently Established Business. To meet the requirement of Section 72-1316(4)(b), Idaho Code, it must be proven that a worker is engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession or business. The following factors are significant and shall be considered in making this determination, although no single factor is regarded as controlling: (3-20-14)

**a.** The level of skill required to perform the work; (3-20-14)

i. A worker who performs routine tasks requiring little or no training is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

ii. A worker who performs work requiring skills marketable as a trade, occupation, profession or business, such as an electrician, attorney, physician, or CPA, is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

(3-20-14)

iii. A worker who performs work requiring special licensing or compliance with regulatory requirements is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

iv. A worker who receives all or substantially all of the worker's job training from the alleged employer is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

**b.** The extent to which the worker's services are an integral part of the alleged employer's business; (3-20-14)

i. A worker who performs the primary type of work that the alleged employer is in business to provide to its customers or clients is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. For example, an automotive repair business hires an additional mechanic to help in its service repair shop. Since the work provided by the worker is the primary type of work the automotive repair business provides to its customers, the work is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

ii. A worker who performs a specific job that is secondary to an integral part of the employer's business is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. For example, if a manufacturing business requiring routine electrical work within its manufacturing facility hires an independent electrical company to provide that service, the electrical work performed is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

iii. A worker who supervises the alleged employer's employees is indicative of the worker's status as (3-20-14)

iv. If the success of a business depends to an appreciable degree upon the performance of certain services, the worker performing those services is indicative of that worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

v. If a worker is not required to work solely for the alleged employer and there is a separate contractual relationship for each job that ends upon the completion of that job, the work is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

**c.** The permanency of the relationship;

i. The longer a worker works solely for a single alleged employer, the more indicative it is of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

ii A worker who makes the worker's services available to the general public for hire on a regular and consistent basis is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

iii. A worker whose hours worked are regularly scheduled, rather than sporadic or occasional, is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

iv. Work with a specific ending date that ends the working relationship between the worker and the alleged employer is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

v. Work that is open ended allowing the worker to continue working for the same alleged employer as long as performance standards are met, is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

**d.** A worker's investment in facilities and equipment; (3-20-14)

i. A worker who is reimbursed for work-related purchases, materials or supplies, or is furnished work-related materials or supplies by the alleged employer is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

ii. A worker who uses the tools and equipment of the alleged employer is indicative of the worker's status as an employee. (3-20-14)

iii. A worker's significant investment in tools and equipment compared to the cost of the tools and equipment provided by the alleged employer is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor.

(3-20-14)

iv. A worker who is financially responsible to the alleged employer for damage to equipment or tools is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

v. A worker's investment in physical facilities used by the worker in performing services is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

vi. A worker's lack of investment in physical facilities indicating a dependence on the alleged employer for whom the worker's services are performed is indicative of the worker's status as an employee.

(3-20-14)

e. Whether a worker is customarily engaged in an outside trade, occupation, profession, or business providing the same type of services the worker provides for the alleged employer engaging his services; (3-20-14)

i. A worker who provides one (1) type of service for an alleged employer, while providing the same type of service to others for hire, is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

ii. A worker who provides one (1) type of service for an alleged employer, while providing a different type of service to others for hire, is indicative of the worker's status as an employee of the alleged employer.

(3-20-14)

iii. A worker who advertises independently via yellow pages, business cards, web pages, or other types of media is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

f. A worker's opportunities for profit and loss; (3-20-14)

i. A worker required to carry business related expenses such as insurance, bonding, or workers compensation coverage is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

ii. A worker's ability to earn a profit by performing work more efficiently or suffer a loss because of the work performed is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

iii. A worker who is subject to a risk of economic loss due to significant investments or a bona fide liability for expenses is indicative of the worker's status as an independent contractor. (3-20-14)

**g.** Other factors when viewed fairly in light of all the circumstances that may or may not indicate that the worker was engaged in an independently established trade occupation, profession, or business. These factors may include control of the premises, right to determine hours, or who sets the rate of pay. (3-20-14)

**05.** Meeting Criteria for Covered Employment. A worker who meets one (1), but not both, of the tests in Subsections 112.03 and 112.04 above shall be found to perform services in covered employment. (3-19-99)

**06.** Evidence of Contractual Liability for Termination. For purposes of making a determination under Section 72-1316(4), Idaho Code, and this regulation, the party alleging that summary termination by either party would result in contractual liability must present some evidence upon which to base such allegation. Ref. Section 72-1316(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# 113. -- 130. (RESERVED)

# **131. FARM COMMODITY OWNERSHIP.**

In determining if the farm operator-processor produced more than fifty percent (50%) of the commodities being processed, the following apply: (3-19-99)

**01. Quantity**. It will be determined on a quantity basis where the farm operator processes only one (1)

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commodity.

(3-19-99)

02. Wages. It will be determined on the basis of the relationship between wages paid for processing commodities raised by the farm operator-processor and total wages paid for processing where the farm operator processes several commodities. Wages paid for processing each commodity will be determined. The proportionate share of such wages paid for processing that portion of the commodity raised by the farm operator-processor will be ascertained on the basis of the percentage of such commodity which was produced by the farm operator. This will be done for each commodity processed so as to ascertain total wages paid for processing commodities produced by the farm operator-processor. If such total is more than fifty percent (50%) of the total wages paid for processing all commodities, the activity will be exempt but if it is fifty percent (50%) or less, it will not be exempt. Ref. Section 72-1304, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

#### **132. STATUS.**

01. Status Information Required. To determine the taxable status of an employer, detailed information regarding the business activities of any person engaged in business in Idaho shall be submitted as required, including articles of incorporation, articles of organization, minutes of boards of directors, financial reports, partnership agreements, number of employees, wages paid, employment contracts, income tax records, and any other records or other information which may tend to establish such person's status. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**02.** Notification to Liable Employers. An employer shall be notified in writing of any determination as to its liability for contributions, or its status as a covered employer if a formal determination was made after the employer questioned its status. The determination shall be in the form required by IDAPA 09.01.01.27.01, and shall become final if no timely appeal is taken to an appeals examiner pursuant to the Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Department of Labor.

03. Employer Quarterly Report Forms. Employers who are liable to pay tax contributions, or who have elected a cost reimbursement option in lieu of tax contributions, shall submit quarterly report forms in any form or medium designated by the director or his authorized representative. Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

04. Update Requirements. Covered employers shall furnish the Department with pertinent status data when new or additional information is available. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# 133. (RESERVED)

# **134. PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS.**

A professional employer organization shall fully comply with the requirements of the Professional Employer Recognition Act, Chapter 24, Title 44, Idaho Code in order to be eligible for any transfers of experience rating as allowed by Section 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

01. Methods of Reporting. To report the wages and employees covered by the professional employer arrangement between a professional employer and client, professional employers and their clients shall make reports to the Department in one (1) of the following ways, subject to the conditions in Subsections 134.02 through 134.06 of this rule: (3-15-02)

**a.** Report the workers included in the professional employer arrangement under the employer account number of the professional employer and transfer the rate of the client to the professional employer; or (3-15-02)

**b.** Report the workers included in the professional employer arrangement under the employer account number of the client without an experience rate transfer. Ref. Section 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

02. Joint Transfer of Experience Rate. In order to effect a transfer of a client's experience rate into the experience rate of a professional employer organization, both the client and the professional employer organization shall jointly apply for the transfer of the experience rate within the same timeframes as required of employers by Section 72-1351(5), Idaho Code, from the date of the contract entered into between the professional employer organization and the client required by Section 44-2405, Idaho Code. Failure to submit a timely joint

request for transfer of experience rate shall result in the professional employer organization reporting wages for the client under the employer account number of the client. Ref. Section 72-1351(5), Idaho Code. (3-22-07)

03. Partial Transfers of Experience Rate Prohibited. In the event that a client and a professional employer organization jointly apply to transfer the experience rate of the client into that of the professional employer, the client's entire experience rate and factors of experience rate shall be transferred into that of the professional employer, and no partial transfers of experience factors or the experience rate shall be allowed. Ref. Section 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

04. Partial Reporting of Workers. If some of the client's workers are included in the professional employer arrangement and some are not included, and the professional employer organization and the client elect to report the workers included in the professional employer arrangement under the employer account number of the client, then only one (1) quarterly report shall be remitted to the Department, which shall list or include all the client's workers whether or not included in the professional employer arrangement. Ref. Section 72-1349B, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

05. Combined Wages or Services for Purposes of Coverage. If a client employer has employees or employment, or both, that does not independently meet the coverage or threshold requirements necessary to constitute covered employment, such employees, services or employment shall nonetheless be deemed to meet the coverage requirements of the Employment Security Law if, in combination with other employees, employment or services of such other employees of the professional employer organization or any of its clients, such wages, services or employees do jointly meet coverage requirements. (3-15-02)

# 135. -- 165. (RESERVED)

# 166. FIELD OPERATIONS CONTROL.

When circumstances dictate, and as a result of nonpayment of liabilities, the employer shall be notified by mail to the last known address of lien proceedings against the employer's interests, with an explanation of the amounts due, and the accrual of interest at the proper rate until the lien is satisfied. Ref. Section 72-1360, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

01. Limitation for Commencing Administrative Procedures. The director may commence an administrative proceeding for purposes of establishing a tax liability, or otherwise to enforce the provisions of Section 72-1349, Idaho Code, by issuing a determination at any time within five (5) years from the due date of a quarterly report or the date a quarterly report is filed, whichever is later, subject to tolling pursuant to Section 72-1349, Idaho Code.

a. Notification of Audits. Employers shall be notified as soon as practicable of an impending payroll records audit for tax liability purposes. This shall allow time in which to agree as to a convenient time and place for audit. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**b.** Frequency of Audits. The frequency of audits or inspections of an employer's records to ensure compliance with the law and Department rules shall be based on the following criteria: (3-30-01)

i. On the basis of random selection and other selection criteria in accordance with federal (3-30-01)

ii. As a result of information received from any source, provided that the information received is of such a nature that it would be reasonable to conduct an audit or inspection of records as a result of that information; or (3-30-01)

iii. As a result of a previous audit, if the business practices or records of the employer are of such a nature that it would be reasonable for a Department employee to re-inspect or re-audit the records to ensure future compliance with the law. Ref. Section 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

**02. Execution Against Assets**. The Department of Labor, when the situation warrants, shall levy upon or execute against any real or personal property, both tangible and intangible, in which an indebted person has an interest, including any offsets as allowed by Section 67-1026, Idaho Code. Ref. Section 72-1360, Idaho Code.

(3-30-01)

03. Relief of Indebtedness. Neither the full running of the statute of limitations nor the writing off of the account as uncollectible relieves an employer of tax indebtedness. Ref. Section 72-1364, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

# 167. -- 185. (RESERVED)

# 186. ACCOUNTING AND DELINQUENCY CONTROL.

Overpayments on employer accounts may be refunded without written application by the employer. Credits resulting from overpayments or adjustments to an employer's account shall be refunded periodically unless such credit is applied to a subsequent balance due. Ref. Section 72-1357, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

01. Erroneous Wage Reports. An employer submitting an erroneous report of employee wages resulting in payment of uncarned unemployment insurance benefits shall have said benefit payments subtracted from any refund due that employer, if such employer benefited from the uncarned benefit payments. Ref. Section 72-1372, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

**02.** Notification of Underpayments. Employers shall be notified periodically of any taxes, penalties, or lien interest due on their tax account. Ref. Section 72-1349, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**03.** Cancellation of Refund Warrants. Refund warrants, outstanding after the validity date, shall be canceled, stop-payment procedures initiated, and then reissued only upon completion of an affidavit for the replacement of the lost or destroyed warrant. Ref. Section 72-1357, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

#### 187. -- 220. (RESERVED)

#### 221. TRANSFER OF EXPERIENCE RATING.

Upon request, employers shall be informed of the requirements for transferring an experience rating record. Notification shall be issued to interested parties when an experience rating record transfer request is made. Ref. Sections 72-1351 and 72-1351A, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

01. Mandatory Transfer of Rate. An experience rating record transfer shall be mandatory if there is a transfer of trade or business and ownership or management or control is substantially the same between the predecessor and successor. The parties in interest shall be notified of such transfer of experience as determined from the facts applicable to the case. The determination shall be in the form required by IDAPA 09.01.01.027.01, and become final if no appeal is taken to an appeals examiner pursuant to the Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Department of Labor.

02. Partial Experience Rate Transfers. The following method is used to compute the pro-rata share of the experience rate account that is to be transferred from the predecessor to a successor. The pro-rata share is determined by dividing the gross payroll associated with the portion of the business acquired by the total gross payroll for the entire business operations for the same time period. The time period upon which this computation is based is the four (4) most recently completed quarters as reported by the predecessor prior to the date of acquisition or change in entity. (4-11-06)

03. Continued Predecessor Employment for Liquidation. When a total transfer of experience rating record has been completed and it is found that the predecessor employer continues to have employment in connection with the liquidation of his business, such employer shall continue to pay contributions at the assigned rate for the period of liquidation but not to extend beyond the balance of the rate year. Ref. Section 72-1351, Idaho Code.

(3-19-99)

04. Management or Ownership or Control Substantially the Same. For the purposes of Subsection 72-1351A, Idaho Code, in determining whether the ownership or management or control of a successor is substantially the same as the ownership or management or control of the predecessor factors to be considered include, but are not limited to, the extent of policy making authority, the involvement in daily management of operations, the supervision over the workforce, the percentage of ownership of shares or assets, and the involvement on boards of directors or other controlling bodies. (4-11-06)

**05.** Wage Paid by Predecessor. The successor employer may use wages paid by the predecessor employer to arrive at the wage base for purposes of calculating taxable wages only when the experience rate of a predecessor employer has been transferred to a successor employer. Ref. Sections 72-1349(1), 72-1351(5), and 72-1350(8), Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

# 222. -- 230. (RESERVED)

# **231.** EXPERIENCE RATING -- QUALIFYING PERIOD.

When an eligible employer ceases to have covered employment for a period of six (6) consecutive quarters or more, they must complete another qualifying period in order to again be eligible for consideration for a reduced contribution rate. Ref. Section 72-1319, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

# 232. -- 240. (RESERVED)

# 241. BOARD, LODGING, MEALS.

When board, lodging, meals, or any other payment in kind considered as payment for services performed by an employee constitute a part of wages or wholly comprise an employee's wages, the value of such board, lodging, or other payment shall be determined as follows: (3-19-99)

01. Cash Value. If a cash value for such board, lodging, or other payment is agreed upon in any contract of hire, the amount so agreed upon shall be used provided it is a reasonable, fair market value. If there is no agreement, or if the contract of hire states an amount less than a reasonable, fair market value, the Department of Labor shall determine the reasonable or fair market value to be used. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

**02. Meals and Lodging Not Included in Gross Wages**. The value of meals and lodging furnished by an employer to the employee will not be included in the employee's gross income if it meets the following tests:

(4-11-06)

- **a.** The meals or lodging are furnished on the employer's business premises; (3-19-99)
- **b.** The meals or lodging are furnished for the employer's convenience; and (3-19-99)

**c.** In the case of lodging (but not meals), the employees must be required to accept the lodging as a condition of their employment. This means that they must accept the lodging to allow them to properly perform their duties. (3-29-10)

**d.** In order to exclude the value of lodging from an employee's gross wages, the employer must show that the wages paid to the employee for services performed meets the prevailing wage for those services. If the employer's records do not show or establish that the employee received the prevailing wage for services performed, then the reasonable or fair market value of the lodging will be included in the employee's gross income as wages. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

03. Meals or Lodging for Employer Convenience. Meals or lodging furnished will be considered for the employer's convenience if the employer has a substantial business reason other than providing additional pay to the worker. A statement that the meals or lodging are not intended as pay is not enough to prove that either meals or lodging are furnished for the employer's convenience. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

04. Subsistence Remuneration. In the case of employees who receive remuneration in the form of subsistence, such as groceries, staples, and fundamental shelter, the fair value of such subsistence will be determined by the Director. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# 242. -- 255. (RESERVED)

# 256. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUE OF REMUNERATION FOR PERSONAL SERVICES.

When the amount paid to an employee by an employer includes remuneration for other than personal services such as equipment use, travel costs, etc., the Director shall determine the fair value of the remuneration for the employee's personal services. In making such determination, the Director shall consider the wages specified in the contract of

hire, the prevailing wages for similar work under comparable conditions, and other pertinent factors. The wages so determined by the Director shall be reported by the employer. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# 257. -- 261. (RESERVED)

# 262. DETERMINATION OF PROPER QUARTER IN WHICH TO ASSIGN AND REPORT WAGES.

01. Wage Assignment to Proper Calendar Quarter. Wages paid shall be assigned to the calendar quarter in which the wages were: (3-29-10)

a. Actually paid to the employee in accordance with the employer's usual and customary payday as established by law or past practice; or (3-30-01)

**b.** Due the employee in accordance with the employer's usual and customary payday as established by law or past practice but not actually paid on such date because of circumstances beyond the control of the employer or the employee; or (3-30-01)

c. Not paid on the usual or customary payday as established by law or past practice but set apart on the employer's books as an amount due and payable or otherwise recognized as a specific and ascertainable amount due and payable to the worker in accordance with an agreement or contract of hire under which services were rendered. Ref. Section 72-1367, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

02. Draws and Advances on Wages. Payments to employees made prior to regular or established paydays will be assignable and reportable during the quarter in which they would have been paid unless a practice is established whereby all employees or a class of employees are given an opportunity to take a "draw" by which such action, another "regular" payday appears to have been created. (3-19-99)

03. Judgments of Wages. Amounts received as a result of labor relations awards or judgments for back pay, or for disputed wages, constitute wages and will be reported in the quarter or quarters in which the award or judgment has become final, after all appeals have been exhausted, or the quarter or quarters to which the court assigns the wages, if different. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

04. Awarded Damages Against Employers. Amounts awarded to the claimant as a penalty or damages against the employer, other than for lost wages, do not constitute wages. Ref. Section 72-1328, Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

# **263.** DETERMINATION OF REPORTABLE QUARTERS.

An employer shall be covered for all four (4) quarters in the calendar year in which the employer becomes a covered employer as well as for all four (4) quarters in the succeeding calendar year. Employers are not required to file quarterly reports until meeting the coverage criteria pursuant to Section 72-1315, Idaho Code. Upon becoming a covered employer within a calendar year, the quarterly report(s) for the quarter(s) prior to the employer becoming covered shall be filed with the quarterly report for the quarter in which the employer became covered. Quarterly reports for the periods subsequent to coverage shall be filed when due after the end of each quarter. Ref. Sections 72-1315 and 72-1337, Idaho Code. (3-22-07)

# 264. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 09.01.60 – COMPLAINT PROCEDURES UNDER THE WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT (WIOA)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated Section 72-1333(2), Idaho Code.

#### ( )

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

Act."

01. Title. IDAPA 09.01.60, "Complaint Procedures Under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity ."

**02.** Scope. These rules govern the procedures for processing and adjudicating discrimination and program complaints by or against any program or activity funded or authorized under Title I of the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act. (3-15-02)

Discrimination Complaints. The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act prohibits a. discrimination against all individuals in the United States on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, political affiliation or belief, and discrimination against beneficiaries on the basis of either citizenship or status as a lawfully admitted immigrant authorized to work in the United States or participation in any WIOA Title I financially assisted program or activity; and incorporates the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color and national origin; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, which prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals with disabilities; The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in educational programs. A complaint alleging a violation of any of these provisions is a discrimination complaint which shall be processed and adjudicated according to the discrimination complaint procedures provided for in these rules. Further, no entity receiving financial assistance under WIOA may discharge, intimidate, retaliate against, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any person because such person has filed a complaint, opposed a prohibited practice, furnished information, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation or hearing. These actions are also considered discrimination and are enforced under this rule's discrimination complaint procedures. (3-15-02)

**b.** Program Complaints. Complaints that do not allege unlawful discrimination or retaliation, and instead involve the proper application of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act and its regulations and policies are program complaints, which shall be processed and adjudicated according to the program complaint procedures provided for in these rules. ()

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Department. Idaho Department of Labor. (3-15-02)

**02.** Local Administrative Entity. The administrative entity that administers the workforce investment system within a designated local area. (3-15-02)

**03. One-Stop Operator**. One (1) or more entities designated or certified under the provisions of WIOA to operate a One-Stop Center. (3-15-02)

04. Service Provider. Any operator or provider of aid, benefits, services, or training to any WIOA Title I funded program or activity that receives financial assistance either from or through the Department or a WIOA recipient, or for any participant through that participant's Individual Training Account; or any entity that is selected or certified as an eligible provider of training services to participants.

**05. WIOA Recipient**. Any entity receiving financial assistance under WIOA Title I from or through the Department, including any successor, assignee, or transferee of a recipient, but excluding the ultimate beneficiaries of the WIOA Title I-funded program or activity.

#### 011. ABBREVIATIONS.

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, these abbreviations shall have the following meanings when used in this chapter. (3-15-02)

<b>01. CRC</b> . Civil Rights Center of the U.S. Department of Labor.	(3-15-02)
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02.	EO. Equal Opportunity.	(3-15-02)

**03.** WIOA. Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act. (3-15-02)

#### 012. DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINTS.

Complaints alleging discrimination must be in writing and may be filed by the complainant or the complainant's designated representative with the Department, Local Administrative Entity, Service Provider, or One-Stop Operator and must contain the information required by, and be processed in accordance with, the Department's WIOA nondiscrimination plan and other applicable policies and procedures adopted by the director. The plan and those policies and procedures must explain that written complaints may be taken by the Department, Local Administrative Entity, Service Provider, or One-Stop Operator, and also may also be filed directly with the Director, CRC, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Room N-4123, Washington, DC 20210.

01. Confidential Information. Information that could lead to the identification of the person filing the complaint shall be kept confidential unless disclosure is required by law or is necessary for conducting an investigation or engaging in enforcement activities. (3-15-02)

**02. Jurisdiction**. In order to have jurisdiction to process and adjudicate a discrimination complaint the respondent against whom the complaint was filed must be a WIOA recipient, the complaint must allege a basis for discrimination that is prohibited by WIOA, and the complaint must be filed within one hundred eighty (180) days of the alleged discrimination. (3-15-02)

03. Notice of Lack of Jurisdiction. If a determination is made that there is no jurisdiction to process the complaint, a Notice of Lack of Jurisdiction must be sent to the complainant that includes the reason for the determination and notice that the complainant has the right to file a complaint directly with CRC within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Notice of Lack of Jurisdiction. (3-15-02)

04. Joint Jurisdiction. Where the complaint alleges discrimination by a WIOA recipient or service provider on a basis that is prohibited by both WIOA and by a civil rights law independently enforced by that WIOA recipient or service provider, the complaint must be referred to that WIOA recipient or service provider for processing under their procedures. For example, WIOA prohibits discrimination on the basis of national origin. If a discrimination complaint on the basis of national origin is made against a WIOA recipient or service provider and they are also prohibited under their own regulations from discriminating on the basis of national origin, then the complaint shall be referred to that WIOA recipient or service provider for processing according to their regulations. Notice of the referral must be sent to the complainant. (3-15-02)

**05.** Sole Jurisdiction. Where the complaint alleges discrimination by a WIOA recipient or service provider on a basis that is prohibited by WIOA and is not covered by a civil rights law independently enforced by that WIOA recipient or service provider (e.g. religion, political affiliation or belief, citizenship or participation in WIOA Title I), the complaint shall be processed by that WIOA recipient or service provider under these procedures.

(3-15-02)

# 013. PROGRAM COMPLAINTS AGAINST LOCAL WIOA PROGRAMS AND POLICIES.

Participants, One-Stop partners, service providers, and other interested parties may file complaints alleging nondiscriminatory, non-criminal violations of the WIOA agreements, policies or activities of a Local Administrative Entity or local service provider. Local program complaints shall be in writing and shall be filed with the local service provider or local administrative entity against whom the complaint is made within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the event or condition that is alleged to be a violation of WIOA. A complaint may be amended prior to a scheduled hearing or withdrawn by the complainant at any time. Information about the identity of the person filing the complaint or to the identity of any person who furnishes information relating to, or assisting in, an investigation, shall be kept confidential from non-parties to the complaint process unless disclosure is required by law. No entity receiving financial assistance under WIOA may discharge, intimidate, retaliate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any person because such person has filed a complaint, opposed a prohibited practice, furnished information, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation or hearing. (3-15-02)

01. Initial Review. Written complaints shall be taken by the local service provider or local

# IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODEIDAPA 09.01.60 – Complaint ProceduresDepartment of LaborUnder the Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act

administrative entity from the complainant or the complainant's designated representative. All complaints shall be logged. If the complaint alleges a violation of any statute, regulation, policy, or program that is not governed by WIOA, the complaint shall be referred to the appropriate organization for resolution. Notice of the referral shall be sent to the complainant. If the complaint is retained, the complaint and its file must contain the information required by, and be processed in accordance with, Department policies and procedures adopted by the director. ()

# 014. PROGRAM COMPLAINTS AGAINST STATEWIDE WIOA PROGRAMS AND POLICIES.

Participants, One-Stop partners, service providers and other interested parties may file complaints alleging nondiscriminatory, non-criminal violations of statewide WIOA agreements, policies or activities. Statewide program complaints shall be in writing and shall be filed with the statewide service provider or the Department within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the event or condition that is alleged to be a violation of WIOA. A complaint may be amended prior to a scheduled hearing or withdrawn at any time. Information about the identity of the person filing the complaint or to the identity of any person who furnishes information relating to, or assisting in, an investigation, shall be kept confidential from non-parties to the complaint process unless disclosure is required by law. No entity receiving financial assistance under the Act may discharge, intimidate, retaliate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any person because such person has filed a complaint, opposed a prohibited practice, furnished information, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation or hearing. (3-15-02)

01. Initial Review. Written complaints shall be taken from the complainant or the complainant's designated representative. All complaints shall be logged. If the complaint alleges a violation of local WIOA programs, policies or agreements, the complaint shall be referred to the local administrative entity for processing under the complaint procedures for program complaints against local WIOA programs. If the complaint alleges a violation of any statute, regulation, policy, or program that is not governed by WIOA, the complaint shall be referred to the appropriate organization for resolution. Notice of the referral shall be sent to the complainant. If the complaint is retained, the complaint and its file must contain the information required by, and be processed in accordance with, Department policies and procedures adopted by the director.

#### 015. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 09.02.01 - RULES OF THE DISABILITY DETERMINATIONS SERVICE

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 09.02.01, "Rules of the Disability Determinations Service." ()

)

02. Scope. These rules govern time limits for submission of invoices by vendors for payment for services. (4-2-08)

#### 002. (RESERVED)

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

There is no administrative appeal from any proceedings brought pursuant to this chapter. (4-2-08)

#### 004. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Consultative Examinations**. Consultative examinations include physical and mental examinations, x-rays, laboratory tests, and special diagnostic studies from qualified sources. (4-2-08)

**02. Medical Evidence of Record**. Medical evidence of record includes medical history reports, medical opinions, treatment records, copies of laboratory reports, prescriptions, ancillary tests, x-rays, operative and pathology reports, consultative reports, and other technical information used to document disability claims. ()

**03. Travel**. Travel includes costs associated with applicants, beneficiaries, recipients, and other authorized individuals in connection with attending consultative examinations or disability hearings by commercial carrier (air, rail, taxi, shuttle, or bus), or privately owned vehicles.

04. Interpretive Services. Interpretive services include authorized contracted interpreters for individuals with limited English proficiency or requiring language assistance for a consultative examination or disability hearing. (4-2-08)

# 011. -- 021. (RESERVED)

#### 022. PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.

In order to receive payment for services provided, submission of bills must be within one year from date of service. This includes consultative examinations, medical evidence of record, travel, and interpretative services.

# 023. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 09.05.03 – RULES FOR DETERMINING BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVES

# 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY. These rules are promulgated under Section 72-1382, Idaho Code, and Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. () 001. TITLE AND SCOPE. 01. Title. IDAPA 09.05.03, "Rules for Determining Bargaining Representatives." ()

**02. Scope**. The rules govern all proceedings before the Department brought pursuant to Section 72-1382, Idaho Code, or concerning mediation proceedings brought pursuant to Section 72-1381, Idaho Code. IDAPA Sections 09.05.03.011, 09.05.03.012, 09.05.03.013, and 09.05.03.014 relate only to powers concerning determination of representation under Section 72-1382, Idaho Code, and for conciliation and mediation purposes under Section 72-1381, Idaho Code.

# 002. (RESERVED)

# 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

There is no administrative appeal under this chapter.

( )

# 004. -- 011. (RESERVED)

# 012. UNION AGREEMENTS AND INSULATED PERIOD.

Once the contract becomes effective as a bar to an election, no petition will be accepted until the end of the period during which the contract is effective as a bar. A contract for a fixed period of more than three (3) years will bar an election sought by a contracting party during the life of the contract, but will act as a bar to an election sought by an outside party for only three (3) years following its effective date. A contract of no fixed period will not act as a bar at all. Petitions filed not more than ninety (90) days but over sixty (60) days before the end of the contract bar period will be accepted and can bring about an election, or if a petition is filed after a contract expires it will be accepted. The last sixty (60) days of the contract bar period is called an insulated period. During that time the parties to the existing contract are free to negotiate a new contract or to agree to extend the old one. If they do so, petitions will not be accepted until ninety (90) days before the end of the new contract bar period. (1-21-74)

# 013. STRIKERS DEEMED EMPLOYEES.

Strikers are deemed to be employees even though replaced by other workers for representation purposes only and may be entitled to vote in any election conducted within twelve (12) months after the commencement of the strike.

(1-21-74)

# 014. EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATION.

01. Petition or Union Representation. Any employer, union, or employee may petition the Department to conduct an investigation and/or hearing to determine whether the majority of the employees of any given business wish union representation and what union they wish to be represented by. Such petition must fully set forth and allege the exact question concerning representation of employees in the collective bargaining unit. The request must fully state the name of the employer, the place of business, the type of business, the name of the labor organization or organizations involved; and if the request is made by the employer it must include a list of employees employed in said unit. (1-21-74)

02. Requests Made by Unions. If the request is made by a union, such union must submit written statements or authorization cards from at least thirty percent (30%) of those workers in the unit to establish there is such a question of representation, except in establishments having less than six (6) employees, in which case twenty-five percent (25%) of the employees involved will be deemed sufficient. A description of the bargaining unit must be given. (1-21-74)

**03.** Collective Bargaining Unit. When a question arises concerning representation of employees in a collective bargaining unit the Department will investigate in order to determine the wishes of the majority of the employees in said unit.

04. Hearings. In any such investigation, a hearing may be held after giving due notice to all interested parties as provided for in the procedural rules of the Department. If as a result of such hearing or investigation the parties agree which union, if any, may properly represent them, a certification will be made and issued by the Director of the Department designating the union for bargaining purposes. If after such a hearing and/or investigation, there is

any doubt as to the wishes of the majority of the employees employed in said unit, a time and place will be scheduled to permit the employees to vote by secret ballot. (1-21-74)

**05. Preparation of Ballot**. In all cases where a secret ballot is taken, the ballot must be prepared by the Department to permit a vote for or against representation by anyone named on the ballot. In case of two (2) or more unions, a place must be provided for a vote against any union. (1-21-74)

**06.** Waiver of Investigation and Hearing. The investigation and hearing may be waived by consent of the parties pursuant to written stipulation by all parties involved, and a cross check may be conducted by representatives of the Department. Such cross check will be made by comparing the signatures or names appearing on the employer's payroll with signatures on authorization cards submitted by the union involved. At such cross check, no representatives will be permitted to be present except representatives of the Department may, at its discretion, also question individual employees. (1-21-74)

07. Elections. If it becomes necessary to conduct an election, such election will be held only after appropriate notice is posted by the department in a conspicuous place where the employees are employed. Whenever possible, the election will be held on the premises of the employer and at a time calculated to best permit all employees who are eligible to vote, and so far as possible at a time which will minimize the disruption of the employer's business. Such notice must be posted at least twenty-four (24) hours before the election and in those cases where, because of the nature of the shifts, a longer time is necessary, it shall be so given. Every effort will be made to hold the election reasonably soon after the twenty-four (24) hour period except in those exceptional cases. (1-21-74)

**08. Observers**. The parties involved may each designate and have present at the election only one (1) observer. Neither management nor union officials may act as observers. Employees having the right to hire or fire or to effectively recommend hiring or firing will be considered as management personnel of the employer and will not be permitted to vote at such election or to act as observers. No member of an employer's immediate family will be eligible to vote at such representation election or to act as an observer, or any principal stockholder owning ten percent (10%) or more of the company stock. (1-21-74)

**09.** Voting Eligibility. All employees in said bargaining unit on the payroll at the time the petition was received in the Department may vote. Regular part-time employees will be permitted to vote. Casual part-time employees or workers who are employed for a limited period will not be permitted to vote. (1-21-74)

10. Challenging Eligibility. Any interested party or representative of the Department may challenge the eligibility of any person to participate in the election for cause under these rules. The ballots of such challenged person will be impounded. Upon conclusion of the election and before the ballots are counted, the parties will be permitted to offer evidence in support of their contentions as to eligibility to vote, after which time a ruling will be made sustaining or overruling the objection. If overruled, the ballot will be placed in the ballot box. (1-21-74)

11. Ballots. Ballots prepared by the Department will set forth the question involved. One ballot will be given to each eligible voter. Such ballots are not to be signed by the voters. Voters will be requested to place an "X" in a square which will require only "YES" or "NO" votes. The ballot must be prepared to permit a vote against any representation. (1-21-74)

12. Deauthorization of Union Representation. A petition in a union shop for an election to determine whether there should be any union representation or not, may be filed with the Department. In such petition, it must be shown at least thirty percent (30%) or more of the employees in the unit covered by the agreement desire deauthorization. Only employees in the bargaining unit will be counted for this purpose subject to the provisions of Subsection 014.12. (1-21-74)

**13. Petition for Election**. The demand or petition set forth in Subsection 014.12 need not be in any particular form, but must comply with the procedural rules of the Department. No such election as set forth in Subsection 014.12 will be conducted among employees presently covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement, except when filed in accordance with the reopening or termination clause of such agreement. (1-21-74)

14. Existing Collective Bargaining Agreement. An existing collective bargaining agreement is a bar to any representation election except as provided for within Section 012. (1-21-74)

**15.** Frequency of Election. No election may be held in any bargaining unit or subdivision thereof within which a valid election was held in the preceding twelve (12) month period. (1-21-74)

015. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## IDAPA 09 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR 09.01.30 – UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION RULES DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1902 NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change. The intended changes to 09.01.30.175.20 will:

- 1. Define the circumstances under which an unemployment insurance claimant can leave the local labor market area to attend training or school; and
- 2. Specify unemployment insurance claimants cannot leave the country while collecting benefits.

The text change from the proposed rule is to remove the implied restriction that a claimant must remain in their current US state, territory or country and would be ineligible in cases of interstate travel, provided they meet the other eligibility criteria.

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the September 4, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-9, pages 167-169.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the pending rule, contact Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief at (208) 332-3577 x3919.

Dated this 2nd day of October, 2019.

Josh McKenna UI Benefits Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Labor – UI Division 219 Main Street Boise, ID 83735 Phone: (208) 332-3577 x 3919 Fax: (208) 639-3256

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 18, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking: The intended changes to 09.01.30.175.20 will:

1. Define the circumstances under which an unemployment insurance claimant can leave the local labor market area to attend training or school; and

2. Specify unemployment insurance claimants cannot leave the country while collecting benefits.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-7, pages 156-157 and in the May 1, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-5, page 61.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief at (208) 332-3577 x 3919.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 25, 2019.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1902

#### 175. AVAILABLE FOR WORK.

The phrase "available for work" is defined as a state of mind which involves a readiness and willingness to work, and a desire to find a job, including the possibility of marketing one's services in the claimant's area of availability. There

must remain a reasonable possibility of a claimant finding and obtaining, or being referred and hired for, suitable work. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

01. Availability Requirements. The type of work for which the claimant is available must exist in the claimant's area to the extent that a normal unemployed person would generally find work within a reasonable period of time. (3-19-99)

02. Child Care. Child care must be arranged so as not to restrict a claimant's availability for work or (3-19-99)

03. Compelling Personal Circumstances. For the purposes of this rule, compelling personal circumstances are defined as:

**a.** A situation in which the claimant required the assistance of emergency response personnel;

- (4-11-06)
- **b.** The serious illness or death or funeral of an immediate family member; or (4-11-06)
- **c.** The wedding of the claimant or an immediate family member. (4-11-06)

**d.** For the purposes of this rule, "immediate family member" is defined as a claimant's spouse, child, foster child, parent, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, or the same relation by marriage. (4-11-06)

e. For the purposes of this rule, "workweek" is defined: ( )

i. Code R, U, or X. The claimant's normal work week as defined by the employer. ()

- ii. Code B or C. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m.-5 p.m. ()
- iii. Code D. Regular class hours. (

**f.** Claimant work availability requirements are waived on Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day.

04. Conscientious Objection. No person may be held to be unavailable for work solely because of religious convictions not permitting work on a certain day. (3-19-99)

**05. Contract Obligation**. A person who is bound by a contract that prevents him from accepting other employment is not eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**06. Distance to Work**. A claimant seeking work must be willing to travel the distance normally traveled by other workers in his area and occupation. (3-19-99)

**07. Domestic Circumstances**. A claimant is not eligible for benefits if domestic circumstances take precedence over the claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)

**08.** Equipment. Claimants will be required to provide necessary tools or equipment in certain occupations. The lack of these tools or equipment will directly affect a claimant's availability for work, unless he will accept other work. (3-19-99)

**09. Evidence**. A claimant is responsible for providing proof of his availability for work and for seeking work if his availability is questioned or proof is required by these rules. (3-19-99)

10. Experience or Training. A claimant is expected to be available for work consistent with his past experience or training, provided there is no change in his ability to perform that work. (3-19-99)

11. Full-Time/Part-Time Work. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must be available for a full

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workweek and a full, normal workday unless the claimant establishes that a majority of the weeks worked in his base period were for less than full-time work or the claimant establishes eligibility under the Americans with Disabilities Act. An individual who restricts his availability to part-time work pursuant to Section 72-1366(4)(c), Idaho Code, will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits if the individual works hours comparable to his part-time work experience in his base period. (3-29-10)

12. Incarceration/Work Release. A claimant who is incarcerated for any part of the claimant's normal workweek is not eligible for benefits for that week, unless the claimant can establish he has work release privileges which would provide him a reasonable opportunity to meet his work search requirements and obtain full-time employment. (3-19-99)

13. Jury Duty/Subpoenas. A claimant serving on jury duty or subpoenaed is excused from the availability and work-seeking requirements of the law for that time period. A claimant is not ineligible if he must refuse work because of the jury duty or subpoena. (3-19-99)

14. Licensing or Government Restrictions. A claimant prohibited by law from engaging in certain work must be available for other employment to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

15. Moving to Remote Area. A claimant who moves to a remote locality where there is very little possibility of obtaining work will be ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

16. Public Official. A public official who receives pay and performs "full-time" service is not unemployed or eligible for benefits. Part-time officials, even though receiving pay, may be considered available for work the same as any other individual employed on a part-time basis. Ref. Sec. 72-1312(1). (3-19-99)

17. **Public Service**. Performing public service, including voluntary non-remunerated service, does not disqualify an individual for benefits as long as he is meeting the availability and work-seeking requirements.

(3-19-99)

18. Restricting Work to Within the Home. A claimant who restricts his availability to only work done within the home which severely limits the work available to him is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**19.** School Attendance or a Training Course. A person who is attending school or a training course may be eligible for benefits if the attendance does not conflict in any way with that person's availability for work or for seeking work and if he will discontinue attendance upon receipt of an offer of employment if there is a conflict between employment and the schooling or training. (3-19-99)

20. Temporary Absence from Local Labor Market to Seek Work. All claimants, regardless of their attachment to an industry or employer, must meet the same standard of remaining within their local labor market area during the workweek in order to be considered available for work, unless the primary purpose of a temporary absence is to seek work in another labor market. Claimants otherwise eligible to receive benefits while participating in an approved training program or course are not deemed ineligible when the training or course occurs outside of their local labor market due to the unavailability of similar programs or courses within their local labor market. ()

a. Otherwise, eligible claimants will continue to be eligible for benefits if they remain within the states, territories, or countries included in the USDOL Interstate Benefit Payment Plan.

#### **21.** Time.

(3-19-99)

**a.** Time Restrictions. A claimant may not impose restrictions on his time, including either hours of the day or days of the week, which will limit his availability to seek or accept suitable work. (3-19-99)

**b.** Shift Restrictions. A claimant who restricts his availability to a single shift may not be fully available for work if the restriction significantly reduces his chances of becoming employed. (3-19-99)

22. Transportation Difficulties. Lack of transportation is not a bona fide reason for a claimant to fail to be available for or to seek work. Transportation is the responsibility of the claimant. (3-19-99)

23. Unreasonable Restrictions on Working Conditions. A claimant who places unreasonable restrictions on working conditions so as to seriously hinder his availability and search for work is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

24. Vacation. A person on a vacation approved by his employer during time when work is available is not considered available for work nor eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

25. Wages. A claimant is not ineligible for benefits if the wages or other conditions of available work are substantially less favorable to the claimant than those prevailing for similar work in the local area. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(7)(b), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**a.** Demanding Higher Wages. A claimant is ineligible for benefits if he unduly restricts his availability for work by insisting on a wage rate that is higher than the prevailing wage for similar work in that area. (3-19-99)

**b.** Prior Earnings. The claimant's prior earnings and past experience are considered in determining whether he is available for suitable work. (3-19-99)

**26.** Waiver of Two-Year Training Limitation. For purposes of approving a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training courses, specified by Idaho Code Section 72-1366(8)(c)(ii), for claimants who lack skills to compete in the labor market, the following criteria must be met:

**a.** Financial Plan. The claimant must demonstrate a workable financial plan for completing the school or training course after his benefits have been exhausted. (3-19-99)

**b.** Demand for Occupation. The claimant must establish there is a demand for the occupation in which the claimant will be trained. A "demand occupation" is one in which work opportunities are available and there is not a surplus of qualified applicants. (3-19-99)

**c.** Duration of Training. At the time that the claimant applies for the waiver, the duration of the school or training course is no longer than two (2) years to completion. (3-19-99)

**d.** Denial. No claimant will be denied a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training because the claimant is already enrolled or participating in the school or training at the time he requests the waiver.

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## IDAPA 09 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR 09.01.30 – UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION RULES DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1903 NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change. The intended changes to IDAPA 09.01.30 will:

- 1. Clarify unemployment insurance benefit eligibility for individuals with disabilities as determined by Idaho law;
- 2. Identify unemployment insurance claimants as responsible for providing competent evidence they are qualified individuals with disabilities under the Americans with Disabilities Act; and
- 3. Remove language concerning long-term disability inconsistent with the definition of disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the September 4, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-9, pages 170-174.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief at (208) 332-3577 x3919.

Dated this 2nd day of October, 2019.

Josh McKenna UI Benefits Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Labor – UI Division 219 Main Street Boise, ID 83735 Phone: (208) 332-3577 x 3919 Fax: (208) 639-3256

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 18, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking: The intended changes to IDPA 09.01.30 will:

1. Clarify unemployment insurance benefit eligibility for individuals with disabilities as determined by Idaho law;

2. Identify unemployment insurance claimants as responsible for providing competent evidence they are qualified individuals with disabilities under the Americans with Disabilities Act; and

3. Remove language concerning long- term disability inconsistent with the definition of disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-7, pages 158-159 and in the May 1, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-5, page 62.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief at (208) 332-3577 x 3919.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 25, 2019.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1903

#### 100. ABLE TO WORK.

"Able to work" is defined as the physical and mental ability to perform work under conditions ordinarily existing during a normal workweek. It does not mean that a person must be able to perform work in his customary occupation or the same kind of work he last performed. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

01. Able to Perform Some Type of Work. A person must be able to perform work of some type for which he can qualify at the time he files an initial claim for unemployment insurance.

**02. Able to Work Part-Time**. A person who is able to work only part of the workday or part of the workweek is not considered "able to work" for the purposes of Section 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. This rule does not apply to claimants who establish eligibility under Section 150 of these rules, "Claimants with Disabilities." ( )

**03. Disability Compensation**. A claimant's receipt of disability compensation does not in itself establish that he is unable to work or unavailable for work, even though the payee has been declared totally disabled. (3-19-99)

04. Illness Provision. A person who claims benefits under the illness provision must remain available for local office job referral; however, he may leave the area for treatment of his illness and continue to be eligible under the illness provision.

05. Illness Provision as Applied to Transitional or Reopened Claim. Receipt of benefits during the same illness continues throughout a spell of unemployment, even though the current benefit year has ended and a transitional claim is filed the following year or the claim is reopened after a period of not filing with no intervening employment. (3-19-99)

06. Mental Illness. A person who, after filing a valid claim, becomes unable to work because of mental illness is entitled to the same benefits under the illness provision as claimants who suffer from other types of illness or disability. (3-19-99)

07. Withdrawing from Labor Market Because of Illness. A claimant who withdraws from the labor market because of illness or injury prior to filing a claim is not eligible until he is able to work and available for work. (3-19-99)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### **150. CLAIMANTS** WITH DISABILITIES.

An individual with a disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act (2008) (as defined at 29 C.F.R. Sec 1630.2(g)), and whose disability prevents the claimant from working full time or during particular shifts is not deemed unable to work or unavailable for work for so long as the claimant is able to perform some work and remains available for work to the full extent of his ability. ()

**01. Availability Requirement.** A qualified claimant with a disability who is able to work with or without a reasonable accommodation will be considered as having complied with the requirement of being available for work provided the claimant is willing to work the maximum number of hours the claimant is able to work. ( )

**02.** Burden of Proof. Claimant has the burden of proving eligibility under this provision with competent evidence.

03. Additional Eligibility Requirements. Qualified claimants with disabilities must meet all other

eligibility requirements, including the illness provision of Section 100 of these rules.

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#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 175. AVAILABLE FOR WORK.

The phrase "available for work" is defined as a state of mind which involves a readiness and willingness to work, and a desire to find a job, including the possibility of marketing one's services in the claimant's area of availability. There must remain a reasonable possibility of a claimant finding and obtaining, or being referred and hired for, suitable work. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

01. Availability Requirements. The type of work for which the claimant is available must exist in the claimant's area to the extent that a normal unemployed person would generally find work within a reasonable period of time. (3-19-99)

**02.** Child Care. Child care must be arranged so as not to restrict a claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)

03. Compelling Personal Circumstances. For the purposes of this rule, compelling personal circumstances are defined as:

**a.** A situation in which the claimant required the assistance of emergency response personnel;

(4-11-06)

**b.** The serious illness or death or funeral of an immediate family member; or (4-11-06)

**c.** The wedding of the claimant or an immediate family member. (4-11-06)

**d.** For the purposes of this rule, "immediate family member" is defined as a claimant's spouse, child, foster child, parent, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, or the same relation by marriage. (4-11-06)

e.	For the purposes of this rule, "workweek" is defined:	(	)
i.	Code R, U, or X. The claimant's normal work week as defined by the employer.	(	)
ii.	Code B or C. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m5 p.m.	(	)
iii.	Code D. Regular class hours.	(	)

f. Claimant work availability requirements are waived on Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day.

04. Conscientious Objection. No person may be held to be unavailable for work solely because of religious convictions not permitting work on a certain day. (3-19-99)

**05. Contract Obligation**. A person who is bound by a contract that prevents him from accepting other employment is not eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

**06. Distance to Work**. A claimant seeking work must be willing to travel the distance normally traveled by other workers in his area and occupation. (3-19-99)

07. Domestic Circumstances. A claimant is not eligible for benefits if domestic circumstances take precedence over the claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)

**08. Equipment**. Claimants will be required to provide necessary tools or equipment in certain occupations. The lack of these tools or equipment will directly affect a claimant's availability for work, unless he will

#### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules

Docket No. 09-0130-1903 PENDING RULE

accept other work.

(3-19-99)

**09. Evidence**. A claimant is responsible for providing proof of his availability for work and for seeking work if his availability is questioned or proof is required by these rules. (3-19-99)

**10. Experience or Training**. A claimant is expected to be available for work consistent with his past experience or training, provided there is no change in his ability to perform that work. (3-19-99)

11. Full-Time/Part-Time Work. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must be available for a full workweek and a full, normal workday unless the claimant establishes that a majority of the weeks worked in his base period were for less than full-time work or the claimant establishes eligibility under Section 150 of these rules, "Claimants with Disabilities." An individual who restricts his availability to part-time work pursuant to Section 72-1366(4)(c), Idaho Code, will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits if the individual works hours comparable to his part-time work experience in his base period.

12. Incarceration/Work Release. A claimant who is incarcerated for any part of the claimant's normal workweek is not eligible for benefits for that week, unless the claimant can establish he has work release privileges which would provide him a reasonable opportunity to meet his work search requirements and obtain full-time employment. (3-19-99)

13. Jury Duty/Subpoenas. A claimant serving on jury duty or subpoenaed is excused from the availability and work-seeking requirements of the law for that time period. A claimant is not ineligible if he must refuse work because of the jury duty or subpoena. (3-19-99)

14. Licensing or Government Restrictions. A claimant prohibited by law from engaging in certain work must be available for other employment to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

15. Moving to Remote Area. A claimant who moves to a remote locality where there is very little possibility of obtaining work will be ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

16. Public Official. A public official who receives pay and performs "full-time" service is not unemployed or eligible for benefits. Part-time officials, even though receiving pay, may be considered available for work the same as any other individual employed on a part-time basis. Ref. Sec. 72-1312(1). (3-19-99)

17. **Public Service**. Performing public service, including voluntary non-remunerated service, does not disqualify an individual for benefits as long as he is meeting the availability and work-seeking requirements.

(3-19-99)

18. Restricting Work to Within the Home. A claimant who restricts his availability to only work done within the home which severely limits the work available to him is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

19. School Attendance or a Training Course. A person who is attending school or a training course may be eligible for benefits if the attendance does not conflict in any way with that person's availability for work or for seeking work and if he will discontinue attendance upon receipt of an offer of employment if there is a conflict between employment and the schooling or training. (3-19-99)

20. Temporary Absence from Local Labor Market to Seek Work. All claimants, regardless of their attachment to an industry or employer, must meet the same standard of remaining within their local labor market area during the workweek in order to be considered available for work, unless the primary purpose of a temporary absence is to seek work in another labor market; provided, however, claimants otherwise eligible to receive benefits while participating in an approved training program or course are not deemed ineligible when the training or course occurs outside of their local labor market due to the unavailability of similar programs or courses within their local labor market.

21. Time.

(3-19-99)

**a.** Time Restrictions. A claimant may not impose restrictions on his time, including either hours of the

#### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules

day or days of the week, which will limit his availability to seek or accept suitable work. (3-19-99)

**b.** Shift Restrictions. A claimant who restricts his availability to a single shift may not be fully available for work if the restriction significantly reduces his chances of becoming employed. (3-19-99)

**22. Transportation Difficulties**. Lack of transportation is not a bona fide reason for a claimant to fail to be available for or to seek work. Transportation is the responsibility of the claimant. (3-19-99)

23. Unreasonable Restrictions on Working Conditions. A claimant who places unreasonable restrictions on working conditions so as to seriously hinder his availability and search for work is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

24. Vacation. A person on a vacation approved by his employer during time when work is available is not considered available for work nor eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)

25. Wages. A claimant is not ineligible for benefits if the wages or other conditions of available work are substantially less favorable to the claimant than those prevailing for similar work in the local area. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(7)(b), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

**a.** Demanding Higher Wages. A claimant is ineligible for benefits if he unduly restricts his availability for work by insisting on a wage rate that is higher than the prevailing wage for similar work in that area. (3-19-99)

**b.** Prior Earnings. The claimant's prior earnings and past experience are considered in determining whether he is available for suitable work. (3-19-99)

**26.** Waiver of Two-Year Training Limitation. For purposes of approving a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training courses, specified by Idaho Code Section 72-1366(8)(c)(ii), for claimants who lack skills to compete in the labor market, the following criteria must be met:

**a.** Financial Plan. The claimant must demonstrate a workable financial plan for completing the school or training course after his benefits have been exhausted. (3-19-99)

**b.** Demand for Occupation. The claimant must establish there is a demand for the occupation in which the claimant will be trained. A "demand occupation" is one in which work opportunities are available and there is not a surplus of qualified applicants. (3-19-99)

**c.** Duration of Training. At the time that the claimant applies for the waiver, the duration of the school or training course is no longer than two (2) years to completion. (3-19-99)

**d.** Denial. No claimant will be denied a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training because the claimant is already enrolled or participating in the school or training at the time he requests the waiver.

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### **IDAPA 12 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE**

#### DOCKET NO. 12-0000-1900

#### NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** These rules have been adopted by the agency and are now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rules become final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rules are approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rules are approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rules become final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted pending rules. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 26-2144, 26-2228(4), 26-2248, 26-31-204(5), 26-31-302, and 28-46-104, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rules and a statement of any changes between the text of the proposed rules and the text of the pending rules with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters promulgated as proposed rules under this docket number under IDAPA 12, rules of the Idaho Department of Finance:

#### IDAPA 12

- IDAPA 12.01.04, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act
- IDAPA 12.01.09, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code
- IDAPA 12.01.10, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act
- IDAPA 12.01.11, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rules was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 1566 – 1571, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act; Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code, pages 1572 – 1573; Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act, pages 1574 – 1577; and, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act, page 1578.

The rule making was prompted by the expiration of the rules. The department considered the Licensing Freedom Act and the Red Tape Reduction Act and the continued efforts to clarify and streamline its rules. Minor housekeeping edits are also intended to clarify and simplify existing language, and reduce or eliminate unnecessary restrictions. Following are descriptions of changes made to the pending rules that differ from the proposed rules:

- IDAPA 12.01.04, *Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act* Removed section regarding written interpretations; removed sections defining self-evident scope and purposes of rules.
- IDAPA 12.01.09, *Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code* Removed section regarding written interpretations and subsequent references to that section.
- IDAPA 12.01.10, *Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act* Removed section regarding written interpretations and subsequent references to that section; added definition for replacement term referred to in the rules and removed definition for term defined in the Act; replaced undefined terms with defined terms; removed duplicative disclosure requirements; and, removed rules describing the structure and use of the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System.
- IDAPA 12.01.11, *Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act* Removed section regarding written interpretations and subsequent references to that section.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact:

- Financial Institutions Bureau Chief Bradley Bergquist, (208) 332-8041 (Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act)
- Consumer Finance Bureau Chief Anthony Polidori, (208) 332-8060 (Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act)

Dated this 4th day of October, 2019.

Mary E. Hughes Acting Director Idaho Department of Finance 800 Park Blvd., Suite 200 Boise, ID 83720-0031 Phone: (208) 332-8030 Fax: (208) 332-8099

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 26-2144, 26-2228(4), 26-2248, 26-31-103, 26-31-204(5), 26-31-302, 27-416, 28-46-104, and 30-14-605, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 12, rules of the Idaho Department of Finance.

#### IDAPA 12

- IDAPA 12.01.04, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act All rules except Subsections 010.01.b, 010.04, 010.05, 020.05, 020.06, and Section 030.
- IDAPA 12.01.09, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code All rules except Section 006.
- IDAPA 12.01.10, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act All rules except Subsections 005.05, 040.01.a., 060.01, and 060.06
- IDAPA 12.01.11, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rules is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. These rules give authorization to financial institutions to exercise certain powers and conduct business; provide protection to customers of the institutions, investors, and others; support the orderly extension of credit to Idaho citizens and businesses; and support the Department's orderly supervision of the state's endowment care cemeteries

**FEE SUMMARY:** This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rules, contact:

- Acting Financial Institutions Bureau Chief Bradley Bergquist, (208) 332-8041 (Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act)
- Consumer Finance Bureau Chief Anthony Polidori, (208) 332-8060 (Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act, Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act)

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 12-0000-1900

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

#### 12.01.04 - RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO CREDIT UNION ACT

#### Page 231

# **000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.** This chapter is promulgated pursuant to Section 26-2144, Idaho Code.

**001. TITLE AND SCOPE.** The title of this chapter is the Credit Union Rules of the Idaho Department of Finance; and may be cited as IDAPA 12.01.04, "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Union Act." These rules implement statutory intent with respect to the regulation and supervision of state chartered credit unions in the state of Idaho. (7-1-93)

#### 002. -- 004. (RESERVED)

#### 005. **DEFINITIONS.**

The definitions used in this chapter are as follows:

01.	Act. Means the Idaho Credit Union Law, Chapter 21, Title 26, Idaho Code.	(7-1-93)
02.	Applicant. Means a group of persons applying for a credit union charter.	(7-1-93)
03.	Department. Means the Idaho Department of Finance.	(7-1-93)
04.	Director. Means the Director of the Department.	(7-1-93)
05.	Corporate Credit Union. Means a corporate credit union chartered under the provisions of	of the act. (7-1-93)
06.	Credit Union. Means a credit union chartered under the provisions of the act.	(7-1-93)
07.	NCUA. Means the National Credit Union Administration.	(7-1-93)

#### 006. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. CHARTER APPLICATIONS.

01. Guidelines for Approval of Credit Union Charters. Each application for a credit union shall set (7-1-93)

a.	The proposed name of the credit union;	(7-1-93)

**b.** The city, county, or area in which the proposed credit union is to hold its charter; (7-1-93)

**c.** A description of the common bond for the field of membership of the potential members of the credit union. Said field of membership should indicate that there are enough potential members to allow the proposed credit union to successfully carry on credit union operations; (7-1-93)

**d.** That the stability of employment of the potential members of the credit union or that the stability of membership in the association which comprises the common bond of membership is sufficient to allow the credit union to maintain a stable level of participation by members; (7-1-93)

e. The economic characteristics of the proposed field of membership indicating the ability of members to provide funds in sufficient amounts to carry out the purposes for which the credit union is formed;

(7-1-93)

(7 - 1 - 93)

(7 - 1 - 93)

**f.** That the persons who form the common bond and potential field of membership of the credit union have indicated sufficient interest in the credit union that the Director may reasonably believe that credit union operations may be carried out successfully. (7-1-93)

#### 011. -- 019. (RESERVED)

#### 020. SERVICES, ADVERTISING, REPORTING CRIMES, BONDS.

#### **1.** Credit Union Services.

(7-1-93)

**a.** A credit union shall not allow, by contract or otherwise, any credit union bookkeeping or record keeping services for itself, whether on or off premises, unless assurances satisfactory to the Director are provided by both the credit union and the party performing such services, which indicate that the performance thereof will be subject to rule and examination by the Director or his duly authorized representative to the same extent as if such services were being performed by the credit union itself on its own premises. If this service is "on premises" then prior written approval of the Director must be obtained before service is sold or otherwise made available to any outside customer.

**b.** The assurances referred to above shall be submitted prior to the time the contract or agreement becomes effective in the form of letters from both parties and signed by a duly authorized officer of the credit union and by the party, or duly authorized officer or representative of such party, stating they will perform the services for the credit union, that the credit union and the party performing such services have entered into an agreement, that the performance of the services will be subject to rule and examination by the Director, and that such performance of services will be made available for examination. A copy of the contract or agreement covering these services shall accompany these letters. (7-1-93)

#### 02. Advertising.

(7-1-93)

**a.** A credit union shall not issue, circulate, or publish any advertisement which misrepresents the nature of its shares, stocks, investments, certificates, or the rights of shareholders in respect thereto. (7-1-93)

**b.** No credit union may in any advertisement: (7-1-93)

i. Use the words "chartered by the state of Idaho" unless said credit union has been issued a charter (7-1-93)

ii. Use the words "National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund" or any facsimile thereof; nor use any insignia, seal, or device whatsoever which represents that the shares or deposits of the credit union are insured by the Administrator, NCUA, unless, in fact, the credit union is so insured. ()

c. The Director upon written notification to any or all credit unions may require that a true copy of the text of any advertisement be filed with his office at least five (5) days prior to the issuance, circulation, or publication of such advertisement. (7-1-93)

#### 021. -- 039. (RESERVED)

#### 040. MEMBER BUSINESS LOANS.

**01. Definitions**. For the purposes of this rule, the following definitions apply: (7-1-93)

**a.** The term "member business loan" means any loan, line of credit, or letter of credit, the proceeds of which will be used for a commercial, business, or agricultural purpose, except the following are not considered member business loans for the purpose of this rule: (7-1-93)

i. A loan or loans fully secured by a lien on a one to four family dwelling that is either the member's primary residence, or the member's secondary residence. (7-1-93)

ii. A loan that is fully secured by shares in the credit union or deposits in other financial institutions. (7-1-93)

iii. A loan, the proceeds of which are used for a commercial, business, or agricultural purpose, made to a borrower or an associated member, which, when added to such other loans to the borrower, is less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000). (7-1-93)

iv. A loan, the repayment of which is fully insured or fully guaranteed by, or where there is an advance commitment to purchase in full by, an agency of the federal government or a state or any of its political subdivisions. (7-1-93)

(7-1-93)

**b.** "Reserves" means all reserves including the allowance of loan losses account and undivided earnings or surplus. (7-1-93)

**c.** "Associated Member" means any member with a common ownership, investment or other pecuniary interest in a business or commercial endeavor. (7-1-93)

**d.** "Immediate Family Member" means a spouse or other family members, related by blood or operation of law, living in the same household. (7-1-93)

**02. Requirements**. A credit union may make member business loans only in accordance with the following requirements: (7-1-93)

a. Written Loan Policies. Except as provided in this section, the board of directors must adopt specific business loan policies within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this rule and review them at least annually. A credit union must submit the proposed written policies, and any future amendments to the policies, to the Director for approval at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed date of implementation of the member business loan program or amendments. Any credit union that is NCUA insured must also provide notice and a copy of the loan policies or amendments to the appropriate NCUA regional office within thirty (30) days before adoption and implementation of the policies or amendments. (7-1-93)

**b.** Credit Unions that do not intend to make member business loans do not have to adopt and implement these policies. However, if such a credit union decides to begin making member business loans at some time in the future, the requirements of this section will apply, except that the specific business loan policies must be adopted and implemented no less than thirty (30) days before any member business loan is made that, at a minimum, address the following:

;	Types of business loans that will be made.	$(7 \ 1 \ 03)$
1.	Types of business toans that will be made.	(/-1-93)

ii. The credit union's trade area for business loans. (7-1-93)

iii. Maximum amount of the credit union's assets in relationship to reserves that will be invested in business loans, not to exceed three hundred percent (300%). (7-1-93)

iv. Maximum amount of credit union assets in relationship to reserves that will be invested in a given category or type of business loan. (7-1-93)

v. Maximum amount of credit union assets, in relation to reserves, that will be loaned to any one (1) member or group of associated members. (7-1-93)

vi. Qualifications and experience of personnel involved in making and administering business loans.

vii. Analysis of ability of the borrower to repay the loan. (7-1-93)

viii. The following considerations shall be addressed unless the board of directors finds that they are not appropriate for a particular type of business loan and states the reasons for those findings in the credit union's written policies: balance sheet, trend and structure analysis; ratio analysis of cash flow, income and expenses, and tax data; leveraging; comparison with industry averages; receipt and periodic updating of financial statements and other documentation, including tax returns. (7-1-93)

ix. Collateral requirements, including loan-to-value ratios; appraisals, title search and insurance requirements; steps to be taken to secure various types of collateral; and how often the value and marketability of collateral is to be reevaluated. (7-1-93)

x. Appropriate interest rates and maturities of business loans. (7-1-93)

xi. Loan monitoring, servicing, and follow-up procedures, including collection procedures. (7-1-93)

member.

**c.** Loans to One (1) Member. The following restrictions apply to credit unions loans to one (1) (7-1-93)

i. The aggregate amount of outstanding member business loans to any one (1) member or group of associated members shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the credit union's reserves. (7-1-93)

ii. If any portion of a member business loan is fully secured by a one (1) to four (4) family dwelling that is the member's primary residence or secondary residence, or by shares in the credit union or deposits in another financial institution, or insured or guaranteed by, or subject to an advance commitment to purchase by, any agency of the federal government or of a state or any of its political subdivisions, such portion shall not be calculated in determining the twenty percent (20%) limit. (7-1-93)

iii. Credit unions seeking an exception from the twenty percent (20%) limit must present to the Director the higher limit sought, an explanation of the need to raise the limit, an analysis of the credit union's prior experience making member business loans, and a copy of its business lending policy. In addition, at the same time this information is presented to the Director, any credit union that is NCUA insured must also submit a copy of the information to the appropriate NCUA regional office for its review and comment.

iv. Any decision by the Director to grant any request to exceed the twenty percent (20%) loan-to-one borrower's limit will be made only after consultation and coordination with NCUA. (7-1-93)

**d.** Allowance for Loan Losses. The determination of whether a member business loan will be classified as substandard, doubtful, or loss will rely on factors not limited to the delinquency of the loan. Non-delinquent loans may be classified, depending on an evaluation of factors including, but not limited to, the adequacy of analysis and documentation. (7-1-93)

i. Loss loans at one hundred percent (100%) of outstanding amount; (7-1-93)

ii. Doubtful loans at fifty percent (50%) of outstanding amount; and (7-1-93)

iii. Substandard loans at ten percent (10%) of outstanding amount, unless other factors (e.g., history of such loans at the credit union) indicate that a greater or lesser amount is appropriate. (7-1-93)

**03. Prohibitions.** A credit union may not make member business loans to the following nonvolunteer, senior management employees, or to any associated member or immediate family member of such employees:

(7-1-93)

**a.** The credit union's chief executive officer; typically this individual holds the title of president, treasurer, or manager. (7-1-93)

**b.** Any assistant chief executive officers; often the assistant manager. (7-1-93)

**c.** The chief financial officer or comptroller. The credit union shall not grant a member business loan where any provision for the payment, or the amount of the payment, on the loan is conditioned on the profitability or success of the business or commercial endeavor for which the loan is made. (7-1-93)

#### 041. -- 049. (RESERVED)

#### 050. NONPREFERENTIAL TREATMENT.

01. Nonpreferential Treatment. The rates, terms, and conditions on any loan or line of credit either made to, or endorsed or guaranteed by: (7-1-93)

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a.	An official;	(7-1-93)
b.	An immediate family member of an official; or	(7-1-93)

c. Any individual having a common ownership, investment, or other pecuniary interest in a business enterprise with an official or with an immediate family member of an official, cannot be more favorable than the rates, terms, and conditions for comparable loans or lines of credit to other credit union members. "Official" means any member of the board of directors, credit committee, or supervisory committee. "Immediate family member" means a spouse or other family members, related by blood or operation of law, living in the same household.

(7 - 1 - 93)

#### 051. -- 059. (RESERVED)

#### 060. PROHIBITED FEES, COMMISSIONS, COMPENSATION.

A credit union may not make any loan or extend any line of credit if, either directly or indirectly, any commission, fee, or other compensation is to be received by the credit union's directors, committee members, senior management employees, loan officers, or any immediate family members of such individuals, in connection with underwriting, insuring, servicing, or collecting the loan or line of credit. However, salary for employees is not prohibited by this section. "Senior management employees" refers to those employees described in Subsection 040.03 of these rules. "Immediate family members" means a spouse, or other family members, related by blood or operation of law, living in the same household.

#### 061. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 12.01.09 – RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO CREDIT CODE

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is promulgated pursuant to Section 28-46-104, Idaho Code.

( )

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

The title of this chapter is the Idaho Credit Code Rules of the Idaho Department of Finance; and may be cited as IDAPA 12.01.09, "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code." These rules implement statutory intent with respect to the regulation of credit transactions in the state of Idaho in accordance with the provisions of chapters 41 through 49 of title 28, Idaho Code. (7-1-93)

#### 002. -- 004. (RESERVED)

#### 005. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code," incorporate by reference the full text of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C., Chapter 41, et seq., and regulations issued pursuant to that act, including the following: (4-11-19)

01. The Truth in Lending Act. Consumer Credit Cost Disclosure Act or "The Truth in Lending Act." As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1601, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Truth in Lending Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/

**02. Regulation Z**. As issued by the federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and codified at 12 CFR 1026, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. Regulation Z is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol9/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol9-part1026.xml. (4-11-19)

**03. Restrictions on Garnishment Act**. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1671, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Restrictions on Garnishment Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapII.htm. (4-11-19)

04. Credit Repair Organizations Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1679, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Credit Repair Organizations Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapII-A.htm. (4-11-19)

**05.** Credit Reporting Agencies Act or "Fair Credit Reporting Act." As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1681, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Fair Credit Reporting Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapIII.htm.

(4-11-19)

**06. Regulation** V. As set forth in 12 CFR 1022, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. Regulation V is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1022.xml. (4-11-19)

**07.** Equal Credit Opportunity Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1691, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Equal Credit Opportunity Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapIV.htm. (4-11-19)

**08. Regulation B.** As set forth in 12 CFR 1002, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. Regulation B is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1002.xml. (4-11-19)

09. Debt Collection Practices Act or "Fair Debt Collection Practices Act." As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1692, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapV.htm. (4-11-19)

**10.** Electronic Funds Transfer Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1693, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Electronic Funds Transfer Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapVI.htm. (4-11-19)

11.Regulation E. As set forth in 12 CFR 1005, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019.Regulation E is available for viewing online at: <a href="https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1005.xml">https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1005.xml</a>.

12. Availability of Documents. Unless otherwise available, the documents incorporated by reference may be viewed at the central office of the Idaho Department of Finance.

#### 006. -- 999. (RESERVED)

Section 000

#### 12.01.10 - RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE PRACTICES ACT

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is promulgated pursuant to Sections 26-31-103, 26-31-204(5), 26-31-302(1)(a), and 26-31-302(2), Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

The title of this chapter is "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act," which rules are administered by the Idaho Department of Finance, and may be cited as IDAPA 12.01.10. These rules interpret the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act, Title 26, Chapter 31, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

#### 002. -- 004. (RESERVED)

#### 005. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE (RULE 5).

The "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act," incorporate by reference the full text of the following: (4-4-13)

**01.** The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act. As set forth in 12 U.S.C. 2601, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title12/html/USCODE-2016-title12-chap27.htm. (4-11-19)

**02. Regulation X.** As issued by the federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and codified at 12 CFR 1024, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. Regulation X is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1024.xml. (4-11-19)

**03.** The Truth in Lending Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1601, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. The Truth in Lending Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41.htm. (4-11-19)

**04. Regulation Z**. As issued by the federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and codified at 12 CFR 1026, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. Regulation Z is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol9/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol9-part1026.xml. (4-11-19)

**05.** Availability of Documents. Unless otherwise available, the documents incorporated by reference may be viewed at the Department's central office.

#### 006. **DEFINITIONS.**

In addition to the terms defined in the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act, the following definitions apply:

**01.** Act. The Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act, Title 26, Chapter 31, Idaho Code. (3-30-06)

)

**02. Application**. In relation to a "residential mortgage loan" or "loan modification" as defined in the Act, an "application" means a request for a residential mortgage loan or loan modification and any form or document representing such request. The term "application" does not include the processing of such request. (3-29-10)

03. Closing. The process of executing legally binding documents regarding a lien on property that is subject to a residential mortgage loan and includes the day agreed upon by a borrower and a covered person to complete such process.

04. Covered Person. A person who has been issued a license, pursuant to the Act, or a person required to be licensed under the Act.

#### 007. -- 039. (RESERVED)

#### 040. DECEPTIVE ADVERTISING.

01. Advertising. Advertising means making or permitting to be made any oral, written, graphic or pictorial statements, in any manner, in the course of the solicitation of business authorized under the Act. Deceptive advertising is defined to include the following practices by a covered person:

**a.** Advertising without clearly and conspicuously disclosing the business name and unique identifier

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assigned by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry (NMLSR) to the covered person. ( )

**b.** Engaging in bait and switch advertising or misrepresenting, directly or indirectly, the terms, conditions or charges incident to services authorized under the Act. Bait and switch advertising, for the purposes of these rules, means advertising services without the intent to provide them but, rather, to lure a person into making an application for services and then switch the person from obtaining the advertised services to other or different services on a basis more advantageous to the covered person.

**c.** Using an address in advertising at which the covered person conducts no mortgage brokering, mortgage lending, or mortgage loan origination activities or for which the covered person does not hold a license.

)

**d.** Advertising or soliciting in a manner that has the effect of misleading a person to believe that the advertisement or solicitation is from a person's current mortgage holder, a government agency, or that an offer is a limited opportunity, when such is not the case. (3-29-10)

#### 041. -- 049. (RESERVED)

#### 050. WRITTEN DISCLOSURES.

01. Receipt of an Application. Upon receipt of an application as defined in Subsection 006.02 of these rules, and before receipt of any moneys from a borrower, a covered person shall make available to each borrower information, in a manner acceptable to the Director, about the services authorized under the Act that he may provide to a borrower.

**02.** Loan Modification Confirmation. Within three (3) business days, including Saturdays, of receipt of a notice from a creditor or its agent of a loan modification offer, a covered person shall deliver or send by first-class mail to the borrower a written confirmation of the terms of the loan modification offer. Such confirmation shall include information regarding proposed rates, payments, and loan balance.

#### 051. **RESTRICTIONS ON FEES.**

If a covered person imposes fees authorized by Section 26-31-210 of the Act, the following restrictions apply, subject to the Director's authority to set limits on fees and charges pursuant to Section 26-31-204(6) of the Act: ()

**01. Application Fee.** An application fee shall include only the actual costs incurred by a covered person in connection with the taking of an application and transcribing application information. ()

02. Cancellation Fee. A cancellation fee may only be charged at the time of, or subsequent to, a request or instruction by a borrower to a covered person to cancel a request for services authorized under the Act. Such fee must bear a reasonable relationship to the actual costs incurred by the covered person for services provided to a borrower up to the borrower's request or instruction to cancel the request for services. A cancellation fee must comply with the requirements of Regulation Z, when applicable. ()

#### 052. -- 059. (RESERVED)

#### 060. PROHIBITED PRACTICES.

It is a prohibited practice for any covered person in connection with offering or providing services authorized under the Act, to:

01. Fail to Disburse Funds Timely. Fail to disburse funds in a timely manner, in accordance with any commitment or agreement with the borrower, either directly or through a mortgage broker: (3-29-10)

**a.** Either immediately upon closing of the loan in the case of a purchase/sale transaction; or (11-1-98)

**b.** Immediately upon expiration of the three (3) day rescission period in the case of a refinancing, or taking of a junior mortgage on the existing residence of the borrower. (3-30-06)

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**c.** For the purposes of this Subsection, the term "immediately" represents a period of time no greater than seventy-two (72) hours. (3-29-10)

02. Fail to Provide Reasonable Opportunity for Document Review. Fail to give the borrower, upon the borrower's verbal or written request, a reasonable opportunity of at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to closing to review every document to be signed or acknowledged by the borrower for the purpose of obtaining a residential mortgage loan, and every document that is required pursuant to these rules, and other applicable laws, rules or regulations. (3-29-10)

03. Require Excessive Insurance. Require a borrower to obtain or maintain fire insurance or other hazard insurance in an amount that exceeds the replacement value of the improvements to the real estate. (3-29-10)

04. Engage in Deceptive Advertising. Engage in any deceptive advertising as set forth in Section 040 (3-29-10)

#### 061. -- 089. (RESERVED)

#### 090. BORROWERS UNABLE TO OBTAIN LOANS.

If, for any reason, a covered person fails to obtain a residential mortgage loan for a borrower that is satisfactory to the borrower, and the borrower has paid for an appraisal, the covered person shall provide a copy of the appraisal to the borrower and transmit and assign original appraisal reports, along with any other documents provided by the borrower, to any other person to whom the borrower directs that the documents be transmitted. The covered person shall provide such copies or transmit such documents within three (3) business days after the borrower makes the request in writing.

#### 091. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 12.01.11 - RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO COLLECTION AGENCY ACT

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is promulgated pursuant to Sections 26-2228(4) and 26-2248, Idaho Code. (4-11-19)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE (RULE 1).

The title of this chapter is "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act," which rules are administered by the Idaho Department of Finance, and may be cited as IDAPA 12.01.11. These rules interpret the Idaho Collection Agency Act, Title 26, Chapter 22, Idaho Code. (4-11-19)

#### 002. -- 004. (RESERVED)

#### 005. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act," incorporate by reference the full text of the following: (4-11-19)

**01.** Fair Debt Collection Practices Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1692, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2019. Fair Debt Collection Practices Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapV.htm. (4-11-19)

**02.** Availability of Documents. Unless otherwise available, the documents incorporated by reference may be viewed at the Department's central office.

006. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## IDAPA 12 – DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE 12.01.08 – RULES PURSUANT TO THE UNIFORM SECURITIES ACT (2004) DOCKET NO. 12-0108-1901 NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under docket no. 12-0000-1900F, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 30-14-605, and 30-14-608, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 106 - 110.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: Not applicable.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Patricia Highley at (208) 332-8077.

Dated this 28th day of October, 2019.

Patricia Highley Senior Securities Analyst Idaho Department of Finance 800 Park Blvd., Suite 200 P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0031 Office: (208) 332-8077 Fax: (208) 332-8099

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 30-14-605, Idaho Code, and 30-14-608, Idaho Code, SB 1006 (2019).

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates references to federal law.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: Not applicable.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

Not applicable.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule is simple in nature as it merely updates references to incorporated federal laws.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Patricia Highley at (208) 332-8077.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 12-0108-1901

#### 053. FEDERAL COVERED SECURITIES (RULE 53).

#### 01. Investment Company Notices.

(3-24-05)

**a.** Notice Requirement. Pursuant to Section 30-14-302, Idaho Code, prior to the offer in this state of a series or portfolio of securities of an investment company that is registered, or that has filed a registration statement, under the Investment Company Act of 1940, that is not otherwise exempt under Sections 30-14-201 through 30-14-

#### DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE Rules Pursuant to the Uniform Securities Act (2004)

203, Idaho Code	, the issuer must file a notice with the Administrator relating to such series or portfolio of s	securities. (3-24-05)
b.	Content of Notice. Each required notice shall include the following:	(3-24-05)
i.	A properly completed Form NF;	(3-24-05)
ii.	A consent to service of process (Form U-2);	(3-24-05)
iii. unit investment t	A filing fee of three hundred dollars (\$300) for mutual funds and one hundred dollars trusts; and	(\$100) for (3-29-17)
iv.	Notification of SEC effectiveness.	(3-24-05)
	Renewal of Notice. The effectiveness of a notice required pursuant to Subsection 053.0 ewed each year for an additional one (1) year period of effectiveness by filing on or effectiveness of such notice:	
i.	A properly completed Form NF clearly indicating the state file number of the Notice to be	e renewed; (3-24-05)
ii.	A consent to service of process (Form U-2) in accordance with Section 30-14-611, Idaho	Code; and (3-24-05)
iii. unit investment t	A renewal fee of three hundred dollars (\$300) for mutual funds and one hundred dollars trusts.	(\$100) for (3-24-05)
d.	Amendments. Amendment filings are required for the following:	(3-24-05)
i.	Issuer name change;	(3-24-05)
ii.	Address change for contact person; and	(3-24-05)
iii.	Notification of termination or completion.	(3-24-05)
<b>e.</b> 053 01 d of this	Other Documents. Documents other than those required in Subsections 053.01.b., 053	

053.01.d. of this rule, unless specifically requested by the Department, should not be filed with the Department. Documents that should be filed with the Department only if specifically requested include, but are not limited to, registration statements, prospectuses, amendments, statements of additional information, quarterly reports, annual reports, and sales literature. (3-29-17)

#### 02. Regulation D Rule 506 Notice Filing. (3-24-05)

**a.** Notice Requirement. Issuers offering a security in this state in reliance upon Section 30-14-301, Idaho Code, by reason of compliance with Regulation D, Rule 506, adopted by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, are required to file a notice with the Department or with EFD pursuant to the authority of Section 30-14-302(c), Idaho Code, if a sale of a security in this state occurs as a result of such offering.

**b.** Terms of Notice Filing. The issuer shall file with the Department or with EFD no later than fifteen (15) days after the first sale of a security in this state for which a notice is required under Subsection 053.02.a. of this rule: (3-29-17)

i.	One (1) copy of the SEC-filed Form D; and	(3-29-17)
ii.	The notice filing fee of fifty dollars (\$50).	(3-24-05)

iii. A cover letter should be included in the notice filing which states the date in which the first sale of

#### DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE Rules Pursuant to the Uniform Securities Act (2004)

#### Docket No. 12-0108-1901 PENDING RULE

securities occurred in Idaho.

#### (3-24-05)

**c.** Terms of Late Notice Filing. An issuer failing to file with the Administrator as required by Subsection 053.02.b. of this rule may submit its notice filing with an additional fifty dollars (\$50) late filing payment within thirty (30) days after the first sale of a security in this state. Failure to file a notice on or before the thirtieth day after the first sale of a securities in Idaho will result in the inability of the issuer to rely on Section 30-14-302(c), Idaho Code, for qualification of the offering in Idaho.

**d.** Issuer Agent Registration. Pursuant to Section 30-14-402(b)(5), Idaho Code, an individual who represents an issuer who effects transactions in a federal covered security under Section 18(b)(4)(F) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(4)(F)) is not exempt from the registration requirements of Section 30-14-402(a), Idaho Code, if the individual is compensated in connection with the agent's participation by the payment of commissions or other remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on transactions in those securities. In addition, if such person is registered as a broker-dealer or agent in another state or with FINRA, or affiliated with a broker-dealer registered in another state, with the SEC or FINRA, then such person must also be similarly registered in Idaho.

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### **083.** BROKER-DEALER AGENT/ISSUER AGENT REGISTRATION (RULE 83).

**01. Broker-Dealer Agents**. Agents of broker-dealers applying for initial registration in the state of Idaho pursuant to Section 30-14-406, Idaho Code, shall file the following: (3-24-05)

a.With CRD, a completed Form U-4;(3-24-05)

**b.** With CRD, the filing fee specified in Section 30-14-410, Idaho Code; (3-24-05)

c. With CRD, proof of successful completion of the applicable examinations specified in Section 103 (3-24-05)

**d.** With the Department, any additional documentation, supplemental forms and information as the Administrator may deem necessary; (3-24-05)

e. With the Department, Subsections 083.01.a. through 083.01.d. of this rule, for any agent of a non-FINRA member. (3-29-17)

#### **02.** Agents of Issuer. (3-24-05)

**a.** Agents of issuers applying for initial registration in the state of Idaho pursuant to Section 30-14-406, Idaho Code, shall file the following with the Department: (3-24-05)

i. A completed Form U-4; (3-24-05)
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ii. The fee specified in Section 30-14-410, Idaho Code; (3-24-05)

iii. Proof of successful completion of the applicable examination(s) specified in Section 103 of these (3-24-05)

iv. Proof of a bond of a surety company duly authorized to transact business in this state, said bond to be in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and conditioned upon faithful compliance with the provisions of the Act by the agent, such that upon failure to so comply by the agent, the surety company is liable to any and all persons who may suffer loss by reason thereof. Provided, however, that the obligation of the surety bond must be maintained at all times in the amount therein provided; and provided further, that a certificate of deposit issued by any bank in the state of Idaho and assigned to the Administrator in an amount equal to the bond which would otherwise be required may be accepted by the administrator in lieu of a bond, if the certificate of deposit is maintained at all times in the

amount and manner herein provided during the term for which the registration is effective and for three (3) years thereafter;

v. Any additional documentation, supplemental forms and information as the Administrator may (3-24-05)

**b.** An individual who represents an issuer that effects transactions in a federal covered security under Section 18(b)(3) (transactions relating to "qualified purchasers" as that term may be defined by the SEC), 18(b)(4)(D) (commonly known as Regulation A, Tier 2), or 18(b)(4)(F) (commonly known as Regulation D, Rule 506) of the Securities Act of 1933 is not exempt from the registration requirements of Section 30-14-402(a), Idaho Code, if the individual is compensated, directly or indirectly, for participation in the specified securities transactions. ()

c. Exceptions for officers. If there are not more than two (2) officers of an issuer, such officers may be registered as agents for a particular original offering of the issuer's securities without having to pass such written examination or file an agent's bond as required by Subsection 083.02.a.iii. and 02.a.iv. of this rule, unless such person has registered under this rule within the prior five (5) years.

**03. Incomplete Applications**. After a period of six (6) months from date of receipt, an incomplete application will automatically be considered abandoned and withdrawn if the requirements have not been fulfilled. (3-24-05)

04. Annual Renewal.

a. Broker-Dealer Agent. Agents of FINRA members shall renew their registrations by submitting the renewal fee specified in Section 30-14-410, Idaho Code, to the CRD. Agents of non-FINRA members shall renew their registrations by submitting a completed renewal application and a renewal fee as specified in Section 30-14-410, Idaho Code. (3-29-17)

**b.** Issuer Agent. Issuer agents shall renew their registrations by submitting a completed renewal application and a renewal fee as specified in Section 30-14-410, Idaho Code. (3-24-05)

#### 05. Updates and Amendments.

a. A broker-dealer agent or agent of issuer must file with CRD, or with this Department, in accordance with the instructions in Form U-4, any amendments to the broker-dealer agent's or issuer agent's Form U-4. It is the responsibility of each broker-dealer agent or issuer agent to assure that current and accurate information is on file with the Department at all times. If information in an application for registration becomes inaccurate or incomplete, additional information must be submitted through updates on the Form U-4 or by direct notice to the Department. (3-24-05)

**b.** An amendment will be considered to be filed promptly if the amendment is filed within thirty (30) days of the event that requires the filing of the amendment. (3-29-17)

c. Litigation Notice. Any broker-dealer agent or issuer agent shall notify the Administrator in writing or through the CRD of any civil, administrative, or criminal complaint, petition, or pleading issued or filed against him and of any bankruptcy proceeding filed by or against him within thirty (30) days of his receipt of the initial pleading. This requirement shall not include minor traffic violations or minor civil actions unrelated to the registrant's business as a broker-dealer. (3-24-05)

**d.** Notice of Address. Every broker-dealer agent and issuer agent shall provide the Department with an address sufficiently descriptive to allow service of process pursuant to the Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure.

(3-24-05)

(3-24-05)

(3-24-05)

e. Change of Name. If a registered broker-dealer agent or issuer agent changes his or her name, notice of such must be submitted to the CRD or this Department within a reasonable time after the effective date of the change. The name change will not be effective in this state until the notice is received. (3-24-05)

#### **DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE** Rules Pursuant to the Uniform Securities Act (2004)

**06. Completion of Filing**. An application for initial or renewal registration is not considered complete for purposes of Section 30-14-406(c), Idaho Code, until the required fee and all amendments, including submissions requested by the Department, have been received by the Department. ()

**07. Deferral of Effectiveness**. The Administrator may defer the effective date of any registration until noon on the forty-fifth day after the filing of any amendment completing the application. (4-11-06)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 095. INVESTMENT ADVISER BROCHURE RULE (RULE 95).

An investment adviser registered or required to be registered under the Act shall, in accordance with 17 CFR 275.204-3 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, deliver to each advisory client and prospective advisory client with a written disclosure statement that may be either a copy of Part 2 of its Form ADV which complies with 17 CFR 275.204-1(b) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, or a written document containing at least the information then so required by Part 2 of Form ADV.

# IDAPA 12 – DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE 12.01.09 – RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO CREDIT CODE DOCKET NO. 12-0109-1901

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under docket no. 12-0000-1900, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 28-46-104(1)(e), Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 111 - 113.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: Not applicable.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Anthony Polidori at (208) 332-8060.

Dated this 31st day of October, 2019.

Anthony Polidori Consumer Finance Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Finance 800 Park Blvd., Suite 200 P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0031 Office: (208) 332-8060 Fax: (208) 332-8099

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. This action is authorized pursuant to Section 28-46-104(1)(e), Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates references to federal law and regulations applicable to persons originating and servicing consumer credit transactions.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 7, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-8, pages 65 and 66.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

Section 28-41-302, Idaho Code, defines the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act and its implementing regulations for incorporation into the Idaho Credit Code and the Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code. This proposed rule updates incorporations by reference to the laws and regulations that are included within the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, thereby promoting consistency in state and federal consumer financial services laws so that Idaho consumer financial service providers are not faced with an untenable requirement of complying with conflicting state and federal laws.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Anthony Polidori at (208) 332-8060.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 12-0109-1901

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

#### 005. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE (RULE 5).

For the purpose of the Act and the "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Credit Code," the full text of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C., Chapter 41, et seq., and regulations issued pursuant to that act, are incorporated by reference as follows:

01. The Truth in Lending Act. Consumer Credit Cost Disclosure Act or "The Truth in Lending Act." As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1601, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Truth in Lending Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCODE-2016/html/USCO

**02. Regulation Z**. As issued by the federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and codified at 12 CFR 1026, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Regulation Z is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol9/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol9-part1026.xml. ()

**03. Restrictions on Garnishment Act**. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1671, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Restrictions on Garnishment Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchap11.htm. ()

04. Credit Repair Organizations Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1679, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Credit Repair Organizations Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapII-A.htm.

**05.** Credit Reporting Agencies Act or "Fair Credit Reporting Act." As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1681, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Fair Credit Reporting Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapIII.htm.

**06. Regulation V.** As set forth in 12 CFR 1022, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Regulation V is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-xml/AR-2018-title12-xml/AR-2018-xml/AR-20

**07.** Equal Credit Opportunity Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1691, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Equal Credit Opportunity Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapIV.htm. ()

**08. Regulation B.** As set forth in 12 CFR 1002, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Regulation B is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1002.xml. ()

**09. Debt Collection Practices Act or "Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.**" As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1692, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapV.htm.

10. Electronic Funds Transfer Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1693, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Electronic Funds Transfer Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapVI.htm.

11. Regulation E. As set forth in 12 CFR 1005, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Regulation E is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1005.xml.

12. Availability of Documents. Unless otherwise unavailable, the documents incorporated by reference may be viewed at the central office of the Idaho Department of Finance.

# IDAPA 12 – DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE 12.01.10 – RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE PRACTICES ACT DOCKET NO. 12-0110-1901 NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under docket no. 12-0000-1900, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 26-31-103(2)(b), 26-31- 204(5), 26-31-302(1)(a), and 26-31-302(2), Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 114 - 115.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: Not applicable.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Anthony Polidori at (208) 332-8060.

Date this 31st day of October, 2019.

Anthony Polidori Consumer Finance Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Finance 800 Park Blvd., Suite 200 P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0031 Office: (208) 332-8060 Fax: (208) 332-8099

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 26-31-103(2)(b), 26-31-204(5), 26-31-302(1)(a), and 26-31-302(2), Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates references to federal law and regulations applicable to the business of mortgage origination and eliminates duplicative rules relative to disclosure requirements.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: Not applicable.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: Not applicable.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 7, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-08, pages 67 and 68.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

Idaho Code Section 26-31-102 defines Regulations X and Z, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, and the Truth in Lending Act for incorporation into the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act and Idaho Mortgage Rules pursuant to that Act. This proposed rule promotes consistency in state and federal mortgage-related laws so that Idaho mortgage licensees are not faced with an untenable requirement of complying with conflicting state and federal laws.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Anthony Polidori at (208) 332-8060.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2019.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 12-0110-1901

#### 005. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE (RULE 5).

For the purposes of the Act and the "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Residential Mortgage Practices Act," the full text of the following are incorporated by reference:

**01.** The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act. As set forth in 12 U.S.C. 2601, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title12/html/USCODE-2016-title12-chap27.htm. ()

**02. Regulation X.** As issued by the federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and codified at 12 CFR 1024, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Regulation X is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol8/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol8-part1024.xml. ()

**03.** The Truth in Lending Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1601, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. The Truth in Lending Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41.htm. ()

**04. Regulation Z**. As issued by the federal Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and codified at 12 CFR 1026, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Regulation Z is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2018-title12-vol9/xml/CFR-2018-title12-vol9-part1026.xml. ()

**05.** Availability of Documents. Unless otherwise available, the documents incorporated by reference may be viewed at the central office of the Idaho Department of Finance.

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 050. WRITTEN DISCLOSURES (RULE 50).

**01. Receipt of an Application**. Upon receipt of an application as defined in Subsection 006.02 of these rules, and before receipt of any moneys from a borrower, a licensee or person required to be licensed under the Act shall make available to each borrower information, in a manner acceptable to the Director, about the services authorized under the Act that he may provide to a borrower. (3-25-16)

**02.** Loan Modification Confirmation. Within three (3) business days, including Saturdays, of receipt of a notice from a creditor or its agent of a loan modification offer, a licensee or person required to be licensed under the Act shall deliver or send by first-class mail to the borrower a written confirmation of the terms of the loan modification offer. Such confirmation shall include information regarding proposed rates, payments, and loan balance. (3-29-10)

# IDAPA 12 – DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE 12.01.11 – RULES PURSUANT TO THE IDAHO COLLECTION AGENCY ACT DOCKET NO. 12-0111-1901

# NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

# LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under docket no. 12-0000-1900, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 26-2228(4) and 26-2248, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 116 and 117.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: Not applicable.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Anthony Polidori at (208) 332-8060.

Dated this 31st day of October, 2019.

Anthony Polidori Consumer Finance Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Finance 800 Park Blvd., Suite 200 P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0031 Office: (208) 332-8060 Fax: (208) 332-8099

## THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 26-2228(4) and 26-2248, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates references to federal law applicable to the business of debt collections.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: Not applicable.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: Not applicable.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 7, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-08, pages 69 and 70.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

Idaho Code § 26-2229A incorporates the provisions of the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act into the Idaho Collection Agency Act. This proposed rule incorporates the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act by reference, thereby promoting consistency in state and federal debt collection laws so that Idaho collection agency licensees are not faced with an untenable requirement of complying with conflicting state and federal laws.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Anthony Polidori at (208) 332-8060.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2019.

# THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 12-0111-1901

# 005. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE (RULE 5).

For the purposes of the Act and the "Rules Pursuant to the Idaho Collection Agency Act," the full text of the following is incorporated by reference:

**01.** Fair Debt Collection Practices Act. As set forth in 15 U.S.C. 1692, et seq., as amended to and including January 1, 2020. Fair Debt Collection Practices Act is available for viewing online at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/USCODE-2016-title15/html/USCODE-2016-title15-chap41-subchapV.htm.

**02.** Availability of Documents. Unless otherwise available, the documents incorporated by reference may be viewed at the central office of the Idaho Department of Finance.

# IDAPA 15 – OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND PERSONNEL COMMISSION

# DOCKET NO. 15-0400-1900

# NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

# LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-5309, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapter(s) under IDAPA 15.04.01, rules of the Division of Human Resources (DHR) and Personnel Commission:

#### IDAPA 15.04

• 15.04.01, Rules of the Division of Human Resources and Idaho Personnel Commission

The rule making was prompted by the expiration of the rules. The Director considered the Red Tape Reduction Act and the continued efforts to clarify and streamline its rules. Minor housekeeping edits are also intended to make the Board's rules consistent with recent statutory changes, clarify and simplify existing language, and reduce or eliminate unnecessary restrictions. The original text of the proposed rule was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin (Special Edition), Vol. 19-6SE, pages 1,817-1,856.

The removal of mandatory language is for the purpose of the ease of the reader of the rules and not to remove mandatory requirements in the rules.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Krissy Veseth by calling (208) 854-3074.

Dated this 15th day of October, 2019.

Susan E. Buxton, Administrator Division of Human Resources 304 N. 8th Street P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID, 83720-0066 Office: 208-334-2263 Fax: 208-854-3088

# GOVERNOR'S OFFICE – DHR IDAPA 15.04

### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rule listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-5309, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 15.04.01, rules of the Division of Human Resources (DHR) and Personnel Commission.

## IDAPA 15.04.01

- IDAPA 15.04.01, Rules of the Division of Human Resources and Personnel Commission All rules except Sections/Subsections 007, 010.02, 010.02, 010.04, 010.07, 010.09, 010.13, 010.14, 010.16, 010.18, 010.22, 011, 011.01, 012, 012.01, 012.06, 013, 013.14, 020, 101, 101.02, 101.03, 102, 112, 141, 270, and 271.
- DHR removed sub-parts that were duplicated in statute, not referenced, obsolete, or outdated. The chapter has been reorganized and additional technical edits were made.

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. Section 67-5301, Idaho Code establishes DHR and states: "The legislature declares that, in its considered judgment, the public good and the general welfare of the citizens of this state require enactment of this measure, under the powers of the state." DHR's rules carry out this important legislative intent.

**FEE SUMMARY:** This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously

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OMNIBUS PENDING RULE

promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Krissy Veseth by calling (208) 854-3074.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 15-0400-1900

### 15.04.01 – RULES OF THE DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND IDAHO PERSONNEL COMMISSION

# 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The rules of the Division of Human Resources and Idaho Personnel Commission are adopted pursuant to Section 67-5309, Idaho Code. The Division has authority to determine the policies of the Idaho Personnel System and make such rules as are necessary for the administration of the Personnel System. The administrator of the Division is appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, and serves at the pleasure of the Governor pursuant to Section 67-5308(2), Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

# 001. TITLE, SCOPE, AND COMPLIANCE.

01. Title. These rules are title IDAPA 15.04.01, "Rules of the Division of Human Resources and Idaho Personnel Commission." (3-16-04)

**02. Scope**. These rules establish the policies and procedures of the Idaho Personnel System. (3-30-01)

**03. Compliance**. In accordance with the Legislature's intent in creating the Idaho Personnel Act and for consistency in rule administration, appointing authorities shall ensure that staff with human resource management responsibilities adhere to these administrative rules. Any person willfully violating provisions of the Idaho Personnel System or the rules established in this chapter, may be subject to discipline, up to and including dismissal under Rule 190, and/or sanctions provided in Section 67-5312, Idaho Code. (3-16-04)

## 002. -- 005. (RESERVED)

#### 006. WAIVER OF RULES.

The administrator reserves the right to waive any rule in specific instances when, in his/her opinion, such waivers are legal, warranted and justified in the interests of a more effective and responsive system of personnel administration.

(3-30-01)

#### 007. (RESERVED)

# 008. APPLICABILITY TO HEALTH DISTRICTS.

These rules apply to Public Health Districts even though specific references are to state employment. (3-16-04)

#### 009. DUTIES OF THE ADMINISTRATOR.

In addition to other duties as assigned by law, the administrator provides administrative support to the Idaho Personnel Commission, has custody of the books and records of the Division and the Commission, and maintains a record of the proceedings before the Commission and its hearing officers. (3-16-04)

#### 010. **DEFINITION.**

Each of the terms defined in these rules have the meaning given herein unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context. Additional definitions are contained in Section 67-5302, Idaho Code. (7-1-87)

01. Administrative Leave. Temporary paid leave from a job assignment where pay and benefits (3-20-14)

**02. Appeal**. Any written request for relief from dismissal, demotion, suspension, or other adverse action filed with the Commission by an employee, appointing authority, or applicant. The meaning of appeal includes application, petition, or protest. (3-16-04)

**03. Appellant**. An employee, appointing authority, or applicant filing an appeal or a petition for review with the Commission. (3-16-04)

**04. Appointment, Limited**. The appointment of a person to a classified position where the work is projected to be of limited duration, for which the person has qualified by examination. (3-16-04)

**05. Appointment, Permanent**. The appointment of a person to a classified position who has been certified by the appointing authority to have successfully completed the required probationary period and whose employment is permanent, subject to removal or discipline only under the provisions of Title 67, Chapter 53, Idaho Code, and the rules of the Division and Idaho Personnel Commission. (3-16-04)

**06. Appointment, Probationary**. The appointment of a person to a classified position for which the person has qualified by examination but is serving a work trial period as a condition for certification to permanent appointment. (4-5-85)

**07. Appointment, Project Exempt**. The appointment of a person to a nonclassified position established under federal grants, which by law restricts employment eligibility to specific individuals or groups on the basis of non-merit selection requirements. (Ref. Section 67-5303(m), Idaho Code) (3-16-04)

**08. Base Pay**. The rate paid for performing a job, excluding bonuses, shift differentials, overtime or other compensation premiums. (5-8-09)

**09.** Classified Service. That body of positions in state agencies subject to Title 67, Chapter 53, Idaho Code, as defined therein and excludes temporary, project exempt, and nonclassified appointments. (5-8-09)

**10. Compensation Plan**. The overall system of salary administration for classified service including Sections 67-5309B and 67-5309C, Idaho Code; the classification and compensation schedules, Division and Idaho Personnel Commission rules and policies, and agency policies governing employee pay. (5-8-09)

11.Compensation Schedule. The pay grades established by the Division and associated rates of pay.(Ref. Section 67-5309B, Idaho Code)(5-8-09)

12. Consultant. An independent contractor who provides professional or technical advice, counsel, or service. (Ref. Rule 050) (5-8-09)

13. **Dismissal**. The separation of an employee from classified service with cause assigned by the appointing authority pursuant to Rule 190. (5-8-09)

14. Division. The Idaho Division of Human Resources. ( )

15. Due Process. As related to Idaho's Personnel System for permanent classified employees, the activities required to address an individual's constitutional right to notice and an opportunity to be heard. (Ref. Section 67-5315, Idaho Code) (3-16-04)

**16. Employment History**. The information available to the public without the employee's consent in accordance with Section 74-106, Idaho Code, for every agency for which a current or former public official works, including the official reasons for separation from employment but not including accrued leave balances or usage.

(5-8-09)

17. Good Cause. The conduct of a reasonable person in the same or similar circumstances. (7-1-87)

**18. Hay Method**. A methodology for establishing the relative value of jobs and used as a dimension of (5-8-09)

**19. Hiring List**. A hiring list is a subset of a register consisting of the top twenty-five (25) individuals on the register, plus all individuals tied for the twenty-fifth position, certified as eligible for a specific recruitment. Candidates for reinstatement or transfer may be considered and are provided in addition to the top twenty-five (25).

(4-7-11)

20. Incumbent. Any person holding a classified or non-classified position in state service. (7-1-87)

**21.** Independent Contractor. Any person, firm, or corporation meeting the Internal Revenue Service's test for an independent contractor or a self-employed person. (Ref. Rule 050) (5-8-09)

**22. Involuntary Transfer**. A significant change in work location, shift and/or organizational unit made as a result of a management decision as opposed to an employee's request or agreement to transfer. (3-30-01)

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Human Resources & Personnel Commission IDAPA 15.04.01 – Rules of the Division of Human Resources & Idaho Personnel Commission

23. Layoff. An involuntary reduction in hours of work or separation of an incumbent in the classified service either by reduction in force due to shortage of work or funds, or abolishment of positions. (4-5-85)

24. Light or Limited Duty. A general term describing a temporary limited assignment in relation to recovery from injury, illness or other limiting condition as approved by the appointing authority. (3-16-04)

**25.** Merit Increase. The advancement of an employee's compensation within a pay grade based upon performance in accordance with Section 67-5309B(3) and (4), Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

26. Merit Increase Matrix. A pay distribution tool used to advance employee pay based on performance and market data. (5-8-09)

27. Minimum Qualification Specialty. A minimum qualification required for one (1) or more positions in a classification that is in addition to the other minimum qualifications required for all positions in the classification. (3-16-04)

28. Occasional or Sporadic Work. Work that is voluntarily performed by an employee in a different capacity from the employee's regular work and is infrequent, irregular or occurring in scattered instances. (7-1-87)

**29. On-Call Time**. Time when an employee is required to carry a pager, cellular phone, or to leave word at home or with the agency where the employee may be reached if needed to work, and the employee can use the time effectively for personal purposes. (5-8-09)

**30.** Pay Line Exception. A temporary assignment of pay grade, pursuant to Section 67-5309D, Idaho Code, in excess of the pay grade allocated pursuant to Section 67-5309B, Idaho Code, as approved by the administrator. (5-8-09)

**31. Permanent Employee**. An employee in the classified service who has successfully completed entrance probation. Permanent employees remain subject to separation as set forth in these rules and Section 67-5309(n), Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

**32. Promotion**. The advancement through the competitive process of an employee with permanent status from a position which he occupies in one (1) classification to a position in another classification having a higher paygrade. (5-8-09)

**33.** Reduction in Pay. A reduction of an employee's salary from one (1) pay rate to a lower rate within the pay grade to which the employee's classification is allocated. (3-16-04)

**34. Register**. A list of names of persons or the name of one (1) person who has been determined to be eligible for employment in a classification on the basis of examination and merit factors as established by the administrator. An adequate register lists at least five (5) names of eligible candidates currently available for consideration for each vacancy in the classification for which the register was established. (3-16-04)

**35. Resignation**. The voluntary quitting or abandonment of state employment, excluding retirement. (5-8-09)

**36. Respondent**. The party whose interests are adverse to those of the appellant. (7-1-93)

**37.** Salary Equity Increase. The advancement of an employee's compensation within a pay grade based upon factors such as market demand, compression within the agency or classification, or inequities, and the employee's performance, in accordance with Section 67-5309B(3), Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

**38.** Suspension. An enforced period of absence, with or without pay, for disciplinary purposes, for felony charges, or pending investigation of charges made against an employee pursuant to Rule 190. (5-8-09)

**39. Termination**. The separation of an entrance or voluntary probationary employee from classified service for unsatisfactory service during the probationary period without cause assigned by the appointing authority

pursuant to Rule 152.

(5-8-09)

**40. Transfer**. A change of work location of an employee in which the employee changes from one (1) position to another in the same classification or to another classification in the same pay grade. (3-16-04)

41. Underfill. Appointment to a position established at a higher classification while being compensated at a lower pay grade during completion of a training plan. Underfills must be approved in advance by the administrator. (3-20-14)

**42. USERRA**. Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, 38 U.S.C. Sections 4301 through 4333. Prohibits employment discrimination against persons because of their service in the Armed Forces Reserve, the National Guard, or other uniformed services. (5-8-09)

**43.** Workweek. A period of seven (7) consecutive days beginning 12:01 a.m. Sunday. (Ref. Rule 073) (12-10-90)

# 011. -- 019. (RESERVED)

#### 020. BASIC MERIT REQUIREMENTS OF THE PERSONNEL SYSTEM.

All appointments, promotions and separations in the classified service shall be based on competence, valid job requirements, and individual performance. (3-30-01)

#### 021. DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED.

No person shall be discriminated against in regards to appointments, promotions, demotions, separations, transfers, compensation, or other terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because of race, national origin, color, sex, age, religion, disability, or veteran status (unless under other than honorable conditions). (3-30-01)

#### 022. PROHIBITED QUESTIONS.

All questions on applications and examinations shall be based on valid job requirements. Questions that impermissibly discriminate on the basis of race, national origin, color, sex, age, religion, disability, political affiliation, or veteran status are prohibited. Questions regarding veteran status for compliance with veterans' preference are permitted. (3-16-04)

## **023.** BONA FIDE OCCUPATIONAL QUALIFICATION.

Qualification requirements based on age or gender may be established as necessary for specific positions by the Administrator of the Division. (3-30-01)

#### 024. CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND PERSONAL CONDUCT.

The maintenance of a high standard of honesty, ethics, impartiality, and conduct by state employees is essential to ensure proper performance of state business and strengthen the faith and confidence of the people of Idaho in the integrity of state government and state employees. All appointing authorities shall establish such policies and standards necessary to prevent conflicts of interest. (5-8-09)

#### 025. NEPOTISM.

No employee shall work under the immediate supervision of a supervisor who is a spouse, child, parent, brother, sister or the same relation by marriage. (8-1-81)

#### 026. DUAL EMPLOYMENT.

There will be no conflicting hours of work when a classified employee is employed by more than one (1) state agency. The employee must obtain approval from all appointing authorities concerned prior to beginning dual employment. (5-8-09)

# 027. -- 039. (RESERVED)

# 040. NONCLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES SUBJECT TO CLASSIFIED SERVICE SUBSEQUENT TO APRIL 5, 1985.

The provisions of this rule apply to all employees exempt from classified service who, subsequent to April 5, 1985,

IDAPA 15.04.01 – Rules of the Division of Human **Resources & Idaho Personnel Commission** 

become subject to the provisions of Chapter 53, Title 67, Idaho Code.

(3-30-01)

Probationary Period. A nonclassified employee brought under classified service under Rule 040 01. must serve a probationary period appropriate for the classification assigned to the employee's position. Service uninterrupted by resignation, termination, or dismissal immediately prior to inclusion in classified service shall be considered as probationary service. (3-16-04)

02 Certification to Permanent Status. An employee who has completed a probationary period as required above and who is certified in writing by the appointing authority as serving satisfactorily shall be certified to permanent status without examination. (3-30-01)

Examination. An employee who has not completed a classified entrance probationary period as 03. required shall be required to meet the minimum qualifications by passing an examination for the classification assigned to the employee's position. The employee will be hired from a hiring list and serve a period of entrance probation. (3-28-18)

Separation. An employee who is not certified by the appointing authority as serving satisfactorily 04. shall be separated from state service no later than thirty (30) calendar days after inclusion in classified service. An employee who fails to pass the examination or had an opportunity to have such examination and not availed himself or herself thereof shall be separated no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the establishment of an adequate register of eligibles. (3-30-01)

05. **Salary Protection**. If the salary of an employee, brought under classified service under Rule 040, is greater than the highest rate of the pay grade of the classification to which assigned, the employee's salary shall be protected; to the maximum of their new paygrade. (3-16-04)

#### 041. -- 049. (RESERVED)

#### 050. CONSULTANTS AND PERSONS EMPLOYED UNDER INDEPENDENT CONTRACT.

Nothing in these rules prohibits the use of independent contractors or consultants for legal, medical, technical, or other professional services, provided that they are not engaged in the performance of administrative duties for any state agency. No position in the state classified service will be filled by a consultant or independent contractor.

(5-8-09)

01 Limited Use Only. Individuals employed through contracts with temporary services or (3-30-01) professional staffing agencies will be utilized only for short-term situations.

02. Conflict of Interest/Nepotism. Agency policies regarding conflict of interest/nepotism should address the award of work to consultants and contractors. (See Rules 024 and 025 and Ref. Section 18-1359, Idaho Code. (3-16-04))

03. Not to Be Treated as Employees. Independent contractors, their staff or consultants must not be treated as employees. Appointing authorities must comply with current Internal Revenue Service guidance on independent contractor and employee definitions. (3-16-04)

#### 051. -- 059. (RESERVED)

#### ADOPTION OF CLASSIFICATION SCHEDULE. 060.

The Division will develop, adopt, and make effective a classification schedule consisting of classification specifications allocated to various pay grades in the compensation schedule for all positions based on an analysis of the duties and responsibilities of representative positions.

#### 061. ANALYSIS OF CLASSIFICATIONS.

The Division will assist appointing authorities in the analysis of positions in determining proper classification and, at the determination of the administrator, will conduct independent classification reviews of the various agencies. (5-8-09)

# 062. AUTHORITY.

The administrator has the responsibility and authority to classify positions in the classification schedule. (3-30-01)

#### 063. REVIEW OF CLASSIFICATION SCHEDULE.

The administrator will ensure the appropriateness and accuracy of classification specifications.

# 064. AMENDMENT OF CLASSIFICATION SCHEDULE.

**01. Changes To Classifications**. Whenever it is necessary to establish or delete a classified position or to revise a position's responsibilities, the appointing authority will submit proposed changes to the administrator.

(3-30-01)

**02. Approval**. Each appointing authority, prior to establishing any new position within the agency, will obtain the approval of the administrator for the classification of such positions and their assignment to a pay grade in the compensation schedule. Approval by the administrator of the Division of Financial Management for sufficiency of funds is also required. (5-8-09)

03. Assignment to Pay Grade Required. No person will be appointed to, employed in, or paid for services in any classified position until the position has been established, classified, and assigned to a pay grade in accordance with these rules. (3-30-01)

# 065. APPROVAL OF NEW, REVISED AND DELETED CLASSIFICATIONS.

01. New and Refactored Classifications. New classifications of work and revised classifications require approval by both the administrator and the Division of Financial Management administrator when there is a fiscal impact. (3-16-04)

**02. Revised and Deleted Classifications**. Revised classifications with no fiscal impact and classifications deleted from the classification schedule require approval only of the administrator. (3-16-04)

#### 066. ABOLISHMENT OF POSITIONS.

An appointing authority may abolish a position for reasons of administrative efficiency. Employees to be separated as a result shall have layoff and reemployment preference in accordance with Rules 140 through 147. (7-1-87)

### 067. RECLASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS.

01. Procedure. Positions may be reclassified in the same pay grade, upward, or downward as determined by an analysis by the Division of the duties and responsibilities assigned by appointing authorities to specific positions. An incumbent occupying a reclassified position shall be properly classified by an appointing authority within thirty (30) calendar days of being notified by the administrator that the duties and responsibilities assigned to the position are not properly classified. (3-20-14)

02. Effective Date. Reclassifications of positions are not effective until they are approved by the administrator, but may be retroactive to the beginning of the pay period during which approval is granted. Reclassification of an employee may not precede the effective date of the reclassification of the position. (3-30-01)

#### 068. VIOLATIONS.

Accurate position classification is the foundation for providing equal pay for equal work, identification of actual work performed, fair employment and equal opportunity for promotions, and equitable compensation. Upon the administrator's determination that classification rules have been violated, the appointing authority will be informed and provided thirty (30) days to take actions necessary to correct the situation or submit a corrective action plan to the administrator. If these actions do not occur, the administrator will inform the employee, the appointing authority, and the state controller that the employee is being compensated in violation of these rules. (Ref. Sections 67-5308 and 67-5312, Idaho Code) (3-16-04)

#### 069. (RESERVED)

# 070. COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES.

01. Assignment to Pay Grade. As a basis for pay equity, the Division will use a combination of point factoring and market data to determine the relative value of each classification. (Ref. Rule 074.01 and Section 67-5309B, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

**02. Factoring**. The Division will use the Hay method to determine the relative value of each classification, and as a basis for internal pay equity. (Ref. Section 67-5309B, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

**03.** Salary Surveys. The Division will conduct or approve salary surveys, to determine salary ranges that represent labor market average rates for Hay point factored positions in classified service. (3-16-04)

04. Relevant Labor Markets. Labor markets used for wage comparison will be based on recruiting markets for specific job classifications. Consultation with various appointing authorities will also contribute to labor market determination. (5-8-09)

**a.** When the competition for employees is the local area market, the comparison will be made from a survey representing public and private employers in the state of Idaho. (3-16-04)

**b.** For classifications with a regional recruiting area, the comparator market will be from public and private employers from the neighboring states and Idaho. For those with no private counterparts, the comparator market will be state governments, including, but not limited to, Arizona, Colorado, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. (5-8-09)

c. Recruitment and retention issues will be used to determine the need for additional special market (3-16-04)

**05. Compensation Schedule**. Significant changes to components of the compensation plan will be presented in a public meeting after notice. (5-8-09)

#### 071. MERIT INCREASE MATRIX.

Salary increases must be based on a merit increase matrix approved by the Division. Shift and geographic premium pay, bonuses, reinstatements, transfers, promotions, salary equity increases, and recruitment and retention awards are not subject to a matrix. (3-20-14)

#### 072. OPERATION OF COMPENSATION PLAN.

01. Authorized Pay Rate. No employee in the state classified service will be paid at a rate less than the minimum nor greater than the maximum rate of the pay grade assigned to the classification. (5-8-09)

**02. Starting Salary**. The starting salary for a new appointee may be anywhere within the pay grade assigned to the employee's classification and is at the appointing authority's discretion considering available budget, market, and relation to existing staff salaries. (5-8-09)

**03. Payline Exceptions.** Temporary assignments to a new pay grade may be made by the administrator. Such assignments apply to an entire classification for the purpose of recruitment or retention and will be reviewed annually to determine the need for continuance. (5-8-09)

04. Salary Equity Increases. An appointing authority may, with approval by the administrator, advance an employee's salary within a pay grade based upon factors such as market demand, to address compression within an agency or classification, or inequities. In accordance with Section 67-5309B(3), Idaho Code, the employee's performance must be considered. (3-20-14)

**05.** Salary After Reappointment from Layoff. Employees appointed by the agency that laid them off (Ref. Rules 101.01 and 146) will be paid in the current pay grade for the classification to which reappointed or at the same payrate the employee received immediately preceding layoff, whichever is greater, but not to exceed the maximum of the current pay grade. (5-8-09)

#### 06. Salary Upon Transfer.

(7-10-88)

(7 - 1 - 87)

A transfer between agencies (Ref. Rule 125) in the same classification or one of equal pay grade a. does not require a change in the employee's salary, but a lower or higher rate may be negotiated between the employee and the appointing authority. (5-8-09)

h. If the transfer is to a classification of lower pay grade (demotion), the employee's salary is negotiable between the employee and appointing authority within the lower pay grade. (3-16-04)

Salary Upon Reinstatement. Unless related to reemployment after a lay off, the salary of a 07 reinstated employee (Ref. Rule 124) is negotiable between the employee and appointing authority in the current pay grade for the classification in which the employee has reinstatement privileges. (5-8-09)

Salary Upon Downward Reassignment. When a classification is reassigned downward the 08. employee's salary will be protected to the maximum within the new pay grade. (3-16-04)

Salary Upon Return from Military Duty. An employee who returns to state service from active military duty in accordance with the provisions of Section 65-508, Idaho Code, and USERRA will be paid at the comparable rate in the current pay grade for the classification to which he was assigned prior to leaving for military service. (5-8-09)

#### 073. CALCULATION OF PAY.

( calculated	<b>01.</b> d in the :	<b>Standard Calculation of Pay</b> . For other than police, correctional officers, or fire e following order:	employees, pay is (5-8-09)
1	a.	Holiday pay;	(12-10-90)
I	b.	All hours worked on a holiday as overtime;	(12-10-90)
work;	<b>c.</b> All hours worked over forty (40) in the workweek as overtime, excluding or ork;		

work;

d. Vacation, sick and other paid or unpaid leaves; and (12-10-90)

All remaining hours worked at the employee's regular rate of pay. (5-8-09)e.

Shift Differential. Additional compensation paid to employees (including temporary or part-time 02. employees) who work specific, designated hours. Shift differential is paid in addition to any other compensation. (Ref. Sections 67-5302(20) and 67-5328, Idaho Code; Shift differential may be awarded in amounts up to and including twenty-five percent (25%) of hourly rates, based on local market practice for similar jobs. (Ref. Section 67-5309(u), Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

Calculation of Pay for Police, Correctional Officers, and Fire Employees. Police, correctional 03. officers, and fire employees on a twenty-eight (28) day work schedule will be compensated as described in Rules 073.01 and 073.02, except that overtime will be calculated based on one hundred sixty (160) hours in a twenty eight (28) day period instead of forty (40) hours in a workweek. (5-8-09)

#### 04. Holiday Pay Calculation.

Paid time off for holidays is a benefit and must be allocated in a substantially similar manner to all я. employees in the same classification. (5-8-09)

A full-time employee will receive holiday pay in accordance with the number of hours the b. employee works on a regular workday. If the employee's schedule is so irregular that a regular workday cannot be determined, the employee will receive eight (8) hours of holiday pay. An employee must receive some paid leave,

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wages or salary for the pay period in which the holiday occurs to receive the holiday benefit. (3-16-04)

A part-time employee who has a regular work schedule shall be paid for a holiday in the same ratio as eight (8) hours is to a forty (40) hour work week, which for calculation purposes converts to two tenths (.20) x hours normally worked. (3-16-04)

To avoid inequities with regard to the Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) during holiday weeks, if d an employee is recording all hours for the week as Family Medical "Leave Without Pay," no hours will be coded on the holiday. Therefore, the holiday will not be counted toward the twelve (12) weeks of family medical leave

(5-8-09)

If a part-time employee's hourly schedule is so irregular that a normal workweek cannot be determined, the holiday benefit is in the same proportion that the hours the employee works during a week in which a holiday occurs relate to forty (40). (3-16-04)

Schedules resulting in holiday time off in excess of eight (8) hours may be approved by the f. appointing authority if included in the agency compensation plan. Appointing authorities may also suspend flex schedules during holiday weeks or otherwise adjust work schedules to ensure internal consistency. (5-8-09)

**Reduction of Salary**. The salary of an employee receiving more than the lowest rate of the pay 05. grade for his classification may be reduced to a lower rate within the pay grade by the appointing authority for disciplinary reasons enumerated in Rule 190. (5-8-09)

**06.** Salary Administration. Each agency must develop a compensation plan designed to consider recruitment and retention and ensure pay equity within the organization. (Ref. Section 67-5309B, Idaho Code)

(5-8-09)

Salaries for Temporary Appointments. Except as provided for in these rules, salaries for 07. employees hired under temporary and project-exempt appointments will be governed by Section 59-1603, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

#### 074. ASSIGNMENT OF HAY EVALUATION POINTS.

Assignment to Pay Grade. Pursuant to Sections 67-5309B and C, Idaho Code, the pay grade to 01. which a classification is assigned shall be determined by the number of Hay evaluation points assigned to each classification. (3-16-04)

02. Guide Charts. The Hay evaluation points assigned to a classification shall be the composite numerical value of points factored from the Hay guide charts. (3-16-04)

03. Factoring Benchmarks. The established factoring benchmarks shall be used in conjunction with the Hay Guide Charts to determine the number of points assigned to a classification. (3-28-18)

Factoring Process. Hay evaluation points shall be assigned to a classification through the 04. following methods, which may be used separately or in combination with the others: (3-16-04)

Factoring Session. The administrator shall determine the membership of a factoring committee and schedule a factoring session in which the appointing authority or designee may present both oral and written information concerning the classification to be factored. The factoring committee shall assign Hay evaluation points in accordance with Rule 074 and the administrator shall notify the appointing authority in writing of the decision of the factoring committee. The appointing authority may request an issue conference with the factoring committee and present their perspective on the assigned points. The factoring committee may affirm or modify the assigned points. The administrator will provide a letter to the appointing authority stating the outcome of the issue conference.

(3-16-04)

Approval. After consultation with the administrator of the Division of Financial Management for 05. approval regarding potential fiscal impacts, the administrator of the Division has final approval of the Hay evaluation points assigned to each classification. These points are final unless appealed in accordance with Section 67-5316, Idaho Code. (3-16-04)

# 075. BONUSES.

01. Performance Bonuses. Up to a total of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) may be awarded each fiscal year, in recognition of exemplary performance. In extraordinary circumstances exceptions to the two thousand dollar (\$2,000) limit may be granted if approved in advance by the State Board of Examiners. Documentation of the exemplary performance and related bonus award must be provided to the employee and placed in the employee's agency personnel file. (Ref. Sections 59-1603(7) and 67-5309D(1), Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

**02.** Employee Suggestion Award. Appointing authorities may award up to a total of twenty-five percent (25%) of the savings realized from an employee's idea to save taxpayer dollars, not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000). (Ref. Section 67-5309D, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

a. Suggestions need to increase productivity, conserve state resources, reduce state costs, or improve the morale of state employees.

**b.** Suggestions that may deserve an award larger than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and suggestions aimed at saving money outside the employee's state agency should be submitted through the employee's agency first, then submitted to the Division. Awards greater than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) must be approved in advance by the State Board of Examiners.

**c.** Employee suggestion awards may be funded from the expense category (personnel, operating, or capital) from which the savings were realized. (5-8-09)

# 076. -- 079. (RESERVED)

#### **080. RECRUITMENT.**

The administrator will cooperate with the appointing authority of each agency in the operation of a coordinated recruiting program. (3-28-18)

#### **081. PURPOSE OF EXAMINATIONS.**

The administrator shall conduct examinations for the purpose of maintaining eligibility registers. (8-1-81)

#### 082. METHODS OF RECRUITMENT.

For the purpose of establishing eligibility registers, there are three (3) methods of recruitment: open competitive, agency promotional, or statewide promotional. The scope of advertising and outreach for each approach will vary with agency preference, needs, and labor market strategies. (5-8-09)

#### **083.** MOVING EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT.

01. Reimbursement Limitations. The appointing authority may reimburse moving expenses for current or newly hired state employees in an amount less than or equal to ten percent (10%) of the employee's base salary or fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), whichever is less. Moving expense reimbursements must comply with the State Board of Examiners' State Moving Policy and Procedures that are in effect at the time the move takes place. (5-8-09)

**02. Exceptions to Reimbursement Limitations**. Exceptions to the expense reimbursement limits set forth in Rule 083.01 may be granted if approved in advance by the appointing authority. (5-8-09)

# **084.** ANNOUNCEMENT OF RECRUITMENT.

01. Distribution of Announcements. The announcement of each open-competitive recruitment will be supplied to the appropriate local offices of the Idaho Department of Labor and to other locations determined necessary by the administrator to develop a register of eligibles. If the open competitive recruitment has been requested by the appointing authority in lieu of a promotional recruitment, it will be his responsibility to post or

otherwise distribute the announcement so it can be seen by all employees of that agency prior to its expiration date. (Ref. Rule 169) (5-8-09)

02. Posting of Promotional Announcements. The announcement for each promotional recruitment will be supplied to the appointing authority of each affected agency. It will be his responsibility to post, electronically communicate, or otherwise distribute such announcement so it can be seen by all employees in the agency prior to the expiration date. (5-8-09)

## 085. CONTENT OF ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Each announcement shall contain the title of the classification, characteristic duties and responsibilities, salary, minimum qualifications, nature of examination, qualifying score, closing date, equal opportunity and veterans preference notice, and other pertinent information. (3-16-04)

# **086. APPLICATIONS.**

**01. Form**. All applications must be filed in the form approved by the administrator. (5-8-09)

02. Filing of Applications. Applications are currently accepted by Internet application system.

(3-29-17)

03. Application by Military Personnel. An application will be accepted after the closing date of the announcement from a person who was serving in the armed forces, or undergoing service-connected hospitalization of no more than one (1) year following discharge, during any period in which the announcement was open. The application must be submitted within one hundred twenty (120) days of the applicant's separation from the armed forces or hospitalization and prior to the expiration of the register established as a result of an examination. (Ref. Sections 65-503 and 67-5309(f), Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

04. Application by Disabled Veterans. A disabled veteran may file an application at any time up until a selection for any classification for which the Division maintains a register as a source for future job openings or for which a register is about to be established, provided the veteran has not already been examined twice for the same classification, does not have current eligibility on that register, or is not serving in a competitive position in the same pay grade as the classification for which application is made. (Ref. Sections 65-503 and 67-5309(f), Idaho Code)

(5-8-09)

**05. Promotion of Entrance Probationary Employee**. Any classified employee on entrance probation may file an application for a promotional opportunity but is ineligible to be certified to a department or statewide promotional hiring list until permanent status has been attained. (Ref. Rule 169.03.) (3-29-17)

**06. Disclosure of Information for Hiring Purposes**. By submitting an application, an individual is deemed to authorize disclosure of confidential information to state agencies for purposes of screening, testing, interviewing and hiring. (Ref. Section 74-106, Idaho Code). (12-10-90)

# 087. DENIAL OF APPLICATIONS.

**01. Basis**. The administrator may choose not to process an application if: (3-16-04)

a. The applicant will not meet the minimum qualifications specified in the announcement at the time set for appointment. (3-30-01)

**b.** The application was not received on or before the closing date for acceptance of applications. (3-30-01)

**c.** A background investigation or examination of an applicant discloses that the applicant committed an act which is cause for dismissal as provided in Rule 190. (3-30-01)

**02.** Further Actions. When any such finding under Rule 087.01 is made, the administrator may deny the application and may cancel the eligibility of the applicant if he or she has already attained a place on the eligibility

register. If the applicant has already received appointment, the administrator may take appropriate action to have the employee removed from the position. (3-30-01)

# 088. -- 089. (RESERVED)

#### 090. EXAMINATIONS.

Examinations shall be designed to evaluate factors pertinent to an individual's ability to perform competently the duties of the classification. The factors tested shall be job-related and may include, but are not limited to, education and experience, knowledge, skills, abilities, aptitude, and physical ability. (3-30-01)

## **091. PROHIBITED FACTORS.**

No part of any examination may include any question designed to reveal prohibited information including the political or religious affiliation or belief, national origin or race of any candidate. (3-30-01)

# 092. PREPARATION OF EXAMINATIONS.

01. Content of Examinations. Examinations may include any questions, tests or criteria designed to evaluate the suitability of applicants for job openings within a classification. So far as is practical, promotional examinations will be similar to corresponding open-competitive examinations and the same standards will be applied in determining scores. (3-30-01)

**02.** Job Analysis and Confidentiality. Contents of each examination will be determined by the Division on the basis of appropriate professional techniques and procedures of job analysis and test development. No information concerning the specific content of the examination will be divulged to unauthorized personnel by the Division or other personnel who have access to the examinations. (5-8-09)

03. Subject-Matter Experts. The Division may, at its discretion, collaborate with appointing authorities, incumbents, subject-matter experts, or other qualified persons in the preparation of examinations.

(5-8-09)

# 093. CONDUCT AND RATING OF EXAMINATIONS INCLUDING VETERANS' PREFERENCE POINTS.

01. Designation of Examiners. The examinations will be conducted and rated by persons designated by the administrator. (8-1-81)

**02.** Scoring of Examinations. Each examination will be rated for final scores on the basis of one hundred (100) point maximum. The Division will use appropriate statistical and professional techniques and procedures in determining passing points and final scores. (5-8-09)

#### **03.** Veterans Preference.

#### (3-16-04)

**a.** Veterans and disabled veterans points, when applicable under state law, will be added to the final score achieved in the examinations, notwithstanding the fact that the augmented final score may exceed one hundred (100) points. Five (5) percentage points will be added to the earned rating of any veteran, as defined in Section 65-502, Idaho Code, and the widow or widower of any veteran, as defined in Section 65-502, Idaho Code, as long as the widow or widower remains unmarried. Pursuant to Section 65-504, Idaho Code, ten (10) percentage points will be added to the earned rating of any disabled veteran, as defined in Section 65-502, Idaho Code, or to the unmarried widow or widower of the same, or the spouse of any eligible disabled veteran who cannot qualify for any public employment because of a service-connected disability. Employment registers will be established in order of final score except that the names of all five (5) and ten (10) percentage point preference eligibles resulting from the merit system will be placed on the register in accordance with their augmented rating. (Ref. Sections 65-506 and 67-5309(f), Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

**b.** Veterans and disabled veterans preference points must not be used to achieve a passing score. (5-8-09)

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04. Failing Score. Failure in any part of the examination may disqualify the applicant in the entire examination and from having his name placed on the register. Final scores will be computed in accordance with weights assigned the individual factors in the total examination. (5-8-09)

05. Waiver of Examination. Notwithstanding other provisions in these rules, when ten (10) or fewer applications are received from applicants meeting minimum qualifications for a position announcement and there is no existing register, the announced examination may be waived by the administrator. These applicants will be eligible for appointment and their placement on the register will take into account veterans' preference. When using registers developed in this manner, appointing authorities will provide the opportunity for placement interviews for each applicant on the register. (3-16-04)

**06.** Examination Upon Reclassification. An employee occupying a position which is reclassified (Ref. Rule 067.01) may be required at the discretion of the administrator to pass an examination for the classification to which reclassified. (5-8-09)

# 094. ELIMINATION TESTS.

Wherever it is stated in the announcement that an applicant must qualify in a series of different tests or satisfy other requirements to become eligible for appointment, and the applicant fails to meet such requirements, he or she shall not be permitted to take any further tests in the examination, and such tests if previously given need not be rated.

(4-5-85)

# 095. NOTICE AND RECORD OF RESULTS OF EXAMINATION.

All competitors shall be notified of their final scores electronically or by mail. The records of scores are held as official records for the life of the resulting eligibility registers. (3-16-04)

# 096. REVIEW AND APPEAL.

01. Review of Examination Content and Scoring Material. Any competitor, or his/her representative authorized in writing, shall be permitted to inspect his/her own papers and records, except examination content and scoring material, upon application in person at the office of the Division in Boise during business hours. Alternative arrangements are available for competitors located outside of Boise. Review is limited to the time allowed for appeal of examination scores. (3-16-04)

02. Appeal of Examination Score. Any competitor, by written request to the administrator, may appeal his or her examination score within thirty-five (35) calendar days after the notice was sent to such competitor. The administrator will review the test, may change the score, and may take any other action necessary to insure the integrity and quality of the testing process. When such review discloses error affecting the scores of other competitors, the review and adjustment includes their scores. The administrator will provide a written explanation to competitors whose scores are affected by the action taken. (3-16-04)

# 097. ALTERNATIVE EXAMINATION PROCESS FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.

**01. Conditions for Eligibility**. Notwithstanding other provisions in these rules, an agency may appoint an individual directly into entrance or promotional probationary status in a classification if the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Idaho Commission for the Blind, or the Industrial Commission certifies the following: (3-16-04)

**a.** That the individual has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one (1) or more major life activities, as further defined under state or federal law; (3-30-01)

**b.** That the individual meets the minimum qualifications of the classification and is qualified to perform the essential functions of a particular classified position with or without reasonable accommodation; and

(3-16-04)

**c.** That the individual lacks competitiveness in the examination process due to the disability. (Ref. Section 67-5309(e), Idaho Code.) (3-16-04)

**02. Concurrence Required**. The certification shall be made with the concurrence of the Division.

(3-30-01)

**03. Probationary Period**. The probationary period shall be the sole examination for individuals certified under this alternative examination process. (Ref. Rule 150). (7-1-93)

# 098. -- 100. (RESERVED)

## 101. ELIGIBILITY REGISTERS.

Eligibility registers are established by the Division to provide for fair and impartial selection for entrance into the state classified service and for promotion on the basis of competitive merit examinations. (5-8-09)

**01. Reemployment Preference Registers**. Registers with reemployment preference for a given classification will contain the names of classified employees of permanent status who have been laid off except limited service appointments. (Ref. Rules 140 and 144). (3-20-14)

**02. Open Competitive Registers**. Open competitive registers for a given classification will contain the names of applicants who successfully passed an open competitive examination for the classification. (5-8-09)

## **102.** PLACEMENT ON REGISTER.

**01. Score Order**. Eligible candidates will be placed on the register for a given classification ranked in descending numerical order based on their final score on the examination for such classification. (5-8-09)

**02.** Veterans' Preference. Eligible veterans or surviving spouses entitled to five (5) point preference will be placed on the open competitive register in accordance with their final score on the examination augmented by preference points. (Ref. Rule 093.03 and Section 65-504, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

03. Disabled Veterans' Preference. Preference will be awarded to disabled veterans as follows:

(3-20-14)

a. Disabled veterans, Purple Heart recipients, spouses of any eligible disabled veterans who cannot qualify for any public employment because of a service-connected disability, and unmarried widows or widowers of disabled veterans entitled to ten (10) point preference will be placed on the open-competitive register in order of their final score on the examination augmented by preference points. (Ref. Rule 093.03 and Sections 65-503 and 65-504, Idaho Code) (3-20-14)

**b.** Disabled veterans who have a current service-connected disability of thirty percent (30%) or more will be offered an interview when their final score on the hiring list places them within the top twenty-five (25) qualified candidates. If more than ten (10) disabled veterans with a disability rating of thirty percent (30%) or more place in the top twenty-five (25) qualified scores of a hiring list, at least ten (10) will be offered an interview. (Ref. Rule 093.03 and Section 65-504, Idaho Code) (3-20-14)

# **103. DURATION OF ELIGIBILITY REGISTERS.**

01. Reemployment Preference Registers. Eligible candidates will remain thereon for twelve (12) months from effective date of layoff. (Ref. Rules 101.01 and 144) (3-16-04)

**02. Other Registers**. The duration of all other registers will be determined by the administrator based on the frequency of job openings and agency need. (3-16-04)

# 104. REMOVAL OF NAMES.

01. Reasons Specified. Names may be removed from any eligibility register by the administrator (5-8-09)

**a.** Appointment of the eligible candidate from the register to the classification or appointment to a classification in a higher pay grade. (3-16-04)

**b.** A statement by the eligible candidate that he is not willing to accept appointment under conditions previously specified. (5-8-09)

**c.** Physical, mental or other disability where it has been demonstrated that the disability will prevent the eligible candidate from satisfactorily performing the essential functions of the position with reasonable accommodation for the disability. (3-16-04)

**d.** Failure of an eligible candidate to respond within seven (7) calendar days to documented good faith inquiry concerning availability for employment. (3-16-04)

e. The eligible candidate's conduct renders him unsuitable for the position or classification for which (5-8-09)

**f.** Written rejection of the eligible candidate for good cause by an appointing authority as approved by the administrator. (3-30-01)

g. Conviction of an eligible candidate of any felony. (3-30-01)

**h.** False statements of material facts given in the eligible candidate's application for employment or any subsequent examinations or interviews. (3-30-01)

i. Dismissal of an eligible candidate from state service. (3-30-01)

j. Paying, promising to pay, or giving any money, thing, service or consideration to any person, directly or indirectly, for any service or influence given, used, or promised towards securing appointment. (3-16-04)

**k.** Directly or indirectly obtaining information regarding examinations to which, as an applicant, he is (5-8-09)

I. Refusing an interview or refusing to accept a position under the conditions set forth in the recruitment announcement. (3-16-04)

**m.** Having been certified for a probationary appointment for three (3) separate positions in the same classification in the same agency and not been accepted for employment for good cause. (5-8-09)

**n.** Declining three (3) separate offers of employment or reemployment without good cause. (3-16-04)

**02.** Limitations and Duration of Removal. The administrator will determine if the candidate will be removed from all registers, registers for a particular classification, or registers for specified agencies. All removals will be for one (1) year unless otherwise authorized by the administrator. (3-16-04)

# 105. TEMPORARY UNAVAILABILITY NOT REASON FOR REMOVAL.

Temporary unavailability of an eligible applicant, not to exceed fifteen (15) calendar days, in order that the employee may give his or her employer advance notice of separation is not proper cause for his or her removal from the register. (3-30-01)

# 106. RESTORATION OF NAMES TO ELIGIBILITY REGISTERS.

Upon receiving appropriate evidence, the administrator shall restore the name of an eligible candidate to any eligibility register from which it has been removed for causes enumerated in Rule 104. (3-30-01)

# 107. REVISION OF CLASSIFICATION SPECIFICATIONS.

Whenever a classification specification is revised, the names of persons on the existing eligibility register who meet the minimum qualifications for the revised classification shall be placed in score order on the eligibility register for the revised classification. (3-16-04)

# 108. (RESERVED)

# **109.** CERTIFICATION AND SELECTION.

Whenever a vacancy in a classified position is to be filled by a competitive recruitment process, the appointing authority shall make selection from a hiring list created from eligibility registers certified by the Division. Non-promotional internal or external transfers or reinstatements do not require registers certified by the Division.

(3-20-14)

# 110. NUMBER OF NAMES ON REGISTER.

The Division will certify a hiring list from the eligibility register, in the order of their scores, a sufficient number of names so that the appointing authority is able to select for appointment from among twenty-five (25) eligible candidates for each position to be filled. If appointments are to be made to more than one (1) position, one (1) additional name shall be added for each vacancy so that the appointing authority has twenty-five (25) names to consider for each vacancy. The names of all eligible candidates with scores identical to the twenty-fifth ranking eligible candidate on the register shall be provided to appointing authorities for selection purposes. (3-20-14)

## 111. ADEQUATE REGISTERS.

A register with at least five (5) eligible candidates is adequate. If no register exists or if there are less than five (5) eligible candidates, appointing authorities may hire an eligible candidate listed on an inadequate register or request specialized recruitment. (3-30-01)

## 112. -- 118. (RESERVED)

## 119. APPOINTMENTS, REINSTATEMENTS, TRANSFERS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

**01. Reemployment Preference Register**. New appointments to a classification within an agency are not permissible if there is an agency reemployment preference register (Ref. Rule 101.01) for that classification with names of eligibles who are willing to accept employment. (5-8-09)

**02. Probationary Period Required**. All appointments to positions in the state classified service whenever adequate eligibility registers exist for the classification are probationary appointments except as otherwise provided in Rules 040 and 150. (5-8-09)

# **120.** LIMITED SERVICE APPOINTMENTS.

**01. Designation**. Classified positions expected to be of limited duration due to funding or nature of the position or project must be identified and designated in advance of announcement. (3-16-04)

02. Permanent Status and Expedited Layoff. Employees appointed under limited-service appointments have permanent classified status after successful completion of probation. These employees have the same rights and responsibilities as other permanent employees but may be subject to expedited layoff pursuant to Rule 140.01.c. (5-8-09)

03. Limited Service Agreement. Appointing authorities making limited-service appointments must prepare, no later than the date of appointment, a written agreement for signature of both the employee and appointing authority describing the non-career nature of the appointment, potential for layoff, and the duration the employee may expect to work. Renewals and updated agreements are required every two (2) years. A copy of the agreement must be kept by the appointing authority. (3-29-17)

#### **121. SEASONAL APPOINTMENT.**

**01. Purpose**. An appointing authority may make a seasonal appointment from a register for work that occurs intermittently during the year. (Ref. Section 67-5302(31), Idaho Code). (3-16-04)

**02.** Employee Rights. Employees appointed under a seasonal appointment will have all obligations, rights, and privileges of any classified employee except those accorded by Rules 140 through 147, relating to reduction in force. (3-16-04)

**03.** Separation. Employees appointed under a seasonal appointment may be separated from the seasonal appointment and returned as frequently as intermittent workload dictates. (3-16-04)

04. Duration of Appointment. If an employee has not been called to work for six thousand two hundred forty (6,240) hours (three (3) years), the seasonal appointment expires; rehire of the employee must be from a register. (12-10-90)

# 122. TEMPORARY APPOINTMENTS (NON-CLASSIFIED).

**01. Hours Limitation**. Temporary appointments are limited to one thousand three hundred eighty-five (1,385) hours of work in any twelve (12) month period for any one agency. Both calculations begin on the date of the original temporary appointment (Ref. Section 67-5302(33), Idaho Code). (3-29-17)

**02. Transition to Classified Service**. Temporary employees who have served at least one thousand forty (1,040) hours of continuous service, may go from temporary status to classified entrance probation status in that same position without further examination if the announcement for the temporary position from which the certified register was created indicates that the temporary position has the potential of becoming a permanent classified position. The classified position must be in the same classification and at the same location as announced. (3-29-17)

# **123. PROJECT-EXEMPT APPOINTMENTS (NON-CLASSIFIED).**

Project-exempt appointments are non-classified positions and are limited to the length of the project grant or twentyfour (24) months, or four thousand one hundred sixty (4,160) hours of credited state service, whichever is shorter. (Ref. Section 67-5303(m), Idaho Code) (3-16-04)

## **124. REINSTATEMENTS.**

01. Eligibility. As determined by the administrator, a current or former employee will be eligible for reinstatement to a classification in which he held permanent status, or if deleted its successor, or to another classification of equal or lower pay grade under the following conditions (salary treatment is covered by Rule 072.06). (5-8-09)

a. Reinstatement is limited to a period equal to the length of the employee's probationary and permanent employment combined. (3-30-01)

**b.** The current or former employee must have separated from the classification for which reinstatement is desired without prejudice. A former employee must also have separated from state classified service without prejudice. (3-16-04)

**c.** The current or former employee must meet the current minimum qualifications of the classification to which reinstatement is desired. (3-16-04)

**02. Reinstatement Prohibited**. Reinstatement of a current or former employee is not permissible as long as there is an agency register (Ref. Rule 101.01) for that classification with names of eligibles who have reemployment preference status. (5-8-09)

**03. Examination**. The administrator may require a current or former employee to pass an examination for the classification to which reinstatement is desired. (3-16-04)

04. Probationary Period. An appointing authority may negotiate for a probationary period as a condition of reinstatement except where prohibited. (Ref. Rules 124.05 and 145.01). (3-16-04)

**05. Return from Military Duty**. An employee returning from military leave without pay (Ref. Rule 250.04) who is relieved or discharged from military duty under conditions other than dishonorable will be, upon application, reinstated in his former position, or one of comparable classification, without loss of credited state service, status, or pay as prescribed by Sections 46-216, 65-508, and 65-511, Idaho Code, USERRA, or the Military Selective Service Act, Title 38, Chapter 43, U.S. Code. Application for reemployment must be made in accordance with the provisions of USERRA. Salary treatment is covered by Rule 072.09. (5-8-09)

# 125. TRANSFERS.

01. Authority to Transfer. An appointing authority may transfer an employee at any time from one position to another in the same classification. (3-16-04)

**02. Transfer Within Pay Grade**. An appointing authority may transfer an employee from a classification in which he holds permanent status to another classification allocated to the same pay grade for which the employee meets the minimum qualifications. (5-8-09)

**03. Probationary Period**. An appointing authority may negotiate with an employee for a probationary period as a condition for a voluntary transfer. Voluntary probation is not allowed for intra agency transfers. (Ref. Rule 150) (5-8-09)

04. Limitation. Transfers will not be used to abridge an employee's rights in reduction in force prescribed by Rules 140 through 147. (5-8-09)

**05. Transfer Between Agencies**. An employee is eligible for transfer between agencies in the same classification in which he holds permanent status or to another classification in the same or lower pay grade for which the employee meets the minimum qualifications. Accrued vacation and sick leave will be transferred in accordance with Rules 230.04 and 240.02. Salary treatment is covered by Rule 072.06. (5-8-09)

**06. Restriction**. Transfer of an employee between agencies is not permissible as long as there is a agency register with reemployment preference status (Ref. Rule 101.01) for the classification in the agency to which transfer is desired with names of eligibles who are willing to accept reemployment. (5-8-09)

**07. Examination**. The administrator may require an employee transferring between classifications to pass an examination for the classification to which transfer is desired. (3-16-04)

**08. Involuntary Transfer**. Notice and an opportunity to be heard must be given to any employee subject to an involuntary transfer. (5-8-09)

#### **126. RESIGNATION.**

01. Notice. A classified employee may resign at any time. A resignation is effective at the time designated by the employee, without need for written or advance notice, or acceptance of the resignation by the appointing authority. (5-8-09)

**02. Rescission and Reinstatement**. Once an employee has submitted a resignation, reinstatement is in the discretion of the appointing authority as provided in Rule 124. The appointing authority may but is not required to allow an employee to rescind a resignation prior to its effective date. (5-8-09)

03. **Resignation in Lieu of Dismissal**. An employee may resign in lieu of being dismissed for cause.

(7 - 1 - 93)

# 127. -- 128. (RESERVED)

# **129.** ACTING APPOINTMENT TO A POSITION.

**01. Conditions for Acting Appointment**. At the discretion of an appointing authority, a classified employee with permanent status may be appointed to a position in a classification of higher pay grade within his own agency in an acting capacity whenever: (5-8-09)

a. The incumbent of the position in the higher classification is on authorized leave of absence; or (3-16-04)

b. A vacancy exists and there is no agency register with reemployment preference status (Ref. Rule

101.01) with names of eligibles who are willing to accept reemployment, nor adequate agency register for the classification. (5-8-09)

**02. Minimum Qualifications**. To be eligible for an acting appointment, an employee must meet the minimum qualifications of the class. (4-5-85)

**03.** Notification. Appointing authorities must notify the administrator of each acting appointment no later than the effective date of the appointment unless an exception is specifically authorized by the administrator.

(5-8-09)

04. Effective Date. The effective date of each acting appointment may be retroactive to the beginning of the pay period during which approval is granted. (3-16-04)

## **130. LIMITATION ON LENGTH OF APPOINTMENT.**

Acting appointments are limited to the period of time necessary to fill the vacancy pursuant to procedures prescribed in these rules but in no case can continue beyond one thousand forty (1,040) hours of credited state service unless specifically extended by the administrator. (3-16-04)

## 131. SALARY.

For any credited state service which an employee serves in a classification in an acting capacity, he or she shall receive the salary for the classification as though he or she had actually been promoted. (3-16-04)

## **132.** EXPIRATION OF APPOINTMENT.

01. Return of Incumbent. When the incumbent of the classification returns from leave of absence, or the vacant position is filled, the acting appointment expires. The acting appointee is returned to the class, the pay grade and rate held immediately preceding the acting appointment. (3-16-04)

**02.** Failure of Incumbent to Return. Should the employee on leave of absence separate from state service, the employee serving in the acting appointment may continue to serve in that capacity until the vacancy has been filled but in no case exceed the time limits prescribed in Rule 130. (3-16-04)

# 133. -- 139. (RESERVED)

# 140. **REDUCTION IN FORCE.**

01. Conditions for Layoff. An appointing authority may lay off an employee whenever necessary due to: shortage of funds or work; reorganization; the end of a limited service appointment; employee's failure to complete interagency promotional probation when demotion options are not available; or abolishment of one (1) or more positions (ref. Rule 066). (3-16-04)

02. Layoff Decisions. Layoff decisions must not be based on race, color, national origin, gender, age, religion, disability, or political affiliation. Layoffs must be accomplished in a systematic manner with equity for the rights of classified employees and not do away with an employee's right to problem solving, or appeal if the layoff is in fact a dismissal. (5-8-09)

03. Assessment for Adverse Impact. In planning and conducting a reduction in force, the appointing authority must consider the effect layoff units and positions to be abolished may have on the composition of the agency work force. If layoff units or exclusions are established, adverse impact of protected classes must be assessed. The appointing authority must administer the reduction in force consistent with state and federal laws, and rules and guidelines governing adverse impact. (5-8-09)

**04.** Layoff by Position. Reduction in force must be by classification of position. (5-8-09)

**a.** Reduction in force may be limited to or specifically exclude employees appointed under selective certification (Ref. Rule 112) for bona fide occupational qualifications, or appointed to a classification with minimum qualification specialties. Inclusions or exclusions must include or exclude all incumbents of the classification

appointed under similar selective certification, or the same option or minimum qualification specialty and must be approved in advance by the administrator. (3-16-04)

**b.** An appointing authority may petition the administrator to exclude an individual from a reduction in force whose retention may be required to meet agency mission critical needs. Requests must provide a documented rationale with exclusions approved in advance by the administrator. ()

**c.** Limited-service appointments are defined by the project, program, or function for which the appointments were made. When a limited service project is completed or funding concluded, the limited service appointee is separated from state service as a layoff. However, limited service appointees have no reemployment preference and will not displace other regular permanent or limited services staff via voluntary demotion in lieu of layoff. (3-16-04)

**05. Layoff Unit**. Reduction in force must be agency-wide or by organizational unit designated for layoff purposes. Layoff units are geographic, programmatic, or other identified subdivisions of an agency designated for layoff purposes by the appointing authority. They must be approved by the administrator before the effective date of the layoff. Organizational layoff unit designations must be renewed with a change in appointing authority or administrator. (5-8-09)

**06. Reduction of Hours Worked**. An involuntary reduction in the number of hours worked for a selected position constitutes a layoff unless there is an equal reduction of hours worked for all positions in the same classification in the agency or approved layoff unit for a limited period of time, such as a furlough. (5-8-09)

**07. Downward Reclass.** A material change in duties of one (1) or more positions resulting in an employee's reclassification to a classification allocated to one (1) pay grade lower does not constitute a layoff (Ref Rule 067). More than one (1) pay grade change downward is considered a layoff, unless the change of duties is disciplinary (Ref. Section 190). (5-8-09)

141. CALCULATION OF RETENTION POINTS.

There will be an evaluation of all employees in the classification in the agency or organizational unit affected by the reduction in force based on a retention point system. Retention points are derived from experience as described in performance evaluations, classified credited state service, and veterans preference as described in Rule 141.03. The appointing authority will determine a process for the impartial assessment of evaluations to assign points as follows:

Exemplary Performance	-	.100 points
Solid Sustained Performance	-	.075 points
Achieves Performance Standards	-	.050 points
Does Not Achieve Performance Standards	-	.0 points

(3-20-14)

01. No Performance Evaluation on File for a Twelve-Month Period. All credited state service for which there is no performance evaluation will receive seventy-five thousandths (.075) points per hour. A supervisor's failure to document performance in a timely manner cannot be used to disadvantage an employee during retention point calculation. (5-8-09)

a. Grace period. Supervisors have ninety (90) days after each two thousand eighty (2,080) hours an employee works to complete the performance evaluation documentation. During that ninety (90) day time frame, the evaluation may be written to cover the two thousand eighty (2,080) hours or extended to also cover the time frame up to the date of the evaluation. (3-16-04)

**b.** Changes in prior periods not allowed. Once an evaluation has been signed by the supervisor, employee, manager, and other applicable reviewers, the document may not be changed, unless the change is a result of a problem solving dispute resolution. (3-16-04)

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(4-5-85)

02. Calculation of Retention Points Since Last Evaluation. The most recent performance evaluation should be used to pro-rate retention points when calculating credited state service since that evaluation, unless that evaluation occurred more than two thousand eighty (2,080) hours from the date of calculation. In such cases, points are calculated in conformance with Rule 141.01. (5-8-09)

03. Veterans Preference. Veterans as defined in Title 65, Chapter 5, Idaho Code, will receive preference by the addition of retention points equivalent to three (3) years of service at a level that achieves performance standards. (Ref. Section 65-501, Idaho Code) (3-20-14)

04. Calculation Date Cutoff. No points will be calculated for the sixty (60) days prior to the effective (3-16-04)

05. Audit of Retention Points. Each employee is entitled to an audit of retention points by an independent auditor designated by the administrator in cases of dispute between the appointing authority and the employee. The request for audit must be filed with the appointing authority within five (5) calendar days of the employee's receipt of layoff notification. The decision of the independent auditor is binding on both parties unless an appeal is filed within thirty-five (35) calendar days from the date of the auditor's notification to the affected parties. (5-8-09)

# 142. CREDITED STATE SERVICE.

Eligible credited state service for purposes of Rule 140 is defined as follows: (4-5-85)

01. Service Prior to State Personnel System. All credited state service prior to the establishment of classified service, Title 67, Chapter 53, Idaho Code. (Ref. Sections 67-5332 and 59-1604, Idaho Code, for definitions of credited state service) (4-5-85)

02. Classified Service. All classified credited state service since the establishment of classified (4-5-85)

**03.** Nonclassified Service. All credited state service in a position exempt from classified service if that position is subsequently transferred to classified service pursuant to Rule 040. (7-1-87)

# 143. **REDUCTION IN FORCE DETERMINATION AND NOTIFICATION.**

01. Identification of Classifications. The appointing authority will identify the classification of positions to be reduced or eliminated. (5-8-09)

**02.** Calculation of Retention Points. Retention points will be calculated for all employees assigned to the classification of position including those serving in underfill positions. Retention points need not be calculated where layoff involves a single-incumbent class. (5-8-09)

03. Order of Reduction in Force. The order of reduction in force will be by type of appointment held by the employee in the affected classification as follows: first to be laid off are the entrance probationary appointees, and then the permanent appointees including those serving a voluntary probation. Employees will be placed on the layoff list beginning with the employee with the highest number of retention points. Employee layoffs will be made from the layoff list in inverse order. When two (2) or more employees have the same combined total of retention points, retention will be determined in the following sequence: (Ref. Rule 150.02.c.) (3-28-18)

**a.** The employee with the highest total retention points for the past thirty-six (36) months. (3-16-04)

**b.** Random selection.

04. Notification to Affected Employees. Each employee affected will be notified in writing of layoff and the rationale for the decision at least fifteen (15) calendar days prior to the effective date. Notification will include a copy of the agency layoff procedure and a copy of the computation of retention points when required (Ref. Rule 143.02). (5-8-09)

**05.** Notification to Administrator. The appointing authority must give written notice of layoff to the administrator at least fifteen (15) calendar days prior to its effective date and must provide a list of persons affected by the layoff with their retention point calculations and must indicate which employees will be laid off. (5-8-09)

# 144. PLACEMENT ON REGISTER WITH REEMPLOYMENT PREFERENCE.

A permanent employee laid off from their job or who chooses a voluntary demotion in lieu of a layoff, under these rules shall be placed on their classification's register with reemployment preference in unranked order. Such placement will be for one (1) year from the effective date of demotion or layoff, or until the employee or former employee declines a total of three (3) separate job offers without good cause, whichever comes first. (Rule 104.01.n.) An employee or former employee may request their name be removed at any time. (3-16-04)

# 145. USE OF REGISTERS WITH REEMPLOYMENT PREFERENCE.

# 01. Priority for Reemployment by Agency that Conducted the Layoff. (3-16-04)

a. The employee who has been laid off will be offered reemployment to a position in the classification from which laid off, before any person outside that agency may be promoted to, transferred to, reinstated or appointed to that classification by an appointing authority of that agency. Appointing authorities may reassign or transfer individuals who are in the same classification within their agency but may not demote, promote, reclassify, or make acting appointments to that classification. If that agency determines a need to fill that classification, the employee who was laid off has first priority for that position. (Ref. Rules 125.04 and 125.08) Extenuating circumstances due to short term budget, workload, location, or other complexities may be used by the appointing authority to request a temporary waiver of this rule by the administrator. (4-7-11)

**b.** When attempting to fill vacancies for a classification where a lay off occurred, the agency will provide an opportunity to interview and will make their hiring selection from the individuals their agency laid off from the classification, including those separated from state service under Rule 241.02 and those that took a voluntary demotion in lieu of layoff. (5-8-09)

**c.** Individuals being returned to the classification from which they were laid off will be reinstated with the same salary, permanent status and their sick leave balance restored. If the pay minimum has increased, see Rule 072.03. (5-8-09)

**02. Consideration for Hire by Other Agencies**. For promotional opportunities, internal agency candidates are normally considered before outside recruitment occurs, including other agencies' laid off candidates. However, individuals who have been laid off must be offered the opportunity to interview before other agencies consider candidates from statewide promotional or open-competitive recruitments. (3-16-04)

**03.** Employment by Other Agency. Individuals may be reappointed or reinstated if eligible. The salary of an employee re-hired after a layoff is negotiable between the employee and new appointing authority in the current pay grade for the classification in which the employee is appointed. (3-16-04)

04. **Return to Register**. If an individual finds another agency's position unsatisfactory or does not satisfactorily complete a voluntary probation period, he may be placed back on a register for the remainder of their twelve (12) month time frame. Individuals appointed to a position, other than the classification from which laid off, will remain on preference register status for the remainder of the twelve-month (12) period if otherwise eligible.

(5-8-09)

# 146. (RESERVED)

# 147. VOLUNTARY DEMOTION IN LIEU OF LAYOFF.

Within their layoff unit, an employee with permanent status may choose to accept a voluntary demotion rather than be laid off. Demotion options are limited to a classification, or if deleted, its successor, in which the employee held permanent status in the agency. Such demotion will not be permitted if it causes the layoff of an employee with greater retention points. (5-8-09)

#### 01. Eligibility.

(3-16-04)

**a.** Qualified. Employee must meet the classification's current minimum qualifications and any minimum qualification specialties. (3-16-04)

**b.** Exclusion. Limited service appointees are not eligible to take any voluntary demotion that would result in the displacement of other employees. However, voluntary demotions to a vacant position are allowed with the approval of the appointing authority. (3-16-04)

**02.** Acceptance. To accept a voluntary demotion rather than a layoff, the employee must notify the appointing authority in writing of their decision no later than three (3) working days after written notification of the layoff and opportunity to demote to a specific position. (3-16-04)

## 148. -- 149. (RESERVED)

## **150. PROBATIONARY PERIODS.**

**01. Probationary Period Required**. Except as provided in Rule 040, every appointment and promotion to a classified position is probationary. (3-28-18)

**02.** Types of Probationary Periods. The probationary period serves as a working test period to provide the agency an opportunity to evaluate a probationary employee's work performance and suitability for the position. There are three (3) types of probationary periods: (5-8-09)

**a.** Entrance probation is the probationary service required of an employee at the time of his original appointment or any subsequent appointment to state classified service excluding reinstatement and transfer, the duration of which is one thousand forty (1,040) hours of credited state service except for peace officers (defined in Section 19-5101, Idaho Code), who must serve two thousand eighty (2,080) hours. (5-8-09)

**b.** Promotional probation is the probationary service required when an employee is promoted, the duration of which is one thousand forty (1,040) hours of credited state service except for peace officers (defined in Section 19-5101, Idaho Code), who must serve two thousand eighty (2,080) hours. (5-8-09)

**c.** Voluntary probation is an agreement between employees and the appointing authority for interagency employment actions such as reinstatement, transfer, or voluntary demotion. A voluntary probation is not to be used for employment actions within the agency. The probationary period is negotiable but may not exceed one thousand forty (1,040) hours of credited state service except for peace officers (defined in Section 19-5101, Idaho Code), who may serve up to two thousand eighty (2,080) hours. (5-8-09)

03. Extension of Probationary Period. Upon written request demonstrating good cause, the administrator may extend the probationary period of an employee for an additional specified period not to exceed one thousand forty (1,040) hours of credited state service. Extension must occur before an employee has worked one thousand forty (1,040) hours or two thousand eighty (2,080) hours for peace officers. (Ref. Section 67-5309(j), Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

04. Interruption of Probationary Period. The probationary period in any classification must be completed within a single agency uninterrupted by termination (Ref. Rule 152.02) or dismissal (Ref. Rule 190). An employee who separated during the probationary period must begin a new probationary period upon reappointment or promotion. (5-8-09)

**05. Temporary Service Credit**. At the request of the hiring agency, the administrator will allow temporary service time in a given classification to be used toward fulfilling the entrance probationary requirement in that classification as established in Section 67-5309(j), Idaho Code. The temporary duties must be substantially the same as the regular permanent appointment. (Ref. Section 67-5309(x), Idaho Code, and Rules 122 and 150.01)

06. Acting Service Credit. At the request of the hiring agency, the administrator will allow acting appointment service time in a given classification to be used toward fulfilling the promotional probationary

requirement in that classification as established in Section 67-5309(j), Idaho Code. The acting appointment duties must be substantially the same as the regular permanent appointment. (Ref. Section 67-5309(y), Idaho Code, and Rules 129 and 150.01) (3-29-12)

#### 151. SATISFACTORY SERVICE.

When a probationary employee has satisfactorily served the probationary period hours, the employee will become permanent status. The appointing authority shall no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration of the probationary period provide the employee and the Division a performance evaluation. Certification to permanent status is effective one thousand forty (1,040) hours of credited state service after appointment, except that it is effective two thousand eighty (2,080) hours of credited state service after appointment for peace officer classifications unless either period has been extended pursuant to Rule 150.03. (Ref. Section 67-5309(j), Idaho Code, and Rule 210.04) (3-29-17)

#### SEPARATION DURING PROBATION. 152.

Notification. If a probationary employee does not serve satisfactorily, the appointing authority 01. must provide the employee and the Division a performance evaluation indicating unsatisfactory performance in order to process the failure to complete probation separation within thirty (30) days after the expiration of the probationary period. (Ref. Section 67-5309(j), Idaho Code, and Rule 210.04) (3-29-17)

#### 02. **During Entrance and Voluntary Probation.** (3-30-01)

An employee who does not serve satisfactorily during the entrance or voluntary probation must я. first be given the opportunity in writing to resign without prejudice; an employee who fails to resign may be terminated without cause assigned and without the right to file for problem-solving or an appeal. (Ref. Section 67-5309(j), Idaho Code, and Rule 210.04) (5-8-09)

Notice to the employee of termination for unsatisfactory service must be made not later than fifteen h. (15) calendar days prior to the effective date of termination, unless there are extenuating circumstances. (5-8-09)

#### UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE DURING A PROMOTION PROBATION PERIOD. 153.

Disciplinary Action. Regardless of the probation status, when a Rule 190 violation supports 01. demotion, suspension, or dismissal, such action may occur. (3 - 16 - 04)

Intra-Agency. If an employee, on promotional probation, does not meet performance expectations, 02. he or she shall be returned to a position in the classification which he or she holds permanent status or to another classification in the same pay grade for which the employee meets minimum qualifications. If the employee refuses to accept the position, it is considered a voluntary resignation. (3-16-04)

#### 03. Inter-Agency.

The employee may voluntarily demote to a vacant position in any classification he or she has held a. permanent status in state career service. However, the employee must meet the current minimum requirements for that classification. If more than one (1) option exists for demotion, the employee should be placed in the higher paid position, but the specific assignment is up to the appointing authority. (3-16-04)

If no position is available for the voluntary demotion option, the employee may be laid off and b. (3-16-04)may:

Request their name be placed on a register with reemployment preference rights for the next i. available vacancy in the classification they would have demoted to in his/her new agency; and/or (3-16-04)

Request their name be placed on a register for the classification in the agency where they last held 11. permanent status. (3-16-04)

When reinstatement occurs in the classification they promoted from, in the new agency or the prior c.

(3-16-04)

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agency, the employee's name is removed from reemployment required preference status. (3-16-04)

# **154.** FAILURE TO PROVIDE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION.

If the appointing authority fails to provide a performance evaluation as required in Rule 151, the employee shall be considered to have satisfactorily completed the probationary period and be certified to permanent status as provided by Rule 151, unless the probationary period has been extended by the administrator. (Ref. Rule 150.03) (3-16-04)

# 155. -- 158. (RESERVED)

#### **159. STATUS AND TENURE.**

**01. Probationary Promotions.** Employees serving a promotional probationary period have continued permanent status in the classification from which promoted until they are certified as having satisfactorily completed the promotional probationary period in the classification to which promoted. (Ref. Rules 151, 152, and 153) (5-8-09)

**02. Tenure of Employment.** All employment in the state classified service is without definite term except where the term may be specified by law, or under conditions of a limited-service appointment. (Ref. Rule 120) (5-8-09)

## 160. -- 168. (RESERVED)

# **169. PROMOTIONS.**

#### 01. Use of Promotional Registers.

**a.** Preference for Promotion. Whenever practical, a vacancy in a classified position must be filled by the promotion of an employee in the agency in which the vacancy occurs. (Ref. Section 67-5309(g), Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

**b.** Exception. An appointing authority may request that a position be filled from a statewide promotional register (Ref. Rule 101.03) or an open competitive register (Ref. Rule 101.04) whenever he determines that such an appointment will best serve the interests of the agency. (5-8-09)

**c.** Agency Registers with Reemployment Preference Status. Promotions to a classification are not permissible as long as there is an agency register with reemployment preference status (Ref. Rule 101.01) for the classification with names of eligible candidates who are willing to accept reemployment. (5-8-09)

**02.** Interagency Promotions. All interagency promotions must be made using statewide promotional registers (Ref. Rule 101.03) (5-8-09)

**03.** Eligibility for Promotion. Promotional appointees must have permanent status (Ref. Rule 159) and meet the minimum qualifications of the promotional classification. (5-8-09)

04. Promotion, In-Grade. To reflect unique agency organization design, an agency may choose to request an internal competitive process to recognize the advancement of an employee with permanent status from a position occupied in one classification to a position in another classification having greater points or a unique specialty area, but within the same pay grade. With the approval of the administrator, an in-grade promotion will be treated in all regards as a promotion. (4-7-11)

# 170. -- 178. (RESERVED)

#### **179. DEMOTIONS.**

Demotions are reductions of an employee from a position which the employee occupies in one classification to a position in another classification in a lower pay grade. Demotions authorized under these rules apply to both probationary and permanent status employees who meet the minimum qualifications of the classification to which demoted. (5-8-09)

(7 - 1 - 93)

## 180. (RESERVED)

## **181. NONDISCIPLINARY DEMOTION OPTIONAL.**

An appointing authority may allow a voluntary demotion when requested or accepted by an employee and approved by the appointing authority. (3-16-04)

#### **182. DISCIPLINARY DEMOTION.**

An appointing authority may make a disciplinary demotion for causes enumerated in Rule 190 that are not sufficiently severe to warrant dismissal. (7-1-87)

# 183. -- 189. (RESERVED)

#### **190. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS.**

01. Cause for Disciplinary Actions or Separation From State Service. Dismissal, suspension, demotion, or the reduction in pay, of a classified employee, may occur for any of the following causes during the employee's employment: (5-8-09)

**a.** Failure to perform the duties and carry out the obligations imposed by the state constitution, state statutes, or rules of the agency or the Division and Idaho Personnel Commission. (5-8-09)

**b.** Inefficiency, incompetency, or negligence in performing duties, or job performance that fails to meet established performance standards. (5-8-09)

**c.** Physical or mental incapability for performing assigned duties, if a reasonable accommodation cannot be made for the disabling condition. (5-8-09)

**d.** Refusal to accept a reasonable and proper assignment from an authorized supervisor. (4-5-85)

e. Insubordination or conduct unbecoming a state employee or conduct detrimental to good order and discipline in the agency. (5-8-09)

**f.** Intoxication or being under the influence of alcohol, or the misuse of medications or controlled substances, while on duty. (5-8-09)

g. Careless, negligent, or improper use or unlawful conversion of state property, equipment, or funds. (4-5-85)

**h.** Use of any influence which violates the principles of the merit system in an attempt to secure a promotion or privileges for individual advantage. (4-5-85)

i. Conviction of official misconduct in office, or conviction of any felony, or conviction of any other crime involving moral turpitude. (4-5-85)

j. Acceptance of gifts in exchange for influence or favors given in the employee's official capacity. (5-8-09)
k. Habitual pattern of failure to report for duty at the assigned time and place. (4-5-85)
l. Habitual improper use of sick leave. (4-5-85)
m. Unauthorized disclosure of confidential information from official records. (4-5-85)

n. Absence without leave. (4-5-85)

**o.** Misstatement or deception in application for employment. (4-5-85)

**p.** Failure to obtain or maintain a current license or certificate lawfully required as a condition in performance of duties. (4-5-85)

**q.** Prohibited participation in political activities. (Ref. Section 67-5311, Idaho Code) (4-5-85)

**02. Suspension for Investigation**. An appointing authority may place an employee on administrative leave for investigation of disciplinary causes enumerated in Rule 190.01. Each suspension for investigation will be superseded by reinstatement to duty, dismissal, disciplinary demotion, or suspension within thirty (30) calendar days of the suspension for investigation or within an extension of an additional thirty (30) calendar days approved by the administrator. Further extensions may be granted with the approval of the Administrator. (3-20-14)

**03. Disciplinary Suspension**. An appointing authority may suspend without pay an employee for discipline for causes enumerated above. Disciplinary suspension of an employee with permanent status is subject to appeal by the employee to the Commission. (5-8-09)

04. Suspension on Felony Charges. An appointing authority may suspend without pay an employee upon the issuance of a complaint, an information or indictment for felony charges. Such suspensions may remain in effect during the time such charges are pending. Full reinstatement of all benefits and salary that the employee would have otherwise been entitled must be provided by the appointing authority to the employee upon a subsequent finding that charges or information were without grounds or the employee was not found guilty. For the purpose of this rule, a judgment withheld under Rule 33(d) of the Idaho Rules of Criminal Procedure is a conviction. (5-8-09)

05. Notice to Administrator. Whenever an appointing authority considers it necessary to take disciplinary action against an employee, he must notify the employee and the administrator concurrently in writing; and set forth the specific rules violated and the reasons for the action. Suspensions with pay for investigation (Ref. Rule 190.02) may be made without prior notice to the employee; in this case, the appointing authority must notify the administrator as soon as practical. (5-8-09)

# 191. -- 199. (RESERVED)

# 200. PROBLEM-SOLVING AND DUE PROCESS PROCEDURES.

#### 01. Overview of Procedures.

**a.** The due process procedure deals with the disciplinary matters set forth in Section 67-5315(2), Idaho Code, dismissals, suspensions without pay, and demotions, and with all involuntary transfers. The due process procedure generally requires the employee receive notice and an opportunity to respond before a disciplinary decision or involuntary transfer is made by the agency. Decisions regarding disciplinary dismissals, suspensions without pay, and demotions may be appealed in accordance with Rule 201. (5-8-09)

**b.** The problem-solving procedure deals with all matters not specifically reserved for the due process procedure. Problem solving decisions may not be appealed to the Commission except as authorized by Section 67-5316, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

**02.** Establishment of Agency Problem-Solving and Due Process Procedures. Each participating agency must maintain written employee problem-solving and due process procedures, which have been approved by the administrator for conformity to law and Rule 200. (5-8-09)

03. Eligibility and Time for Filing Under Problem-Solving Procedure. Any classified employee with permanent, or entrance probationary status may file under the problem-solving procedure as defined by Section 67-5315(1), Idaho Code. An employee must file under the problem-solving procedure in writing not later than ten (10) working days after being notified or becoming aware of a nondisciplinary matter which may be handled through the problem-solving procedure; however, if the filing alleges an ongoing pattern of harassment or illegal discrimination, the agency is strongly encouraged to waive any time limits. The time limit for filing will be extended due to the employee's illness or other approved leave, up to ten (10) days after return to the job. The agency may accept a filing that is or appears to be filed late. Agency policies may provide for waiver of time elements or any intermediate step of the problem-solving procedure upon mutual agreement of the employee and appointing

(3-30-01)

authority.

(3-28-18)

Elements of the Problem-Solving Procedure. The procedure must contain a statement from the 04. agency head encouraging employees to use the procedure for any nondisciplinary, job-related matters, and encouraging the employee, supervisors, and upper-level managers and administrators to resolve the matter at the lowest management level possible within the organization. The statement must also provide a means whereby agency representatives can obtain timely authority, if needed, to resolve the matter. The procedure must require the employee to make a reasonable attempt to discuss the issue with the immediate supervisor before filing. After a written filing is received, the procedure must provide for such additional levels of management within the employee's chain of command as are appropriate in the agency. The procedure must also provide for the use of an impartial mediator upon agreement by the employee and agency. Timelines must not exceed five (5) working days between each step unless both the employee and the agency agree, in writing, to a specific number of days to extend the timelines herein, not to exceed thirty (30) days between each step. The procedure must also inform the employee that he is entitled to be represented by a person of the employee's own choosing at each step of the procedure, except the initial informal discussion with the immediate supervisor. Two (2) or more employees may join in a single filing under the problemsolving procedure. Retaliation for filing under the problem-solving procedure, for participating as a witness, or representative is expressly prohibited. This procedure does not apply to unsatisfactory performance during entrance probation (Ref. Sections 67-5309(j), 67-5315(1)(4), Idaho Code, and Rule 152). (3-29-17)

05. Filings Alleging Sexual Harassment or Other Illegal Discrimination. Each agency's problemsolving procedure must provide an optional alternative procedure for an employee to file allegations of sexual harassment or discrimination based on race, color, sex, national origin, religion, age, or disability. The procedure must expressly prohibit sexual harassment and discrimination. Employees must be informed of their right to file complaints with the Idaho Human Rights Commission. The alternative procedure must designate a specific person or persons to receive and investigate such filings, and require that the investigation and resolution of them be conducted with maximum regard for confidentiality. (5-8-09)

Elements of Due Process Procedure. An agency must provide notice and an opportunity to 06. respond before making a decision to impose any disciplinary sanction or involuntary transfer, as set forth in Section 67-5315(2), Idaho Code. With respect to notice, an agency must provide notice of the contemplated action, the basis or reason for the contemplated action, and an explanation of the evidence supporting the contemplated action. The notice must be provided to the employee and administrator concurrently. With respect to the opportunity to respond, the employee must be given the opportunity to respond to the notice and present reasons why the contemplated action should not be taken. The opportunity to respond must not occur later than ten (10) working days after the employee has received notice, unless both the employee and agency agree otherwise in writing. After the employee has responded, or after the period to respond has expired or has been waived in writing by the employee, whichever occurs first, the appointing authority, or designee, must make and implement the agency's decision not later than ten (10) working days thereafter, excluding days the appointing authority, or designee, is out of the office, unless both the employee and agency agree otherwise in writing. The procedure must inform the employee of his right to be represented by a person of the employee's own choosing during the opportunity to respond. The procedure must also provide for the use of an impartial mediator upon agreement by the employee and agency. The procedure does not apply to unsatisfactory performance during entrance and promotional probation (Ref. Sections 67-5309(j), 67-5315(2), Idaho Code, and; Rules 150 through 153). The due process procedure is complete when the appointing authority, or designee, mails or delivers a decision to the affected employee. The decision must also be sent to the administrator concurrently. (5-8-09)

**07.** Notification. A copy of the approved problem-solving and due process procedures must be furnished and explained to each employee with permanent, or entrance probationary status in the agency concerned.

(3-28-18)

**08.** Assistance to Agencies. The administrator will assist agencies whenever requested in the development or revision of their agency problem-solving and due process procedures. (5-8-09)

# 201. APPEAL PROCEDURE.

01. Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General. In addition to the following rules on appeals and petitions for review, the "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General" on

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contested cases, IDAPA 04.11.01.000 et seq., apply with the following exceptions, which are inconsistent with the Commission's statute or practice: IDAPA 04.11.01.055, 202, 240, 250, 270.01, 280, 300, 302, 651, 720, 730, 740, 790, 791, 821.02, and 860. Petitions for rulemaking and declaratory rulings are addressed in Rules 270 and 271. (3-16-04)

**02.** Filing of Appeal and Appearances. Every appeal filed with the Commission must be written and state the decision that is being appealed and the action requested of the Commission. The Commission must serve a copy of the appeal on the respondent and upon the legal counsel for the Commission. Notices of appearance and notices of substitution of counsel need not be filed by deputy attorneys general or members of law firms already representing a party in an appeal or petition for review.

03. Time for Appeal. An appeal from a decision of an appointing authority is deemed to be timely filed if received at the office of the Commission within thirty-five (35) calendar days after completion of the agency due process procedure. Personal delivery or deposit in the United States mail, postage prepaid, of a written notification to the affected employee of the appointing authority's decision constitutes completion of the agency due process procedure. An appeal of a decision or action of the administrator or staff must be filed at the office of the Commission within thirty-five (35) calendar days of personal delivery of notice of the decision or action, deposit of the notice in the United States mail, postage prepaid, or deposit of the notice in Statehouse mail. (5-8-09)

04. Non-Jurisdictional Appeals. Appeals which are non-jurisdictional may be dismissed without motion by the hearing officer, the chair of the Commission, or his designee. If a hearing officer orders such a dismissal, the dismissal may be appealed to the Commission as a petition for review pursuant to Rule 202.01. If the chair of the Commission orders such a dismissal, it constitutes the final order of the Commission and may be appealed pursuant to Sections 67-5317(3) and 67-5318, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

**05.** Setting of Hearing. Within fifteen (15) days after receiving the appeal from the Commission, the hearing officer must consult with the parties to set a mutually agreeable date for hearing. The hearing officer may thereafter postpone or continue the hearing for good cause. (5-8-09)

**06.** Filing of Documents. Once an appeal is referred to the hearing officer, all documents relating thereto must be filed directly with the hearing officer during the pendency of the appeal with copies provided simultaneously to opposing counsel and unrepresented parties.

**07. Burden of Proof**. In disciplinary actions, the appointing authority has the burden of proving cause for the discipline by a preponderance of the evidence. In all other actions, the appellant has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence. (7-1-87)

**08. Open Hearing**. Every hearing is public, unless the hearing officer closes the hearing for good cause. Individual parties may represent themselves (pro se) or be represented by an attorney. (5-8-09)

**09. Protective Orders**. The hearing officer may issue protective orders limiting access to information obtained in the course of a hearing. (7-1-93)

10. Decision of Hearing Officer. The hearing officer must issue a decision in the form of a preliminary order explaining the right to file a petition for review under Section 67-5317, Idaho Code. The preliminary order, consisting of such findings of fact, conclusions of law and orders as are necessary, together with the record of the proceedings must be filed at the office of the Commission with a copy sent or delivered to the parties. A motion for reconsideration under Section 67-5243, Idaho Code, is not permitted.

11. Procedure for Award of Attorney Fees and Costs. As part of his preliminary order, the hearing officer must make findings as to the entitlement to attorney fees and costs, if any, pursuant to Section 12-117, Idaho Code. If the hearing officer finds a prevailing party is entitled to statutory attorney fees and costs, the prevailing party must file a memorandum of costs, including a supporting affidavit stating the basis and method of computation of the amount claimed. The memorandum must be filed with the hearing officer not later than ten (10) working days after receipt of the hearing officer's decision or no attorney fees and costs may be awarded. Objections to the award of attorney fees and costs must be filed not later than ten (10) working days after receipt of the memorandum of costs and supporting affidavit. The hearing officer must conduct a hearing on the award of attorney fees and costs within

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ten (10) days of receiving any objections to the award. If no objections are timely filed with the hearing officer, or if the parties stipulate to have the matter decided on the briefs, no hearing is required. The hearing officer determines the amount of the award and must make written findings as to the basis and reasons for the award within ten (10) days after the hearing on the award of attorney fees and costs. If no hearing is required, the hearing officer must issue his decision on the award of attorney fees and costs no later than thirty (30) days after receipt of the prevailing party's memorandum of costs and supporting affidavit. (5-8-09)

12. Factors Considered in Award of Attorney Fees and Costs. The following factors are considered in the determination of an award of attorney fees and costs: the time and labor required;(12-10-90)

b.	The experience and ability of the attorney;	(12-10-90)
c.	The prevailing charges for like work;	(12-10-90)
d.	The amount involved and the results obtained;	(12-10-90)
e.	Awards in similar cases; and	(12-10-90)
f.	Any other factor that appears pertinent to the award.	(12-10-90)

# 202. PETITION FOR REVIEW PROCEDURE.

**01.** Filing of Petition for Review. A petition for review shall be filed at the office of the Commission within thirty-five (35) days of the hearing officer's decision issued pursuant to Rule 201.10. The petition shall be in writing and specifically cite the alleged errors of fact or law made by the hearing officer. (3-16-04)

**02.** Stay of Hearing Officer's Decision. Upon the filing of the petition for review, the jurisdiction of the hearing officer in the matter is ended except for resolving post-hearing motions and awarding attorney fees and costs. The hearing officer's decision and any orders entered pursuant to Rules 201.10 and 201.11 will be automatically stayed. (3-16-04)

**03.** Nature of Hearing. The hearing of the Commission on a petition for review will be limited to oral arguments regarding issues of law and fact as may be found in the record established before the hearing officer and any post-hearing orders. Written arguments or briefs and motions regarding the petition for review will be allowed under such terms as the Commission may direct in its notice of hearing, which will be issued at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the date set for hearing. (12-10-90)

**04. Transcript**. If the petition for review involves questions of fact, the appellant shall provide a full transcript of the proceedings before the hearing officer for the Commission to review. The respondent may pay for an additional copy of the transcript for respondent's own use. (7-1-87)

# **05.** Requests for Postponement and Other Motions. (7-1-93)

**a.** Except in emergencies, a request for postponement shall be filed in writing by a party or representative not later than seven (7) days before the scheduled hearing. The Chair of the Commission, or his or her designee, may determine whether good cause is shown for the postponement and grant or deny the request on behalf of the Commission. (3-16-04)

**b.** Motions to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction shall be decided by the Commission. All other motions shall be considered by the Chair of the Commission or at the Chair's discretion may be referred to one (1) Commissioner, whose decision on the motion may be communicated to the parties by letter or other informal means, by the Chair or by counsel to the Commission. (3-16-04)

**06. Decision on Petition for Review.** The decision of the Commission shall include a statement of appeal rights under Section 67-5318, Idaho Code. Motion for reconsideration of Commission decisions pursuant to Section 67-5246, Idaho Code are not permitted. The Commission shall file the original copy of its decision with the record of the proceedings and mail copies to the parties promptly. (3-16-04)

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**07. Record of the Proceedings.** A verbatim record of the proceedings at hearings before the Commission shall be maintained either by electrical devices or by stenographic means, as the Commission may direct, but if any party to the action requests a stenographic record of the proceedings, the record shall be done stenographically. The requesting party shall pay the costs of reporting the proceedings. (7-1-87)

**08.** Attorney Fees and Costs in a Petition for Review. In its decision on petition for review, the Commission shall make findings as to the entitlement to attorney fees and costs, if any, pursuant to Section 12-117, Idaho Code. If the Commission finds the prevailing party, if any, is entitled to attorney fees and costs, the prevailing party shall file a request for attorney fees and costs, with accompanying memorandum and affidavit in support of the request described in Rule 201.11, with the Commission not later than ten (10) working days after receipt of the award of attorney fees and costs shall be filed not later than ten (10) working days after receipt of the request for attorney fees and costs. The Commission shall determine the amount of the award, if any, taking into account the factors defined in Rule 201.12. (3-16-04)

**09. Protective Orders**. The Commission may issue protective orders limiting access to information in (7-1-93)

#### **203.** REFERRALS FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES ON DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINTS.

When the Division receives a complaint from a federal agency alleging violation of employment laws, the administrator must take prompt action to investigate. If the complaint is agency specific, the appointing authority will take necessary actions to ensure the investigation is thorough, staff are fully cooperative, and submit findings and any corrective action plan to the administrator and other proper authorities. (5-8-09)

#### 204. -- 209. (RESERVED)

#### 210. PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS.

01. Performance Evaluations. Each agency shall use the statewide online performance evaluation system; however, another system may be used, provided it meets the basic objectives of the state's online performance evaluation system as approved in advance by the administrator. Agency records and supporting documentation are subject to review by the Division and the employee's overall performance rating must be transmitted to the administrator. (3-20-14)

**02.** Approval of Form. The Division will make available a standard format for purpose of the statewide online performance evaluation system. An appointing authority may utilize another form provided it meets the basic performance criteria and ratings and is approved in advance by the administrator. (3-20-14)

**03. Purpose**. The purpose of performance evaluation is to provide an objective evaluation by the immediate supervisor of an employee's performance in comparison with established expectations for the position; and to identify an employee's strengths and weaknesses and where improvement is necessary. All performance evaluations must be discussed with affected employee who will be allowed opportunity to submit written comments regarding the evaluation contents. (5-8-09)

04. Use of Evaluations. Performance evaluations should be used in connection with promotions, transfers, demotions, retentions, separations, and reassignments (Ref. Section 67-5309(h), Idaho Code); and used as the affirmative certification for merit increases, bonuses, and salary equity increases (Ref. Section 67-5309B, Idaho Code); and for certifying a probationary employee to permanent status (Ref. Rule 151). Other uses of performance evaluations are optional with the appointing authority. (3-20-14)

**05. Evaluation Schedule**. All classified employees must be evaluated for their performance during probationary periods for appointments and promotions and for every two thousand eighty (2,080) hours of credited state service thereafter (generally, an annual basis). (Ref. Sections 67-5309(h) and (j), 67-5309B(6), Idaho Code.) Part-time employees must be evaluated on an annual basis. (3-20-14)

**06. Retention of Evaluation**. A copy of the performance evaluation must be retained in agency records with a copy furnished to the employee.

07. Supervisors' Requirements. Supervisors are required to manage performance on a consistent basis including completion of performance evaluations on all employees under their direct supervision. (Ref. Section 67-5309B(6), Idaho Code) (3-20-14)

#### 211. -- 219. (RESERVED)

#### 220. RECORDS.

#### 01. Employee Service Records.

(7-1-93)

**a.** For each employee in classified service, the Division maintains a service record which must include all personnel transactions pertinent to the employee's employment history. (Ref. Section 67-5309(o), Idaho Code)

(5-8-09)

**b.** Any employee may at all reasonable times during business hours review his service record maintained in the Division or maintained in any agency. Except for material used to screen and test for employment, all information maintained in an employee's service record must be made available to the employee or designated representative upon request. File contents may be corrected if found in error according to the procedure contained in Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

**02.** Administrative Records. The administrator must permanently maintain a record of the proceedings of the Commission and a record of all hearings of appeals. (5-8-09)

03. Employee Personnel Action Documents. The appointing authority must furnish each employee with notice of every personnel action affecting the employee's status, pay, tenure, or other terms and conditions of employment, including a copy of their performance evaluations. (5-8-09)

#### 04. Transfers, Reemployment and Promotions Between Agencies. (4-7-11)

**a.** When an employee seeks a transfer, reemployment, or promotion between agencies, the appointing authority of the hiring agency, or designee, is entitled to examine the employee's service record and performance information before the hiring decision is made. (Ref. Section 67-5309(o), Idaho Code) (4-7-11)

**b.** All performance evaluation documents must be provided by the former agency and forwarded to the new agency when an interagency promotion, demotion, or transfer occurs. (3-29-17)

#### 221. -- 229. (RESERVED)

#### 230. VACATION LEAVE.

01. Eligibility. All classified employees, regardless of status or whether full-time or part-time, earn vacation leave and are eligible to take and be paid for unused vacation leave in accordance with Sections 67-5334, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

**02. Rate of Accrual**. All credited state service (ref. Sections 67-5332 and 59-1604, Idaho Code, for definitions) are counted in determining leave accrual rate. (5-8-09)

03. Mutual Agreement. Vacation leave requested by the employee may be used only when approved by the agency. The employee and the agency must mutually agree upon such time or times when vacation leave least interferes with the efficient operation of the agency taking into consideration the vacation preference of the employee. (5-8-09)

**04.** Interagency Transfer. An employee who is transferred from one state agency to another agency will be credited with accrued vacation leave by the receiving agency at the time of transfer. (5-8-09)

#### 231. -- 239. (RESERVED)

#### 240. SICK LEAVE.

01. Eligibility. Sick leave is earned in accordance with Section 67-5333, Idaho Code. Sick leave must only be taken in pay periods subsequent to being earned. (5-8-09)

**02. Interagency Transfer**. An employee who is transferred from one state agency to another will be credited by the receiving agency with the amount of sick leave accrued at the time of transfer. (5-8-09)

03. Reasons for Use. Sick leave must only be used in cases of actual illness or disability or other medical and health reasons necessitating the employee's absence from work, or in situations where the employee's personal attendance is required or desired because of serious illness, disability, or death and funeral in the family. For purposes of this rule, family means a spouse, child, foster child, parent, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, or the same relation by marriage, or legal guardian. (5-8-09)

04. Serious Medical Conditions. Sick leave may be used in conjunction with Family and Medical Leave. (Ref. Rule 242) (5-8-09)

**05.** Notification. It is the responsibility of the employee to notify his supervisor as soon as possible in the event of sickness or injury which prevents the employee from reporting for duty. (5-8-09)

06. Donated Leave. Vacation leave may be transferred to another employee for the purposes of sick leave in accordance with Section 67-5334, Idaho Code. Such transfers are to be made from employee to employee. Vacation leave is retained by the donating party until it is converted to sick leave in the receiving employee's account. (5-8-09)

07. Sick Leave Abuse. A predictable and reliable level of attendance is an essential function of almost all positions. Consistent with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Family Medical Leave Act, a supervisor may investigate suspected sick leave abuse including a pattern of unscheduled absences which have a negative impact on the requirements of the job and take appropriate action. When an employee is absent due to illness or injury in excess of three (3) days, a doctor's certificate of justifiable cause for the absence may be required of the employee at the discretion of the immediate supervisor. A doctor's certification of illness or injury may be required of an employee for periods of less than three (3) consecutive working days whenever the immediate supervisor or manager believes special investigation of the absence should be made. (Ref. Rule 190 and Section 67-5333, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

#### 241. WORKERS COMPENSATION OR DISABILITY.

01. Use of Leave in a Workers Compensation Claim. In the event of a disability incurred on the job covered by workers compensation, the employee will be given the choice of either: (5-8-09)

**a.** Leave of absence without pay while receiving workers compensation; or (5-8-09)

**b.** Utilizing a portion of accrued sick or other paid leave to supplement workers compensation to maintain his regular salary; however, no appointing authority may require an employee to accept sick leave, vacation leave, or compensatory time off for overtime in lieu of workers compensation provided by law. Additionally, an employee may not waive his rights to workers compensation and cannot accept earned leave or other benefits in lieu thereof. (3-29-17)

02. Layoff After Twelve Weeks' Disability. If the employee becomes disabled, whether or not due to a workers compensation injury, and is unable to fully return to work after twelve (12) weeks' absence during any consecutive fifty-two (52) week period or when accrued sick leave has been exhausted, whichever is longer, the employee's position may be declared vacant unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law. The twelve (12) weeks' period of absence need not occur consecutively. The employee's name is certified to a reemployment preference register when the administrator has been notified by the physician that the employee is able to return to work. (Ref. Rule 101.01) Conditional releases will be considered in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. (4-7-11)

#### 242. FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE.

01. Applicability. The provisions of the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) apply without regard to the exclusion for worksites employing less than fifty (50) employees in a seventy-five (75) mile area, and without the limitation on reinstatement of the highest-paid employees. (Ref. 29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.). The State is one (1) employer for the purposes of FMLA. For consistency, the administrator shall publish statewide guidance on FMLA policies. (3-16-04)

**02. Return to Work Release**. An appointing authority may request a return to work release if, due to the nature of the health condition and the job: (3-30-01)

**a.** Light or limited duty work or other accommodation is requested; or (3-16-04)

**b.** The agency, having a reasonable basis in fact to do so, requires assurance that returning to work would not create a significant risk of substantial harm to the employee or others. (7-1-94)

#### 243. MATERNITY AND PATERNITY LEAVE.

01. Use Of Sick Leave. Pregnancy, child birth or related medical conditions generally are considered temporary disabilities and are treated as such for sick leave purposes. Maternity and paternity leave are granted under the same conditions and requirements as other compensable and non-compensable leave under these rules, including the Family and Medical Leave Act. (5-8-09)

**02.** Determination of Disability Period. The employee's physician is considered the primary authority in determining the disability period insofar as compensable sick leave is concerned. (5-8-09)

**03.** Additional Time Off. Maternity and paternity leave preceding and following the time that the person is disabled is leave without pay unless the employee elects to use accrued vacation leave or compensatory time off for overtime. (5-8-09)

04. Discrimination Prohibited. Pregnancy discrimination is prohibited. The employee may continue to work as long as she is physically capable of performing the duties of her position and may return to work as soon as she is physically able as determined by her physician. (3-30-01)

**05.** Adoption and Foster Care. Leave will be granted for adoption and foster care as set forth in the Family and Medical Leave Act. (Ref. Rule 242) (3-30-01)

#### 244. SEPARATION UPON FAILURE TO RETURN TO WORK.

Except for those employees on authorized leave or placed on a register with reemployment preference prescribed by Rule 241.02.a., an employee who has not returned to work within five (5) working days after approved paid or unpaid leave or release by his or her physician shall be considered as having voluntarily separated. Such separation shall be treated as a voluntary resignation, and the employee shall remain eligible for reinstatement as provided under Rule 124. Written notification of his or her separation/resignation shall be mailed to the last known home address. Any objections by the employee to the notice, must be received within five (5) working days of receipt of the notice, or acceptance of the separation/resignation will be presumed. If objections are received within the timeline, a disciplinary separation (dismissal) or other formal disciplinary action may be pursued as provided in Rule 190.

(3-16-04)

(7 - 1 - 93)

#### 245. -- 249. (RESERVED)

#### **250.** SPECIAL LEAVES.

#### 01. Leave of Absence Without Pay.

**a.** Approval. In addition to workers' compensation, family medical leave, disability, or other statewide leave policies, the appointing authority may grant an employee leave without pay for a specified length of

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Human Resources & Personnel Commission

time when such leave would not have an adverse effect upon the agency. The request for leave must be in writing and establish reasonable justification for approval. (5-8-09)

**b.** Reemployment. The appointing authority approving the leave of absence assumes full responsibility for returning the employee to the same position or to another position in a classification allocated to the same pay grade for which the employee meets minimum qualifications. (7-1-87)

c. Exhaustion of Accrued Leave. Unless prohibited by workers compensation, family medical leave, disability, or other statewide leave policies, the appointing authority has discretion on whether the employee is required to exhaust accrued vacation leave or compensatory time off for overtime before commencing leave without pay. (Ref. Rule 240) (3-29-17)

**d.** Resignation. If vacation leave and compensatory time off for overtime are not exhausted and the employee resigns from state service while on leave, he will be paid for such accruals in accordance with Sections 67-5334 and 67-5328, Idaho Code. (3-29-17)

**02.** Leave Defaults. When an employee does not have accrued sick leave to cover an entire absence the following leave types will be used to the extent necessary to avoid leave without pay: accrued compensatory time and vacation. If abuse of sick leave is suspected see Rule 240.07. (5-8-09)

03. Military Leave With Pay. Employees who are members of the National Guard or reservists in the armed forces of the United States engaged in military duty ordered or authorized under the provisions of law, are entitled each calendar year to one hundred twenty (120) hours of military leave of absence from their respective duties without loss of pay, credited state service or evaluation of performance. Such leave is separate from vacation, sick leave, holiday, or compensatory time off for overtime. (Ref. Section 46-216, Idaho Code). (5-8-09)

04. Military Leave Without Pay. An employee whose employment is reasonably expected to continue indefinitely, and who leaves his position either voluntarily or involuntarily in order to perform active military duty, has reemployment rights as defined in Rule 124.05. The employee will either be separated from state service or placed in "inactive" status, at the option of the appointing authority. (5-8-09)

05. Leave of Absence With Pay. A period of absence from duty with the approval of the appointing authority, or as required or allowed by law or these rules, during which time the employee is compensated. Leaves of absence with pay have no adverse effect on the status of the employee and include the following: vacation leave; sick leave; special leave situations; compensatory time off for overtime worked; and administrative leave. (3-20-14)

#### **06.** Court and Jury Services and Problem-Solving and Due Process Leave. (7-1-98)

**a.** Connected with Official State Duty. When an employee is subpoenaed or required to appear as a witness in any judicial or administrative proceeding in any capacity connected with official state duty, he is not considered absent from duty. The employee is not entitled to receive compensation from the court. Expenses (mileage, lodging, meals, and miscellaneous expenses) incurred by the employee must be reimbursed by his respective agency in accordance with agency travel regulations. (5-8-09)

**b.** Private Proceedings. When an employee is required to appear as a witness or a party in any proceeding not connected with official state duty, the employee must be permitted to attend. The employee may use accrued leave or leave without pay. (5-8-09)

**c.** Jury Service. When an employee is summoned by proper judicial authority to serve on a jury, he will be granted a leave of absence with pay for the time which otherwise the employee would have worked. The employee is entitled to keep fees and mileage reimbursement paid by the court in addition to salary. Expenses in connection with this duty are not subject to reimbursement by the state. (5-8-09)

**d.** Problem-solving and due process procedures. Any employee who has been requested to serve as a mediator as provided by an agency problem-solving or due process procedure or to appear as a witness or representative during such a proceeding will be granted leave with pay, without charge to vacation leave or compensatory time off for overtime, to perform those duties. (5-8-09)

e. Notification. An employee summoned for court and jury service or requested to serve as a witness or representative must notify his supervisor as soon as possible to obtain authorization for leave of absence.

(3-20-14)

(5-8-09)

07. Religious Leave. Appointing authorities will make reasonable accommodations to an employee's need for leave for religious observances. Such leave is charged to the employee's accrued vacation leave or compensatory time off for overtime. (5-8-09)

**08.** Leave During Facility Closure or Inaccessibility. (7-1-93)

**a.** Authorization. When a state office/facility is closed or declared inaccessible by the Governor or Governor's designee because of severe weather, civil disturbances, loss of utilities or other disruptions, affected employees are authorized administrative leave to cover their scheduled hours of work during the closure or inaccessibility. If an employee was not scheduled to work on the day when an office/facility is declared closed, the employee is not eligible for administrative leave. (3-28-18)

**b.** In the interest of employee safety, appointing authorities may approve employee early release, delayed start time, or absence from work due to weather or other emergency conditions. Those affected employees will use their appropriate accrued leave balances or leave without pay. Administrative leave will be granted to affected employees scheduled to work on a day the Governor or Governor's designee declares a state office/facility closed or inaccessible in accordance with Rule 250.08.a. (3-28-18)

**09. Red Cross Disaster Services Leave**. Employees who have been certified by the American Red Cross as disaster service volunteers will be granted up to one hundred twenty (120) hours of paid leave in any twelve (12) month period to participate in relief services pursuant to Section 67-5338, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

**10.** Employee Assistance Program Leave. Employees may use sick leave or any paid or unpaid leave as approved to attend appointments through the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) during normal working hours. (3-29-17)

#### 11. Bone Marrow and Organ Donor Leave With Pay.

a. Approval. Upon request, a full-time employee will be granted five (5) work days' leave with pay to serve as a bone marrow donor or thirty (30) work days' leave with pay to serve as an organ donor. The employee must provide the appointing authority with written verification that the employee is the person serving as the donor. Paid leave, as provided in these rules, is limited to one-time bone marrow and one-time organ donor leave per employee. (Ref. Section 67-5343, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

**b.** Use. An employee who is granted such leave of absence will receive compensation without interruption during the leave period. For purposes of determining credited state service, pay advancement, performance awards, or any benefit affected by a leave of absence, the service of the employee is considered uninterrupted by the paid leave of absence. (Ref. Section 67-5343, Idaho Code) (5-8-09)

#### 251. ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE.

**01. Investigation and Due Process Procedure**. Administrative leave may be granted by an appointing authority for employee investigations and due process procedures in accordance with Rule 190.02. (3-28-18)

**02.** Closure or Inaccessibility. Administrative leave for closure or inaccessibility of a state office/ facility due to severe weather, emergencies or incidents that could jeopardize agency operations, or the safety of others must be granted in accordance with Rule 250.08. (3-28-18)

**03. Other Reasons**. Administrative leave for reasons other than those listed above must be approved in advance by the administrator. (3-28-18)

#### 252. -- 259. (RESERVED)

#### 260. COMPENSABLE HOURS.

01. Biweekly Employees. With the exception of holiday leave, no leave may be used if it results in pay in excess of the employee's regularly scheduled work week. (5-8-09)

**02. Ineligible Employees**. Employees who are "executive" as defined by Section 67-5302(12), Idaho Code, are ineligible to earn or receive payment for hours worked or accrued beyond their regularly scheduled work week. (5-8-09)

#### 261. HOURS WORKED.

01. Hours in Performance of Job. Those hours actually spent in the performance of the employee's job, excluding holidays, vacation, sick leave other approved leaves of absence, and excluding on-call time. (5-8-09)

**02. Travel Time**. Travel time is compensated pursuant to policy set forth by the Board of Examiners. (5-8-09)

**03.** Hours Outside of Regular Working Hours. Attendance at lectures, meetings, training programs, and similar activities outside of the employee's regular working hours when attendance has been directed by the appointing authority or designee. (5-8-09)

#### 262. OVERTIME.

**01. Employing Agencies**. The state is considered as one (1) employer for determining the number of hours an employee works. If an employee works for more than one (1) agency, the agency employing the employee when the overtime occurs is liable for compensatory time off or cash compensation as provided by law. (5-8-09)

**02. Compensation for Overtime**. Overtime accrual and compensation for classified employees is covered by Sections 67-5328 and 59-1607, Idaho Code, for nonclassified employees. Overtime is defined in Section 67-5302(20), Idaho Code. Overtime does not include any time, such as occasional or sporadic work, which is excluded from the overtime calculation by federal law. (4-7-11)

**03. Modification of Workweek or Schedule**. No agency will alter a previously established work week for the purpose of avoiding overtime compensation. An agency may modify the employee's regular schedule of work to avoid or minimize overtime. (5-8-09)

#### 263. -- 271. (RESERVED)

#### 272. POLICY MAKING AUTHORITY.

To address the need for all classified employees to be treated fairly, and in situations where the State may be considered as one (1) employer, the Division Administrator may issue guidance to provide consistent interpretation of federal law, state law, executive order or rule. (5-8-09)

#### 273. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## IDAPA 17 – INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

#### DOCKET NO. 17-0000-1900

#### NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 72-1004, 72-1013, and 72-1104, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters promulgated as proposed rules under this docket number under IDAPA 17, rules of the Industrial Commission:

#### IDAPA 17

- 17.10.01, Administrative Rules Under Crime the Victims Compensation Act
- 17.11.01, Administrative Rules of Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Act

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. The original text of theses proposed rules was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin (Special Edition), Vol. 19-68E, pages 3587–3595.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Kamerron Monroe, Commission Secretary, (208) 334-6017.

Dated this 9th day of October, 2019.

Mindy Montgomery, Director Industrial Commission 11321 W. Chinden Blvd. Boise, Idaho 83714 P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0041 Phone: (208) 334-6000 Fax: (208) 334-2321

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section(s) 72-301, 72-301A, 72-304, 72-327, 72-432, 72-508, 72-528, 72-602, 72-803, and 72-806, 72-1004, 72-1013, and 72-1104, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: A public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

<b>*ORIGINATING LOCATION – LIVE MEETING*</b>		
Idaho Industrial Commission 11321 W. Chinden Blvd. Building #2 Boise, Idaho 83714		
Tuesday, August 6th, 2019 – 2:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. (MDT)		
<b>*VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE*</b>		
IIC Coeur d'Alene Field Office 1111 W. Ironwood Drive, Suite A Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814	IIC Lewiston Field Office 1118 "F" Street Lewiston, ID 83501	
IIC Idaho Falls Field Office 1820 E. 17th Street, Suite 300 Idaho Falls, ID 83404	IIC Twin Falls Field Office 1411 Falls Avenue East, Suite 915 Twin Falls, ID 83301	

The hearing sites will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and reorganized chapters with edits under IDAPA 17, rules of the Industrial Commission:

#### IDAPA 17

- 17.10.01, Administrative Rules Under Crime the Victims Compensation Act
- 17.11.01, Administrative Rules of Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Act

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION	Docket No. 17-0000-1900
IDAPA 17	
IDAPA 17	OMNIBUS PENDING RULE

processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. These three chapters contain those rules necessary for the Industrial Commission to properly administer and carry out its responsibilities under the Idaho Workers' Compensation Act (Chapter 1), the Crime Victims Compensation Act (Chapter 10) and the Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Act (Chapter 11).

**FEE SUMMARY:** This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Kamerron Monroe, Commission Secretary, (208) 334-6017.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned or **kamerron.monroe@iic.idaho.gov** within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

## THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 17-0000-1900

#### 17.10.01 – ADMINISTRATIVE RULES UNDER THE CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSATION ACT

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This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Sections 72-1004 and 72-1013, Idaho Code.

Act" IDA	<b>01.</b> APA 17, 7	<b>Title</b> . The title of this chapter is "Administrative Rules Under the Crime Victims Compo Title 10, Chapter 01.	ensati (	on )
Victim's	02. Compen	<b>Scope</b> . This chapter includes the Industrial Commission's procedures for administering the sation Act.	e Crir (	ne )
002. Chapter Compens	1, Sectio	<b>IISTRATIVE APPEALS.</b> on 11, Subsection 5, provides for appeals to the Commission from decisions of the Crime irreau.	Victin (	ms )
003 0	09.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFINI	ITIONS.		
	01.	Commission. The Idaho Industrial Commission.	(	)
Bureau o	<b>02.</b> of the Ida	<b>Crime Victim's Compensation Program</b> . The program administered by the Crime Y ho Industrial Commission under the Crime Victim's Compensation Act.	Victin (	n's )
for Com	<b>03.</b> pensatior	<b>Employer</b> . The employer at the time of the criminally injurious conduct on which the App n is based.	licati (	on )
services	04. under the	<b>Medical Services</b> . Words and terms used for determining the allowable payment for ese rules are defined in Subsections 010.04.a. through 010.04.h.	media (	cal )
with this	<b>a.</b> rule or a	"Allowable payment" means the lower of the charge for medical services calculated in acc as billed by the provider.	ordan (	ice )
basis onl	<b>b.</b> ly.	"Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC)" means a facility providing surgical services on an ou	tpatie (	ent )
outpatier	<b>c.</b> nt basis.	"Hospital" is any acute care facility providing medical or rehabilitation services on an inpat	ient a (	nd )
	i.	Large Hospital means any hospital with more than one hundred (100) acute care beds.	(	)
	ii.	Small Hospital means any hospital with one hundred (100) acute care beds or less.	(	)
other leg Idaho Cr	<b>d.</b> gal entity rime Vict	"Provider" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, agency, institu providing any kind of medical service related to the treatment of a claimant for benefits un ims Compensation Act.		

e. "Medical Service" means medical, surgical, dental, mental health, or other attendance or treatment, nurse and hospital service, medicine, apparatus, appliance, prostheses and related service, facility, equipment and supply.

**f.** "Reasonable" means a charge does not exceed the Provider's "usual" charge and does not exceed the "customary" charge, as defined in Paragraph 010.04.h.

**g.** "Usual" means the most frequent charge made by an individual Provider for a given medical service to non-industrially injured patients.

**h.** "Customary" means a charge that has an upper limit no higher than the 90th percentile, as determined by the Commission, of usual charges made by Idaho Providers for a given medical service. ()

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001.

LEGAL AUTHORITY.

TITLE AND SCOPE.

05. Wages. Means the wages at the time of the criminally injurious conduct on which the Application for Compensation is based and includes non-cash remuneration such as lodging and meals provided by the Employer and gratuities such as tips, which are not paid by the employer, but that are received by the victim in the normal course of his employment.

#### 011. APPLICATIONS FOR COMPENSATION.

01. Claim for Benefits. To claim benefits under the Crime Victims Compensation Act, the claimant shall file an Application for Compensation with the Crime Victim's Compensation Bureau of the Commission. Applications for Compensation shall be made using the form approved by the Commission. An Application for Compensation shall be deemed filed when it is received at the Commission's office in Boise. ()

**02. Providing Information**. Before paying benefits to any claimant, the Commission shall gather sufficient information to establish that the claimant is eligible for benefits. The Commission may require the claimant to assist the Commission in obtaining that information.

**03.** Employment Verification. To verify information concerning a victim's employment, the Commission may require the victim's Employer or Employers to complete an Employment Verification form or the Commission may obtain such information from an Employer by telephone. ()

**04.** Order. After sufficient information has been gathered pursuant to Subsection 011.02 of this rule, the Commission may enter an award granting or partially granting benefits or an order denying benefits. The Commission may also enter orders necessary to further the purposes of the Act.

05. Finality of Order. An award or order issued by the Commission shall be final and conclusive as to all matters considered in the award or order; provided that within twenty (20) days from the date that such an award or order is issued, the claimant may file a request that the Crime Victim's Compensation Program reconsider the order, or the Crime Victim's Compensation Program may reconsider the matter on its own motion, and the order of the Crime Victim's Compensation Program shall be final upon issuance of the order on reconsideration; and provided further that, within forty five (45) days from the date that any order is issued by the Crime Victim's Compensation Program, a claimant may file a Request for Hearing before the Commission. The Hearing shall be held in accordance with the procedures set out in Section 012 of these rules. Requests for Hearing before the Commission and requests that the Crime Victim's Compensation Program reconsider an order is deemed filed when received at the Commission's office in Boise.

06. Recipients of Payments for Medical Services. If, pursuant to any order of the Commission or the Crime Victims Bureau, it is determined that a claimant is entitled to payment of medical expenses as provided in Section 72-1019(2), Idaho Code, or funeral or burial expenses as provided in Section 72-1019(4), Idaho Code, payment shall be made directly to the medical provider or the provider of funeral or burial services unless the claimant has already paid the provider; if the claimant has already paid the provider, payment shall be made to the claimant.

**07.** Allowable Payments for Medical Services. The Commission shall pay providers the allowable payment for medical services under these rules adopted in accordance with Section 72-1026, Idaho Code. ()

**a.** Adoption of Standard. The Commission hereby adopts the Resource-Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS), published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, as amended, as the standard to be used for determining the allowable payment under the Crime Victims Compensation Act for medical services provided by providers other than hospitals and ASCs. The standard for determining the allowable payment for hospitals and ASCs shall be:

- i. For large hospitals: Eighty-five percent (85%) of the reasonable inpatient charge.
- ii. For small hospitals: Ninety percent (90%) of the reasonable inpatient charge.
- iii. For ambulatory surgery centers (ASCs) and hospital outpatient charges: Eighty percent (80%) of

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Industrial Commission

the reasonable charge.

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iv. Surgically implanted hardware shall be reimbursed at the rate of actual cost plus fifty percent (50%).

v. Paragraph 011.07.e. of this rule, shall not apply to hospitals or ASCs. The Commission shall determine the allowable payment for hospital and ASC services based on all relevant evidence.

**b.** Conversion Factors. The following conversion factors shall be applied to the fully-implemented facility or non-facility Relative Value Unit (RVU) as determined by place of service found in the latest RBRVS, as amended, that was published before December 31 of the previous calendar year for a medical service identified by a code assigned to that service in the latest edition of the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), published by the American Medical Association, as amended:

MEDICAL FEE SCHEDULE			
DESCRIPTION	CONVERSION FACTOR		
Anesthesia	00000 - 09999		\$60.05
Surgery - Group One	22000 - 22999 23000 - 24999 25000 - 27299 27300 - 27999 29800 - 29999 61000 - 61999 62000 - 62259 63000 - 63999	Spine Shoulder, Upper Arm, & Elbow Forearm, Wrist, Hand, Pelvis & Hip Leg, Knee, & Ankle Endoscopy & Arthroscopy Skull, Meninges & Brain Repair, Neuroendoscopy & Shunts Spine & Spinal Cord	\$144.48
Surgery - Group Two	28000 - 28999 64550 - 64999	Foot & Toes Nerves & Nervous System	\$129.00
Surgery - Group Three	13000 - 19999 20650 - 21999	Integumentary System Musculoskeletal System	\$113.52
Surgery - Group Four	20000 - 20615 30000 - 39999 40000 - 49999 50000 - 59999 60000 - 60999 62260 - 62999 64000 - 64549 65000 - 69999	Musculoskeletal System Respiratory & Cardiovascular Digestive System Urinary System Endocrine System Spine & Spinal Cord Nerves & Nervous System Eye & Ear	\$87.72
Surgery - Group Five	10000 - 12999 29000 - 29799	Integumentary System Casts & Strapping	\$69.14
Radiology	70000 - 79999	Radiology	\$87.72
Pathology & Laboratory	80000 - 89999	Pathology & Laboratory	To Be Determined
Medicine - Group One	90000 - 90749 94000 - 94999 97000 - 97799 97800 - 98999	Immunization, Injections, & Infusions Pulmonary / Pulse Oximetry Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation Acupuncture, Osteopathy, & Chiropractic	\$46.44

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Industrial Commission

#### IDAPA 17.10.01 – Rules Under the Crime Victims Compensation Act

MEDICAL FEE SCHEDULE			
DESCRIPTION	CODE RANGE(S)		CONVERSION FACTOR
Medicine - Group Two	90750 - 92999 96040 - 96999 99000 - 99607	Psychiatry & Medicine Assessments & Special Procedures E / M & Miscellaneous Services	\$66.56
Medicine - Group Three	93000 - 93999 95000 - 96020	Cardiography, Catheterization, & Vascular Studies Allergy / Neuromuscular Procedures	\$72.24

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c. The Conversion Factor for the Anesthesiology CPT Codes shall be multiplied by the Anesthesia Base Units assigned to that CPT Code by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services as of December 31 of the previous calendar year, plus the allowable time units reported for the procedure. Time units are computed by dividing reported time by fifteen (15) minutes. Time units will not be used for CPT Code 01996.

**d.** Adjustment of Conversion Factors. The conversion factors set out in this rule may be adjusted each fiscal year (FY), starting with FY 2012, as determined by the Commission. ()

e. Services Without a CPT Code, RVU or Conversion Factor. The allowable payment for medical services that do not have a current CPT code, a currently assigned RVU, or a conversion factor will be the reasonable charge for that service, based upon the usual and customary charge and other relevant evidence, as determined by the Commission. Where a service with a CPT Code, RVU, and conversion factor is, nonetheless, claimed to be exceptional or unusual, the Commission may, notwithstanding the conversion factor for that service set out in Subsection 011.07.b. of this rule, determine the allowable payment for that service, based on all relevant evidence.

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f. Coding. The Commission will generally follow the coding guidelines published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and by the American Medical Association, including the use of modifiers. The procedure with the largest RVU will be the primary procedure and will be listed first on the claim form. Modifiers will be reimbursed as follows:

i. Modifier 50: Additional fifty percent (50%) for bilateral procedure.

ii. Modifier 51: Fifty percent (50%) of secondary procedure. This modifier will be applied to each medical or surgical procedure rendered during the same session as the primary procedure. ()

iii. Modifier 80: Twenty-five percent (25%) of coded procedure.

iv. Modifier 81: Fifteen percent (15%) of coded procedure. This modifier applies to MD and non-MD ()

**08.** Wage Loss Benefits. For the purpose of determining compensation benefits under Sections 72-1019(1) and 72-1019(3), Idaho Code, "wages received at the time of the criminally injurious conduct" shall be the victim's gross weekly wage; which shall be determined under Section 72-419(1)-(3), Idaho Code, if applicable, and if not, as follows:

a. If the Wages were fixed by the hour, and the victim worked or was scheduled to work the same number of hours each week, the weekly wage shall be the hourly rate times the number of hours that the victim worked or was scheduled to work each week, plus one-half (1/2) the hourly wage times the number of hours worked or scheduled each week in excess of forty (40) hours if the victim was paid time-and-a-half for work in excess of forty (40) hours per week.

**b.** If the Wages were fixed by the hour and the victim did not work the same number of hours each week, or if the victim was paid on a piecework or commission basis, the weekly wage shall be computed by averaging the amounts that the victim was paid during his last four completed pay periods prior to the criminally injurious conduct and converting that amount to a weekly basis using a method consistent with 72-419(1)-(3); provided that, if the victim was employed for less than four (4) pay periods before the criminally injurious conduct, the average shall be computed based upon the time period that he worked.

**c.** If none of the above methods are applicable, the weekly wage shall be computed in a manner consistent with the above methods.

**09. Treating Physician**. A victim may choose his own treating physician. If, after filing an Application for Compensation, a victim changes physicians without prior approval of the Commission, or if, without prior approval of the Commission, he seeks treatment or examination by a physician to whom he was referred by his treating physician, the Commission may deny payment for such treatment or examination. ()

**10. Overpayment**. If the Commission erroneously makes payments, the Commission may reduce future payments by an amount equal to the overpayment or request a refund when overpayments are made to either the claimant or the provider.

11. Weekly Compensation Benefits If Victim Employable But Not Employed. If a victim is qualified under Section 72-1019(7)(a), Idaho Code, the following provisions apply: ()

**a.** If at the time of the injurious conduct the victim was receiving unemployment benefits and as a result of that conduct the victim becomes ineligible for those benefits, the claimant's weekly benefits under the Crime Victims Compensation Act shall be the lesser of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) or his weekly benefit amount under the Employment Security Law.

**b.** If at the time of the criminally injurious conduct the victim was unemployed, but scheduled to begin employment on a date certain and if he was unable to work for one (1) week as a result of that conduct, weekly benefits under the Crime Victims Compensation Act shall be the lesser of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) or two-thirds (2/3) of the amount that he would have earned at his scheduled employment, and those benefits shall be payable beginning on the date that his employment was scheduled to begin.

**c.** If prior to the criminally injurious conduct the victim was performing necessary household duties which he is disabled from performing as a result of that conduct and it is necessary to employ a person who does not reside in the victim's house to perform those duties, the victim shall receive weekly benefits under the Crime Victims Compensation Act equal to the amount paid to the person so employed, but not exceeding one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) per week.

d. In other circumstances, the Commission may award an amount it deems appropriate. ( )

12. Reimbursement for Transportation Expenses. If the claimant utilizes a private vehicle, reimbursement shall be at the mileage rate allowed by the State Board of Examiners for state employees. Reimbursement shall be provided only if services are not available in the local area and is limited to one (1) round trip per day. The claimant shall not be reimbursed for the first fifteen (15) miles of any round trip, nor for traveling any round trip of fifteen (15) miles or less. Such distance shall be calculated by the shortest practical route of travel. The mileage reimbursement amount shall be credited to the medical benefit.

**13. Payment of Bills**. Bills for treatment and sexual assault forensic examinations must be submitted within two (2) years from the date of treatment or the date of eligibility, whichever is later, to be compensable.( )

#### 012. HEARING PROCEDURES.

**01. Request for Hearing**. If a Request for Hearing is filed, an informal hearing shall be held. The Commission may conduct the hearing or it may assign the matter to a Commissioner or Referee. If the matter is assigned to a Commissioner or a Referee, the Commissioner or Referee shall submit recommended findings and

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Industrial Commission

decision to the Commission for its review.

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**02. Recommendations**. If the Commission does not approve the recommendations of a member or Referee, the Commission may:

**a.** Review the record and enter its own findings and decision; (

**b.** Conduct another informal hearing and issue a decision based upon the record of both hearings; or

**c.** Assign the matter to another member or Referee to conduct another informal hearing and make recommendations pursuant to Subsection 012.01 above based upon the record of both hearings. ()

03. Notice of Hearing. The Commission shall give the claimant at least ten (10) days' advance written notice of the time and place of hearing and of the issues to be heard, either by personal service or certified mail. Service by mail shall be deemed complete when a copy of such notice is deposited in the United States post office, with postage prepaid, addressed to a party at his last known address as shown in the records and files of the Commission. Evidence of service by certificate or affidavit of the person making the same shall be filed with the Commission.

04. Transcript of Hearing. All hearings shall be tape-recorded. In addition, the Commission may arrange for a stenographic or machine transcription of any hearing.

05. Record. At the hearing the Application for Compensation filed by the claimant and any other documents in the Commission's file that contain information relevant to the issues in the case shall be admitted into the record. Such documents shall be marked for identification and the record shall specify that those documents are admitted. The Commission, member, or Referee conducting the hearing shall give those documents the weight that is appropriate under the circumstances of the particular case. ()

**06.** Evidence. At the hearing; after the claimant has presented his evidence, the Commission, or the Commissioner or Referee conducting the hearing shall allow an employee of the Commission to present evidence. After the presentation of evidence by an employee of the Commission, the Commission, or the Commissioner or Referee conducting the hearing may, in its or his discretion, allow any other person to testify. ()

**07. Finality of Decision**. After a hearing, the decision of the Commission shall be final and conclusive as to all matters adjudicated. Within twenty (20) days from the date that such decision is issued, the claimant may file a Motion for Reconsideration or the Commission may reconsider the matter on its own motion. ()

**08.** Crime Victim's Compensation Program Review. At the request of the claimant or on its own motion the Crime Victim's Compensation Program may review and amend any final order or award, within three (3) years of the date of issue of such order or award:

**a.** If there is a change in circumstances that affects the claimant's entitlement to benefits; (

**b.** To correct a manifest injustice;

c. If the order or award is based upon facts which were misrepresented or that were not fully disclosed; or ()

**d.** To comply with the annual review requirements of Section 72-1021, Idaho Code. ( )

**09. Subpoenas.** Subpoenas shall be served in the manner provided by the Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure. Witness fees and mileage shall be in the amounts provided by the Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure and the Claimant shall pay the fees of any witness who is subpoenaed to testify in his behalf. ()

013. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 17.11.01 – ADMINISTRATIVE RULES OF PEACE OFFICER AND DETENTION OFFICER TEMPORARY DISABILITY ACT

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Section 72-1104, Idaho Code. (

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. The title of this chapter is "Administrative Rules of Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Act," IDAPA 17, Title 11, Chapter 01.

**02.** Scope. This chapter includes the Industrial Commission's rules regarding the Peace Office Temporary Disability Fund.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

The definitions set forth at Section 72-1103, Idaho Code apply to this chapter.

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# 011. RULE GOVERNING APPLICATIONS FOR REIMBURSEMENT FROM THE PEACE OFFICER AND DETENTION OFFICER TEMPORARY DISABILITY FUND.

01. Eligibility. An employer who has paid the full base salary due to a peace officer or detention officer, as defined in Section 72-1103, Idaho Code, may apply for reimbursement from the Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Fund under the provisions of Section 72-1104, Idaho Code, for the amount of that salary not covered by the workers' compensation income benefit payments remitted to the employer during the time that such officer is:

a.	Temporarily incapacitated and unable to perform employment duties;	(	)
b.	Is otherwise eligible to receive workers' compensation benefits; and	(	)
<b>c.</b> after July 1, 2008	Is one whose incapacitating injury was incurred in the performance of employment d e, either:	luties c (	on or )
i.	When responding to an emergency; or	(	)

- ii. When in the pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law; or ()
- iii. The injury was caused by the actions of another person after July 1, 2012.

**02. Application**. An employer eligible to seek reimbursement from the Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Fund shall make application on the form provided by the Commission, available online.

**03. Payments**. Payments to employers requesting reimbursement from the Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Fund shall be made within thirty (30) days of receipt of an approved request for reimbursement, subject to the availability of money in that fund.

04. Disputes. Disputes regarding eligibility for reimbursement from The Peace Officer and Detention Officer Temporary Disability Fund will be decided by the Commission upon written request by the employer. There is no appeal from the reimbursement dispute decisions of the Commission under this section. Disputes regarding eligibility of an injured peace officer or detention officer for workers' compensation benefits, including the continuation of salary benefit set out in Section 72-1104, Idaho Code, will be decided in accordance with the Commission's current rules and procedures governing disputes in all other workers' compensation claims. ()

#### 012. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## **IDAPA 18 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE**

## DOCKET NO. 18-0000-1900

#### NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 41-211, 41-254, 41-515, 41-612, 41-1013, 41-1025, 41-1037, 41-1232, 41-1334, 41-1940, 41-1965, 41-2314, 41-3817, 41-4207, 41-4409, 41-4609, 41-4715, 41-5211, 41-6404, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters promulgated as proposed rules under this docket number under IDAPA 18, rules of the Idaho Department of Insurance:

## IDAPA 18

#### All Lines:

• 18.01.01, Rule to Implement the Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

#### Property, Casualty, Automobile Insurance:

- 18.02.01, Insurance Rates and Credit Rating; All *rules except Section 300*
- 18.02.02, Automobile Insurance Policies; All rules *except Appendix A (relocated to DOI website)*
- 18.02.03, Certificate of Liability Insurance for Motor Vehicles; All rules except Exhibits A, B, C (relocated to DOI website)

#### Life & Annuity:

- 18.03.01, Suitability in Annuity Transactions; All rules except Subsections 015.04.a.ii. 04.a.iv., 015.04.b., 015.06.a.ii., 015.06.c., 016.02.b., 016.02.h., 021.01 and Section 025
- 18.03.02, Life Settlements
- 18.03.03, Variable Contracts; All rules *except Subsections 011.01, 011.03, 012.02, 012.04, 014.01, 014.05, and Section 019*
- 18.03.04, Replacement of Life Insurance and Annuities; All rules *except Section 016 and Exhibit A (relocated to DOI website)*
- 18.03.05, Credit Life and Credit Disability Insurance; All rules except Section 012

#### Health & Disability Insurance:

- 18.04.01, Health Carrier External Review; All rules except Appendices (relocated to DOI website)
- 18.04.02, Rule to Implement Uniform Coverage for Newborn and Newly Adopted Children
- 18.04.03, Advertisement of Disability (Accident and Sickness) Insurance; All rules *except Subsections 012.02, and 013.01.a.*
- 18.04.04, The Managed Care Reform Act Rule
- 18.04.05, Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule
- 18.04.06, Governmental Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans
- 18.04.07, Restrictions on Discretionary Clauses; All rules except Subsection 011.02
- (\*VACATED) 18.04.08, Individual Disability and Group Supplementary Disability Insurance Minimum Standards Rule; (\*This chapter is being repromulgated under Docket No. 18-0408-1901 and published as a proposed rule in the October 2, 2019 Administrative Bulletin, Vol.19-10.
- 18.04.09, Complications of Pregnancy

- 18.04.10, The Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act; All rules except Sections 020, 021, 023, Subsection 051.01.e., and Appendix A
- 18.04.11, Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards
- 18.04.12, The Small Employer Health Insurance and Availability Act; All rules except Section 081 and incorporates provisions of 18.04.13, Rules Governing Small Employer Health Insurance Availability Act Plan Design
- (\*VACATED) 18.04.13, Rules Governing Small Employer Health Insurance Availability Act Plan Design
- 18.04.13,\* The Individual Health Insurance Availability Act; All rules except Subsection 075.02, and Section 081, with the addition of Sections for Policy Definitions, Banned Policy Provisions, General Minimum Standards and Requisite Disclosure Provisions; (\*Renumbered and re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.13 - originally promulgated under IDAPA 18.04.14)
- 18.04.14,\* Coordination of Benefits; (\*Renumbered and re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.14 originally promulgated under IDAPA 18.04.15)

#### **Title Insurance:**

- 18.05.01, Rules for Title Insurance Regulation; All rules incorporates provisions of 18.05.02 and 18.05.03
- (\*VACATED) 18.05.02, Title Insurance and Title Insurance Agents and Escrow Officers
- (\*VACATED) 18.0503, Rebates and Illegal Inducements to Obtaining Title Insurance Business Rules

#### Agents & Licensing:

- 18.06.01, Rules Pertaining to Bail Agents
- 18.06.02, Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds; All rules except Sections 020, 021 and 023
- 18.06.03, Rules Governing Disclosure Requirements for Insurance Producers When Charging Fees; All rules except Section 012
- 18.06.04, Continuing Education; All rules except Subsections 014.01.c., 019.05, 020.03 and 020.04
- 18.06.05, Managing General Agents; All rules except Sections 012, 016, and Subsections 011.02.a. and 011.02.b.
- (\*VACATED)18.06.06, Rules for the Surplus Line Brokers; (\*This chapter is being repromulgated under Docket No. 18-0606-1901 and published as a proposed rule in the October 2, 2019 Administrative Bulletin, Vol.19-10.)

#### **Company Operations & Solvency:**

- 18.07.01, Rules Pertaining to Acquisitions of Control, Insurance Holding Company Systems and Mutual Insurance Holding Companies; All rules except Sections 057, and Forms (relocated to DOI website), and incorporating provisions of 18.07.11
- 18.07.02, Reserve Liabilities and Minimum Valuations for Annuities and Pure Endowment Contracts; All rules except Subsection 014.02, Section 015 and Appendices
- 18.07.03, Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Use of Select Mortality Factors
- 18.07.04, Annual Financial Reporting; All rules except Subsections 011.03, 024.02-04, and incorporating provisions of 18.07.07
- 18.07.05, Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition 18.07.06, Rules Governing Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements; All rules with the addition
- of Section 013 • (\*VACATED) 18.07.07, Minimum Reserve Standards for Individual and Group Health Insurance Contracts
- 18.07.07,\* Credit for Reinsurance Rules; All rules with the addition of Section 151; (\*Renumbered and redesignated as IDAPA 18.07.07 - originally promulgated under IDAPA 18.07.08)
- 18.07.08\*, Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule; All rules except Subsections 022.03; (\*Renumbered and re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.08 originally promulgated under IDAPA 18.07.09)
   18.07.09\*, Life and Health Actuarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule; All rules except Subsections 022.02;
- (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.09)
- (\*VACATED) 18.07.11, Mutual Insurance Holding Company Rules
- 18.07.10\*, Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure; (\*Renumbered and re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.10 originally promulgated under IDAPA 18.07.12)

#### **State Fire Marshal:**

18.08.01, Adoption of the International Fire Code

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. The complete text of these proposed rules was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 3628-3631. In preparation for adopting the pending rule, in addition to the specific changes per chapter noted above, each chapter has undergone cleanup for technical and housekeeping language to support the

Governor's Red Tape Reduction Act. For example, sections on Written Interpretations and Office Hours / Address, etc., have been removed as well as definitions, etc., found in statute.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Weston Trexler, (208)334-4214, weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov.

Dated this 11th day of October, 2019.

Dean L. Cameron, Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83702-0043 Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211, 41-254, 41-515, 41-612, 41-1013, 41-1025, 41-1037, 41-1232, 41-1334, 41-1940, 41-1965, 41-2314, 41-3817, 41-4207, 41-4409, 41-4609, 41-4715, 41-5211, 41-6404, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 18, rules of the Department of Insurance:

#### IDAPA 18

#### All Lines:

• 18.01.48, *Rule to Implement the Privacy of Consumer Financial Information*; All rules *except Subsection 010.05.b.* (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.01.01**)

#### Property, Casualty, Automobile Insurance:

• 18.01.19, *Insurance Rates and Credit Rating*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.02.01**)

- 18.01.20, Automobile Insurance Policies; All rules except Subsections 001.02.a. 001.02.e. (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.02.02)
- 18.01.34, Certificate of Liability Insurance for Motor Vehicles; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.02.03)

#### Life & Annuity:

- 18.01.09, *Suitability in Annuity Transactions*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.03.01**)
- 18.01.13, *Life Settlements* All rules *except Section 011.01 and Appendices A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, B, C, and D*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.03.02**)
- 18.01.16, Variable Contracts All rules except Subsections 011.04.b. and 04.c. and Sections 017, 018, and 019; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.03.03)
- 18.01.41, Replacement of Life Insurance and Annuities; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.03.04)
- 18.01.61, Credit Life and Credit Disability Insurance; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.03.05)

#### Health & Disability Insurance:

- 18.01.05, Health Carrier External Review all rules except Section/Subsections 023.03, 023.04, 030, and except Appendices C-1 and C-2; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.01)
- 18.01.06, *Rule to Implement Uniform Coverage for Newborn and Newly Adopted Children*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.04.02**)
- 18.01.24, Advertisement of Disability (Accident and Sickness) Insurance; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.03)
- 18.01.26, Rule to Implement the Managed Care Reform Act; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.04)
- 18.01.27, Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.05)
- 18.01.28, Governmental Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans Rule; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.06)
- 18.01.29, Restrictions on Discretionary Clauses in Health Insurance Contracts; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.07)
- 18.01.30, Individual Disability and Group Supplemental Disability Insurance Minimum Standards Rule; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.08)
- 18.01.31, *Complications of Pregnancy*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.04.09**)
- 18.01.54, Rule to Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.10)
- 18.01.60, Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.11)
- 18.01.69, Rules Governing Small Employer Health Insurance; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.12)
- 18.01.70, Rules Governing Small Employer Health Insurance Availability Act Plan Design; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.13)
- 18.01.72, Rule to Implement the Individual Health Insurance Availability Act; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.14)
- 18.01.74, *Coordination of Benefits*; ass rules with the addition of *Section/Subsection 010.09, 011.a.viii., 022.03.b.ii.(6),023, and new section 024*; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.04.15)

## Title Insurance:

- 18.01.01, *Title Insurance Definition of Tract Indexes and Abstract Records*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.05.01**)
- 18.01.25, *Title Insurance and Title Insurance Agents and Escrow Officers*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.05.02**)
- 18.01.56, *Rebates and Illegal Inducements to Obtaining Title Insurance Business Rules*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.05.03**)

## Agents & Licensing:

- 18.01.04, *Rules Pertaining to Bail Agents*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.06.01**)
- 18.01.10, Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.06.02)
- 18.01.52, Rules Governing Disclosure Requirements for Insurance Producers When Charging Fees; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.06.03)

#### Docket No. 18-0000-1900 OMNIBUS PENDING RULE

- 18.01.53, *Continuing Education*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.06.04**)
- 18.01.64, *Managing General Agents*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.06.05**)
- 18.01.65, Rules for the Surplus Line Brokers; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.06.06)

#### **Company Operations & Solvency:**

- 18.01.23, Rules Pertaining to Idaho Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.01)
- 18.01.46, Recognition of New Annuity Mortality Tables for Use in Determining Reserve Liabilities for Annuities and Pure Endowment Contracts; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.02)
- 18.01.47, Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Introduction and Use of New Select Mortality Factors; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.03)
- 18.01.62, Annual Financial Reporting; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.04)
- 18.01.66, Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.05)
- 18.01.67, Rules Governing Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.06)
- 18.01.68, *Minimum Reserve Standards for Individual and Group Health Insurance Contracts*; (hereby re-designated as **IDAPA 18.07.07**)
- 18.01.75, Credit for Reinsurance Rules; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.08)
- 18.01.76, Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.09)
- 18.01.77, Actuarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.10)
- 18.01.78, Mutual Insurance Holding Company Rules; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.11)
- 18.01.81, Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure; (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.07.12)

#### State Fire Marshal:

• 18.01.50, Adoption of the International Fire Code; with the exception of Section 004. (hereby re-designated as IDAPA 18.08.01)

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. After close review, the temporary rules promulgated herein are necessary to ensure adequate protection to the insurance buying public by providing for consumer protection, appropriate guidance for producers, insurers and others licensed to transact insurance and for fire protection within the state. Many of these rules are necessary for the DOI to retain its accreditation. Without such accreditation, Idaho would lose carriers who would be forced to move out of state. The rules are requested to be renumbered and divided into categories for ease in knowing which rules apply to specific situations.

FEE SUMMARY: This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title

67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Pamela Murray, (208) 334-4217, pamela.murray@doi.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0000-1900

#### 18.01.01 - RULE TO IMPLEMENT THE PRIVACY OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 13, Section 41-1334, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.01.01, "Rule to Implement the Privacy of Consumer Financial Information." (5-3-03)

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(5-3-03)

(5-3-03)

**02. Scope**. This rule describes the conditions under which a licensee may disclose nonpublic personal financial information about individuals to affiliates and nonaffiliated third parties and provides methods for individuals to prevent a licensee from disclosing that information. (5-3-03)

**03. Applicability**. This rule applies to nonpublic personal financial information about individuals who obtain or are beneficiaries of products or services primarily for personal, family, or household purposes from licensees. This rule does not apply to information about companies or individuals who obtain products or services for business, commercial, or agricultural purposes. (5-3-03)

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

All terms defined in Title 41, Chapters 1 and 13, Idaho Code, that are used in this rule have the same meaning as used in those chapters. In addition, the following terms are defined as used in this chapter.

#### 01. Clear and Conspicuous.

**a.** A notice is reasonably understandable and designed to call attention to the nature and significance of the information in the notice if it: ()

		(5.0.00)
1.	Presents the information in clear, concise sentences, paragraphs, and sections;	(5-3-03)
	resente die mierination in ereal, eenerees, paragraphis, and seeners,	(000)

- ii. Uses short explanatory sentences or bullet lists whenever possible; (5-3-03)
- iii. Uses definite, concrete, everyday words and active voice whenever possible; (5-3-03)
- iv. Avoids multiple negatives;
- v. Avoids legal and highly technical business terminology whenever possible; (5-3-03)
- vi. Avoids explanations that are imprecise and readily subject to different interpretations. (5-3-03)
- vii. Uses an easy-to-read typeface and type size, and uses boldface or italics for key words; and ( )

viii. When in a form that combines the licensee's notice with other information, uses distinctive type size, style, and graphic devices.

**b.** If a licensee provides a notice on a web page, the notice needs to call attention to the nature and significance of the information in the notice and place the notice on a screen that consumers frequently access, or place a link on a screen that consumers frequently access that connects directly to the notice.

**02. Collect**. To obtain information that the licensee organizes or can retrieve by the name of an individual or by identifying number, symbol or other identifiers assigned to the individual.

**03. Company**. A corporation, limited liability company, business trust, general or limited partnership, association, sole proprietorship, or similar organization. (5-3-03)

**04. Consumer**. An individual who seeks to obtain, obtains, or has obtained an insurance product or service from a licensee used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. Examples: ()

**a.** An individual who provides nonpublic personal information to a licensee in connection with an

. . .

insurance product or service is a consumer regardless of whether the licensee establishes an ongoing advisory relationship.

**b.** An individual who is a consumer of another financial institution is not a licensee's consumer solely because the licensee is acting as agent for or provides processing or other services to the financial institution. ( )

**c.** If the licensee provides the initial, annual, and revised notices under Sections 100, 150, and 300 of this rule to the plan sponsor, group or blanket insurance policyholder, or group annuity contract holder, and if the licensee does not disclose to a nonaffiliated third party nonpublic personal financial information about an individual other than as permitted under Sections 450, 451, and 452 of this rule, an individual is not the consumer of the licensee solely because he is: (5-3-03)

i. A participant or a beneficiary of an employee benefit plan the licensee administers or sponsors or for which the licensee acts as a trustee, insurer, or fiduciary; or (5-3-03)

ii. Covered under a group or blanket insurance policy or group annuity contract issued by the licensee. (5-3-03)

111.	A beneficiary in a workers' compensation plan.	(5-3-03)
d.	An individual is not a licensee's consumer solely because he is:	( )

i. A beneficiary of a trust for which the licensee is a trustee; or ( )

ii. Designated the licensee as trustee for a trust. ( )

**05. Consumer Reporting Agency**. Is the same meaning as found in Section 603(f) of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a(f)). (5-3-03)

**a.** Ownership, control, or power to vote twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of the company, directly or indirectly, or acting through one (1) or more other persons; (5-3-03)

**b.** Control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors, trustees, or general partners (or individuals exercising similar functions) of the company; or (5-3-03)

**c.** The power to exercise, directly or indirectly, a controlling influence over the management or policies of the company, as the director determines. (5-3-03)

**07. Customer**. A consumer who has a customer relationship with a licensee. (5-3-03)

**08.** Customer Relationship. A continuing relationship between a consumer and a licensee under which the licensee provides one (1) or more insurance products or services to the consumer to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

**a.** A consumer does not have a continuing relationship with a licensee if: (5-3-03)

i. The licensee sells the consumer travel insurance in an isolated transaction; (5-3-03)

ii. The individual is no longer a current policyholder of an insurance product or no longer obtains insurance services with or through the licensee; (5-3-03)

iii. The consumer is a beneficiary or claimant under a policy and has submitted a claim under a policy choosing either a lump sum settlement option or a settlement option involving an ongoing relationship with the licensee;

)

)

(5 - 3 - 03)

iv. The individual is an insured or an annuitant under an insurance policy or annuity, respectively, but is not the policyholder or owner of the insurance policy or annuity; or (5-3-03)

**09. Financial Institution**. Any institution engaging in activities that are financial in nature. Financial institution does not include:

**a.** Any person or entity with respect to any financial activity that is subject to the jurisdiction of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission under the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.); (5-3-03)

**b.** The Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation or any entity charged and operating under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.); or (5-3-03)

**c.** Institutions chartered by Congress specifically to engage in securitizations, secondary market sales (including sales of servicing rights) or similar transactions related to a transaction of a consumer, as long as the institutions do not sell or transfer nonpublic personal information to a nonaffiliated third party. (5-3-03)

**10. Financial Product or Service**. A product or service that a financial holding company could offer including a financial institution's evaluation or brokerage of information that the financial institution collects in connection with a request or an application from a consumer for a financial product or service.

11. Licensee.

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**a.** A licensee is not subject to the notice and opt out requirements for nonpublic personal financial information set forth in this rule if the licensee is an employee, agent, or other representative of another licensee ("the principal") and: (5-3-03)

i. The principal complies with, and provides the notices prescribed by this rule; and ()

ii. The licensee does not disclose any nonpublic personal information to any person other than the principal or its affiliates in a manner permitted by this rule. (5-3-03)

**b.** A licensee also includes an unauthorized insurer that accepts business placed through a licensed surplus lines broker in this state, but only in regard to the surplus lines placements placed pursuant to Title 41, Chapter 12, Idaho Code.

#### 12. Nonpublic Personal Information.

**a.** Means personally identifiable financial information; including any list, description or other grouping of consumers (see archived 18.01.48) derived using any personally identifiable financial information not publicly available.

**b.** Nonpublic personal financial information does not include: (5-3-03)

i. Health information;

ii. Publicly available information, except as included on a list described in Subparagraph 010.11.a., of (5-3-03)

iii. Any list, description or other grouping of consumers derived without using any personally identifiable financial information that is not publicly available. ()

13. Opt Out. A direction by the consumer that the licensee not disclose nonpublic personal financial information about the consumer to a nonaffiliated third party.

#### 14.Personally Identifiable Financial Information.(5-3-03)

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a.	Any information:	(5-3-03)
i.	A consumer provides to a licensee to obtain an insurance product or service from the licen	nsee; (5-3-03)
ii. licensee and a co	About a consumer resulting from a transaction involving an insurance product or service posumer.	between a (5-3-03)
b.	Examples of personally identifiable financial information:	(5-3-03)
i.	Account balance information and payment history;	(5-3-03)
ii. insurance produc	The fact that an individual is or has been one (1) of the licensee's customers or has ob et or service from the licensee;	otained an (5-3-03)
iii. is or has been the	Information about the licensee's consumer if it is disclosed in a manner that indicates the e licensee's consumer;	individual (5-3-03)
iv. connection with	Information provided by a consumer to a licensee or that the licensee or its agent of collecting on a loan or servicing a loan;	obtains in ( )
v. a web server); ar	Information the licensee collects through an Internet cookie (an information-collecting de	evice from (5-3-03)
vi.	Information from a consumer report.	(5-3-03)
c.	Personally identifiable financial information does not include:	(5-3-03)
i.	Health information;	(5-3-03)
ii.	A list of names and addresses of customers of an entity of a non-financial institution; and	( )
iii. not contain perso	Information that does not identify a consumer, such as aggregate information or blind data onal identifiers such as account numbers, names or addresses.	that does (5-3-03)
15.	Publicly Available Information.	(5-3-03)
<b>a.</b> general public.	Any information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made availa	able to the

#### 011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

#### 100. INITIAL PRIVACY NOTICE TO CONSUMERS.

**01. Initial Notice Requirement**. A licensee will provide a clear and conspicuous notice that accurately reflects its privacy policies and practices to: (5-3-03)

**a.** A customer no later than when the licensee establishes a customer relationship, except as provided in Subsection 100.03 of this rule; and ()

**b.** A consumer, before the licensee discloses any nonpublic personal financial information about the consumer to any nonaffiliated third party, if the licensee makes a disclosure other than as authorized by Sections 451 and 452. (5-3-03)

**02. Existing Customers.** When an existing customer obtains a new insurance product or service from a licensee, which is used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, the licensee satisfies the initial notice requirements of Subsection 100.01 of this rule if the notice that the licensee most recently provided to that customer

was accurate with respect to the new insurance product or service, the licensee does not need to provide a new privacy notice under Subsection 100.01 of this rule.

03. Exceptions Allowing Subsequent Delivery of Notice. A licensee may provide the initial notice prescribed in Paragraph 100.01.a. of this rule in a reasonable time after the licensee establishes a customer relationship if:

**a.** Establishing the customer relationship is not at the customer's election; or (5-3-03)

**b.** It would avoid substantially delaying the customer's transaction and the customer agrees to receive the notice at a later time.

#### 101. -- 149. (RESERVED)

#### **150.** ANNUAL PRIVACY NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS.

**01. General Rule**. A licensee will provide a clear and conspicuous notice to customers that accurately reflects its privacy policies and practices not less than annually during the continuation of the customer relationship.

#### **)**

#### **02.** Exceptions: Termination of Customer Relationship and Duplicate Notices. (3-29-17)

**a.** A licensee is not obligated to provide an annual notice to a former customer. A former customer is an individual with whom a licensee no longer has a customer relationship.

i. In the case of providing real estate settlement services, at the time the customer completes execution of all documents related to the real estate closing, payment for those services has been received, or the licensee has completed all of its responsibilities with respect to the settlement, including filing documents on the public record, whichever is later. (5-3-03)

**c.** Notwithstanding Subsection 150.01, a licensee is not obligated to provide the annual privacy notice to a current customer if the licensee:

i. Provides nonpublic personal information to nonaffiliated third parties only in accordance with Sections 450, 451, and 452; and (3-29-17)

ii. Has not changed its policies and practices with regard to disclosing nonpublic personal information from the policies and practices that were disclosed in the most recent disclosure sent to consumers in accordance with Section 100 or Section 150. (3-29-17)

#### 151. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### 200. INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN PRIVACY NOTICES.

The initial, annual and revised privacy notices a licensee provides, under Sections 100, 150, and 300, needs to include each of the following items of information, in addition to any other information the licensee wishes to provide:

)

01. Information Licensee Collects or Discloses. The categories of nonpublic personal financial information the licensee collects or discloses.

**02. Parties to Whom Licensee Discloses**. The categories of third parties to whom the licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information, other than those parties to whom the licensee discloses information under Sections 451 and 452.

**03. Disclosures of Information About Former Customers**. The categories of nonpublic personal financial information about the licensee's former customers the licensee discloses, and the categories of third parties to whom the licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information about the licensee's former customers, other

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than those parties to whom the licensee discloses information under Sections 451 and 452.

04. Disclosures Under Section 450. If a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information to a nonaffiliated third party under Section 450 (and no other exception in Sections 451 and 452 applies to that disclosure), a separate description of the categories of information the licensee discloses and the categories of third parties with whom the licensee has contracted is to provided. (5-3-03)

**05.** Explanation of Right to Opt Out. An explanation of the consumer's right under Subsection 400.01 to opt out of the disclosure of nonpublic personal financial information to nonaffiliated third parties, including the methods by which the consumer may exercise their right at that time.

**06. Disclosures Under Federal Law.** Any disclosures the licensee makes under Section 603(d)(2)(A)(iii) of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a(d)(2)(A)(iii)) (notices regarding the ability to opt out of disclosures of information among affiliates); and the licensee's policies and practices with respect to protecting the confidentiality and security of nonpublic personal information. ()

#### 201. DESCRIPTION OF PARTIES SUBJECT TO EXCEPTIONS.

If a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information as authorized under Sections 451 and 452, the licensee is not obligated to list those exceptions in the initial or annual privacy notices prescribed by Sections 100 and 150. When describing the categories of parties to whom disclosure is made, the licensee will state only that it makes disclosures to other third parties.

#### **202.** SATISFYING THE PRIVACY NOTICE INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.

01. Categories of Nonpublic Personal Financial Information That the Licensee Collects. A licensee satisfies the requirement to categorize the nonpublic personal financial information it collects if the licensee categorizes it according to the source of the information, as applicable: (5-3-03)

**a.** Information from the consumer; (5-3-03)

**b.** Information about the consumer's transactions with the licensee, its affiliates, or third parties;

c. Information from a consumer reporting agency. (5-3-03)

)

#### **02.** Categories of Nonpublic Personal Financial Information a Licensee Discloses. (5-3-03)

**a.** A licensee satisfies the requirement to categorize nonpublic personal financial information it discloses if the licensee categorizes it according to the source, as described in Subsection 202.01 of this rule, and provides a few examples to illustrate the types of information in each category. ()

**b.** If a licensee reserves the right to disclose all of the nonpublic personal financial information about consumers that it collects, the licensee may simply state that fact without describing the categories or examples of nonpublic personal information the licensee discloses. (5-3-03)

03. Categories of Affiliates and Nonaffiliated Third Parties to Whom the Licensee Discloses. A licensee satisfies the requirement to categorize the third parties to which the licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information about consumers if the licensee identifies the types of businesses in which they engage. Types of businesses may be described by general terms only if the licensee uses a few illustrative examples of significant lines of business.

04. Disclosures Under Exception for Service Providers and Joint Marketers. If a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information under the exception in Section 450 to a nonaffiliated third party to market products or services it offers alone or jointly with another financial institution, the licensee satisfies the disclosure requirement of Subsection 200.04 of this rule if it: (5-3-03)

a. Lists the categories of nonpublic personal financial information it discloses, using the same

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categories and examples the licensee used to meet the requirements of Subsection 200.01 of this rule; and ( )

**b.** States whether the third party is:

i. A service provider that performs marketing services on the licensee's behalf or on behalf of the licensee and another financial institution; or (5-3-03)

ii. A financial institution with whom the licensee has a joint marketing agreement. (5-3-03)

(5 - 3 - 03)

**05. Simplified Notices**. If a licensee does not disclose and does not wish to reserve the right to disclose nonpublic personal financial information about customers or former customers to third parties except as authorized under Sections 451 and 452, the licensee may simply state that fact, in addition to the information it provides under Subsections 200.01, 200.07, and Section 201 of this rule. ()

06. Confidentiality and Security. A licensee describes its policies and practices with respect to protecting the confidentiality and security of nonpublic personal financial information if it does both of the following: (5-3-03)

**a.** Describes in general terms who is authorized to have access to the information; and (5-3-03)

**b.** States whether the licensee has security practices and procedures in place to ensure the confidentiality of the information in accordance with the licensee's policy. ()

#### 203. SHORT-FORM INITIAL NOTICE WITH OPT OUT NOTICE FOR NON-CUSTOMERS.

01. Short-Form Initial Notice Allowed. A licensee may satisfy the initial notice requirements for a consumer who is not a customer, by providing a short-form initial notice at the same time the licensee delivers an opt out notice as prescribed in Section 250.

<b>02.</b> Short-Form Initial Notice Requirements. A short-form initial notice will: (5-3-03)
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- a. Be clear and conspicuous; (5-3-03)
- **b.** State that the licensee's privacy notice is available upon request; and (5-3-03)
- c. Explain a reasonable means by which the consumer may obtain the notice. (5-3-03)

03. Delivery of Short-Form Initial Notice. The licensee is not obligated to deliver its privacy notice with its short-form initial notice but may simply provide the consumer a reasonable means to obtain its privacy notice. If a consumer who receives the licensee's short-form notice requests the licensee's privacy notice, the licensee will deliver its privacy notice according to Section 350.

04. Examples of Obtaining Privacy Notice. The licensee provides a reasonable means by which a consumer may obtain a copy of its privacy notice if the licensee:

**a.** Provides a toll-free telephone number the consumer may call to request the notice; ( )

**b.** Maintains copies of the notice on hand at the licensee's office and provides it to the consumer immediately upon request; or ()

c. Posts it on their website. ( )

#### 204. -- 249. (RESERVED)

#### 250. FORM OF OPT OUT NOTICE TO CONSUMERS.

01. Opt Out Notice Form. If a licensee is prescribed to provide an opt out notice under Subsection

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400.01, it will provide a clear and conspicuous notice to each of its consumers that accurately explains the right to opt out under Section 400. The notice will state:

a. The licensee discloses or reserves the right to disclose nonpublic personal financial information about its consumer to a nonaffiliated third party; (5-3-03)

b.	The consumer has the right to opt out of that disclosure; and	(5-3-03)
<b>N</b> •	The consumer has the right to opt out of that alsolosule, and	(5 5 65)

c. A reasonable means by which the consumer may exercise the opt out right. (5-3-03)

**02.** Adequate Opt Out Notice. A licensee provides adequate notice that the consumer can opt out of the disclosure of nonpublic personal financial information to a nonaffiliated third party if the licensee: (5-3-03)

**a.** Identifies all of the categories of nonpublic personal financial information that it discloses or reserves the right to disclose, and all of the categories of nonaffiliated third parties to which the licensee discloses the information, and states that the consumer can opt out of the disclosure of that information; and (5-3-03)

**b.** Identifies the insurance products or services that the consumer obtains from the licensee to which the opt out direction would apply.

03. Reasonable Means to Exercise an Opt Out Right. A licensee provides a reasonable means to exercise an opt out right if it: (5-3-03)

a. Designates check-off boxes in a prominent position on the relevant forms with the opt out notice; (5-3-03)

**b.** Includes a reply form together with the opt out notice; (5-3-03)

c. Provides an electronic means to opt out, if the consumer agrees to the electronic delivery of ()

**d.** Provides a toll-free telephone number that consumers may call to opt out. (5-3-03)

# 251. PROVIDING OPT OUT NOTICE TO CONSUMERS AND COMPLYING WITH OPT OUT DIRECTION.

**01. Joint Relationships**. If two (2) or more consumers jointly obtain an insurance product or service from a licensee, the licensee may provide a single opt out notice providing any of the joint consumers to exercise the right to opt out. The licensee may either: ()

or	a.	Treat an opt out direction by a joint consumer as applying to all of the associated joint c	onsumers; (5-3-03)
	b.	Permit each joint consumer to opt out separately.	(5-3-03)

c. A licensee cannot require all joint consumers to opt out before it implements any opt out direction.

**02.** Time to Comply with Opt Out. A licensee will comply with a consumer's opt out direction as soon as reasonably practicable after the licensee receives it. (5-3-03)

03. Continuing Right to Opt Out. A consumer may exercise the right to opt out at any time. (5-3-03)

#### 04. Duration of Consumer's Opt Out Direction. (5-3-03)

**a.** A consumer's direction to opt out under Sections 250 and 251 is effective until the consumer revokes it in writing or, if the consumer agrees, electronically. (5-3-03)

**b.** If the individual subsequently establishes a new customer relationship with the licensee, the opt out direction that applied to the former relationship does not apply to the new relationship.

**05. Delivery**. When a licensee is prescribed to deliver an opt out notice by Section 250, the licensee will deliver it according to Section 350. ()

#### 252. -- 299. (RESERVED)

#### **300. REVISED PRIVACY NOTICES.**

01. General Rule. A licensee will not disclose any nonpublic personal financial information other than as described in the initial notice that the licensee provided to that consumer under Section 100, unless: ()

a. The licensee has provided to the consumer a clear and conspicuous revised notice that accurately describes its policies and practices; (5-3-03)

**b.** The licensee has provided to the consumer a new opt out notice; (5-3-03)

**c.** The licensee has given the consumer a reasonable opportunity, before the licensee discloses the information to the nonaffiliated third party, to opt out of the disclosure; and (5-3-03)

d. The consumer does not opt out. (5-3-03)

#### **301. -- 349.** (RESERVED)

#### 350. DELIVERY.

01. How to Provide Notices. A licensee will make available any notices that this rule requires so that each consumer can reasonably be expected to receive actual notice in writing or, if the consumer agrees, electronically.

**02. Reasonable Expectation of Notice**. A licensee may reasonably expect that a consumer will receive actual notice if the licensee:

**a.** Hand-delivers a printed copy of the notice to the consumer; (5-3-03)

**b.** Mails a printed copy of the notice to the last known address of the consumer separately, or in a policy, billing or other written communication; or ()

**c.** For a consumer who conducts transactions electronically, or an isolated transaction with a consumer, such as the licensee providing an insurance quote or selling the consumer travel insurance, posts the notice on the electronic site and requires the consumer to acknowledge receipt of the notice as a necessary step to obtaining a particular insurance product or service.

**03. Annual Notices Only.** A licensee may reasonably expect that a customer will receive actual notice of the licensee's annual privacy notice if: (5-3-03)

a. The customer uses the licensee's web site to access insurance products and services electronically and agrees to receive notices at the web site and the licensee posts its current privacy notice continuously in a clear and conspicuous manner on the web site; or (5-3-03)

**b.** The customer has requested that the licensee refrain from sending any information regarding the customer relationship, and the licensee's current privacy notice remains available to the customer upon request.

(5-3-03)

04. Oral Description of Notice Insufficient. A licensee cannot provide any notice prescribed by this

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rule solely by orally explaining the notice.

#### 05. Retention or Accessibility of Notices for Customers. (5-3-03)

**a.** For customers only, a licensee will provide all notices so that the customer can retain them or obtain them later in writing or, if the customer agrees, electronically.

**b.** Examples of retention or accessibility. A licensee provides a privacy notice to the customer so that the customer can retain it or obtain it later if the licensee: (5-3-03)

i. Hand-delivers a printed copy of the notice to the customer; (5-3-03)

ii. Mails a printed copy of the notice to the last known address of the customer; or (5-3-03)

iii. Makes its current privacy notice available on a web site (or a link to another web site) for the customer who obtains an insurance product or service electronically and agrees to receive the notice at the web site. (5-3-03)

**06.** Joint Notice with Other Financial Institutions. A licensee may provide a joint notice from the licensee and one (1) or more of its affiliates or other financial institutions, as identified in the notice, as long as the notice is accurate with respect to the licensee and the other institutions. A licensee also may provide a notice on behalf of another financial institution. (5-3-03)

#### 351. -- 399. (RESERVED)

# 400. LIMITS ON DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO NONAFFILIATED THIRD PARTIES.

#### 01. Conditions for Disclosure.

**a.** Except as authorized in this rule, a licensee will not, directly or through any affiliate, disclose any nonpublic personal financial information about a consumer to a nonaffiliated third party unless: ()

i. The licensee has provided to the consumer an initial notice as prescribed under Section 100;( )

ii. The licensee has provided to the consumer an opt out notice as prescribed in Sections 250 and 251;

iii. The licensee has given the consumer a reasonable opportunity to opt out of the disclosure before it discloses the information to the nonaffiliated third party; and ()

iv. The consumer does not opt out. (5-3-03)

**b.** If a consumer opts out, the licensee cannot disclose nonpublic personal financial information about that consumer to a nonaffiliated third party, other than as permitted by Sections 450, 451, and 452.

**c.** Examples of a reasonable opportunity to opt out. A licensee provides a consumer with a reasonable opportunity to opt out if the licensee mails the notices prescribed in Subsection 400.01 of this rule to the consumer and allows the consumer to opt out by mailing a form, calling a toll-free telephone number, or any other reasonable means in thirty (30) days from the date of mailing.

# 02. Application of Opt Out to All Consumers and All Nonpublic Personal Financial Information. (5-3-03)

**a.** A licensee will comply with Section 400, regardless of whether the licensee and the consumer have established a customer relationship. (5-3-03)

(5-3-03)

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Unless a licensee complies with Section 400, the licensee will not disclose any nonpublic personal b. financial information about a consumer that the licensee has collected, regardless of whether the licensee collected it before or after receiving the direction to opt out from the consumer.

03. Partial Opt Out. A licensee may allow a consumer to select certain nonpublic personal financial information or certain nonaffiliated third parties with respect to which the consumer wishes to opt out. (5-3-03)

#### LIMITS ON REDISCLOSURE AND REUSE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL FINANCIAL 401. **INFORMATION.**

01. Information the Licensee Receives Under an Exception. If a licensee receives nonpublic personal financial information from a nonaffiliated financial institution, the licensee may disclose the information only:

To the affiliates of the financial institution from which the licensee received the information; and a.

To its affiliates, but its affiliates may, in turn, disclose the information only to the extent that the h. licensee may disclose the information. (5-3-03)

02. Information a Licensee Discloses Under an Exception. If a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information to a nonaffiliated third party, the third party may disclose that information only: ) (

a. To the licensee's affiliates;

To the third party's affiliates, but the third party's affiliates, in turn, may disclose the information b. only to the extent the third party can disclose the information; and (5-3-03)

c. To any other person, if the disclosure would be lawful if the licensee made it directly to that person. (5-3-03)

#### 402. LIMITS ON SHARING ACCOUNT NUMBER INFORMATION FOR MARKETING PURPOSES. A licensee will not, directly or through an affiliate, disclose, other than to a consumer reporting agency, a policy number or similar form of access number or access code for a consumer's policy or transaction account to any nonaffiliated third party for use in telemarketing, direct mail marketing or other marketing through electronic mail to the consumer. )

#### 403. -- 449. (RESERVED)

#### **EXCEPTION TO OPT OUT REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL** 450. FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR SERVICE PROVIDERS AND JOINT MARKETING.

#### 01. General Rule.

The opt out requirements in Sections 250, 251 and 400 do not apply when a licensee provides я. nonpublic personal financial information to a nonaffiliated third party to perform services for the licensee or functions on the licensee's behalf, if the licensee: (5-3-03)

Provides the initial notice in accordance with Section 100; and i. (5-3-03)

Enters into a contractual agreement with the third party that prohibits the third party from ii disclosing or using the information other than to carry out the purposes for which the licensee disclosed the information, including use under an exception in Section 451 or 452 in the ordinary course of business to carry out those purposes. (5-3-03)

(5-3-03)

(5-3-03)

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(5-3-03)

# 451. EXCEPTIONS TO NOTICE AND OPT OUT REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR PROCESSING AND SERVICING TRANSACTIONS.

01. Exceptions. The requirements for initial notice in Paragraph 100.01.b., the opt out in Sections 250, 251, and 400, and service providers and joint marketing in Section 450 do not apply if the licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information as necessary to effect, administer or enforce a transaction that a consumer requests or authorizes, or in connection with:

a. Servicing or processing an insurance product or service that a consumer requests or authorizes; (5-3-03)

**b.** Maintaining or servicing the consumer's account with a licensee, or with another entity as part of a

private label credit card program or other extension of credit on behalf of such entity;

**c.** A proposed or actual securitization, secondary market sale (including sales of servicing rights) or similar transaction related to a transaction of the consumer; or (5-3-03)

d. Reinsurance or stop loss or excess loss insurance. (5-3-03)

# 452. OTHER EXCEPTIONS TO NOTICE AND OPT OUT REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION.

**01. Exceptions to Opt Out Requirements.** The requirements for initial notice to consumers in Paragraph 100.01.b., the opt out in Sections 250, 251, and 400, and service providers and joint marketing in Section 450 do not apply when a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information: (5-3-03)

**a.** With the consent or at the direction of the consumer; ( )

**b.** To protect the confidentiality or security of a licensee's records pertaining to the consumer, service, product or transaction; (5-3-03)

c. To protect against or prevent actual or potential fraud or unauthorized transactions; (5-3-03)

**d.** For prescribed institutional risk control or for resolving consumer disputes or inquiries; ( )

e. To persons holding a legal or beneficial interest relating to the consumer; or (5-3-03)

f. To persons acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity on behalf of the consumer; (5-3-03)

**g.** To provide information to insurance rate advisory organizations, guaranty funds or agencies, agencies rating a licensee, persons assessing the licensee's compliance with industry standards, and the licensee's attorneys, accountants and auditors;

**h.** To the extent specifically permitted or prescribed under other provisions of law and in accordance with the federal Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.), to law enforcement agencies (including the Federal Reserve Board, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Office of Thrift Supervision, National Credit Union Administration, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Federal Trade Commission), with respect to 31 U.S.C. Chapter 53, Subchapter II (Records and Reports on Monetary Instruments and Transactions) and 12 U.S.C. Chapter 21 (Financial Recordkeeping), a state insurance authority, self-regulatory organizations or for an investigation on a matter related to public safety;

i. To a consumer reporting agency in accordance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.); or from a consumer report reported by a consumer reporting agency; (5-3-03)

j. In connection with a proposed or actual sale, merger, transfer, or exchange of all or a portion of a

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business or operating unit if the disclosure of nonpublic personal financial information concerns solely consumers of the business or unit; (5-3-03)

**k.** To comply with federal, state or local laws, rules, and other applicable legal requirements; to comply with a properly authorized civil, criminal, or regulatory investigation, or subpoena or summons by federal, state or local authorities; or to respond to judicial process or government regulatory authorities having jurisdiction over a licensee for examination, compliance, or other purposes as authorized by law; (5-3-03)

l. For purposes related to the replacement of a group benefit plan, a group health plan, a group welfare plan or a workers' compensation plan; or (5-3-03)

**m.** With the consent of or at the direction of a liquidator or rehabilitator appointed pursuant to Chapter 33, Title 41, Idaho Code. (5-3-03)

#### 453. -- 499. (RESERVED)

#### 500. NONDISCRIMINATION.

A licensee will not unfairly discriminate against any consumer or customer because that consumer or customer has opted out from the disclosure of their nonpublic personal financial information pursuant to the provisions of this rule. (5-3-03)

501. -- 999. (RESERVED)

## 18.02.01 - INSURANCE RATES AND CREDIT RATING

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Sections 41-211 and 41-1843, Idaho Code.

## 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.02.01, "Insurance Rates and Credit Rating." (3-20-04)

**02.** Scope. Implements Section 41-1843, Idaho Code, relating to the use of credit rating or credit history by insurers subject to said section.

002. – 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

As used in this chapter, the following words have the following meanings:

( )

(3-20-04)

01. Consumer Report. Any written, oral, or other communication of any information by a consumer reporting agency regulated under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681) that bears on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living. (3-20-04)

**02.** Credit Factor. A factor or criterion that consists of or is derived from information obtained from a consumer report, and is used by an insurer in determining policy premium rates or in determining whether to issue, cancel, or nonrenew a policy.

03. Noncredit Factor. Any factor other than a credit factor reasonably expected to affect the risk assumed by an insurer and used by the insurer in determining policy premium rates, or in determining whether to issue, cancel or nonrenew a policy. (3-20-04)

04. Weight. The consideration given by an insurer to a particular credit or noncredit factor relative to other factors considered in the underwriting or rating process. (3-20-04)

## 011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

## 100. USE OF CREDIT FACTORS.

01. Banned Acts. An insurer will not charge a higher premium than would otherwise be charged, or cancel, nonrenew or decline to issue a policy, based in any part upon credit factors unless:

**a.** The decision is also based on a noncredit factor or factors; and (3-20-04)

**b.** The aggregate weight given to the noncredit factors considered in making the decision is at least as great as that given to the credit factors considered in making the decision. (3-20-04)

**02.** Application of Rule. To determine whether a decision to issue, nonrenew or cancel a policy, or to charge a higher rate than would otherwise be charged, is not improperly based primarily upon a credit factor or factors, the Department will apply the following criteria: (4-4-13)

**a.** If an insurer declines to issue, nonrenews or cancels a policy based in any part upon a credit factor, then the insurer needs to show it also relied upon a noncredit factor or combination of noncredit factors in making the decision and the noncredit factor(s) played at least as great a role in the decision as did the credit factor. ( )

**b.** If an insurer relies in any part upon a credit factor in establishing an initial rate for new business or to impose an increase in premium rate for a customer, then the insurer needs to show that it also considered noncredit factors in establishing the initial rate and that not more than one-half  $(\frac{1}{2})$  of the initial or renewal premium rate is attributable to the credit factor. To satisfy this requirement, an insurer may do one (1) of the following: ()

i. Demonstrate that the difference in the premium rate using the highest credit factor and the lowest credit factor, all noncredit factors being unchanged, does not exceed one-half  $\binom{1}{2}$  the higher premium rate; or ( )

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ii. Demonstrate that the premium rate calculated without using credit is equal to or greater than onehalf  $(\frac{1}{2})$  of the premium rate calculated using the highest credit factor. The premium rate without using credit, means the premium rate with all the noncredit factors unchanged and replacing the highest credit factor with the average credit factor. The average credit factor needs to be calculated from the actual distribution of Idaho business by credit factor. ()

03. Information Used in Reviewing Insurer's Decision. To evaluate whether an underwriting or rating decision was based primarily upon credit factors, the Department may require the insurer to explain in detail the insurer's underwriting or rating process, identify all factors considered in the process, and describe how the process was applied in the case under review. The Department may also require the insurer to apply its underwriting or rating process to hypothetical cases submitted to the insurer by the Department. (3-20-04)

## 101. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### 200. OTHER LAWS OR RULES.

Nothing in this chapter limits or modifies any other law or rule imposing restrictions regarding rating, issuing, canceling or nonrenewing a policy.

#### 201. RETENTION OF RECORDS.

Insurers subject to this rule will document the factors and criteria considered in underwriting and rating decisions and will retain the documentation for at least five (5) years.

#### 202. VIOLATIONS.

A failure to comply with this rule is a violation of Section 41-1843, Idaho Code. (3-20-04)

## 18.02.02 – AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICIES

LEGAL AUTHORITY. Chapter 25, Idaho Code.	(	

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01.** Title. IDAPA 18.02.02, "Automobile Insurance Policies." (3-28-18)

**02. Purpose**. Provides guidelines to assist in the implementation and uniform interpretation of the following Sections 41-2502, 41-2506, 41-2507, 41-2508, and 41-2509 of the Idaho Code.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

The Idaho Department of Insurance adopts the definitions set forth in Title 41, Chapter 25, Idaho Code. In addition, the following terms are defined as used in this chapter. (3-28-18)

**01.** The Act. For the purpose of this Rule, the term "the Act," unless otherwise noted, refers to Sections 41-2506, 41-2507, 41-2508, 41-2509, 41-2510, 41-2511, 41-2512, Idaho Code. ()

02. Non-Payment of Premium. The time and date of cancellation of a policy for non-payment of premium will be no earlier than ten (10) days after the date such notice was mailed or delivered, the date of mailing is the first day and the tenth day ends at midnight, standard time, at the last known address of the named insured. Nothing in this rule is construed to permit any agent or other representative of the insurer to cancel any policy without the agreement of the insurer or for any private debt between the agent and the insured. Also, nothing in the section is construed to prohibit a policy from being canceled effective as of any date mutually acceptable to the insured, the insurer and the lienholder, if any. Furthermore, a prior existing policy will terminate on the effective date of any other policy procured by the insured with respect to any automobile designated in both policies and containing duplicate insurance coverage.

**03.** Sixty-Day Period. Should an insurer, after the sixty-day (60) period referred to in Section 41-2506, Idaho Code, find that after investigation of a particular risk, conclude that it does not wish to remain on the risk, it may decline to continue such policy in force. Therefore, an insurer may deliver notice of cancellation or mail notice of cancellation concerning any new automobile policy on or before the sixtieth (60th) day after the effective date of the policy. The policy will remain in force from the date the notice of cancellation is mailed to the usual date the cancellation is effective as prescribed by the terms and conditions of the policy, without the policy being subject to the provisions of the Act.

#### 011. ERRORS OR MISREPRESENTATIONS IN THE APPLICATION.

01. Material Misrepresentation. An insurer may cancel or refuse to renew a policy after giving the insured proper notice if the insurer has evidence the named insured, or legal representative, made fraudulent or material misrepresentations, omissions, concealment of facts or incorrect statements in obtaining the policy and if the insurer in good faith would not have issued the policy or provided coverage with respect to a particular hazard if the true facts had been made known to the insurer as prescribed in the application. ()

02. Prohibitions. Nothing in this rule is construed to allow the insurer to void the policy back to its effective date or rescind coverage under the policy to prevent a recovery under the policy in the event of a loss otherwise insured by the policy.

#### 012. ALLOWABLE CONVICTIONS FOR TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS.

**01. Grounds and Requests for Cancellation Due to Traffic Violation Convictions**. For purposes of Section 41-2507, Idaho Code, the term "conviction" means a final conviction by any court having competent jurisdiction over violations of laws regulating the operation of motor vehicles. ()

**02.** Conviction Exception. For the purposes of the Act, an overtime parking violation is not considered a conviction.

## 013. NOTICE OF PREMIUM DUE AS WILLINGNESS OF INSURER TO RENEW.

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Mailing by the insurer of the renewal premium notice constitutes willingness by the insurer to renew. If the insured fails to pay the renewal premium when due, the policy will terminate in accordance with its terms. No further notice to the insured by the insurer of an intention not to renew for non-payment of premium is necessary.

## 014. ACCEPTABLE FORMS FOR NOTICE OF CANCELLATION, REFUSAL TO RENEW, AND AVAILABILITY OF IDAHO AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE PLAN.

01. Notice Forms. The insurer will prepare forms of notice to use and submit to the Director for approval.

**02.** Acceptable Language. As a guide, the Department may accept the following language, or language substantially similar, as satisfying the indicated notice requirements of the Act:

**a.** Right of Insured to Request Reasons for Cancellation by Insurer: Upon your written request, mailed or delivered to (Name of Insurer) not less than ten (10) days prior to the effective date of this cancellation, (Name of Insurer) will supply to you the reason or reasons why your policy has been canceled."

**b.** Right of Insured to Request Reasons for Refusal to Renew by Insurer: Upon your written request, mailed or delivered to (Name of Insurer) not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the expiration date of your policy, which is the date coverage ceases under your policy unless it is renewed, the (Name of Insurer) will supply to you the reason or reasons why your policy will not be renewed."

c. Notification to Insured of Coverage Available Under Idaho Automobile Insurance Plan: "Should you experience difficulty in obtaining automobile liability insurance, please contact your agent or company representative for full particulars concerning your possible eligibility for insurance through the Idaho Automobile Insurance Plan." (7-1-93)

## 015. STANDARD STATEMENT REGARDING UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED MOTORIST COVERAGE.

The form set forth on the Department's website is the standard statement approved by the Director pursuant to Section 41-2502, Idaho Code, and carriers are to use the form for all new policies and those existing policies where UM or UIM coverage is added or removed. Carriers may make non-substantive changes to this form, for example, including inserting company letterhead, and carriers need to file their standard statement forms with the Director prior to use. This rule does not create new requirements for the types of UIM coverage carriers offer beyond what existed as of the effective date of this rulemaking. ()

### 18.02.03 - CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR MOTOR VEHICLES

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 49, Sections 49-1229, 49-1231, and 49-1608A, Idaho Code. (3-30-07)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.02.03, "Certificate of Liability Insurance for Motor Vehicles." (3-30-07)

**02.** Scope. To identify requirements for a certificate of liability insurance for motor vehicles pursuant to Sections 49-1229, 49-1231 and 49-1608A, Idaho Code. (3-30-07)

#### 002. -- 010. (RESERVED)

## 011. CONTRACT OF INSURANCE, OR COPY THEREOF -- CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE.

The original contract of liability insurance, or a copy, that demonstrates the current existence of liability insurance against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death or damage to property suffered by any person caused by accident and arising out of the operation, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle or motor vehicles described, in an amount not less than prescribed by Sections 49-117(20), 49-1212, and 49-1608A, Idaho Code, and also demonstrates the current existence of any other coverage prescribed by Title 41, Idaho Code, is a form of a certificate of liability insurance prescribed as such by the Director, provided said contract of liability insurance is issued by an insurer or surety authorized to do business in this state. For the purpose of this rule a written binder qualifies as a contract of liability insurance provided it binds coverage in an amount not less than prescribed by Section 49-117(20), Idaho Code, and demonstrates the existence of any other coverage prescribed by this rule.( )

## 012. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE IN LIEU OF THE CONTRACT OF INSURANCE, OR A COPY.

A document that meets the minimum specifications provided in this rule is considered a certificate of liability insurance in a form prescribed by the Director, which is acceptable in lieu of an original contract of liability insurance or a copy, demonstrating the current existence of liability insurance as described in Section 011 of this rule. The minimum requirements of a document considered a certificate of liability insurance, or a copy are: ()

#### 01. Individual-Owned Motor Vehicles.

(3-30-07)

)

**a.** The document identifies the insurer or surety company authorized to do business in this state.

**b.** The document provides the name and address of the owner of the insured motor vehicle. ( )

**c.** The document describes the motor vehicle including identification number, the last three digits of the vehicle identification number, or the words "all owned vehicles" if more than one vehicle is insured. ()

**d.** The document shows the effective date the liability insurance coverage begins. ( )

e. The document may show "Certificate of Liability Insurance" or "Liability Insurance Identification Card." The words "State of Idaho" may be added to the title at the insurer's option. ()

**f.** The document may show the date the liability insurance coverage ceases, or may state "not valid beyond \_\_\_\_\_," provided the phrase is completed to indicate termination of coverage at the end of a fixed period, or "not valid for more than one year," or "continuous until cancelled."

g. The number of the insurance policy or the document is suggested, but optional.

h. The sentence "KEEP THIS CERTIFICATE IN YOUR AUTOMOBILE AT ALL TIMES" is suggested, but optional.  $(\ )$ 

## **02.** Dealer and Manufacturer Vehicles. (3-30-07)

a. The document identifies the insurer or surety company authorized to do business in this state.

)

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**b.** The document provides the name and address of the dealership and identifies the owner(s) (name(s) of dealer, partners, corporation or LLC members) of the insured motor vehicle.

**c.** The document shows the effective date the liability insurance coverage begins. ( )

**d.** The document may show "Certificate of Liability Insurance" or "Liability Insurance Identification Card." The words "State of Idaho" may be added to the title. ()

e. The document shows the date the liability insurance coverage ceases or may state "not valid beyond \_\_\_\_\_\_," provided the phrase is completed to indicate termination of coverage at the end of a fixed period, or "not valid for more than one year," or "continuous until cancelled."

**f.** The number of the insurance policy or the document is suggested, but optional. ( )

#### 013. EXAMPLES OF A NONEXCLUSIVE FORMAT FOR A DOCUMENT.

Examples of a nonexclusive format for a document that meets the requirements of a certificate of liability insurance in a form prescribed by the Director may be found on the Department website.

## 014. EXAMPLE OF CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE TO BE ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR MAY BE FOUND ON THE DEPARTMENT WEBSITE.

The Director will issue a certificate of liability insurance to the owner(s) of a motor vehicle who posts an indemnity bond in a form approved by the Director pursuant to Section 49-1229(2), Idaho Code.

## **18.03.01 – SUITABILITY IN ANNUITY TRANSACTIONS**

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 19, Sections 41-211 and 41-1940, Idaho Code. (4-4-13)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01.	Title. IDAPA 18.03.01, "Suitability in Annuity Transactions."	(4-4-13)
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02. Scope and Purpose. This rule applies to any recommendation to purchase or exchange an annuity made to a consumer by a producer, or an insurer where no producer is involved, that results in the purchase or exchange recommended. The purpose of this rule is to require insurers to establish a system to supervise recommendations and to set forth standards and procedures for recommendations to consumers that result in transactions involving annuity products so that the insurance needs and financial objectives of consumers at the time of the transaction are appropriately addressed.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

**01. Incorporated Documents.** IDAPA 18.03.01, "Suitability in Annuity Transactions," adopts and incorporates by reference parts of the following documents: (4-4-13)

<b>a.</b> (ERISA).	United States Code, Title 29 - Labor, Chapter 18 - Employee Retirement and Income Se	curity Act (4-4-13)
b.	United States Code, Title 26 - Internal Revenue Code.	(4-4-13)
с.	FINRA Rule 2111, effective July 9, 2012.	(4-4-13)

## **02.** Availability of Referenced Documents. (4-4-13)

a. Printed copies of the documents described in Subsections 002.01.a. and 002.01.b. are available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954 as well as from the Department; the telephone number is (202) 512-1800, and electronic copies are available online at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/USCODE-2011-title29/pdf/USCODE-2011-title29-chap18.pdf and http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/26.

**b.** A printed copy of the document described in 005.01.c. is available from FINRA, Two Union Square, 601 Union Street, Suite 1616, Seattle, WA 98101-2327, telephone (206) 624-0790, as well as from the Department, and an electronic copy is available online at https://www.finra.org/rules-guidance/rulebooks/finra -rules/2111?element\_id=9859&rbid=2403.

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Annuity. An insurance product under State law that is individually solicited, whether classified as individual or group.

**02. FINRA**. The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority or a succeeding agency. (4-4-13)

**03. Recommendation**. Advice provided by a producer or an insurer to an individual consumer that results in a purchase, exchange or replacement of an annuity in accordance with that advice. (4-4-13)

04. **Replacement**. A transaction in which a new policy or contract is purchased, and it is known or should be known to the proposing producer or insurer that by reason of the transaction, an existing policy or contract has been or is to be:

a. Lapsed, forfeited, surrendered or partially surrendered, assigned to the replacing insurer or terminated;

**b.** Converted to reduced paid-up insurance, continued as extended term insurance, or reduced in value

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by the use of no	nforfeiture benefits or other policy values;	(	)
<b>c.</b> force or for which	Amended to effect either a reduction in benefits or in the term for which coverage would ch benefits would be paid;	remain (	1 in )
d.	Reissued with any reduction in cash value; or	(4-4-	13)
e.	Used in a financed purchase.	(4-4-	13)
05 recommendation	<b>Suitability Information</b> . Information reasonably appropriate to determine the suitable, including the following:	oility of (	fa)
a.	Age;	(4-4-	13)
b.	Annual income;	(4-4-	13)
с.	Financial situation and needs, including the financial resources used for the funding of th	e annui (4-4-	
d.	Financial experience;	(4-4-	13)
e.	Financial objectives;	(4-4-	13)
f.	Intended use of the annuity;	(4-4-	13)
g.	Financial time horizon;	(4-4-	13)
h.	Existing assets, including investment and life insurance holdings;	(4-4-	13)
i.	Liquidity needs;	(4-4-	13)
j.	Liquid net worth;	(4-4-	13)
k.	Risk tolerance; and	(4-4-	13)
l.	Tax status.	(4-4-	13)
	SACTION EXEMPTIONS. Ily included, this rule does not apply to transactions involving:	(4-4-	13)
<b>01.</b> recommendation	<b>Direct Response Solicitations</b> . A response to a direct solicitation where the n made based on information collected from the consumer pursuant to this rule;	re is (4-4-	
02.	Contracts Used to Fund:	(	)

**a.** An employee pension or welfare benefit plan covered by the Employee Retirement and Income Security Act (ERISA); (4-4-13)

**b.** A plan described by Sections 401(a), 401(k), 403(b), 408(k), or 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as amended, if established or maintained by an employer; (4-4-13)

**c.** A government or church plan defined in Section 414 of the IRC, as amended, a government or church welfare benefit plan, or a deferred compensation plan of a state or local government or tax-exempt organization under Section 457 of the IRC, as amended; (4-4-13)

d. A nonqualified deferred compensation arrangement established or maintained by an employer or (4-4-13)

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e. Settlements or assumptions of liabilities associated with personal injury litigation or any dispute or claim resolution process; (4-4-13)

**f.** Formal prepaid funeral contracts; or (4-4-13)

**g.** Prepaid contracts used to fund funeral and related funeral expenses governed by Sections 54-1131 et seq., Idaho Code. (4-4-13)

## 012. -- 014. (RESERVED)

## 015. DUTIES OF INSURERS AND OF PRODUCERS.

01. General Rule. In recommending to a consumer the purchase or exchange of an annuity that results in another insurance transaction or series of insurance transactions, the producer or insurer have a reasonable basis to believe that the recommendation is suitable for the consumer based on the facts disclosed by the consumer the seller needs to have a reasonable basis to believe all of the following: ()

a.	The consumer has been reasonably informed of various features of the annuity, including	g: (4-4-1	3)
i.	The potential surrender period and surrender charge;	(4-4-1	3)
ii.	The potential tax penalty if the consumer sells, exchanges, surrenders or annuitizes the a	nnuity; (4-4-1	3)
iii.	Mortality and expense fees;	(4-4-1	3)
iv.	Investment advisory fees;	(4-4-1	3)
v.	Potential charges for and features of riders;	(4-4-1	3)
vi.	Limitations on interest returns;	(4-4-1	3)
vii.	Insurance and investment components; and	(4-4-1	3)
viii.	Market risk;	(4-4-1	3)
b.	The consumer would benefit from certain features of the annuity;	(	)
		(4-4-1 (	3) )

**c.** The particular annuity as a whole, the underlying subaccounts to which funds are allocated at the time of purchase or exchange of the annuity, and riders and similar product enhancements, if any, are suitable for the particular consumer based on the suitability of the information provided; and ()

**d.** In the case of an exchange or replacement of an annuity, the exchange or replacement is suitable and the producer or insurer has considered whether the consumer: (4-4-13)

i. Will incur a surrender charge, be subject to the commencement of a new surrender period, lose existing benefits, or be subject to increased fees, investment advisory fees or charges for riders and similar product enhancements; or ()

ii. Would benefit from product enhancements and improvements; or (4-4-13)

iii. Has had another annuity exchange or replacement and, in particular, an exchange or replacement in the preceding thirty-six (36) months. ()

**02. Collection of Information**. Prior to the execution of a purchase, exchange or replacement of an annuity resulting from a recommendation, a producer, or insurer when no producer is involved, will make reasonable

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efforts to obtain the consumer's suitability information.

03. Reasonable Basis. Except as permitted under Subsection 015.04, an insurer cannot issue an annuity recommended to a consumer unless there is a reasonable basis to believe the annuity is suitable based on the consumer's suitability information.

#### 04. Exceptions.

**a.** Except as provided in Title 41, neither a producer nor an insurer will have any obligation to a consumer under Subsection 015.01 or 015.03 related to any annuity transaction if:

i. No recommendation is made; or (4-4-13)

ii. A recommendation was made and was later found to have been prepared based on materially inaccurate information provided by the consumer. ( )

**05. Record Keeping**. A producer or, when no producer is involved, the responsible insurer representative, will at the time of sale: (4-4-13)

**a.** Make a record of any recommendation subject to Subsection 015.01; (4-4-13)

**b.** Obtain a customer signed statement documenting a customer's refusal to provide suitability information, if any; and (4-4-13)

c. Obtain a customer signed statement that acknowledges that an annuity transaction is not recommended if a customer decides to enter into an annuity transaction not based on the producer's or insurer's recommendation. (4-4-13)

#### 06. Supervision for Compliance.

**a.** An insurer will establish a supervision system reasonably designed to achieve the insurer's and its producers' compliance with this rule. This includes, but is not limited to, the following: (4-4-13)

i. Establishing and maintaining reasonable procedures to inform its producers of the requirements of this rule and incorporating the requirements of this rule into relevant producer training manuals; (4-4-13)

ii. Providing product-specific training and training materials that explain all material features of its annuity products to its producers; (4-4-13)

iii. Establishing and maintaining procedures for review of each recommendation, prior to issuance of an annuity, that are designed to ensure there is a reasonable basis to determine a recommendation is suitable. ( )

iv. Establishing and maintaining procedures to detect recommendations that are not suitable. ( )

v. Annually providing a report to senior management, including those responsible for audit functions, that details a review, with appropriate testing designed to determine the effectiveness of the supervision system, and includes any exceptions found and any corrective actions taken or recommended. (4-4-13)

**b.** Contracting.

i. Nothing in this subsection restricts an insurer from contracting for performance of a function (including establishing and maintaining procedures) prescribed under Paragraph 015.06.a. of this rule. An insurer is responsible for taking appropriate corrective action and may be subject to sanctions and penalties. ()

ii. An insurer's supervision system under Paragraph 015.01.a. of this rule needs to include supervision of contractual performance under Subsection 015.06. This supervision of performance includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(4-4-13)

(4 - 4 - 13)

(+-+-13)

(4-4-13)

(4 - 4 - 13)

)

(1) Monitoring and, as appropriate, conducting audits to assure that the contracted function is properly (4-4-13)

(2) Annually obtaining a certification from a senior manager who has responsibility for the contracted function that the manager has a reasonable basis to represent, and does represent, that the function is properly performed. (4-4-13)

07.	Banned Actions. A producer cannot dissuade, or attempt to dissuade, a consumer from:	( )	)
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- **a.** Truthfully responding to an insurer's request for confirmation of suitability information; (4-4-13)
- **b.** Filing a complaint; or (4-4-13)
- c. Cooperating with the investigation of a complaint. (4-4-13)
- **08.** Compliance With FINRA. (4-4-13)

a. Sales made in compliance with FINRA requirements pertaining to suitability and supervision of annuity transactions as reflected in FINRA Rule 2111 will satisfy the requirements under this rule. This subsection applies to FINRA broker-dealer sales of variable annuities and fixed annuities if the suitability and supervision is similar to those applied to variable annuity sales. However, nothing in this subsection limits the Director's ability to enforce the provisions of this rule or investigate for compliance. (4-4-13)

**b.** For Paragraph 015.08.a. to apply, an insurer needs to: ()

i. Monitor the FINRA member broker-dealer using information collected in the normal course of an insurer's business; and (4-4-13)

ii. Provide to the FINRA member broker-dealer information and reports that are reasonably appropriate to assist the FINRA member broker-dealer to maintain its supervision system. (4-4-13)

## 016. PRODUCER TRAINING.

01. General Rule. A producer will not solicit the sale of an annuity product unless the producer has adequate knowledge of the product to recommend the annuity and the producer is in compliance with the insurer's standards for product training. A producer may rely on insurer-provided, product-specific training standards and materials to comply with this subsection. (4-4-13)

## 02. Requisite Producer Training Courses and Education. ( )

**a.** A producer who engages in the sale of annuity products will complete a one-time, four-credit training course approved by the Department and provided by the Department-approved education provider. (4-4-13)

**b.** The minimum length of the training prescribed under this subsection is sufficient to qualify for at least four (4) CE credits, but may be longer.

**c.** The training prescribed under this subsection will include information on the following topics:

- i. The types of annuities and various classifications of annuities; (4-4-13)
  ii. Identification of the parties to an annuity; (4-4-13)
- iii. How fixed, variable and indexed annuity contract provisions affect consumers; (4-4-13)
- iv. The application of income taxation of qualified and non-qualified annuities; (4-4-13)

v.	The primary uses of annuities; and	(4-4-13)
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vi. Appropriate sales practices, replacement and disclosure requirements. (4-4-13)

**d.** Providers of courses intended to comply with this subsection will cover all topics listed in the prescribed outline and will not present any marketing information or provide training on sales techniques or provide specific information about a particular insurer's products. Additional topics may be offered in conjunction with and in addition to the prescribed outline. ()

e. A provider of an annuity training course intended to comply with this subsection will register as a CE provider in this State and comply with the rules and guidelines applicable to producer continuing education courses as set forth in IDAPA 18.06.04. (4-4-13)

f. Annuity training courses may be conducted and completed by classroom or self-study methods in accordance with IDAPA 18.06.04. (4-4-13)

**g.** Training requirements of another State substantially similar to the provisions of this subsection will satisfy the training requirements of this subsection in this State.

**h.** An insurer needs to verify that a producer has completed the annuity training course prescribed under this subsection before allowing the producer to sell an annuity product for that insurer. ()

## 017. -- 020. (RESERVED)

## 021. RECORDKEEPING.

**01. Termination**. If the producer's appointment with the insurer is terminated or license suspended or revoked, the producer needs to remit copies of all records to the insurer in twenty-one (21) days of termination or change in license status.

**03.** Form. Records prescribed to be maintained by this rule may be maintained on any media and by any process that accurately reproduces the original document.

## 18.03.02 – LIFE SETTLEMENTS

### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 19, Sections 41-211 and 41-1965, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

## 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. 18.03.02, "Life Settlements." (3-29-10)

(3-29-10)

**02.** Scope. This rule sets forth requirements regarding the sale and settlement of life insurance contracts where the owner of the contract is an Idaho resident. (3-29-10)

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

#### 01. Advertising Materials.

a. Printed and published material, audio visual material, and descriptive literature of a broker or provider used in direct mail, newspapers, magazines, radio scripts, TV scripts, web sites and other internet displays or communications, other forms of electronic communications, billboards and similar displays; (3-29-10)

**b.** Descriptive literature and sales aids of all kinds issued by a provider or broker for presentation to members of the insurance buying public, including but not limited to circulars, leaflets, booklets, depictions, illustrations, and form letters; and (3-29-10)

c. Prepared sales talks, presentations and material for use by providers and brokers. (3-29-10)

02. Affiliation. Any contractual relationship outside of the proposed life settlement contract, any ownership interest or relation, any familial relation, an employment relation, any relationship creating financial dependency, any arrangement that provides one party the ability to control or influence the actions of another party, or any other arrangement or relationship that might reasonably result in parties treating one another in a less than arm's length manner.

**03. Operating as a Broker**. As defined in Section 41-1951(6), Idaho Code. ( )

## 04. Operating as a Provider. As defined in Section 41-1951(8), Idaho Code.

## 011. REGISTRATION TO OPERATE AS LIFE SETTLEMENT PROVIDER OR LIFE SETTLEMENT BROKER.

01. Registration. Not later than ten (10) days after first operating as a provider or broker a person will notify the Director that they are acting as a provider or broker by registering with the Department and paying applicable fees as set forth at IDAPA 18.01.02, "Schedule of Fees, Licenses and Miscellaneous Charges". Registration includes information as prescribed by the Director along with a certification from the applicant that they have read and familiarized themselves with the requirements of Sections 41-1950 through 41-1965, Idaho Code, and these rules.

02. Renewal of Registration. Registration as a broker or provider continues until the next renewal date of the person's producer license. If the initial registration takes place within ninety (90) calendar days from the producer license expiration date, registration will continue until the following producer license renewal date. Registration may be renewed by payment of the applicable renewal fee as set forth at IDAPA 18.01.02. An insurance producer who allows their registration as a broker or provider to lapse may, within twelve (12) months from the renewal due date, reinstate the registration by paying a penalty in the amount of double the unpaid renewal fee. If a registration is allowed to lapse for more than twelve (12) months without reinstatement, a producer wishing to act a broker or provider will re-register with the Department and pay the applicable registration fee prior to operating as a broker or provider.

## 012. FILING OF FORMS.

01. Filing of Life Settlement Contracts and Disclosure Forms. No person may use a life settlement contract or disclosure form in Idaho unless the form is first filed with the Department along with a certification that

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the form meets the requirements of Sections 41-1950 through 41-1965, Idaho Code. The certification will be in the form as prescribed by the Director and signed by a person registered as a provider or broker. (3-29-10)

02. Filing of Advertising Materials. No person may use advertising materials promoting or advertising the availability of life settlements or life settlement services in Idaho unless the materials are first filed with the Department. If the advertising is not in written form, a written script will be filed. All advertising relating to the business of life settlements will have a unique identifying form number in the lower left-hand corner of the advertising piece and needs to comply the following standards: (3-29-10)

**a.** Be truthful and not misleading in fact and implication. All information is set out conspicuously and in close conjunction with the statements and will not be minimized, rendered obscure, ambiguous, or intermingled with the context of the advertisement so as to be confusing or misleading.

**b.** Reference the complete form number of any life settlement contract being advertised and clearly identify the full and complete name of the provider or broker using the promotional material. Advertising materials cannot use a trade name, any insurance group designation, name of the parent company of the provider or broker, name of a particular division of the provider or broker, service mark, slogan, symbol or other device which would have the capacity and tendency to mislead or deceive as to the true identity of the provider or broker without disclosing the name of the actual provider or broker using the advertising material. ()

c. No advertisement will omit information or use words, phrases, statements, references or illustrations if the omission of such information or use of such words, phrases, statements, references or illustrations has the capacity, tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving sellers or prospective sellers as to the nature or extent of any policy benefit payable. The fact that the contract offered is made available to a prospective seller for inspection prior to consummation of the sale or an offer is made to rescind the life settlement contract if the seller is not satisfied, does not remedy misleading statements. (3-29-10)

**d.** Advertising materials cannot use words or phrases in a manner which exaggerates any benefits beyond the terms of the life settlement contract and fairly and accurately describe the negative features as well as the positive features of the life settlement contract and life settlement program. An advertisement cannot represent or imply that life settlements by the provider are "liberal" or "generous," or use words of similar import, or that benefits of a life settlement are or will be beyond the actual terms of the life settlement contract. ()

e. Advertising materials cannot be designed to encourage or promote the purchase of life insurance for the purpose of transferring ownership to third party investors who lack an insurable interest in the in the life of the insured.

**f.** An advertisement cannot create the impression directly or indirectly that a provider, a broker, its financial condition or status, a life settlement contract or program, or the payment of life settlement benefits is approved, endorsed, or accredited by any division or agency of this state or the United States Government. ( )

**g.** Testimonials used in advertisements needs to be genuine, represent the current opinion of the author, be applicable to the life settlement contract advertised and be accurately reproduced. A provider or broker using a testimonial makes as its own all of the statements contained therein, and the advertisement, including such statement, is subject to all the provisions of these rules. If the person making a testimonial, an endorsement or an appraisal has a financial interest in the provider or broker, or a related entity as a stockholder, director, officer, employee, or otherwise, such fact is disclosed in the advertisement. If a person is compensated for making a testimonial, endorsement or appraisal, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement by language substantially as follows: "Paid Endorsement."

**h.** The source of any statistics used in an advertisement are identified in the advertisement. (3-29-10)

03. Font Size for Printed Materials. Pertinent text of all printed materials needs to be filed with the director under the Life Settlement Act, including, but not limited to, notices, disclosure forms, contract forms, and advertising material, is to be formatted using at least a twelve (12) point font. Signature blocks, footnotes or text not relevant to the understanding of the printed material may be printed in a smaller font, but in no case smaller than a ten (10) point font.

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04. Disapproval of Noncompliant Forms. The Director may disapprove any form needed to be filed pursuant to this Section if, the form does not comply with any part of Title 41, Idaho Code, or these rules, or the form is unreasonable in its terms, contrary to the interests of the public, misleading to the public, unfair to the owner, or is printed or provided in a manner making any part of the form substantially illegible. ()

#### 013. ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

All persons registered with the Director as a provider will file an annual statement with the Director, on or before March 1st of each year. An annual report is needed regardless of whether any life settlement contracts with Idaho owners were executed during the year.

#### 014. EXAMINATION AND RECORDS.

Brokers and providers are subject to examination by the Director in accordance with Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, and pay, at the direction of the Director, the actual travel expenses, reasonable living expense allowance, and reasonable compensation incurred on account of the examination upon presentation of a detailed account of the charges and expenses. (3-29-10)

## 015. DISCLOSURES TO OWNER.

01. Disclosure to Owner Upon Application. A broker or provider will not provide an owner with an application for a life settlement contract unless the owner has also been provided a disclosure form containing all the information requisite by Idaho Code, 41-1956 and in substantially the same form as the sample form found on the Department website. The disclosures are provided in a separate document in at least twelve (12) point font. Each page of the disclosure document is initialed by the owner indicating that it has been received and read by the owner, and the final page is dated and signed by the owner and the broker or provider that delivered the disclosure document to the owner.

**02. Disclosures to Owner by Provider Upon Settlement**. Prior to the time an owner signs a life settlement contract, the provider will provide the owner a disclosure form containing all the information prescribed by Idaho Code 41-1957 and in substantially the same form as the sample form found on the Department website. The disclosures may be made by a separate document or included as a part of the life settlement contract. If the disclosures are included in the life settlement contract, they are conspicuously displayed in the contract by segregating the disclosures from the rest of the contract on a separate page or as a separate section using at least twelve (12) point font and with a heading in bold font stating: "Important Disclosures Required by Law." Each disclosures are provided in a separate document, each page of the document will be initialed by the owner and the final page needs to be dated and signed by the owner and the provider. ()

03. Disclosure to Owner by Broker Upon Settlement. Prior to the time an owner signs a life settlement contract, the broker will provide the owner a disclosure form containing all the information prescribed in Idaho Code 41-1958 and in substantially the same form as the sample form found on the Department website. The disclosures may be made by a separate document or included as a part of the life settlement contract. If the disclosures are included in the life settlement contract, they are conspicuously displayed in the contract by segregating the disclosures from the rest of the contract on a separate page or as a separate section using at least twelve (12) point font, and a heading in bold font stating: "Important Disclosures Required by Law." Each disclosure page of the life settlement contract is initialed by the owner indicating that the owner has read the page. If the disclosures are provided in a separate document, each page of the document needs to be initialed by the owner and the final page dated and signed by the owner and the broker.

04. Affiliations Disclosed. As a part of the disclosures in this Section, a provider discloses in writing to the owner any affiliation between the provider and the issuer of the insurance policy to be settled, and a broker discloses in writing any affiliation or contractual arrangement between the broker and any person making an offer in connection with a proposed life settlement contract.

## 016. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

01. Owner's Statement.

(3-29-10)

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**a.** Prior to entering into a life settlement contract, the provider obtains from each owner a written statement in substantially the following form: "I, [owners name], have freely and voluntarily consented to the life settlement contract that accompanies this statement. I have carefully read my insurance policy that is the subject of the life settlement contract and I understand the benefits that are available under the policy. I further understand that by entering into the life settlement contract, the right to benefits under the insurance policy will be sold to another party and I, my heirs or former beneficiaries will no longer have any right to receive those policy benefits."(3-29-10)

**b.** If the owner has a terminal or chronic illness, the following wording is also to be included in the owner's statement: "I am currently suffering from a terminal or chronic illness that was not diagnosed until after the policy that is the subject of the life settlement contract was issued."

**c.** The statement of the owner needs to also be acknowledged by a notary public. ( )

#### 02. Owner's Right to Rescind Life Settlement Contract. (3-29-10)

**a.** The life settlement contract is to conspicuously inform the owner in bold type of at least twelve (12) point font that the owner has an absolute right to rescind a life settlement contract within twenty (20) calendar days of the date the contract is executed and sets forth the manner in which notice is given.

**b.** Upon being informed of the owner's intention or desire to rescind a life settlement contract, the provider immediately provides the owner with a full accounting of the amount that will be repaid by the owner in to rescind the policy. The amount due includes only amounts actually paid to and received by the owner pursuant to the terms of the life settlement contract along with any premiums, loans and loan interest paid by or on behalf of the provider in connection with or as a direct consequence of the life settlement contract. An owner is not obligated to pay any financial penalties, liquidated damages or other punitive fees or charges in connection with rescission of a life settlement contract.

**c.** Until the owner receives from the provider an accounting of the full and correct repayment amount needed to rescind the life settlement contract, a tender of payment by the owner of amounts actually received and reasonably believed to be due upon rescission will be deemed in substantial compliance with the requirement of notice and repayment of proceeds within the twenty (20) day rescission period. (3-29-10)

#### **03.** Life Settlements Occurring Within Two Years of Policy Origination. (3-29-10)

**a.** No broker or provider may solicit, arrange for, or enter into a life settlement contract within two (2) years of the date of issuance of the life insurance policy or certificate being settled unless one (1) or more of the conditions identified in Section 41-1961, Idaho Code, applies. If one (1) or more of the conditions is present, the provider obtains from the owner a written statement sworn before a notary public setting forth in detail the circumstances permitting the early settlement of the contract. The sworn statement also includes the following or substantially similar wording: "I hereby affirm that there was no plan or arrangement in place or under discussion, or any promises made, regarding the settlement of this life insurance policy at the time the policy was purchased."

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**b.** In addition to the sworn statement, the provider will obtain and retain as a part of its records independent documentation of the circumstances permitting early settlement of the life insurance policy along with all documentation relating to any premium financing arrangements made in connection with the policy being settled. (3-29-10)

**c.** The sworn statement and copies of all supporting documentation will be provided to the insurer at the time a request for verification of coverage is submitted to the insurer. A request for verification of coverage relating to a policy or certificate that has been in effect for two (2) years or less will be considered incomplete if it is not accompanied by the owner's sworn statement and supporting documentation. An insurer that determines a request for verification of coverage is incomplete will immediately inform the broker or provider in writing that the verification is incomplete and identify all items needed to complete the request.

## 18.03.03 – VARIABLE CONTRACTS

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 19, Idaho Code.

#### 001. PURPOSE.

To provide a comprehensive plan: for the qualification and licensing of insurers to write policies or contracts on a variable basis; for establishment of separate accounts and the investment of assets contained therein; for the filing and approval of policy and contract forms; for reports to contract holders; for the qualification, examination and licensing of agents and other persons; providing for the establishment and preservation of certain records and the establishment of other standards pertaining to the offering and sale of such contracts.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS**.

01. Variable Contracts. Any policy or contract that provides for insurance or annuity benefits which vary according to the investment experience of any separate account or accounts maintained by the insurer as to such policy or contract.

**02.** Agent. Any person, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity which under the laws of this state is licensed as a life insurance agent.

03. Variable Contract Agent. An agent who sells or offers to sell any contract on a variable basis.

04. Satisfactory Alternative Examination. Part I of the written examination includes any securities examination that is declared by the Director to be an equivalent examination. The following are satisfactory alternative examinations:

**a.** The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), Examination for Principals, or Examination for Qualification as a Registered Representative;

**b.** The various securities examinations needed by the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, or the Pacific Coast Stock Exchange; ()

**c.** The Securities and Exchange Commission test given pursuant to Section 15(b)(8) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; (7-1-93)

**d.** The examination recommended for the testing of variable contract agents by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, when adopted by the Insurance Department of any State or Territory of the United States and approved for use by such Department by the Securities and Exchange Commission; and (7-1-93)

e. Any State Securities Sales Examination accepted by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(7 - 1 - 93)

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(7-1-93)

## 011. QUALIFICATIONS OF INSURANCE COMPANIES TO ISSUE VARIABLE CONTRACTS.

01. Parent or Affiliated Insurer. An insurer that issues variable contracts and that is a subsidiary of, or affiliated through common management or ownership with, another life insurer authorized to transact such insurance in this state meets the provisions of this Section if either it or the parent or affiliated insurer meets the provisions hereof.

**02. Delivery**. Before any insurer delivers or issues for delivery variable contracts in this state, it will submit to the Director a general description of the kinds of variable contracts it intends to issue; ()

#### 012. SEPARATE ACCOUNTS.

01. Domestic Life Insurer. A domestic life insurer issuing variable contracts and establishing one (1) or more separate accounts pursuant to Sections 41-1936 and 41-734 of the Idaho Insurance Code is subject to the following provisions:

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**a.** To the extent that the company's reserve liability with regard to: (a) benefits guaranteed as to dollar amount and duration, and (b) funds guaranteed as to principal amount or stated rate of interest is maintained in any separate account, a portion of the assets of such separate account at least equal to such reserve liability are invested in accordance with the laws of this state governing the investments of life insurance companies. ()

**b.** With respect to seventy-five percent (75%) of the market value of the total assets in a separate account no insurer may purchase or otherwise acquire the securities of any issuer, other than securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, if immediately after such purchase or acquisition the market value of such investment, together with prior investments of such separate account in such security taken at market value, would exceed ten percent (10%) of the market value of the assets of said separate account. The Director may waive such limitation if such waiver will not render the operation of such separate account hazardous to the public or the policyholders in this state.

**c.** Unless otherwise permitted by law or approved by the Director, no insurer may purchase or acquire for its separate accounts the voting securities of any issuer if as a result of such acquisition the insurance company and its separate accounts, in the aggregate, will own more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued and outstanding voting securities of such issuer. The foregoing does not apply with respect to securities held in separate accounts with voting rights exercisable only in accordance with instructions from persons having interests in such accounts. ( )

**d.** The limitations provided in Subsections 012.01.b. and 012.01.c. above do not apply to the investment with respect to a separate account in the securities of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the investments of such investment company comply in substance with Subsections 012.01.b. and 012.01.c. ()

02. Chargeability of Assets with Liabilities. That portion of the assets of any such separate account equal to the reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to such account is not chargeable with liabilities arising out of any other business the insurer may conduct. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law an insurer may:
(7-1-93)

**a.** With respect to any separate account registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a unit investment trust, exercise voting rights in connection with any securities of a regulated investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and held in such separate accounts in accordance with instructions from persons having interests in such accounts ratably as determined by the insurer, or (7-1-93)

**b.** With respect to any separate account registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a management investment company, establish for such account a committee, board, or other body, the members of which may or cannot be affiliated with such company and may be elected to such membership by the vote of persons having interests in such account ratably as determined by the insurer. Such committee, board or other body may have the power, exercisable alone or in conjunction with others, to manage such separate account and the investment of its assets. An insurer, committee, board or other body, may make such other provisions in respect to any such separate account which are appropriate to facilitate compliance with requirements of any Federal or State law, provided that the Director approves such provisions as not hazardous to the public or the company's policyholders in this state.

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03. Assets Equal to Reserves and Liabilities. The company will maintain in each such separate account assets with a value at least equal to the reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to such account.

(7 - 1 - 93)

04. Officers and Directors. Rules under any provision of the Insurance Law of this state of any rule applicable to the officers and directors of insurance companies with respect to conflicts of interest also apply to members of any separate account's committee, board or other similar body. No officer or director of such company nor any member of the committee, board or body of a separate account will receive directly or indirectly any commission or any other compensation with respect to the purchase or sale of assets of such separate account.

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## 013. FILING OF CONTRACTS.

Each insurer will submit to the Director a copy of each prospectus adopted by it for use in conjunction with the sale of

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any contract offered for sale in this state.

( )

#### 014. CONTRACTS PROVIDING FOR VARIABLE BENEFITS.

**01. Ilustrations**. Illustrations of benefits payable under any variable contract providing benefits payable in variable amounts cannot include projections of past investment experience into the future or attempted predictions of future investment experience.

**02. Payment of Periodic Stipulated Payments**. No individual variable annuity contract calling for the payment of periodic stipulated payments will be delivered or issued for delivery unless it contains in substance the following provisions or provisions which are more favorable to the holders of such contracts: ()

**a.** The grace period is for one (1) month, but not less than thirty (30) days, in which any stipulated payment to the insurer falling due after the first may be made, during which period of grace the contract will continue in force. The contract may include a statement of the basis for determining the date that any such payment received during the period of grace is applied to produce the values under the contract; ()

**b.** At any time within one (1) year from the date of default in making periodic stipulated payments to the insurer during the life of the annuitant, unless the cash surrender value has been paid, the contract may be reinstated upon payment to the insurer of such overdue payments as prescribed by the contract, and payment or reinstatement of all indebtedness to the insurer on the contract, including interest. The contract may include a statement of the basis for determining the date which the amount to cover such overdue payments and indebtedness is applied to produce the values under the contract;

**c.** Specifying the options available in the event of default in a periodic stipulated payment, which may include an option to surrender the contract for a cash value as determined by the contract, and will include an option to receive a paid-up annuity if the contract is not surrendered for cash, the amount of such paid-up annuity being determined by applying the value of the contract at the annuity commencement date in accordance with the terms of the contract.

03. Investment Increment Factor. Any individual variable annuity contract delivered or issued for delivery in this state will stipulate the investment increment factor to be used in computing the dollar amount of variable benefits or other contractual payments or values thereunder, and may guarantee that expense and/or mortality results do not adversely affect such dollar amounts. If not guaranteed, the expense and mortality factors are also to be stipulated in the contract. In computing the dollar amount of variable benefits or other contractual payments or values under an individual variable contract:

**a.** The annual net investment increment assumption will not exceed five percent (5%), except with the approval of the Director. (7-1-93)

**b.** To the extent that the level of benefits may be affected by future mortality results, the mortality factor is to be determined from the Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, Ultimate, or any modification of that table not having a higher mortality rate at any age, or, if approved by the Director, from another table.

**c.** "Expense," as used in this subsection, may exclude part or all taxes, as stipulated in the contract.

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04. Reserve Liability. The reserve liability for variable contracts is to be established pursuant to the requirements of the standard valuation law in accordance with actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the benefits provided, and any mortality guarantees.

#### 015. REQUISITE REPORTS.

01. Statement Reporting the Investments. Any insurer issuing individual variable contracts providing benefits in variable amounts will mail to the contract holder at least once in each contract year after the first at the last address known to the company, a statement or statements reporting the investments held in the separate account and, in the case of contracts under which payments have not yet commenced, a statement reporting as of a

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date not more than four (4) months previous to the date of mailing, (a) the number of accumulation units credited to such contracts and the dollar value of a unit, or (b) the value of the contract holder's account. (7-1-93)

**02. Statement of Business to Director**. The insurer will submit annually to the Insurance Director a statement of the business of its separate account or accounts in such form as may be prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. (7-1-93)

## 016. FOREIGN INSURERS.

If the law or rule in the place of domicile of a foreign insurer provides a degree of protection to the policyholders and the public which is substantially equal to that provided by these rules, the Director, at their discretion, may consider compliance with such law or rule as compliance with these rules. ()

## 18.03.04 - REPLACEMENT OF LIFE INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 13, Sections 1305 and 1327, Idaho Code.

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#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

This rule regulates the activities of insurers, agents and brokers with respect to the replacement of existing life insurance and annuities, and establishes minimum standards of conduct. ()

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Conservation**. Any attempt by the existing insurer or its agent or broker to dissuade a policy owner from the replacement of existing life insurance or annuity. Conservation does not include such routine administrative procedures such as late payment reminders, late payment offers or reinstatement offers. ()

**02. Direct-Response Sales**. Any sale of life insurance or annuity where the insurer does not utilize an agent in the sale or delivery of the policy. ()

**03.** Existing Insurer. The insurance company whose policy is or will be changed or terminated in such a manner as described in the definition of "replacement."

04. Existing Life Insurance or Annuity. Any life insurance or annuity in force, including life insurance under a binding or conditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional refund period.

05. **Replacement**. Any transaction by which new life insurance or a new annuity is to be purchased, and it is known or should be known to the proposing agent or broker, or to the proposing insurer if there is no agent, that existing life insurance or an annuity has been or is to be:

**a.** Termination. Lapsed, forfeited, surrendered, or otherwise terminated. ( )

**b.** Conversion or Continuance. Converted to reduced paid-up insurance, continued as extended term insurance, or reduced in value by the use of nonforfeiture benefits or other policy values.

**c.** Amendment. Amended so as to effect either a reduction in benefits or in the term for which coverage would remain in force or for which benefits would be paid.

**d.** Reissuance. Reissued with any reduction in cash value. ()

e. Loans. Pledged as collateral or subjected to borrowing, whether in a single loan or under a schedule of borrowing over a period of time for amounts in the aggregate exceeding twenty-five percent (25%) of the loan value set forth in the policy.

**06. Replacing Insurer**. The insurance company that issues or proposes to issue a new policy or contract which is a replacement of existing life insurance or annuity.

#### 011. EXEMPTIONS.

Unless specifically included, this rule does not apply to transactions involving: ( )

01.	Credit Life Insurance.	(7-1-93)

## **02.** Group Life Insurance or Group Annuities. (7-1-93)

03. Existing Insurer. An application to the insurer that issued the existing life insurance and a contractual change or conversion privilege being exercised; (7-1-93)

04. Binding or Conditional Receipt Issued by Same Company. Proposed life insurance that is to replace life insurance under a binding or conditional receipt issued by the same company. (7-1-93)

05. Common Ownership or Control. Transactions where the replacing insurer and the existing

insurer are the same, or are subsidiaries or affiliates under common ownership or control. Provided, however, agents or brokers proposing replacement will comply with the requirements of Subsection 012.01. (7-1-93)

## 012. DUTIES OF AGENTS AND BROKERS.

**01. Statement Submitted to Insurer**. Each agent or broker who initiates the application submits to the insurer to which an application for life insurance or annuity is presented, with or as part of each application: (7-1-93)

**a.** A statement signed by the applicant as to whether replacement of existing life insurance or annuity is involved in the transaction; and (7-1-93)

**b.** A signed statement as to whether the agent or broker knows replacement is or may be involved in (7-1-93)

**02.** Notice to Applicant. Where a replacement is involved, the agent or broker will: (7-1-93)

**a.** Present to the applicant, not later than at the time of taking the application, a "Notice Regarding Replacement" in the form as described on the DOI website, or other substantially similar form approved by the Director. The notice is signed by both the applicant and the agent or broker and left with the applicant.

**b.** Obtain with or as part of each application a list of all existing life insurance and/or annuities replaced and properly identified by name of insurer, the insured and contract number. If a contract number has not been assigned by the existing insurer, alternative identification, such as an application or receipt number, is listed.

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**c.** Leave with the applicant the original or a copy of written or printed communications used for presentation to the applicant. (7-1-93)

**d.** Submit to the replacing insurer with the application a copy of the replacement notice provided pursuant to Subsection 012.02.a. (7-1-93)

**03. Conservation**. Each agent or broker who uses written or printed communications in a conservation will leave with the applicant the original or a copy of such materials used. (7-1-93)

#### 013. DUTIES OF ALL INSURERS.

Each insurer will:

**01.** Notice to Representatives of Rule. Informs its field representatives or other personnel responsible for compliance with this rule of the requirements of this rule. (7-1-93)

**02. Application**. Requires with or as a part of each completed application for life insurance or annuity a statement signed by the applicant as to whether such proposed insurance or annuity will replace existing life insurance or annuity. (7-1-93)

#### 014. DUTIES OF INSURERS THAT USE AGENTS OR BROKERS.

Each insurer that uses an agent or broker in a life insurance or annuity sale:

(7-1-93)

(7 - 1 - 93)

01. Statement by Agent or Broker. With or as part of each completed application for life insurance or annuity, obtains a statement signed by the agent or broker as to whether he or she knows if replacement is involved in the transaction.

#### 02. Replacement Notice and List of Existing Insurance. Where a replacement is involved: (7-1-93)

**a.** With the application for life insurance or annuity, obtains a list of all of the applicant's existing life insurance or annuities replaced and a copy of the replacement notice provided the applicant pursuant to Section 012. Such existing life insurance or annuity is identified by name of insurer, insured and contract number. If a number has not been assigned by the existing insurer, alternative identification, such as an application or receipt number, is listed.

**b.** Send to each existing insurer a written communication advising of the replacement or proposed replacement and the identification information obtained pursuant to Subsection 014.02.a. and a policy summary or ledger statement containing policy data on the proposed life insurance or annuity as prescribed by the model life insurance solicitation rule and/or the model annuity and deposit fund disclosure rule. Life insurance cost index and equivalent level annual dividend figures need not be included in the policy summary or ledger statement. This written communication is made in five (5) working days of the date the application is received in the replacing insurer's home or regional office, or the date the proposed policy or contract is issued, whichever is sooner. ()

c. Each existing insurer, agent, or broker that undertakes a conservation furnishes the policy owner with a policy summary for the existing life insurance or a ledger statement containing policy data on the existing policy and/or annuity within twenty (20) days from the date the written communication and the materials described in Subsections 014.02.a. and 014.02.b. are received. Such policy summary or ledger statement is completed in accordance with information relating to premiums, cash values, death benefits and dividends, if any, and is computed from the current policy year of the existing life insurance. The policy summary includes the amount of any outstanding indebtedness, the sum of any dividend accumulations or additions, and may include any other information that is not in violation of any rule or statute. Life insurance cost index and equivalent level annual dividend figures need not be included in the policy summary. When annuities are involved, the disclosure information is requisite in a contract summary under the annuity and deposit fund disclosure rule. The replacing insurer may request the existing insurer to furnish it with a copy of the summaries.

03. Maintenance of Records. The replacing insurer maintains evidence of the "Notice Regarding Replacement," the policy summary, the contract summary and any ledger statements used, and a replacement register, cross indexed, by replacing agent and existing insurer to be replaced. The existing insurer maintains evidence of policy summaries, contract summaries or ledger statements used in any conservation. Evidence that all requirements were met are maintained for at least three (3) years or until the conclusion of the next succeeding regular examination by the insurance department of its state of domicile, whichever is later. ()

04. **Refund**. The replacing insurer provides in its policy or in a separate written notice which is delivered with the policy that the applicant has a right to an unconditional refund of all premiums paid, which right may be exercised in a period of twenty (20) days commencing from the date of delivery of the policy. ()

## 015. DUTIES OF INSURERS WITH RESPECT TO DIRECT RESPONSE SALES.

01. Insurer Did Not Propose Replacement. If in the solicitation of a direct response sale, the insurer did not propose the replacement, and a replacement is involved, the insurer will propose to send to the applicant with the policy a Replacement Notice as described on the DOI website or other substantially similar form approved by the Director.

## **02. Insurer Proposed Replacement**. If the insurer proposed the replacement it will: (7-1-93)

**a.** Provide to applicants or prospective applicants with or as part of the application a replacement notice as described on the DOI website or other substantially similar form approved by the Director. ()

**b.** Request from the applicant with or as part of the application, a list of all existing life insurance or annuities replaced and properly identified by name of insurer and insured. (7-1-93)

c. Comply with the requirements of Subsection 014.02.b., if the applicant furnishes the names of the existing insurers, and the requirements of Subsection 014.03, except that it need not maintain a replacement register. (7-1-93)

## 016. PENALTIES.

Failure by an insurer, agent, representative, officer, or employee of such insurer to comply with the requirements of this rule is subject to such penalties as may be appropriate under the Idaho Code, including Section 41-1327, Idaho Code. (7-1-93)

## 18.03.05 – CREDIT LIFE AND CREDIT DISABILITY INSURANCE

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 23, Sections 41-211 and 41-2314, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

IDAPA 18.03.05, "Credit Life and Credit Disability Insurance." Protects the interests of debtors and the public in this state by providing a system of rate, policy form, and operating standards for the transaction of credit life and credit disability insurance. Nothing in this rule chapter applies to insurance for which no identifiable charge is made to the debtor.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

The definitions set forth in Chapters 2 and 23 are applicable to these rules. In addition, the following terms have the meanings set forth below.

01.	Closed-End Credit. A credit transaction that is not open-end credit.	(7-1-93)
02.	Compensation. Money or anything else of value.	(7-1-93)

**03.** Credit Insurance. Means credit life insurance and credit disability insurance. ( )

04. Credit Transaction. Any transaction by the terms of which the repayment of money loaned or loan commitment made, or payment for goods, services or properties sold or leased, is to be made at a future date or dates.

05. Identifiable Charge. The amount the debtor is charged for insurance which is disclosed in the credit or other instrument furnished the debtor which sets out the financial elements of the credit transactions, and including any differential in finance, interest, service or other similar charge made to debtors who are in like circumstances, except for their insured or noninsured status.

**06.** Net Written Premium. A gross written premium minus refunds on terminations. ( )

07. Open-End Credit. An arrangement as defined in Section 28-41-301(26), Idaho Code, including revolving charge accounts.

**08. Pre-existing Condition**. A health condition, including sickness or injury, for which there has been medical advice, diagnosis or treatment within six (6) months preceding the effective date of the debtor's coverage and which exists prior to the effective date of the coverage.

#### 011. RIGHTS AND TREATMENT OF DEBTORS.

01. Multiple Plans of Insurance. If a creditor makes available to the debtors more than one plan of credit life insurance or more than one plan of credit disability insurance, all debtors are to be informed of all such plans for which they are eligible. (7-1-93)

**02. Substitution**. When a creditor requires credit life insurance, credit disability insurance, or both, as additional security for an indebtedness, the debtor will be given the option of furnishing the amount of insurance through existing policies of insurance owned or controlled by the debtor or by procuring and furnishing the coverage through any insurer authorized to transact insurance business in this state. If this subsection is applicable, the debtor will be informed by the creditor of the right to provide alternative coverage before the transaction is completed.

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(7-1-93)

#### 03. Evidence of Coverage.

**a.** All credit insurance will be evidenced by an individual policy, or, in the case of group insurance, by a certificate of insurance. The individual policy or certificate of insurance will be delivered to the debtor in accordance with Section 41-2311, Idaho Code. (7-1-93)

**b.** Each individual policy or certificate of insurance will set forth such information per Section 41-

2308, Idaho Code, and any other appropriate sections of the Idaho Insurance Code.

**04.** Claims Processing. All credit insurance claims will be processed in accordance with Sections 41-1329 and 41-2312, Idaho Code. (7-1-93)

## **05.** Termination of Group Credit Insurance Policy. (7-1-93)

**a.** If a debtor is covered by a group credit insurance policy providing for the payment of single premiums to the insurer, then provision will be made by the insurer that in the event of termination of the policy for any reason, insurance coverage with respect to any debtor insured under such policy is to be continued for the entire period for which the single premium has been paid.

**b.** If a debtor is covered by a group credit insurance policy providing for the payment of premiums to the insurer on a monthly outstanding balance basis, then the policy will provide that, in the event of termination of such policy for whatever reason, termination notice will be given to the insured debtor at least thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of termination except where replacement of the coverage by the same or another insurer in the same or greater amount takes place without lapse of coverage. The requisite notice is given by the insurer or, at the option of the insurer, by the creditor.

**06. Interest on Premiums**. If any direct or indirect finance, carrying, credit or service charge is made to the debtor on such insurance charges or premiums, the creditor will remit and the insurer will collect such premium within sixty (60) days after it is added to the indebtedness. (7-1-93)

07. Renewal or Refinancing of the Indebtedness. If the indebtedness is discharged due to renewal or refinancing prior to the scheduled maturity date, the insurance in force will be terminated before any new insurance may be issued in connection with the renewed or refinanced indebtedness. In all cases of such termination prior to scheduled maturity, a refund is to be paid or credited to the debtor as provided in Section 017. In any renewal or refinancing of the indebtedness, the effective date of the coverage as respects any policy provision is deemed to be the first date on which the debtor became insured under the policy covering the indebtedness which was renewed or refinancing of the debt. In addition, the policy will provide that, in the event the debtor becomes disabled while insured, credit disability insurance benefits will be payable during continued disability regardless of any termination of the insurance by renewal or refinancing, unless a different provision not less favorable to the debtor is approved by the Director.

**08. Maximum Aggregate Provisions**. A provision in a policy or certificate that sets a maximum limit on total payments applies only to that policy or certificate except as may be provided for in Section 41-2005(4), Idaho Code. (7-1-93)

**09.** Voluntary Prepayment of Indebtedness. If a debtor prepays the indebtedness other than as a result of death or through a lump sum disability payment: (7-1-93)

**a.** Any credit life insurance covering such indebtedness will be terminated and an appropriate refund of the credit life insurance premium will be paid to the debtor in accordance with Section 017; and (7-1-93)

**b.** Any credit disability insurance covering such indebtedness will be terminated and an appropriate refund of the credit disability insurance premium will be paid to the debtor in accordance with Section 017. If a claim under such coverage is in progress at the time of prepayment, the amount of refund may be determined as if the prepayment did not occur until the payment of benefits terminates. No refund need be paid during any period of disability for which credit disability benefits are payable. A refund will be computed as if prepayment occurred at the end of the disability period. (7-1-93)

10. Involuntary Prepayment of Indebtedness. If an indebtedness is prepaid by the proceeds of a credit life insurance policy covering the debtor or by a lump sum payment of a disability claim under a credit insurance policy covering the debtor, then it is the responsibility of the insurer to see that the following are paid to the insured debtor, if living, or the beneficiary, other than the creditor, named by the debtor or to the debtor's estate:

(7-1-93)

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**a.** In the case of prepayment by the proceeds of a credit life insurance policy, or by the proceeds of a lump sum total and permanent disability benefit under credit life coverage, an appropriate refund of the credit disability insurance premium in accordance with Section 017; (7-1-93)

**b.** In the case of prepayment by a lump sum disability claim, an appropriate refund of the credit life insurance premium in accordance with Section 017; (7-1-93)

**c.** In either case, the amount of the benefits in excess of the amount needed to repay the indebtedness after crediting any unearned interest or finance charges. ()

#### 11. Amounts to be Insured:

**a.** Credit life insurance benefits are to be consistent with the premium charge. Credit life insurance may provide benefits in amounts which do not exceed, but may be less than, the initial amount of indebtedness, including unearned interest or finance charges, or the actual amount of unpaid indebtedness, whichever is greater.

**b.** Credit disability insurance may provide benefits not exceeding an amount according to Section 41-2306(2), Idaho Code. (7-1-93)

**c.** If benefits to be provided are less than the scheduled amount of indebtedness, the insurer will notify the insured of such benefit in the policy or certificate. (7-1-93)

12. Total Disability. The policy is not to restrict coverage to those periods of total disability when the debtor is under the regular and continuing care of a physician, osteopath or chiropractor; provided, the insurer may retain the right to request medical evidence of actual total disability at reasonable intervals to justify the commencement and continued payment of benefits.

13. **Permanent Disabilities**. Credit disability insurance will not restrict coverage to permanent disabilities, where the debtor is in fact totally disabled for the period dictated by the policy, although such disability may be of a temporary nature.

14. Statement by Debtor. No statement made by a debtor will be used by the insurer as a basis for denying eligibility for coverage unless such statement is contained in a written application for insurance signed by the debtor. (7-1-93)

15. Acceptable Insurance Constituting Waiver. Acceptance of insurance by the insurer will constitute a waiver of any conditions for issuance of insurance that the debtor's application revealed as breached on the date the application was made, unless a refund of all insurance charges to the debtor is actually made within thirty (30) days of the effective date of coverage.

## 012. (RESERVED)

# 013. DETERMINATION OF REASONABLENESS OF BENEFITS IN RELATION TO PREMIUM CHARGE.

01. General Standard. Benefits provided by credit insurance policies need to be reasonable in relation to the premium charged. This requirement is satisfied if the premium rate charged develops or is expected to develop a loss ratio of not less than fifty percent (50%). The Department of Insurance has established prima facie rates as a means to achieve the loss ratio benchmark. With the exception of deviations approved under Section 019, prima facie rates filed in accordance with Section 014 as adjusted pursuant to Section 018, may be conclusively presumed to satisfy this general standard.

**02.** Nonstandard Coverage. If any insurer files for approval of any form, providing coverage more restrictive than that described in Section 014, the insurer will demonstrate to the satisfaction of the director that the premium rates to be charged for such restricted coverage will develop or may reasonably be expected to develop a

loss ratio not less than that contemplated for standard coverage at the premium rates described in these sections. (7-1-93)

#### 014. PRIMA FACIE RATES.

01. Cre	dit Life Insurance Prima Facie Rates.	(7-1-93)
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**a.** Prima facie rates for credit life insurance are as follows:

i. Eighty-six cents per month per one thousand dollars (\$0.86/month/\$1,000) of outstanding insured indebtedness if premiums are payable on a monthly outstanding balance basis. ()

ii. Decreasing term: Fifty-four cents per year per one hundred dollars of initial insured indebtedness (\$0.54/year/\$100) if premiums are payable on a single premium basis and the amount of the insurance decreases in equal monthly amounts.

iii. Level term: One dollar per year per one hundred dollars of initial insured indebtedness (\$1/year/\$100) if premiums are payable on a single premium basis for an amount of insurance that remains constant throughout the period of coverage.

iv. Joint coverage at one hundred sixty-five percent (165%) of the specified single life rate for that type of coverage. ()

v. An appropriate combination of the rate for level term and the rate for decreasing term (with equal decrements), if coverage provided is a combination of level term and decreasing term (with equal decrements).

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**b.** If the benefits provided are other than those described in Paragraph 014.01.a., premium rates for such benefits will be actuarially consistent with the rates provided in Paragraph 014.01.a.

**c.** If the policy provisions are other than those that correspond to the use of rates provided for in this subsection, those other provisions will not be unfair, unjust, inequitable, misleading, or deceptive; encourage misrepresentation of the coverage; or be contrary to statute or administrative rule. ()

#### 02. Credit Disability Insurance Prima Facie Rates. (7-1-93)

**a.** Credit disability insurance prima facie rates are as follows:

i. If payable on a single-premium basis for the duration of the coverage, the premium rates for one hundred dollars (\$100) of initial indebtedness repayable is as set forth in the following table utilizing straight line interpolation for the intervening months:

No. Months Indebtedness Is Repayable	Non-Retroactive Benefits		R	etroactive Benefi	ts
	14 Day - 30 Day		7 Day	14 Day	30 Day
6	\$1.00	\$ .40	\$2.60	\$1.80	\$1.30
2	\$1.40	\$ .80	\$3.00	\$2.20	\$1.70
24	\$2.20	\$1.60	\$4.00	\$3.00	\$2.50
36	\$3.00	\$2.40	\$5.00	\$.80	\$3.30
48	\$3.50	\$2.90	\$5.70	\$4.30	\$3.80

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No. Months Indebtedness Is Repayable	Non-Retroac	tive Benefits	R	etroactive Benefi	ts
	14 Day ·	- 30 Day	7 Day	14 Day	30 Day
60	\$3.90	\$3.30	\$6.30	\$4.70	\$4.20
72	\$4.30	\$3.70	NA	\$5.10	\$4.60
84	\$4.70	\$4.10	NA	\$5.50	\$5.00
96	\$5.10	\$4.50	NA	\$5.90	\$5.40
108	\$5.50	\$4.90	NA	\$6.30	\$5.80
120	\$5.90	\$5.30	NA	\$6.70	\$6.20

#### NA: Not Available

ii. If premiums are payable per month per thousand dollars (\$1,000) of outstanding insured indebtedness, the premiums are computed according to the following formula or according to a formula approved by the Director which produces rates actuarially consistent to the single premium rates:

$$Op(n) = \frac{20Sp(n)}{n+1}$$

Where Sp = Single Premium Rate per one hundred dollars (\$100) of initial insured indebtedness repayable in n equal monthly installments.

Op = Monthly Outstanding Balance Premium Rate per one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

n = Original repayment period, in months.

iii. The actuarial equivalent of Subparagraphs 014.02.a.i. and ii. if the coverage provided is a constant maximum indemnity for a given period of time. ()

iv. An appropriate combination of the premium rate for a constant maximum indemnity for a given period of time and the premium rate for a maximum indemnity which decreases in even amounts per month, if the coverage provided is a combination of a constant maximum indemnity for a given period of time after which the maximum indemnity begins to decrease in even amounts per month. (7-1-93)

**b.** If the benefits provided are other than those described in Paragraph 014.02.a., rates for such benefits need to be actuarially consistent with rates provided in Subparagraphs 014.02.a.i., ii., iii., and iv. ()

**c.** The outstanding balance rate for credit disability insurance may be either a term-specified rate or may be a single composite term outstanding balance rate applicable to all loans. (7-1-93)

**d.** If the policy provisions are other than those that correspond to the use of rate provided for in this Subsection, those other provisions are not to be unfair, just, inequitable, misleading, or deceptive; encourage misrepresentations of the coverage; or be contrary to statute or administrative rule. ()

## 015. CREDIT LIFE INSURANCE.

Premium rates in conformance with Section 014 apply to policies providing credit life insurance to be issued with or without evidence of insurability, to be offered to all debtors, and containing: (7-1-93)

01. Exclusions. No exclusions other than suicide within six (6) months of the incurred indebtedness; (7-1-93)

and

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02. Age Restrictions. Either no age restrictions or age restrictions making ineligible for coverage debtors sixty-five (65) or over at the time the indebtedness is incurred or debtors having attained age seventy (70) or over on the maturity date of the indebtedness. (7-1-93)

**03. Open-End Credit Plan**. Insurance written in connection with an open-end credit plan may exclude from the classes eligible for insurance, classes of debtors determined by age, and provide for the cessation of insurance or reduction in the amount of insurance upon attainment of not less than age sixty-five (65). (7-1-93)

04. Closed-End Credit Plans. On insurance written in connection with closed-end credit plans and open-end credit plans where the amount of insurance is based on or limited to the outstanding unpaid balance, no provision excluding or denying a claim for death resulting from a pre-existing condition except for those conditions for which the insured debtor received medical advice, diagnosis or treatment within six (6) months preceding the effective date of coverage and which caused or substantially contributed to the death of the insured debtor within six (6) months following the effective date of coverage. The effective date of coverage for each part of the insurance attributable to a different advance or charge to the plan account is the date on which the advance or charge is posted to the plan account. Other more restrictive provisions may be used subject to appropriate rate adjustment approved by the director. (7-1-93)

**05. Other Provisions**. If the policy provisions are other than those that correspond to the use of rates provided for in Section 014, those other provisions are not to be unfair, unjust, inequitable, misleading, or deceptive; encourage misrepresentation of the coverage; or be contrary to statute or administrative rule. (7-1-93)

## 016. CREDIT DISABILITY INSURANCE.

Premium rates in conformance with Section 014 apply to policies providing credit disability insurance to be issued with or without evidence of insurability, to be offered to all eligible debtors, and containing: (7-1-93)

**01. Pre-existing Conditions**. No provision excluding or denying a claim for disability resulting from preexisting conditions except for those conditions for which the insured debtor received medical advice, diagnosis or treatment within six (6) months preceding the effective date of the debtor's coverage and which caused loss within the six (6) months following the effective date of coverage. (7-1-93)

02. Other Exclusions or Restrictions. No other provision which excludes or restricts liability in the event of disability caused in a specific manner except that it may contain provisions excluding or restricting coverage in the event of normal pregnancy and intentionally self-inflicted injuries or disability arising out of the commission of felony acts. (7-1-93)

**03.** Actively-at-Work Requirement. No actively-at-work requirement more restrictive than one (1) requiring that the debtor be actively at work at a full-time gainful occupation on the effective date of coverage. "Full time" means a regular work week of not less than thirty (30) hours. A debtor is actively at work if absent from work due solely to regular day off, holiday or paid vacation.

04. Age Restrictions. No age restrictions, or only age restrictions making ineligible for coverage debtors sixty-five (65) or over at the time the indebtedness is incurred or debtors who will have attained age sixty-six (66) or over on the maturity date of the indebtedness. (7-1-93)

**05. Daily Benefit**. A daily benefit equal in amount to one thirtieth (1/30) of the monthly benefit payable under the policy for the indebtedness. (7-1-93)

**06. Definition of Disability**. A definition of "disability" which provides that during the first twelve (12) months of disability the insured is unable to perform the substantial and material duties of his occupation at the time the disability occurred, and thereafter the duties of any occupation for which the insured is reasonably fitted by education, training or experience. This does not apply to lump sum disability coverage. ()

07. **Open-End Credit Plan**. Insurance written in connection with an open-end credit plan may exclude from the classes eligible for insurance classes of debtors determined by age, and provide for the cessation of insurance or reduction in the amount of insurance upon attainment of not less than age sixty-five (65). (7-1-93)

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**08. Other Provisions**. If the policy provisions are other than those that correspond to the use of rates provided for in Section 014, those other provisions are not to be unfair, unjust, inequitable, misleading, or deceptive; encourage misrepresentation of the coverage; or be contrary to statute or administrative rule. (7-1-93)

**09. Effective Date of Coverage**. For the purposes of Subsections 016.01 and 016.03, the effective date of coverage for each part of the insurance attributable to a different advance or charge to an open-end credit plan account is the date on which the advance or charge is posted to the plan account. (7-1-93)

## 017. **REFUND FORMULAS.**

01. Filing and Approval by the Director. Any refund formula that is at least as favorable to the insured debtor as the "sum of the digits" formula, or the "Rule of 78," for single premium decreasing or disability plans or pro-rata for other plans, will be deemed acceptable. Refund formulas need to be filed with and approved by the director prior to use in accordance with Section 41-2310 (2), Idaho Code.

**02. Termination**. In the event of termination, no charge for credit insurance may be made for the first fifteen (15) days of a loan month and a full month may be charged for sixteen (16) days or more of a loan month.

(7-1-93)

## **03. Minimum Refund**. No refund of five dollar (\$5) or less need be made. (7-1-93)

## 018. EXPERIENCE REPORTS AND ADJUSTMENT OF PRIMA FACIE RATES.

01. Report of Credit Life and Credit Disability Business Written. Each insurer doing credit insurance business in this state will annually file with the Director and the NAIC Support and Services Office a report of credit life and credit disability business written on a calendar year basis. Such report will utilize the Credit Insurance Supplement-Annual Statement Blank as approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. Such filing will be made in accordance with and no later than the due date in the Instructions to the Annual Statement. (7-1-93)

02. Review of Loss Ratio Standards. On a triennial basis beginning in 1995, the director will review the loss ratio standards set forth in Section 013 and the prima facie rates set forth in Section 014 and determine therefrom the rate of expected claims on a statewide basis, compare such rate of expected claims with the rate of actual claims for the preceding three years determined from the incurred claims and earned premiums at prima facie rates reported in the Annual Statement Supplement, and may, if deemed necessary, revise the actual statewide prima facie rates to be used by insurers during the next three (3) years. Such rates will reflect the difference between (a) actual claims based on experience; and (b) expected claims based on the loss ratio standards set forth in Section 013 applied to the prima facie rates set forth in Section 014.

## 019. USE OF RATES - DIRECT BUSINESS ONLY.

01. Use of Prima Facie Rates. An insurer that files rates or has rates on file not in excess of the prima facie rates shown in Section 014, to the extent adjusted pursuant to Section 018, may use those rates without further proof of their reasonableness.

02. Use of Rates Higher Than Prima Facie Rates. An insurer may file for approval of and use rates higher than the prima facie rates established pursuant to Section 018, to the extent adjusted, if it can be expected that the use of such higher rates will result in a ratio of claims incurred to premiums earned (assuming the use of such higher rates) not less than fifty percent (50%) for those accounts to which such higher rates apply and that such upward deviations will not result on a statewide basis for that insurer of a ratio of claims incurred to premiums earned of less than the expected loss ratio underlying the current prima facie rate developed or adjusted pursuant to Section 018. If rates higher than the prima facie rates shown in Section 014, to the extent adjusted pursuant to Section 018, are filed for approval, the filing will specify the accounts to which such rates apply. Such rates may be: ()

- **a.** Applied uniformly to all accounts of the insurer; or (7-1-93)
- **b.** Applied on an equitable basis approved by the Director to only one (1) or more accounts of the

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insurer for which the	e experienc	e has beer	n less favorab	le than ex	pected; or		(7-1-93)

c. Applied according to a case-rating procedure on file with the director. (7-1-93)

## 03. Approval Period of Deviated Rates.

**a.** A deviated rate will be in effect for a period of time not longer than the experience period used to establish such rate (i.e. one (1) year, two (2) years or three (3) years). An insurer may file for a new rate before the end of a rate period, but not more often than once during any twelve-month (12) period. (7-1-93)

**b.** Notwithstanding Subsection 019.01, if an account changes insurers, that rate approved to be used for the account by the prior insurer is the maximum rate that may be used by the succeeding insurer for the remainder of the rate approval period approved for the prior insurer or until a new rate is approved for use on such account, if sooner.

04. Use of Rates Lower Than Filed Rates. An insurer may at any time use a rate for an account lower than its filed rate without prior notice, justification and approval by the director.

## 05. Terms and Definitions Applicable to This Section.

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**a.** "Experience" means "earned premiums" and "incurred claims" during the experience period. (7-1-93)

**b.** "Experience Period" means the most recent period of time for which experience is reported, but not for a period longer than three (3) full years. (7-1-93)

c. "Incurred Claims" means total claims paid during the experience period, adjusted for the change in (7-1-93)

## 020. SUPERVISION OF CREDIT INSURANCE OPERATIONS.

01. Responsibilities of Insurer. Each insurer transacting credit insurance in this state is responsible for the settlement, adjustment and payment of all claims and is responsible for conducting a thorough periodic review of creditors with respect to their credit insurance business with such creditors, to assure compliance with the insurance laws of this state and the rules promulgated by the Director. Such review needs to include, but not be limited to, a verification of the accuracy of premium payments or other identifiable charges, premium refunds, and claims incurred. (7-1-93)

**02. Maintenance of Records**. Records of such reviews will be maintained for four (4) years for review (7-1-93)

## 021. BANNED TRANSACTIONS.

The following practices, when engaged in by insurers in connection with the sale or placement of credit insurance, or as an inducement thereto, constitute unfair methods of competition and are subject to the Unfair Trade Practices Act of this State as outlined in Title 41, Chapter 13, Idaho Code.

01. Special Advantages or Services. The offer or grant by an insurer to a creditor of any special advantage or any service not set out in either the group insurance contract or in the agency contract, other than the payment of producer commissions. (5-8-09)

02. Deposit by Insurer of Money or Securities for Creditor. Agreement by an insurer to deposit with a bank or financial institution money or securities of the insurer with the design or intent that the same affects or takes the place of a deposit of money or securities which would be needed of the creditor by such bank or financial institution as a compensating balance or offsetting deposit for a loan or other advancement. ()

03. Deposit by an Insurer Without Interest or at a Lessor Rate of Interest. Deposit by an insurer of money or securities without interest or at a lesser rate of interest than is currently being paid by the creditor, bank or

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financial institution to other depositors of like amounts and terms. This paragraph is not be construed to ban the maintenance by an insurer of such demand deposits or premium deposit accounts as are reasonably necessary for use in the ordinary course of the insurer's business.

## 022. PRODUCER'S LICENSE NEEDED.

01. Life and Disability Insurance License or Limited License. To solicit credit life and credit disability insurance as provided in Title 41, Chapter 23, Idaho Code, and in this chapter, a producer is: ()

or

a. Licensed to sell life and disability insurance in compliance with Title 41, Chapter 10, Idaho Code;

**b.** Issued a "Limited License" as defined in Section 41-1003(4), Idaho Code, covering only credit life and credit disability insurance, and so licensed individuals will not, during the same period, hold a license as a producer as to any other or additional major line of insurance.

**02. Individual, Firm or Corporation**. Sections 41-1004, 41-1005, 41-1007, Idaho Code, provide that a limited producer's limited license for credit life and credit disability insurance is issued to individuals, firms or corporations qualifying for such license. Any individual who sells, solicits or negotiates with debtors to purchase individual credit life or credit disability insurance, or who explains such coverage, is to be licensed as an insurance producer. Any firm or corporation offering such individual coverage complies with the provisions of Section 41-1007(2) by having a designated licensed producer, who is an individual responsible for the business entity's compliance with the insurance laws and rules of this state. (5-8-09)

**03.** Administration of Group Policy. Under Section 41-1005(2)(b), Idaho Code, the issuance of group certificates of credit life insurance and credit disability insurance and the performance of other ministerial duties in connection with group insurance policy administration does not need the person doing such acts to be licensed as a producer provided that no commission is paid for such services. A group policyholder may be reimbursed its expense of administering a group policy without being licensed as a producer, and such reimbursement will not be considered a commission provided it is reasonably computed to equate to the actual administrative expenses. It will be presumed that an amount of reimbursement not exceeding ten percent (10%) of the net written prima facie premium for the group policy is reasonably computed to equate to the administrative expenses of the group policyholder. Amounts exceeding ten percent (10%) of the net written prima facie premium will be presumed to exceed actual administrative expenses unless prior approval to pay such greater amount is secured pursuant to the insurer demonstrating to the director's satisfaction that such higher amount does not exceed the policyholder's actual administrative expenses. For purposes of this subsection, "prima facie premium" means premiums at the rates set forth in Section 014 without adjustment pursuant to Section 018. (5-8-09)

04. Dividends and Other Compensation Permitted by Law. This section does not apply to compensation that is otherwise permitted by law, such as the payment of dividends on participating policies. ( )

## 023. DISCLOSURE.

When a premium or identifiable charge is payable by a debtor for credit insurance coverage offered by a creditor, at the time such insurance is applied for, disclosures will be made to the principal debtor and copies given and retained, in accordance with State and Federal law. The creditor will also disclose the optional nature of the coverage, premium or identifiable charge separately by type of coverage, eligibility requirements, and policy limitations and exclusions. These disclosures need to be made prominently above the space for the signature indicating election to obtain such coverage. These disclosures may be made in conjunction with either (1) the Federal Truth-in-Lending disclosure, (2) a Notice of Proposed Insurance, or (3) the insurance policy or certificate. (7-1-93)

## 18.04.01 – HEALTH CARRIER EXTERNAL REVIEW

000.	LEGAL AUTHORITY.		
Title 41,	Chapters 2 and 59, Idaho Code.	( )	)

## 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.01, "Health Carrier External Review." (4-7-11)

**02.** Scope. This rule sets forth uniform requirements to be followed by health carriers and independent review organizations in implementing external review procedures in accordance with Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code. (4-7-11)

### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS**.

The definitions set forth in Title 41, Chapter 2 and 59 are applicable to these rules. In addition, the following terms have the following meanings:

01. URAC. The nationally recognized private health care accreditation organization based in Washington, D.C., that accredits independent review organizations. The website for URAC is https://www.urac.org. (4-7-11)

#### 011. FONT SIZE FOR PRINTED MATERIALS.

Pertinent text of all printed materials to be filed with the Director, including, but not limited to, notices, disclosure forms and contract forms, is to be formatted using at least a ten (10) point font.

## 012. -- 019. (RESERVED)

#### 020. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO EXTERNAL REVIEW.

01. Disclosure to Covered Persons. Each health carrier is to provide a summary description of external review procedures in or attached to the policy, certificate, membership booklet, outline of coverage or other evidence of coverage the health carrier provides to covered persons. Health carriers will use the summary description posted on the Department's website or one that in the discretion of the Director is substantially identical. Health carriers need to submit summary description forms to the Director for review.

02. Notice to Covered Person. When a health carrier sends written notice to a covered person of a final adverse benefit determination, the health carrier will include written notice at the same time of the covered person's right to request an external review.

a. The written notice of the covered person's right to request an external review is to use the form posted on the Department's website or one that in the discretion of the Director is substantially identical. Health carriers are to submit notice forms to the Director for review.

**b.** The written notice sent by the health carrier as prescribed by this subsection is to include an authorization form to disclose protected health information in compliance with the federal regulation 45 CFR section 164.508. Health carriers need to submit authorization forms to the Director for review.

## 021. REQUEST FOR EXTERNAL REVIEW.

**01. Request Form**. The form for a covered person to request an external review will be available from the department and will be posted on the department's web site. (4-7-11)

**02.** Authorization Form. The covered person's request for an external review is to include an authorization form to disclose protected health information prescribed in Paragraph 020.02.b.

03. Appointment of an Authorized Representative. A covered person may name another person, including the treating health care provider, to act as the covered person's authorized representative for an external review request. (4-7-11)

# 022. HEALTH CARRIER NOTICE OF INITIAL DETERMINATION OF AN EXTERNAL REVIEW REQUEST.

Health carriers are to use the form posted on the Department's website or one that in the discretion of the Director is substantially identical for notice of initial determination by a health carrier for a standard external review and for an expedited external review. Health carriers need to submit notice forms to the Director for review.

## **023.** APPROVAL OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW ORGANIZATIONS.

**01.** Accreditation. An independent review organization should be accredited by a nationally recognized private accrediting entity to be approved to perform reviews under Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code, and this rule.

**02. Application for Registration**. Independent review organizations need to apply to the department and pay the applicable fees, as set forth at IDAPA 18.01.02, to be registered to perform external reviews. The application for registration is posted on the department's web site. The application needs to include the independent review organization's schedule of costs and fees for performing external reviews. ()

## 03. Notice to Director.

**a.** An independent review organization will notify the Director in writing within thirty (30) days of the date the independent review organization is no longer accredited by a nationally recognized private accrediting entity or no longer satisfies the minimum requirements established under Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code and this rule. (4-7-11)

**b.** Any change in the independent review organization's schedule of costs and fees for performing external reviews need to be submitted to the Director at least sixty (60) days before the effective date of the change.

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04. Termination of Approval. The Director may immediately terminate approval of an independent review organization if the independent review organization no longer satisfies the requirements of Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code, and this rule. Notice of termination will be in writing to the independent review organization and such organization will be deleted from the list of organizations approved to perform external reviews. If the independent review organization is performing an external review at the time of termination, the independent review organization to the Director.

## 024. VOLUNTARY ELECTION BY ERISA PLAN ADMINISTRATOR.

01. Written Notice and Compliance. If a single employer self-funded ERISA employee benefit plan administrator or designee voluntarily elects to comply with Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code, the administrator or designee will: (3-29-12)

a. Provide timely and appropriate written notice to the Director of such election. The written notice needs to include the name of the administrator or designee, the contact name and title of the person to receive correspondence for the administrator or designee, that person's email address, voice and facsimile numbers, and the name of the employer or plan; (3-29-12)

**b.** Provide written notice to the plan beneficiary of any final adverse benefit determination and of the beneficiary's right to an external review pursuant to Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code, as prescribed by Subsection 020.02 of this rule; and ()

**c.** Comply with all other provisions of Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code, and this rule, as if it were a health carrier, except the administrator or designee need not submit for the Director's review the forms posted on the Department's website.

**02. Single Plan Beneficiary**. The written notice to the Director prescribed in Subsection 024.01 of this rule for a single plan beneficiary is included with the notice of initial determination of an external review request in

(4-7-11)

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Section 022. The notice needs to include the plan beneficiary's name and identification number. The administrator or designee cannot request from the Director to terminate an external review for a single plan beneficiary while the review is in progress unless the administrator or designee has reversed the final adverse benefit determination and has notified the beneficiary it will pay benefits for the disputed service or supply. ()

03. Specific Period of Time. The written notice to the Director prescribed in Subsection 024.01 for a specific period of time needs to include the start date and end date for that period of time and be received by the Director at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date the specific period of time will begin. Any change in the start or end date for a specific period of time on file with the Director needs to be received in writing at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date effect. The termination of the specific period of time will not terminate an external review in progress unless the administrator or designee has reversed the final adverse benefit determination and has notified the beneficiary it will pay benefits for the disputed service or supply. ()

04. Effect of Election. Any single employer self-funded ERISA employee benefit plan administrator or designee that voluntarily elects to comply with Title 41, Chapter 59, Idaho Code, and this chapter of rules, does not, solely by such election and/or compliance, waive any rights, remedies, duties, causes of action, or defenses it has under ERISA or other applicable law.

#### 18.04.02 – RULE TO IMPLEMENT UNIFORM COVERAGE FOR NEWBORN AND NEWLY ADOPTED CHILDREN

## 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.04.02, "Rule to Implement Uniform Coverage for Newborn and Newly Adopted (4-2-08)

**02.** Scope. This rule sets forth uniform requirements to be followed by health plans providing coverage to newborn and newly adopted children in accordance with Sections 41-2140, 41-2210, 41-3437, 41-3923, 41-4023 and 41-4123, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

As used in this chapter the following terms have the following meanings. (4-2-08)

**01. Congenital Anomaly**. A condition existing at or from birth that is a significant deviation from the common form or function of the body, impairing the function of the body, whether caused by a hereditary or developmental defect or disease.

**02. Health Plan**. Any type of benefit plan or contract of coverage subject to the requirements of Sections 41-2140, 41-2210, 41-3437, 41-3923, 41-4023 or 41-4123, Idaho Code.

**03. Health Plan Member**. A person entitled to benefits as a member, subscriber or insured under a health plan and who, under the terms of the health plan contract, may add dependents for coverage under the health plan.

#### 04. Newborn Child.

**a.** A child born to a health plan member and added to the health plan as a newborn dependent; or

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(4-2-08)

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**b.** An adopted newborn child placed with the adopting health plan member within sixty (60) days of birth and added to the adopting health plan member's health plan as a newborn dependent. ()

**05.** Newly Adopted Child. A child under the age of eighteen (18) who is placed with the adopting health plan member more than sixty (60) days after the child's birth and added to the adopting health plan member's health plan as a dependent.

**06. Placed**. Physical placement in the care of the adopting health plan member. If physical placement is prevented due to the medical needs of the child, the date the adopting health plan member signs an agreement for adoption of the child and assumes financial responsibility for the child.

## 011. COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS.

01. Coverage of Newborn and Newly Adopted Children. A health plan subject to this chapter will provide coverage to: (4-2-08)

**a.** A newborn child of a health plan member from the moment of birth; and ()

**b.** A newly adopted child of a health plan member from the date the child is placed with the adopting health plan member. (4-2-08)

**02.** Coverage Requirements. Coverage of newborn and newly adopted children will be at least equivalent to the coverage afforded other health plan members under the health plan and include coverage for the medically necessary care and treatment of congenital anomalies.

03. Pre-Existing Conditions. A health plan cannot apply a pre-existing condition exclusion to a newborn or newly adopted child.

04. Cosmetic Surgery. A health plan will not exclude as cosmetic surgery reconstructive surgery for congenital anomalies.

05. Limitations on Coverage for Congenital Anomalies. A health plan may apply exclusions, requirements or benefit limitations, including cost sharing requirements, to coverage for congenital anomalies that are consistent with the requirements of this chapter and no more restrictive than exclusions, requirements or benefit limitations applied to coverage for similar treatments, conditions and services provided under the health plan.

(4-2-08)

(4-2-08)

#### 012. NOTIFICATION AND PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS.

#### 01. Notification and Payment.

**a.** If notice and payment of additional premium are needed for dependent coverage under the health plan contract, the contract may request notice of birth, placement or adoption and payment of associated premium as a condition of coverage for newborn and newly adopted children. The notification period cannot be less than sixty (60) days from the date of birth for a newborn child or, for newly adopted children, sixty (60) days from the earlier of the date of adoption or placement for adoption. The due date for payment of any additional premium, if requested, cannot be not less than thirty-one (31) days following receipt by the health plan member of a billing for the premium.

**b.** All requirements for notice and payment of premium applied by the health plan for the enrollment of newborn or newly adopted children are to be clearly set forth in the health plan contract and provided to the health plan members in a manner reasonably calculated to provide notice to the members of the requirements. ()

**c.** If the health plan member fails to provide the requested notification, or make the associated premium payment, the health plan may decline to enroll a dependent child as a newborn or newly adopted child, but will treat a newborn or newly adopted child no less favorably than it treats other applicants who seek coverage at a time other than when first eligible for coverage.

**d.** For self-funded health care plans subject to Title 41, Chapter 40 or 41, Idaho Code, any references to premium in this chapter should be recognized to be applying to contributions. (4-11-19)

#### 013. PORTABILITY.

The coverage provided by this chapter applies to any subsequent health plans providing coverage to the newborn or newly adopted child. If there is a break in coverage that exceeds sixty-three (63) days, the health plan may treat a congenital anomaly as a pre-existing condition and apply pre-existing condition exclusions as allowed under the applicable state and federal laws.

014. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 13, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.04.03, "Advertisement of Disability (Accident and Sickness) Insurance."

(3-30-07)

(

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02. Scope. To protect consumers by assuring truthful and adequate disclosure of all material and relevant information in the advertising of accident and sickness insurance, including Medicare supplement accident and sickness insurance and long-term care insurance. This is accomplished by the establishment of, and adherence to, certain minimum standards and guidelines of conduct in the advertising of disability (accident and sickness) insurance in a manner that prevents unfair competition among insurers and promotes an accurate presentation and description to the insurance buying public.

#### 002. APPLICABILITY.

01. Disability and Medicare Supplement Insurance. Any disability (accident and sickness) insurance "advertisement," including Medicare supplement and long-term care insurance "advertisement," as that term is defined, intended for presentation, distribution or dissemination in this state when such presentation, distribution or dissemination is made either directly or indirectly by or on behalf of an insurer or producer. ( )

**02. Control over Advertisement**. Every insurer will establish and at all times maintain a system of control over the content, form and method of dissemination of all advertisements of its policies. All such advertisements created, designed or presented, are the responsibility of the insurer whose policies are so advertised.

#### 008. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

#### 01. Advertisement. Includes:

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**a.** Printed and published material, audio visual material, and descriptive literature of an insurer used in direct mail, newspapers, magazines, radio scripts, TV scripts, web sites and other internet displays or communications, other forms of electronic communications, billboards and similar displays; ()

**b.** Descriptive literature and sales aids of all kinds issued by an insurer or producer for presentation to members of the insurance buying public; and ()

**c.** Prepared sales talks, presentations and material for use by producers whether prepared by the insurer or the producer. (3-30-07)

02. Policy. Any policy, plan, certificate, contract, agreement, statement of coverage, rider or endorsement that provides accident or sickness benefits, or medical, surgical or hospital expense benefits, whether on an indemnity, reimbursement, service or prepaid basis, except when issued in connection with another kind of insurance other than life, and except disability, waiver of premium and double indemnity benefits included in life insurance and annuity contracts. The term includes contracts for Medicare supplement insurance and long-term care insurance.

**03. Insurer**. Includes any individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal exchange, interinsurer, Lloyds, fraternal benefit society, health maintenance organization, and any other legal entity defined as an "insurer" in the Insurance Code of this state and is engaged in the advertisement of a policy as "policy" is herein defined.

04. Exception. Any provision in a policy where coverage for a specified hazard is entirely eliminated; it is a statement of a risk not assumed under the policy.

05. Reduction. Any provision that reduces the amount of the benefit; a risk of loss is assumed but payment upon the occurrence of such loss is limited to some amount or period less than would be payable had such

reduction not been used.

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06. Limitation. Any provision that restricts coverage under the policy other than an exception or a ( )

#### 011. METHOD OF DISCLOSURE OF REQUISITE INFORMATION.

All information needed to be disclosed by these rules will be set out conspicuously and closely associated with the statements to which such information relates or under appropriate captions of such prominence that it will not be minimized, rendered obscure or presented in an ambiguous fashion or intermingled with the context of the advertisement so as to be confusing or misleading.

#### 012. FORM AND CONTENT OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

The format and content of an advertisement of an accident or sickness insurance policy will be sufficiently complete, not misleading, and clear to avoid deception.

# 013. ADVERTISEMENTS OF BENEFITS PAYABLE, LOSSES COVERED OR PREMIUMS PAYABLE.

#### **01. Prohibitions**. Deceptive words, phrases or illustrations banned:

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**a.** No advertisement will contain or use words or phrases such as, "all"; "full"; "complete"; "comprehensive"; "unlimited"; "up to"; "as high as"; "this policy will help pay your hospital and surgical bills"; "this policy will help fill some of the gaps that Medicare and your present insurance leave out"; "this policy will help to replace your income" or similar words and phrases, in a manner that exaggerates any benefits beyond the terms of the policy.

**b.** An advertisement will not contain descriptions of a policy limitation, exception, or reduction, worded in a positive manner to imply that it is a benefit. Words and phrases used in an advertisement to describe such policy limitations, exceptions and reductions should fairly and accurately describe the negative features of such limitations, exceptions and reductions of the policy offered.

**c.** No advertisement of a benefit for which payment is conditional upon confinement in a hospital or similar facility will use words or phrases that have the capacity, tendency or effect of misleading the public into believing that the policy advertised will, in some way, enable them to make a profit from being hospitalized. ( )

**d.** No advertisement of a hospital or other similar facility benefit will advertise that the amount of the benefit is payable on a monthly or weekly basis when, in fact, the amount of the benefit payable is based upon a daily pro - rata basis relating to the number of days of confinement. When the policy contains a limit on the number of days of coverage provided, such limit needs to appear in the advertisement.

e. No advertisement of a policy covering only one (1) disease or a list of specified diseases will imply coverage beyond the terms of the policy.

**f.** An advertisement for a policy providing benefits for specified illnesses only, or for specified accidents only, will clearly and conspicuously in prominent type, state the limited nature of the policy. The statement will be in language identical to, or substantially similar to the following: "THIS IS A LIMITED POLICY"; "THIS IS A CANCER ONLY POLICY"; "THIS IS AN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT ONLY POLICY."

**g.** No advertisement of a direct response insurance product will imply that because "no insurance agent will call and no commissions will be paid to agents" that it is a "low cost plan," or use other similar words.

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**h.** No advertisement will contain or use words or phrases such as, "Medicare supplement"; "Medigap"; "this policy will help fill some of the gaps that Medicare leaves out"; or similar words and phrases, unless the policy is issued in compliance with IDAPA 18.04.10. ()

i. An advertisement will clearly state the type of insurance coverage being offered. (3-30-07)

#### **02.** Exceptions, Reductions and Limitations. (7-1-93)

**a.** When an advertisement refers to either a dollar amount, or a period of time for which any benefit is payable, or the cost of the policy, or specific policy benefit, or the loss for which such benefit is payable, it will also disclose those exceptions, reductions and limitations affecting the basic provisions of the policy. ()

**b.** When a policy contains a waiting, elimination, probationary or similar time period between the effective date of the policy and the effective date of coverage under the policy or a time period between the date a loss occurs and the date benefits begin to accrue for such loss, an advertisement that is subject to the requirements of the preceding paragraph will disclose the existence of such periods. (7-1-93)

**c.** An advertisement will not use the words "only"; "just"; "merely"; "minimum"; or similar words or phrases to describe the applicability of any exceptions and reductions.

#### 03. Pre-Existing Conditions.

(7-1-93)

a. An advertisement subject to the requirements of Subsection 013.02 will, in negative terms, disclose the extent to which any loss is not covered if the cause of such loss is traceable to a condition existing prior to the effective date of the policy. The term "pre-existing condition" without an appropriate definition or description will not be used. (3-30-07)

**b.** When a policy does not cover losses resulting from pre-existing conditions, no advertisement of the policy will state or imply that the applicant's physical condition or medical history will not affect the issuance of the policy or payment of a claim thereunder. This rule does not prohibit explaining "automatic issue." If an insurer requires a medical examination for a specified policy, the advertisement will disclose that a medical examination is needed.

**c.** When an advertisement contains an application form to be completed by the applicant and returned by mail for a direct response insurance product, such application form will contain a question or statement that reflects the pre-existing condition provisions of the policy immediately preceding the blank space for the applicant's signature.

# 014. NECESSITY FOR DISCLOSING POLICY PROVISIONS RELATING TO RENEWABILITY, CANCELLATION AND TERMINATION.

When an advertisement refers to either a dollar amount or a period of time for which any benefit is payable, or the cost of the policy, or specific policy benefit, or the loss for which such benefit is payable, it will disclose the provisions relating to renewability, cancellation and termination and any modification of benefits, losses covered or premiums because of age or for other reasons, in a manner that will not minimize or render obscure the qualifying conditions. (7-1-93)

#### 015. TESTIMONIALS OR ENDORSEMENTS BY THIRD PARTIES.

01. Testimonials. Testimonials used in advertisements will be genuine, represent the current opinion of the author, be applicable to the policy advertised and be accurately reproduced. The insurer, in using a testimonial, makes as its own all of the statements contained therein, and the advertisement, including such statement, is subject to all the provisions of this chapter.

02. Disclosure of Financial Interest. If the person making a testimonial, an endorsement or an appraisal has a financial interest in the insurer or a related entity as a stockholder, director, officer, employee, or otherwise, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement. If a person is compensated for making a testimonial, endorsement or appraisal, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement by language substantially as follows: "Paid Endorsement." This chapter does not require disclosure of union "scale" wages set by union rules if the payment is actually for such "scale" for TV or radio performances. The payment of substantial amounts, directly or indirectly, for "travel and entertainment" for filming or recording of TV or radio advertisements requires disclosure of such compensation.

#### IDAPA 18.04.03 – Advertisement of Disability (Accident & Sickness) Insurance

03. Limitations and Restrictions. An advertisement will not state or imply that an insurer or a policy has been approved or endorsed by any individual, group of individuals, society, association or other organizations, unless such is the fact, and unless any proprietary relationship between an organization and the insurer is disclosed. If the entity making the endorsement or testimonial has been formed by the insurer or is owned or controlled by the insurer or the person or persons who own or control the insurer, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement.

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04. Retention of Data. When a testimonial refers to benefits received under a policy, the specific claim data, including claim number, date of loss, and other pertinent information is retained by the insurer for inspection for a period of four (4) years or until the filing of the next regular report on examination of the insurer, whichever is the longer period of time.

#### 016. USE OF STATISTICS.

01. Requests for Use of Statistical Information. An advertisement relating to the dollar amounts of claims paid, the number of persons insured, or similar statistical information relating to any insurer or policy cannot use irrelevant facts, and cannot be used unless it accurately reflects all relevant facts. Such an advertisement will not imply that such statistics are derived from the policy advertised unless such is the fact, and when applicable to other policies or plans will specifically so state. ()

02. Restrictions on Representations. An advertisement will not represent or imply that claim settlements by the insurer are "liberal" or "generous," or use words of similar import, or that claim settlements are or will be beyond the actual terms of the contract. An unusual amount paid for a unique claim for the policy advertised is misleading and cannot be used.

03. Source of Statistics. The source of any statistics used in an advertisement will be identified in such (7-1-93)

#### 017. IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN OR NUMBER OF POLICIES.

**01. Disclosure Requirements**. When a choice of the amount of benefits is referred to, an advertisement will disclose that the amount of benefits provided depends upon the plan selected and that the premium will vary with the amount of the benefits selected. (7-1-93)

**02. Disclosure Based on Combination of Policies**. When an advertisement refers to various benefits that may be contained in two (2) or more policies, other than group master policies, the advertisement will disclose that such benefits are provided only through a combination of such policies. (7-1-93)

#### 018. DISPARAGING COMPARISONS AND STATEMENTS.

An advertisement will not directly or indirectly make unfair or incomplete comparisons of policies or benefits or comparisons of non-comparable policies of other insurers, and will not disparage competitors, their policies, services or business methods, and will not disparage or unfairly minimize competing methods of marketing insurance.

(7 - 1 - 93)

### 019. JURISDICTION LICENSING AND STATUS OF INSURER.

**01. Restrictions on Licensing Jurisdiction**. An advertisement intended to be seen or heard beyond the limits of the jurisdiction in which the insurer is licensed will not imply licensing beyond those limits. ()

02. Restrictions on Endorsements. An advertisement will not create the impression directly or indirectly that the insurer, its financial condition or status, or the payment of its claims, or the merits, desirability, or advisability of its policy forms or kinds or plans of insurance are approved, endorsed, or accredited by any division or agency of this state or the United States Government. (7-1-93)

#### 020. IDENTITY OF INSURER.

01. Name of Insurer to Be Identified. The name of the actual insurer is clearly identified and the

#### IDAPA 18.04.03 – Advertisement of Disability (Accident & Sickness) Insurance

policy or policies advertised is identified by form number or otherwise described. An advertisement will not use a trade name, any insurance group designation, name of the parent company of the insurer, name of a particular division of the insurer, service mark, slogan, symbol or other device that, without disclosing the name of the actual insurer.

**02. Identity of Insurer Not to Be Misrepresented**. No advertisement can use any combination of words, symbols, or physical materials that by their content, phraseology, shape, color or other characteristics are so similar to combinations of words, symbols, or physical materials used by agencies of the federal government or of this state, or appear to be of such a nature that it tends to confuse or mislead prospective insureds into believing that the solicitation is in some manner connected with an agency of the municipal, state, or federal government. ()

#### 021. GROUP OR QUASI-GROUP IMPLICATIONS.

An advertisement of a particular policy will not state or imply that prospective insureds become group or quasi-group members covered under a group policy and as such enjoy special rates or underwriting privileges, unless such is the fact. (7-1-93)

#### 022. INTRODUCTORY, INITIAL OR SPECIAL OFFERS.

#### 01. Restrictions on Introductory, Initial or Special Offers. (7-1-93)

**a.** An advertisement of an individual policy will not represent that a contract or combination of contracts is an introductory, initial or special offer, or that applicants will receive substantial advantages not available at a later date, or that the offer is available only to a specified group of individuals, unless such is the fact. An advertisement cannot contain phrases describing an enrollment period as "special," "limited," or similar words.

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**b.** An enrollment period during which a particular insurance product may be purchased on an individual basis cannot be offered within this state unless there has been a lapse of not less than three (3) months between the close of the immediately preceding enrollment period for the same product and the opening of the new enrollment period. The advertisement will indicate the date by which the applicant need mail the application, which is not less than ten (10) days and not more than forty (40) days from the date that such enrollment period is advertised for the first time. This chapter applies to all advertising media, i.e., mail, newspapers, radio, television, magazines and periodicals, by any one (1) insurer. It is inapplicable to solicitations of employees or members of a particular group or association that would be eligible under specific provisions of the Insurance Code for group, blanket or franchise insurance. The phrase "any one (1) insurer" includes all the affiliated companies of a group of insurance companies under common management or control.

**c.** This chapter prohibits any statement or implication to the effect that only a specific number of policies will be sold, or that a time is fixed for the discontinuance of the sale of the particular policy advertised because of special advantages available in the policy, unless such is the fact. ()

**d.** The phrase "a particular insurance product" in paragraph(s) of this Section means an insurance policy that provides substantially different benefits than those contained in any other policy. Different terms of renewability; and increase or decrease in the dollar amounts of benefits; and increase or decrease in any elimination period or waiting period from those available during an enrollment period for another policy will not be sufficient to constitute the product being offered as a different product eligible for concurrent or overlapping enrollment periods.

(7-1-93)

**02. Restrictions on Reduced Initial Premium**. When an insurer charges an initial premium that differs in amount from the amount of the renewal premium payable on the same mode, the advertisement will not display the amount of the reduced initial premium either more frequently or more prominently than the renewal premium.

**03. Restriction on Special Awards**. Special awards, such as a "safe drivers' award" will not be used in connection with advertisements of accident or accident and sickness insurance. (7-1-93)

#### **023.** STATEMENTS ABOUT AN INSURER.

#### IDAPA 18.04.03 – Advertisement of Disability (Accident & Sickness) Insurance

An advertisement will not contain statements that are untrue in fact, or by implication misleading, with respect to the assets, corporate structure, financial standing, age or relative position of the insurer in the insurance business. An advertisement will not contain a recommendation by any commercial rating system unless it clearly indicates the purpose of the recommendation and the limitations of the scope and extent of the recommendation. (7-1-93)

#### 024. ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.

Each insurer will maintain at its home or principal office a complete file containing every printed, published or prepared advertisement of its individual policies and typical printed, published or prepared advertisements of its blanket, franchise and group policies hereafter disseminated in this or any other state whether or not licensed in such other state, with a notation attached to each such advertisement that will indicate the manner and extent of distribution and the form number of any policy advertised. Such file is subject to regular and periodical inspection by this Department. All such advertisements will be maintained in said file for a period of either four (4) years or until the filing of the next regular report on examination of the insurer, whichever period is longer. (3-30-07)

### 025. FILING FOR PRIOR REVIEW.

The Director may, at their discretion, require the filing of any accident and sickness insurance advertising material for review prior to use.

026. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.04.04 – THE MANAGED CARE REFORM ACT RULE

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 39, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.04.04, "The Managed Care Reform Act Rule."

**02.** Scope. The Act and this chapter define procedures to be followed in establishing and operating a Managed Care Organization.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Balance Billing**. The practice whereby a provider bills an individual covered under the benefit plan for the difference between the amount the provider normally charges for a service and the amount the plan, policy, or contract recognizes as the allowable charge or negotiated price for the service delivered.

**02.** MCO. Managed Care Organizations is abbreviated to MCO in this rule. (7-1-98)

**03. MCO Provider**. MCO provider means any provider owned, managed, employed by, or under contract with an MCO to provide health care services to MCO members. An MCO provider includes a physician, hospital, or other person licensed or authorized to furnish health care services.

#### 011. APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.

01. Certificate of Authority. Any person offering a managed care plan on a predetermined and prepaid basis is transacting the business of insurance and needs to be authorized under a Certificate of Authority issued by the Director of Insurance.

**02. Application Requirements.** The application for a Certificate of Authority will include the affidavits, statements, and other information as enumerated in Idaho Code, Sections 41-319, 41-3904, 41-3905, and 41-3906. After receiving these completed documents, the Director has the authority to request any supplemental information before final approval or disapproval is given.

#### 03. Capital Surplus and Deposit Requirements.

**a.** The Director has established the following minimum capital fund requirements as per Section 41-3905(8), Idaho Code, based on the number of enrolled members:

Enrolled Members	Capital Funds
0-100	\$200,000
101-300	\$300,000
301-500	\$400,000
501-700	\$500,000
701-1,000	\$1,000,000
1,001-2,000	\$1,500,000
2,001-3,000	\$2,000,000

(7-1-98)

)

(7 - 1 - 98)

**b.** In no event will the organization's capital funds be less than the following:

One year after the organization becomes subject to the Act \$1,000,000

Two years after the date the organization becomes subject to the Act	\$1,500,000
Three years after the date the organization becomes subject to the Act	\$2,000,000

)

c. Immediately upon becoming subject to the Act, the MCO's minimum statutory deposit requirements is calculated as fifty percent (50%) of the amount of the organization's Capital funds as calculated above up to a maximum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000), but not less than two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). The amount of the deposit so held by the Department is adjusted based on the organization's December 31st and June 30th financial statement filings each year. In no event will the minimum prescribed statutory deposit amount be reduced. Upon notification by the Department of the necessary increase in the deposit amount, the organization will have no more than thirty (30) days to come into compliance with the prescribed amount. Failure to increase the deposit as prescribed will subject the organization to suspension or revocation of its certificate of authority pursuant to Section 41-326, Idaho Čode. )

#### SOLICITATION PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY. 012.

01. Permission for Solicitation Requisite. In accordance with Section 41-3904, Idaho Code, a proposed MCO, after filing its application for a Certificate of Authority, may request permission from the Director to inform potential enrollees concerning its proposed managed care services. ( )

Solicitation Materials. Before contacting potential enrollees or subscribers, the proposed MCO 02. will submit its request for permission to the Director in writing, with copies of brochures, advertising or solicitation materials, sales talks or any other procedures or methods to be used. (7-1-98)

Methods of Solicitation. Advertising and solicitation materials used by a proposed MCO need to 03. meet the following minimum requirements: (7-1-98)

a.	The prospective enrollee will clearly be advised that:	(7-1-98)
i.	The proposed MCO is not as yet authorized to offer health care services in this state;	(7-1-98)
ii.	Coverage for health care services is not being provided at the time of the solicitation;	(7-1-98)
iii.	The solicitation is not a guarantee that any services will be provided at a future date.	(7-1-98)
<b>b.</b> contain but not	The format and content of any material offered will conform with the MCO Act. Such m be limited to the following information:	aterial will ( )
i. be entitled;	Complete description of the proposed MCO services and other benefits to which the enro	llee would (7-1-98)

The location of all facilities, the hours of operation, and the services which would be provided in ii. each facility; (7 - 1 - 98)

The predetermined periodic rate of payment for the proposed services; iii. (7 - 1 - 98)

iv. All exclusions and limitations on the proposed services, including any copayment feature, and all restrictions relating to pre-existing conditions. (7 - 1 - 98)

No person will solicit enrollment or inform prospective enrollees concerning proposed MCO c. services unless compensated solely as a salaried employee of the proposed MCO. ( )

#### ANNUAL DISCLOSURE, FILING WITH DIRECTOR. 013.

The annual disclosure material prescribed to be filed with the Director pursuant to Section 41-3914, Idaho Code, is filed with the reports to the Director on or before March 1 each year. ( )

#### 014. ANNUAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR.

In accordance with Sections 41-3910 and 41-335, Idaho Code, every managed care organization will annually on or before the first day of March, file with the Director a full and true statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the preceding December 31. Unless otherwise prescribed by the Director, the statement is to be prepared in accordance with the annual statement instructions and the accounting practices and procedures manual adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) and is to be submitted on the NAIC annual convention blank form. The managed care organization will also file its annual audited financial report in accordance with IDAPA 18.07.04, "Annual Audited Financial Reports."

#### 015. PERSONNEL AND FACILITIES LISTING.

01. Current Listing. The MCO will at all times keep a current list of all personnel, providers and facilities employed, retained or under contract to furnish health care services to enrollees. This list is to be made available to the Director upon request.

**02.** Allowable Expense -- No Balance Billing. No MCO provider or other provider accepting a referral from an MCO, who treats or provides services to an individual covered by the MCO, may charge to or collect from any member or other beneficiary any amount in excess of that amount of compensation determined or allowed for a particular service by the MCO or by the administrator for the MCO. Nothing in this section prevents the collection of any copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles allowed for in the plan design. ()

03. Procedures for Basic Care and Referrals. The MCO will provide basic health care to enrollees through an organized system of health care providers. In plans in which referrals to specialty physicians and ancillary services are prescribed, the MCO provider or the MCO will initiate the referrals. The MCO will inform its providers of their responsibility to provide written referrals and any specific procedures that need to be followed in providing referrals, including prohibition of balance billing. ()

04. Health Care Services to Be Accessible. The MCO, either directly or through its organized system of health care providers, will arrange for covered health care services, including referrals to providers within the organized system of health care providers and noncontracting providers, to be accessible to enrollees on a timely basis in accordance with medically appropriate guidelines consistent with generally accepted practice parameters.

(7 - 1 - 98)

05. Out of Network Services. In the case of provider care which is delivered outside of the organized system of health care providers or defined referral system, the MCO will alert those covered under health benefit plans to the fact that providers which are not MCO providers, or have not accepted written referrals, may balance bill the customer for amounts above the MCO's maximum allowance. Consumers should be encouraged to discuss the issue with their providers (7-1-98)

#### 016. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.04.05, "Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule." (3-25-16)

(4-5-00)

**02.** Scope. This rule supplements the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, Self-Funded Health Care Plans.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. "All Contributions to Be Paid in Advance." All contributions are to be paid in advance of the period of time for which the contribution is made.

**02. "Deposited in and Disbursed from a Trust Fund."** All contributions based on calculated rates in accordance with Section 028 of this rule are deposited into the trust fund and all expenses are paid out of the trust fund.

#### 011. -- 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. QUALIFICATION OF PLAN.

In order for a plan to qualify under Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, the plan's trust will be established by agreement between the employer or employers or a postsecondary education institution and the trustee of the trust, for the sole purpose of providing health care benefits to employees of the employer or employers or to students of the postsecondary educational institution. (3-25-16)

#### 022. REGISTRATION.

**01. Registration Requisite**. No self-funded plan, unless exempted from registration by Section 41-4003, Idaho Code, will be organized and permitted to operate in the state of Idaho without securing a Certificate of Registration from the Director.

02. Specific Plans. Any plans covering the employees of a common employer are a single plan in respect to the exemption for registration allowed in Section 41-4003, Idaho Code. Any combinations of plans under the effective control of a single administrator, trustee, and/or employer, or group of administrators, trustees and/or employers utilizing or attempting to utilize the exempt dollar amounts permitted under Section 41-4003, Idaho Code in order to avoid registration of any such plans are deemed to be contrary to the intent of Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, and are expressly banned by this rule.

**03. Beneficiary Within State**. Registration is mandatory of plans that cover any beneficiary working or residing within this state, unless the plans are otherwise exempted by Section 41-4003(2), Idaho Code. ()

#### 023. (RESERVED)

#### 024. INVESTIGATION OF PROPOSED APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION.

The Director may make an investigation of matters accompanying the application for registration including an examination specified in Section 41-4013, Idaho Code. Costs of any investigation or examination, or both, will be borne by the trust fund of the plan.

#### 025. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE.

The trust fund may take credit in any financial statement for contributions receivable which are not in excess of ninety (90) days past due. (7-1-93)

#### 026. TRUST FUND RESERVES AND SURPLUS.

01. **Reserve Requirements**. The trust fund of the plan is to continuously maintain reserves sufficient, as certified by a qualified actuary as being necessary, to fully fund payment of all benefits in effect at the time a claim

arises. This reserve needs to adequately provide for all reasonably estimated future claim payments, adjustment expenses, and litigation expenses on claims which have arisen, including claims incurred but not reported, extended benefits and maternity benefits, if any. (3-25-16)

02. Reserves for Disability Income Benefits. Reserves established for disability income benefits cannot be less than the Minimum Reserve Standards for Group Health Insurance Contracts set forth the in the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual unless it can be proven to the satisfaction of the Director that a lower reserve can be actuarially justified.

**03.** Certification by Actuary. Reserves needs to be certified annually by a qualified actuary. Such certification needs to be accompanied by a statement describing bases used in reserve determination. The certification will be in a form acceptable to the Director. (3-25-16)

**04. Insolvent Condition**. If determination of surplus reveals a deficiency in surplus, the Director may allow the plan up to ninety (90) days to accumulate prescribed surplus. The plan is deemed insolvent when it is either unable to pay its obligations or its assets do not exceed all its liabilities, including prescribed reserves. ()

### 027. BONDING.

**01. Certified Copy of Bond**. The plan will submit to the Director a certified copy of the fidelity bond or equivalent coverage, as prescribed under Section 41-4014(3), Idaho Code. ()

02. Scope of Coverage. The fidelity bond or equivalent coverage will cover every trustee, officer, director, and employee of the plan. (3-25-16)

**03.** Cancellation of Bond Requirements. The fidelity bond or equivalent coverage needs to contain language stating that it is noncancellable except upon not less than thirty (30) days advance notice in writing to the trustee and the Director. A copy of any notice cancelling a bond prescribed under Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, is to be forwarded to the Director by the surety at the same time it is forwarded to the trustee. ()

04. Third Party Administrator. Any party that provides any one of the following services to the plan needs to be licensed as a third party administrator:

- a. Directly or indirectly underwrites; (3-25-16)
- **b.** Collects or handles charges or contributions; or (3-25-16)

c. Adjusts or settles claims on members or beneficiaries of the plan. (3-25-16)

#### 028. CONTRIBUTION RATES.

**01. Contribution Rate Calculation**. Contribution rates will be calculated at least annually by a qualified actuary. The contribution rate calculations should break down and designate the rate for the employer and the rate per employee, or the rate for the postsecondary educational institution and the rate per student. ()

**02. Employer Contributions**. Employer contributions will be based on filed rates, paid in advance on a periodic basis during the period of coverage or at the beginning of the period of coverage. (3-25-16)

**03. Annual Filing of Rates**. The annual filing of rates with the Director will include a breakdown as prescribed under Subsection 028.01. ()

#### 029. CONTRACTS AND SERVICES.

01. Affiliated Contracts. All contracts for goods or services provided to the plan by any plan sponsor, employer, third party administrator, or other affiliated entity or employee or agent thereof, will be in writing, setting forth in detail the rights and duties of each party to the writing; regardless of whether compensation, fees, or other consideration is paid or exchanged directly or indirectly. (3-25-16)

02. Contracts for Services. All contracts for services directly affecting the plan including, but not limited to, accounting services, legal services, custodial agreements, and agreements for lease, rent, or insurance coverage to be performed or entered into on behalf of the plan will be agreed to by the board of trustees and the other party.

**03. Recordkeeping and Writing**. Contracts and agreements valued at greater than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) entered into by the plan, will be in writing and approved by resolution of the board of trustees, and placed in the minutes and records of the plan. (3-25-16)

04. Fiduciary Duty. By entering into contracts and agreements, the trustees are not permitted to transfer or avoid their statutory fiduciary responsibilities. (3-25-16)

#### 030. RECORDS.

01. Board Actions. Any and all acts, resolutions, appointments, or delegations, or other decisions of the board of trustees will be in writing and placed in the minutes and records of the plan. (3-25-16)

02. Complete Records. The full and accurate records and accounts of the plan include, but are not limited to, minutes of the meetings of the board of trustees that document the acts, resolutions, appointments or delegations of the trustees; any and all correspondence between the board of trustees and contractors; accounting and actuarial records; and any and all records, correspondence, minutes, or statements as prescribed by law or the trust agreement.

#### 031. ANNUAL STATEMENT.

The trustee will file an annual statement within ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year of the Plan and at such other time as may be determined by the Director. A quarterly statement will be filed with the Director within sixty (60) days of the end of each quarter in a form acceptable to the Director. (3-30-07)

#### 032. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.04.06 – GOVERNMENTAL SELF-FUNDED EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE PLANS RULE

<b>000.</b> Title 41,	-	AUTHORITY. 2, Idaho Code.	(3-30-0	)7)
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.06, "Governmental Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans Rule."	'(3-30-0	)7)
Joint Pu	<b>02.</b> blic Ager	<b>Scope</b> . The purpose of this rule is to supplement the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 41, Id new Self-Funded Health Care Plans by providing:	laho Coc (3-30-0	
	a.	Dates of application for registration;	(3-30-0	)7)
	b.	Requirements for application for registration;	(3-30-0	)7)
	c.	Rules regarding investigation of applications;	(3-30-0	)7)
	d.	Definition of needed liabilities; and establishment of reserve bases; and	(	)
	e.	To provide an effective date.	(3-30-0	)7)

### 002. -- 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. QUALIFICATION OF PLAN.

In order to qualify under Title 41, Chapter 41, Idaho Code, the plan's trust needs to be established by agreement between the public agency employers or joint powers entity and the trustee of the trust, for the sole purpose of providing health care benefits to employees of the public agency employer or employers.

#### 022. REGISTRATION.

**01. Registration Requisite**. No joint public agency self-funded plan, unless exempted from registration by Section 41-4103, Idaho Code, will be organized and permitted to operate in the state of Idaho without securing a certificate of registration from the Director of insurance.

**02. Beneficiary Within State**. Registration is mandatory of plans that cover any beneficiary working or residing within this state, unless the plans are exempted by Section 41-4103, Idaho Code.

#### 023. APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION.

01. Application. The application needs to include each of the requirements set out in Section 41-4105, Idaho Code. The projected income and disbursement statement referenced in Section 41-4105(2)(d), Idaho Code, needs to be certified by an actuary meeting the qualifications of Section 41-4105(2)(d), Idaho Code, and accompanied by a description of assumptions used in projecting income and disbursements together with bases used to estimate amounts reserved for claims. ()

**02. Joint Powers Agreement**. The joint powers agreement needs to comply with Title 41, Chapter 41 and, to the extent not in conflict with Title 41, the joint powers agreement needs to also comply with Title 67, Chapter 23, Idaho Code. The joint powers agreement needs to contain, at a minimum, the conditions set forth in Section 41-4104, Idaho Code.

#### 03. Trust Agreement.

a. The trust agreement will comply with Title 41, Chapter 41, Idaho Code, and, to the extent not in conflict with Title 41, the trust agreement needs to also comply with Title 68, Idaho Code, and Title 15, Chapter 7, Idaho Code. The trust agreement will contain, at a minimum, the conditions set forth in Section 41-4104, Idaho Code.

**b.** The term irrevocable as used in Section 41-4104(1), Idaho Code, means that the plan sponsor cannot retain a power to alter, amend, revoke or terminate the transfer in trust. The trustee may, pursuant to the terms of the trust agreement, amend the terms of the trust agreement for the purpose of complying with applicable law.

(3-30-07)

(3-30-07)

**04. Biographical Affidavit**. The application needs to be accompanied by a biographical affidavit for each trustee on a form acceptable to Director.

#### 024. INVESTIGATION OF PROPOSED APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION.

The Director may make an investigation of matters accompanying the application for registration as deemed necessary including an examination specified in Section 41-4113, Idaho Code. (3-30-07)

#### 025. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE.

The trust fund may take credit in any financial statement for contributions receivable which are not in excess of ninety (90) days past due. (3-30-07)

#### 026. TRUST FUND RESERVES.

01. Reserve Requirements. The trust fund of a plan needs to continuously maintain reserves, pursuant to Section 41-4110, Idaho Code, from inception of the plan, sufficient to fully fund payment of all benefits at the time a claim arises. This reserve needs to adequately provide for all reasonably estimated future claim payments, adjustment expenses, and litigation expenses on claims which have arisen, including claims incurred but not reported, extended benefits and maternity benefits, if any.

02. Reserves for Disability Income Benefits. Reserves established for disability income benefits cannot be less than reserves determined by the Minimum Reserve Standards for Group Health Insurance Contracts set forth the in the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual unless it can be proven to the satisfaction of the Director that a lower reserve can be actuarially justified.

03. Certification by Actuary. Reserves needs to be certified annually by an actuary who meets the requirements of Section 41-4105(2)(d), Idaho Code, and such certification needs to be accompanied by a statement describing bases used in reserve determination. The certification will be in a form acceptable to the Director. ( )

#### 04. Insolvent Condition.

**a.** Insolvency means that the plan is unable to pay its obligations when they are due, or when its admitted assets do not exceed its liabilities, including needed reserves. ()

**b.** If the determination of reserves reveals an insolvent condition, the Director may allow the plan a period of time not exceeding ninety (90) days to accumulate needed reserves. (3-30-07)

#### 027. BONDING OR DISHONESTY INSURANCE.

**01. Certified Copy of Bond**. A certified copy of the fidelity bond or dishonesty policy, as prescribed under Section 41-4114(3), Idaho Code, will be furnished to the Director by the plan. ()

**02. Cancellation of Bond Requirements.** The bond or dishonesty policy will contain language stating that the bond or policy is noncancellable except upon not less than thirty (30) days advance notice in writing to the trustee and the Director. A copy of any notice cancelling a bond or dishonesty policy prescribed under Chapter 41 is to be forwarded to the Director by the surety or policy provider at the same time it is forwarded to the board. ( )

#### 028. ANNUAL STATEMENT.

The trustee will file an annual statement within ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year of the plan and at such other time as may be determined by the Director. A quarterly statement will be filed with the Director within sixty (60) days of the end of each quarter in a form acceptable to the Director. (3-30-07)

#### 029. -- 999. (RESERVED)

(3-30-07)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2, 13 and 18, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.07, "Restrictions on Discretionary Clauses in Health Insurance Contracts."

(5-8-09)

(5-8-09)

(5-8-09)

**02. Scope**. This rule sets forth uniform requirements regarding the use of discretionary clauses to be followed by health carriers transacting insurance in Idaho. This chapter does not apply to a health insurance contract for group coverage offered by or through an employer to its employees. ()

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Discretionary Clause. Any health insurance contract provision that provides the health carrier with sole discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits or to interpret the terms and provisions of the health insurance contract.

**03. Health Care Services**. Services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a health condition, illness, injury, or disease. ()

04. Health Carrier. An entity subject to regulation under Title 41, Chapters 21, 22, 32, 34, 39, 40, 41, 47, 52 or 55, Idaho Code.

**05. Health Insurance Contract**. Any policy, contract, certificate, agreement, or other form or document providing, defining, or explaining coverage for health care services offered, delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state by a health carrier.

#### 011. DISCRETIONARY CLAUSES.

No health insurance contract may contain a discretionary clause.

#### 012. GROUNDS FOR DISAPPROVAL.

Any health insurance contract containing terms inconsistent with the provisions of this rule is misleading, inequitable and unfairly prejudicial to the policyholder and the insurance-buying public. In addition to any other sanction or remedy afforded by Title 41, Idaho Code, the use of provisions inconsistent with this rule in a health insurance contract is grounds for the Director to disapprove the health insurance contract in accordance with Section 41-1813, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

#### 013. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.04.09 – COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Sections 41-2140, 41-2210, 41-3438, 41-3932, and 41-4023, Idaho Code.

(

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

IDAPA 18.04.09, "Complications of Pregnancy." The chapter defines the intent of the provisions pertaining to involuntary complications of pregnancy under Title 41, Chapters 21, 22, 34, 39, and 40, Idaho Code.

#### 002. -- 010. (RESERVED)

#### 011. COVERAGE.

**01. Applicability**. This chapter applies to all contracts regulated by Title 41, Chapters 21, 22, 34, 39, and 40, Idaho Code, which provide maternity benefits for a person covered continuously from conception. When the contract does not provide maternity benefits, the provisions of this chapter do not apply. ()

**02. Involuntary Complications of Pregnancy**. Involuntary complications of pregnancy, as that term is used in Sections 41-2140(2), 41-2210(2), 41-3438, 41-3932, and 41-4023, Idaho Code, includes but is not limited to: (7-1-93)

**a.** Conditions, requiring hospital confinement (when the pregnancy is not terminated), whose diagnoses are distinct from pregnancy but are adversely affected by pregnancy or are caused by pregnancy, such as acute nephritis, nephrosis, cardiac decompensation, missed abortion and similar medical and surgical conditions of comparable severity, but not false labor, occasional spotting, physician prescribed rest during the period of pregnancy, morning sickness, hyperemesis qravidarum, preeclampsia and similar conditions associated with the management of a difficult pregnancy not constituting a nosologically distinct complication of pregnancy; and ()

**b.** Ectopic pregnancy which is terminated, spontaneous termination of pregnancy which occurs during a period of gestation in which a viable birth is not possible, puerperal infection, eclampsia and toxemia. ()

#### 012. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 44, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.04.10, "The Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act."

02. Scope.

- **a.** Except as specifically provided in Sections 046, 051, 066, and 077, this chapter applies to: ( )
- i. All Medicare supplement policies delivered or issued for delivery in this state; and ( )

ii. All certificates issued under group Medicare supplement policies, which certificates have been delivered or issued for delivery in this state. (4-5-00)

**b.** This chapter does not apply to a policy or contract of one (1) or more employers or labor organizations, or of the trustees of a fund established by one (1) or more employers or labor organizations, or combination thereof, for employees or former employees, or a combination thereof, of the labor organization. (4-5-00)

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

This chapter incorporates by reference Appendixes A (Refund Calculation and Calculation of Benchmark forms Model Regulation 651 pages 651-94 to 651-97), B (Form for Reporting Medicare Supplement Policies, page 651-98), and C (Disclosure Statements pages 651-99 to 651-108), and all other outlines of coverage and specific plan designs of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Model Regulation 651 (pages 651-42 to 651-85) implementing the Medicare supplement insurance minimum standards (2018). The Model Regulation is available from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and from the Idaho Department of Insurance.

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

#### 01. Applicant.

a. In the case of an individual Medicare supplement policy, the person who seeks to contract for insurance benefits; and (4-5-00)

**b.** In the case of a group Medicare supplement policy, the proposed certificate holder. (4-5-00)

**02. Bankruptcy**. A Medicare Advantage organization that is not an issuer has filed, or has had filed against it, a petition for declaration of bankruptcy and has ceased doing business in the state. (4-11-06)

03. Continuous Period of Creditable Coverage. The period during which an individual was covered by creditable coverage, if during the period of the coverage the individual had no breaks in coverage greater than sixty-three (63) days. (4-5-00)

04.	Creditable Coverage.	(4-5-00)
a.	With respect to an individual, coverage of the individual provided under any of the	following: (4-5-00)
i.	A group health plan;	(4-5-00)

- ii. Health insurance coverage; (4-5-00)
- iii. Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (Medicare); (4-5-00)
- iv. Title XIX of the Social Security Act (Medicaid), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits

(4-5-00)

(4-5-00)

)

(4-5-00)

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under Section 19	928;	(4-5-00)
v.	Title 10, Chapter 55, United States Code (CHAMPUS);	( )
vi.	A medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization;	(4-5-00)
vii.	A state health benefits risk pool;	(4-5-00)
viii. Benefits Program	A health plan offered under Title 5, Chapter 89, United States Code (Federal Employ n);	rees Health ( )
ix.	A public health plan as defined in federal regulation; and	(4-5-00)
х.	A health benefit plan under Section 5(e) of the Peace Corps Act (22 United States Code	2504(e)). (4-5-00)
b.	Creditable coverage does not include one (1) or more, or any combination of, the follow	ing: (4-5-00)
i.	Coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof;	(4-5-00)
ii.	Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;	(4-5-00)
iii.	Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurar	nce; (4-5-00)
iv.	Workers' compensation or similar insurance;	(4-5-00)
V.	Automobile medical payment insurance;	(4-5-00)
vi.	Credit-only insurance;	(4-5-00)
vii.	Coverage for on-site medical clinics; and	(4-5-00)
viii. care are seconda	Other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal regulations, under which benefits ary or incidental to other insurance benefits.	for medical (3-29-10)
<b>c.</b> policy, certificat	Creditable coverage does not include the following benefits if they are provided under are or contract of insurance or are not an integral part of the plan:	a separate
i.	Limited scope dental or vision benefits;	(4-5-00)
ii. combination the	Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, community-based c reof; and	are, or any (4-5-00)
iii.	Such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in federal regulations.	(4-5-00)
<b>d.</b> coordinated ben	Creditable coverage does not include the following benefits if offered as indepen	dent, non- ( )
i.	Coverage only for a specified disease or illness; and	(4-5-00)
ii.	Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance.	(4-5-00)
e. contract of insur	Creditable coverage does not include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, ce rance:	rtificate, or (     )

i. Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under Section 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security (3-29-10)

and

ii. Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under Title 10, Chapter 55, United States Code;

iii. Similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health plan. (4-5-00)

f. The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) specifically addressed separate, noncoordinated benefits in the group market at PHSA Section 2721(d)(2) and the individual market at Section 2791(c)(3). HIPAA also references excepted benefits at PHSA Sections 2701(c)(1), 2721(d), 2763(b) and 2791(c). In addition, credible coverage has been addressed in an interim final rule (62 Fed. Reg. At 16960-16962 (April 8, 1997)) issued by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, pursuant to HIPAA, and may be addressed in subsequent regulations. (4-1-06)

**05. Employee Welfare Benefit Plan**. A plan, fund, or program of employee benefits as defined in 29 U.S.C. Section 1002 (Employee Retirement Income Security Act). (4-5-00)

**06. Insolvency**. When an issuer, licensed to transact the business of insurance in this state, has had a final order of liquidation entered against it with a finding of insolvency by a court of competent jurisdiction in the issuer's state of domicile. (4-5-00)

**07.** Medicare Advantage Plan. A plan of coverage for health benefits under Medicare Part C as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395w-28 (b)(1), and includes: (4-11-06)

a. Coordinated care plans which provide health care services, including but not limited to managed care organization (with or without a point-of-service option), plans offered by provider-sponsored organizations, and preferred provider organization plans; (4-5-00)

**b.** Medical savings account plans coupled with a contribution into a Medicare Advantage medical savings account; and (4-11-06)

c. Medicare Advantage private fee-for-service plans. (4-11-06)

**08. Medicare Supplement Policy**. As defined in Section 41-4402 and in addition, "Medicare Supplement Policy" does not include Medicare Advantage plans established under Medicare Part C. Outpatient Prescription Drug plans established under Medicare Part D, or any Health Care Prepayment Plan (HCPP) that provides benefits pursuant to an agreement under Section 1833(a)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act; provided, however, that under Section 104(c) of the Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act of 2008 (MIPPA), policies that are advertised, marketed or designed primarily to cover out-of-pocket costs under Medicare Advantage Plans (established under Medicare Part C) need to comply with the Medicare supplement requirements of Section 1882(o) of the Social Security Act. ()

**09. Pre-Standardized Medicare Supplement Benefit Plan**. A group or individual policy of Medicare supplement insurance issued prior to July 1, 1992. (3-29-10)

10. 1990 Standardized Medicare Supplement Benefit Plan. A group or individual policy of Medicare supplement insurance issued on or after July 1, 1992 and with an effective date for coverage prior to June 1, 2010 and includes Medicare supplement insurance policies and certificates renewed on or after that date which are not replaced by the issuer at the request of the insured. (3-29-10)

11. 2010 Standardized Medicare Supplement Benefit Plan. A group or individual policy of Medicare supplement insurance with an effective date for coverage issued on or after June 1, 2010. (3-29-10)

12. Secretary. The Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services. (4-5-00)

#### 011. POLICY DEFINITIONS AND TERMS.

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No policy or certificate may be advertised, solicited or issued for delivery in this state as a Medicare supplement policy or certificate unless the policy or certificate contains definitions or terms which conform to the requirements of this section. (4-5-00)

01. Accident, Accidental Injury, or Accidental Means. To employ "result" language and does not include words that establish an accidental means test or use words such as "external, violent, visible wounds" or similar words of description or characterization. (3-29-10)

**a.** The definition will not be more restrictive than the following: "Injury or injuries for which benefits are provided means accidental bodily injury sustained by the insured person which is the direct result of an accident, independent of disease or bodily infirmity or any other cause, and occurs while insurance coverage is in force."

(4-5-00)

**b.** The definition may provide that injuries cannot include injuries for which benefits are provided or available under any workers' compensation, employer's liability or similar law, or motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless banned by law.

**02. Benefit Period or Medicare Benefit Period**. Will not be defined more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program. (4-5-00)

**03.** Convalescent Nursing Home, Extended Care Facility, or Skilled Nursing Facility. Will not be defined more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program. (4-5-00)

04. Health Care Expenses. For purposes of Section 051, expenses of managed care organizations associated with the delivery of health care services, which expenses are analogous to incurred losses of insurers. (4-11-19)

**05. Hospital**. Defined in relation to its status, facilities, and available services or to reflect its accreditation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals, but not more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program.

**06. Medicare**. Is defined in the policy and certificate, substantially as "The Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social Security Amendments of 1965 as then constituted or later amended," or "Title I, Part I of Public Law 89-97, as Enacted by the Eighty-Ninth Congress of the United States of America and popularly known as the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, as then constituted and any later amendments or substitutes thereof."

**07. Medicare Eligible Expenses**. Expenses of the kinds covered by Medicare Parts A and B, to the extent recognized as reasonable and medically necessary by Medicare. (4-11-06)

**08. Physician**. Will not be defined more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program.

(4-5-00)

**09.** Sickness. Will not be defined to be more restrictive than the following: "Sickness means illness or disease of an insured person which first manifests itself after the effective date of insurance and while the insurance is in force." The definition may be further modified to exclude sicknesses or diseases for which benefits are provided under any workers' compensation, occupational disease, employer's liability, or similar law. (4-5-00)

# 012. POLICY PROVISIONS.

01. Medicare Supplement Policy. Except for permitted preexisting condition clauses as described in Paragraph 022.01.a., no policy or certificate may be advertised, solicited, or issued for delivery in this state as a Medicare supplement policy if the policy or certificate contains limitations or exclusions on coverage that are more restrictive than those of Medicare. (3-29-10)

**02. Waivers**. No Medicare supplement policy or certificate may use waivers to exclude, limit or reduce coverage or benefits for specifically named or described preexisting diseases or physical conditions. (4-5-00)

**03. Duplicate Benefits**. No Medicare supplement policy or certificate in force in this state may contain benefits which duplicate benefits provided by Medicare. ()

#### 04. Outpatient Prescription Drugs.

**a.** A Medicare supplement policy with benefits for outpatient prescription drugs cannot be issued after December 31, 2005.

**b.** After December 31, 2005, a Medicare supplement policy with benefits for outpatient prescription drugs will not be renewed after the policyholder enrolls in Medicare Part D unless: ()

i. The policy is modified to eliminate outpatient prescription coverage for expenses of outpatient prescription drugs incurred after the effective date of the individual's coverage under a Part D plan; and (4-11-06)

ii. Premiums are adjusted to reflect the elimination of outpatient prescription drug coverage at the time of Medicare Part D enrollment, accounting for any claims paid, if applicable. (4-11-06)

#### 013. -- 021. (RESERVED)

# 022. BENEFIT STANDARDS FOR 2010 STANDARDIZED MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT BENEFIT PLAN POLICIES OR CERTIFICATES ISSUED FOR DELIVERY WITH AN EFFECTIVE DATE FOR COVERAGE ON OR AFTER JUNE 1, 2010.

The following standards are applicable to all Medicare supplement policies or certificates delivered or issued for delivery in this state with an effective date for coverage on or after June 1, 2010. No policy or certificate may be advertised, solicited, delivered, or issued for delivery in this state as a Medicare supplement policy or certificate unless it complies with these benefit standards. No issuer may offer any 1990 Standardized Medicare supplement benefit plan for sale on or after June 1, 2010. Benefit standards applicable to Medicare supplement policies and certificates issued with an effective date for coverage prior to June 1, 2010 remain in effect.

**01. General Standards**. The following standards apply to Medicare supplement policies and certificates and are in addition to all other requirements of this regulation. (3-29-10)

a. A Medicare supplement policy or certificate cannot exclude or limit benefits for losses incurred more than six (6) months from the effective date of coverage because it involved a preexisting condition. The policy or certificate will not define a preexisting condition more restrictively than a condition for which medical advice was given or treatment was recommended by or received from a physician within six (6) months before the effective date of coverage. (3-29-10)

**b.** A Medicare supplement policy or certificate will not indemnify against losses resulting from sickness on a different basis than losses resulting from accidents. (3-29-10)

**c.** A Medicare supplement policy or certificate provides that benefits designed to cover cost sharing amounts under Medicare will be changed automatically to coincide with any changes in the applicable Medicare deductible, copayment, or coinsurance amounts. Premiums may be modified to correspond with such changes.

(3-29-10)

(4-11-06)

**d.** No Medicare supplement policy or certificate may provide for termination of coverage of a spouse solely because of the occurrence of an event specified for termination of coverage of the insured, other than the nonpayment of premium.

e. Each Medicare supplement policy is guaranteed renewable. (3-29-10)

i. The issuer cannot cancel or nonrenew the policy solely on the ground of health status of the (3-29-10)

ii. The issuer cannot cancel or nonrenew the policy for any reasons other than nonpayment of

premium or material representation.

)

iii. If the Medicare supplement policy is terminated by the group policyholder and is not replaced as provided under Subparagraph 022.01.e.v., the issuer offers certificateholders an individual Medicare supplement policy which (at the option of the certificateholder): ()

(1) Provides for continuation of the benefits contained in the group policy; or (3-29-10)

(2) Provides for benefits that meet the requirements of this Subsection. ( )

iv. If an individual is a certificateholder in a group Medicare supplement policy and the individual terminates membership in the group, the issuer: (3-29-10)

(1) Offers the certificateholder the conversion opportunity described in Subparagraph 022.01.e.iii.; or (3-29-10)

(2) At the option of the group policyholder, offers the certificate holder continuation of coverage under (3-29-10)

v. If a group Medicare supplement policy is replaced by another group Medicare supplement policy purchased by the same policyholder, the issuer of the replacement policy offers coverage to all persons covered under the old group policy on its date of termination. Coverage under the new policy cannot exclude preexisting conditions that would have been covered under the group policy being replaced.

**f.** Terminations of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate need to be without prejudice to any continuous loss that commenced while the policy was in force. Such extension of benefits beyond the period during which the policy was in force may be conditioned upon the continuous total disability of the insured, limited to the duration of the policy benefit period, if any, or payment of the maximum benefits. Receipt of Medicare Part D benefits will not be considered in determining a continuous loss. ()

**g.** A Medicare supplement policy or certificate provides that benefits and premiums under the policy or certificate may be suspended at the request of the policyholder or certificateholder for the period (not to exceed twenty-four (24) months) in which the policyholder or certificateholder has applied for and is determined to be entitled to medical assistance under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, but only if the policyholder or certificateholder notifies the issuer of the policy or certificate within ninety (90) days after the date the individual becomes entitled to assistance.

i. If suspension occurs and if the policyholder or certificateholder loses entitlement to medical assistance, the policy or certificate is automatically reinstituted (effective as of the date of termination of entitlement) as of the termination of entitlement if the policyholder or certificateholder provides notice of loss of entitlement within ninety (90) days after the date of loss and pays the premium attributable to the period, effective as of the date of termination of entitlement. (3-29-10)

ii. Each Medicare supplement policy provides that benefits and premiums under the policy may be suspended (for any period that may be provided by federal regulation) at the request of the policyholder if the policyholder is entitled to benefits under Section 226 (b) of the Social Security Act and is covered under a group health plan (as defined in Section 1862 (b)(1)(A)(v) of the Social Security Act). If suspension occurs and if the policyholder or certificateholder loses coverage under the group health plan, the policy is automatically reinstituted (effective as of the date of loss of coverage) if the policyholder provides notice of loss of coverage within (90) days after the date of the loss and pays the premium attributed to the period, effective as of the date of termination of enrollment in the group health plan. ()

iii. Reinstitution of coverages as described in Subparagraphs 022.01.g.i. and 022.01.g.ii.; (3-29-10)

(1) Does not provide for any waiting period with respect to treatment of preexisting conditions; (3-29-10)

(2) Provides for resumption of coverage that is substantially equivalent to coverage in effect before the date of suspension; and (3-29-10)

(3) Provides for classification of premiums on terms at least as favorable to the policyholder or certificateholder as the premium classification terms that would have applied to the policyholder or certificateholder had the coverage not been suspended. (3-29-10)

02. Standards for Basic (Core) Benefits Common to Medicare Supplement Insurance Benefit Plans A, B, C, D, F, F with High Deductible, G, M, and N. Every issuer of Medicare supplement insurance benefit plans makes available a policy or certificate including only the following basic "core" package of benefits to each prospective insured. An issuer may make available to prospective insureds any of the other Medicare Supplement Insurance Benefit Plans in addition to the basic core package, but not in lieu of it. (3-29-10)

**a.** Coverage of Part A Medicare eligible expenses for hospitalization to the extent not covered by Medicare from the sixty-first day through the ninetieth day in any Medicare benefit period; (3-29-10)

**b.** Coverage of Part A Medicare eligible expenses incurred for hospitalization to the extent not covered by Medicare for each Medicare lifetime inpatient reserve day used; (3-29-10)

**c.** Upon exhaustion of the Medicare hospital inpatient coverage including the lifetime reserve days, coverage of one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A eligible expenses for hospitalization paid at the applicable prospective payment system (PPS) rate, or other appropriate Medicare standard of payment, subject to a lifetime maximum benefit of an additional three hundred sixty-five (365) days. The provider will accept the issuer's payment as payment in full and will not bill the insured for any balance; (3-29-10)

**d.** Coverage under Medicare Parts A and B for the reasonable cost of the first three (3) pints of blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as defined under federal regulations) unless replaced in accordance with federal regulations; (3-29-10)

e. Coverage for the coinsurance amount, or in the case of hospital outpatient department services paid under a prospective payment system, the copayment amount, of Medicare eligible expenses under Part B regardless of hospital confinement, subject to the Medicare Part B deductible; (3-29-10)

f. Hospice Care. Coverage of cost sharing for all Part A Medicare eligible hospice care and respite (3-29-10)

**03.** Standards for Additional Benefits. The following additional benefits are included in Medicare supplement benefit Plans B, C, D, F, F with High Deductible, G, M, and N as provided by Section 024. (3-29-10)

**a.** Medicare Part A Deductible. Coverage for one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A inpatient hospital deductible amount per benefit period. (3-29-10)

**b.** Medicare Part A Deductible. Coverage for fifty percent (50%) of the Medicare Part A inpatient hospital deductible amount per benefit period. (3-29-10)

c. Skilled Nursing Facility Care. Coverage for the actual billed charges up to the coinsurance amount from the twenty-first day through the one hundredth day in a Medicare benefit period for post-hospital skilled nursing facility care eligible under Medicare Part A. (3-29-10)

**d.** Medicare Part B Deductible. Coverage for one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible amount per calendar year regardless of hospital confinement. (3-29-10)

e. One Hundred Percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B Excess Charges. Coverage for all the difference between the actual Medicare Part B charges as billed, not to exceed any charge limitation established by the Medicare program or state law, and the Medicare-approved Part B charge. (3-29-10)

f. Medically Necessary Emergency Care in a Foreign Country. Coverage to the extent not covered by

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(3-29-10)

Medicare for eighty percent (80%) of the billed charges for Medicare-eligible expenses for medically necessary emergency hospital, physician and medical care received in a foreign country, which care would have been covered by Medicare if provided in the United States and which care began during the first sixty (60) consecutive days of each trip outside the United States, subject to a calendar year deductible of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), and a lifetime maximum benefit of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). For purposes of this benefit, "emergency care" means care needed immediately because of an injury or an illness of sudden and unexpected onset. (3-29-10)

#### 023. (RESERVED)

# 024. STANDARD MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT BENEFIT PLANS FOR 2010 STANDARDIZED MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT BENEFIT PLAN POLICIES OR CERTIFICATES WITH AN EFFECTIVE DATE FOR COVERAGE ON OR AFTER JUNE 1, 2010.

01. General Standards. The following standards are applicable to all Medicare supplement policies or certificates delivered or issued for delivery in this state with an effective date for coverage on or after June 1, 2010. No policy or certificate may be advertised, solicited, delivered or issued for delivery in this state as a Medicare supplement policy or certificate unless it complies with these benefit plan standards. Benefits and standards applicable to Medicare supplement policies and certificates with an effective date of coverage before June 1, 2010 do not change.

a. An issuer makes available to each prospective policyholder and certificateholder a policy form or certificate form containing only the basic (core) benefits, as defined in Subsection 022.02. (3-29-10)

**b.** If an issuer makes available any of the additional benefits described in Subsection 022.03, or offers standardized benefit Plans K or L (as described in Paragraphs 024.02.h. and 024.02.i.), then the issuer makes available to each prospective policyholder and certificateholder, in addition to a policy form or certificate form with only the basic (core) benefits as described in Paragraph 024.01.a., a policy form or certificate form containing either standardized benefit Plan C (as described in Paragraph 024.02.c.) or standardized benefit Plan F (as described in Paragraph 024.02.e.). (3-29-10)

c. No groups, packages or combinations of Medicare supplement benefits other than those listed in this section are offered for sale in this state, except as may be permitted in Subsection 024.03 and in Section 031. (4-11-19)

**d.** Benefit plans are uniform in structure, language, designation and format to the standard benefit plans listed in this Subsection and conform to the definitions in Section 010. Each benefit is structured in accordance with the format provided in Subsections 022.02 and 022.03; or, in the case of plans K or L, in Paragraphs 024.02.h. and 024.02.i. and list the benefits in the order shown. For purposes of this section, "structure, language, and format" means style, arrangement and overall content of benefit.

e. In addition to the benefit plan designations prescribed in Paragraph 024.01.d., an issuer may use other designations to the extent permitted by law.

# 02. Make-up of 2010 Standardized Benefit Plans.

**a.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan A includes only the following: The basic (core) benefits as defined in Subsection 022.02. (3-29-10)

**b.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan B includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible as defined in Paragraph 022.03.a. (3-29-10)

**c.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan C includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, skilled nursing facility care, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, and medically necessary emergency care in a foreign country as defined in Paragraphs 022.03.a., 022.03.c., 022.03.d., and 022.03.f., respectively. (3-29-10)

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**d.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan D includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit (as defined in Subsection 022.02), plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, skilled nursing facility care, and medically necessary emergency care in a foreign country as defined in Paragraphs 022.03.a., 022.03.c., and 022.03.f., respectively. (3-29-10)

e. Standardized Medicare supplement [regular] Plan F includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, the skilled nursing facility care, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, and percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, and percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B de

**f.** Standardized Medicare supplement Plan F with High Deductible includes only the following: One hundred percent (100%) of covered expenses following the payment of the annual deductible set forth in Subparagraph 024.02.f.ii. (3-29-10)

i. The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, skilled nursing facility care, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B deductible, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B excess charges, and medically necessary emergency care in a foreign country as defined in Paragraphs 022.03.a., and 022.03.c., through 022.03.f., respectively. (3-29-10)

ii. The annual deductible in Plan F with High Deductible consists of out-of-pocket expenses, other than premiums, for services covered by [regular] Plan F, and is in addition to any other specific benefit deductibles. The basis for the deductible is one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) and is adjusted annually from 1999 by the Secretary to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the twelve-month period ending with August of the preceding year, and rounded to the nearest multiple of ten dollars (\$10).

**g.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan G includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, skilled nursing facility care, one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part B excess charges, and medically necessary emergency care in a foreign country as defined in Paragraphs 022.03.a., 022.03.c., 022.03.e., and 022.03.f., respectively. Effective January 1, 2020, the standardized benefit plans described in Paragraph 025.01.d. (Redesignated Plan G High Deductible) may be offered to any individual who was eligible for Medicare prior to January 1, 2020. (4-11-19)

**h.** Standardized Medicare supplement Plan K is mandated by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, and includes only the following: (3-29-10)

i. Part A Hospital Coinsurance sixty-first through ninetieth days: Coverage of one hundred percent (100%) of the Part A hospital coinsurance amount for each day used from the sixty-first through the ninetieth day in any Medicare benefit period. (3-29-10)

ii. Part A Hospital Coinsurance ninety-first through one hundred fiftieth day: Coverage of one hundred percent (100%) of the Part A hospital coinsurance amount for each Medicare lifetime inpatient reserve day used from the ninety-first through the one hundred fiftieth day in any Medicare benefit period; (3-29-10)

iii. Part A Hospitalization After One Hundred Fiftieth Day: Upon exhaustion of the Medicare hospital inpatient coverage, including the lifetime reserve days, coverage of one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A eligible expenses for hospitalization paid at the applicable prospective payment system (PPS) rate, or other appropriate Medicare standard of payment, subject to a lifetime maximum benefit of an additional three hundred sixty-five (365) days. The provider accepts the issuer's payment as payment in full and will not bill the insured for any balance; (3-29-10)

iv. Medicare Part A Deductible: Coverage for fifty percent (50%) of the Medicare Part A inpatient hospital deductible amount per benefit period until the out-of-pocket limitation is met as described in Subparagraph 024.02.h.x. (3-29-10)

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v. Skilled Nursing Facility Care: Coverage for fifty percent (50%) of the coinsurance amount for each day used from the twenty-first day through the one hundredth day in a Medicare benefit period for post-hospital skilled nursing facility care eligible under Medicare Part A until the out-of-pocket limitation is met as described in Subparagraph 024.02.h.x. (3-29-10)

vi. Hospice Care: Coverage for fifty percent (50%) of cost sharing for all Part A Medicare eligible expenses and respite care until the out-of-pocket limitation is met as described in Subparagraph 024.02.h.x.

(3-29-10)

vii. Blood: Coverage for fifty percent (50%), under Medicare Part A or B, of the reasonable cost of the first three (3) pints of blood (or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells, as defined under federal regulations) unless replaced in accordance with federal regulations until the out-of-pocket limitation is met as described in Subparagraph 024.02.h.x. (3-29-10)

viii. Part B Cost Sharing: Except for coverage provided in Subparagraph 024.02.h.ix., coverage for fifty percent (50%) of the cost sharing otherwise applicable under Medicare Part B after the policyholder pays the Part B deductible until the out-of-pocket limitation is met as described in Subparagraph 024.02.h.x. (3-29-10)

ix. Part B Preventive Services: Coverage of one hundred percent (100%) of the cost sharing for Medicare Part B preventive services after the policyholder pays the Part B deductible; and (3-29-10)

x. Cost Sharing After Out-of-Pocket Limits: Coverage of one hundred percent (100%) of all cost sharing under Medicare Parts A and B for the balance of the calendar year after the individual has reached the out-of-pocket limitation on annual expenditures under Medicare Parts A and B of four thousand dollars (\$4,000) in 2006, indexed each year by the appropriate inflation adjustment specified by the Secretary. (3-29-10)

i. Standardized Medicare supplement Plan L is mandated by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, and includes only the following: (3-29-10)

i. The benefits described in Subparagraphs 024.02.h.i. through 024.02.h.iii., and 024.02.h.ix. (3-29-10)

ii. The benefits described in Subparagraphs 024.02.h.iv. through 024.02.h.viii. but substituting seventy-five percent (75%) for fifty percent (50%); and (3-29-10)

iii. The benefit described in Subparagraph 024.02.h.x. but substituting two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for four thousand dollars (\$4,000). (3-29-10)

j. Standardized Medicare supplement Plan M includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus fifty percent (50%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, skilled nursing facility care, and medically necessary emergency care in a foreign country as defined in Paragraphs 022.03.b., 022.03.c., and 022.03.f., respectively. (3-29-10)

**k.** Standardized Medicare supplement Plan N includes only the following: The basic (core) benefit as defined in Subsection 022.02, plus one hundred percent (100%) of the Medicare Part A deductible, skilled nursing facility care, and medically necessary emergency care in foreign country as defined in Paragraphs 022.03.a., 022.03.c., and 022.03.f., respectively, with copayments in the following amounts: (3-29-10)

i. The lesser of twenty dollars (\$20) or the Medicare Part B coinsurance or copayment for each covered health care provider office visit (including visits to medical specialists); and (3-29-10)

ii. The lesser of fifty dollars (\$50) or the Medicare Part B coinsurance or copayment for each covered emergency room visit, however, this copayment is waived if the insured is admitted to any hospital and the emergency visit is subsequently covered as a Medicare Part A expense. (3-29-10)

03. New or Innovative Benefits. An issuer may, with the prior approval of the director, offer policies or certificates with new or innovative benefits, in addition to the standardized benefits provided in a policy or

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certificate that otherwise complies with the applicable standards. The new or innovative benefits include only benefits that are appropriate to Medicare supplement insurance, are new or innovative, are not otherwise available, and are cost-effective. Approval of new or innovative benefits cannot adversely impact the goal of Medicare supplement simplification. New or innovative benefits cannot include an outpatient prescription drug benefit. New or innovative benefits cannot be used to change or reduce benefits, including a change of any cost-sharing provision, in any standardized plan.

#### 025. STANDARD MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT BENEFIT PLANS FOR 2020 STANDARDIZED MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT BENEFIT PLAN POLICIES OR CERTIFICATES ISSUED FOR DELIVERY TO INDIVIDUALS NEWLY ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2020.

The Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (MACRA) requires the following standards are applicable to all Medicare supplement policies or certificates delivered or issued for delivery in this state to individuals newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020. No policy or certificate that provides coverage of the Medicare Part B deductible may be advertised, solicited, delivered or issued for delivery in this state as a Medicare supplement policy or certificate to individuals newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020. No policy or certificate that provides coverage of the Medicare supplement policy or certificate to individuals newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020. All policies need to comply with the following benefit standards. Benefit plan standards applicable to Medicare supplement policies and certificates issued to individuals eligible for Medicare before January 1, 2020, remain subject to the requirements of Section 024. (4-11-19)

**01. Benefit Requirements**. The standards and requirements of Section 024 apply to all Medicare supplement policies or certificates delivered or issued for delivery to individuals newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020, with the following exceptions: (4-11-19)

**a.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan C is redesignated as Plan D and provides the benefits contained in Paragraph 024.02.c. but will not provide coverage for one hundred percent (100%) or any portion of the Medicare Part B deductible. (4-11-19)

**b.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan F is redesignated as Plan G and provides the benefits contained in Paragraph 024.02.e. but will not provide coverage for one hundred percent (100%) or any portion of the Medicare Part B deductible. (4-11-19)

**c.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit plans C, F, and F with High Deductible will not be offered to individuals newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020. (4-11-19)

**d.** Standardized Medicare supplement benefit Plan F With High Deductible is redesignated as Plan G With High Deductible and provides the benefits contained in Paragraph 024.02.f., but will not provide coverage for one hundred percent (100%) or any portion of the Medicare Part B deductible; provided further that, the Medicare Part B deductible paid by the beneficiary is considered an out-of-pocket expense in meeting the annual high deductible. (4-11-19)

e. The reference to Plans C or F contained in Paragraph 024.01.b. is deemed a reference to Plans D or G for purposes of this section. (4-11-19)

**02.** Applicability to Certain Individuals. This section applies only to individuals that are newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020: (4-11-19)

**a.** By reason of attaining age sixty-five (65) on or after January 1, 2020; or (4-11-19)

**b.** By reason of entitlement to benefits under part A pursuant to section 226(b) or 226A of the Social Security Act, or who is deemed eligible for benefits under section 226(a) of the Social Security Act on or after January 1, 2020. (4-11-19)

**03. Guaranteed Issue for Eligible Persons.** For purposes of Subsection 041.05, in the case of any individual newly eligible for Medicare on or after January 1, 2020, any reference to a Medicare supplement policy C or F (including F With High Deductible) is deemed a reference to Medicare supplement policy D or G (including G With High Deductible) respectively that meet the requirements of Subsection 025.01. (4-11-19)

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04. Offer of Redesignated Plans to Individuals Other Than Newly Eligible. On or after January 1, 2020, the standardized benefit plans described in Paragraph 025.01.d. may be offered to any individual who was eligible for Medicare prior to January 1, 2020 in addition to the standardized plans described in Subsection 024.02. (4-11-19)

#### 026. -- 030. (RESERVED)

#### 031. MEDICARE SELECT POLICIES AND CERTIFICATES.

This section applies to Medicare Select policies and certificates, as defined in this section. No policy or certificate may be advertised as a Medicare Select policy or certificate unless it meets the requirements of this section.

(3-29-10)

**01. Definitions**. For the purposes of Section 031: (4-11-19)

**a.** Complaint. Any dissatisfaction expressed by an individual concerning a Medicare Select issuer or its network providers. (4-5-00)

**b.** Grievance. Dissatisfaction expressed in writing by an individual insured under a Medicare Select policy or certificate with the administration, claims practices, or provision of services concerning a Medicare Select issuer or its network providers. (4-5-00)

c. Medicare Select issuer. An issuer offering, or seeking to offer, a Medicare Select policy or (4-5-00)

**d.** Medicare Select policy or Medicare Select certificate. Respectively a Medicare supplement policy or certificate that contains restricted network provisions. (4-5-00)

e. Network provider. A provider of health care, or a group of providers of health care, which has entered into a written agreement with the issuer to provide benefits insured under a Medicare Select policy. (4-5-00)

**f.** Restricted network provision. Any provision which conditions the payment of benefits, in whole or in part, on the use of network providers. (4-5-00)

**g.** Service area. The geographic area approved by the director within which an issuer is authorized to offer a Medicare Select policy. (4-5-00)

02. Authorization to Issue Medicare Select Policy or Certificate. The director may authorize an issuer to offer a Medicare Select policy or certificate, pursuant to Section 031 of this chapter and Section 4358 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1990, if the director finds that the issuer has satisfied all of the requirements of this chapter.

**03.** Filing Requirements. A Medicare Select issuer will not issue a Medicare Select policy or certificate in this state until its plan of operation has been approved by the director. (4-5-00)

04. **Proposed Plan of Operation**. A Medicare Select issuer files a proposed plan of operation with the director in a format prescribed by the director. The plan of operation contains at least the following information:

(4-5-00)

**a.** Evidence that all covered services that are subject to restricted network provisions are available and accessible through network providers, including a demonstration that: (4-5-00)

i. Services can be provided by network providers with reasonable promptness with respect to geographic location, hours of operation, and after-hour care. The hours of operation and availability of after-hour care reflects usual practice in the local area. Geographic availability reflects the usual travel times within the community. (4-5-00)

ii. The number of network providers in the service area is sufficient, with respect to current and

expected policyholders, either to deliver adequately all services that are subject to a restricted network provision or to make appropriate referrals. (4-5-00)

iii. There are written agreements with network providers describing specific responsibilities. (4-5-00)

iv. Emergency care is available twenty-four (24) hours per day and seven (7) days per week. (4-5-00)

v. In the case of covered services that are subject to a restricted network provision and are provided on a prepaid basis, there are written agreements with network providers prohibiting the providers from billing or otherwise seeking reimbursement from or recourse against any individual insured under a Medicare Select policy or certificate. This subparagraph does not apply to supplemental charges or coinsurance amounts as stated in the Medicare Select policy or certificate. (3-29-10)

b.	A statement or map providing a clear description of the service area.	(4-5-00)
c.	A description of the grievance procedure to be utilized.	(4-5-00)
d.	A description of the quality assurance program, including:	(4-5-00)
i.	The formal organizational structure;	(4-5-00)
ii.	The written criteria for selection, retention, and removal of network providers; and	(4-5-00)

iii. The procedures for evaluating quality of care provided by network providers, and the process to initiate corrective action when warranted. (4-5-00)

e. A list and description, by specialty, of the network providers. (4-5-00)

f. Copies of the written information proposed to be used by the issuer to comply with Subsection (4-11-19)

g. Any other information requested by the director. (4-5-00)

**05. Proposed Changes to the Plan of Operation**. A Medicare Select issuer files any proposed changes to the plan of operation, except for changes to the list of network providers, with the director prior to implementing the changes. Changes are considered approved by the director after thirty (30) days unless specifically disapproved. An updated list of network providers is filed with the director at least quarterly. (4-5-00)

**06. Restrictions**. A Medicare Select policy or certificate cannot restrict payment for covered services provided by non-network providers if: ()

a. The services are for symptoms requiring emergency care or are immediately needed for an unforeseen illness, injury or a condition; and

**b.** It is not reasonable to obtain services through a network provider. (4-5-00)

07. Payment for Full Coverage. A Medicare Select policy or certificate provides payment for full coverage under the policy for covered services that are not available through network providers.

**08.** Full and Fair Disclosure. A Medicare Select issuer makes full and fair disclosure in writing of the provisions, restrictions and limitations of the Medicare Select policy or certificate to each applicant. This disclosure includes at least the following: (4-5-00)

a. An outline of coverage sufficient to permit the applicant to compare the coverage and premiums of the Medicare Select policy or certificate with: (4-5-00)

i. Other Medicare supplement policies or certificates offered by the issuer; and (4-5-00)

ii. Other Medicare Select policies or certificates.

(4-5-00)

**b.** A description (including address, phone number and hours of operation) of the network providers, including primary care physicians, specialty physicians, hospitals and other providers. (4-5-00)

**c.** A description of the restricted network provisions, including payments for coinsurance and deductibles when providers other than network providers are utilized. Except to the extent specified in the policy or certificate, expenses incurred when using out-of-network providers do not count toward the out-of-pocket annual limit contained in plans K and L. (4-11-06)

d. A description of coverage for emergency and urgently needed care and other out-of-service area (4-5-00)

e. A description of limitations on referrals to restricted network providers and to other providers.

(4-5-00)

f. A description of the policyholder's rights to purchase any other Medicare supplement policy or certificate offered by the issuer. (4-5-00)

g. A description of the Medicare Select issuer's quality assurance program and grievance procedure. (4-5-00)

**09. Medicare Select Policy or Certificate**. Prior to the sale of a Medicare Select policy or certificate, a Medicare Select issuer obtains from the applicant a signed and dated form stating that the applicant has received the information provided pursuant to Subsection 031.08 and that the applicant understands the restrictions of the Medicare Select policy or certificate. (4-11-19)

10. Complaints and Grievances. A Medicare Select issuer has and uses procedures for hearing complaints and resolving written grievances from the subscribers. The procedures will be aimed at mutual agreement for settlement and may include arbitration procedures. (4-5-00)

**a.** The grievance procedure is described in the policy and certificates and in the outline of coverage. (4-5-00)

**b.** At the time the policy or certificate is issued, the issuer provides detailed information to the policyholder describing how a grievance may be registered with the issuer. (4-5-00)

c. Grievances will be considered in a timely manner and transmitted to appropriate decision-makers who have authority to fully investigate the issue and take corrective action. (4-5-00)

d.	If a grievance is found to be valid, corrective action is taken promptly.	(4-5-00)
u.	If a grievance is round to be vand, corrective action is taken promptily.	(1500)

e. All concerned parties are notified about the results of a grievance. (4-5-00)

**f.** The issuer reports no later than each March 31 to the director regarding its grievance procedure in a format prescribed by the director containing the number of grievances filed in the past year and a summary of the subject, nature and resolution of such grievances. (4-5-00)

11. Initial Purchase. At the time of initial purchase, a Medicare Select issuer makes available to each applicant for a Medicare Select policy or certificate the opportunity to purchase any Medicare supplement policy or certificate offered by the issuer. (4-5-00)

#### 12.Comparable or Lesser Benefits.(4-5-00)

**a.** At the request of an individual insured under a Medicare Select policy or certificate, a Medicare Select issuer makes available to the individual insured the opportunity to purchase a Medicare supplement policy or

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certificate offered by the issuer which has comparable or lesser benefits and which does not contain a restricted network provision. The issuer makes the policies or certificates available without requiring evidence of insurability after the Medicare Select policy or certificate has been in force for six (6) months. (4-5-00)

b. For the purposes of Subsection 031.12, a Medicare supplement policy or certificate will be considered to have comparable or lesser benefits unless it contains one (1) or more significant benefits not included in the Medicare Select policy or certificate being replaced. For the purposes of this Paragraph, a significant benefit means coverage for the Medicare Part A deductible, coverage for at-home recovery services or coverage for Part B excess charges. (4 - 11 - 19)

Continuation of Coverage. Medicare Select policies and certificates provides for continuation of 13. coverage in the event the Secretary determines that Medicare Select policies and certificates issued pursuant to this section should be discontinued due to either the failure of the Medicare Select program to be re-authorized under law or its substantial amendment. (3-29-10)

Each Medicare Select issuer makes available to each individual insured under a Medicare Select a. policy or certificate the opportunity to purchase any Medicare supplement policy or certificate offered by the insurer which has comparable or lesser benefits and which does not contain a restricted network provision. The issuer makes the policies and certificates available without requiring evidence of insurability. (4-5-00)

For the purposes of Subsection 031.13, a Medicare supplement policy or certificate will be b. considered to have comparable or lesser benefits unless it contains one (1) or more significant benefits not included in the Medicare Select policy or certificate being replaced. For the purposes of this Paragraph, a significant benefit means coverage for the Medicare Part A deductible, coverage for at-home recovery services or coverage for Part B excess charges. (4-11-19)

Requests for Data. A Medicare Select issuer complies with reasonable requests for data made by 14. state or federal agencies, including the United States Department of Health and Human Services, for the purpose of evaluating the Medicare Select Program.  $(\hat{4}-5-00)$ 

#### 032. -- 035. (RESERVED)

#### 036. **OPEN ENROLLMENT.**

#### 01. Offer of Coverage.

An issuer cannot deny or condition the issuance or effectiveness of any Medicare supplement a. policy or certificate available for sale in this state, nor discriminate in the pricing of a policy or certificate because of the health status, claims experience, receipt of health care, or medical condition of an applicant in the case of an application for a policy or certificate that is submitted prior to or during the six (6) month period beginning with:

(3-29-17)

The first day of the first month in which an individual is both sixty-five (65) years of age or older i. and is enrolled for benefits under Medicare Part B. (3-29-17)

January 1, 2018 or the first day of the first month of Medicare Part B eligibility due to disability or ii. end stage renal disease, whichever is later, for an individual that is both under sixty-five (65) years of age and enrolled for benefits under Medicare Part B; or (3-29-17)

The first day of the first month after the individual receives written notice of retroactive enrollment iii. under Medicare Part B due to a retroactive eligibility decision made by the Social Security Administration. (3-29-17)

Each Medicare supplement policy and certificate currently available from an issuer is made b. available to all applicants who qualify under Paragraph 036.01.a. without regard to age. (4-11-19)

02. **Treatment of Preexisting Conditions.** (3-29-17)

(3-29-17)

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**a.** If an applicant qualifies under Subsection 036.01 and applies during the time period referenced in Subsection 036.01 and, as of the date of application, has had a continuous period of creditable coverage of at least six (6) months, the issuer cannot exclude benefits based on a preexisting condition. ()

**b.** If the applicant qualifies under Subsection 036.01 and submits an application during the time period referenced in Subsection 036.01 and, as of the date of application, has had a continuous period of creditable coverage that is less than six (6) months, the issuer reduces the period of any preexisting condition exclusion by the aggregate of the period of creditable coverage applicable to the applicant as of the enrollment date. The Secretary specifies the manner of the reduction under this Subsection. (4-11-19)

**c.** Except as provided in Paragraphs 036.02.a. and 02.b., and Sections 041 and 081, nothing in this chapter prevents the exclusion of benefits under a policy, during the first six (6) months, based on a preexisting condition for which the policyholder or certificateholder received treatment or was diagnosed during the six (6) months before the coverage became effective.

**03. Discrimination in Pricing**. An issuer cannot discriminate in the pricing of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate issued pursuant to Subsection 036.01, except on the basis of the following criteria: (4-11-19)

a.	Issue age; and	(3-29-17)
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b. Smoking or tobacco use. (3-29-17)

#### 037. -- 040. (RESERVED)

#### 041. GUARANTEED ISSUE FOR ELIGIBLE PERSONS.

#### 01. Guaranteed Issue.

(4-5-00)

**a.** Eligible persons are those individuals described in Subsection 041.02 who seek to enroll under the policy during the period specified in Subsection 041.03, and who submit evidence of the date of termination or disenrollment or Medicare Part D enrollment with the application for a Medicare supplement policy. (4-11-19)

**b.** With respect to eligible persons, an issuer cannot deny or condition the issuance or effectiveness of a Medicare supplement policy described in Subsection 041.05 that is offered and is available for issuance to new enrollees by the issuer, cannot discriminate in the pricing of such a Medicare supplement policy because of health status, claims experience, receipt of health care, or medical condition, and will not impose an exclusion of benefits based on a preexisting condition under such a Medicare supplement policy. (4-11-19)

02. Eligible Persons. An eligible person is an individual described here in any part of Subsection (4-11-19)

a. The individual is enrolled under an employee welfare benefit plan that provides health benefits that supplement the benefits under Medicare; and the plan terminates, or the plan ceases to provide all such supplemental health benefits to the individual; or the individual is enrolled under an employee welfare benefits plan that is primary to Medicare and the plan terminates or the plan ceases to provide all health benefits to the individual because the individual leaves the plan; (4-5-00)

**b.** The individual is enrolled with a Medicare Advantage organization under a Medicare Advantage plan under Part C of Medicare, and any of the following circumstances apply, or the individual is sixty-five (65) years of age or older and is enrolled with a Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) provider under Section 1894 of the Social Security Act, and there are circumstances similar to those described below that would permit discontinuance of the individual's enrollment with such provider if such individual were enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan: (4-11-06)

i. The certification of the organization or plan under this part has been terminated; (4-11-06)

ii. The organization has terminated or discontinued providing the plan in the area in which the

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individual resides;

(4-11-06)

(4-5-00)

iii. The individual is no longer eligible to elect the plan because of a change in the individual's place of residence or other change in circumstances specified by the Secretary, but not including termination of the individual's enrollment on the basis described in Section 1851(g)(3)(B) of the federal Social Security Act (where the individual has not paid premiums on a timely basis or has engaged in disruptive behavior as specified in standards under Section 1856), or the plan is terminated for all individuals within a residence area; (4-11-06)

iv. The individual demonstrates, in accordance with guidelines established by the Secretary: (3-29-10)

(a) That the organization offering the plan substantially violated a material provision of the organization's contract under this part in relation to the individual, including the failure to provide an enrollee on a timely basis medically necessary care for which benefits are available under the plan or the failure to provide such covered care in accordance with applicable quality standards; or (3-29-10)

(b) The organization, or agent, or other entity acting on the organization's behalf, materially misrepresented the plan's provisions in marketing the plan to the individual; or (3-29-10)

(c) The individual meets such other exceptional conditions as the Secretary may provide. (3-29-10)

<b>c.</b> The individual is enrolled with:
--

i. An eligible organization under a contract under Section 1876 of the Social Security Act (Medicare (5-3-03)

ii. A similar organization operating under demonstration project authority, effective for periods before (4-5-00)

iii. An organization under an agreement under Section 1833(a)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act (health care prepayment plan); or (5-3-03)

iv. An organization under a Medicare Select policy; and (4-5-00)

**d.** The enrollment ceases under the same circumstances that would permit discontinuance of an individual's election of coverage under Paragraph 041.02.b. (4-11-19)

e. The individual is enrolled under a Medicare supplement policy and the enrollment ceases because: (4-5-00)

- i. Of the insolvency of the issuer or bankruptcy of the non-issuer organization; or (4-5-00)
- ii. Of other involuntary termination of coverage or enrollment under the policy; (4-5-00)
- iii. The issuer of the policy substantially violated a material provision of the policy; or (4-5-00)

iv. The issuer, or an agent or other entity acting on the issuer's behalf, materially misrepresented the policy's provisions in marketing the policy to the individual. (4-5-00)

f. The individual was enrolled under a Medicare supplement policy and terminates enrollment and subsequently enrolls, for the first time, with any Medicare Advantage organization under a Medicare Advantage plan under Part C of Medicare, any eligible organization under a contract under Section 1876 of the Social Security Act (Medicare cost), any similar organization operating under demonstration project authority, any PACE provider under Section 1894 of the Social Security Act, or a Medicare Select policy; and (4-11-06)

**g.** The subsequent enrollment under Paragraph 041.02.f. is terminated by the enrollee during any period within the first twelve (12) months of such subsequent enrollment (during which the enrollee is permitted to terminate such subsequent enrollment under Section 1851(e) of the federal Social Security Act); or (4-11-19)

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**h.** The individual, upon first becoming eligible for benefits under Part A of Medicare, enrolls in a Medicare Advantage plan under Part C of Medicare, or with a PACE provider under Section 1894 of the Social Security Act, and disenrolls from the plan or program by not later than twelve (12) months after the effective date of enrollment. (4-11-06)

i. The individual enrolls in a Medicare Part D plan during the initial enrollment period and at the time of enrollment in Part D, was enrolled under Medicare supplement policy that covers outpatient prescription drugs and the individual terminates enrollment in the Medicare supplement policy and submits evidence of enrollment in Medicare Part D along with the application for a policy described in Paragraph 041.05.e. (4-11-19)

#### 03. Guaranteed Issue Time Periods.

(5-3-03)

**a.** In the case of an individual described in Paragraph 041.02.a., the guaranteed issue period begins on the later of the date the individual receives a notice of termination or cessation of all supplemental health benefits (or, if a notice is not received, notice that a claim has been denied because of a termination or cessation); or the date that the applicable coverage terminates or ceases; and ends sixty-three (63) days thereafter; (4-11-19)

**b.** In the case of an individual described in Paragraphs 041.02.b., 041.02.c., 041.02.f., or 041.02.h., whose enrollment is terminated involuntarily, the guaranteed issue period begins on the date that the individual receives a notice of termination and ends sixty-three (63) days after the date the applicable coverage is terminated; (4-11-19)

**c.** In the case of an individual described in Paragraph 041.02.e., the guaranteed issue period begins on (4-11-19)

i. The date that the individual receives a notice of termination, a notice of the issuer's bankruptcy or insolvency, or other such similar notice if any; and (5-3-03)

ii. The date that the applicable coverage is terminated, and ends on the date that is sixty-three (63) days after the date the coverage is terminated; (5-3-03)

**d.** In the case of an individual described in Paragraph 041.02.b. and Subparagraph 041.02.e.iii., and Subparagraph 041.02.e.iv., Paragraph 041.02.f., or 041.02.h., who disenrolls voluntarily, the guaranteed issue period begins on the date that is sixty (60) days before the effective date of the disenrollment and ends on the date that is sixty-three (63) days after the effective date; and (4-11-19)

e. In the case of an individual described in Paragraph 041.02.i., the guaranteed issue period begins on the date the individual receives notice pursuant to Section 1882(v)(2)(B) of the Social Security Act from the Medicare supplement issuer during the sixty-day (60) period immediately preceding the initial Part D enrollment period and ends on the date that is sixty-three (63) days after the effective date of the individual's coverage under Medicare Part D; and (4-11-19)

**f.** In the case of an individual described in Subsection 041.02 but not described in the preceding provisions of Subsection 041.03, the guaranteed issue period begins on the effective date of disenrollment and ends on the date that is sixty-three (63) days after the effective date. (4-11-19)

# 04. Extended Medigap Access for Interrupted Trial Periods. (5-3-03)

**a.** In the case of an individual described in Paragraph 041.02.f. (or so described, pursuant to this paragraph) whose enrollment with an organization or provider described in Paragraph 041.02.f. is involuntarily terminated within the first twelve (12) months of enrollment, and who, without an intervening enrollment, enrolls with another such organization or provider, the subsequent enrollment is deemed an initial enrollment described in Paragraph 041.02.f.;

**b.** In the case of an individual described in Paragraph 041.02.h. (or so described, pursuant to this paragraph) whose enrollment with a plan or in a program described in Paragraph 041.02.h. is involuntarily terminated

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within the first twelve (12) months of enrollment, and who, without an intervening enrollment, enrolls in another such plan or program, the subsequent enrollment is deemed an initial enrollment described in Paragraph 041.02.h.; and

)

c. For purposes of Paragraphs 041.02.f. and 041.02.h., no enrollment of an individual with an organization or provider described in Paragraph 041.02.f. or with a plan or in a program described in Paragraph 041.02.h. may be deemed an initial enrollment under this paragraph after the two-year period beginning on the date on which the individual first enrolled with such an organization, provider, plan or program. )

Products to Which Eligible Persons are Entitled. The Medicare supplement policy to which eligible persons are entitled under: (4-11-06)

Paragraphs 041.02.a. through 041.02.e. is a Medicare supplement policy which has a benefit я. package classified as Plan A, B, C, or F (including F with a high deductible), K or L offered by any issuer. (4-11-19)

Subject to Paragraph 041.05.c., Paragraph 041.02.g. is the same Medicare supplement policy in b. which the individual was most recently previously enrolled, if available from the same issuer, or, if not so available, a policy described in Paragraph 041.05.a. (4-11-19)

After December 31, 2005, if the individual was most recently enrolled in a Medicare supplement policy with an outpatient prescription drug benefit, a Medicare supplement policy described in Subsection 041.05 is: (4-11-19)

i. The policy available from the same issuer but modified to remove outpatient prescription drug coverage; or (4-11-06)

At the election of the policyholder, an A, B, C, F (including F with a high deductible), K or L policy ii. that is offered by any issuer;  $(4 - \bar{1} - 1 - 06)$ 

d. Paragraph 041.02.h. includes any Medicare supplement policy offered by any issuer. (4-11-19)

Paragraph 041.02.i. is a Medicare supplement policy that has a benefit package classified as Plan e. A, B, C, F (including F with a high deductible), K, or L and that is offered and is available for issuance to new enrollees by the same issuer that issued the individual's Medicare supplement policy with outpatient prescription drug coverage. (4-11-19)

#### 06. Notification Provisions.

At the time of an event described in Subsection 041.02 because of which an individual loses a. coverage or benefits due to the termination of a contract or agreement, policy, or plan, the organization that terminates the contract or agreement, the issuer terminating the policy, or the administrator of the plan being terminated, respectively, notifies the individual of the individual's rights under this Section, and of the obligations of issuers of Medicare supplement policies under Subsection 041.01. Such notice is communicated contemporaneously with the notification of termination. )

At the time of an event described in Subsection 041.02 because of which an individual ceases b. enrollment under a contract or agreement, policy, or plan, the organization that offers the contract or agreement, regardless of the basis for the cessation of enrollment, the issuer offering the policy, or the administrator of the plan, respectively, notifies the individual of the individual's rights under this section, and of the obligations of issuers of Medicare supplement policies under Subsection 041.01. Such notice is communicated within ten (10) working days of the issuer receiving notification of disenrollment.

07. **Discrimination in Pricing.** With respect to eligible persons, an issuer cannot discriminate in the pricing of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate issued pursuant to Subsection 041.01, except on the basis of the following criteria: (4-11-19)

Issue age; and a.

Section 041

(4-5-00)

(3-29-17)

**b.** Smoking or tobacco use.

#### 042. -- 045. (RESERVED)

# 046. STANDARDS FOR CLAIMS PAYMENT.

**01. Compliance**. An issuer will comply with Section 1882(c)(3) of the Social Security Act (as enacted by Section 4081(b)(2)(C) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (OBRA) 1987, Pub. L. No. 100-203) by: ()

**a.** Accepting a notice from a Medicare carrier on dually assigned claims submitted by participating physicians and suppliers as a claim for benefits in place of any other claim form needed and making a payment determination on the basis of the information contained in that notice;

**b.** Notifying the participating physician or supplier and the beneficiary of the payment determination; (4-5-00)

c. Paying the participating physician or supplier directly; (4-5-00)

**d.** Furnishing, at the time of enrollment, each enrollee with a card listing the policy name, number and a central mailing address to which notices from a Medicare carrier may be sent; (4-5-00)

e. Paying user fees for claim notices; and

**f.** Providing to the Secretary, at least annually, a central mailing address to which all claims may be sent by Medicare carriers. (4-5-00)

**02. Certification**. Compliance with the requirements set forth in Subsection 046.01 is certified on the Medicare supplement insurance experience reporting form. (4-11-19)

#### 047. -- 050. (RESERVED)

#### 051. LOSS RATIO STANDARDS AND REFUND OR CREDIT OF PREMIUM.

#### 01. Loss Ratio Standards.

**a.** A Medicare supplement policy form or certificate form will not be delivered or issued for delivery unless the policy form or certificate form can be expected, as estimated for the entire period for which rates are computed to provide coverage, to return to policyholders and certificateholders in the form of aggregate benefits (not including anticipated refunds or credits) provided under the policy form or certificate form. (4-5-00)

i. At least seventy-five percent (75%) of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of group policies; or (4-5-00)

ii. At least sixty-five percent (65%) of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of individual policies; (4-5-00)

**b.** Calculated on the basis of incurred claims experience or incurred health care expenses where coverage is provided by a managed care organization on a service rather than reimbursement basis and earned premiums for the period and in accordance with accepted actuarial principles and practices. Incurred health care expenses where coverage is provided by a managed care organization will not include: (4-11-06)

i.	Home office and overhead costs;	(4-11-06)

ii. Advertising costs; (4-11-06)

(3-29-17)

)

(

(4-5-00)

iii.	Commissions and other acquisition costs;	(4-11-06)
iv.	Taxes;	(4-11-06)
v.	Capital costs;	(4-11-06)
vi.	Administrative costs; and	(4-11-06)
vii.	Claims processing costs.	(4-11-06)

c. All filings of rates and rating schedules demonstrate that expected claims in relation to premiums comply with the requirements of this section when combined with actual experience to date. Filings of rate revisions also demonstrate that the anticipated loss ratio over the entire future period for which the revised rates are computed to provide coverage can be expected to meet the appropriate loss ratio standards. Demonstrations, at a minimum, account for: (3-29-17)

i.	Lapse rates;	(3-29-17)
ii.	Medical trend and rationale for trend;	(3-29-17)
iii.	Assumptions regarding future premium rate revisions; and	(3-29-17)

iv. Interest rates for discounting and accumulating. (3-29-17)

**d.** For purposes of applying Paragraphs 051.01.a. and 056.05.b., only, policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals through the mails or by mass media advertising (including both print and broadcast advertising) are individual policies. (4-11-19)

#### 02. Refund or Credit Calculation.

**a.** An issuer collects and files with the director by May 31 of each year the data contained in the applicable reporting form as defined by NAIC Model Regulation (Attachments) and accessible on the Department website for each type in a standard Medicare supplement benefit plan. ()

**b.** If on the basis of the experience as reported the benchmark ratio since inception (ratio one (1)) exceeds the adjusted experience ratio since inception (ratio three (3)), then a refund or credit calculation is needed. The refund calculation is done on a statewide basis for each type in a standard Medicare supplement benefit plan. For purposes of the refund or credit calculation, experience on policies issued within the reporting year is excluded.

)

(4-5-00)

**c.** For policies or certificates issued prior to July 1, 1992, the issuer makes the refund or credit calculation separately for all individual policies (including all group policies subject to an individual loss ratio standard when issued) combined and all other group policies combined for experience after July 1, 1992. ()

**d.** A refund or credit is made only when the benchmark loss ratio exceeds the adjusted experience loss ratio and the amount to be refunded or credit exceeds a de minimis level. The refund includes interest from the end of the calendar year to the date of the refund or credit at a rate specified by the Secretary, but in no event less than the average rate of interest for thirteen (13) week Treasury notes. A refund or credit against premiums due is made by September 30 following the experience year upon which the refund or credit is based. ()

03. Annual Filing of Premium Rates. An issuer of Medicare supplement policies and certificates in this state annually files its rates, rating schedule, and supporting documentation including ratios of incurred losses to earned premiums by policy duration for approval by the director in accordance with the filing requirements and procedures prescribed by the director. The supporting documentation demonstrates in accordance with actuarial standards of practice using reasonable assumptions that the appropriate loss ratio standards can be expected to be met over the entire period for which rates are computed. The demonstration excludes active life reserves. An expected third-year loss ratio which is greater than or equal to the applicable percentage is demonstrated for policies or

# Section 056

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certificates in force less than three (3) years. As soon as practicable, but prior to the effective date of enhancements in Medicare benefits, every issuer of Medicare supplement policies or certificates in this state files with the director, in accordance with the applicable filing procedures of this state: (4-5-00)

**a.** Appropriate premium adjustments necessary to produce loss ratios as anticipated for the current premium for the applicable policies or certificates. The supporting documents accompanying the filing need to justify the adjustment.

i. An issuer's adjustments need to produce an expected loss ratio under the policy or certificate that conforms to minimum loss ratio standards for Medicare supplement policies and which are expected to result in a loss ratio at least as great as that originally anticipated in the rates used to produce current premiums by the issuer for the Medicare supplement policies or certificates. No premium adjustment which would modify the loss ratio experience under the policy other than the adjustments described herein is made with respect to a policy at any time other than upon its renewal date or anniversary date.

ii. If an issuer fails to make premium adjustments acceptable to the director, the director may order premium adjustments, refunds, or premium credits deemed necessary to achieve the loss ratio prescribed by Section 051.

**b.** Any appropriate riders, endorsements, or policy forms needed to accomplish the Medicare supplement policy or certificate modifications necessary to eliminate benefit duplications with Medicare. The riders, endorsements, or policy forms provides a clear description of the Medicare supplement benefits provided by the policy or certificate. (4-5-00)

04. Public Hearings. The director may conduct a public hearing to gather information concerning a request by an issuer for an increase in a rate for a policy form or certificate form issued before or after the effective date of July 1, 1992 if the experience of the form for the previous reporting period is not in compliance with the applicable loss ratio standard. The determination of compliance is made without consideration of any refund or credit for the reporting period. Public notice of the hearing is furnished in a manner deemed appropriate by the director.

(4-5-00)

(3-29-10)

# 052. -- 055. (RESERVED)

# 056. FILING AND APPROVAL OF POLICIES AND CERTIFICATES AND PREMIUM RATES.

#### 01. Filing of Policy Forms.

**a.** An issuer cannot deliver or issue for delivery a policy or certificate to a resident of this state unless the policy form or certificate form has been filed with and approved by the director in accordance with filing requirements and procedures prescribed by the director. (3-29-10)

**b.** An issuer would file any riders or amendments to policy or certificate forms to delete outpatient prescription drug benefits as prescribed by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 only with the director in the state in which the policy or certificate was issued.

#### 02. Filing of Premium Rates.

**a.** An issuer cannot use or change premium rates for a Medicare supplement policy or certificate unless the rates, rating schedule, and supporting documentation have been filed with and approved by the director in accordance with the filing requirements and procedures prescribed by the director. (3-29-10)

**b.** Except as provided in Subsection 051.03, the insured cannot receive more than one (1) rate increase in any twelve (12) month period. (4-11-19)

**03.** Except as provided in Paragraph 056.03.a., an issuer will not file for approval more than one (1) form of a policy or certificate of each type for each standard Medicare supplement benefit plan. (4-11-19)

(3-29-10)

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**a.** An issuer may offer, with the approval of the director, up to three (3) additional policy forms or certificate forms of the same type for the same standard Medicare supplement benefit plan, one (1) or each of the following cases: (3-29-17)

i.	The inclusion of new or innovative benefits;	(4-5-00)

ii. The addition of either direct response or agent marketing methods; (4-5-00)

iii. The addition of either guaranteed issue or underwritten coverage; (4-5-00)

**b.** For the purposes of Section 056, "type" means an individual policy, a group policy, an individual Medicare Select policy. (4-11-19)

04. Availability of Policy Form or Certificate. Except as provided in Paragraph 056.04.a., an issuer continuously makes available for purchase any policy form or certificate form. A policy form or certificate form would not be considered available for purchase unless the issuer has actively offered it for sale continuously during the previous twelve (12) months.

a. An issuer may discontinue the availability of a policy form or certificate form if the issuer provides to the director in writing its decision at least thirty (30) days prior to discontinuing the availability of the form of the policy or certificate. After receipt of this notice by the director, the issuer no longer offers for sale the policy form or certificate form in this state. (4-5-00)

**b.** An issuer that discontinues the availability of a policy form or certificate form pursuant to Paragraph 056.04.a. will not file for approval a new policy form or certificate form of the same type for the same standard Medicare supplement benefit plan as the discontinued form for a period of five (5) years after the issuer provides notice to the director of the discontinuance. The period of discontinuance may be reduced if the director determines that a shorter period is appropriate. (4-11-19)

**c.** The sale or other transfer of Medicare supplement business to another issuer is considered a discontinuance for the purposes of Subsection 056.04. (4-11-19)

**d.** A change in the rating structure or methodology is considered a discontinuance under this Subsection 056.04 unless the issuer complies with the following requirements: (4-11-19)

i. The issuer provides an actuarial memorandum, in a form and manner prescribed by the director, describing the manner in which the revised rating methodology and resultant rates differ from the existing rating methodology and existing rates. (4-5-00)

ii. The issuer does not subsequently put into effect a change of rates or rating factors that would cause the percentage differential between the discontinued and subsequent rates as described in the actuarial memorandum to change. The director may approve a change to the differential which is in the public interest. (4-5-00)

# 05. Experience of Policy Forms.

a. Except as provided in Paragraph 056.05.b., the experience of all policy forms or certificate forms of the same type in a standard Medicare supplement benefit plan is combined for purposes of the refund or credit calculation prescribed in Section 051. (4-11-19)

**b.** Forms assumed under an assumption reinsurance agreement are not combined with the experience of other forms for purposes of the refund or credit calculation. (4-5-00)

**c.** The experience of all policy forms or certificate forms for standardized Medicare supplement benefit plans of the same type is combined for purposes of the rate change filing. Generally, any applicable percentage increase is filed and applied uniformly across all standardized plans within the same type, unless doing so would violate the federal lifetime loss ratio standards for specific forms within the same type. (3-29-17)

(4-5-00)

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06. Attained Age Rating. With respect to Medicare supplement policies that conform to the Standard Benefit Plans under IDAPA 18.04.10, it is an unfair practice and an unfair method of competition for any issuer, insurer, or licensee to use the increasing age of an insured, subscriber or participant as the basis for increasing premiums or prepayment charges for policyholders who initially purchase a policy after January 1, 1995. This chapter explicitly authorizes both issue age ratings and community ratings consistent with the prohibition of attained age ratings and allows companies to resubmit for approval issue age ratings previously rejected.

**07. Rating by Area and Gender**. With respect to Medicare supplement policies that conform to the Standard Benefit Plans under IDAPA 18.04.10, it is an unfair practice and an unfair method of competition for any issue, issuer, or licensee to use area or gender for rating purpose. ()

**08. Other Rating Requirements**. With respect to Medicare supplement policies that conform to the Standard Benefit Plans under this chapter, sold to residents of this State on or after January 1, 2018: (3-29-17)

**a.** Any rate adjustments are uniform between 1990 Standardized and later Standardized plans throughout the lifetime of the policies, unless doing so would violate the federal lifetime loss ratio standards for specific forms within the same type.

**b.** No discount or underwriting factor of less than 1.0 will be available to policies issued outside of open enrollment, per Section 036, or guaranteed issue, per Section 041, unless the greatest discount or lowest underwriting factor is automatically applied to all policies issued under open enrollment and guaranteed issue.

(4-11-19)

**c.** For issue-ages sixty-five (65) and greater, the filed rate for any given age will not exceed the rate for any higher issue-age, similarly rated individual. (3-29-17)

**d.** For issue-ages sixty-four (64) or less, the premium cannot exceed one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the premium for an issue-age sixty-five (65), similarly rated individual, while the individual's attained age is less than sixty-five (65). Upon attaining age sixty-five (65), a policyholder with an issue-age less than sixty-five (65) is charged the same premium rate as an issue-age sixty-five (65), similarly rated individual. (3-29-17)

e. For any given age, the rating by the issuer does not differentiate on the basis of the reason for eligibility for Medicare Part B. (3-29-17)

# 057. -- 060. (RESERVED)

# 061. PERMITTED COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS.

01. Commissions. An issuer or other entity may provide commission or other compensation to an agent or other representative for the sale of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate only if the first-year commission or other first-year compensation is no more than two hundred percent (200%) of the commission or other compensation paid for selling or servicing the policy or certificate in the second year or period. (4-5-00)

**02.** Compensation in Subsequent Years. The commission or other compensation provided in subsequent renewal years needs to be the same as that provided in the second year or period and be provided for no fewer than five (5) renewal years.

**03. Renewal Compensation**. No issuer or other entity provides compensation to its agent or other producers and no agent or producer receives compensation greater than the renewal compensation payable by the replacing issuer on renewal policies or certificates if an existing policy or certificate is replaced. (4-5-00)

04. Compensation. For purposes of Section 061, compensation includes pecuniary or non-pecuniary remuneration of any kind relating to the sale or renewal of the policy or certificate, including but not limited to bonuses, gifts, prizes, awards, and finder's fees. (4-11-19)

062. -- 065. (RESERVED)

# 066. DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.

#### 01. General Rules.

(4-5-00)

a. Medicare supplement policies and certificates includes a renewal or continuation provision. The language or specifications of the provision is consistent with the type of contract issued. The provision is appropriately captioned and appears on the first page of the policy, and includes any reservation by the issuer of the right to change premiums. (3-29-10)

**b.** Except for riders or endorsements by which the issuer effectuates a request made in writing by the insured, exercises a specifically reserved right under a Medicare supplement policy, or is needed to reduce or eliminate benefits to avoid duplication of Medicare benefits, all riders or endorsements added to a Medicare supplement policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal which reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy requires a signed acceptance by the insured. After the date of policy or certificate issue, any rider or endorsement which increases benefits or coverage with a concomitant increase in premium during the policy term is agreed to in writing and signed by the insured, unless the benefits are prescribed by the minimum standards for Medicare supplement policies, or if the increased benefits or coverage is prescribed by law. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge is set forth in the policy.

**c.** Medicare supplement policies or certificates do not provide for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import. (4-5-00)

**d.** If a Medicare supplement policy or certificate contains any limitations with respect to preexisting conditions, such limitations appear as a separate paragraph of the policy and be labeled as "Preexisting Condition Limitations." (4-5-00)

e. Medicare supplement policies and certificates have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or certificate or attached thereto, stating in substance that the policyholder or certificateholder has the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty (30) days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the insured person is not satisfied for any reason. (3-29-10)

f. Issuers of accident and sickness policies or certificates that provide hospital or medical expense coverage on an expense incurred or indemnity basis to persons eligible for Medicare provide to those applicants a "Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare" in the form developed jointly by the National Association of Insurance Commissions and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services and in a type size no smaller than twelve (12) point type. Delivery of the Guide is made whether or not the policies or certificates are advertised, solicited or issued as Medicare supplement policies or certificates. Except in the case of direct response issuers, delivery of the Guide will be made to the applicant at the time of application and acknowledgment of receipt of the Guide is obtained by the issuer. Direct response issuers deliver the Guide to the applicant upon request but not later than at the time the policy is delivered. (4-11-06)

**g.** For the purposes of Section 066, "form" means the language, format, type size, type proportional spacing, bold character, and line spacing. (4-11-19)

#### 02. Notice Requirements.

(4-5-00)

**a.** As soon as practicable, but no later than thirty (30) days prior to the annual effective date of any Medicare benefit changes, an issuer notifies its policyholders and certificateholders of modifications it has made to Medicare supplement insurance policies or certificates in a format acceptable to the director. The notice will: ( )

i. Include a description of revisions to the Medicare program and a description of each modification made to the coverage provided under the Medicare supplement policy or certificate, and (4-5-00)

ii. Inform each policyholder or certificateholder as to when any premium adjustment is to be made due to changes in Medicare. (4-5-00)

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**b.** The notice of benefit modifications and any premium adjustments is in outline form and in clear and simple terms so as to facilitate comprehension. (4-5-00)

c. The notices cannot contain or be accompanied by any solicitation. (4-5-00)

03. Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 Notice Requirements. Issuers comply with any notice requirements of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003. (4-11-06)

#### 04. Outline of Coverage Requirements for Medicare Supplement Policies. (4-5-00)

**a.** Issuers provide an outline of coverage to all applicants at the time application is presented to the prospective applicant and, except for direct response policies, obtain an acknowledgment of receipt of the outline from the applicant; and (4-5-00)

**b.** If an outline of coverage is provided at the time of application and the Medicare supplement policy or certificate is issued on a basis which would require revision of the outline, a substitute outline of coverage properly describing the policy or certificate accompanies the policy or certificate when it is delivered and contain the following statement, in no less than twelve (12) point type, immediately above the company name:

# "NOTICE: Read this outline of coverage carefully. It is not identical to the outline of coverage provided upon application and the coverage originally applied for has not been issued." (4-5-00)

c. The outline of coverage provided to applicants pursuant to this section consists of four (4) parts: a cover page, premium information, disclosure pages, and charts displaying the features of each benefit plan offered by the issuer. The outline of coverage is in the language and format prescribed below in no less than twelve (12) point type. All plans are shown on the cover page, and the plans that are offered by the issuer are prominently identified. Premium information for plans that are offered are shown on the cover page or immediately following the cover page and is prominently displayed. The premium and mode is stated for all plans that are offered to the prospective applicant. All possible premiums for the prospective applicant are illustrated. (3-29-10)

#### 05. Notice Regarding Policies or Certificates Which Are Not Medicare Supplement Policies. (3-29-10)

**a.** Any accident and sickness insurance policy or certificate other than Medicare supplement policy and policy issued pursuant to a contract under Section 1876 of the Federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 1395 et seq.), disability income policy; or other policy identified in Paragraph 001.02.b., issued for delivery in this state to persons eligible for Medicare notifies insureds under the policy that the policy is not a Medicare supplement policy or certificate. The notice is either printed or attached to the first page of the outline of coverage delivered to insureds under the policy, or if no outline of coverage is delivered, to the first page of the policy, or certificate delivered to insureds. The notice is no less than twelve (12) point type and contains the following language:

#### "THIS [POLICY OR CERTIFICATE] IS NOT A MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT [POLICY OR CONTRACT]. If you are eligible for Medicare, review the Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare available from the company." (3-29-10)

**b.** Applications provided to persons eligible for Medicare for the health insurance policies or certificates described in Paragraph 066.04.a. disclose, using the applicable NAIC Model Regulation as incorporated by reference in Section 002 and referenced as Appendix C. The disclosure statement is provided as a part of, or together with, the application for the policy or certificate. (4-11-19)

# 067. -- 070. (RESERVED)

# 071. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION FORMS AND REPLACEMENT COVERAGE.

01. Application Forms. Application forms include the following questions designed to elicit information as to whether, as of the date of the application, the applicant currently has another Medicare supplement,

Medicare Advantage, Medicaid coverage, or another health insurance policy or certificate in force or whether a Medicare supplement policy or certificate is intended to replace any other accident and sickness policy or certificate presently in force. A supplementary application or other form to be signed by the applicant and agent containing such questions and statements may be used. (4-11-06)

# **02.** Statements. (4-5-00)

**a.** You do not need more than one (1) Medicare supplement policy. (4-5-00)

**b.** If you purchase this policy, you may want to evaluate your existing health coverage and decide if you need multiple coverages. (4-5-00)

c. You may be eligible for benefits under Medicaid and not need a Medicare supplement policy.

(4-5-00)

d. If, after purchasing this policy, you become eligible for Medicaid, the benefits and premiums under your Medicare supplement policy can be suspended, if requested, during your entitlement to benefits under Medicaid for twenty-four (24) months. You need to request this suspension within ninety (90) days of becoming eligible for Medicaid. If you are no longer entitled to Medicaid, your suspended Medicare supplement policy (or, if that is no longer available, a substantially equivalent policy) will be reinstituted if requested within ninety (90) days of losing Medicaid eligibility. If the Medicare supplement policy provided coverage for outpatient prescription drugs and you enrolled in Medicare Part D while your policy was suspended, the reinstituted policy will not have outpatient prescription drug coverage, but will otherwise be substantially equivalent to your coverage before the date of the suspension. (4-11-06)

e. If you are eligible for and have enrolled in a Medicare supplement policy by reason of disability and you later become covered by an employer or union-based group health plan, the benefits and premiums under your Medicare supplement policy can be suspended, if requested, while you are covered under the employer or unionbased group health plan. If you suspend your Medicare supplement policy under these circumstances, and later lose your employer or union-based group health plan, your suspended Medicare supplement policy (or, if that is no longer available, a substantially equivalent policy) will be reinstituted if requested within ninety (90) days of losing your employer or union-based health plan. If the Medicare supplement policy provided coverage for outpatient prescription drugs and you enrolled in Medicare Part D while your policy was suspended, the reinstituted policy will not have outpatient prescription drug coverage, but will otherwise be substantially equivalent to your coverage before the date of the suspension. (4-11-06)

f. Counseling services are available through the Senior Health Insurance Benefit Advisors program (SHIBA), to provide advice concerning your purchase of Medicare supplement insurance and concerning medical assistance through the state Medicaid program, including benefits as a Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) and a Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB). (4-11-06)

**03.** Agents. Agents will list any other health insurance policies they have sold to the applicant. (4-5-00)

a.	List policies sold which are still in force.	(4-5-00)

b.	List policies sold in the t	bast five (5) years which are no longer in force.	(4-5-00)
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04. Direct Response Issuer. In the case of a direct response issuer, a copy of the application or supplemental form, signed by the applicant, and acknowledged by the insurer, is returned to the applicant by the insurer upon delivery of the policy. (4-5-00)

05. Notice Regarding Replacement of Medicare Supplement Coverage. Upon determining that a sale will involve replacement of Medicare supplement coverage, any issuer, other than a direct response issuer, or its agent, furnishes the applicant, prior to issuance or delivery of the Medicare supplement policy or certificate, a notice regarding replacement of Medicare supplement coverage. One (1) copy of the notice signed by the applicant and the agent, except where the coverage is sold without an agent, is provided to the applicant and an additional signed copy

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is retained by the issuer. A direct response issuer delivers to the applicant at the time of the issuance of the policy the notice regarding replacement of Medicare supplement coverage. (4-5-00)

**06. SHIBA and Consumer Assistance Link**. The notice prescribed in Subsection 071.05 for an issuer is provided in the NAIC Model Regulation as incorporated by reference in Section 002 of this rule, which includes NAIC Appendixes A, B, and C and all other outlines of coverage and specific plan designs which can be accessed on the Idaho Department of Insurance website. To obtain a copy of the NAIC Model Regulation, contact SHIBA at the Idaho Department of Insurance.

### 072. FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR ADVERTISING.

An issuer provides a copy of any Medicare supplement advertisement intended for use in this state whether through written, radio, or television medium to the director for review or approval by the director. (4-5-00)

### 073. STANDARDS FOR MARKETING.

**01. Issuer**. An issuer, directly or through its producers: (4-5-00)

**a.** Establishes marketing procedures to assure that any comparison of policies by its agents or other producers will be fair and accurate. (4-5-00)

**b.** Establishes marketing procedures to assure excessive insurance is not sold or issued. (4-5-00)

c. Displays prominently by type, stamp, or other appropriate means, on the first page of the policy the following: "Notice to buyer: This policy may not cover all of your medical expenses." (4-5-00)

**d.** Inquires and makes every reasonable effort to identify whether a prospective applicant or enrollee for Medicare supplement insurance already has accident and sickness insurance and the types and amounts of any such insurance. (4-5-00)

e. Establishes auditable procedures for verifying compliance with this Subsection 073.01. (4-11-19)

**02. Banned Acts and Practices**. In addition to the practices banned in Title 41, Chapter 13,Idaho Code, the following acts and practices are banned:

**a.** Twisting. Knowingly making any misleading representation or incomplete or fraudulent comparison of any insurance policies or insurers for the purpose of inducing, or tending to induce, any person to lapse, forfeit, surrender, terminate, retain, pledge, assign, borrow on, or convert an insurance policy or to take out a policy of insurance with another insurer. (4-5-00)

**b.** High pressure tactics. Employing any method of marketing having the effect of or tending to induce the purchase of insurance through force, fright, threat, whether explicit or implied, or undue pressure to purchase or recommend the purchase of insurance. (4-5-00)

c. Cold lead advertising. Making use directly or indirectly of any method of marketing which fails to disclose in a conspicuous manner that a purpose of the method of marketing is solicitation of insurance and that contact will be made by an insurance agent or insurance company. (4-5-00)

**03. Banned Terms**. The terms "Medicare supplement," "Medigap," "Medicare wrap-around," and words of similar import cannot be used unless the policy is issued in compliance with this chapter. ()

# 074. -- 075. (RESERVED)

# 076. APPROPRIATENESS OF RECOMMENDED PURCHASE AND EXCESSIVE INSURANCE.

In recommending the purchase or replacement of any Medicare supplement policy or certificate, an agent makes reasonable efforts to determine the appropriateness of a recommended purchase or replacement. Any sale of Medicare supplement policy or certificate that will provide an individual more than one Medicare supplement policy or certificate is banned. An issuer cannot issue a Medicare supplement policy or certificate to an individual enrolled

in Medicare Part C unless the effective date of the coverage is after the termination date of the individual's Part C coverage.

# 077. REPORTING OF MULTIPLE POLICIES.

01. **Reporting**. On or before March 1 of each year, an issuer reports the following information for every individual resident of this state for which the issuer has in force more than one (1) Medicare supplement policy or certificate: (4-5-00)

a. Policy and certificate number, and (4-5-00)

**b.** Date of issuance. (4-5-00)

**02. Grouping by Individual Policyholder**. The items set forth above need to be grouped by individual (4-5-00)

078. -- 080. (RESERVED)

# **081. PROHIBITION AGAINST PREEXISTING CONDITIONS, WAITING PERIODS, ELIMINATION PERIODS AND PROBATIONARY PERIODS IN REPLACEMENT POLICIES OR CERTIFICATES.**

01. Waiving of Time Periods. If a Medicare supplement policy or certificate replaces another Medicare supplement policy or certificate, the replacing issuer waives any time periods applicable to preexisting conditions, waiting periods, elimination periods and probationary periods in the new Medicare supplement policy or certificate for similar benefits to the extent such time was spent under the original policy. (4-5-00)

**02. Replacing Policy**. If a Medicare supplement policy or certificate replaces another Medicare supplement policy or certificate which has been in effect for at last six (6) months, the replacing policy does not provide any time period applicable to preexisting conditions, waiting periods, elimination periods, and probationary periods for benefits similar to those contained in the original policy or certificate. (4-5-00)

# **082. PROHIBITION AGAINST USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION AND REQUESTS FOR GENETIC TESTING.**

This section applies to all policies with policy years beginning on or after May 21, 2009. (3-29-10)

**01. Banned Provisions**. An issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate: (3-29-10)

**a.** Does not deny or condition the issuance of effectiveness of the policy or certificate (including the imposition of any exclusion of benefits under the policy based on a preexisting condition) on the basis of the genetic information with respect to such individual; and (3-29-10)

**b.** Does not discriminate in the pricing of the policy or certificate (including the adjustment of premium rates) of an individual on the basis of the genetic information with respect to such individual. (3-29-10)

**02. Denial of Coverage**. Nothing in Subsection 082.01 is construed to limit the ability of an issuer, to the extent otherwise permitted by law, from: (4-11-19)

**a.** Denying or conditioning the issuance or effectiveness of the policy or certificate or increasing the premium for a group based on the manifestation of a disease or disorder of an insured or applicant; or (3-29-10)

**b.** Increasing the premium for any policy issued to an individual based on the manifestation of a disease or disorder of an individual who is covered under the policy (in such case, the manifestation of a disease or disorder in one individual will not also be used as genetic information about other group members and to further increase the premium for the group). (3-29-10)

**03. Genetic Testing**. An issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate cannot request or require an individual or a family member of such individual to undergo a genetic test. (3-29-10)

#### IDAPA 18.04.10 – The Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act

04. Payment. Subsection 082.03 does not preclude an issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate from obtaining and using the results of a genetic test in making a determination regarding payment (as defined for the purposes of applying the regulations promulgated under part C of title XI and Section 264 of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as may be revised from time to time) and consistent with Subsection 082.01.

**05.** Information. For purposes of carrying out Subsection 082.04, an issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate may request only the minimum amount of information necessary to accomplish the intended purpose. (4-11-19)

**06.** Allowed Genetic Testing. Notwithstanding Subsection 082.03, an issuer of a Medicare supplement policy may request, but not require, that an individual or a family member of such individual undergo a genetic test if each of the following conditions is met: (4-11-19)

**a.** The request is made pursuant to research that complies with part 46 of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations, or equivalent Federal regulations, and any applicable State or local law or rules for the protection of human subjects in research. (3-29-10)

**b.** The issuer clearly indicates to each individual, or in the case of a minor child, to the legal guardian of such child, to whom the request is made that: (3-29-10)

i. Compliance with the request is voluntary; and (3-29-10)

ii. Non-compliance will have no effect on enrollment status or premium or contribution amounts. (3-29-10)

**c.** No genetic information collected or acquired under Subsection 082.06 is used for underwriting, determination of eligibility to enroll or maintain enrollment status, premium rates, or the issuance, renewal, or replacement of a policy or certificate. (4-11-19)

**d.** The issuer notifies the Secretary in writing that the issuer is conducting activities pursuant to the exception provided for under Subsection 082.06, including a description of the activities conducted. (4-11-19)

e. The issuer complies with such other conditions as the Secretary may by regulation require for activities conducted under Subsection 082.06. (4-11-19)

**f.** An issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate cannot request, require, or purchase genetic information for underwriting purposes. (3-29-10)

**g.** An issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate cannot request, require or purchase genetic information with respect to any individual prior to such individual's enrollment under the policy in connection with such enrollment. (3-29-10)

**h.** If an issuer of Medicare supplement policy or certificate obtains genetic information incidental to the requesting, requiring, or purchasing of other information concerning an individual, such request, requirement, or purchase is not considered a violation of Paragraph 082.06.g. if such request, requirement, or purchase is not in violation of Paragraph 082.06.f. (4-11-19)

**07. Definitions**. For the purposes of this section only; (3-29-10)

**a.** "Issuer of a Medicare supplement policy or certificate" includes third-party administrator, or other person acting for or on behalf of such issuer. (3-29-10)

**b.** "Family member" means, with respect to an individual, any other individual who is a first-degree, second-degree, third-degree, or fourth-degree relative of such individual. (3-29-10)

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c. "Genetic information" means, with respect to any individual, information about such individual's genetic tests, the genetic tests of family members of such individual, and the manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of such individual. Such term includes, with respect to any individual, any request for, or receipt of, genetic services, or participation in clinical research which includes genetic services, by such individual or any family member of such individual. Any reference to genetic information concerning an individual or family member of an individual or family member utilizing reproductive technology, includes genetic information of any embryo legally held by an individual or family member. The term "genetic information" does not include information about the sex or age of any individual. (3-29-10)

**d.** "Genetic services" means a genetic test, genetic counseling (including obtaining, interpreting, or assessing genetic information), or genetic education. (3-29-10)

e. "Genetic test" means an analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites, that detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. The term "genetic test" does not mean an analysis of proteins or metabolites that does not detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes; or an analysis of proteins or metabolites that is directly related to a manifested disease, disorder, or pathological condition that could reasonably be detected by a health care professional with appropriate training and expertise in the field of medicine involved. (3-29-10)

f.	"Underwriting purposes" means:	(3-29-10)	)

i. Rules for, or determination of, eligibility (including enrollment and continued eligibility) for benefits under the policy; (3-29-10)

ii. The computation of premium or contribution amounts under the policy; (3-29-10)

iii. The application of any preexisting condition exclusion under the policy; and (3-29-10)

iv. Other activities related to the creation, renewal, or replacement of a contract of health insurance or (3-29-10)

**083.** -- **999.** (RESERVED)

# 18.04.11 - LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE MINIMUM STANDARDS

# 000.LEGAL AUTHORITY.Title 41, Chapters 2 and 46, Idaho Code.(4-5-00)

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.11, "Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards." (4-5-00)

**02. Purpose**. The purpose of this chapter is to promote the public interest, to promote the availability of long-term care insurance coverage, to protect applicants for long-term care insurance, as defined, from unfair or deceptive sales or enrollment practices, to facilitate public understanding and comparison of long-term care insurance coverages, and to facilitate flexibility and innovation in the development of long-term care insurance. (4-5-00)

03. Scope and Applicability. Except as specifically provided, this chapter applies to all long-term care insurance policies including qualified long-term care insurance contracts and life insurance policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care delivered or issued for delivery in this state; certain provisions of this chapter apply only to qualified long-term care insurance. Additionally, this chapter is intended to apply to policies having indemnity benefits that are triggered by activities of daily living and sold as disability income insurance, if:

**a.** The benefits of the disability income policy are dependent upon or vary in amount based on the receipt of long-term care services; (3-30-01)

**b.** The disability income policy is advertised, marketed or offered as insurance for long-term care (3-30-01)

**c.** Benefits under the policy may commence after the policyholder has reached Social Security's normal retirement age unless benefits are designed to replace lost income or pay for specific expenses other than long-term care services. (3-30-01)

#### 002. INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE.

01. Forms. Documents incorporated by reference may be obtained from the Idaho Department of Insurance website. (3-25-16)

02. Documents Incorporated by Reference. This chapter incorporates by reference the following documents, appendices, and attachments of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Long-Term Care Model Regulation. The Model Regulation is available from the NAIC and from the Idaho Department of Insurance.

a.	Rescission Reporting Form for Long-Term Care, Appendix A.	(3-25-16)
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- b. Personal Worksheet, Appendix B. (3-25-16)
- c. Things You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance, Appendix C. (3-25-16)
- d.Suitability Letter, Appendix D.(3-25-16)e.Claims Denial Reporting Form, Appendix E.(3-25-16)f.Instructions, Appendix F.(3-25-16)Denial Reporting Form, Appendix F.(3-25-16)
- **g.** Replacement and Lapse Reporting Form, Appendix G. (3-25-16)
- h. Outline of Coverage. (3-25-16)

i. Notice to Applicant Regarding Replacement of Individual Accident and Sickness or Long-Term Care Insurance, Attachment I. (3-25-16)

j. Notice to Applicant Regarding Replacement of Accident and Sickness or Long-Term Care (3-25-16)

### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

For the purpose of this rule, the following definitions apply in addition to those found in Title 41, Chapter 46, Idaho Code.

01. Exceptional Increase. Means only those increases filed by an insurer as exceptional for which the director determines the need for the premium rate increase is justified due to changes in Idaho laws or rules applicable to long-term care coverage, or due to increased and unexpected utilization that affects the majority of insurers of similar products. (3-30-01)

**a.** Except as provided in Section 025, Premium Rate Schedule Increases, exceptional increases are subject to the same requirements as other premium rate schedule increases. (3-30-07)

**b.** The director may request a review by an independent actuary or a professional actuarial body of the basis for a request that an increase be considered an exceptional increase. (3-30-01)

**c.** The director, in determining that the necessary basis for an exceptional increase exists, will determine any potential offsets to higher claims costs. (3-30-01)

**02.** Incidental. As used in Subsection 025.10, the value of the long-term care benefits provided is less than ten percent (10%) of the total value of the benefits provided over the life of the policy. These values are measured as of the date of issue. (3-30-07)

03. Qualified Actuary. Means a member in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries. (3-30-01)

#### 011. POLICY DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this rule, no long-term care insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state may use the terms set forth below, unless the terms are defined in the policy. In relation to the Qualified Long-Term Care plans, such definitions are to satisfy definitions as amended by the U.S. Treasury Department and the following requirements.

01. Activities of Daily Living. At least bathing, continence, dressing, eating, toileting, and (4-5-00)

**02.** Acute Condition. The individual is medically unstable. Such an individual requires frequent monitoring by medical professionals, such as physicians and registered nurses, to maintain the individual's health status.

**03.** Adult Day Care. A program for six (6) or more individuals, of social and health-related services provided during the day in a community group setting for the purpose of supporting frail, impaired elderly or other disabled adults who can benefit from care in a group setting outside the home. (4-5-00)

04. Bathing. Washing oneself by sponge bath; or in either a tub or shower, including the task of getting into or out of the tub or shower. (4-5-00)

**05. Cognitive Impairment**. A deficiency in a person's short or long-term memory, orientation as to person, place and time, deductive or abstract reasoning, or judgment as it relates to safety awareness. (4-5-00)

**06. Continence**. The ability to maintain control of bowel and bladder function; or, when unable to maintain control of bowel or bladder function, the ability to perform associated personal hygiene (including caring for catheter or colostomy bag). (4-5-00)

**07. Dressing**. Putting on and taking off all items of clothing and any necessary braces, fasteners, or (4-5-00)

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**08. Eating**. Feeding oneself by getting food into the body from a receptacle (such as a plate, cup, or table) or by a feeding tube or intravenously. (4-5-00)

**09. Hands-On Assistance**. Physical assistance (minimal, moderate, or maximal) without which the individual would not be able to perform the activity of daily living. (4-5-00)

10. Home Health Care Services. Medical and non-medical services, provided to ill, disabled, or infirm persons in their residences. Such services may include homemaker services, assistance with activities of daily living, and respite care services. (4-5-00)

11. Mental or Nervous Disorder. Limited to neurosis, psychoneurosis, psychopathy, psychosis, or mental or emotional disease or disorder.

12. Personal Care. The provision of hands-on services to assist an individual with activities of daily (4-5-00)

13. Similar Policy Forms. Means all of the long-term care insurance policies and certificates issued by an insurer in the same long-term care benefit classification as the policy form being considered. Certificates of groups that meet the definition in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, are not considered similar to certificates or policies issued as long-term care insurance, but are similar to other comparable certificates with the same long-term care benefit classifications. For purposes of determining similar policy forms, long-term care benefit classifications are defined as follows: (3-30-01)

a.	Institutional long-term care benefits only;	(3-30-01)
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**b.** Non-institutional long-term care benefits only; or (3-30-01)

c. Comprehensive long-term care benefits. (3-30-01)

14. Skilled Nursing Care, Personal Care, Home Care, Specialized Care, Assisted Living Care and Other Services. Defined in relation to the level of skill prescribed, the nature of the care and the setting in which care need be delivered.

15. Toileting. Getting to and from the toilet, getting on and off the toilet, and performing associated (4-5-00)

16. Transferring. Moving into or out of a bed, chair, or wheelchair. (4-5-00)

17. All Providers of Services. All providers of services including but not limited to Skilled Nursing Facility, Extended Care Facility, Convalescent Nursing Home, Personal Care Facility, Specialized Care Providers, Assisted Living Facility, and Home Care Agency is defined in relation to the services and facilities prescribed to be available and the licensure, certification, registration or degree status of those providing or supervising the services. When the definition requires that the provider be appropriately licensed, certified or registered, it also states what requirements a provider need meet in lieu of licensure, certification or registration when the state in which the service is to be furnished does not require a provider of these services to be licensed, certified or registered, or when the state licenses, certifies or registers the provider of services under another name.

# 012. POLICY PRACTICES AND PROVISIONS.

**01. Renewability**. The terms "guaranteed renewable" and "noncancellable" cannot be used in any individual long-term care insurance policy without further explanatory language in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Section 014 of this rule.

**a.** A policy issued to an individual cannot contain renewal provisions other than "guaranteed renewable" or "noncancellable."

**b.** The term "guaranteed renewable" may be used only when the insured has the right to continue the

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long-term care insurance in force by the timely payment of premiums and when the insurer has no unilateral right to make any change in any provision of the policy or rider while the insurance is in force, and cannot decline to renew, except that rates may be revised by the insurer on a class basis. (4-5-00)

**c.** The term "noncancellable" may be used only when the insured has the right to continue the long-term care insurance in force by the timely payment of premiums during which period the insurer has no right to unilaterally make any change in any provision of the insurance or in the premium rate. (4-5-00)

**d.** The term "level premium" may only be used when the insurer does not have the right to change the premium for a specified period for the life of the policy. (3-30-01)

e. In addition to the other requirements of Subsection 011.01, a qualified long-term care insurance contract is guaranteed renewable, within the meaning of Section 7702B(b)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended. (3-30-07)

02. Limitations and Exclusions. A policy cannot be delivered or issued for delivery in this state as long-term care insurance if the policy limits or excludes coverage by type of illness, treatment, medical condition or accident, except as follows: (4-5-00)

**a.** Preexisting conditions or diseases; (4-5-00)

**b.** Mental or nervous disorders; however, this does not permit exclusion or limitation of benefits on the basis of Alzheimer's Disease; (4-5-00)

c.	Alcoholism and drug addiction;	(4-5-00)
d.	Illness, treatment, or medical condition arising out of:	(4-5-00)

i. War or act of war (whether declared or undeclared);	(4-5-00)
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- ii. Participation in a felony, riot, or insurrection; (4-5-00)
- iii. Service in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto; (4-5-00)
- iv. Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide, or intentionally self-inflicted injury; or (4-5-00)
- v. Aviation (this exclusion applies only to non-fare-paying passengers). (4-5-00)

e. Treatment provided in a government facility (unless prescribed by law), services for which benefits are available under Medicare or other governmental program (except Medicaid), any state or federal workers' compensation, employer's liability or occupational disease law, or any motor vehicle no-fault law, services provided by a member of the covered person's immediate family, and services for which no charge is normally made in the absence of insurance;

**f.** Expenses for services or items available or paid under another long-term care insurance or health insurance policy; or (4-5-00)

**g.** In the case of a qualified long-term care insurance contract, expenses for services or items to the extent that the expenses are reimbursable under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act or would be so reimbursable but for the application of a deductible or coinsurance amount. (4-5-00)

**h.** Subsection 011.02 is not intended to prohibit exclusions and limitations by type of provider. However, no long-term care issuer may deny a claim because services are provided in a state other than the state of policy issue under the following conditions: (3-30-07)

i. When the state other than the state of policy issue does not have the provider licensing, certification or registration prescribed in the policy, but where the provider satisfies the policy requirements outlined for providers

in lieu of licensure, certification or registration; or

ii When the state other than the state of policy issue licenses, certifies or registers the provider under another name. For purposes of this Subsection 011.02.h. "state of policy issue" means the state in which the individual policy or certificate was originally issued. (3-30-07)

iii. Subsection 011.02 is not intended to prohibit territorial limitations. (3-30-07)

03. Extension of Benefits. Termination of long-term care insurance is without prejudice to any benefits payable for institutionalization if the institutionalization began while the long-term care insurance was in force and continues without interruption after termination. The extension of benefits beyond the period the long-term care insurance was in force may be limited to the duration of the benefit period, if any, or to payment of the maximum benefits and may be subject to any policy waiting period, and all other applicable provisions of the policy. (4-5-00)

#### 04. Continuation or Conversion.

**a.** Group long-term care insurance issued in this state on or after the effective date of Section 011 provides covered individuals with a basis for continuation or conversion of coverage. (3-30-07)

**b.** For the purposes of Section 011, "a basis for continuation of coverage" means a policy provision that maintains coverage under the existing group policy when the coverage would otherwise terminate and which is subject only to the continued timely payment of premium when due. Group policies that restrict provision of benefits and services to, or contain incentives to use certain providers or facilities, may provide continuation benefits that are substantially equivalent to the benefits of the existing group policy. The director makes a determination as to the substantial equivalency of benefits, and in doing so, takes into consideration the differences between managed care and non-managed care plans, including, but not limited to, provider system arrangements, service availability, benefit levels and administrative complexity. (3-30-07)

**c.** For the purposes of Section 011, "a basis for conversion of coverage" means a policy provision that an individual whose coverage under the group policy would otherwise terminate or has been terminated for any reason, including discontinuance of the group policy in its entirety or with respect to an insured class, and who has been continuously insured under the group policy (and any group policy which it replaced) for at least six (6) months immediately prior to termination, is entitled to the issuance of a converted policy by the insurer under whose group policy he or she is covered, without evidence of insurability. (3-30-07)

**d.** For the purposes of Section 011, "converted policy" means an individual policy of long-term care insurance providing benefits identical to or benefits determined by the director to be substantially equivalent to or in excess of those provided under the group policy from which conversion is made. Where the group policy from which conversion is made restricts provision of benefits and services to, or contains incentives to use certain providers or facilities, the director, in making a determination as to the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration the differences between managed care and non-managed care plans, including, but not limited to, provider system arrangements, service availability, benefit levels and administrative complexity. (3-30-07)

e. Written application for the converted policy is made and the first premium due, if any, is paid as directed by the insurer not later than thirty-one (31) days after termination of coverage under the group policy. The converted policy is issued effective on the day following the termination of coverage under the group policy and is renewable annually.

**f.** Unless the group policy from which conversion is made replaced previous group coverage, the premium for the converted policy is calculated on the basis of the insured's age at inception of coverage under the group policy from which conversion is made. Where the group policy from which conversion is made replaced previous group coverage, the premium for the converted policy is calculated on the basis of the insured's age at inception of coverage under the group policy replaced. (4-5-00)

- g. Continuation of coverage or issuance of a converted policy is mandatory, except where: (4-5-00)
- i. Termination of group coverage resulted from an individual's failure to make any prescribed

)

(4-5-00)

payment of premium or contribution when due; or

)

ii. The terminating coverage is replaced not later than thirty-one (31) days after termination, by group coverage effective on the day following the termination of coverage: (4-5-00)

(1) Providing benefits identical to or benefits determined by the director to be substantially equivalent to or in excess of those provided by the terminating coverage; and (4-5-00)

(2) The premium for which is calculated in a manner consistent with the requirements of Subsection (3-30-07)

**h.** Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 011, a converted policy issued to an individual who at the time of conversion is covered by another long-term care insurance policy that provides benefits on the basis of incurred expenses, may contain a provision that results in a reduction of benefits payable if the benefits provided under the additional coverage, together with the full benefits provided by the converted policy, would result in payment of more than one hundred percent (100%) of incurred expenses. The provision is only included in the converted policy if the converted policy also provides for a premium decrease or refund which reflects the reduction in benefits payable. (3-30-07)

i. The converted policy may provide that the benefits payable under the converted policy, together with the benefits payable under the group policy from which conversion is made, cannot exceed those that would have been payable had the individual's coverage under the group policy remained in force and effect. (4-5-00)

j. Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 011, an insured individual whose eligibility for group long-term care coverage is based upon the individual's relationship to another person is entitled to continuation of coverage under the group policy upon termination of the qualifying relationship by death or dissolution of marriage.

**k.** For the purposes of Section 011 a "managed-care plan" is a health care or assisted living arrangement designed to coordinate patient care or control costs through utilization review, case management or use of specific provider networks. (3-30-07)

**05. Discontinuance and Replacement**. If a group long-term care policy is replaced by another group long-term care policy issued to the same policyholder, the succeeding insurer offers coverage to all persons covered under the previous group policy on its date of termination. Coverage provided or offered to individuals by the insurer and premiums charged to persons under the new group policy: (4-5-00)

**a.** Will not result in an exclusion for preexisting conditions that would have been covered under the group policy being replaced; and (4-5-00)

**b.** Cannot vary or depend on the individual's health or disability status, claim experience or use of long-term care services. (4-5-00)

06.	Premium Changes.	(4-5-00)
a.	The premium charged to an insured cannot increase due to either:	(4-5-00)

i. The increasing age of the insured at ages beyond sixty-five (65); or (4-5-00)

ii. The duration the insured has been covered under the policy. (4-5-00)

**b.** The purchase of additional coverage is not considered a premium rate increase, but for purposes of the calculation prescribed under Section 032, the portion of the premium attributable to the additional coverage is added to and considered part of the initial annual premium. (3-30-07)

**c.** A reduction in benefits is not considered a premium change, but for purpose of the calculation prescribed under Section 032, the initial annual premium is based on the reduced benefits. (3-30-07)

(4-5-00)

#### 07. Electronic Enrollment for Group Policies.

**a.** In the case of a group defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, any requirement that a signature of an insured be obtained by a producer or insurer is satisfied if: (3-30-07)

i. The consent is obtained by telephonic or electronic enrollment by the group policyholder or insurer. A verification of enrollment information is provided to the enrollee; (4-5-00)

ii. The telephonic or electronic enrollment provides necessary and reasonable safeguards to assure the accuracy, retention, and prompt retrieval of records; and (4-5-00)

iii. The telephonic or electronic enrollment provides necessary and reasonable safeguards to assure that the confidentiality of individually identifiable information, "privileged information," is maintained. (4-5-00)

**b.** The insurer makes available, upon request of the director, records that will demonstrate the insurer's ability to confirm enrollment and coverage amounts. (4-5-00)

#### 013. UNINTENTIONAL LAPSE.

01. Notice Before Lapse or Termination. Each insurer offering long-term care insurance, as a protection against unintentional lapse, complies with the following: (4-5-00)

**a.** No individual long-term care policy or certificate is issued until the insurer has received from the applicant either a written designation of at least one (1) person, in addition to the applicant, who is to receive notice of lapse or termination of the policy or certificate for nonpayment of premium, or a written waiver dated and signed by the applicant electing not to designate additional persons to receive notice. The applicant has the right to designate at least one (1) person who is to receive the notice of termination, in addition to the insured. Designation cannot constitute acceptance of any liability on the third party for services provided to the insured. The form used for the written designation will provide space clearly designated for listing at least one (1) person. The designation includes each person's full name and home address. In the case of an applicant who elects not to designate at least one (1) person other than myself to receive notice of lapse or termination of this long-term care insurance policy for nonpayment of premium. I understand that notice will not be given until thirty (30) days after a premium is due and unpaid. I elect NOT to designate a person to receive this notice." The insurer notifies the insured of the right to change this written designation, no less often than once every two (2) years. (4-5-00)

**b.** When the policyholder or certificate holder pays premium for a long-term care insurance policy or certificate through a payroll or pension deduction plan, the requirements contained in Subsection 013.01.a. need not be met until sixty (60) days after the policyholder or certificate holder is no longer on such a payment plan. The application or enrollment form for such policies or certificates clearly indicates the payment plan selected by the applicant. (3-30-07)

**c.** Lapse or termination for nonpayment of premium. No individual long-term care policy or certificate can lapse or be terminated for nonpayment of premium unless the insurer, at least thirty (30) days before the effective date of the lapse or termination, has given notice to the insured and to those persons designated pursuant to Subsection 013.01.a., at the address provided by the insured for purposes of receiving notice of lapse or termination. Notice is given by first class United States mail, postage prepaid; and notice cannot be given until thirty (30) days after a premium is due and unpaid. Notice is deemed to have been given as of five (5) days after the date of mailing.

02. Reinstatement. In addition to the requirement in Subsection 013.01, a long-term care insurance policy or certificate includes a provision that provides for reinstatement of coverage, in the event of lapse if the insurer is provided proof that the policyholder or certificate holder was cognitively impaired or had a loss of functional capacity before the grace period contained in the policy expired. This option is available to the insured if requested within five (5) months after termination and allows for the collection of past due premium, where appropriate. The standard of proof of cognitive impairment or loss of functional capacity cannot be more stringent

than the benefit eligibility criteria on cognitive impairment or the loss of functional capacity contained in the policy and certificate. (3-30-07)

# 014. REQUISITE DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.

01. Renewability. Individual long-term care insurance policies will contain a renewability provision. (3-30-01)

**a.** The provision is appropriately captioned, appears on the first page of the policy, and clearly states that the coverage is guaranteed renewable or noncancellable. This provision cannot apply to policies that do not contain a renewability provision, and under which the right to nonrenew is reserved solely to the policyholder.

(3-30-01)

**b.** A long-term care insurance policy or certificate, other than one where the insurer does not have the right to change the premium, includes a statement that the premium rates may change. (3-30-01)

02. Riders and Endorsements. Except for riders or endorsements by which the insurer effectuates a request made in writing by the insured under an individual long-term care insurance policy, all riders or endorsements added to an individual long-term care insurance policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy requires signed acceptance by the individual insured. After the date of policy issue, any rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a concomitant increase in premium during the policy term is agreed to in writing signed by the insured, except if the increased benefits or coverage are prescribed by law. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge is set forth in the policy, rider or endorsement. ()

**03. Payment of Benefits**. A long-term care insurance policy that provides for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import includes a definition of these terms and an explanation of the terms in its accompanying outline of coverage. (4-5-00)

04. Limitations. If a long-term care insurance policy or certificate contains any limitations with respect to preexisting conditions, the limitations appears as a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and is labeled as "Preexisting Condition Limitations." (4-5-00)

05. Other Limitations or Conditions on Eligibility for Benefits. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate containing any limitations or conditions for eligibility other than those banned in Section 41-4605(4)(b)(i), Idaho Code, sets forth a description of the limitations or conditions, including any prescribed number of days of confinement, in a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and labels such paragraph "Limitations or Conditions on Eligibility for Benefits." ()

06. Disclosure of Tax Consequences. With regard to life insurance policies that provide an accelerated benefit for long-term care, a disclosure statement is prescribed at the time of application for the policy or rider and at the time the accelerated benefit payment request is submitted that receipt of these accelerated benefits may be taxable, and that assistance should be sought from a personal tax advisor. The disclosure statement is prominently displayed on the first page of the policy or rider and any other related documents. Subsection 014.06 cannot apply to qualified long-term care insurance contracts.

07. Benefit Triggers. Activities of daily living and cognitive impairment is used to measure an insured's need for long-term care and is described in the policy or certificate in a separate paragraph and is labeled "Eligibility for the Payment of Benefits." Any additional benefit triggers need to be explained. If these triggers differ for different benefits, explanation of the trigger accompanies each benefit description. If an attending physician or other specified person needs to certify a certain level of functional dependency to be eligible for benefits, this too needs to be specified.

**08. Qualified Contracts.** A qualified long-term care insurance contract includes a disclosure statement in the policy and in the outline of coverage as contained in Section 035 that the policy is intended to be a qualified long-term care insurance contract under Section 7702B (b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(3-30-07)

**09. Non-Qualified Contracts.** A non-qualified long-term care insurance contract includes a disclosure statement in the policy and in the outline of coverage as contained in Section 035 that the policy is not intended to be a qualified long-term care insurance contract. (3-30-07)

10.	Requisite Disclosure of Rating Practices to Consumers.	(3-30-01)

**a.** Subsection 014.10 applies as follows:

Subsection 014.10 a ii Subsection 014.10 applies to any long term care

(3-30-07)

i. Except as provided in Subsection 014.10.a.ii., Subsection 014.10 applies to any long-term care policy or certificate issued in this state on or after July 1, 2001. (3-30-07)

ii. For certificates issued on or after the effective date of this amended rule under a group long-term care insurance policy as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, which policy was in force at the time this amended rule became effective, the provisions of Subsection 014.10 applies on the policy anniversary following January 1, 2002. (3-30-07)

**b.** Other than policies for which no applicable premium rate or rate schedule increases can be made, insurers provide all of the information listed in Subsection 014.10.b. to the applicant at the time of application or enrollment, unless the method of application does not allow for delivery at that time. In such a case, an insurer provides all information listed in Subsection 014.10.b. to the applicant no later than at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate. (3-30-07)

i. A statement that the policy may be subject to rate increases in the future; (3-30-01)

ii. An explanation of potential future premium rate revisions, and the policyholder's or certificateholder's option in the event of a premium rate revision; (3-30-01)

iii. The premium rate or rate schedules applicable to the applicant that will be in effect until a request is made for an increase; and (3-30-01)

iv. A general explanation for applying premium rate or rate schedule adjustments that includes a description of when premium rate or rate schedule adjustments will be effective (e.g., next anniversary date, next billing date, etc.); and the right to a revised premium rate or rate schedule as provided in Subsection 014.10.b.ii., if the premium rate or rate schedule is changed. (3-30-07)

**c.** Information regarding each premium rate increase on this policy form or similar forms over the past ten (10) years for this state or any other state that, at a minimum, identifies: (3-30-01)

i. The policy forms for which premium rates have been increased; (3-30-01)

ii. The calendar years when the form was available for purchase; and (3-30-01)

iii. The amount or percent of each increase. The percentage may be expressed as a percentage of the premium rate prior to the increase, and may also be expressed as minimum and maximum percentages if the rate increase is variable by rating characteristics. (3-30-01)

d. The insurer may, in a fair manner, provide additional explanatory information related to the rate (3-30-01)

e. An insurer has the right to exclude from the disclosure premium rate increases that only apply to blocks of business acquired from other nonaffiliated insurers or the long-term care policies acquired from other nonaffiliated insurers when those increases occurred prior to acquisition. (3-30-01)

**f.** If an acquiring insurer files for a rate increase on a long-term care policy form acquired from nonaffiliated insurers or a block of policy forms acquired from nonaffiliated insurers on or before the later of the effective date of Subsection 014.10 or the end of a twenty-four (24) month period following the acquisition of the

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block of policies, the acquiring insurer may exclude that rate increase from the disclosure. However, the nonaffiliated selling company includes the disclosure of that rate increase in accordance with Subsection 014.10.c. (3-30-07)

g. If the acquiring insurer in Subsection 014.10.f. above files for a subsequent rate increase, even within the twenty-four (24) month period, on the same policy form acquired from nonaffiliated insurers or block of policy forms acquired from insurers referenced in Subsection 014.10.f., the acquiring insurer will make all disclosures prescribed by Subsection 014,10.c., including disclosure of the earlier rate increase referenced in Subsection 014.10.f. ()

**h.** An applicant signs an acknowledgement at the time of application, unless the method of application does not allow for signature at that time, that the insurer made the disclosure prescribed under Subsections 014.10.b. and 014.10.c. If because of the method of application the applicant cannot sign an acknowledgement at the time of application, the applicant signs no later than at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate. ()

i. An insurer uses the forms in Appendices B and F to comply with the disclosure requirements of Subsection 014.10.b. and Subsection 014.10.h. (3-25-16)

**j.** An insurer provides notice of an upcoming premium rate schedule increase to all policyholders or certificateholders, if applicable, at least thirty (30) days prior to the implementation of the premium rate schedule increase by the insurer. The notice includes the information prescribed by Subsection 014.10.b., when the increase is implemented.

### 015. PROHIBITION AGAINST POST-CLAIMS UNDERWRITING.

01. Health Conditions. All applications for long-term care insurance policies or certificates except those that are guaranteed issue contains clear and unambiguous questions designed to ascertain the health condition of the applicant. (4-5-00)

**02. Medication**. If an application for long-term care insurance contains a question that asks whether the applicant has had medication prescribed by a physician, it will also ask the applicant to list the medication that has been prescribed. If the medications listed in the application were known by the insurer, or should have been known at the time of application, to be directly related to a medical condition for which coverage would be denied, then the policy or certificate cannot be rescinded for that condition. (4-5-00)

**03.** Non-Guaranteed Issue. Except for policies or certificates which are guaranteed issue: (4-5-00)

**a.** The following language is set out conspicuously and in close conjunction with the applicant's signature block on an application for a long-term care insurance policy or certificate: Caution: If your answers on this application are incorrect or untrue, (company) has the right to deny benefits or rescind your policy. (4-5-00)

**b.** The following language, or language substantially similar to the following, is set out conspicuously on the long-term care insurance policy or certificate at the time of delivery:

"Caution: The issuance of this long-term care insurance (policy) (certificate) is based upon your responses to the questions on your application. A copy of your (application) (enrollment form) (is enclosed) (was retained by you when you applied). If your answers are incorrect or untrue, the company has the right to deny benefits or rescind your policy. The best time to clear up any questions is now, before a claim arises! If, for any reason, any of your answers are incorrect, contact the company at this address: (insert address)." (4-5-00)

**c.** Prior to issuance of a long-term care policy or certificate to an applicant age eighty (80) or older, the insurer obtains one (1) of the following: (4-5-00)

i.	A report of a physical examination;	(4-5-00)
ii.	An assessment of functional capacity;	(4-5-00)
iii.	An attending physician's statement; or	(4-5-00)

iv. Copies of medical records.

(4-5-00)

04. Delivery of Application or Enrollment and Form. A copy of the completed application or enrollment form (whichever is applicable) is delivered to the insured no later than at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate unless it was retained by the applicant at the time of application. (4-5-00)

**05. Record of Rescissions**. Every insurer or other entity selling or issuing long-term care insurance benefits maintains a record of all policy or certificate rescissions, both state and countrywide, except those that the insured voluntarily effectuated and annually furnishes this information to the insurance director in the format prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners in Appendix A. (3-25-16)

# 016. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR HOME HEALTH AND COMMUNITY CARE BENEFITS IN LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE POLICIES.

01. Limitations or Exclusions. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate cannot, if it provides benefits for home health care or community care services, limit or exclude benefits: (4-5-00)

**a.** By requiring that the insured or claimant would need care in a skilled nursing facility if home health care services were not provided; (4-5-00)

**b.** By requiring that the insured or claimant first or simultaneously receive nursing or therapeutic services, or both, in a home, community, or institutional setting before home health care services are covered;

(4-5-00)

c. By limiting eligible services to services provided by registered nurses or licensed practical nurses; (4-5-00)

**d.** By requiring that a nurse or therapist provide services covered by the policy that can be provided by a home health aide, or other licensed or certified home care worker acting within the scope of their licensure or certification; (4-5-00)

e. By excluding coverage for personal care services provided by a home health aide; (4-5-00)

**f.** By requiring that the provision of home health care services be at a level of certification or licensure greater than that prescribed by the eligible service; ()

**g.** By requiring that the insured or claimant have an acute condition before home health care services (4-5-00)

h. By limiting benefits to services provided by Medicare-certified agencies or providers; or (4-5-00)

i. By excluding coverage for adult day care services. (4-5-00)

**02. Coverage Equivalency**. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate, if it provides for home health or community care services, provides total home health or community care coverage that is a dollar amount equivalent to at least one-half (1/2) of one (1) year's coverage available for nursing home benefits under the policy or certificate, at the time covered home health or community care services are being received. This requirement cannot apply to policies or certificates issued to residents of continuing care retirement communities. (4-5-00)

03. Maximum Coverage. Home health care coverage may be applied to the non-home health care benefits provided in the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate. (4-5-00)

# 017. REQUIREMENT TO OFFER INFLATION PROTECTION.

01. Inflation Protection Offer. No insurer may offer a long-term care insurance policy unless the

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insurer also offers to the policyholder in addition to any other inflation protection the option to purchase a policy that provides for benefit levels to increase with benefit maximums or reasonable durations which are meaningful to account for reasonably anticipated increases in the costs of long-term care services covered by the policy. Insurers will offer to each policyholder, at the time of purchase, the option to purchase a policy with an inflation protection feature no less favorable than one (1) of the following: (4-5-00)

a. Increases benefit levels annually in a manner so that the increases are compounded annually at a rate not less than five percent (5%); (4-5-00)

**b.** Guarantees the insured individual the right to periodically increase benefit levels without providing evidence of insurability or health status as long as the option for the previous period has not been declined. The amount of the additional benefit is no less than the difference between the existing policy benefit and that benefit compounded annually at a rate of at least five percent (5%) for the period beginning with the purchase of the existing benefit and extending until the year in which the offer is made; or (4-5-00)

**c.** Covers a specified percentage of actual or reasonable charges and does not include a maximum specified indemnity amount or limit. (4-5-00)

**d.** With respect to inflation protection for a Partnership policy only: (3-30-07)

i. If the policy is sold to an individual who has not attained age sixty-one (61) as of the date of purchase, the policy will provide some level of automatic compound annual inflation protection; (3-25-16)

ii. If the policy is sold to an individual who has attained age sixty-one (61) but has not attained age 76 as of the date of purchase, the policy will provide some level of automatic annual inflation protection; and (3-25-16)

iii. If the policy is sold to an individual who has attained age seventy-six (76) as of the date of purchase, the policy may (but is not prescribed to) provide some level of inflation protection. ()

**02. Group Offer**. Where the policy is issued to a group, the prescribed offer in Subsection 017.01 is made to the group policyholder; except, if the policy is issued to a group defined in Section 41-4603(4)(d), Idaho Code, other than to a continuing care retirement community, the offering is made to each proposed certificateholder.

**03. Requirements for Life Insurance Policies**. The offer in Subsection 017.01 above is not prescribed of life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits.

04. Outline of Coverage. Insurers include the following information in or with the outline of coverage: (4-5-00)

a. A graphic comparison of the benefit levels of a policy that increases benefits over the policy period with a policy that does not increase benefits. The graphic comparison shows benefit levels over at least a twenty (20) year period. (4-5-00)

**b.** Any expected premium increases or additional premiums to pay for automatic or optional benefit (4-5-00)

c. An insurer may use a reasonable hypothetical, or a graphic demonstration, for the purposes of this disclosure. (4-5-00)

**05.** Continuation of Inflation Protection. Inflation protection benefit increases under a policy which contains these benefits continue without regard to an insured's age, claim status or claim history, or the length of time the person has been insured under the policy. (4-5-00)

06. **Premium Disclosures**. An offer of inflation protection that provides for automatic benefit increases includes an offer of a premium which the insurer expects to remain constant. The offer discloses in a conspicuous manner that the premium may change in the future unless the premium is guaranteed to remain constant

(4-5-00)

**07. Rejection of Offer**. Inflation protection as provided in Subsection 017.01 is included in a longterm care insurance policy unless an insurer obtains a rejection of inflation protection signed by the policyholder as prescribed in Subsection 017.07. The rejection may be either in the application or on a separate form. The rejection is considered a part of the application and states: "I have reviewed the outline of coverage and the graphs that compare the benefits and premiums of this policy with and without inflation protection. Specifically, I have reviewed Plans \_\_\_\_\_\_, and I reject inflation protection (signature line: \_\_\_\_\_\_)."

# 018. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION FORMS AND REPLACEMENT COVERAGE.

01. Application Forms. Application forms include the following questions designed to elicit information as to whether, as of the date of the application, the applicant has another long-term care insurance policy or certificate in force or whether a long-term care policy or certificate is intended to replace any other accident and sickness or long-term care policy or certificate presently in force. A supplementary application or other form to be signed by the applicant and producer, except where the coverage is sold without a producer, containing the questions may be used. With regard to a replacement policy issued to a group defined by Section 41-4603(a), Idaho Code, the following questions may be modified only to the extent necessary to elicit information about health or long-term care insurance policies other than the group policy being replaced, provided that the certificateholder has been notified of the replacement. (3-30-07)

**a.** Do you have another long-term care insurance policy or certificate in force (including insurance, Fraternal Benefit Societies, Managed Care Organization) or other similar organizations? (4-5-00)

<b>b.</b> (12) months?	Did you have another long-term care insurance policy or certificate in force during the las	t twelve (4-5-00)
i.	If so, with which company?	(4-5-00)
ii.	If that policy lapsed, when did it lapse?	(4-5-00)
c.	Are you covered by Medicaid?	(4-5-00)
<b>d.</b> (certificate)?	Do you intend to replace any of your medical or health insurance coverage with this	s policy (4-5-00)
<b>02.</b> applicant.	Other Policy Disclosures. Producers list any other health insurance policies they have so	ld to the 3-30-07)

- **a.** List policies sold that are still in force. (4-5-00)
- **b.** List policies sold in the past five (5) years that are no longer in force. (4-5-00)

03. Solicitations Other Than Direct Response. Upon determining that a sale will involve replacement, an insurer, other than an insurer using direct response solicitation methods, or its producer furnishes the applicant, prior to issuance or delivery of the individual long-term care insurance policy, a notice regarding replacement of accident and sickness or long-term care coverage. One (1) copy of the notice is retained by the applicant and an additional copy signed by the applicant is retained by the insurer. The prescribed notice is in a form based on the NAIC Model Regulation Attachment I.

04. Direct Response Solicitations. Insurers using direct response solicitation methods deliver a notice regarding replacement of accident and sickness or long-term care coverage to the applicant upon issuance of the policy. The prescribed notice is in a form based on the NAIC Model Regulation Attachment II.

**05.** Notice of Replacement. Where replacement is intended, the replacing insurer notifies, in writing, the existing insurer of the proposed replacement. The existing policy is identified by the insurer, name of the insured and policy number or address including zip code. Notice is made within five (5) working days from the date the

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application is received by the insurer or the date the policy is issued, whichever is sooner.

06. Life Insurance Policy Replacement. Life insurance policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care comply with Section 018 if the policy being replaced is a long-term care insurance policy. If the policy being replaced is a life insurance policy, the insurer complies with the replacement requirements of IDAPA 18.03.04, "Replacement of Life Insurance and Annuities." If a life insurance policy that accelerates benefits for long-term care is replaced by another such policy, the replacing insurer complies with both the long-term care and the life insurance replacement requirements. (3-30-07)

# 019. **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

01. Maintenance of Producer Records. Every insurer maintains records for each producer of that producer's amount of replacement sales as a percent of the producer's total annual sales and the number of lapses of long-term care insurance policies sold by the producer as a percent of the producer's total annual sales, in the format of Appendix G.

**02. Producers Experiencing Lapses and Replacements**. Every insurer reports annually by June 30 the ten percent (10%) of its producers with the greatest percentages of lapses and replacements as measured by Subsection 019.01. (3-30-07)

**03. Purpose of Reports**. Reported replacement and lapse rates do not alone constitute a violation of insurance laws or necessarily imply wrongdoing. The reports are for the purpose of reviewing more closely producer activities regarding the sale of long-term care insurance. (3-30-07)

04. Lapsed Policies. Every insurer reports annually by June 30 the number of lapsed policies as a percent of its total annual sales and as a percent of its total number of policies in force as of the end of the preceding calendar year. (4-5-00)

**05. Replacement Policies**. Every insurer reports annually by June 30 the number of replacement policies sold as a percent of its total annual sales and as a percent of its total number of policies in force as of the preceding calendar year. (4-5-00)

**06. Claims Denied**. Every insurer reports annually by June 30, for qualified long-term care insurance contracts, the number of claims denied for each class of business, expressed as a percentage of claims denied, other than claims denied for failure to meet the waiting period or because of an applicable preexisting condition, in the format of Appendix E. (3-25-16)

**07. Policies and Reports**. For purposes of Section 019, "policy" means only long-term care insurance and "report" means on a statewide basis. (3-30-07)

**a.** Policy means only long-term care insurance; (4-5-00)

**b.** Claim means any request for payment of benefits under a policy regardless of whether the benefit claimed is covered under the policy or any terms or conditions of the policy have been met; (4-5-00)

c.	Denied means the insurer refused to pay a claim for any reason; and	(4-5-00)
d.	Report means on a statewide basis.	(4-5-00)

**08.** Filing. Reports prescribed under Section 019 are filed with the Director. ()

#### 020. LICENSING.

No producer is authorized to sell, solicit, or negotiate with respect to long-term care insurance except as authorized by Title 41, Chapter 10, Producer Licensing. (3-30-07)

#### 021. DISCRETIONARY POWERS OF DIRECTOR.

The director may upon written request and after an administrative hearing, issue an order to modify or suspend a

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specific provision or provisions of this rule with respect to a specific long-term care insurance policy or certificate upon a written finding that: (4-5-00)

01. General Requirement. The modification or suspension would be in the best interest of the insureds; the purposes to be achieved could not be effectively or efficiently achieved without the modification or suspension; and the modification or suspension is necessary to the development of an innovative and reasonable approach for insuring long-term care; or (4-5-00)

02. Residential Care Community. The policy or certificate is to be issued to residents of a life care or continuing care retirement community or some other residential community for the elderly and the modification or suspension is reasonably related to the special needs or nature of such a community; or (4-5-00)

**03.** Other Insurance Products. The modification or suspension is necessary to permit long-term care insurance to be sold as part of, or in conjunction with, another insurance product. (4-5-00)

#### 022. RESERVE STANDARDS.

01. Acceleration of Benefits Under Life Policies. When long-term care benefits are provided through the acceleration of benefits under group or individual life policies or riders to such policies, policy reserves for the benefits are determined in accordance with Section 41-612, Idaho Code, Standard Valuation Law – Life Insurance. Claim reserves will also be established in the case when the policy or rider is in claim status. (4-5-00)

02. Decrement Models. Reserves for policies and riders subject to Section 022 should be based on the multiple decrement model utilizing all relevant decrements except for voluntary termination rates. Single decrement approximations are acceptable if the calculation produces essentially similar reserves, if the reserve is clearly more conservative, or if the reserve is immaterial. The calculations may take into account the reduction in life insurance benefits due to the payment of long-term care benefits. However, in no event can the reserves for the long-term care benefit and the life insurance benefit be less than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no long-term care benefit.

03. Considerations Impacting Projected Claim Costs. Any applicable valuation morbidity table is certified as appropriate as a statutory valuation table by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries. In the development and calculation of reserves for policies and riders subject to Section 022, due regard is given to the applicable policy provisions, marketing methods, administrative procedures and all other considerations which have an impact on projected claim costs, including, but not limited to, the following: (3-30-07)

a.	Definition of insured events;	(4-5-00)
b.	Covered long-term care facilities;	(4-5-00)
c.	Existence of home convalescence care coverage;	(4-5-00)
d.	Definition of facilities;	(4-5-00)
e.	Existence or absence of barriers to eligibility;	(4-5-00)
f.	Premium waiver provision;	(4-5-00)
g.	Renewability;	(4-5-00)
h.	Ability to raise premiums;	(4-5-00)
i.	Marketing method;	(4-5-00)
j.	Underwriting procedures;	(4-5-00)
k.	Claims adjustment procedures;	(4-5-00)

l.	Waiting period;	(4-5-00)
m.	Maximum benefit;	(4-5-00)
n.	Availability of eligible facilities;	(4-5-00)
0.	Margins in claim costs;	(4-5-00)
р.	Optional nature of benefit;	(4-5-00)
q.	Delay in eligibility for benefit;	(4-5-00)
r.	Inflation protection provisions; and	(4-5-00)
<b>S.</b>	Guaranteed insurability option.	(4-5-00)

04. Benefits Not Covered in Section 022. When long-term care benefits are provided other than as in Subsection 022.01 above, reserves are determined in accordance with Section 41-608, Idaho Code, "Reserve for Disability Insurance." (3-30-07)

### 023. LOSS RATIO.

Section 023 applies to all (group and individual) long-term care insurance policies or certificates except those covered under Sections 024 and 025 of this chapter. (3-30-07)

01. Expected Loss Ratios. Benefits under long-term care insurance policies are reasonable in relation to premiums provided the expected loss ratio is at least sixty percent (60%), calculated in a manner which provides for adequate reserving of the long-term care insurance risk. In evaluating the expected loss ratio, due consideration is given to all relevant factors, including: ()

a.	Statistical credibility of incurred claims experience and earned premiums;	(4-5-00)
b.	The period for which rates are computed to provide coverage;	(4-5-00)
c.	Experienced and projected trends;	(4-5-00)
d.	Concentration of experience within early policy duration;	(4-5-00)
e.	Expected claim fluctuation;	(4-5-00)
f.	Experience refunds, adjustments or dividends;	(4-5-00)
g.	Renewability features;	(4-5-00)
h.	All appropriate expense factors;	(4-5-00)
i.	Interest;	(4-5-00)
j.	Experimental nature of the coverage;	(4-5-00)
k.	Policy reserves;	(4-5-00)
l.	Mix of business by risk classification; and	(4-5-00)
m.	Product features such as long elimination periods, high deductibles and high maximum l	imits. (4-5-00)

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(3-30-01)

02. Policies That Accelerate Benefits. Subsection 023.01 cannot apply to life insurance policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care. A life insurance policy that funds long-term care benefits entirely by accelerating the death benefit is considered to provide reasonable benefits in relation to premiums paid, if the policy complies with all of the following provisions: (3-30-07)

a. The interest credited internally to determine cash value accumulations, including long-term care, if any, are guaranteed not to be less than the minimum guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations without long-term care set forth in the policy; (4-5-00)

**b.** The portion of the policy that provides life insurance benefits meets the nonforfeiture requirements of Section 41-1927, Idaho Code, Standard Nonforfeiture Law – Life Insurance. (4-5-00)

c. The policy meets the disclosure requirements of Sections 41-4605(9), 41-4605(10), and 41-4605(11), Idaho Code. (4-5-00)

i. Any policy illustration that meets the applicable requirements of the NAIC Life Insurance (3-30-07)

d. An actuarial memorandum is filed with the insurance department that includes: (4-5-00)

i. A description of the basis on which the long-term care rates were determined; (4-5-00)

ii. A description of the basis for the reserves; (4-5-00)

iii. A summary of the type of policy, benefits, renewability, general marketing method, and limits on ages of issuance; (4-5-00)

iv. A description and a table of each actuarial assumption used. For expenses, an insurer will include percent of premium dollars per policy and dollars per unit of benefits, if any; (4-5-00)

v. A description and a table of the anticipated policy reserves and additional reserves to be held in each future year for active lives; (4-5-00)

vi. The estimated average annual premium per policy and the average issue age; (4-5-00)

vii. A statement as to whether underwriting is performed at the time of application. The statement indicates whether underwriting is used and, if used, the statement includes a description of the type or types of underwriting used, such as medical underwriting or functional assessment underwriting. Concerning a group policy, the statement indicates whether the enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten and when underwriting occurs; and (4-5-00)

viii. A description of the effect of the long-term care policy provision on the prescribed premiums, nonforfeiture values and reserves on the underlying life insurance policy, both for active lives and those in long-term care claim status.

# 024. FILING REQUIREMENT.

Prior to an insurer or similar organization offering group long-term care insurance to a resident of this state pursuant to Section 41-4604, Idaho Code, Extraterritorial Jurisdiction – Group Long-Term Care Insurance, it files with the director evidence that the group policy or certificate thereunder has been approved by a state having statutory or regulatory long-term care insurance requirements substantially similar to those adopted in this state. (4-5-00)

#### 01. Initial Filing Requirements.

- **a.** Subsection 024.01 applies to any long-term care policy issued in this state on or after July 1, 2001. (3-30-07)
- **b.** An insurer will provide the information listed in Subsection 024.01 to the director thirty (30) days

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prior to making the long-term care insurance form available for sale. (3-30-07)

c. A copy of the disclosure documents prescribed in Section 014.

**d.** An actuarial certification consisting of at least the following: (3-30-01)

i. A statement that the initial premium rate schedule is sufficient to cover anticipated costs under moderately adverse experience and that the premium rate schedule is reasonably expected to be sustainable over the life of the form with no future premium increases anticipated; (3-30-01)

ii. A statement that the policy design and coverage provided have been reviewed and taken into (3-30-01)

iii. A statement that the underwriting and claims adjudication processes have been reviewed and taken into consideration. (3-30-01)

e. A complete description of the basis for contract reserves that are anticipated to be held under the form, to include: (3-30-01)

i. Sufficient detail or sample calculations provided so as to have a complete depiction of the reserve amounts to be held; (3-30-01)

ii. A statement that the assumptions used for reserves contain reasonable margins for adverse (3-30-01)

iii. A statement that the net valuation premium for renewal years does not increase (except for attained-age rating where permitted; and (3-30-01)

iv. A statement that the difference between the gross premium and the net valuation premium for renewal years is sufficient to cover expected renewal expenses; or if such a statement cannot be made, a complete description of the situations where this does not occur; (3-30-01)

v. An aggregate distribution of anticipated issues may be used as long as the underlying gross premiums maintain a reasonably consistent relationship; (3-30-01)

vi. If the gross premiums for certain age groups appear to be inconsistent with this requirement, the director may request a demonstration under Subsection 024.02 based on a standard age distribution; and (3-30-07)

vii. A statement that the premium rate schedule is not less than the premium rate schedule for existing similar policy forms also available from the insurer except for reasonable differences attributable to benefits; or, (3-30-01)

viii. A comparison of the premium schedules for similar policy forms that are currently available from the insurer with an explanation of the differences. (3-30-01)

02. Actuarial Demonstration. The director may request an actuarial demonstration that benefits are reasonable in relation to premiums. The actuarial demonstration includes either premium and claim experience on similar policy forms, adjusted for any premium or benefit differences, relevant and credible data from other studies, or both. (3-30-01)

**a.** In the event the director requests additional information under this provision, the period referred to in Subsection 024.01.b. of this section does not include the period of time during which the insurer is preparing the requested information. (3-30-07)

# 025. PREMIUM RATE SCHEDULE INCREASES.

01. Premium Rate Increase Notice. An insurer provides notice of a pending premium rate schedule

increase, including an exceptional increase, to the director at least thirty (30) days prior to the notice to the policyholders and includes:

**a.** Information prescribed by Section 014. ( )

**b.** Certification by a qualified actuary that: (3-30-01)

i. If the requested premium rate schedule increase is implemented and the underlying assumptions, which reflect moderately adverse conditions, are realized, no further premium rate schedule increases are anticipated; and (3-30-01)

ii. The premium rate filing is in compliance with the provisions of this Section 025. (3-30-07)

**02.** Actuarial Memorandum. The actuarial memorandum justifying the rate schedule change request ()

**a.** Lifetime projections of earned premiums and incurred claims based on the filed premium rate schedule increase; and the method of assumptions used in determining the projected values, including reflection of any assumptions that deviate from those used for pricing other forms currently available for sale: (3-30-01)

i. Annual values for the past five (5) years preceding and the three (3) years following the valuation date are provided separately; (3-30-01)

ii. The projections include the development of the lifetime loss ratio, unless the rate of increase is an exceptional increase; (3-30-01)

iii. The projections demonstrate compliance with Subsection 025.03; and (3-30-07)

iv. For exceptional increases; (3-30-01)

(1) The projected experience should be limited to the increases in claims expenses attributable to the approved reasons for the exceptional increase; and (3-30-01)

(2) In the event the director determines as provided in Subsection 010.09.c. that offsets may exist, the insurer uses appropriate net projected experience. (3-30-07)

**b.** Disclosure of how reserves have been incorporated in this rate increase will trigger contingent benefit upon lapse. (3-30-01)

**c.** Disclosure of the analysis performed to determine why a rate adjustment is necessary, which pricing assumptions were not realized and why, and what other actions taken by the company have been relied on by the actuary. (3-30-01)

**d.** A statement that policy design, underwriting and claims adjudication practices have been taken into consideration; and in the event that it is necessary to maintain consistent premium rates for new certificates and certificates receiving a rate increase, the insurer will need to file composite rates reflecting projections of new certificates. (3-30-01)

e. A statement that renewal premium rate schedules are not greater than new business premium rate schedules except for differences attributable to benefits, unless sufficient justification is provided to the director; and sufficient information for review of the premium rate schedule increase by the director. (3-30-01)

03. Premium Rate Schedule Increases. All premium rate schedule increases are determined in accordance with the following requirements: (3-30-01)

**a.** Exceptional increases provide that seventy percent (70%) of the present value of projected additional premiums from the exceptional increase will be returned to policyholders in benefits. (3-30-01)

**b.** Premium rate schedule increases are calculated such that the sum of the accumulated value of incurred claims, without the inclusion of active life reserves, and the present value of future projected incurred claims, without the inclusion of active life reserves, will not be less than the sum of the following: (3-30-01)

i. The accumulated value of the initial earned premium times fifty eight percent (58%); (3-30-01)

ii. Eighty-five percent (85%) of the accumulated value of prior premium rate schedule increases on an (3-30-01)

iii. The present value of future projected initial earned premiums times fifty-eight percent (58%); and (3-30-01)

iv. Eighty-five percent (85%) of the present value of future projected premiums not in Subsection 025.03.b.iii. on an earned basis. (3-30-07)

**c.** In the event that a policy form has both exceptional and other increases, the values in Subsections 025.03.b.ii. and 025.03.b.iv., will also include seventy percent (70%) for exceptional rate increase amounts.

(3-30-07)

**d.** All present and accumulated values used to determine rate increases use the maximum valuation interest rate for contract reserves as specified in IDAPA 18.07.07, "Minimum Reserve Standards For Individual And Group Health Insurance Contracts," Appendix A, IIA. The actuary discloses as part of the actuarial memorandum the use of any appropriate averages. (3-30-01)

04. Projections Filed for Review. For each rate increase that is implemented, the insurer files for review by the director updated projections, as defined in Subsection 025.02.a., annually for the following three (3) years and include a comparison of actual results to projected values. The director may extend the period to greater than three (3) years if actual results are not consistent with projected values from prior projections. For group insurance policies that meet the conditions in Subsection 025.13, the projections prescribed by this Subsection 025.04 are provided to the policyholder in lieu of filing with the director.

**05. Revised Premium Rate.** If any premium rate in the revised premium rate schedule is greater than 200 percent (200%) of the comparable rate in the initial premium schedule, lifetime projections, as defined in Subsection 025.02.a., are filed for review by the director every five (5) years following the end of the prescribed period in Subsection 025.04. For group insurance policies that meet the conditions in Subsection 025.13, the projections prescribed by Subsection 025.05 are provided to the policyholder in lieu of filing with the director.

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(3-30-01)

06. Actual and Projected Experience. If the director has determined that the actual experience following a rate increase does not adequately match the projected experience and that the current projections under moderately adverse conditions demonstrate that incurred claims will not exceed proportions of the premium specified in Subsection 025.03, the director may require the insurer to implement any of the following: (3-30-07)

**a.** Premium rate schedule adjustments; or

i. Other measures to reduce the difference between the projected and actual experience. (3-30-01)

**b.** In determining whether the actual experience adequately matches the projected experience, consideration should be given to Subsection 025.02.d. and 025.02.e., if applicable. (3-30-07)

**07. Contingent Benefit upon Lapse**. If the majority of the policies or certificates to which the increase is applicable are eligible for the contingent benefit upon lapse, the insurer files: (3-30-01)

**a.** A plan, subject to director approval, for improved administration or claims processing designed to eliminate the potential for further deterioration of the policy form requiring further premium rate schedule increases, or both, or to demonstrate that appropriate administration and claims processing have been implemented or are in

effect. If the director should determine that such appropriate administration and claims processing functions have not been addressed, provisions of Subsection 025.08 may be applied; and (3-30-07)

**b.** The original anticipated lifetime loss ratio, and the premium rate schedule increase that would have been calculated according to Subsection 025.03 had the greater of the original anticipated lifetime loss ratio or fifty-eight percent (58%) been used in the calculations described in Subsections 025.03.b.i. and 025.03.b.iii. (3-30-07)

**08.** Additional Rate Increase Filings. For a rate increase filing that meets the following criteria, the director reviews, for all policies included in the filing, the projected lapse rates and past lapse rates during the twelve (12) months following each increase to determine if significant adverse lapse has occurred or is anticipated:

(3-30-01)

a. The rate increase is not the first rate increase requested for the specific policy form or forms; (3-30-01)

**b.** The rate increase is not an exceptional increase; and (3-30-01)

**c.** The majority of the policies or certificates to which the increase is applicable are eligible for the contingent benefit upon lapse. (3-30-01)

**d.** In the event significant adverse lapse has occurred, is anticipated in the filing or is evidenced in the actual results as presented in the updated projections provided by the insurer following the requested rate increase, the director may determine that a rate spiral exists. Following the determination that a rate spiral exists, the director may require the insurer to offer, without underwriting, to all in force insureds subject to the rate increase option to replace existing coverage with one or more reasonably comparable products being offered by the insurer or its affiliates. The offer will;

i. Be subject to the approval of the director; (3-30-01)

ii. Be based on actuarially sound principles, but not be based on attained age; and (3-30-01)

iii. Provide that the maximum benefits under any new policy accepted by an insured is reduced by comparable benefits already paid under the existing policy. (3-30-01)

e. The insurer maintains the experience of all the replacement insureds separate from the experience of insureds originally issued the policy forms. In the event of a request for a rate increase on the policy form, the rate increase is limited to the lesser of: (3-30-01)

i. The maximum rate increase determined based on the combined experience; and (3-30-01)

ii. The maximum rate increase determined based only on the experience of the insureds originally issued the form plus ten percent (10%). (3-30-01)

**09. Persistent Practice of Inadequate Rate Filings.** If the director determines that the insurer has exhibited a persistent practice of filing inadequate initial premium rates for long-term care insurance, the director may, in addition to the provisions of Subsection 025.08 of this section, prohibit the insurer from either of the following:

**a.** Filing and marketing comparable coverage for a period of up to five (5) years; or (3-30-01)

**b.** Offering all other similar coverages and limiting marketing of new applications to the products subject to recent premium rate schedule increases. (3-30-01)

**10.** Exceptions. Subsection 025.01 and 025.09 does not apply to policies for which the long-term care benefits provided by the policy are incidental, as defined in Subsection 010.12, if the policy complies with all of the following provisions: (3-30-07)

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a. The interest credited internally to determine cash value accumulations, including long-term care, if any, are guaranteed not to be less than the minimum guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations without long-term care set forth in the policy; (3-30-01)

**b.** The portion of the policy that provides insurance benefits other than long-term care coverage meets the nonforfeiture requirements as applicable in any of the following: (3-30-01)

i. Section 41-1927, Idaho Code, Standard Nonforfeiture Law-Life Insurance; (3-30-01)

ii. Section 41-1927A, Idaho Code, Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Individual Deferred Annuities; (3-30-01)

iii. IDAPA 18.03.03, Subsection 018.02, "Variable Contracts." (3-30-01)

11. Exceptions for Disclosure and Performance Standards. The policy meets the disclosure requirements of Sections 41-4605(9), 41-4605(10) and 41-4605(11), Idaho Code, pertaining to the Disclosure and Performance Standards for Long-term Care Coverage. (3-30-01)

**12.** Exception If Actuarial Memorandum Filed Which Includes Defined Information. An actuarial memorandum is filed with the Department of Insurance that includes: (3-30-01)

**a.** A description of the basis on which the long-term care rates were determined; (3-30-01)

**b.** A description of the basis for the reserves; (3-30-01)

**c.** A summary of the type of policy, benefits, renewability, general marketing method, and limits on (3-30-01)

**d.** A description and a table of each actuarial assumption used. For expenses, an insurer will include percent of premium dollars per policy and dollars per unit of benefits, if any; (3-30-01)

e. A description and a table of the anticipated policy reserves and additional reserves to be held in each future year for active lives; (3-30-01)

**f.** The estimated average annual premium per policy and the average issue age; (3-30-01)

**g.** A statement as to whether underwriting is performed at the time of application. The statement indicates whether underwriting is used and, if used, the statement includes a description of the type or types of underwriting used, such as medical underwriting or functional assessment underwriting. Concerning a group policy, the statement indicates whether the enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten and when underwriting occurs; and (3-30-01)

**h.** A description of the effect of the long-term care policy provision on the prescribed premiums, nonforfeiture values and reserves on the underlying insurance policy, both for active lives and those in long-term care claims status.

**13.** Exceptions for Association Plans. Premium Rate Schedule Increases Subsections 025.06 and 025.08 cannot apply to group insurance policies as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, where: (3-30-07)

**a.** The policies insure two hundred fifty (250) or more persons and the policyholder has five thousand (5,000) or more eligible employees of a single employer; or (3-30-01)

**b.** The policyholder, and not the certificateholders, pay a material portion of the premium, which cannot be less than twenty percent (20%) of the total premium for the group in the calendar year prior to the year a rate increase is filed. (3-30-01)

# 026. FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR ADVERTISING.

01. Filing and Retention. Every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Society, Managed Care Organization, or other similar organization providing long-term care insurance or benefits in this state provides a copy of any long-term care insurance advertisement intended for use in this state whether through written, radio, or television medium to the Director of Insurance of this state for review and approval by the Director. In addition, all advertisements are retained by the insurer or other entity for at least five (5) years from the date the advertisement was first used; or until the filing of the next regular report of examination of the insurer, whichever is the longer period of time. (4-5-00)

**02. Exemptions**. The director may exempt from these requirements any advertising form or material when, in the director's opinion, this requirement cannot be reasonably applied. (4-5-00)

# 027. STANDARDS FOR MARKETING AND PRODUCER TRAINING.

01. General Provisions. Every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Society, Managed Care Organization or other similar organization marketing long-term care insurance coverage in this state, directly or through its producers, will:

**a.** Establish marketing procedures and producer training requirements to assure that any marketing activities, including any comparison of policies by its producers will be fair and accurate. (3-30-07)

**b.** Establish marketing procedures to assure excessive insurance is not sold or issued. (4-5-00)

c. Display prominently by type, stamp or other appropriate means, on the first page of the outline of coverage and policy the following: "Notice to buyer: This policy cannot cover all of the costs associated with long-term care incurred by the buyer during the period of coverage. The buyer is advised to review carefully all policy limitations."

d. Provide copies of the disclosure forms prescribed in Subsection 014.10. ( )

e. Provide an explanation of contingent benefit upon lapse as provided for in Subsection 032.04.b. and if applicable, the additional contingent benefit upon lapse provided to policies with fixed or limited premium paying period in Subsection 032.04.c. (3-30-07)

**f.** Inquire and make every reasonable effort to identify whether a prospective applicant or enrollee for long-term care insurance already has accident and sickness or long-term care insurance and the types and amounts of any such insurance, except that in the case of qualified long-term care insurance contracts, an inquiry into whether a prospective applicant or enrollee for long-term care insurance has accident and sickness insurance is not prescribed.

( )

g. Establish auditable procedures for verifying compliance with Subsection 027.01. (3-30-07)

h. At solicitation, provide written notice to the prospective policyholder and certificateholder that Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors/SHIBA the program is available and the name, address and telephone number of the program. (3-30-01)

i. For long-term care insurance policies and certificates, use the terms "noncancellable" or "level premium" only when the policy or certificate conforms to Subsection 011.01.c. of this chapter. (3-30-07)

**02. Banned Practices**. In addition to the practices banned in Title 41, Chapter 13, Idaho Code, Trade Practices and Frauds, the following acts and practices are banned:

**a.** Twisting. Knowingly making any misleading representation or incomplete or fraudulent comparison of any insurance policies or insurers for the purpose of inducing, or tending to induce, any person to lapse, forfeit, surrender, terminate, retain, pledge, assign, borrow on or convert any insurance policy, or to take out a policy of insurance with another insurer. (4-5-00)

**b.** High Pressure Tactics. Employing any method of marketing having the effect of or tending to

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induce the purchase of insurance through force, fright, threat, whether explicit or implied, or undue pressure to purchase or recommend the purchase of insurance. (4-5-00)

**c.** Cold Lead Advertising. Making use directly or indirectly of any method of marketing which fails to disclose in a conspicuous manner that a purpose of the method of marketing is solicitation of insurance and that contact will be made by an insurance producer or insurance company. (3-30-07)

**d.** Misrepresentation. Misrepresenting a material fact in selling or offering to sell a long-term care insurance policy. (4-5-00)

03. Associations. With respect to the obligations set forth in Subsection 027.03, the primary responsibility of an association, as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(b), Idaho Code, when endorsing or selling long-term care insurance is to educate its members concerning long-term care issues in general so that its members can make informed decisions. Associations provide objective information regarding long-term care insurance policies or certificates endorsed or sold by such associations to ensure that members of such associations receive a balanced and complete explanation of the features in the policies or certificates that are being endorsed or sold. (3-30-07)

a.	The insurer files with the insurance department the following material:	(4-5-00)
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i. The policy and certificate;	(4-5-00)
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ii. A corresponding outline of coverage; and (4-5-00)

iii. All advertisements to be utilized. (4-5-00)

**b.** The association discloses in any long-term care insurance solicitation: (4-5-00)

i. The specific nature and amount of the compensation arrangements (including all fees, commissions, administrative fees and other forms of financial support) that the association receives from endorsement or sale of the policy or certificate to its members; and (4-5-00)

ii. A brief description of the process under which the policies and the insurer issuing the policies were selected. (4-5-00)

**c.** If the association and the insurer have interlocking directorates or trustee arrangements, the association discloses that fact to its members. (4-5-00)

**d.** The board of directors of associations selling or endorsing long-term care insurance policies or certificates reviews and approves the insurance policies as well as the compensation arrangements made with the insurer. (4-5-00)

e. The association also will:

i. At the time of the association's decision to endorse, engage the services of a person with expertise in long-term care insurance not affiliated with the insurer to conduct an examination of the policies, including its benefits, features, and rates, and update the examination thereafter in the event of material change; (4-5-00)

ii. Actively monitor the marketing efforts of the insurer and its producers; and (3-30-07)

iii. Review and approve all marketing materials or other insurance communications used to promote sales or sent to members regarding the policies or certificates. (4-5-00)

iv. Subsections 027.03.e.i. through 027.03.e.iii. cannot apply to qualified long-term care insurance (3-30-07)

**f.** No group long-term care insurance policy or certificate may be issued to an association unless the insurer files with the state insurance department the information prescribed in Section 027. ()

**g.** The insurer cannot issue a long-term care policy or certificate to an association or continue to market such a policy or certificate unless the insurer certifies annually that the association has complied with the requirements set forth in Section 027. (3-30-07)

**h.** Failure to comply with the filing and certification requirements of Section 027 constitutes an unfair trade practice in violation of Title 41, Chapter 13, Idaho Code, Trade Practices and Frauds. (3-30-07)

04. Producer Training Requirements. An individual cannot sell, solicit or negotiate long-term care insurance unless the individual is licensed as an insurance producer for life and disability (accident and health insurance) and has completed a one-time training course and ongoing training every twenty-four (24) months thereafter. The training meets the requirements set forth in this Subsection 027.04. Such training requirements may be approved as continuing education course under IDAPA 18.06.04, "Continuing Education." (4-2-08)

a. The one-time training course prescribed by this section is no less than eight (8) hours. In addition to the one-time training course, an individual who sells, solicits, or negotiates long-term care insurance completes the ongoing training prescribed by this Subsection 027.04, which is no less than four (4) hours every twenty four (24) months. ()

**b.** The training prescribed under Subsection 027.04.a. consists of topics related to long-term care insurance, long-term care services and qualified state long-term care insurance partnership program, including, but not limited to:

1. term care insurat Medicaid;	State and federal regulations and requirements and the relationship between qualified nce partnership programs and other public and private coverage of long-term care service	
ii.	Available long-term care services and providers;	(3-30-07)
iii.	Changes or improvements in long-term care services or providers;	(3-30-07)
iv.	Alternatives to the purchase of private long-term care insurance;	(3-30-07)

- v. The effect of inflation on benefits and the importance of inflation protection; and (3-30-07)
- vi. Consumer suitability standards and guidelines. (3-30-07)

c. The training prescribed by Subsection 027.04. cannot include any sales or marketing information, materials, or training, other than those prescribed by state and federal law.

**d**. Insurers subject to this rule obtain verification that a producer receives training prescribed by Subsection 027.04 before a producer is permitted to sell, solicit or negotiate the insurer's long-term care insurance products, maintain records subject to the state's record retention requirements, and make that verification available to the director upon request. An insurer maintains records with respect to the training of its producers concerning the distribution of its long-term care Partnership policies that will allow the Department of Insurance to provide assurance to the Division of Medicaid that the producers have received the training as prescribed by Subsection 027.04 and that producers have demonstrated an understanding of the Partnership policies and their relationship to public and private coverage of long-term care including Medicaid in this state. These records are maintained in accordance with the state's record retention requirements and made available to the director upon request. ()

e. The satisfaction of these training requirements in any state satisfy the training requirements of this state.

#### 028. SUITABILITY.

01. Life Insurance Policies That Accelerate Benefits. Section 028 cannot apply to life insurance policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care. (3-30-07)

**02. General Provisions**. Every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Society, Managed Care Organization or other similar organization marketing long-term care insurance (the "issuer") will:

**a.** Develop and use suitability standards to determine whether the purchase or replacement of long-term care insurance is appropriate for the needs of the applicant; (4-5-00)

**b.** Train its producers in the use of its suitability standards; and (3-30-07)

c. Maintain a copy of its suitability standards and make them available for inspection upon request by (4-5-00)

**03. Determination of Standards**. To determine whether the applicant meets the standards developed (4-5-00)

**a.** The producer and issuer develop procedures that take the following into consideration: (3-30-07)

i. The ability to pay for the proposed coverage and other pertinent financial information related to the purchase of the coverage; (4-5-00)

ii. The applicant's goals or needs with respect to long-term care and the advantages and disadvantages of insurance to meet these goals or needs; and (4-5-00)

iii. The values, benefits, and costs of the applicant's existing insurance, if any, when compared to the values, benefits and costs of the recommended purchase or replacement. (4-5-00)

**b.** The issuer and producer, if involved, make reasonable efforts to obtain the information set out in Subsection 028.03. The efforts include presentation to the applicant, at or prior to application, the "Long-Term Care Insurance Personal Worksheet." The personal worksheet used by the issuer contains, at a minimum, the information in the format contained in the NAIC Model Regulations in Appendix B, in not less than twelve (12) point type. The issuer may request the applicant to provide additional information to comply with its suitability standards. A copy of the issuer's personal worksheet is filed with the director. (3-25-16)

i. Copies of NAIC Model Regulations for Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards Appendixes B, C, and D can be found at the Idaho Department of Insurance website. (3-25-16)

**c.** A completed personal worksheet is returned to the issuer prior to the issuer's consideration of the applicant for coverage, except the personal worksheet need not be returned for sales of employer group long-term care insurance to employees and their spouses. (4-5-00)

**d.** The sale or dissemination outside the company or agency by the issuer or producer of information obtained through the personal worksheet in the NAIC Model Regulations, Appendix B is banned.

**04. Appropriateness.** The issuer uses the suitability standards it has developed pursuant to Section 028 in determining whether issuing long-term care insurance coverage to an applicant is appropriate. (3-30-07)

**05.** Use of Standards. Producers use the suitability standards developed by the issuer in marketing long-term care insurance. (3-30-07)

06. Disclosure Form. At the same time as the personal worksheet is provided to the applicant, the disclosure form entitled "Things You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance" is provided. The form is in the format contained in the NAIC Model Regulations, Appendix C, in not less than twelve (12) point type. (4-5-00)

07. Rejection and Alternatives. If the issuer determines that the applicant does not meet its financial suitability standards, or if the applicant has declined to provide the information, the issuer may reject the application. In the alternative, the issuer sends the applicant a letter similar to the NAIC Model Regulations, Appendix D.

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However, if the applicant has declined to provide financial information, the issuer may use some other method to verify the applicant's intent. Either the applicant's returned letter or a record of the alternative method of verification is made part of the applicant's file. (4-5-00)

**08. Reporting**. The issuer reports annually to the director the total number of applications received from residents of this state, the number of those who declined to provide information on the personal worksheet, the number of applicants who did not meet the suitability standards, and the number of those who chose to confirm after receiving a suitability letter. (4-5-00)

## **029. PROHIBITION AGAINST PREEXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROBATIONARY PERIODS IN REPLACEMENT POLICIES OR CERTIFICATES.**

If a long-term care insurance policy or certificate replaces another long-term care policy or certificate, the replacing insurer waives any time periods applicable to preexisting conditions and probationary periods in the new long-term care policy for similar benefits to the extent that similar exclusions have been satisfied under the original policy.

(4-5-00)

#### 030. AVAILABILITY OF NEW SERVICES OR PROVIDERS.

01. Notification to Policyholder. An insurer notifies the policyholder of the availability of a new long-term care policy that provides coverage for new long-term care services or providers material in nature and not previously available through the insurer to the general public. The notice is provided within twelve (12) months of the date the new policy is made available for sale in this state. (3-30-07)

02. Exceptions to Notification Requirements. Notwithstanding Subsection 030.01, notification is not prescribed for any policy issued prior to the effective date of this Section 030 or to any policyholder who is currently eligible for benefits, within an elimination period or on claim, or who previously has been in claim status, or who would not be eligible to apply for coverage due to issue age limitations under the new policy. The insurer may require that policyholders meet all eligibility requirements, including underwriting and payment of the prescribed premium to add such new services or providers.

**03.** New Coverage. The insurer makes the new coverage available in one of the following ways: (3-30-07)

**a.** By adding a rider to the existing policy and charging a separate premium for the new rider based on the insured's attained age; (3-30-07)

**b.** By exchanging the existing policy or certificate for one with an issue age based on the present age of the insured and recognizing past insured status by granting premium credits toward the premiums for the new policy or certificate. The premium credits are based on premiums paid or reserves held for the prior policy or certificate. (3-30-07)

**c.** By exchanging the existing policy or certificate for a new policy or certificate in which consideration for past insured status is recognized by setting the premium for the new policy or certificate at the issue age of the policy or certificate being exchanged. The cost of the new policy or certificate may recognize the difference in reserves between the new policy or certificate and the original policy or certificate; or (3-30-07)

**d.** By an alternative program developed by the insurer that meets the intent of Section 030 if the program is filed with and approved by the Director. (3-30-07)

04. Proprietary Policy. An insurer is not prescribed to notify policyholders of a new proprietary policy created and filed for use in a limited distribution channel. For purposes of this Subsection 030.04, "limited distribution channel" means through a discrete entity, such as a financial institution or brokerage, for which specialized products are available that are not available for sale to the general public. Policyholders that purchased such a proprietary policy are notified when a new long-term care policy that provides coverage for new long-term care services or providers material in nature is made available to that limited distribution channel. ()

05. Exchanges and Not Replacements. Policies issued pursuant to this Section 030 are considered

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exchanges and not replacements. These exchanges are not subject to Section 018, and Section 028, and the reporting requirements of Section 019.01. through 019.05. of this rule. (3-30-07)

**06.** Employer Sponsored Plan. Where the policy is offered through an employer, labor organization, professional, trade or occupational association, the prescribed notification in Subsection 030.01 is made to the offering entity. However, if the policy is issued to a group defined in Section 41-4603 (04) (d), Idaho Code, Long Term Care Insurance Act, the notification is made to each certificateholder. (3-30-07)

07. Nothing Prohibits an Insurer From Offering Coverage. Nothing in this Section 030 prohibits an insurer from offering any policy, rider, certificate or coverage change to any policyholder or certificate-holder. However, upon request any policyholder may apply for currently available coverage that includes the new services or providers. The insurer may require that policyholders meet eligibility requirements, including underwriting and payment of the prescribed premium to add such new services or providers. ()

**08.** Not Applicable to Life Insurance Policies. This Section 030 does not apply to life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits. (3-30-07)

#### 031. RIGHT TO REDUCE COVERAGE AND LOWER PREMIUMS.

01. Reduction of Coverage. Every long-term care insurance policy and certificate includes a provision that allows the policyholder or certificateholder to reduce coverage and lower the policy or certificate premium in at least one of the following ways: (3-30-07)

a.	Reducing the maximum benefit; or	(3-30-07)
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**b.** Reducing the daily, weekly or monthly benefit amount. (3-30-07)

**c.** The insurer may also offer other reduction options that are consistent with the policy or certificate design or the carrier's administrative processes. (3-30-07)

**02.** Implementing a Reduction in Coverage. The provision includes a description of the ways in which coverage may be reduced and the process for requesting and implementing a reduction in coverage. (3-30-07)

03. Determination of Premium for Reduced Coverage. The age to determine the premium for the reduced coverage is based on the age used to determine the premiums for the coverage currently in force. (3-30-07)

04. Limitations for the Reduction of Coverage. The insurer may limit any reduction in coverage to plans or options available for that policy form and to those for which benefits will be available after consideration of claims paid or payable. (3-30-07)

**05.** Notification in Regard to the Possible Lapse of Policy. If a policy or certificate is about to lapse, the insurer provides a written reminder to the policyholder or certificateholder of their right to reduce coverage and premiums in the notice prescribed by Subsection 013.01.c. of this rule.

**06.** Not Applicable to Life Insurance Policies or Riders Containing Accelerated Benefits. This Section 031 does not apply to life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits.

(3-30-07)

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**07. Compliance Requirements.** The requirements of this Section 031 apply to any long-term care policy issued in this state on or after November 1, 2007. Compliance with this Section 031 may be accomplished by policy replacement, exchange or by adding the prescribed provision via amendment or endorsement to the policy.

#### **032.** NONFORFEITURE BENEFIT REQUIREMENT.

01. Life Insurance Policies That Accelerate Benefits. Section 032 does not apply to life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits. (3-30-07)

#### IDAPA 18.04.11 – Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards

02. Nonforfeiture Benefits. To comply with the requirement to offer a nonforfeiture benefit pursuant to the provisions of Section 41-4607, Idaho Code, every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Society, Managed Care Organization, or other similar organization marketing long-term care insurance coverage in this state satisfies the following: (4-5-00)

**a.** A policy or certificate offered with nonforfeiture benefits will have coverage elements, eligibility, benefit triggers and benefit length that are the same as coverage to be issued without nonforfeiture benefits. The nonforfeiture benefit included in the offer is the benefit described in Subsection 032.04.e. (3-30-07)

**b.** The offer is in writing if the nonforfeiture benefit is not described in the Outline of Coverage or other materials given to the prospective policyholder. (4-5-00)

**03.** Contingent Benefit. If the offer prescribed under Section 41-4607, Idaho Code, is rejected, the insurer provides the contingent benefit upon lapse described in Section 032. Even if this offer is accepted for a policy with a fixed or limited premium paying period, the contingent benefit on lapse in Subsection 032.04.b.i. still applies.

04. **Rejection of Offer**. After rejection of the offer prescribed under Section 41-4607, Idaho Code, as it pertains to nonforfeiture benefits, for individual and group policies without nonforfeiture benefits issued after the effective date of Section 032, the insurer provides a contingent benefit upon lapse. (3-30-07)

**a.** In the event a group policyholder elects to make the nonforfeiture benefit an option to the certificate holder, a certificate provides either the nonforfeiture benefit or the contingent benefit upon lapse.

(4-5-00)

**b.** A contingent benefit on lapse is triggered every time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level which results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium equal to or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial annual premium set forth within Subsection 032.04 based on the insured's issue age, and the policy or certificate lapses within one hundred twenty (120) days of the due date of the premium so increased. Unless otherwise prescribed, policyholders are notified at least thirty (30) days prior to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate increase.

Table: Issue Age - Percent Increase Over Initial Premium						
Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium		Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium		
29 and under	200%		72	36%		
30-34	190%		73	34%		
35-39	170%		74	32%		
40-44	150%		75	30%		
45-49	130%		76	28%		
50-54	110%		77	26%		
55-59	90%		78	24%		
60	70%		79	22%		
61	66%		80	20%		
62	62%		81	19%		
63	58%		82	18%		
64	54%		83	17%		

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Table: Issue Age - Percent Increase Over Initial Premium					
Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium		Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium	
65	50%		84	16%	
66	48%		85	15%	
67	46%		86	14%	
68	44%		87	13%	
69	42%		88	12%	
70	40%		89	11%	
71	38%		90 and over	10%	

(3-30-07)

i. A contingent benefit on lapse is also triggered for policies with a fixed or limited premium paying period every time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level that results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium equal to or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial annual premium set forth below based on the insured's issue age, the policy or certificate lapses within one hundred twenty (120) days of the due date of the premium so increased, and the ratio in Subsection 032.04.d.ii. is forty percent (40%) or more. Unless otherwise prescribed, policyholders are notified at least thirty (30) days prior to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate increase.

#### **Triggers For A Substantial Premium Increase**

Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium
Under 65	50%
65-80	30%
Over 80	10%

This provision is in addition to the contingent benefit provided by Subsection 032.04.b. and where both are triggered, the benefit provided is at the option of the insured.

**c.** On or before the effective date of a substantial premium increase as defined in Subsection 032.04.b., the insurer: (3-30-07)

i. Offers to reduce policy benefits provided by the current coverage without the requirement of additional underwriting so that premium payments are not increased; ()

ii. Offers to convert the coverage to a paid-up status with a shortened benefit period in accordance with the terms of Subsection 032.04.e. This option may be elected at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b.; and (3-30-07)

iii. Notifies the policyholder or certificate holder that a default or lapse at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b. is the election of the offer to convert in Subsection 032.04.c.ii. unless the automatic option in Subsection 032.04.d.iii. applies. (3-30-07)

**d.** On or before the effective date of a substantial premium increase as defined in Subsection 032.04.b.i., the insurer: (3-30-07)

i. Offers to reduce policy benefits provided by the current coverage without the requirement of

#### IDAPA 18.04.11 – Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards

additional underwriting so that premium payments are not increased;

)

Offers to convert the coverage to a paid-up status where the amount payable for each benefit is ii. ninety percent (90%) of the amount payable in effect immediately prior to lapse times the ratio of the number of completed months of paid premiums divided by the number of months in the premium paying period. This option may be elected at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b.i.; and (3-30-07)

iii. Notifies the policyholder or certificateholder that a default or lapse at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b.i. is the election of the offer to convert in Subsection 032.04.d.ii. above if the ratio is forty percent (40%) or more. (3-30-07)

Benefits continued as nonforfeiture benefits, including contingent benefits upon lapse, in e. accordance with Subsection 032.04.b. but not Subsection 032.04.b.i. are described in Subsection 032.04.e. (3-30-07)

For purposes of this Subsection 032.04.e., attained age rating is defined as a schedule of premiums starting from the issue date which increases age at least one percent (1%) per year prior to age fifty (50), and at least three percent (3%) per year beyond age fifty (50); (3-30-07)

For purposes of Subsection 032.04.e., the nonforfeiture benefit is of a shortened benefit period providing paid-up long-term care insurance coverage after lapse. The same benefits (amounts and frequency in effect at the time of lapse but not increased thereafter) will be payable for a qualifying claim, but the lifetime maximum dollars or days of benefits are determined as specified in Subsection 032.04.e.iii.; (3-30-07)

The standard nonforfeiture credit will be equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the sum of all iii. premiums paid, including the premiums paid prior to any changes in benefits. The insurer may offer additional shortened benefit period options, as long as the benefits for each duration equal or exceed the standard nonforfeiture credit for that duration. However, the minimum nonforfeiture credit cannot be less than thirty (30) times the daily nursing home benefit at the time of lapse. In either event, the calculation of the nonforfeiture credit is subject to the limitation of Subsection 032.04.f.; (3-30-07)

iv. The nonforfeiture benefit begins not later than the end of the third year following the policy or certificate issue date. The contingent benefit upon lapse is effective during the first three (3) years as well as thereafter. (3-30-01)

Notwithstanding Subsection 032.04.e.iv. for a policy or certificate with attained age rating, the v nonforfeiture benefit begins on the earlier of: (3-30-07)

The end of the tenth year following the policy or certificate issue date; or (4-5-00)(1)

(2)The end of the second year following the date the policy or certificate is no longer subject to attained age rating. (4-5-00)

Nonforfeiture credits may be used for all care and services qualifying for benefits under the terms vi. of the policy or certificate, up to the limits specified in the policy or certificate. (4-5-00)

All benefits paid by the insurer while the policy or certificate is in premium paying status and in the f. paid-up status will not exceed the maximum benefits which would be payable if the policy or certificate had remained in premium paying status. (4-5-00)

There is no difference in the minimum nonforfeiture benefits as prescribed under Section 032 for group and individual policies.

For certificates issued on or after the effective date of this Section 032, under a group long-term h. care insurance policy as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, which policy was in force at the time this rule became effective, the provisions of Section 032 cannot apply. (3-30-07)

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i. The last sentence Subsection 032.03 and Subsection 032.04.b. and Subsection 032.04.d. applies to any long-term care insurance policy defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code one (1) year after adoption.

(3-30-07)

i. Premiums charged for a policy or certificate containing nonforfeiture benefits or a contingent benefit on lapse are subject to the loss ratio requirements of Section 023 or Section 025, whichever is applicable, treating the policy as a whole. (3-30-07)

**j.** To determine whether contingent nonforfeiture upon lapse provisions are triggered under Subsection 032.04.b. or 032.04.b.i., a replacing insurer that purchased or assumed a block or blocks of long-term care insurance policies from another insurer calculates the percentage increase based on the initial annual premium paid by the insured when the policy was first purchased from the original insurer. (3-30-07)

**k.** A nonforfeiture benefit for qualified long-term care insurance contracts that are level premium contracts is offered that meets the following requirements: (3-30-07)

i. The nonforfeiture provision is appropriately captioned; (4-5-00)

ii. The nonforfeiture provision provides a benefit available in the event of a default on the payment of any premiums and states that the amount of the benefit may be adjusted subsequent to being initially granted only as necessary to reflect changes in claims, persistency and interest as reflected in changes in rates for premium paying contracts filed for review with the Director for the same contract form; and (3-30-07)

iii.	The nonforfeiture provision provides at least one (1) of the following:	(4-5-00)
(1)	Reduced paid-up insurance;	(4-5-00)
(2)	Extended term insurance;	(4-5-00)
(3)	Shortened benefit period; or	(4-5-00)

(4) Other similar offerings approved by the Director. (4-5-00)

#### **033.** STANDARDS FOR BENEFIT TRIGGERS.

01. Conditions of Benefits Payment. A long-term care insurance policy conditions the payment of benefits on a determination of the insured's ability to perform activities of daily living and on cognitive impairment. Eligibility for the payment of benefits is not more restrictive than requiring either a deficiency in the ability to perform not more than three (3) of the activities of daily living or the presence of cognitive impairment. (4-5-00)

**02.** Activities of Daily Living. Insurers may use activities of daily living to trigger covered benefits in addition to those contained in Subsection 033.02 as long as they are defined in the policy. Activities of daily living includes at least the following as defined in Section 010 and in the policy. (3-30-07)

a.	Bathing;	(4-5-00)
b.	Continence;	(4-5-00)
c.	Dressing;	(4-5-00)
d.	Eating;	(4-5-00)
e.	Toileting; and	(4-5-00)
f.	Transferring.	(4-5-00)

03. Additional Provisions. An insurer may use additional provisions for the determination of when

benefits are payable under a policy or certificate; however the provisions cannot restrict, and are not in lieu of, the requirements contained in Subsections 033.01 and 033.02. (3-30-07)

04. Determinations of Deficiency. For purposes of Section 033 the determination of a deficiency (3-30-07)

a. Requiring the hands-on assistance of another person to perform the prescribed activities of daily (4-5-00)

**b.** If the deficiency is due to the presence of a cognitive impairment, supervision or verbal cueing by another person is needed to protect the insured or others. (4-5-00)

**05.** Assessments. Assessments of activities of daily living and cognitive impairment are performed by licensed or certified professionals, such as physicians, nurses or social workers. (4-5-00)

**06.** Appeals. Long-term care insurance policies include a clear description of the process for appealing and resolving benefit determinations. (4-5-00)

**07.** Effective Date. The requirements set forth in Section 033 are effective within twelve (12) months of the effective date of the rule and apply as follows: (3-30-07)

**a.** Except as provided in Subsection 033.07.b. the provisions of Section 033 apply to a long-term care policy issued in this state on or after the effective date of the rule. (3-30-07)

**b.** For certificates issued on or after the effective date of Section 033, under a group long-term care insurance policy as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, which was in force at the time this rule became effective, the provisions of Section 033 do not apply. (3-30-07)

## **034.** ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR BENEFIT TRIGGERS FOR QUALIFIED LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE CONTRACTS.

**01. Definitions**. For purposes of Section 034 the following definitions apply: (3-30-07)

**a.** Qualified long-term care services means services that meet the requirements of Section 7702B(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows: necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, curative, treatment, mitigation, and rehabilitative services and maintenance or personal care services which are prescribed by a chronically ill individual, and are provided pursuant to a plan of care prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner. ()

**b.** Chronically ill individual has the meaning prescribed for this term by Section 7702B(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Under this provision, a chronically ill individual means any individual who has been certified by a licensed health care practitioner as: (4-5-00)

i. Being unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another individual) at least two (2) activities of daily living for a period of at least ninety (90) days due to a loss of functional capacity; or (4-5-00)

ii. Requiring substantial supervision to protect the individual from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment. (4-5-00)

**c.** The term chronically ill individual cannot include an individual meeting these requirements unless within the preceding twelve (12) month period a licensed health care practitioner has certified that the individual meets these requirements. (4-5-00)

**d.** Licensed health care practitioner means a physician, as defined in Section 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act, and a registered professional nurse, licensed social worker, or other individual who meets requirements prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. (4-5-00)

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e. Maintenance or personal care services means any care, the primary purpose of which is the provision of needed assistance with any of the disabilities, the existence of which leads to the conclusion that the individual is a chronically ill individual (including the protection from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment). (4-5-00)

**02.** The Chronically III. A qualified long-term care insurance contract pays for qualified long-term care services received by a chronically ill individual provided pursuant to a plan of care prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner. (4-5-00)

**03. Payments and Conditions**. A qualified long-term care insurance contract conditions the payment of benefits on a determination of the insured's inability to perform activities of daily living for an expected period of at least ninety (90) days due to a loss of functional capacity; or to severe cognitive impairment. (3-30-07)

04. Certifications by Professionals. Certifications regarding activities of daily living and cognitive impairment prescribed pursuant to Subsection 034.03 are performed by licensed or certified professionals, such as physicians, registered professional nurses, licensed social workers, or other individuals who meet requirements prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

05. Certifications by Carrier. Certification prescribed pursuant to Subsection 034.03 may be performed by a licensed health care professional at the direction of the carrier as is reasonably necessary with respect to a specific claim, except that when a licensed health care practitioner has certified that an insured is unable to perform activities of daily living for an expected period of at least ninety (90) days due to a loss of functional capacity and the insured is in claim status, the certification cannot be rescinded and additional certifications cannot be performed until after the expiration of the ninety (90) day period. ()

**06. Appeals**. Qualified long-term care contracts include a clear description of the process for appealing and resolving benefit determinations. (4-5-00)

#### 035. STANDARD FORMAT OUTLINE OF COVERAGE.

Section 035 of the rule implements, interprets and makes specific, the provisions of Section 41-4605(7)(a), Idaho Code, in prescribing a standard format and the content of an outline of coverage. (3-30-07)

**01.** Format. The outline of coverage is a freestanding document, using no smaller than ten (10) point type. Text that is capitalized or underscored in the standard format outline of coverage may be emphasized by other means that provide prominence equivalent to the capitalization or underscoring. (4-5-00)

**02. Content**. The outline of coverage contains no material of an advertising nature. (4-5-00)

**03. Standard Form**. Use of the text and sequence of text of the standard format outline of coverage is mandatory, unless otherwise specifically indicated. Format for the outline of coverage is published on the Department of Insurance website. (3-25-16)

#### 036. REQUIREMENT TO DELIVER SHOPPER'S GUIDE.

**01. Approved Format**. A long-term care insurance shopper's guide in the format developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or a guide developed or approved by the director, is provided to all prospective applicants of a long-term care insurance policy or certificate. (4-5-00)

a. In the case of producer solicitations, a producer will deliver the shopper's guide prior to the presentation of an application or enrollment form. (3-30-07)

**b.** In the case of direct response solicitations, the shopper's guide will be presented in conjunction with any application or enrollment form. (4-5-00)

**02. Exceptions**. Life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits are not obligated to furnish the above-referenced guide, but furnish the policy summary prescribed under Section 41-4605(9), Idaho Code, Disclosure and Performance Standards for Long-Term Care Insurance.

#### 037. PENALTIES.

In addition to any other penalties provided by the laws of this state any insurer and any producer found to have violated any requirement of this state relating to the marketing of such insurance or of IDAPA 18.04.11, "Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards," is subject to an administrative penalty of up to three (3) times the amount of any commissions paid for each policy involved in the violation or up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), whichever is greater. (3-30-07)

038. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.04.12 - THE SMALL EMPLOYER HEALTH INSURANCE AND AVAILABILITY ACT

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 47, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.12, "The Small Employer Health Insurance and Availability Act." ( )

**02.** Scope. The Act and this chapter are intended to promote broader spreading of risk in the small employer marketplace and to regulate all health benefit plans sold to small employers, whether sold directly or through associations or other groupings of small employers. Carriers that provide health benefit plans to small employers are intended to be subject to all of the provisions of the Act and this chapter. (1-25-95)

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

**010. DEFINITIONS.** As used in this chapter:

**01. Associate Member**. Any individual who participates in an employee benefit plan (as defined in 29 U.S.C. Section 1002(1)) that is a multi-employer plan (as defined in 29 U.S.C. Section 1002(37A)), other than the following:

**a.** An individual (or the beneficiary of such individual) who is employed by a participating employer within a bargaining unit covered by at least one (1) of the collective bargaining agreements under or pursuant to which the employee benefit plan is established or maintained; or (1-25-95)

**b.** An individual who is a present or former employee (or a beneficiary of such employee) of the sponsoring employee organization, of an employer who is or was a party to at least one (1) of the collective bargaining agreements under or pursuant to which the employee benefit plan is established or maintained, or of the employee benefit plan (or of a related plan). (1-25-95)

02. Expense. The cost incurred for a covered service or supply. A physician or other licensed practitioner orders or prescribes the service or supply. Expense is considered incurred on the date the service or supply is received. Expense does not include any charge:

**a.** For a service or supply that is not medically necessary; or ()

**b.** That is in excess of reasonable and customary charge for a service or supply. ()

**03.** Geographic Area. A sector of land, as designated by the health carrier, which employers sitused within receive a specified rating factor. Geographic areas are limited to no more than six (6) designated areas, with no area being smaller than a county.

04. Medically Necessary Service or Supply. One that is ordered by a physician and that the small employer carrier or a qualified party determines is:

**a.** Provided for the diagnosis or direct treatment of an injury or sickness; ( )

**b.** Appropriate and consistent with the symptoms and findings of diagnosis and treatment of the insured persons injury or sickness; ( )

- c. Is not considered experimental or investigative; ( )
- **d.** Provided in accord with generally accepted medical practice; ( )

e. The most appropriate supply or level of service which can be provided on a cost-effective basis. The fact that the insured person's physician prescribes services or supplies does not automatically mean such service or supply are medically necessary and covered by the policy.

**05.** New Entrant. An eligible employee, or the dependent of an eligible employee, who becomes part of an employer group after the initial period for enrollment in a health benefit plan. (1-25-95)

(1-25-95)

(1-25-95)

#### 06. **Pre-Existing Condition**.

**a.** A condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;

**b.** A condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or ()

c. A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage. ( )

**d.** Genetic information will not be considered as a condition described in this definition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to such information. ()

**07. Risk Characteristic**. The health status, claims experience, duration of coverage, or any similar characteristic related to the health status or claims experience of a small employer group or of any member of a small employer group. Such characteristics can include family composition, group size, industry. (7-1-98)

**08. Risk Load**. The percentage above the applicable base premium rate that is charged by a small employer carrier to the rates of the small employer group, to reflect the risk characteristics of the small employer group. (1-25-95)

#### 011. ASSESSMENTS.

Prior to March 1st of each year the Board determines and files with the Director an estimate of the assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the Idaho Small Employer Reinsurance Program in the previous calendar year. This interim assessment is based on the assessment formula set forth in Section 41-4711(12)(c), Idaho Code. Initial or interim assessments paid will be credited to each carrier's account when the amounts needed to fund losses and pay program expenses are known.

#### 012. -- 014. (RESERVED)

#### 015. APPLICABILITY.

**01. Applicability**. This chapter applies to any health benefit plan provided on a group basis, that:

(4-5-00)

)

**a.** Meets one (1) or more of the conditions set forth in Section 41-4704, Idaho Code; and ( )

**b.** Offers coverage to two (2) or more eligible employees of a small employer located in this state, without regard to whether the policy or certificate was issued in this state. ()

02. Group Policy or Trust Arrangement. The provisions of the Act and this chapter applies to a health benefit plan provided to a small employer or to the eligible employees of a small employer without regard to whether the health benefit plan is offered under or provided through a group policy or trust arrangement of any size sponsored by an association or discretionary group unless such health benefit plan(s) are subject to Title 41, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. (4-5-00)

**03. Group Policy or Trust Arrangement**. The provisions of the Act and this chapter applies to a health benefit plan provided to a small employer or to the eligible employees of a small employer without regard to whether the health benefit plan is offered under or provided through a group policy or trust arrangement of any size sponsored by an association or discretionary group. (1-25-95)

04. Subsequent Employment of More Than Fifty Eligible Employees. If a small employer is issued a health benefit plan under the terms of the Act, the provisions of the Act and this chapter continue to apply to the health benefit plan in the case that the small employer subsequently employs more than fifty (50) eligible employees. A carrier providing coverage to such an employer, within sixty (60) days of becoming aware that the employer has

more than fifty (50) eligible employees but no later than the anniversary date of the employer's health benefit plan, notifies the employer that the protections provided under the Act and this chapter cease to apply to the employer if such employer fails to renew its current health benefit plan or elects to enroll in a different health benefit plan.

(7-1-98)

05. Employer Subsequently Becomes a Small Employer. If a health benefit plan is issued to an employer that is not a small employer as defined in the Act, but subsequently the employer becomes a small employer (due to the loss or change of work status of one or more employees), the terms of the Act do not apply to the health benefit plan. The carrier providing a health benefit plan to such an employer does not become a small employer carrier under the terms of the Act solely because the carrier continues to provide coverage under the health benefit plan to the employer. (1-25-95)

06. Time Period for Notification of Options to Employer. A carrier providing coverage to an employer described in Subsection 015.05, within sixty (60) days of becoming aware that the employer has fifty (50) or fewer eligible employees, notifies the employer of the options and protections available to the employer under the Act, including the employer's option to purchase a small employer health benefit plan from any small employer carrier. (3-15-02)

**07.** Employees in More Than One State. If a small employer has employees in more than one (1) state, the provisions of the Act and this chapter apply to a health benefit plan issued to the small employer if:

(1-25-95)

**a.** The majority of eligible employees of such small employer are employed in this state; or (1-25-95)

**b.** If no state contains a majority of the eligible employees of the small employer, the primary business location of the small employer is in this state. (1-25-95)

**08.** Laws of This State or Another State. In determining whether the laws of this state or another state apply to a health benefit plan issued to a small employer described in Subsection 015.07, the provisions of the paragraph is applied as of the date the health benefit plan was issued to the small employer for the period that the health benefit plan remains in effect. (3-15-02)

**09. Health Benefit Plan Subject to The Act and This Chapter**. If a health benefit plan is subject to the Act and this chapter, the provisions of the Act and this chapter applies to all individuals covered under the health benefit plan, whether they reside in this state or in another state. (1-25-95)

10. When Is a Small Employer Carrier Not Subject to the Act and This Chapter. A carrier that is not operating as a small employer carrier in this state does not become subject to the provisions of the Act and this chapter solely because a small employer that was issued a health benefit plan in another state by that carrier moves to this state. (1-25-95)

#### 016. -- 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. ESTABLISHMENT OF CLASSES OF BUSINESS.

01. Supporting Documentation for Establishment of Classes of Business. A small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant to the provisions of Section 41-4705, Idaho Code, maintains on file for inspection by the Director the following information with respect to each class of business so established: (1-25-95)

**a.** A description of each criterion employed by the carrier (or any of its agents) for determining membership in the class of business; (1-25-95)

**b.** A statement describing the justification for establishing the class as a separate class of business and documentation that the establishment of the class of business is intended to reflect substantial differences in expected claims experience or administrative costs related to the reasons set forth in Section 41-4705, Idaho Code; and

(1-25-95)

**c.** A statement disclosing that, if any, health benefit plans are currently available for purchase in the class and any significant limitations related to the purchase of such plans. (1-25-95)

**02. Group Size Is Not a Class of Business**. A carrier will not directly or indirectly use group size as a criterion for establishing eligibility for a health benefit plan or for a class of business. ()

#### 022. -- 027. (RESERVED)

#### 028. TRANSITION FOR ASSUMPTIONS OF BUSINESS FROM ANOTHER CARRIER.

01. Conditions for Transfer or Assumption of Entire Insurance Obligation. A small employer carrier will not transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan covering a small employer in this state unless: (1-25-95)

a. The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the state of domicile of the assuming carrier; (1-25-95)

**b.** The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the state of domicile of the ceding carrier; and, (1-25-95)

**c.** The transaction meets the other requirements of this Section. ( )

02. Time Frame for Filing Plan to Assume or Cede Entire Insurance Obligation. A carrier domiciled in this state that proposes to assume or cede the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of one or more small employer health benefit plans from another carrier makes a filing for approval with the Director at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the proposed assumption. The Director may approve the transaction if the Director finds that the transaction is in the best interests of the individuals insured under the health benefit plans to be transferred and is consistent with the purposes of the Act and this chapter. The Director will not approve the transaction until at least thirty (30) days after the date of the filing; except that, if the ceding carrier is in hazardous financial condition, the Director may approve the transaction as soon as the Director deems reasonable. ()

**03.** Filing Requirements. The filing for Subsection 028.02 will: ()

a. Describe the class of business (including any eligibility requirements) of the ceding carrier from which the health benefit plans will be ceded; (1-25-95)

**b.** Describe whether the assuming carrier will maintain the assumed health benefit plans as a separate class of business (pursuant to Subsection 028.08 or will incorporate them into an existing class of business (pursuant to Subsection 028.09). If the assumed health benefit plans will be incorporated into an existing class of business, the filing will describe the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans will be incorporated; (1-25-95)

**c.** Describe whether the health benefit plans being assumed are currently available for purchase by small employers; (1-25-95)

**d.** Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any, on the benefits provided by the health benefit plans to be assumed; (1-25-95)

e. Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any on the premiums for the health benefit plans (1-25-95)

**f.** Describe any other potential material effects of the assumption on the coverage provided to the small employers covered by the health benefit plans to be assumed; and (1-25-95)

g. Include any other information prescribed by the Director. ( )

04. Informational Filings in Other States. A small employer carrier prescribed to make a filing under Subsection 028.02 will also make an informational filing with the Insurance Supervisory Official of each state in which there are small employer health benefit plans that would be included in the transaction. The informational filing to each state will be made concurrently with the filing made under Subsection 028.02 and will include at least the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the small employer health benefit plans in that state. ()

**05.** Other Considerations in the Transfer and Assumption of the Entire Insurance Obligation. A small employer carrier will not transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan covering a small employer in this state unless it complies with the following provisions: ()

**a.** The carrier has provided notice to the Director at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the proposed assumption. The notice contains the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the health benefit plans covering small employers in this state. (1-25-95)

**b.** If the assumption of a class of business would result in the assuming small employer carrier being out of compliance with the limitations related to premium rates contained in Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code, the assuming carrier makes a filing with the Director pursuant to Section 41-4706(3), Idaho Code, seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code. (1-25-95)

**c.** An assuming carrier seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code, will not complete the assumption of health benefit plans covering small employers in this state unless the Director grants the suspension requested pursuant to Paragraph 028.05.b. (1-25-95)

**d.** Unless a different period is approved by the Director, a suspension of the application of Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code, with respect to an assumed class of business, is for no more than fifteen (15) months and, with respect to each individual small employer, lasts only until the anniversary date of such employer's coverage (except that the period with respect to an individual small employer may be extended beyond its first anniversary date of a period of up to twelve (12) months if the anniversary date occurs within three (3) months of the date of assumption of the class of business). (1-25-95)

**06.** Exceptions to Ceding or Assumption of Business. Except as provided in Subsection 028.02, a small employer carrier will not cede or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk for a small employer health benefit plan unless the transaction includes the ceding to the assuming carrier of the entire class of business within Idaho which includes such health benefit plan. (1-25-95)

**07. Requirements for Ceding Less Than an Entire Class of Business**. A small employer carrier may cede less than an entire class of business to an assuming carrier if: (1-25-95)

**a.** One (1) or more small employers in the class have exercised their right under contract to reject, either directly or by implication, the ceding of their health benefit plans to another carrier. In that instance, the transaction includes each health benefit plan in the class of business except those health benefit plans for which a small employer has rejected the proposed cession; or (1-25-95)

**b.** After a written request from the transferring carrier, the Director determines that the transfer of less than the entire class of business is in the best interests of the small employers insured in that class of business.

(1-25-95)

**08.** Separate Class of Business. Except as provided in Subsection 028.09, a small employer carrier that assumes one (1) or more health benefit plans from another carrier will maintain such health benefit plans as a separate class of business. (1-25-95)

**09. Provisions for Exceeding the Maximum Number of Classes of Business**. A small employer carrier that assumes one or more health benefit plans from another carrier may exceed the limitation contained in Section 41-4705(2), Idaho Code, (relating to the maximum number of classes of business a carrier may establish) due solely to such assumption for a period of up to fifteen (15) months after the date of the assumption, provided that the carrier complies with the following provisions: (1-25-95)

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**a.** Upon assumption of the health benefit plans, such health benefit plans are maintained as a separate class of business. During the fifteen-month (15) period following the assumption, each of the assumed small employer health benefit plans are transferred by the assuming small employer carrier into a single class of business operated by the assuming small employer carrier. The assuming small employer carrier selects the class of business into which the assumed health benefit plans will be transferred in a manner such that the transfer results in the least possible change to the benefits and rating method of the assumed health benefit plans. (1-25-95)

**b.** The transfers authorized in Paragraph 028.09.a. occurs with respect to each small employer on the anniversary date of the small employer's coverage, except that the period with respect to an individual small employer may be extended beyond its first anniversary date for a period of up to twelve (12) months if the anniversary date occurs within three (3) months of the date of assumption of the class of business. (1-25-95)

c. A small employer carrier making a transfer pursuant to Paragraph 028.09.a. may alter the benefits of the assumed health benefit plans to conform to the benefits currently offered by the carrier in the class of business into which the health benefit plans have been transferred. (1-25-95)

**d.** The premium rate for an assumed small employer health benefit plan is not modified by the assuming small employer carrier until the health benefit plan is transferred pursuant to Paragraph 028.09.a. Upon transfer, the assuming small employer carrier calculates a new premium rate for the health benefit plan from the rate manual established for the class of business into which the health benefit plan is transferred. In making such calculation, the risk load applied to the health benefit plan is no higher than the risk load applicable to such health benefit plan prior to the assumption. (1-25-95)

e. During the fifteen-month (15) period provided in this Subsection, the transfer of small employer health benefit plans from the assumed class of business in accordance with this subsection is considered a violation of Section 41-4706(2), Idaho Code. ()

10. Restrictions to Apply Eligibility Requirements by Assuming Carrier. An assuming carrier will not apply eligibility requirements, including minimum participation and contribution requirements, with respect to an assumed health benefit plan (or with respect to any health benefit plan subsequently offered to a small employer covered by such an assumed health benefit plan) that are more stringent than the requirements applicable to such health benefit plan prior to the assumption. (1-25-95)

11. Request for Extension of the Transition Period. The Director may approve a longer period of transition upon application of a small employer carrier. The application is made within sixty (60) days from assumption of the class of business and clearly states the justification for a longer transition period.

12. Additional Information. Nothing in this Section or in the Act is intended to: ( )

**a.** Reduce or diminish any legal or contractual obligation or requirement, including any obligation provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, of the ceding or assuming carrier related to the transaction; (1-25-95)

**b.** Authorize a carrier not admitted to transact the business of insurance in this state to offer or insure health benefit plans in this state; or (1-25-95)

**c.** Reduce or diminish the protections related to an assumption reinsurance transaction provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, or otherwise provided by law. (1-25-95)

#### 029. -- 035. (RESERVED)

#### 036. RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO PREMIUM RATES.

The following provisions are applicable for all small employer health benefit plans.

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01. Separate Rate Manual for Each Class of Business. A small employer carrier develops a separate rate manual for each class of business. Base premium rates and new business premium rates charged to small employers by the small employer carrier are computed solely from the applicable rate manual developed pursuant to this Section. To the extent that a portion of the premium rates charged by a small employer carrier is based on the

carrier's discretion, the manual specifies the criteria and factors considered by the carrier in exercising such discretion. (1-25-95)

02. Requirements for Adjustments to Rating Method. A small employer carrier will not modify the rating method used in the rate manual for a class of business until the change has been approved as provided in this Section. The Director may approve a change to a rating method if the Director finds that the change is reasonable, actuarially appropriate, and consistent with the purposes of the Act and this chapter. (1-25-95)

**03.** Information for Review of Modification of Rating Method. A carrier may modify the rating method for a class of business only with prior approval of the Director. A carrier requesting to change the rating method for a class of business makes a filing with the Director at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed date of the change. The filing contains at least the following information: ()

**a.** The reasons the change in rating method is being requested; (1-25-95)

**b.** A complete description of each of the proposed modifications to the rating method; (1-25-95)

c. A description of how the change in rating method would affect the premium rates currently charged to small employers in the class of business, including an estimate from a qualified actuary of the number of groups or individuals (and a description of the types of groups or individuals) whose premium rates may change by more than ten percent (10%) due to the proposed change in rating method (not generally including increases in premium rates applicable to all small employers in a health benefit plan); (1-25-95)

**d.** A certification from a qualified actuary that the new rating method would be based on objective and credible data and would be actuarially sound and appropriate; and (1-25-95)

e. A certification from a qualified actuary that the proposed change in rating method would not produce premium rates for small employers that would be in violation of Section 41-4706, Idaho Code. (1-25-95)

04. Change in Rating Method. For the purpose of this Section, a change in rating method means: (1-25-95)

**a.** A change in the number of case characteristics used by a small employer carrier to determine premium rates for health benefit plans in a class of business (a small employer will not use case characteristics other than age, individual tobacco use, geography or gender without prior approval of the Director); ()

**b.** A change in the manner or procedures by which insureds are assigned into categories for the purpose of applying a case characteristic to determine premium rates for health benefit plans in a class of business; (1-25-95)

c. A change in the method of allocating expenses among health benefit plans in a class of business; or (1-25-95)

**d.** A change in a rating factor with respect to any case characteristic if the change would produce a change in premium for any small employer that exceeds ten percent (10%). (1-25-95)

e. For the purpose of this Subsection, a change in a rating factor means the cumulative change with respect to such factor considered over a twelve (12) month period. If a small employer carrier changes rating factors with respect to more than one case characteristic in a twelve (12) month period, the carrier considers the cumulative effect of all such changes in applying the ten percent (10%) test. (1-25-95)

**05.** Rate Manual to Specify Case Characteristics and Rate Factors to Be Applied. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 specifies the case characteristics and rate factors to be applied by the small employer carrier in establishing premium rates for the class of business. (1-25-95)

06. Uniform Application of Case Characteristics. A small employer carrier uses the same case characteristics as defined in Section 41-4706(1)(h), Idaho Code, in establishing premium rates for each health benefit

plan in a class of business and applies them in the same manner in establishing premium rates for each such health benefit plan. Case characteristics are applied without regard to the risk characteristics of a small employer. ()

07. Base Premium Rates and Any Difference in New Business Rate. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 clearly illustrates the relationship among the base premium rates charged for each health benefit plan in the class of business. If the new business premium rate is different than the base premium rate for a health benefit plan, the rate manual illustrates the difference.

08. Reasonable and Objective Rate Differences. Differences among base premium rates for health benefit plans are based solely on the reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and will not be based in any way on the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the small employer groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan. A small employer carrier applies case characteristics and rate factors within a class of business in a manner that assures that premium differences among health benefit plans for identical small employer groups vary only due to reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and are not due to the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the small employer groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan. ()

**09. Two-Step Process**. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 provides for premium rates to be developed in a two-step process. In the first step, a base premium rate is developed for the small employer group without regard to any risk characteristics of the group. In the second step, the resulting base premium rate may be adjusted by a risk load, subject to the provisions of Section 41-4706, Idaho Code, to reflect the risk characteristics of the group. ()

10. Exception to Application Fee, Underwriter Fee, or Other Fees. Except as provided in Subsection 036.11, a premium charged to a small employer for a health benefit plan will not include a separate application fee, underwriting fee, or any other separate fee or charge. (3-15-02)

11. Uniform Application of Fees. A carrier may charge a separate fee with respect to a health benefit plan provided the fee is applied in a uniform manner to every health benefit plan in a class of business. All such fees are premium and are included in determining compliance with the Act and this chapter. (1-25-95)

12. Uniform Allocation of Administration Expenses. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 describes the method of allocating administrative expenses to the health benefit plans in the class of business for which the manual was developed. (4-5-00)

13. Rate Manual to be Maintained for a Period of Six Years. Each rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 is maintained by the carrier for a period of six (6) years. Updates and changes to the manual are maintained with the manual. (3-15-02)

14. Guidelines Issued by Director. The rate manual and rating practices of a small employer carrier will comply with any guidelines issued by the Director. (1-25-95)

**15.** Application of Restrictions Related to Changes in Premium Rates. The restrictions related to changes in premium rates are set forth in Section 41-4706(1)(c), Idaho Code, and are applied as follows: (1-25-95)

a. A small employer carrier revises its rate manual each rating period to reflect changes in base premium rates and changes in new business premium rates. (1-25-95)

**b.** If, for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the new business premium rate is less than or the same as the percentage change in the base premium rate, the change in the new business premium rate is the change in the base premium rate for the purposes of Sections 41-4706(1)(c)(i), Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

**c.** If, for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the new business premium rate exceeds the percentage change in the base premium rate, the health benefit plan is considered a health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers for the

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purposes of Section 41-4706(1)(c)(i), Idaho Code.

(3-15-02)

**d.** If, for any rating period, the change in the new business premium rate for a health benefit plan differs from the change in the new business premium rate for any other health benefit plan in the same class of business by more than twenty percent (20%), the carrier makes a filing with the Director containing a complete explanation of how the respective changes in new business premium rates were established and the reason for the difference. The filing is made within thirty (30) days of the beginning of the rating period. (1-25-95)

e. A small employer carrier keeps on file for a period of at least six (6) years the calculations used to determine the change in base premium rates and new business premium rates for each health benefit plan for each rating period. (1-25-95)

**16.** Change in Premium Rate. Except as provided in Subsection 036.17, a change in premium rate for a small employer produces a revised premium rate that is no more than the following: (3-15-02)

**a.** The base premium rate for the small employer, given its present composition, (as shown in the rate manual as revised for the rating period), multiplied by; (1-25-95)

- **b.** One (1) plus the sum of: (1-25-95)
- i. The risk load applicable to the small employer during the previous rating period; and (1-25-95)
- ii. Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year). (1-25-95)

17. Plans No Longer Enrolling New Business. In the case of a health benefit plan into which a small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers, a change in premium rate for a small employer will produce a revised premium rate that is no more than the base premium rate for the small employer (given its present composition and as shown in the rate manual in effect for the small employer at the beginning of the previous rating period), multiplied by Paragraphs 036.17.a. and 036.17.b.

a.	One (1) plus the lesser of:	(1-25-95)
		(1 23 ) 3)

i. The change in the base rate; or (1-25-95)

ii. The percentage change in the new business premium for the most similar health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is enrolling new small employers. (1-25-95)

- **b.** One (1) plus the sum of: (1-25-95)
- i. The risk load applicable to the small employer during the previous rating period; and (1-25-95)
- ii. Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year). (1-25-95)

**18.** Limitations on Revised Premium Rate. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections 036.16 and 036.17, a change in premium rate for a small employer will not produce a revised premium rate that would exceed the limitations on rates provided in Section 41-4706(1)(b), Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

**19.** Waiver Request for a Taft-Hartley Trust. A representative of a Taft-Hartley trust (including a carrier upon the written request of such a trust) may file a written request with the Director for the waiver of application of the provisions of Section 41-4706(1), Idaho Code, with respect to such trust. (1-25-95)

**20. Provisions for Which Trust Is Seeking Waiver**. A request made under Subsection 036.19 identifies the provisions for which the trust is seeking the waiver and describes, with respect to each provision, the extent to which application of such provision would: (3-15-02)

**a.** Adversely affect the participants and beneficiaries of the trust; and (1-25-95)

**b.** Require modifications to one (1) or more of the collective bargaining agreements under or pursuant to which the trust was or is established or maintained. (1-25-95)

21. Waiver Not for an Individual or Associate Member. A waiver granted under this provision will not apply to an individual who participates in the trust because the individual is an associate member of an employee organization or the beneficiary of such an individual. (1-25-95)

#### 037. -- 045. (RESERVED)

#### 046. REQUIREMENT TO INSURE ENTIRE GROUPS.

01. Offer of Coverage. A small employer carrier that offers coverage to a small employer will offer to provide coverage to each eligible employee and to each dependent of an eligible employee. Except as provided in Subsection 046.02, the small employer carrier provides the same health benefit plan to each such employee and dependent. (1-25-95)

**02.** Choice of Health Benefit Plans. A small employer carrier may offer the employees of a small employer the option of choosing among one (1) or more health benefit plans, provided that each eligible employee may choose any of the offered plans. The choice among benefit plans will not be limited, restricted or conditioned based upon the risk characteristics of the eligible employees or their dependents. ()

03. Participation Requirement. The small employer carrier may impose reasonable minimum participation requirements for issuance of coverage to small employers, subject to prior approval from the Director. (1-25-95)

04. Employer Census and Supporting Documentation. A small employer carrier will require each small employer that applies for coverage, as part of the application process, to prepare or provide an employer census of dependents and eligible employees as defined in Sections 41-4703(11) and 41-4703(13), Idaho Code. The small employer carrier may require the small employer to provide appropriate supporting documentation (such as the W-2 Summary Wage and Tax Form) or a certification of information by a Small Employer as to the current census information. (3-15-02)

05. Waiver for Documentation of Coverage. A small employer carrier will secure a waiver with respect to each eligible employee and each dependent of such an eligible employee who declines an offer of coverage under a health benefit plan provided to a small employer. The waiver is signed by the eligible employee (on behalf of such employee or the dependent of such employee) and certifies that the individual who declined coverage was informed of the availability of coverage under the health benefit plan. The waiver form requires that the reason for declining coverage be stated on the form, and includes a statement informing the eligible employee of the special enrollment rights provided within the Section 41-4703(17)(d) and (e), Idaho Code, and includes a written warning of the penalties imposed on late enrollees. Waivers are maintained by the small employer carrier for a period of six (6) years. (3-15-02)

**06. Refusal to Provide Information**. A small employer carrier will not issue coverage to a small employer that refuses to provide the list prescribed under Subsection 046.04 or a waiver prescribed under Subsection 046.05, except if the excluded individual has coverage under a health benefit plan or other health benefit arrangement that provides benefits similar to or exceeding benefits provided under the basic health benefit plan. ()

07. Induced Declinations. A small employer carrier will not issue coverage to a small employer if the carrier, or an agent for such carrier, has reason to believe that the small employer has induced or pressured an eligible employee (or dependent of an eligible employee) to decline coverage due to a health status related factor of the individual.

**08.** Agent Notification to Small Employer Carrier. An agent will notify a small employer carrier, prior to submitting an application for coverage with the carrier on behalf of a small employer, of any circumstances that would indicate that the small employer has induced or pressured an eligible employee (or dependent of an eligible employee) to decline coverage due to the individual's risk characteristics. (1-25-95)

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**09.** New Entrants. New entrants to a small employer group are offered an opportunity to enroll in the health benefit plan currently held by such group based upon the provisions of Section 41-4708, Idaho Code. A new entrant that does not exercise the opportunity to enroll in the health benefit plan within the period provided by the small employer carrier may be treated as a late enrollee by the carrier, provided that the period provided to enroll in the health benefit plan extends at least thirty (30) days after the date the new entrant is notified of their opportunity to enroll. The period of continuous coverage will not include any waiting period for the effective date of the new coverage applied by the employer to all new enrollees under the Employee Benefit Plan. If a small employer carrier has offered more than one health benefit plan to a small employer group pursuant to Subsection 046.02, the new entrant is offered the same choice of health benefit plans as the other members of the group. ()

**10. Waiting Period**. A small employer carrier will not apply a waiting period, elimination period or other similar limitation of coverage (other than an exclusion for pre-existing medical conditions consistent with Section 41-4708(3), Idaho Code).

11. Risk Characteristics. New entrants to a group are accepted for coverage by the small employer carrier without any restrictions or limitations on coverage related to the risk characteristics of the employees or their dependents, except that a carrier may exclude or limit coverage for pre-existing medical conditions, consistent with the provisions provided in Section 41-4708(3), Idaho Code.

12. Risk Load. A small employer carrier may assess a risk load to the premium rate associated with a new entrant, consistent with the requirements of Section 41-4706, Idaho Code. The risk load is the same risk load charged to the small employer group immediately prior to acceptance of the new entrant into the group. (1-25-95)

13. Rescission Employer Misstatements. When material application misstatements are found, rescission action by the carrier may be taken at the carrier's option against the coverage of an entire small employer (including employees and dependents) and is limited to circumstances under which the application misstatements have been made by the small employer. When rescission action is taken, per Section 41-4707(1)(b), Idaho Code, premiums are refunded less any claims which had been paid prior to the date the rescission was initiated. At the carrier's option, the carrier may seek to recover any amounts of claims paid in excess of premiums paid. The applicable contract or coverage is considered null and void. (4-5-00)

#### 047. -- 054. (RESERVED)

#### 055. APPLICATION TO REENTER STATE.

Restrictions on offering small group health insurance. A carrier that has been banned from writing coverage for small employers in this state pursuant to Section 41-4707(2), Idaho Code, will not resume offering health benefit plans to small employers in this state until the carrier has made a petition to the Director to be reinstated as a small employer carrier and the petition has been approved by the Director. In reviewing a petition, the Director may ask for such information and assurances as the Director finds reasonable and appropriate.

#### 056. -- 059. (RESERVED)

#### 060. QUALIFYING PREVIOUS AND QUALIFYING EXISTING COVERAGES.

01. Previous Coverage or Existing Coverage. In determining whether a health benefit plan or other health benefit arrangement (whether public or private) is considered qualifying previous coverage or qualifying existing coverage for the purposes of Sections 41-4703(17), 41-4703(23), and 41-4708(3)(c), Idaho Code, a small employer carrier interprets the Act no less favorably to an insured individual than the following: (3-15-02)

**a.** A health benefit plan, certificate, or other health benefit arrangement is considered employer-based if an employer sponsors the plan or arrangement or makes a contribution to the plan or arrangement. (3-15-02)

02. Source of Previous or Existing Coverage. A small employer carrier will ascertain the source of previous or existing coverage of each eligible employee and each dependent of an eligible employee at the time such employee or dependent initially enrolls into the health benefit plan provided by the small employer carrier. The small employer carrier has the responsibility to contact the source of such previous or existing coverage to resolve any questions about the benefits or limitations related to such previous or existing coverage. (1-25-95)

**03.** Certification of Creditable Coverage. Small employer carriers will provide written certification of creditable coverage to individuals in accordance with this Subsection.

**a.** A small employer carrier satisfies the certification requirements if another person provides the certificate, but only to the extent that information relating to the individual's creditable coverage and waiting or affiliation period has been provided by another person. ()

**b.** To the extent coverage under a health benefit plan consists of group coverage, the plan satisfies the certification requirements if the small employer carrier offering the coverage is prescribed to provide the certificates of creditable coverage to individuals pursuant to an agreement between the plan and the carrier. ()

**c.** A small employer carrier is not obligated to provide information regarding health benefit plan coverage provided to an individual by another person. ( )

i. If an individual's coverage under a policy ceases before the individual's coverage under the group health plan ceases, the entity that issued the policy provides sufficient information to the small employer carrier, or to another person designated by the carrier, to enable the carrier, or other person, to provide a certificate that reflects the period of coverage under the policy, after the individual's coverage under the group health plan ceases. (3-15-02)

ii. The provision of the information pursuant to Subparagraph 060.03.c.i. to the new carrier satisfies the entity's obligation to provide an automatic certificate. ()

iii. The carrier providing the information about creditable coverage cooperates with other carriers in responding to any request for additional information. ()

iv. If the individual's coverage under a group health plan ceases, the carrier that issued the group policy provides an automatic certificate of coverage. (3-15-02)

**d.** A small employer carrier provides a certification of creditable coverage, without charge, to participants or dependents who are or were covered under the group health benefit plan. (3-15-02)

e. A small employer carrier provides a certificate at the time a request is made on behalf of an individual if the request is made not later than twenty-four (24) months after the date the individual's coverage ceased under the plan. (3-15-02)

i. Each small employer carrier establishes a procedure for individuals to request and receive certificates. Upon a receipt of the request, the small employer carrier provides the certificate by the earliest date that the carrier, acting in a reasonable and prompt fashion, can provide the certificate. (3-15-02)

f. The c	rtificate provided includes: ()
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i. The date the certificate was issued; (3-15-02)

ii. The name of the group health plan that provided the coverage described in the certificate;(3-15-02)

iii. The name of the participant or dependent with respect to whom the certificate applies, and any other information necessary for the plan providing the coverage specified in the certificate to identify the individual, such as the individual's identification number under the plan; (3-15-02)

iv. The name, address, and telephone number of the plan administrator prescribed to provide the certificate;

v. The telephone number to call for further information regarding the certificate; (3-15-02)

vi. Either a statement that the individual has at least twelve (12) months of creditable coverage, disregarding days of creditable coverage before a significant break in coverage; or the date any waiting period or

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affiliation period, if applicable, began and the date creditable coverage began; and

vii. The date creditable coverage ended, unless the certificate indicates that the creditable coverage is continuing as of the date of the certificate. (3-15-02)

g. Small employer carriers may provide a certificate by first-class mail, at the participant's last known ())

h. The model for the certification of coverage may be found on the Department of Insurance Internet ()

#### 061. -- 066. (RESERVED)

#### 067. **RESTRICTIVE RIDERS.**

Except as permitted in Section 41-4708(3), Idaho Code, a small employer carrier will not modify or restrict any health benefit plan with respect to any eligible employee or dependent of an eligible employee, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, for the purpose of restricting or excluding the coverage or benefits provided to such employee or dependent for specific diseases, medical conditions, including but not limited to pregnancy, or services otherwise covered by the plan. (3-15-02)

#### 068. -- 074. (RESERVED)

#### 075. RULES RELATED TO FAIR MARKETING.

01. Small Employer Carrier to Actively Market. A small employer carrier actively markets each of its health benefit plans to small employers in this state.

02. Marketing Mandated Plans. In marketing the mandated health benefit plans to small employers, a small employer carrier uses at least the same sources and methods of distribution that it uses to market other health benefit plans to small employers. Any producer authorized by a small employer carrier to market health benefit plans to small employers in the state is also authorized to market the mandated health benefit plans. ()

**03. Offer in Writing**. A small employer carrier offers all small group health benefit plans to any small employer that applies for or makes an inquiry regarding health insurance coverage from the small employer carrier. The offer may be provided directly to the small employer or delivered through a producer. The offer is in writing and includes at least the following information:

**a.** A general description of the benefits and base rates contained in all actively marketed, including but not limited to the mandated, health benefit plans; and (3-15-02)

**b.** Information describing how the small employer may enroll in the plans. ( )

04. Timeliness of Price Quote. A small employer carrier provides a price quote to a small employer (directly or through an authorized producer) within ten (10) working days of receiving a request for a quote and such information as is necessary to provide the quote. A small employer carrier notifies a small employer (directly or through an authorized producer) within five (5) working days of receiving a request for a price quote of any additional information needed by the small employer carrier to provide the quote. (1-25-95)

05. Toll-Free Telephone Service. A small employer carrier establishes and maintains a toll-free telephone service to provide information to small employers regarding the availability of small employer health benefit plans in this state. The service provides information to callers on how to apply for coverage from the carrier. The information may include the names and phone numbers of producers located geographically proximate to the caller or such other information reasonably designed to assist the caller to locate an authorized producer or to apply for coverage. (1-25-95)

06. Restrictions as to Contribution to Association. The small group carrier will not require a small employer to join or contribute to any association or group as a condition of being accepted for coverage by the small

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employer carrier, except that, if membership in an association or other group is a requirement for accepting a small employer into a particular health benefit plan, a small employer carrier may apply such requirement, subject to the requirements of Section 41-4708, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

07. No Requirement to Qualify for Other Insurance Product. A small employer carrier will not require, as a condition to the offer of sale of a health benefit plan to a small employer, that the small employer purchase or qualify for any other insurance product or service. (1-25-95)

**08. Plans Subject to Requirements.** Carriers offering group health benefit plans in this state are responsible for determining whether the plans are subject to the requirements of the Act and this chapter. ()

**09. Annual Filing Requirement**. A small employer carrier files annually the following information with the Director related to health benefit plans issued by the small employer carrier to small employers in this state on forms prescribed by the Director: (1-25-95)

**a.** The number of small employers that were covered under health benefit plans in the previous calendar year (separated as to newly issued plans and renewals); (1-25-95)

**b.** The number of small employers that were covered under the each mandated health benefit plan in the previous calendar year (separated as to newly issued plans and renewals).

**c.** The number of small employer health benefit plans in force in each county (or by five (5) digit zip code) of the state as of December 31 of the previous calendar year; (1-25-95)

**d.** The number of small employer health benefit plans that were voluntarily not renewed by small employers in the previous calendar year; (1-25-95)

e. The number of small employer health benefit plans that were terminated or non renewed (for reasons other than nonpayment of premium) by the carrier in the previous calendar year; and (1-25-95)

**f.** The number of health benefit plans that were issued to residents that were uninsured for at least sixty-three (63) days prior to issue. (7-1-98)

10. Total Number of Residents. All carriers file annually with the Director, on forms prescribed by the Director, the total number of residents, including spouses and dependents, covered during the previous calendar year under all health benefit plans issued in this state. This includes residents covered under reinsurance by way of excess loss or stop loss plans. (3-15-02)

11. Filing Date. The information described in Subsections 075.09 and 075.10 is filed no later than March 15, each year.

12. Specific Data. For purposes of this section, health benefit plan information includes policies or certificates of insurance for specific disease, hospital confinement indemnity and stop loss coverages. (1-25-95)

#### 076. -- 080. (RESERVED)

#### 081. LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS.

01. Allowances. A health benefit plan will not limit or exclude coverage by type of illness, accident, treatment, or medical condition, except as follows:

**a.** Any service not medically necessary or appropriate unless specifically included within the coverage provisions.

- **b.** Custodial, convalescent or intermediate level care or rest cures. ( )
- c. Services that are experimental or investigational. ( )

d. Services eligible for coverage by Workers' Compensation, Medicare or CHAMPUS. ()

e. Services for which no charges are made or for which no charges would be made in the absence of insurance or for which the insured has no legal obligation to pay. ()

**f.** Services for weight control, nutrition, and smoking cessation, including self-help and training programs as well as prescription drugs, used in conjunction with such programs and services. ()

**g.** Cosmetic surgery and services, except for treatment or surgery for congenital anomaly and mastectomy reconstruction as described in the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act.

**h.** Artificial insemination, infertility treatment, and the treatment of sexual dysfunction not related to organic disease.

i. Services for reversal of elective, surgically or pharmaceutically induced infertility. ( )

j. Vision therapy, tests, glasses, contact lenses and other vision aids. Radial keratotomy, myopic keratomileusis and any surgery involving corneal tissue to alter or correct myopia, hyperopia or stigmatic error. Vision tests and glasses will be covered for children under the age of twelve (12), except in catastrophic health benefit plans.

**k.** For treatment of weak, strained, or flat feet, including orthopedic shoes or other supportive devices, or for cutting, removal, or treatment of corns, calluses, or nails other than corrective surgery, or for metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.

**I.** One thousand dollars (\$1,000) per year limit, subject to the policy deductible, coinsurance, or copayment, on manipulative therapy and related treatment, including heat treatments and ultrasound, of the musculoskeletal structure for other than fractures and dislocations of the extremities. ()

**m.** Dental care or treatment, except for injury sustained while insured under this policy, or as a result of nondental disease covered by the policy.

**n.** Hearing or speech tests without illness being suspect.

**o.** Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implants and examination for or fitting of them, except for congenital or acquired hearing loss that without intervention may result in cognitive or speech development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one (1) device every thirty-six (36) months per ear with loss and not less than forty-five (45) language/speech therapy visits during the first twelve (12) months after delivery of the covered device.

**p.** Private room accommodation charges in excess of the institution's most common semi-private room charge except when prescribed as medically necessary. ()

**q.** Services performed by a member of the insured's family or of the insured's spouse's family. Family includes parents or grandparents of the insured or spouse and any descendants of such parents or grandparents.

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r. Care incurred before the effective date of the person's coverage. ( )

**s.** Immunizations and medical exams and tests of any kind not related to treatment of covered injury or disease, except as specifically stated in the policy.

t. Injury or sickness caused by war or armed international conflict. ( )

**u.** Sex change operations and treatment in connection with transsexualism. ( )

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<b>v.</b>	Marriage and family and child counseling except as specifically allowed in the policy.	(	)
w.	Acupuncture.	(	)
х.	Private duty nursing except as specifically allowed in the policy.	(	)
<b>y.</b> a mutual ber	Services received from a medical or dental department maintained by or on behalf of an efit association, labor union, trust, or similar person or group.	employ	yer, )
<b>z.</b> any extensio	Services incurred after the date of termination of a covered person's coverage except as a n of benefits provision of the policy.	allowed (	by
<b>aa.</b> physical fitn	Expenses for personal hygiene and convenience items such as air conditioners, humic	lifiers, a (	and )
<b>bb.</b> medical info	Charges for failure to keep a scheduled visit, charges for completion of any form, and ormation.	charges (	for )
cc.	Charges for screening examinations except as otherwise provided in the policy.	(	)
dd.	Charges for wigs or cranial prostheses, hair analysis, hair loss and baldness.	(	)
ee.	Pre-existing conditions, except as provided specifically in the policy.	(	)
i	A health benefit plan will not deny exclude or limit benefits for a covered individual f	or cove	red

A health benefit plan will not deny, exclude or limit benefits for a covered individual for covered expenses incurred more than twelve (12) months following the effective date of the individual's coverage due to a pre-existing condition. )

ii. A health benefit plan waives any time period applicable to a pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage that provided benefits with respect to such services, provided that the qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not more than sixty-three (63) days prior to the effective date of the new coverage. This provision does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit plan. )

A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for the greater of twelve (12) months iii. or for a twelve (12) months pre-existing condition exclusion; provided that if both a period of exclusion from coverage and a pre-existing condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period will not exceed twelve (12) months from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan. ( )

#### 082. -- 999. (RESERVED)

# 000.LEGAL AUTHORITY.Title 41, Chapters 2, 52, and 55, Idaho Code.(3-15-02)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.13, "The Individual Health Insurance Availability Act." ( )

02. Scope. The Act and this chapter are intended to promote broader spreading of risk in the individual marketplace. The Act and chapter are intended to regulate all health benefit plans sold to eligible individuals. Carriers that provide health benefit plans to eligible individuals are intended to be subject to all of the provisions of the Act and this chapter. (7-1-98)

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The Outline of Coverage for Individual Major Medical Expense Coverage is incorporated by reference into this chapter from the April 1999 version of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Model Regulation to Implement the Accident and Sickness Insurance Minimum Standards Act.

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

As used in this chapter:

**01. Geographic Area**. Geographic areas are limited to six (6) designated areas, with no area being smaller than a county. (7-1-98)

**02. Risk Characteristic**. Risk Characteristic means the health status, claims experience, duration of coverage, or any similar characteristic related to the health status or claims experience of an individual. Such characteristics can include family composition. (7-1-98)

03. Risk Load. Risk Load means the percentage above the applicable base premium rate that is charged by an individual carrier to the rates of the eligible individual, to reflect the risk characteristics of the eligible individual. (7-1-98)

04. Idaho Resident. Idaho resident means a person who is able to provide satisfactory proof of having resided in Idaho, as their place of domicile for a continuous six (6) month period, for purposes of being an eligible individual pursuant to Section 41-5203(10), Idaho Code. The six (6) month residency requirements would be waived for eligible individuals based on the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. (3-15-02)

#### 011. POLICY DEFINITIONS.

An insurance policy subject to this chapter will not apply definitions more restrictive than the following: ( )

01. Accident. "Accident," "accidental injury," and "accidental" is to employ "result" language and does not include words that establish an accidental means test or use words such as "external, violent, visible wounds" or similar words of description or characterization.

**a.** "Injury" or "injuries" means accidental bodily injury sustained by the insured person that is the direct cause of the condition for which benefits are provided, independent of disease or bodily infirmity or any other cause, and that occurs while the insurance is in force.

**b.** It may exclude injuries for which benefits are provided: ()

i. Under workers' compensation, employers' liability, or similar law; or ()

ii. Under a motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provides for coordination of benefits; or ()

iii. For injuries occurring while the insured person is engaged in any activity pertaining to a trade, business, employment or occupation for wage or profit.

02. Convalescent Nursing Home. Includes "extended care facility," or "skilled nursing facility." Is to

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be defined in r	elation to its status, facility and available services.	(	)
a.	Such home or facility is to:	(	)
i.	Be operated pursuant to law;	(	)
ii. Medicare bene	Be approved for payment of Medicare benefits or be qualified to receive approval for prifits, if so requested;	paymen (	t of )
iii. care under the	Be primarily engaged in providing, in addition to room and board accommodations, skil supervision of a duly licensed physician;	led nurs (	ing )
iv. registered nurs	Provide continuous twenty-four (24) hours per day nursing service by or under the super e; and	rvision (	of a )
V.	Maintain a daily medical record of each patient.	(	)
b.	Such home or facility definition may exclude:	(	)
i.	A home, facility or part of a home or facility used primarily for rest;	(	)
ii.	A home or facility for the aged or for the care of drug addicts or alcoholics; or	(	)
iii. custodial or ed	A home or facility primarily used for the care and treatment of mental or nervous disor ucational care.	ders, or (	for )
<b>03.</b> home health ca	Home Health Care Agency. An agency approved under Medicare, or that is licensed are under applicable state law.	to prov	vide )
<b>04.</b> formal program	<b>Hospice</b> . A facility licensed, certified or registered in accordance with state law that n of care that is:	provide (	es a )
a.	For terminally ill patients whose life expectancy is less than six (6) months;	(	)
b.	Provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis; and	(	)
c.	Directed by a physician.	(	)
<b>05.</b> accreditation b Facilities or by	<b>Hospital</b> . Is defined in relation to its status, facilities and available services or to by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Accreditation of Rel Medicare.	reflect habilitat (	its tion )
a.	The term "hospital" may:	(	)
i.	Be an institution licensed to operate as a hospital pursuant to law;	(	)
medical, diagn	Be primarily and continuously engaged in providing or operating, either on its prer able to the hospital on a prearranged basis and under the supervision of a staff of licensed postic and major surgical facilities for the medical care and treatment of sick or injured per for which a charge is made; and	physicia	ans,
iii.	Provide twenty-four (24) hour nursing service by or under the supervision of registered	nurses.	)
b.	The term "hospital" may exclude, unless the facility otherwise meets the requirements:	(	)
i.	Convalescent homes or, convalescent, rest, or nursing facilities;	(	)

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ii. Facilities affording primarily the care and treatment of mental or nervous disorders, or for custodial educational, or rehabilitative care;

iii. Facilities for the aged, drug addicts, or alcoholics; or

iv. A military or veterans' hospital, a soldiers' home or a hospital contracted for or operated by any national government or government agency for the treatment of members or ex-members of the armed forces, except for services rendered on an emergency basis where a legal liability for the patient exists for charges made to the individual for the services.

**06. Mental or Nervous Disorders**. Neurosis, psychoneurosis, psychosis, or mental or emotional disease or disorder of any kind.

#### 07. Pre-existing Condition.

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**a.** A condition or disease that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;

**b.** A condition or disease for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or ( )

**c.** A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.

08. Sickness or Illness. A sickness or disease of an insured person that first manifests itself after the effective date of insurance and while the insurance is in force. It may be further modified to exclude sickness or disease for which benefits are provided under a worker's compensation, occupational disease, employers' liability or similar law.

**09.** Total Disability. An individual not engaged in any employment or occupation for which the individual is or becomes qualified by reason of education, training or experience, and is not in fact engaged in any employment or occupation for wage or profit.

**a.** It may be defined in relation to the inability of the person to perform duties but will not be based solely upon an individual's inability to:

i. Perform "any occupation whatsoever," "any occupational duty," or "any and every duty of his occupation"; or

ii. Engage in a training or rehabilitation program.

**b.** An insurer may require the complete inability of the person to perform all of the substantial and material duties of his or her regular occupation or words of similar import. An insurer may require care by a provider other than the insured or a member of the insured's immediate family.

#### 012. ASSESSMENTS.

The Board, prior to March 1st of each year, determines and files with the Director an estimate of the assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the Idaho Small Employer and Individual Health Reinsurance Program. The March 1, 2001 assessment anticipated by Section 41-4711, Idaho Code, will consist of the amounts needed to cover the claims cost of the individual policies issued on or before June 30, 2000. This interim assessment is based on the assessment formula set forth in Section 41-4711(12)(c), Idaho Code. Initial or interim assessments paid, on behalf of the Idaho Individual High Risk Reinsurance Pool, will be credited to each carrier's account when the amounts needed to fund losses and pay program expenses are known. (3-15-02)

#### 013. -- 027. (RESERVED)

#### 028. TRANSITION FOR ASSUMPTIONS OF BUSINESS FROM ANOTHER CARRIER.

01. Conditions for Transfer or Assumption of Entire Insurance Obligation. An individual carrier will not transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan covering an individual in this state unless: (7-1-98)

**a.** The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the state of domicile of the assuming carrier; (7-1-98)

**b.** The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the state of domicile of the ceding carrier; and, (7-1-98)

c. The transaction meets the other requirements of this Section. ( )

**02.** Time Frame for Filing Plan to Assume or Cede Entire Insurance Obligation. A carrier domiciled in this state that proposes to assume or cede the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of one or more individual health benefit plans from another carrier makes a filing for approval with the Director at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the proposed assumption. The Director may approve the transaction if the Director finds that the transaction is in the best interests of the individuals insured under the health benefit plans to be transferred and is consistent with the purposes of the Act and this chapter. The Director will not approve the transaction until at least thirty (30) days after the date of the filing; except that, if the ceding carrier is in hazardous financial condition, the Director may approve the transaction as soon as the Director deems reasonable. (7-1-98)

**03.** Filing Requirements. The filing for Subsection 028.02 will: (7-1-98)

**a.** Describe the health benefit plan (including any eligibility requirements) of the ceding carrier from which the health benefit plans will be ceded; (7-1-98)

**b.** Describe whether the assuming carrier will maintain the assumed health benefit plans (pursuant to Subsection 028.08) or will incorporate them into existing business (pursuant to Subsection 028.09). If the assumed health benefit plans will be incorporated into existing business, the filing will describe the business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans will be incorporated; (7-1-98)

**c.** Describe whether the health benefit plans being assumed are currently available for purchase by eligible individuals; (7-1-98)

**d.** Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any, on the benefits provided by the health benefit plans to be assumed; (7-1-98)

e. Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any, on the premiums for the health benefit plans (7-1-98)

**f.** Describe any other potential material effects of the assumption on the coverage provided to the eligible individuals covered by the health benefit plans to be assumed; and (7-1-98)

g. Include any other information prescribed by the Director. (

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04. Informational Filings in Other States. An individual carrier prescribed to make a filing under Subsection 028.02 will also make an informational filing with the Insurance Supervisory Official of each state in which there are individual health benefit plans that would be included in the transaction. The informational filing to each state will be made concurrently with the filing made under Subsection 028.02 and will include at least the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the individual health benefit plans in that state.

**05.** Considerations in the Transfer and Assumption of the Entire Insurance Obligation. An individual carrier will not transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan covering an eligible individual in this state unless it complies with the following provisions: ()

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**a.** The carrier has provided notice to the Director at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the proposed assumption. The notice contains the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the health benefit plans covering eligible individuals in this state. (7-1-98)

**b.** If the assumption of a health benefit plan would result in the assuming individual carrier being out of compliance with the limitations related to premium rates contained in Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code, the assuming carrier makes a filing with the Director pursuant to Section 41-5206(2), Idaho Code, seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code. (7-1-98)

**c.** An assuming carrier seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code, will not complete the assumption of health benefit plans covering eligible individuals in this state unless the Director grants the suspension requested pursuant to Paragraph 028.05.b. (7-1-98)

**d.** Unless a different period is approved by the Director, a suspension of the application of Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code, with respect to assumed one (1) or more health benefit plans, is for no more than fifteen (15) months and, with respect to each individual, lasts only until the anniversary date of such individual's coverage (except that the period with respect to an individual may be extended beyond such individual first anniversary date for a period of up to twelve (12) months if the anniversary date occurs within three (3) months of the date of assumption of the health benefit plan). (7-1-98)

**06.** Exceptions to Ceding or Assumption of Business. Except as provided in Subsection 028.02, an individual carrier will not cede or assume the entire insurance obligation or risk for an individual health benefit plan unless the transaction includes the ceding to the assuming carrier of all business within Idaho which includes such health benefit plan. (7-1-98)

**07. Requirements for Ceding Less Than Entire Business**. An Individual carrier may cede less than an entire health benefit plan to an assuming carrier if: (7-1-98)

**a.** One (1) or more eligible individuals in the health benefit plan have exercised their right under contract to reject, either directly or by implication, the ceding of their health benefit plans to another carrier. In that instance, the transaction includes each health benefit plan with the exception of those health benefit plans for which an eligible individual has rejected the proposed cession; or (7-1-98)

**b.** After a written request from the transferring carrier, the Director determines that the transfer of less than all health benefit plans is in the best interests of the eligible individuals insured. (7-1-98)

**08.** Separate Health Benefit Plans. Except as provided in Subsection 028.09, an individual carrier that assumes one (1) or more health benefit plans from another carrier may maintain such health benefit plans as a separate health benefit plan. (7-1-98)

**09. Restrictions to Apply Eligibility Requirements by Assuming Carrier**. An assuming carrier will not apply eligibility requirements, with respect to an assumed health benefit plan (or with respect to any health benefit plan subsequently offered to an eligible individual covered by such an assumed health benefit plan) that are more stringent than the requirements applicable to such health benefit plan prior to the assumption. (7-1-98)

**10. Request for Extension of the Transition Period**. The Director may approve a longer period of transition upon application of an individual carrier. The application is made within sixty (60) days from assumption of the health benefit plan and clearly states the justification for a longer transition period. ()

**11.** Additional Information. Nothing in this Section or in the Act is intended to: (7-1-98)

**a.** Reduce or diminish any legal or contractual obligation or requirement, including any obligation provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, of the ceding or assuming carrier related to the transaction; (7-1-98)

**b.** Authorize a carrier not admitted to transact the business of insurance in this state to offer or insure health benefit plans in this state; or (7-1-98)

**c.** Reduce or diminish the protections related to an assumption reinsurance transaction provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, or provided by law. (7-1-98)

#### 029. -- 035. (RESERVED)

#### 036. RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO PREMIUM RATES.

The following provisions are applicable for all individual health benefit plans.

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01. Rate Manual. An individual carrier develops a rate manual for all individual business. Base premium rates and new business premium rates charged to eligible individuals by the individual carrier are computed solely from the applicable rate manual developed pursuant to this Section. To the extent that a portion of the premium rates charged by an individual carrier is based on the carrier's discretion, the manual specifies the criteria and factors considered by the carrier in exercising such discretion. (7-1-98)

02. Requirements for Adjustments to Rating Method. An individual carrier will not modify the rating method used in the rate manual for its individual business until the change has been approved as provided in this Section. The Director may approve a change to a rating method if the Director finds that the change is reasonable, actuarially appropriate, and consistent with the purposes of the Act and this chapter. (7-1-98)

**03.** Information for Review of Modification of Rating Method. A carrier may modify the rating method for its individual business only with prior approval of the Director. A carrier requesting to change the rating method for its individual business makes a filing with the Director at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed date of the change. The filing contains at least the following information: ()

a. The r	asons the change in rating method is being requested;	(7-1-98)
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**b.** A complete description of each of the proposed modifications to the rating method; (7-1-98)

**c.** A description of how the change in rating method would affect the premium rates currently charged to eligible individuals in the health benefit plan, including an estimate from a qualified actuary of the number of individuals (and a description of the types of individuals) whose premium rates may change by more than ten percent (10%) due to the proposed change in rating method (not generally including increases in premium rates applicable to all individuals in a health benefit plan); (7-1-98)

**d.** A certification from a qualified actuary that the new rating method would be based on objective and credible data and would be actuarially sound and appropriate; and (7-1-98)

e. A certification from a qualified actuary that the proposed change in rating method would not produce premium rates for eligible individuals that would be in violation of Section 41-5206, Idaho Code. (7-1-98)

04. Change in Rating Method. For the purpose of this Section a change in rating method means:

(7-1-98)

**a.** A change in the number of case characteristics used by an individual carrier to determine premium rates for health benefit plans in its individual business (an individual carrier will not use case characteristics other than age, individual tobacco use, geography or gender without prior approval of the Director); (7-1-98)

**b.** A change in the method of allocating expenses among health benefit plans; or (7-1-98)

**c.** A change in a rating factor with respect to any case characteristic if the change would produce a change in premium for any individual that exceeds ten percent (10%). (7-1-98)

**d.** For the purpose of this Subsection, a change in a rating factor means the cumulative change with respect to such factor considered over a twelve (12) month period. If an individual carrier changes rating factors with respect to more than one case characteristic in a twelve (12) month period, the carrier considers the cumulative effect of all such changes in applying the ten percent (10%) test. (7-1-98)

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**05. Rate Manual to Specify Case Characteristics and Rate Factors**. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 specifies the case characteristics and rate factors to be applied by the individual carrier in establishing premium rates for the health benefit plans. (7-1-98)

**06. Prior Approval of Case Characteristics**. An individual carrier will not use case characteristics other than those specified in Section 41-5206(1)(f), Idaho Code, without the prior approval of the Director. An individual carrier seeking such an approval makes a filing with the Director for a change in rating method under Subsection 036.02.

07. Uniform Application of Case Characteristics. An individual carrier uses the same case characteristics in establishing premium rates for each health benefit plan and applies them in the same manner in establishing premium rates for each such health benefit plan. Case characteristics are applied without regard to the risk characteristics of an eligible individual.

**08. Base Premium Rates and Any Difference in New Business Rate**. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 clearly illustrates the relationship among the base premium rates charged for each health benefit plan. If the new business premium rate is different than the base premium rate for a health benefit plan, the rate manual illustrates the difference. (7-1-98)

**09. Reasonable and Objective Rate Differences**. Differences among base premium rates for health benefit plans are based solely on the reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and cannot be based in any way on the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the eligible individual or groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan. An individual carrier applies case characteristics and rate factors within its health benefit plans in a manner that assures that premium differences among health benefit plans for identical individuals vary only due to reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and are not due to the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the individuals that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan. ( )

10. Two-Step Process. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 provides for premium rates to be developed in a two (2) step process. In the first step, a base premium rate is developed for the eligible individual without regard to any risk characteristics. In the second step, the resulting base premium rate may be adjusted by a risk load, subject to the provisions of Section 41-5206, Idaho Code, to reflect the risk characteristics of the individual.

11. Exception to Application Fee, Underwriter Fee or Other Fees. Except as provided in Subsection 036.12, a premium charged to an individual for a health benefit plan will not include a separate application fee, underwriting fee, or any other separate fee or charge. (7-1-98)

12. Uniform Application of Fees. A carrier may charge a separate fee with respect to a health benefit plan provided the fee is applied in a uniform manner to all health benefit plans. All such fees are premium and are included in determining compliance with the Act and this chapter. (7-1-98)

13. Uniform Allocation of Administration Expenses. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 describes the method of allocating administrative expenses to the health benefit plans for which the manual was developed.

14. Rate Manual to be Maintained for a Period of Six Years. Each rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 is maintained by the carrier for a period of six (6) years. Updates and changes to the manual are maintained with the manual. (7-1-98)

15. Guidelines Issued by Director. The rate manual and rating practices of an individual carrier comply with any guidelines issued by the Director.

**16.** Application of Restrictions Related to Changes in Premium Rates. The restrictions related to changes in premium rates are set forth in Section 41-5206(1)(b), Idaho Code, and are applied as follows: (7-1-98)

**a.** An individual carrier revises its rate manual each rating period to reflect changes in base premium

rates and changes in new business premium rates.

(7 - 1 - 98)

**b.** If, for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the new business premium rate is less than or the same as the percentage change in the base premium rate, the change in the new business premium rate is the change in the base premium rate for the purposes of Sections 41-5206(1)(b)(i) and 41-5206(1)(d)(i), Idaho Code.

c. If for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the new business premium rate exceeds the percentage change in the base premium rate, the health benefit plan is considered a health benefit plan into which the individual carrier is no longer enrolling new eligible individuals for the purposes of Section 41-5206(1)(b)(i), Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

**d.** If, for any rating period, the change in the new business premium rate for a health benefit plan differs from the change in the new business premium rate for any other health benefit plan by more than twenty percent (20%), the carrier makes a filing with the Director containing a complete explanation of how the respective changes in new business premium rates were established and the reason for the difference. The filing is made within thirty (30) days of the beginning of the rating period. (7-1-98)

e. An individual carrier keeps on file for a period of at least six (6) years the calculations used to determine the change in base premium rates and new business premium rates for each health benefit plan for each rating period. (7-1-98)

17. Change in Premium Rate. Except as provided in Subsection 036.18, a change in premium rate for an eligible individual produces a revised premium rate that is no more than the following: (4-5-00)

**a.** The base premium rate for the eligible individual, given its present composition, (as shown in the rate manual as revised for the rating period), multiplied by: (7-1-98)

- **b.** One (1) plus the sum of: (7-1-98)
- i. The risk load applicable to the eligible individual during the previous rating period; and (7-1-98)
- ii. Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year). (7-1-98)

18. Plans No Longer Enrolling New Business. In the case of a health benefit plan into which an Individual carrier is no longer enrolling new Individuals, a change in premium rate for an Individual will produce a revised premium rate that is no more than the base premium rate for the Individual (given its present composition and as shown in the rate manual in effect for the Individual at the beginning of the previous rating period), multiplied by Paragraphs 036.18.a. and 036.18.b.;

- **a.** One (1) plus the lesser of: (7-1-98)
- i. The change in the base rate; or (7-1-98)

ii. The percentage change in the new business premium for the most similar health benefit plan into which the Individual carrier is enrolling new Individuals. (7-1-98)

b.	One (1) plus the sum of:	(7-1-98)
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- i. The risk load applicable to the Individual during the previous rating period; and (7-1-98)
- ii. Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year). (7-1-98)

**19.** Limitations on Revised Premium Rate. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections 036.17 and 036.18, a change in premium rate for an Individual will not produce a revised premium rate that would exceed the limitations on rates provided in Section 41-5206, Idaho Code. (7-1-98)

#### 037. -- 045. (RESERVED)

#### 046. REQUIREMENT TO INSURE INDIVIDUALS.

**01. Offer of Coverage**. An individual carrier that offers coverage to an individual will offer to provide coverage to each eligible individual and to each eligible dependent of an eligible individual. (7-1-98)

02. Risk Characteristics. Individuals are accepted for coverage by the individual carrier without any restrictions or limitations on coverage related to the risk characteristics of the Individual or their dependents, except that a carrier may exclude or limit coverage for pre-existing medical conditions, consistent with the provisions provided in Section 41-5208(3), Idaho Code. (7-1-98)

03. Risk Load. An individual carrier may assess a risk load to the premium rate associated with a new entrant, consistent with the requirements of Section 41-5206, Idaho Code. The risk load is the same risk load charged to the Individual immediately prior to acceptance of the new entrant into the health benefit plan. (7-1-98)

04. Rescission. When material application misstatements are found, rescission action by the carrier may be taken at the carrier's option. When rescission action is taken, premiums are refunded less any claims which had been paid prior to the date the rescission was initiated. At the carrier's option, the carrier may seek to recover any amounts of claims paid in excess of premiums paid. The applicable contract or coverage is considered null and void. (7-1-98)

05. Coverage Rescinded for Fraud or Misrepresentation. Any individual whose coverage is subsequently rescinded for fraud or misrepresentation will not be an "eligible individual" for a period of twelve (12) months from the effective date of the termination of the individual coverage and cannot be deemed to have "qualifying previous coverage" under Title 41, Chapter 22, 47, 52, or 55, Idaho Code; provided such limitations are not in conflict with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.

#### 06. Certification of Creditable Coverage. (3-15-02)

a. Individual carriers will provide written certification of creditable coverage to individuals in accordance with this Subsection. (3-15-02)

**b.** The certification of creditable coverage is provided: (3-15-02)

i. At the time an individual ceases to be covered under the health benefit plan or otherwise becomes covered under a COBRA continuation provision; (3-15-02)

ii. In the case of an individual who becomes covered under a COBRA continuation provision, at the time the individual ceases to be covered under that provision; and (3-15-02)

iii. Such certification is automatically provided by the individual carrier or at the time a request is made on behalf of an individual if the request is made not later than twenty-four (24) months after the date of cessation of coverage described in Paragraphs 046.06.b.i. and 046.06.b.ii., whichever is later. (3-15-02)

c. The certificate of creditable coverage contains: (3-15-02)

i. Written certification of the period of creditable coverage of the individual under the health benefit (3-15-02)

ii. The waiting period, if any, and if applicable, affiliation period imposed with respect to the individual for any coverage under the health benefit plan. (3-15-02)

#### 047. -- 054. (RESERVED)

#### 055. APPLICATION TO REENTER STATE.

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Restrictions on Offering Individual Health Insurance. An individual carrier that has been 01. banned from writing coverage for individuals in this state pursuant to Section 41-5207(2), Idaho Code, will not resume offering health benefit plans to individuals in this state until the carrier has made a petition to the Director to be reinstated as an individual carrier and the petition has been approved by the Director. In reviewing a petition, the Director may ask for such information and assurances as the Director finds reasonable and appropriate.

Geographic Service Areas. In the case of an individual carrier doing business in an established 02. geographic service area of the state, if the individual carrier elects to non-renew a health benefit plan under Section 41-5207(3), Idaho Code, the individual carrier is banned from offering health benefit plans to individuals in that service area for a period of five (5) years.

#### 056. -- 059. (RESERVED)

#### 060. **QUALIFYING PREVIOUS AND QUALIFYING EXISTING COVERAGES.**

Previous Coverage or Existing Coverage. In determining whether a health benefit plan or other 01. health benefit arrangement (whether public or private) is considered qualifying previous coverage or qualifying existing coverage for the purposes of Sections 41-5203(20), and 41-5208(3), Idaho Code, an individual carrier interprets the Act no less favorably to an insured individual than the following: (3-15-02)

An individual carrier ascertains the source of previous or existing coverage of each eligible a. individual and each dependent of an eligible individual at the time such individual or dependent initially enrolls into the health benefit plan provided by the individual carrier. (3-15-02)

#### (RESERVED) 061. -- 066.

#### **RESTRICTIVE RIDERS.** 067.

Except as permitted in Section 41-5208(3), Idaho Code, an individual carrier will not modify or restrict any health benefit plan with respect to any eligible individual or dependent of an eligible individual, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, for the purpose of restricting or excluding the coverage or benefits provided to such individual or dependent for specific diseases, medical conditions or services otherwise covered by the plan. (3-15-02)

#### 068. -- 074. (RESERVED)

#### 075. **RULES RELATED TO FAIR MARKETING.**

Individual Carrier to Actively Market. An individual carrier actively markets each of its health 01. benefit plans to individuals in this state. )

Offer. An individual carrier offers all health benefit plans to any individual that applies for or 02. makes an inquiry regarding health insurance coverage from the individual carrier. The offer may be provided directly to the individual or delivered through a producer. The offer is in writing and includes at least the following information:

A general description of the benefits contained in the all actively marketed health benefit plans; and a. )

b. Information describing how the individual may enroll in the plans. (7 - 1 - 98)

**04**. Timeliness of Price Quote. An individual carrier provides a price quote to an individual (directly or through an authorized producer) within fifteen (15) working days of receiving a request for a quote and such information as is necessary to provide the quote. An individual carrier notifies an individual (directly or through an authorized producer) within ten (10) working days of receiving a request for a price quote of any additional information needed by the individual carrier to provide the quote. (7-1-98)

Restrictions as to Application Process. An individual carrier will not apply more stringent or detailed requirements related to the application process for the mandated health benefit plans than are applied for

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other health benefit plans offered by the carrier.

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06. Denial of Coverage. If an individual carrier denies coverage under a health benefit plan to an individual on the basis of a risk characteristic, the denial is in writing and maintained in the individual carrier's office. This written denial states with specificity the risk characteristic(s) of the individual that made it ineligible for the health benefit plan it requested (for example, health status). The denial is accompanied by a written explanation of the availability of any mandated health benefit plans from the individual carrier. The explanation includes at least the following:

a.	A general description of	ne benefits contained in each such plan;	(7-1-98)
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**b.** A price quote for each such plan; and (7-1-98)

c. Information describing how the individual may enroll in such plans. (7-1-98)

**d.** The written information described in this paragraph may be provided within the time periods provided in Subsection 075.04 directly to the individual or delivered through an authorized producer. (7-1-98)

**07. Premium Rate Charged**. The price quote prescribed under Paragraph 075.06.b. is for the lowest premium rate charged under the rating system for a health benefit plan for which the individual is eligible. ()

**08. Toll-Free Telephone Service.** An individual carrier establishes and maintains a toll-free telephone service to provide information to individuals regarding the availability of individual health benefit plans in this state. The service provides information to callers on how to apply for coverage from the carrier. The information may include the names and phone numbers of producers located geographically proximate to the caller or such other information reasonably designed to assist the caller to locate an authorized producer or to apply for coverage.

(7-1-98)

**09.** No Requirement to Qualify for Other Insurance Product. An individual carrier will not require, as a condition to the offer of sale of a health benefit plan to an individual, that the individual purchase or qualify for any other insurance product or service. (7-1-98)

**10. Plans Subject to Requirements**. Carriers offering individual health benefit plans in this state are responsible for determining whether the plans are subject to the requirements of the Act and this chapter. ()

11. Annual Filing Requirement. An individual carrier files annually the following information with the Director related to health benefit plans issued by the individual carrier to individuals in this state on forms prescribed by the Director: (7-1-98)

**a.** The number of individuals that were covered under health benefit plans in the previous calendar year (separated as to newly issued plans and renewals); (7-1-98)

**b.** The number of individuals that were covered under each mandated health benefit plan in the previous calendar year (separated as to newly issued plans and renewals).

**c.** The number of individual health benefit plans in force in each county (or by five (5) digit zip code) of the state as of December 31 of the previous calendar year; (7-1-98)

**d.** The number of individual health benefit plans that were voluntarily not renewed by Individuals in the previous calendar year; (7-1-98)

e. The number of individual health benefit plans that were terminated or non renewed (for reasons other than nonpayment of premium) by the carrier in the previous calendar year; and (7-1-98)

**f.** The number of health benefit plans that were issued to residents that were uninsured for at least the sixty-three (63) days prior to issue. (7-1-98)

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12. Total Number of Residents. All carriers file annually with the Director, on forms prescribed by the Director, the total number of residents, including spouses and dependents, covered during the previous calendar year under all health benefit plans issued in this state. This includes residents covered under reinsurance by way of excess loss and stop loss plans. (3-15-02)

13. Filing Date. The information described in Subsections 075.11 and 075.12 is filed no later than March 15, each year. (7-1-98)

14. Specific Data. For purposes of this section, health benefit plan information includes policies or certificates of insurance for specific disease, hospital confinement indemnity, reinsurance by way of excess loss, and stop loss coverages. (3-15-02)

#### 076. -- 080. (RESERVED)

#### **081. BANNED POLICY PROVISIONS.**

**01. Probationary or Waiting Period**. Except as provided in Subsection 081.02 for a pre-existing condition, a policy cannot contain provisions establishing a probationary or waiting period during which no coverage is provided under the policy.

**02. Pre-existing Conditions**. A policy will not deny, exclude or limit benefits for covered expenses incurred more than twelve (12) months following the effective date of the coverage due to a pre-existing condition.

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**a.** A policy waives any time period applicable to a pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation period with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by qualifying previous coverage to the extent such previous coverage provided benefits with respect to such services, provided that the qualifying previous coverage was continuous to a date not more than sixty-three (63) days prior to the effective date of the new coverage.

**b.** A carrier will not modify a policy with respect to an individual or dependent through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for specifically named pre-existing conditions otherwise covered by the policy.

**03. Exclusions.** A policy cannot limit or exclude coverage by type of illness, accident, treatment or medical condition, except that a policy may include one or more of the following limitations or exclusions: ()

a.	Pre-existing conditions, except for congenital anomalies of a covered dependent child;	(	)
b.	Mental or nervous disorders, alcoholism and drug addiction;	(	)
c.	Pregnancy, except for complications of pregnancy;	(	)
d.	Illness, treatment or medical condition arising out of:	(	)
i. service in the arr	War or act of war (whether declared or undeclared); participation in a felony, riot or instead forces or units auxiliary to it;	urrectio (	ons; )
			``

ii. Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide or intentionally self-inflicted injury; and ( )

iii. Professional aviation for wage or profit; ( )

e. Cosmetic surgery, except that "cosmetic surgery" cannot include reconstructive surgery when the service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from trauma, infection or other diseases of the involved part; reconstructive surgery because of congenital disease or anomaly of a covered dependent child; or involuntary complications related to a cosmetic procedure; ()

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**f.** Foot care in connection with corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain or symptomatic complaints of the feet; ()

**g.** Care in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance, distortion, or subluxation in the human body for purposes of removing nerve interference and the effects of it, where the interference is the result of or related to distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in the vertebral column;

**h.** Benefits in excess of Medicare eligible expense, if enrolled in Medicare or other governmental program (except Medicaid), or benefits provided under a state or federal worker's compensation law, employers liability or occupational disease law, or motor vehicle no-fault law unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provides for coordination of benefits; services performed by a member of the covered person's immediate family; and services for which no charge is normally made in the absence of insurance;

i.	Dental care or treatment;	(	)
j.	Eye glasses and the examination for the prescription or fitting of them;	(	)
k.	Rest cures, custodial care, transportation, and routine physical examinations;	(	)
l.	Territorial limitations;	(	)

**m.** Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implants and examination for or fitting of them, except for congenital or acquired hearing loss that without intervention may result in cognitive or speech development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one (1) device every thirty-six (36) months per ear with loss and not less than forty-five (45) language/speech therapy visits during the first twelve (12) months after delivery of the covered device;

**n.** Missed or cancelled appointments; completion of claim forms or records copying; failure to vacate a room on or before the facility's established discharge hour; educational and training services except as provided by the policy; over the counter medical supplies, consumable or disposable supplies, including but not limited to elastic stockings, ace bandages, gauze, alcohol swabs or dressings; ()

**o.** Treatment, services or supplies not prescribed by or upon the direction of a licensed provider, acting within the scope of his or her license;

**p.** Services rendered prior to the effective date of coverage or after termination of coverage, except as provided by an extension of benefits provision; and ()

**q.** The reversal of an elective sterilization procedure, including but not limited to vasovasostomy or salpingoplasty.

#### 082. GENERAL MINIMUM STANDARDS.

An insurance policy subject to this chapter cannot be offered, delivered or issued for delivery, continued or renewed in this state unless it meets the following minimum standards.

**01. Outline of Coverage**. An insurer will deliver an outline of coverage to an applicant or enrollee with the sale, which complies with the model outline of coverage established by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC"), incorporated herein in Section 002.

**a.** If an outline of coverage was delivered at the time of application or enrollment and the policy is issued on a basis which would require revision of the outline, a substitute outline of coverage properly describing the policy will accompany the policy when it is delivered and contain the following statement in no less than twelve (12) point type, immediately above the company name: "NOTICE: Read this outline of coverage carefully. It is not identical to the outline of coverage provided upon (application) (enrollment), and the coverage originally applied for has not been issued."

**b.** In any case where the prescribed outline of coverage is inappropriate for the coverage provided by the policy, an alternate outline of coverage is to be submitted to the Director for prior written approval.

02. Coverage of Dependents. A policy will consider as an eligible dependent a child who is chiefly dependent on the insured for support and maintenance and who is incapable of self-sustaining employment due to intellectual disability or physical disability on the date that the child's coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy due to the attainment of a specified age for children. The policy may require that within thirty-one (31) days of such date the company receives due proof of the incapacity in order for the insured to elect to continue the policy in force with respect to the child, or that a separate converted policy be issued at the option of the insured or policyholder.

03. Limitation on Termination of Coverage of Dependent. A policy cannot provide for termination of coverage of a covered dependent solely because of the occurrence of an event specified for termination of coverage of the insured, other than nonpayment of premium. In addition, the policy will provide that in the event of the insured's death, the spouse or dependent of the insured, if covered under the policy, will become the insured. ()

04. Continuous Loss Extension. Termination of the policy will be without prejudice to a continuous loss that commenced while the policy was in force. Such extension of benefits beyond the period during which the policy was in force may be conditioned upon the continuous total disability of the insured, limited to the duration of the policy benefit period, if any, or payment of the maximum benefits.

**05. Pregnancy Benefit Extension**. In the event the insurer cancels or refuses to renew, policies providing pregnancy benefits will provide for an extension of benefits as to pregnancy commencing while the policy is in force and for which benefits would have been payable had the policy remained in force. ()

06. Expenses of Live Donor. A policy providing coverage for the recipient in a transplant operation also provides reimbursement of any medical expenses of a live donor to the extent that benefits remain and are available under the recipient's policy or certificate, after benefits for the recipient's own expenses have been paid.

**07.** Fractures or Dislocations. A policy providing coverage for fractures or dislocations will not provide benefits only for "full or complete" fractures or dislocations.

**08.** Coinsurance. Except for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan, a coinsurance percentage will not exceed fifty percent (50%) of covered charges. A coinsurance percentage for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan will not exceed sixty percent (60%) of covered charges.

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## 083. -- 100. (RESERVED)

#### **101. DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.**

01. Requisite Provisions. Each policy will include a renewal, continuation or nonrenewal provision. The language or specification of the provision will be consistent with the type of contract to be issued. The provision will be appropriately captioned, will appear on the first page of the policy, and will clearly state the duration, where limited, of renewability and the duration of the term of coverage for which the policy is issued and for which it may be renewed.

02. Added Riders or Endorsements. Riders or endorsements added to a policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy require signed acceptance by the policyholder. After date of policy issue, any rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a concomitant increase in premium during the policy term will be agreed to in writing and signed by the policyholder, except if the increased benefits or coverage is prescribed by law.

**03.** Separate Additional Premium. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge is set forth in the policy.

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04. Requisite Definition of Terms. A policy that provides for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import will include a definition of the terms and an explanation of the terms in its accompanying outline of coverage.

Pre-existing Conditions Limitations. If a policy contains any limitations with respect to pre-05. existing conditions, the limitations will appear as a separate paragraph of the policy and be labeled as "Pre-existing Condition Limitations."

Requisite Notice. All policies will have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy **06.** stating in substance that the policyholder has the right to return the policy within ten (10) days of its delivery and have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy, the policyholder holder is not satisfied for any reason. )

102. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.04.14 – COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

## 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY. Title 41, Chapters 2, 21, 22 and 34, Idaho Code. (7-1-98)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.14, "Coordination of Benefits." (7-1-98)

**02.** Scope. This chapter applies to all plans, as defined. It allows plans to include a coordination of benefits (COB) provision unless banned by federal law; establish a uniform order of benefit determination under which plans pay claims; provide authority for the orderly transfer of necessary information and funds between plans; reduce duplication of benefits by permitting a reduction of the benefits to be paid by plans that, pursuant to these rules, do not pay their benefits first; reduce claims payment delays; and require that COB provisions be consistent with this rule; and provide greater efficiency in the processing of claims when a person is covered under more than one (1) plan.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

This rule incorporates by reference the full text of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Model Coordination of Benefits Contract Provisions (Appendix A) and the NAIC Consumer Explanatory Booklet (Appendix B), published as part of the NAIC 2013 Coordination of Benefits model regulation and available on the Idaho Department of Insurance website.

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

As used in this chapter, these words and terms have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

01. Allowable Expense. Any health care expense including coinsurance or copayments, and without reduction for any applicable deductible that is covered in full or in part by any of the plans covering the person. If a plan is advised by a covered person that all plans covering the person are high-deductible health plans and the person intends to contribute to a health savings account established in accordance with Section 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the primary high-deductible health plan's deductible is not an allowable expense, except for any health care expense incurred that will not be subject to the deductible as described in Section 223 (c) (2) (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. An expense that a provider by law or in accordance with contractual agreement is banned from charging a covered person is not an allowable expense. An expense or a portion of an expense that is not covered by any of the plans is not an allowable expense.

**a.** The following are examples of expenses or services that are not an allowable expense: (3-30-07)

i. If a covered person is confined in a private hospital room, the difference between the cost of a semiprivate room in the hospital and the private room (unless the patient's stay in the private hospital room is medically necessary in terms of generally accepted medical practice, or one of the plans provides coverage for private hospital rooms) is not an allowable expense. (3-30-07)

ii. If a person is covered by two (2) or more plans that compute their benefit payments on the basis of usual and customary fees, or relative value schedule reimbursement or other similar reimbursement methodology, any amount charged by the provider in excess of the highest reimbursement amount for a specified benefit is not an allowable expense. (3-30-07)

iii. If a person is covered by two (2) or more plans that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, any amount in excess of the highest of the negotiated fees is not an allowable expense. (7-1-98)

iv. If a person is covered by one plan that calculates its benefits or services on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement or other similar reimbursement methodology and another plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the primary plan's payment arrangement is the allowable expense for all plans. However, if the provider has contracted with the secondary plan to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the primary plan's payment arrangement and if the provider's contract permits, that negotiated fee or payment is the allowable expense used by the secondary plan to determine its benefits. (3-30-07)

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**b.** The definition of the "allowable expense" may exclude certain types of coverage or benefits such as dental care, vision care, prescription drug or hearing aids. A plan that limits the application of COB to certain coverages or benefits may limit the definition of Allowable Expenses in its contract to expenses that are similar to the expenses that it provides. When COB is restricted to specific coverages or benefits in a contract the definition of "Allowable Expense" includes similar expenses to which COB applies. (3-30-07)

**c.** When a plan provides benefits in the form of service, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered as an allowable expense and a benefit paid. (7-1-98)

**d.** The amount of the reduction may be excluded from allowable expense when a covered person's benefits are reduced under a primary plan: (7-1-98)

i. Because the covered person does not comply with the plan provisions concerning second surgical opinions or precertification of admissions or services: or (3-30-07)

ii. Because the covered person has a lower benefit because the covered person did not use a preferred (3-30-07)

**02. Birthday**. Refers only to month and day in a calendar year and does not include the year in which the individual is born.

03. Claim. A request that benefits of a plan be provided or paid. The benefits claimed may be in the form of:

- **a.** Services (including supplies); (7-1-98)
- **b.** Payment for all or a portion of the expenses incurred; (7-1-98)
- c. A combination of Paragraphs 010.03.a. and 010.03.b. of this chapter; or (3-30-07)
- d. An indemnification. (7-1-98)

04. Closed Panel Plan. A plan that provides health benefits to covered persons primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the plan, and that excludes benefits for services provided by other providers, except in cases of emergency or referral by a panel member.

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**05.** Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 or "COBRA". Coverage provided under a right of continuation pursuant to federal law.

**06.** Coordination of Benefits (COB). A provision establishing an order in which plans pay their claims, and permitting secondary plans to reduce their benefits so that the combined benefits of all plans do not exceed total allowable expenses.

**07. Custodial Parent**. The parent awarded custody by a court decree. In the absence of a court decree, the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary visitation.

**08. Group-Type Contract**. A contract that is not available to the general public and is obtained and maintained only because of membership in or a connection with a particular organization or group, including blanket coverage. Group-type contract does not include an individually underwritten and issued guaranteed renewable policy even if the policy is purchased through payroll deduction at a premium savings to the insured since the insured would have the right to maintain or renew the policy independently of continued employment with the employer. (3-30-07)

**09. High-Deductible Health Plan**. Has the meaning given the term under Section 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003.

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10. Hospital Indemnity Benefits. The benefits not related to expenses incurred. The term does not include reimbursement-type benefits even if they are designed or administered to give the insured the right to elect indemnity-type benefits at the time of claim.

11. Plan. A form of coverage with which coordination is allowed. Separate parts of a plan for members of a group that are provided through alternative contracts that are intended to be part of a coordinated package of benefits are considered one plan and there is no COB among the separate parts of the plan. If a plan coordinates benefits, its contract states the types of coverage that will be considered in applying the COB provision of that contract. Whether the contract uses the term "plan," or some other term such as "program," the contractual definition may be no broader than this definition. The definition of "plan" in the incorporated Appendix A is an example.

( )

a.	Plan includes:	(3-30-07)
i.	Group and nongroup insurance contracts and subscriber contracts;	(3-30-07)
ii.	Uninsured group or group-type coverage arrangements;	(3-30-07)
iii.	Group and nongroup coverage through closed panel plans;	(3-30-07)

iv. Group-type contracts; (3-30-07)

v. The medical care components of long-term care contracts, such as skilled nursing care; (3-30-07)

vi. Medicare or other governmental benefits, except as provided in Subparagraph 010.11.b.ix. of this chapter. That part of the definition of plan may be limited to the hospital, medical and surgical benefits of the governmental program. (3-30-07)

vii. The medical benefits coverage in automobile "no fault" and traditional automobile "fault" type contracts. No plan is prescribed to coordinate benefits provided that it pays benefits as a primary plan. If a plan coordinates benefits, it will do so in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. ()

viii. Group and nongroup insurance contracts and subscriber contracts that pay or reimburse for the cost of dental or vision care.

b.	Plan does not include:	(	)

i. Hospital indemnity coverage or other fixed indemnity coverage; (3-30-07)

ii. School accident-type coverages, such as contracts that cover students for accidents only, including athletic injuries, either on a twenty-four (24) hour basis or on a "to and from school" basis; (3-30-07)

iii.	Specified disease or specified accident coverage;	(3-30-07)

•	A 1 4 1	(2, 20, 07)
1V.	Accident only coverage;	(3-30-07)
	, 8,	

v. Benefits provided in long-term care insurance policies for non-medical service; for example, personal care, adult daycare, homemaker services, assistance with activities of daily living, respite care, and custodial care or for contracts that pay a fixed daily benefit without regard to expenses incurred or the receipt of services;

(3-30-07)

vi. Limited benefit health coverage as defined in IDAPA 18.04.08, "Individual Disability and Group Supplemental Disability Insurance Minimum Standards Rule."

	vii.	Medicare supplement policies;	(3-30-07)
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(3-30-07)

)

viii. A state plan under Medicaid; or

ix. A governmental plan which, by law, provides benefits that are in excess of those of any private insurance plan or other nongovernmental plan. (7-1-98)

12. Policyholder. The primary insured named in a non-group insurance policy. ( )

**13. Primary Plan**. A plan whose benefits for a person's health care coverage needs to be determined without taking the existence of any other plan into consideration. A plan is a primary plan if; ()

**a.** The plan either has no order of benefit determination rules, or its rules differ from those permitted (3-30-07)

**b.** All plans that cover the person use the order of benefit determination prescribed by this rule, and under those rules the plan determines its benefits first. ()

**14. Secondary Plan**. A plan that is not a primary plan.

#### 011. -- 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. USE OF MODEL COB CONTRACT PROVISION.

**01. Coordination of Benefits.** The incorporated by reference Appendix A contains a model COB provision for use in contracts. The use of this model COB provision is subject to the provisions of Subsections 021.02 through 021.04 and the provisions of Section 022.

**02. Coordination of Benefits Attachment**. The incorporated by reference Appendix B is a plain language description of the COB process that explains to the covered person how health plans will implement coordination of benefits. It is not intended to replace or change the provisions that are set forth in the contract. Its purpose is to explain the process by which two (2) or more plans will pay for or provide benefits. ()

**03. Application of Requirements.** The COB provision contained in the incorporated by reference Appendix A and the plain language explanation in the incorporated by reference Appendix B do not have to use the specific words and format as shown. Changes may be made to fit the language and style of the rest of the contract or to reflect differences among plans that provide services, that pay benefits for expenses incurred and that indemnify. No substantive changes are permitted.

04. Limits on COB Provisions. A COB provision will not be used that permits a plan to reduce benefits on the basis that: (7-1-98)

**a.** Another plan exists and the covered person did not enroll in that plan; (7-1-98)

**b.** A person is or could have been covered under another plan, except with respect to Part B of (7-1-98)

c. A person has elected an option under another plan providing a lower level of benefits than another option that could have been elected. (7-1-98)

**05.** "Always Excess" or "Always Secondary." No plan may contain a provision that its benefits are "always excess" or "always secondary" except in accordance with this rule. (3-30-07)

06. Closed Panel Provider. Under the terms of a closed panel plan, benefits are not payable if the covered person does not use the services of a closed panel provider. In most instances, COB does not occur if a covered person is enrolled in two (2) or more closed panel plans and obtains services from a provider in one of the closed panel plans because the other closed panel plan (the one whose providers were not used) has no liability. However, COB may occur during the plan year when the covered person receives emergency services that would have been covered by both plans; the secondary plan will use the provisions of Section 023 of this chapter to

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determine the amount it should pay for the benefit.

(3-30-07)

**07. Plan Requirements**. No plan may use a COB provision, or any other provision that allows it to reduce its benefits with respect to any other coverage its insured may have that does not meet the definition of plan under Subsection 010.11 of this rule. (3-30-07)

#### 022. RULES FOR COORDINATION OF BENEFITS.

01. Order of Benefit Payments. When a person is covered by two (2) or more plans, the rules for determining the order of benefit payments are as follows: (7-1-98)

a. The primary plan pays or provides its benefits as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist. (3-30-07)

**b.** If the primary plan is a closed panel plan and the secondary plan is not a closed panel plan, the secondary plan pays or provides benefits as if it were the primary plan when a covered person uses a non-panel provider, except for emergency services or authorized referrals that are paid or provided by the primary plan.

(3-30-07)

**c.** When multiple contracts providing coordinated coverage are treated as a single plan under this rule, Section 022 of this chapter applies only to the plan as a whole, and coordination among the component contracts is governed by the terms of the contracts. If more than one (1) carrier pays or provides benefits under the plan, the carrier designated as primary within the plan is responsible for the plan's compliance with this rule. (3-30-07)

**d.** If a person is covered by more than one (1) secondary plan, the order of benefit determination requirements of this rule decide the order in which secondary plan benefits are determined in relation to each other. Each secondary plan takes into consideration the benefits of the primary plan or plans and the benefits of any other plan, which, under the requirements of this rule, has its benefits determined before those of that secondary plan.

(3-30-07)

02. Consistent Order of Benefit Provisions. Except as provided in Paragraph 022.02.a. of this chapter, a plan that does not contain order of benefit determination provisions that are consistent with this rule is always the primary plan unless the provisions of both plans, regardless of the provisions of Subsection 022.02 of this chapter, state that the complying plan is primary. (3-30-07)

a. Coverage that is obtained by virtue of membership in a group and designed to supplement a part of a basic package of benefits may provide that the supplementary coverage is excess to any other parts of the plan provided by the contract holder. Examples of these types of situations are major medical coverages that are superimposed over base plan hospital and surgical benefits, and insurance type coverages that are written in connection with a closed panel plan to provide out-of-network benefits. (7-1-98)

**b.** A plan may take into consideration the benefits paid or provided by another plan only when, under the requirements of this rule, it is secondary to that other plan. (3-30-07)

**03.** Order of Benefit Determination. Each plan determines its order of benefits using the first of the following rules that applies. (3-30-07)

**a.** The plan that covers the person other than as a dependent, for example, as an employee, member, subscriber, policyholder or retiree, is the primary plan and the plan that covers the person as a dependent is the secondary plan. However, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of the provisions of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and implementing rules, Medicare is:

i. Secondary to the plan covering the person as a dependent; and (7-1-98)

ii. Primary to the plan covering the person as other than a dependent (e.g. a retired employee), then the order of benefits is reversed so that the plan covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber, policyholder or retiree, is the secondary plan and the other plan covering the person as a dependent is the primary plan. (3-30-07)

**b.** Unless there is a court decree stating otherwise, plans covering a dependent child determine the order of benefits as follows:

i. For a dependent child whose parents are married or are living together, whether or not they have ever been married: (3-30-07)

(1) The plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the calendar year is primary plan; or(3-30-07)

(2) If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that has covered the parent longest is the primary (3-30-07)

ii. For a dependent child whose parents are divorced or separated or are not living together, whether or not they have ever been married: (3-30-07)

(1) If a court decree states that one of the parents is responsible for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage and the plan of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that plan is primary. If the parent with responsibility has no health care coverage for the dependent child's health care expenses, but that parent's spouse does, that parent's spouse's plan is the primary plan. This does not apply with respect to any plan year during which benefits are paid or provided before the entity has actual knowledge of the court decree provisions;

(3-30-07)

(2) If a court decree states that both parents are responsible for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the provisions of Subparagraph 022.03.b.i. of this chapter determine the order of benefits; (3-30-07)

(3) If a court decree states that the parents have joint custody without specifying that one (1) parent has responsibility for the health care expenses or health care coverage of the dependent child, the provisions of Subparagraph 022.03.b.i. of this chapter determine the order of benefits; or (3-30-07)

(4) If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for the child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the order of benefits for the child are as follows: (3-30-07)

(a)	The plan covering the custodial parent:	(3-30-07)

- (b) The plan covering the custodial parent's spouse; (3-30-07)
- (c) The plan covering the noncustodial parent; and then (3-30-07)
- (d) The plan covering the noncustodial parent's spouse. (3-30-07)

(5) For a dependent child covered under more than one plan of individuals who are not the parents of the child, the order of benefits is determined, as applicable under Subparagraph 022.03.b.i. or 022.03.b.ii. of this chapter as if those individuals were parents of the child. (3-30-07)

(6) For a dependent child who has coverage under either or both parents' plans and also has their own coverage as a dependent under a spouse's plan, the provisions of Paragraph 022.02.e. apply. In the event the dependent child's coverage under the spouse's plan began on the same date as the dependent child's coverage under either or both parents' plans, the order of benefits is determined by applying the birthday rule in Subparagraph 022.02.b.i. to the dependent child's parent(s) and the dependent's spouse. ()

c. The plan that covers a person as an active employee; that is, an employee who is neither laid-off nor retired or as a dependent of an active employee is the primary plan. The plan covering that same person as a retired or laid-off employee or as a dependent of a retired or laid-off employee is the secondary plan. If the other plan does not have this rule and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. Coverage provided an individual as a retired worker and as a dependent of that individual's spouse as an active worker will be determined under Paragraph 022.03.a. of this chapter.

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**d.** If a person whose coverage is provided pursuant to COBRA or under a right of continuation pursuant to federal or state law is covered under another plan, the plan covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree or covering the person as a dependent of an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the primary plan and the plan covering that same person pursuant to COBRA or under a right of continuation pursuant to state or other federal law is the secondary plan. If the other plan does not have this rule and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This provision does not apply if the rule in Paragraph 022.03.a. of this chapter can determine the order of benefits.

e. If the preceding rules do not determine the order of benefits, the plan that covered the person for the longer period of time is the primary plan and the plan that covered the person for a shorter period of time is the secondary plan.

i. To determine the length of time a person has been covered under a plan, two (2) successive plans are treated as one (1) if the covered person was eligible under the second plan within twenty-four (24) hours after the coverage under the first plan ended. (3-30-07)

ii.	The start of a new plar	n does not include:	(7-1-98)
11.	The start of a new plan	nuoes not menude.	(7-1-90)

(1) A change in the amount or scope of a plan's benefits; (3-30-07)

(2) A change in the entity that pays, provides or administers the plan's benefits; or (7-1-98)

(3) A change from one type of plan to another such as from a single employer plan to a multiple (3-30-07)

iii. The person's length of time covered under a plan is measured from the person's first date of coverage under that plan. If that date is not readily available for a group plan, the date the person first became a member of the group is used as the date from which to determine the length of time the person's coverage under the present plan has been in force. (7-1-98)

**f.** If none of the preceding rules determines the order of benefits, the allowable expenses are shared equally between the plans. (3-30-07)

#### **023. PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED BY SECONDARY PLAN.**

In determining the amount to be paid by the secondary plan on a claim, should the plan wish to coordinate benefits, the secondary plan calculates the benefits it would have paid on the claim in the absence of other health care coverage and apply that calculated amount to any allowable expense under its plan that is unpaid by the primary plan. The secondary plan may reduce its payment by the amount so that, when combined with the amount paid by the primary plan, the total benefits paid or provided by all plans for the claim do not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the total allowable expense for that claim. In addition, the secondary plan credits to its plan deductible any amounts it would have credited to its deductible in the absence of other benefit care coverage.

#### 024. NOTICE TO COVERED PERSONS.

A plan, in its explanation of benefits provided to covered persons, includes the following language: "If you are covered by more than one (1) health benefit plan, you should file all your claims with each plan." ()

#### 025. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

01. Benefits in the Form of Services. A secondary plan that provides benefits in the form of services may recover the reasonable cash value of the services from the primary plan, to the extent that benefits for the services are covered by the primary plan and have not already been paid or provided by the primary plan. Nothing in this provision requires a plan to reimburse a covered person in cash for the value of services provided by a plan which provides benefits in the form of services.

02. Complying Plan Versus Noncomplying Plan. A plan with order of benefit determination rules that comply with this rule (complying plan) may coordinate its benefits with a plan that is "excess" or "always

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secondary" or that uses order of benefit determination rules that are inconsistent with those contained in this rule (noncomplying plan) on the following basis: (7-1-98)

**a.** If the complying plan is the primary plan, it pays or provides its benefits first; (7-1-98)

**b.** If the complying plan is the secondary plan, it pays or provides its benefits first, but the amount of the benefits payable is determined as if the complying plan were the secondary plan. In such a situation, the payment is the limit of the complying plan's liability; and (3-30-07)

c. If the noncomplying plan does not provide the information needed by the complying plan to determine its benefits within a reasonable time after it is requested to do so, the complying plan assumes that the benefits of the noncomplying plan are identical to its own and pays its benefits accordingly. If, within two (2) years of payment, the complying plan receives information as the actual benefits of the noncomplying plan, it adjusts payments accordingly. (7-1-98)

i. If the noncomplying plan reduces its benefits so that the covered person receives less in benefits than the covered person would have received had the complying plan paid or provided its benefits as the secondary plan and the noncomplying plan paid or provided its benefits as the primary plan, and governing state law allows the right of subrogation set forth below, then the complying plan advances to the covered person or on behalf of the covered person an amount equal to the difference. (3-30-07)

ii. In no event does the complying plan advance more than the complying plan would have paid had it been the primary plan less any amount it previously paid for the same expense or services. In consideration of the advance, the complying plan is subrogated to all rights of the covered person against the noncomplying plan. The advance by the complying plan is to be without prejudice to any claim it may have against the noncomplying plan in the absence of such subrogation. (7-1-98)

**03. COB Versus Subrogation**. COB differs from subrogation. Provisions for one may be included in health care benefits contracts without compelling the inclusion or exclusion of the other. (3-30-07)

04. Timely Payment of Benefits. If the plans cannot agree on the order of benefits within thirty (30) calendar days after the plans have received all of the information needed to pay the claim, the plans immediately pay the claim in equal shares and determine their relative liabilities following payment, except that no plan is obligated to pay more than it would have paid had it been primary.

#### 026. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.05.01 – RULES FOR TITLE INSURANCE REGULATION

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Section 41-211, Idaho Code, to aid in the effectuation of Title 41, Chapter 27 and Section 41-1314, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

<b>01. Title</b> . IDAPA 18.05.01, "Rules for Title Insurance Regulation."	( )
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**02. Purpose**. This rule applies to all title insurers and title insurance agents and: ( )

a. Defines and clarifies the meaning of "a complete set of tract indexes or abstract records" as used in Section 41-2702, Idaho Code.

**b.** Provides procedural rules as to the way title insurers, title insurance agents and escrow officers are to perform certain actions, charge rates for various services, and provide insurability on certain matters. ()

c. Clarifies consumer protection on title insurance products. ( )

**d.** Preserves the financial stability of title insurers and title insurance agents. ( )

e. Defines certain fair trade practice standards for title insurance, the violation of which will constitute rebates and/or illegal inducements by Sections 41-2708(3) and 41-1314, Idaho Code. This rule does not limit the Director's authority to determine that other title insurance trade practices constitute violations of Title 41, Chapter 27 and 41-1314, Idaho Code. ()

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

All terms defined in Title 41, Chapters 1, 13, and 27, Idaho Code, which are used in this rule will have the same meaning as used in those chapters.

**01. Applicant.** A party to a real estate transaction who may be the buyer, seller and/or a proposed or named insured on a title commitment, policy, guaranty or other title insurance product.

**02. Financial Interest**. Any interest that entitles the holder in any manner to two and one-half percent (2.5%) or more of the profits or net worth of the title entity in which the interest is held. ()

**03. Policy**. Any contract or form of title insurance which prior to its issuance has been filed with the Director of Insurance.

04. Preliminary Report. A binder of insurance, a commitment to insure, a preliminary report of title, and litigation reports including quiet title action, foreclosure actions of contracts of sale, deeds of trust or mortgages where a policy of title insurance will be issued on the successful completion thereof. Excluded are miscellaneous reports which do not insure title, such as judgment reports, lot book reports or property search reports which are governed by Subsection 012.01.

05. Producer of Title Business. Includes any person engaged in this state in the trade, business, occupation or profession of:

- **a.** Buying or selling interest in real property; or ( )
- **b.** Making loans secured by interest in real property; and ( )

**c.** May include but not be limited to real estate agents, real estate brokers, mortgage brokers, lending or financial institutions, builders, attorneys, developers, sub-dividers, auctioneers engaged in the sale of real property, consumers, and the employees, agents, representatives, or solicitors of any of the foregoing; and ()

**d.** Will include any legal entity whose ownership is, directly or indirectly, comprised fifty-one percent (51%) or more by entities or individuals described in Paragraph 010.05.c of this rule. ()

**06. Title Examination**. A search and examination of the title and a determination of insurability of the title in accordance with sound title underwriting practices. Such examination of the public records will be made only for the purpose of determining insurability of the described property and not be a report on the condition of the record.

07. Issuance of a Policy. The preparation, execution and delivery of a title insurance policy which is deemed to be only a contract of insurance up to the face amount of such policy and will in no way create a tort liability as to the condition of the record insured from. The same will include any necessary investigation just prior to actual issuance of a policy to determine if there has been proper execution, acknowledgement and delivery of any conveyances, mortgage papers, and other title instruments which may be necessary for the issuance of a policy. It will also include determination of the status of taxes based on the latest available information and a final search of the title and that all necessary papers have been filed for record. Issuance of the policy will not include services which are essentially escrow or closing services, such as receiving and disbursing money, prorating insurance and taxes, etc., for which an escrow fee will be charged. The issuer of the policy may specify requirements necessary for the issuance of the title insurance, but it is the responsibility of the applicant to meet such requirements and the title insurance agent will not act for the applicant to satisfy the same. It is not the responsibility of the policy issuer to cure defects of title or remove liens or encumbrances. Title insurers and title insurance agents issuing title insurance policies will not do any acts which constitute the practice of law and the premium will not include the cost of legal services to be performed for the benefit of anyone other than the company. A title insurance agent who is also a licensed lawyer rendering any legal services in the transaction insured will render a separate legal billing and the escrow fees will not include such legal services. )

**08.** Self-Promotional. A promotional function conducted by a single entity or a promotional item intended for distribution by a single entity. All benefits from the promotional function or item will accrue to the entity promoting itself.

**09.** Items of Value. Anything that has a monetary value and includes, but is not limited to, tangible objects, services, use of facilities, monetary advances, extension of lines of credit, creation of compensating balances, and all other forms of consideration.

10. Trade Association. An association of persons, a majority of whom are producers of title business, or persons whose primary activity involves real property.

12. Title Entity. Includes both title insurance agents and title insurers and their employees, agents, or ()

#### **13.** Definitions Pertaining To Collected Funds:

( )

**a.** Business Day means a calendar day other than Saturday or Sunday, and also excluding most major holidays. If January 1, July 4, November 11, or December 25 fall on a Sunday, the next Monday is also excluded from the definition of a business day.

**b.** Collected Funds means (i) cash (currency); (ii) wired funds when unconditionally received by the escrow agent; (iii) when identified as such, (1) cashier's check; (2) certified check; or (3) teller's check (official check) when any of the above are unconditionally received by the escrow agent; (iv) U.S. Treasury checks, postal money orders, federal reserve bank checks, federal home loan bank checks, State of Idaho and local government checks, local or Idaho on-us checks, or local third party checks on the next business day after deposit; (v) local personal or corporate checks on the second business day after deposit; and (vi) non-local State and government checks, non-local on-us checks, non-local personal or corporate checks or non-local third party checks on the fifth business day after deposit. For purposes of this section a deposit is considered made on (1) the same day the item is delivered in person to an employee of a federally insured financial institution, or (2) the first business day following an after business hours deposit of an item to a federally insured financial institution.

**c.** Cashier's Check, Certified Check and Teller's Check (Official Check) as identified above in Subsection 010.13.b. means checks issued by a federally insured financial institution. ()

d. Local Checks: Checks drawn against a federally insured financial institution located in the same

check processing region as the title agent's depositary federally insured financial institution.

e. On-us checks: Checks drawn against the same federally insured financial institution or branch as the title agent's own depositary federally insured financial institution. ()

**f.** Collection or Long-Term Escrow means an escrow established for the purpose of receiving two (2) or more periodic payments over a total period of time after establishment in excess of thirty (30) days. ()

**g.** Escrow includes any agreement (express, implied in fact or at law) pursuant to which funds or documents are delivered to an escrow agent for holding until the happening of a contingency or until the performance of a condition, and then delivered by the escrow agent to another or recorded by the escrow agent. ()

**h.** Escrow Agent includes any person or entity described in Section 41-2704, Idaho Code, (and the rules promulgated thereunder), which accepts funds or documents for the purpose described in Subsection 010.13.g.

i. Incidental Expenses: Direct expenses that are the obligation of one or more of the parties to an escrow transaction but are not the purchaser's principal obligation. Incidental expenses would include, but not be limited to, advances to cover unexpected recording fees and additional interest caused by delays in closings or miscalculations.

#### 011. TRACT INDEXES OR ABSTRACT RECORDS.

For clarification and guidance, the following is considered to be the correct definition or meaning of "a complete set of tract indexes or abstract records" as used in Section 41-2702, Idaho Code: A set of indexes from which the record ownership and condition of title to all land within a particular county can be traced and ascertained. Tract indexes and abstract records will be maintained and posted to current date and will include adequate maps that will enable a person working the title plant to locate a tract of land that is the subject of the title examination. The basic component parts of such a set of indexes are:

01. Basic Component Parts. An index or indexes, to be complete from the inception of title from the United States of America, in which the reference is to geographic subdivisions of land, classified according to legal description, (as distinguished from an index or indexes in which the reference is to the name of the title holder, commonly called a grantor-grantee index) wherein notations of or references to:

**a.** All filed or recorded instruments legally affecting title to particularly described parcels of real property and which impart constructive notice under the recording laws; and ()

**b.** All judicial proceedings in the particular county legally affecting title to particularly described parcels of real property are posted, filed, entered or otherwise included in that part of the indexing system which designates the particular parcel of real property; provided, no reference need be made in such index to any judicial proceeding which is referred to or noted in the name index defined in Subsection 011.02 of these rules. ()

**c.** No requirement is made for taxes and assessments, water or otherwise, or for water and mineral rights, land use regulations, and zoning ordinances to be made a part of the plant records.

02. Name Index or Indexes. A name index or indexes wherein notations of or references to all instruments, proceedings and other matters of record in the particular county which legally affects or may legally affect title to all real property (as distinguished from particularly described parcels of real property) of the person, partnership, corporation or other entity named and affected, including guardianships, absentee, bankruptcies, receiverships, divorces and mental illness matters, if available, are posted, filed, entered or otherwise included in that part of the indexing system which designates the same.

**03.** Index Maintenance. The indexes prescribed in Subsection 011.01 may be maintained in bound books, looseleaf books, jackets or folders, on card files, or in any other form or system, whether manual, mechanical, electronic or otherwise; or in any combination of such forms or systems. (7-1-93)

04. Subdivision or Refinement. The extent to which the prescribed indexes are subdivided or refined

is dependent upon all relevant circumstances. The population of the particular county, the extent to which land within the particular county has been subdivided and passed into separate ownerships, and all other factors which are reasonably related to the purpose of the statutory requirements are entitled to consideration in such determination.

(7-1-93)

05. Discarding or Destroying. Any requirement established in this rule to the contrary notwithstanding, it is permissible to discard and destroy prior index books, jackets, folders, cards, photoprints or files pertaining to recorded instruments affecting title to particularly described parcels of real property once the titles to such particularly described parcels have been searched, examined and a policy of owner's title insurance issued thereon. The discarding and destruction of prescribed index components is applicable only when a permanent copy of the search notes, examiner's opinion and issued policy is retained in lieu of the discarded and destroyed index components.

### 012. PROCEDURAL RULES.

01. Miscellaneous Reports. Where an insurer or its agent issues judgment reports, lot book reports or property search reports, each such report will specifically contain the following statement: "This report is based on a search of our tract indexes of the county records. This is not a title or ownership report and no examination of the title to the property described has been made. For this reason, no liability beyond the amount paid for this report is assumed hereunder, and the company is not responsible beyond the amount paid for any errors and omissions contained herein."

**02. Special Exceptions.** An insurer may insert such special exception(s) as may develop from an examination of the title. A special exception will specifically describe the item excepted to and will not be general in terms. The printed provisions of a filed policy form, including exclusions from coverage, exceptions not insured against and stipulations and conditions will not be deemed special exceptions. ()

**03.** Liens and Encumbrances, Standards of Insurability and Insuring Around. The determination of insurability as to liens and encumbrances under Sections 41-2708(1) and the risk disallowed under 41-2708(2), Idaho Code, intentionally omitting an outstanding enforceable recorded lien or encumbrance, are interpreted by the insurance director to mean:

**a.** "Intentionally" omitting an outstanding enforceable recorded lien or encumbrance is the issuance of the policy with the intent to conceal information from any person by suppressing or withholding title information, the consequence of which could result in a monetary loss either to the title insurance company or to the insured under the policy or binder.

**b.** "Outstanding enforceable recorded lien or encumbrance" and/or "determination of insurability" as to possible liens and encumbrances will not be construed as preventing an insurer from issuing a policy without taking exception to a specific recorded, inchoate, or death tax item when sound underwriting standards and practices allow insurance against the item. Defects of title are not regulated by this provision. Specifically, a policy may be issued without taking exception to the following items on the conditions set out: ()

i. Where a lien securing an obligation, though not released of record, to the satisfaction of the insurer has been discharged and the insurer or its agent has documentary evidence in its file that the obligation has been paid in full.

ii. Where funds are in escrow to pay said item and a recordable release in form for filing is available for recording in the ordinary course of business. ()

iii. Where liens, in the opinion of counsel, are barred by the statute of limitations. ( )

iv. Where inchoate liens may arise from improvements to the described property and may have priority over a mortgage being insured and a sufficient indemnity defined has been delivered to and accepted by the insurer, or sufficient funds, including short term treasury bills and notes, have been deposited with the insurer or its agent to assure ultimate payment and release of such liens; provided, an exception as to such inchoate liens will be shown on the policy with a provision insuring against enforcement. Sufficient indemnity as used herein will mean a

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direct obligation to pay such liens in an amount judged adequate by the insurer executed by a financial institution regulated by the state or federal government or executed by a responsible person as hereinafter defined. This subsection will also apply to recorded liens being contested if the indemnity is one hundred and fifty percent (150%) of the claim and is by such financial institution or in said funds.

v. Where the insurer has previously issued a policy without taking exception to the specific item and is called upon to issue an additional policy where it is already obligated under such prior policy and where the new policy will not increase its liability or exposure; provided, an exception as to such item will be shown on the policy with a provision insuring against the enforcement thereof.

vi. When the mortgage policy issued insures validity and priority of a lien, the insurer need not itemize liens which are subordinate to the lien insured, whether by express subordination or operation of law, unless such subordinated matters are shown to comply with a policy provision, or unless requested by the insured to do so; provided, when issuing a preliminary report, commitment or a binder for a mortgagee's policy all subordinate liens will be shown but a statement may be made that they are subordinate.

vii. With reference to federal estate taxes and state inheritance taxes which have not been paid, where the insurer has examined a balance sheet of the estate and determined more than adequate funds are on hand to pay such taxes, and the insurer has taken an indemnity from a responsible person protecting itself against such unpaid taxes, or where sufficient moneys or other securities to pay such taxes have been placed in escrow pending the payment thereof or pending receipt of waiver of lien from the taxing authority. ()

viii. "Responsible person" is one (1), or more than one (1) if they are jointly and severally liable, each of whose current verified balance sheet upon examination is determined by the insurer to be sufficient for the purpose of the indemnity given. Verified copies of all statements will be retained by the insurer or its agent. ()

04. Mechanics' Liens, Disallowed Risk. Under the provisions of Section 41-2708, Idaho Code, the Insurance Director has determined under standards of insurability, disallowed risks and rebates, that under all forms of mortgage policies the risk insured will not include unrecorded liens and encumbrances, including contractors', subcontractors' professional services, materialmen's and mechanics' liens, unless: ()

a. The mortgage will have been placed of record prior to commencement of any improvement on the premises and the insurer is satisfied that the mortgage and related documents with reference to such priority; or

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**b.** Unless the provisions of Subsections 012.03.b.ii., 012.03.b.iii. or 012.03.b.iv., and 012.03.b.viii. as applicable have been complied with; or ()

**c.** Unless the insurer has satisfied itself and documented its file that construction has been completed and the time for filing liens has expired.

05. Usury, Truth in Lending Disclosures. Protection against usury, or disclosures prescribed in consumer credit protection acts, truth in lending acts, or similar acts imposing duties on lenders, do not constitute a part of the issuance of title insurance policies. Title insurers and their agents will not prepare or pass judgment on documents as to usury nor on disclosure documents and notice of right of rescission documents demanded by any such acts or make any computations as essential therein, in the issuance of title insurance policies; provided, an endorsement to a mortgage policy insuring that the loan is one by definition of the Truth in Lending Act exempt from rescission is permissible. Nothing herein will prevent such title insurers or their agents from performing closing or escrow services involving such matters when a proper fee is obtained therefor. ()

06. Filing, Approval, Unique Contract or Rate. Whenever a title insurer is requested to insure a unique kind or class of risk for which a premium rate or form of policy or endorsement has not been filed, neither of which lends itself to an advance filing and determination of said rate or form, pursuant to Section 41-2706(4), such title insurer may make a written application to the Director of Insurance for approval of said special rate or form without complying with the filing notice and thirty (30) day waiting provisions of Section 41-2707 upon complying with the following requirements:

Section Procedural Rules

**a.** The insurer has not agreed to the special rates, nor agreed to issue the special policy or endorsement, prior to making an application to the Director of Insurance.

**b.** The insurer will make a written application to the Director of Insurance, requesting approval of the applicable special rate or special insurance policy or endorsement, wherein the insurer will set forth why the particular rate or policy or endorsement is unique as to the risk or form, that such item has or has not ever arisen in the past five (5) years to the knowledge of said insurer, and the circumstances if it has previously arisen in said period, and the circumstances which now arise which necessitate said rate, policy or endorsement and an analysis comparing said unique rate, policy or endorsement to the nearest comparable filed rate, policy or endorsement and justifying the difference on the basis of Sections 41-2706(1) and (2), Idaho Code. Such application will have attached to it the proposed policy or endorsement form. The Director of Insurance will have ten (10) working days after the date of receipt of such application to disapprove the same, and the filing will be deemed effective if the same is not disapproved within such time. The burden is upon the insurer to make inquiry after the expiration after said ten (10) days to determine whether a disapproval has been made, whether or not mailed notice of such disapproval has not yet been received by said insurer.

**c.** These provisions are only applicable to rates, policies and endorsements, which by reason of the rarity of the event, or the peculiarity of the circumstances, do not lend themselves to a general advance determination and filing of said item. Applications under this rule and the applicable statute will not be approved if it appears either that said application does not meet the standards of the statute or is such a deviation from the usual policy form or rate most nearly applicable thereto as to be an unsound underwriting practice or an inadequate premium. ()

#### 013. PREMIUM RATES AND THEIR APPLICATION.

01. Schedule of Premium Rates. Each title insurer will file its schedule of premium rates (including both the taxable risk portion and the service portion) for title insurance charged the public for all policies, which premium rates commence with the lowest rate and advance by one thousand dollars (\$1,000) increments. The rate schedule will include owner's, standard mortgagee and extended coverage mortgagee policies, and may include other rates. In addition, any charges made for special endorsements will be listed and the type of policy to which applicable. Filed rates will provide that where a preliminary report is issued, the order for the policy may be canceled prior to closing. The applicant may be requested to pay a cancellation fee. The premium rates for policies will only include title examination and issuance of title insurance which will be deemed to include any preliminary report, commitment to insure, binder or similar report (herein collectively called preliminary report) and the policy subsequently issued thereon. If more than one (1) chain of title is involved, an additional charge will be made for each additional chain. An additional chain is one involving property in a different block or section or under a different ownership within the last five (5) years.

**02. Issuing Binders, Commitments or Preliminary Reports**. No title insurer or title insurance agent will issue a title insurance binder, commitment or preliminary report without an order.

**03. Amount of Owner's Policy**. An owner's policy will be issued for not less than (a) the amount of the current sales price of the land and any existing improvements appurtenant thereto, or (b) if no sale is being made, the amount equal to the value of the land and any existing improvements at the time of the issuance of the policy. If improvements are contemplated, the amount may include the cost of such improvements immediately contemplated to be erected thereon with a following pending improvement clause set forth in Schedule B of said policy and the full premium collected, which clause reduces the policy amount to the extent the improvements are not completed. The amount of policies covering leasehold estates for a term of fifty years or more will be for the full value of the land and existing improvements, and for less than fifty years will be for an amount at the option of the insured based on either the total amount of the rentals payable for the primary term but not less than five (5) years, or the full value of the land and existing improvements together with any improvements immediately contemplated to be erected thereon. The amount of policies insuring contract purchasers will be for the full value of the principal payments. Insurance of lesser estates will be written for the amount of the value of the estate at the time the policy is issued. ( )

04. Amount of Mortgagee Policies. A mortgagee's policy will be for not less than the full principal debt of the loan insured and at insured's request may include up to twenty percent (20%) in excess of the principal debt to cover interest, foreclosure costs, etc. Where the land covered represents only part of the security for the loan, the policy will be written for the amount of the unencumbered value of the land or the amount of the loan, whichever

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is the lesser.

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05. Simultaneous Issuance of Owner's and Mortgagee's Policy. When an owner's policy and a mortgage policy covering identical land are simultaneously issued, the owner's policy will bear the regular owner's rate. Premium for the mortgagee policy simultaneously issued may be for an amount less than the full mortgagee rate for the amount of insurance not in excess of the owner's policy.

06. Double Sale and Reissue. No order will be held open to cover a double sale and the premium will be charged and the policy issued on each sale, unless the conveyance on resale is recorded at the same time as the original transaction. A title insurer may file an owner's reissue rate of not less than fifty percent (50%) of the basic rate which will be applicable to any policy ordered within two (2) years of the effective date of a prior owner's or purchaser's policy naming applicant as the insured provided that the following conditions are met: ()

**a.** The prior policy or a copy thereof is presented to the issuing company and will be retained in the issuing company's file, or in the absence thereof, reasonable proof of issuance is provided the issuing company.

**b.** The reissue premium will be based on the schedule of fees in effect at the time of reissue. ( )

c. Increased liability is to be computed in accordance with the basic schedule of fees in the applicable brackets.

07. Amount on Litigation and Foreclosure Reports. Where a preliminary report is made for an owner's policy to be issued after a quiet title action or after a foreclosure of contracts of sale, deeds of trust or mortgages, the premium charge will be that on an owner's policy and the policy will be issued following the successful completion of the litigation or the foreclosure. A cancellation fee may be charged if the action is unsuccessful. Each such preliminary report will bear on its face as the limit of liability of the insurer, the value upon which the premium charge is based.

#### 014. DISCLOSURE BY PRODUCER OF TITLE BUSINESS.

01. Disclosure of Financial Interest. No title entity may accept any order to issue a title commitment, guarantee, title insurance policy for, or provide services including, but not limited to, escrow closing and foreclosure services, to an applicant if it knows or has reason to believe that the applicant was referred by a producer of title business, where the producer of title business has a financial interest in the title entity to which the business is referred unless the producer of title business has disclosed to the applicant the financial interest of the producer of title business. The disclosure will be made in writing and contain the items prescribed in Subsection 014.02 of this rule.

02. Disclosure Provided to Applicant. The disclosure will be provided to the applicant at the time the sale and/or purchase contract is entered into. A signed copy of the disclosure will be maintained by the producer of title business and provided to the title entity prior to, or simultaneously with, the placing or the order for a title insurance commitment or guarantee or escrow closing services. The title entity will maintain a copy of said disclosure for a minimum period of five (5) years. The disclosure will contain the following: ()

**a.** A heading, in bold face, all caps, type font 14 or higher that states: "NOTICE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST IN TITLE ENTITY BY PRODUCER OF TITLE BUSINESS." ()

**b.** A statement in type 12 font or higher: "We call this interest to your attention for disclosure purposes. (Provide name of Producer of Title Business) has a financial interest in this title entity (provide title entity name). This financial interest may result in a conflict of interest in our representation of you. Accordingly, you are free to choose any other title entity which is licensed by the Idaho Department of Insurance in the county in which the property is located. A list of title insurers and title agents licensed in the county in which the property is located may be found by contacting the Idaho Department of Insurance."

c. A statement that the Applicant has read the aforementioned disclosure and chooses to have their transaction served by the Title Entity referred by the Producer of Title Business. The disclosure will contain the

signature of all applicants along with the date the signature(s) was accomplished.

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#### 015. FINANCIAL INTEREST NOTICE.

01. Financial Interest Notice to Director. A title entity will notify the Director of the Department the names and addresses of all producers of title business that have a financial interest in the title entity, including the financial interest held by the producer of title business and the date the financial interest was acquired.

**02.** Notice Filing. The title entity will provide the financial interest notice to the Director of the Department prior to the granting of a title agent license and upon request for renewal of a title agent license. ()

#### 016. - 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. TITLE INSURANCE AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES ACTING AS ESCROW AGENTS.

01. Written Instructions. An escrow agent will not accept funds or papers into escrow without dated written instructions signed by the parties or their authorized representatives adequate to administer the escrow account and without receiving, at the time provided with the escrow instructions, sufficient funds and documents to carry out terms of the escrow instructions. Funds and documents deposited will be used only in accordance with such written instructions. If additional instructions are needed, the agent will obtain the consent of both parties, their representatives to the escrow or an order of a court of competent jurisdiction at the expense of the escrow parties.

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**02.** Notice of Conflict of Interest. An escrow agent will act without partiality to any of the parties to the escrow. An escrow agent cannot close a transaction where he has, directly or indirectly, a monetary interest in the subject property either as buyer or seller. If an escrow agent has a business interest in the escrow transaction other than as escrow agent, the relationship or interest will be disclosed in the written escrow instructions. After noting such interest, an additional statement will appear as follows: "We call this interest to your attention for disclosure purposes. This interest will not, in our opinion, prevent us from being a fair and impartial escrow agent in this transaction, but you are, nevertheless, free to request the transaction be closed by some other escrow agent." ( )

03. Closing Statement. On completion of an escrow transaction, the agent will deliver to each principal a written closing statement signed by the agent of each principal's account. The same will show all receipts and disbursements. Any charge made by and disbursements to the escrow agent will be clearly noted. A copy will be retained.

04. Control of Funds. An escrow agent will maintain one or more trust accounts in a federally insured financial institution into which all escrow funds received will be deposited and from which there will be drawn escrow payments. No other funds will be commingled with such trust account. Escrow fees will not be drawn until the escrow is completely ready to close in accordance with the escrow instructions and will be withdrawn not later than the day on which the final disbursements are made for the escrow closing. ()

05. Escrow Accounting Procedures. An escrow agent will maintain on a current basis (a) an escrow ledger with a separate numbered sheet for each escrow agreement and (b) an escrow liability control account. Disbursements will be posted from checks or other vouchers and each item, not the total of items, will be entered. Escrow liability control account will balance with the escrow ledger at all times and will equal the balance of funds in the trust accounts for escrows at the bank. Checks cannot be drawn against an escrow account without sufficient credit balance for the particular escrow existing at the time. Funds will not be transferred between escrow agents except by writing checks and receipts which are charged and credited respectively to accounts with the reason noted and the authority therefor. All services will be performed and the escrow account ready to close before any service or escrow fees may be charged and drawn from an escrow account (unless an escrow is a long term collection, and fees are payable monthly or annually). The escrow funds will be placed in the trust accounts for escrows and no other funds commingled therewith. All entries in any escrow account will be posted the date of the entry without regard of the date of posting, but all entries will be posted daily.

**06.** Escrow Records. Each escrow agent will maintain in each escrow transaction: ( )

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**a.** Evidence of all funds received including copies of all instruments, which will include prenumbered cash receipts, copies of cashier's checks, wire transfer confirmations or evidence of unconditional payment of checks, as applicable;

**b.** Complete evidence of all funds disbursed which will include check stubs or check copies, and wire instructions for all disbursements as applicable; and ()

**c.** A final ledger sheet for each escrow transaction listing all items received and disbursed. All records will be available for audit, inspection and examination by the Director upon demand, and all records will be preserved for not less than six (6) years from the closing date of the escrow. ()

07. Bond. Before a license will be issued to a title insurance agent, such agent will comply with the requirements for a bond pursuant to Section 41-2711. Such bond may be in the form that continues from year to year until canceled. In lieu of a bond, cash or securities as herein defined may be deposited with the Director of Insurance. The Director of Insurance approves the following securities which are eligible for deposit in place of the bond: Cash in the form of a cashier's check, any public obligation as defined in Sections 41-707 and 41-708, Idaho Code, and the assignment of any savings deposits or certificates of deposit as defined in Section 41-720, Idaho Code. In each case, such deposit will be accompanied by a statement that such deposit is made to meet the compliance of Section 41-2710, Idaho Code, and may be liquidated to meet the obligations of said section. Said cash or security in lieu of the bond will be deposited with the director pursuant to Section 41-804, Idaho Code, except that the cash will be deposited with the state treasurer for the account of the bond of said depositing agent. ()

**08.** Cancellation of Bond. A title insurance agent's bond may provide for cancellation thereof upon notice of not less than thirty days to the Insurance Director and to the licensed agent. Upon such notice being received, the licensed title insurance agent will provide a new bond in place thereof before the cancellation of the current bond, and in the event of failure to do so, the license of the title insurance agent will be deemed suspended on the date of the expiration of such bond, and until a replacement bond has been issued and delivered to the Director of Insurance.

#### 09. Disbursement of Funds or Documents From Escrow -- Requirement for Collected Funds.

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**a.** Notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, no disbursement of funds or delivery of documents from an escrow for recording or otherwise may be made unless the escrow contains a credit balance consisting of collected funds, other than funds of the escrow agent or its affiliates, sufficient to discharge all monetary conditions of the escrow. The requirement of collected funds does not apply to collection or long term escrows.

**b.** Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 021, an escrow agent may advance its own funds in an aggregate amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1000) to pay incidental expenses incurred with respect to the escrow.

#### 022. ESCROW FEES.

Title insurers and title insurance agents will not charge less than the fees filed with the Department of Insurance for a specified escrow service, as such service is defined in the title insurer's or title insurance agent's filed schedule of fees. Each title insurer and title insurance agent will file its schedule of escrow fees charged for all escrow and closing services rendered on a yearly basis due March 15 reflecting experience from the previous calendar year. Fees should include a title entity's basic rate, minimum rate and negotiable rate with respect to different types of closings and should not reflect credits of any kind with regard to different classifications of customers. The fee will be based upon the full sales price in the event of a sale, or the amount of the loan in the event of a mortgage and will not be less than the title entity's cost for providing that service. Fees for escrow and closing services will not include preparation of instruments. Property in different ownerships always, and noncontiguous properties generally, are rated separately. Additional fees will be charged where the minimum fee is inadequate because of the unusual complications of the transactions. Fees may also be filed throughout the year as often as necessary as determined by the title entity. Fee filings in these instances will be filed at least thirty (30) days prior to implementation of the fees.

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## 023. -- 030. (RESERVED)

#### 031. REBATES AND ILLEGAL INDUCEMENTS.

**01. Items of Value**. A title entity will not provide items of value to a producer of title business, consumer or member of the general public except as permitted in Sections 031.02, 031.03, 031.04 and 031.05 of this chapter. If a providing of things of value does not clearly fit into the rules in Sections 031.02, 031.03, 031.04, and 031.05, then it is not allowed. Exhibit 1, located on our website at https://doi.idaho.gov/, is a partial, but not all-inclusive, list of acts and practices that are considered illegal inducements disallowed by Title 41, Idaho Code.( )

**02. Permitted Consumer Information**. To facilitate the listing and sale of Idaho property, certain consumer information may be provided without charge to licensed real estate agents and brokers or to a person who owns the property for which the request is made, but is limited to the following information: ()

**a.** Listing Package is a single copy of a listing package, property profile, or similarly named packet of information and will consist of information relating to the ownership and status of title to real property, and may include a single copy of only the following seven (7) items:

i.	The last deed appearing of record;	(	)
ii.	Deeds of trust or mortgages which appear to be in full force and effect;	(	)
iii.	A plat map reproduction and/or a locater map;	(	)
iv.	A copy of applicable restrictive covenants;	(	)
v.	Tax information;	(	)
vi.	Property characteristics such as number of rooms, square footage and year built; and	(	)
vii.	Photographs, including aerial, of the property.	(	)

**b.** A listing package may include no more than the seven (7) above described items of information and will not include market value information, demographics, or additions, addenda, or attachments which may be construed as conclusions reached by the title entity regarding matters of marketable ownership or encumbrances. Photographs may be provided, but only if the title entity does not pay a separate fee or provide any other consideration to a person for that product or service. The title entity may provide any photographs that are acquired through normal subscriptions or licensing fees associated with obtaining access to county records for tax information, property characteristics, or plat maps, as long as there is no additional charge to the title entity for the production, reproduction or delivery of the photographs. A generic cover letter with the printed standard letterhead of the title entity may be attached to the listing package. The cover letter may include a brief statement identifying by name only, which of the seven (7) permitted items of information are attached thereto. The cover letter or listing package is strictly limited to the foregoing and will specifically not include any advertising or marketing for the benefit of the recipient.

**c.** Market value information, demographics, additions, addenda, photographs (other than as described in Paragraph 031.02.b) or other attachments, which attachments may be construed as conclusions reached by the title entity regarding matters of marketable ownership or encumbrances, may be provided, but only upon receipt of a charge commensurate with the actual cost of the work performed and the material furnished. ()

**d.** A title entity may provide to licensed attorneys and licensed appraisers only the following documents without charge;

i.	A plat map reproduction;	(	)
ii.	A copy of applicable restrictive covenants;	(	)

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03.	Advertising With Trade Associations.	(	)
iv.	A cover letter as described in Paragraph 031.02.b.	(	)
iii.	The last deed appearing of record; and	(	)

**a.** No advertisement may be placed in a publication that is published or distributed by, or on behalf of, a producer of title business. Advertising in a trade association publication is only permitted if the publication is an official publication, published or distributed by, or on behalf of the trade association with at least regular annual publications. The publications should be nonexclusive (any title entity will have an equal opportunity to advertise in the publication and at a standard rate). The title entity's ad will be purely self-promotional. ()

**b.** A title entity is permitted to donate time to serve on a trade association committee and may also serve as an officer or director for the trade association. A title entity may also donate, contribute or otherwise sponsor a trade association event if the event is a recognized association event that generally benefits all members and affiliated members in an equal manner. The donation cannot benefit selected producer of title business members of the association unless through random process. Solicitation for the donation should be made of all members and affiliated members in an equal manner. Donations are per agent license or insurer and are limited to a cumulative donation value of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or equivalent things of value collectively to all trade associations per year. In addition, a title entity is allowed to participate in or attend trade association events as long as the title entity pays a fee commensurate with fees paid by other participants in the events. These events include, but are not limited to, conventions, award banquets, symposiums, breakfasts, lunches, dinners, open houses, sporting activities and all other similar activities.

#### 04. Self-Promotional Advertising.

**a.** A title entity may distribute self-promotional items having an acquisition value of less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) to producers of title business, consumers, and members of the general public. These self-promotional items are limited to novelty gifts, advertising novelties, and generic business forms and specifically do not include food, beverages, gift certificates, gift cards, or other items that have a specific monetary value on their face or that may be exchanged for any other item having a specific monetary value. Self-promotional items will not contain the name, logo or any reference to a producer of title business, trade association or donee.

**b.** Self-promotional functions are limited to the following two (2) types of functions: ( )

i. A title entity is permitted to conduct educational programs. The education programs will only address title insurance and escrow and other topics related thereto. A title entity is permitted to expend no more than twenty dollars (\$20) per person at an educational program. For purposes of determining the maximum permitted expenditure, all costs associated with the delivery of the educational program is considered, including but not limited to, costs paid by the entity for travel, refreshments, instructor or speaking fees and facility rental. A title entity may participate in or make presentations at educational programs which are conducted or presented by other entities. The title entity is not permitted to expend any money to sponsor or cosponsor these programs, unless the educational program is a trade association event in which case Subsection 031.03.b of this chapter will apply. ()

ii. A title entity is permitted to have two (2) open houses per year. An open house is a self-promotional function at the title entity's owned or occupied facility (i.e. a Christmas party or any party, an open house for remodeling of its facility, an open house for a new building to become the title entity's facility). It is nonexclusive (all producers of title business are invited). A title entity will not expend more than fifteen dollars (\$15) per guest per open house. A title entity cannot combine permitted expenditures for two (2) open houses to be used for one (1) open house. A title entity also cannot accumulate left over or unused expenditures from one (1) open house and use those expenditures for a second open house.

05. Permitted Business Entertainment. A title entity will not expend more than one hundred dollars (\$100) per person per day for all meals and/or events. Meals and events will include, but not be limited to, breakfast, brunch, lunch, dinner, cocktails, sporting events, sporting activities, trips and music and art events. These meals or events may occur on or off the title entity's premises. In addition, a title entity may entertain no more than four (4) persons who are employed by or agents of any single producer of title business in a single day. Spouses and/or guests

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of the producers of title business or employees or agents are included in the count for purposes of determining the four (4) person maximum. In addition, a person cannot be entertained by a title entity more than three (3) days during any ten (10) day period of time. For purposes of determining the maximum permitted expenditure, all costs associated with any meals or events will be considered. This will include, but not be limited to, costs paid by the title entity for travel, transportation, hotel, equipment or facility rental, meals, cocktails, refreshments, registration or entry fees and event tickets. Entertainment permitted under this rule cannot be conditional upon or compensation for forwarding or directing title business to the title entity.

**06. Locale of the Title Insurer or Title Insurance Agent Employees.** A title entity will not have any of its employees working in a work space location owned or leased by a producer of title business unless: ()

**a.** The space is secured by a bona fide written lease or rental agreement. ( )

**b.** The space is separate from and can be secured against access by other occupants of the premises.

The space is open to the conduct of business with any producer of title business or consumer.

**c.** The rental paid for the workspace is consistent with prevailing rental payments for similar space in the market area of the location of the work space. ()

**d.** The rental is not dependent on volume of business and is paid only in cash (rental cannot be paid by trade or barter).

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**f.** There is no sharing of employees.

**g.** There is no common usage of space or equipment between the title entity and the producer of title business without a proportionate share of cost, rent, or expense paid by each party. ()

**07. Penalty**. This Section emphasizes and restates the general penalties authorized pursuant to Title 41, Idaho Code, for violations of the anti-rebate and anti-illegal inducement laws.

a. Section 41-2708(3), Idaho Code, provides that each person and entity giving or receiving a rebate, illegal inducement, or a reduction in rate is liable for three (3) times the amount of such rebate, illegal inducement, or reduced rate. In addition to this penalty, a title entity may also be subject to an administrative penalty as outlined below.

**b.** Section 41-327, Idaho Code, provides that the Director may impose an administrative penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and/or suspend or revoke an insurer's certificate of authority if the Director finds, after a hearing thereon, that the insurer has either violated or failed to comply with the Insurance Code. ( )

**c.** Section 41-1016, Idaho Code, provides that the Director may impose an administrative penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and/or suspend or revoke an agent's license if the Director finds, after a hearing thereon, that the agent has either violated or failed to comply with the Insurance Code.

#### 032. DISSEMINATION.

All title entities are instructed to distribute a copy of this rule to every employee that may be engaged in activities requiring knowledge of its contents, and to instruct all employees in its scope and operation. ()

#### 033. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.06.01 – RULES PERTAINING TO BAIL AGENTS

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Se	ections 41-21	1 and 41-1037	through 41-1045, Idaho Code.	(4-7-11)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.06.01, "Rules Pertaining to Bail Agents." (4-7-11)

**02. Scope**. The provisions of this rule apply to all bail agents, as defined by Section 41-1038, Idaho Code. This rule is supplementary to other rules and laws regulating insurance producers, and all other rules of the Department and provisions of Title 41, Idaho Code, applicable to insurance producers apply to bail agents. (4-7-11)

#### 002. -- 011. (RESERVED).

#### 012. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Notice of Changes.** A bail agent licensed pursuant to Section 41-1039, Idaho Code, will immediately notify the Department in writing of any the following:

a. Change of bail agent's name, current business address, or current business phone number or business e-mail address, if any;

**b.** Change of name or address of any surety insurance company for which the bail agent has an active (4-7-11)

c. Cancellation by a surety insurance company of a bail agent's authority to write bonds for that (4-7-11)

d. Any new affiliation with a bail bond agency; (4-7-11)

e. Cancellation of a bail agent's affiliation with a bail agency; (4-7-11)

02. Notice of Legal Proceedings. A bail agent will provide immediate written notice to the Department of the filing of any criminal charges against the bail agent. A bail agent will also provide immediate written notice to the Department of any material change in circumstances that would require a different answer than previously provided by the bail agent on the background information section of the Uniform Application for Individual Insurance Producer License/Registration. ()

#### 013. CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECKS.

01. Criminal History Check Requisite. All licensed bail agents will obtain a criminal history records check in connection with the renewal of a bail agent's license and will bear all costs associated with the records check. (4-7-11)

**02. Grounds for Immediate Suspension**. For the purpose of determining whether grounds for immediate suspension of a bail agent's license exist under Section 41-1039(4), Idaho Code, a withheld judgment or a plea of nolo contendere is considered the same as a conviction or guilty plea. (4-7-11)

#### 014. STACKING OF BONDS.

A bail agent may submit only one (1) power of attorney with each bail bond submitted to any Idaho court. The face value or face amount of the power is equal to or greater than the amount of the bail or bond set by the court in the case for which the bond and power are being submitted.

#### 015. NOTIFICATION TO SURETY OF FORFEITURE.

A bail agent will notify the surety insurance company of any forfeiture, as defined in Section 19-2905, Idaho Code, within ten (10) days of receiving the notice from the court. (4-7-11)

#### 016. (RESERVED)

#### 017. BAIL AGENT FINANCING OF BAIL BOND PREMIUMS.

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**01.** Written Agreement. No credit may be extended by any bail agent or surety insurance company for the payment of any bail bond premium without entering into a written agreement. The written agreement for the extension of credit to finance premium need to contain at a minimum the following: (4-7-11)

a.	The name, signatures, and dates of signatures of all parties to the credit agreement;	( )
b.	The amount of premium financed;	(4-7-11)
c.	The per annum rate of interest; and	( )
d.	The scheduled premium payment dates.	(4-7-11)

02. Early Surrender for Failure to Pay. If failure to pay premiums due under a credit arrangement may result in the early surrender of the defendant, that fact needs to be clearly set forth in the written credit agreement. Early surrender for failure to make premium or interest payments when due is to be handled in accordance with Section 41-1044, Idaho Code, and neither the bail agent nor the surety is entitled to seek recovery of any amounts unpaid as of the date of surrender. (4-7-11)

03. Collateral for Credit Agreement. If the credit agreement is to be collateralized, the collateral will not be excessive in relation to the amount of premium financed, will be separate and apart from any collateral used in the bail bond transaction, will be described in the credit agreement or in an attachment to the agreement, and will be handled in accordance with Section 41-1043, Idaho Code. (4-7-11)

#### 018. PAYMENT OF FORFEITURE.

It is a violation of Section 41-1329(6), Idaho Code, for a bail surety to fail to pay a claim for forfeiture after liability for payment has become reasonably clear. Liability for payment upon forfeiture is reasonably clear when a defendant has not appeared or has not been brought before the court within one hundred eighty 180 days after the entry of the order of forfeiture, or a motion to set aside the forfeiture, in whole or in part, has not been filed with the court within five (5) business days after the expiration of the one hundred eighty (180) day period following the order of forfeiture pursuant to the Idaho Bail Act.

019. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.06.02 – PRODUCERS HANDLING OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 2 and 10, Sections 41-211, 41-1024, and 41-1025, Idaho Code. (3-29-17)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.06.02, "Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds." (4-11-06)

**02.** Scope. This rule will affect "producers," including bail agents who handle funds held in a fiduciary ( )

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Cash Collateral. All funds received as collateral by a producer in connection with a bail bond transaction in the form of cash, check, money order, other negotiable instrument, debit or credit card payment, or other electronic funds transfer, given as security to obtain a bail bond, as referenced in Section 41-1043, Idaho Code. (3-29-17)

02. Fiduciary Fund Account. A financial account established to hold fiduciary funds as provided in (4-11-06)

**03.** Fiduciary Funds. All premiums, return premiums, premium taxes, funds as collateral, and fees received by a producer. Fiduciary funds include: (3-29-17)

**a.** All funds paid to a producer for selling, soliciting or negotiating policies of insurance except for those fees recognized by statute as earned by the producer upon receipt which are payable to the producer and not the insurance company, pursuant to Section 41-1030, Idaho Code.

**b.** All funds received by a producer from or on behalf of a client or premium finance company that are to be paid to an insurance company, its agents, or to the producer's employer. (4-11-06)

**c.** All funds provided to a producer by an insurance company or its agents that are to be paid to a policyholder or claimant pursuant to a contract of insurance. (4-11-06)

**d.** All checks or other negotiable instruments collected by the producer and made payable to the ( )

e. Cash collateral.

04. Receive. To collect or take actual or constructive possession of fiduciary funds. Receiving, includes but is not limited to, taking possession of money, checks, or other negotiable instruments. If fiduciary funds are in the form of a credit or offset on an account or other liability for the benefit of the consumer, without the producer actually taking possession of the funds, then constructive receipt is presumed to have occurred on the due date to the insurer.

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(3-29-17)

#### 011. -- 013. (RESERVED)

#### 014. FIDUCIARY FUND ACCOUNT.

01. Payable to an Insurer. Fiduciary funds that are in the form of a check or another negotiable instrument that is made payable to an insurer as described in Subsection 010.03 are to be remitted to the insurer within the time period set forth in the insurer's terms and conditions, or if not specified, then within twenty-one (21) days of receipt.

**02. Payable to a Policyholder**. Fiduciary funds that are in the form of a check or another negotiable instrument made payable to a policyholder or claimant as described in Subsection 010.02.c. are to be remitted to the policyholder or claimant within fourteen (14) days of receipt or as specified by the terms of the policy of insurance, the insurer, or applicable law.

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03. All Other Fiduciary Funds. All other fiduciary funds received by the producer, except as described under Subsections 014.01 and 014.02 are to be deposited into a fiduciary fund account according to the following schedule: (4-11-06)

**a.** If in the form of cash, within seven (7) days of receipt, except that, when a producer holds fiduciary funds in the form of cash that exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000), such funds will be deposited within three (3) business days. (4-11-06)

**b.** If in the form of checks, money orders, other negotiable instruments, debit or credit card payments, or other electronic funds transfer, received or collected by the producer, within seven (7) days of receipt, except that the producer may remit such funds to the following: (3-29-17)

i. Another licensed producer or licensed business entity, subject to Subsection 014.03.b.; or ( )

ii. A person designated by the insurer who has the obligation to remit the fiduciary funds to the insurer subject to Subsection 014.03.b.

04. Document the Receipt of Fiduciary Funds. A producer who receives fiduciary funds will document the receipt of those funds in sufficient detail to determine, at a minimum, the date received, the name of the payee, and the amount received. If the producer receives cash, including cash collateral, the producer will give the payer a detailed receipt at the time of payment. The receipt needs to indicate that cash was received, the date received, the amount received, the payee's name, the payee's name, the purpose of payment, and any other information important to the transaction. The producer will maintain the receipt for a period of at least five (5) years. ()

#### 015. DEPOSIT OF OTHER FUNDS IN ACCOUNT.

A producer may deposit other additional funds for the sole purpose of: (4-11-06)

01. Reserves for Return Premiums. Establishing reserves for payment of return premiums. (3-29-17)

**02. Funds to Pay Bank Charges**. Advancing funds sufficient to pay bank charges. (3-29-17)

03. Contingencies. For any contingencies that may arise in the business of receiving and transmitting premium or return premium funds or cash collateral (any such deposit is hereinafter referred to as "voluntary deposit"). (3-29-17)

#### 016. TYPES OF ACCOUNTS PERMITTED.

01. Accounts in Federally Insured Financial Institutions. A producer will maintain the fiduciary funds only in checking accounts, demand accounts, savings accounts or other accounts in a federally insured financial institution.

02. Exceed the Federally Insured Limits. If such funds held exceed the federally insured limits, then in addition to Subsection 016.01, those funds that exceed the federally insured limits may be deposited into the following: (4-11-06)

**a.** An investment account that invests monies in United States government bonds, United States Treasury certificates or in federally guaranteed obligations; (4-11-06)

**b.** Money market mutual funds registered with the SEC which are rated AAA by Moody's or AAA by (4-11-06)

03. Separate Fiduciary Funds Account. Nothing in this rule obligates a producer to maintain and hold fiduciary funds in his, her, or its, own separate fiduciary funds account. Each producer is responsible for compliance with the provisions of this rule even if fiduciary funds are maintained in a fiduciary funds account established by another affiliated producer.

#### 017. ACCOUNT DESIGNATION.

01. **Designation of a Fiduciary Fund**. A fiduciary fund account is so designated on the records of the financial institution. The account has a separate account number, a separate check register and its own checks.

(4-11-06)

**02. Trust Fund Account**. The phrase, "Trust Fund Account" is displayed on the face of each check drawn on a fiduciary fund account or other similar designation as permitted by the financial institution to identify the checks as being from a fiduciary fund account. (4-11-06)

#### 018. INTEREST EARNINGS.

A fiduciary fund account may be interest-bearing or an investment account in accordance with Section 016. The producer will maintain records establishing the existence and amount of interest accrued.

#### 019. PERMISSIBLE DISTRIBUTION OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS.

Distributions from a fiduciary fund account are to only be made for the following purposes, and in the manner stated: (4-11-06)

01. Remit Premiums. To remit premiums to an insurer or an insurer's designee pursuant to a contract (4-11-06)

02. Return Premiums. To return premiums to an insured or other person or entity entitled to the (4-11-06)

03. Remit Surplus Lines Taxes and Stamping Fees. To remit surplus lines taxes and stamping fees collected to the appropriate state; (4-11-06)

04. Reimburse Voluntary Deposits. To reimburse voluntary deposits made by the producer to the extent that the funds in the fiduciary account exceed the amount necessary to meet all fiduciary obligations, only if the reimbursement can be matched and identified with the previous voluntary deposit. (4-11-06)

05. Transfer or Withdraw Accrued Interest. To transfer or withdraw accrued interest to the extent that fiduciary fund account funds exceed the amount necessary to meet all fiduciary obligations, only if the reimbursement can be matched and identified with the previous interest deposit by the financial institution. (4-11-06)

**06. Transfer or Withdraw Actual Commissions**. To transfer or withdraw actual commissions and those earned fees recognized as earned by the producer, upon receipt, which are payable to the producer, only if the commissions and fees can be matched and identified with funds previously deposited in the fiduciary account.

(4-11-06)

**07. Pay Charges Imposed**. To pay charges imposed by the financial institution that directly relate to the operation and maintenance of the fiduciary funds account.

**08.** Transfer Funds. To transfer funds from one (1) fiduciary fund account to another fiduciary fund account. (4-11-06)

**09. Return Cash Collateral**. To return cash collateral to the person who deposited the cash collateral with the producer within fourteen (14) days of the date notice is received that the obligation, the satisfaction of which was secured by the cash collateral, has been discharged. (3-29-17)

10. Convert Cash Collateral. To convert cash collateral where the defendant or other responsible party fails to satisfy the obligation of the bail bond and the bail or obligation was not exonerated by the court but instead executed by the court, provided such conversion is compliant with the contract between the producer and the person who deposited the cash collateral. (3-29-17)

### 020. -- 021. (RESERVED)

#### 022. TIMELY DISBURSEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS.

Section 018

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In addition to the requirements of Section 014, after receiving fiduciary funds, a producer: (4-11-06)

01. **Remits Premiums**. Remits premiums directly to an insurer or an insurer's designee within the time period set forth in the insurer's terms and conditions, or if not specified, within fourteen (14) days of receipt; ( )

**02. Returns Money Received**. Returns to the payer the money received as a premium deposit which is retained by the producer or returned to the producer by the insurer to the payer by the earlier of: (4-11-06)

**a.** Fourteen (14) days from the date the premium is received by the producer from the insurer, or (4-11-06)

**b.** Fourteen (14) days from the date the insurer notifies the insurance applicant that coverage has been denied if the producer retained the premium deposit. (4-11-06)

03. **Refund Received from the Insurer**. Issues a refund received from the insurer within fourteen (14) days by disbursing money to the insured or other party entitled thereto by notifying the insured that the refund is being applied to an outstanding amount owed or to be owed by the insured. If the producer is applying the refund to an outstanding amount owed by the insured, the producer obtains the insured's permission and provide the insured a detailed description of the amount owed to which the refund is being applied. (4-11-06)

**04. Dispute of Entitlement of Funds**. If there is a dispute as to entitlement of funds under Subsections 022.01 or 022.03, a producer notifies the parties of the dispute, seeks to resolve it, and documents the steps taken to resolve it.

**05.** Funds Held for More Than Ninety Days. If fiduciary funds within the scope of Subsections 022.01 or 022.03 are held for more than ninety (90) days, the producer investigates to determine the entitlement to fiduciary funds and pays those fiduciary funds when due to the appropriate person in accordance with this section.

**06. Return Cash Collateral**. Returns cash collateral to the person who deposited the cash collateral with the producer within fourteen (14) days of the date notice is received that the obligation, the satisfaction of which was secured by the cash collateral, is discharged. (3-29-17)

023. - 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.06.03 – RULES GOVERNING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR INSURANCE PRODUCERS WHEN CHARGING FEES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 2, Section 41-211, Idaho Code.

## 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.06.03, "Rules Governing Disclosure Requirements For Insurance Producers When Charging Fees." (5-3-03)

**02. Scope**. This chapter applies to all resident and non-resident insurance producers who charge a fee to consumers as authorized by Section 41-1030, Idaho Code. (5-3-03)

#### 002. -- 010. (RESERVED)

#### 011. DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Before Charging a Fee**. Before charging a fee to a consumer, a retail producer will furnish to each consumer a written disclosure statement containing at least the following information: (5-3-03)

**a.** A description of the nature of the work to be performed by the insurance producer. (5-3-03)

**b.** The fee schedule and any other expenses that the insurance producer charges, and whether fees may (5-3-03)

02. Prior Information Disclosure. A retail producer will disclose information prescribed under this chapter to each consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer.

03. Fee for Intended Services. A retail producer may charge a fee for those services intended to be provided and that are not contingent upon a future event occurring outside of the terms of the insurance contract.

(5-3-03)

(5-3-03)

04. Non-Chargeable Fee. A retail producer will not charge a fee for services in connection with statutorily mandated insurance coverage. (5-3-03)

012. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

#### Title 41, Chapters 2, 10, 11, and 58, Sections 41-211, 41-1013, 41-1108, 41-5813, and 41-5820, Idaho Code. (4-11-15)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.06.04, "Continuing Education." (4-11-15)

**02. Scope**. To maintain and improve the insurance skills and knowledge of producers, adjusters, and public adjusters licensed by the Department by prescribing a minimum education in approved subjects that a licensee needs to periodically complete, procedures and standards for the approval of such education, and a procedure for establishing that continuing education requirements have been met. ()

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01.** Licensee. As used in this rule a "licensee" means an individual holding a license as a producer, adjuster, or public adjuster pursuant to Title 41, Chapters 10, 11, or 58, Idaho Code. (4-11-15)

#### 011. APPLICABILITY.

01. Applicability to Certain Insurance Professionals. This rule applies to all resident licensees except for producers licensed to sell only "limited lines insurance."

**02. High Standards for Programs**. The Department expects that licensees will maintain high standards of professionalism in selecting quality education programs to fulfill the continuing education requirements set forth herein.

#### 012. BASIC REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Proof of Completion**. As a condition for the continuation of a license, a licensee needs to furnish the Director of the Department ("Director"), on or before the licensing renewal date, proof of satisfactory completion of approved subjects or courses meeting the following requirements: (4-5-00)

**a.** Twenty-four (24) hours of continuing education credit during each licensing period, which licensing period is for two (2) years. (3-20-04)

**b.** At least three (3) hours of continuing education credit in ethics needs to be earned each licensing (4-7-11)

**c.** No more than four (4) hours of continuing education credit from courses approved for adjusters or public adjusters can apply toward the continuation of a producer license. (4-11-15)

02. Relicensing Procedures After Voluntary Termination of License. A licensee who voluntarily terminates their license can apply to be relicensed without testing if the application is received by the Department within twelve (12) months after the termination and if the continuing education requirements were completed during the licensing period prior to voluntary termination. Non-resident licensees who were former resident licensees and who wish to obtain a resident license once again will be subject to the continuing education requirements on a prorata basis. (4-11-15)

03. Completion Within Two Years. Each course to be applied toward satisfaction of the continuing education requirement needs to have been completed within the two (2) year period immediately preceding renewal of the license. Courses cannot have been duplicated in the same renewal period. The date of completion for a self-study course is the date of successful completion of exam. (3-20-04)

#### 013. EXCEPTIONS/EXTENSIONS.

01. Exceptions and Extensions. The following exceptions and extensions may be made to the continuing education rules: (7-1-93)

**a.** Licensees on extended active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States for the period of such duty and all other exceptions allowed under Section 41-1008(4), Idaho Code. (5-3-03)

**b.** Persons which hold a temporary license as provided in Section 41-1015, Idaho Code. (5-3-03)

**c.** Other exceptions and extensions, where good cause exists, as approved by the Continuing Education Advisory Committee or the Director. (4-5-00)

**02. Age Exception or Extension**. No exception or extension may be made solely because of age.

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**03.** Application for Exception or Extension Requisite. Licensees requesting exceptions and extensions pursuant to this Rule needs to apply prior to the renewal date to the Director, in writing, and set forth the basis for the exception or extension.

#### 014. CONTINUING EDUCATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

**01. Continuing Education Advisory Committee**. An eleven (11) member Continuing Education Advisory Committee ("Committee") comprised of representatives from each segment of the insurance industry, is appointed by the Director. The Committee is appointed as follows: ()

**a.** Five (5) of the members to serve a term of two (2) years and six (6) of the members to serve a term of three (3) years. (7-1-98)

**b.** Subsequent Committee members will serve a term of three (3) years. (7-1-98)

02. Duties of the Committee. The Committee performs the following duties at the discretion of the ( )

**a.** Approve or disapprove programs as per the standards of this rule; (7-1-93)

**b.** Assign the number of continuing education hours to be awarded to approved programs; ( )

c. Consider applications for exceptions and extensions as permitted under Section 013 of this rule; (7-1-93)

**d.** Consider other related matters as the Director may assign. (7-1-93)

**03. Quorum**. Those present at any meeting of the Committee are a quorum for purposes of acting to perform the duties of the Committee pursuant to this rule. Matters before the Committee may be decided by a majority of those members present. In the event of a tie vote, the Chairman votes to break the tie. ()

04. Decisions or Rulings. Decisions or rulings of the Committee in its performance of the duties set forth herein will have the effect of decisions or rulings of the Director. Such decisions are in the discretion of the Director, subject to review and approval or rejection.

#### 015. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.

All continuing education programs are subject to review and approval by the Committee and certification by the Director. They need to be submitted to the Committee in accordance with Section 021 of this rule on forms promulgated by the Director. Any course provider that resides in, and has had their continuing education program(s) approved by, a state in which the insurance department has signed the Midwest Zone Declaration Regarding Continuing Education Course Approval or has signed a separate reciprocity agreement with the Idaho Department, need not have their continuing education program(s) reviewed and approved by the Idaho Committee. However, prior to offering the course for continuing education credit, all courses need to be filed with the department on a form approved by the director and course application fees paid.

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#### 016. PROGRAMS WHICH QUALIFY.

01. Requirements of Acceptable Program. A specific program will qualify as an acceptable continuing education program if it is a formal program of learning which contributes directly to the professional competence of a licensee. It will be left to each individual licensee to determine the course of study to be pursued. All programs need to meet the standards outlined in Section 018. (7-1-93)

#### 02. Subjects Which Qualify. (7-1-93)

a. The following general subjects are acceptable for producers as long as they contribute to the knowledge and professional competence of an individual licensee as a producer and demonstrate a direct and specific application to insurance. (4-11-15)

i.	Insurance, annuities, and risk management.	(7-1-93)
ii.	Insurance laws and rules.	(7-1-93)
iii.	Mathematics, statistics, and probability.	(7-1-93)
iv.	Economics.	(7-1-93)
v.	Business law.	(7-1-93)
vi.	Finance.	(7-1-93)
vii.	Taxes, trusts, estate planning.	(4-5-00)
viii.	Business environment, management, or organization.	(7-1-93)
ix.	Securities.	(7-1-98)

**b.** The following general subjects are acceptable for adjusters and public adjusters as long as they contribute to the knowledge and professional competence of an individual licensee as an adjuster or public adjuster and demonstrate a direct and specific application to adjusting. (4-11-15)

i.	Insurance.	(3-19-10)
ii.	Insurance laws and rules.	(3-19-10)
iii.	Mathematics, statistics, and probability.	(3-19-10)
iv.	Economics.	(3-19-10)
v.	Business law.	(3-19-10)
vi.	Restoration.	(3-19-10)
vii.	Communications.	(3-19-10)
viii.	Arbitration.	(3-19-10)
ix.	Mitigation.	(3-19-10)
x.	Glass replacement and/or repair.	(3-19-10)

c. Areas other than those listed above may be acceptable if the licensee can demonstrate that they contribute to professional competence and meet the standards set forth in this rule. The responsibility for

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substan	tiating th	at a particular program meets the requirements of this rule rests solely upor	the licensee.	(	)
017.	PROG	RAMS WHICH DO NOT QUALIFY.			
	01.	Any Course Used to Prepare for Taking an Insurance Licensing Example	nination.	(7-1-	93)
	02.	Committee Service of Professional Organizations.		(7-1-	93)
	03.	Computer Science Courses.		(7-1-9	93)
	04.	Motivation, Psychology, or Selling Skills Courses.		(7-1-	93)
	05.	Reviews, Quizzes and/or Examinations.		(7-1-	93)
	06.	Any Program Not in Accordance with This Rule.		(7-1-	93)
<b>018.</b> To qual		DARDS FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAMS. edit, the following standards need to be met by all continuing education pro-	ograms:	(7-1-	93)
	01.	Program Development.		(7-1-	93)
insuran	<b>a.</b> ce knowl	The program provides significant intellectual or practical content to e edge and professional competence of participants.	enhance and in	prove (7-1-9	
design.	b.	The program is developed by persons who are qualified in the subject	t matter and in	structio (	nal )
	c.	The program content is current or up to date.		(	)
	02.	Program Presentation.		(7-1-	93)
		Instructors are qualified, both with respect to program content and teac ed qualified if, through formal training or experience, they have obtained se competently.			
	b.	The number of participants and physical facilities is consistent with the te	eaching method	specifi (	ed. )
	c.	All programs will include some means for evaluating quality.		(	)
019.	MEAS	UREMENT OF CREDIT.			
need to eight (8 hundred	include ) hours c l (400) m	<b>Credits Measured in Full Hours.</b> Professional education courses are ses in full hours only. The number of hours is equivalent to the actual numb at least fifty (50) minutes of instruction or participation. As an example, a of credit if the total lapsed time is approximately eight (8) hours and the co- tinutes. The approved credit hours assigned a course determines the number credit will be given for partial attendance.	ber of contact ho a program will contact time is at	ours wh be gran least fo	ich ted our
follows	<b>02.</b>	College Courses. University or college upper division credit or noncredi	t courses are ev	valuated (7-1-9	
	<b>a.</b> nent; eac Committe	Credit courses each semester system credit hour cannot exceed fifte h quarter system credit hour cannot exceed ten (10) hours. The final number be			ned
	b.	Non-credit courses number of credits to be determined by the Committ	ee.	(7-1-9	93)

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**03.** Internet Courses. Internet self-study courses will be credited one (1) hour of continuing education for every fifty (50) minutes of study material, excluding exams. Credit will be given based on the information received in accordance with Section 021 of these rules. (3-19-10)

04. Webinar Courses. Webinars will be credited as classroom instruction or participation. In the event one (1) course encompasses multiple webinars and self-study is necessary between webinars, the self-study material need to be submitted to the Committee to be evaluated for additional credit in accordance with Section 021of these rules.

#### 020. CONTROLS AND REPORTING.

01. Course List Submitted With Renewal. The application for renewal of a license is accompanied by a form designated and furnished by the Director, listing the courses that have been taken and are in compliance with this rule.

02. Licensee to Retain Original Certificate as Evidence. The original certificate of completion received for each educational program or course is retained by the licensee as evidence of completion of the program or course for the most recent two (2) year renewal period. The certificate of completion is on a form promulgated by the Director. (7-1-93)

**03. Sign-In and Sign-Out Sheets**. Sign-in and sign-out sheets are to be used and monitored to ensure attendance for the full length of the seminar. No certificate of completion is to be given to anyone arriving late or leaving prior to the conclusion of the seminar. Failure to comply with these requirements will result in loss of certification of the provider in accordance with Section 023.

#### **021.** APPROVED PROGRAMS OF STUDY - CERTIFICATION BY DIRECTOR.

01. Requirements of Course Approval. All courses are approved by the Committee and certified by the Director, except as noted under program requirements pursuant to Section 015. If a course is not approved in advance of presentation, an application for credit may be submitted to the Committee within sixty (60) days of completion of the course on forms promulgated by the Director, with the exception of an individual licensee who may submit an application for courses completed within one hundred eighty (180) days of the course completion date and at least thirty (30) days prior to the license expiration date. All correspondence courses or individual study programs will be approved and certified in accordance with Section 024 prior to being offered to licensees for continuing education credit.

**02.** Nonrefundable Application Fee. Each course application is accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee (as set forth in IDAPA 18.01.02, "Schedule of Fees, Licenses and Miscellaneous Charges"). (7-1-93)

03. Course Approval Procedures. Any individual, school, insurer, industry association, or other organization intending to provide classes, seminars, or other forms of instruction as approved subjects applies for such approval to the Director on forms approved by the Director or on other forms which provide information including but not limited to the following: (5-3-03)

a.	A specific outline and/or course material;	(7-1-93)
b.	Time schedule;	(7-1-93)
c.	Method of presentation;	(7-1-93)
d.	Qualifications of instructor; and	(7-1-93)

e. Other information supporting the request for approval. (7-1-93)

04. Method to Determine Completion. The submission includes a statement of the method used to determine the satisfactory completion of an approved subject. Such method may be a written examination, a written

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report by the agent, certification by the providing organization of the agent's program attendance or completion, or other methods approved by the Director as appropriate for the subject.

**05.** Final Acceptance/Rejection of Program. Except as noted under Section 015, all continuing education course material received will be submitted to the Committee who will approve or deny the course or program as qualifying for credit, indicate the number of hours that will be awarded for approved subjects, and refer the class, seminar, or program to the Director for certification. In cases of denial, the Committee will furnish a written explanation of the reason for such action. (5-3-03)

**06.** List of Programs Certified Acceptable. The Director will provide an electronic list of all programs currently available that the Department has certified.

**07. Certification of Program**. Certification of a program may be effective for a period of time not to exceed two (2) years or until such time as any material changes are made in the program, after which it may be resubmitted to the Committee for its review and approval.

**08.** Advertising Programs Prior to Certification. If any course has not been approved and certified by the Director before the date on which it is to be presented, the course may be advertised or presented as "continuing education credits have been applied for" but cannot be represented or advertised in any manner as "approved" for continuing education credit. (5-3-03)

#### 022. PROOF OF COMPLETION.

An authorized representative of the sponsoring organization will, within thirty (30) days of completion of the course, provide a certificate of completion to each individual who satisfactorily completes the class, program, or course of study and certify to the Director electronically a list of all such individuals.

#### **023.** APPROVED SUBJECTS - LOSS OF CERTIFICATION.

01. **Program Suspension**. The certification of a program may be suspended by the Director if it has been determined that: (7-1-93)

**a.** The program teaching method or program content no longer meets the standards of this rule, or have been significantly changed without notice to the Director for recertification; or (7-1-93)

**b.** The program certified to the Director that an individual had completed the program in accordance with the standards furnished for certification or completion of the program, when in fact the individual had not done so; or (7-1-93)

**c.** Individuals who have satisfactorily completed the program of study in accordance with the standards furnished for certification or completion were not so certified by the program; or (7-1-93)

**d.** The instructor or sponsoring organization is not qualified as per the standards of this rule or lacks education or experience in the subject matter of the proposed course; or (5-3-03)

e. The instructor, sponsoring organization, or any company or affiliate of a sponsoring organization has had a license revoked or suspended in any jurisdiction. This includes any firm or organization where a revoked or suspended individual has a substantial ownership interest, or other control in a firm or organization; or (5-3-03)

**f.** There is other good and just cause why certification should be suspended. (7-1-93)

**02. Reinstatement of a Suspended Certification**. Reinstatement of a suspended certification will be made upon the furnishing of proof satisfactory to the Committee or the Director, in the case of courses approved per Section 015, that the conditions responsible for the suspension have been corrected. (5-3-03)

#### 024. CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUAL STUDY PROGRAMS.

01. Requirements for Credit of Independent Study Programs. All approved correspondence

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courses or independent study programs needs to include an examination which requires a score of seventy percent (70%) or better to earn a certificate of completion. For each approved course, the sponsoring organization will maintain multiple tests (two (2) or more) sufficient to maintain the integrity of the testing process. A written explanation of test security and administration methods will accompany the course examination materials. Each unit and/or chapter of a course will contain review questions that can be answered with a score of seventy percent (70%) or better before access to the following unit/chapter is allowed. (4-7-11)

**02. Completed Tests.** The examinations are administered, graded, and the results recorded by the organization to which approval was originally granted. Completed tests are retained by the sponsoring organization and will not be returned to any licensee. (4-7-11)

03. Prior Approval Needed for Independent Study Programs. All correspondence courses or individual study programs needs be submitted for approval and approved prior to being offered to licensees for continuing education credit.

#### 025. CREDIT FOR SERVICE AS LECTURER, DISCUSSION LEADER, OR SPEAKER.

Only one (1) hour of continuing education credit will be awarded for each hour completed as an instructor or discussion leader.

#### 026. CREDIT FOR BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON, OR DINNER MEETINGS.

Courses, seminars, or programs presented in connection with breakfast, lunch, or dinner meetings may qualify for continuing education credit only if they are meetings of recognized insurance organizations and meet the requirements of Sections 015 and 016. (7-1-93)

### 027. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Managing General Agent Act (MGA Act), Title 41, Chapters 15 and 2, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

IDAPA 18.06.05, "Managing General Agents." This chapter implements and administers provisions of the MGA Act.

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#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Applicability of Statutory Definitions**. The definitions contained in the MGA Act as set forth in Section 41-1502, Idaho Code, apply.

#### 011. NOTICE PROVISIONS.

**01.** Notice by MGA. Upon licensure and, thereafter, on or before July 1 of each year, any person, firm, association or corporation acting in the state of Idaho in the capacity of an MGA as defined in Section 41-1502(3), Idaho Code, provides notice to the Director of the Department which includes:

a.	A certified copy of the sure	ty bond prescribed by Subsection 013.01.	(	)

- **b.** Proof of insurance coverage as prescribed by Subsection 013.02. ( )
- c. The appropriate nonrefundable designation fee prescribed by IDAPA 18.01.02. ( )

**d.** A list of all names and addresses of insurers doing business in the State of Idaho or Idaho domestic insurers with which the MGA has a contract and a verified statement on a form provided by the Department that the contract(s) contain the provisions prescribed by Section 41-1504, Idaho Code. ()

02. Notice by Insurer. In addition to those items specified in 41-1505(5), notice by the insurer will ( )

- **a.** The name and address of the MGA; (7-1-93)
- **b.** Proof that the MGA has met the bonding and insurance requirements of Section 013; (7-1-93)

**c.** Procedures and timetable for conducting an onsite review of the underwriting and claims processing operation of the MGA as prescribed by Section 41-1505(3), Idaho Code; and ()

**d.** The name of an officer of the insurer responsible for the contract. (7-1-93)

#### 012. (RESERVED)

#### 013. SECURITY PAYMENTS.

**01. Bond**. All MGAs acquire a surety bond for the protection of the insurer and insureds. The bond will be in the amount of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or ten percent (10%) of the amount of total funds handled within the preceding year, whichever is greater. The bond amount will be adjusted accordingly on or before July 1 of each year. Coverage cannot be written by the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer employing the MGA. ()

02. Errors and Omissions Policy. All MGAs acquire and maintain an errors and omissions insurance policy providing for claims arising out of the MGA's negligent acts, errors or omission. The policy coverage limit is set at two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross amount of direct written premiums received by an insurer for the previous calendar year that are attributable to the MGA, whichever is greater. The policy coverage limit will be adjusted accordingly on or before July 1 of each year. Unless approved by the director, coverage will not be written by the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer employing the MGA.

#### 014. INDEPENDENT AUDIT OR EXAMINATION.

01. Annual Independent Audit of MGA. An independent audit by a certified public accountant is conducted annually for MGAs currently under contract, and is to be contracted for by the insurer. The independent audit will include the following: (7-1-93)

a.	Report of independent certified public accountant;	(7-1-93)
b.	Balance sheet;	(7-1-93)
c.	Statement of income;	(7-1-93)
d.	Statement of cash flow;	(7-1-93)
e.	Statement of income and retained earnings;	(7-1-93)

f. Notes on financial statements - these notes are those prescribed by General Accepted Accounting Principals; and ()

g. A copy of a management letter or a narrative statement setting forth what would have been the content of the management letter had such letter been completed. (7-1-93)

**02. Examination of MGA**. The Department retains authority to examine an MGA notwithstanding the termination of the MGA's contractual authority. Pursuant to the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, the expense of such examination is to be reimbursed to the Department by the insurer employing the MGA. ()

#### 015. TERMINATION OF CONTRACT.

01. Notice to the Department. Notice of the termination of an agreement between an MGA and an insurer for which the MGA was conducting business in the state of Idaho will include the name of the person, firm, association or corporation acting as an MGA under the terms of the contract and the basis for the termination. ( )

**02.** Delivery of Records to Insurer upon Termination of Contract. If the contract between an insurer and an MGA is terminated for any reason, the MGA will, upon request by the insurer, deliver all records to the insurer within ninety (90) days of the request. (7-1-93)

#### 016. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.01 – RULES PERTAINING TO ACQUISITIONS OF CONTROL, INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS AND MUTUAL INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 38, Sections 41-211 and 41-3817, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.07.01, "Rules Pertaining to Acquisitions of Control, Insurance Holding Company Systems and Mutual Insurance Holding Companies."

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**02.** Scope. These rules set forth procedural requirements necessary to administer the Idaho Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems Regulatory Act, Title 41, Chapter 38, Idaho Code, including those provisions related to mutual insurance holding companies under Section 41-3824, Idaho Code, which is a distinct form of insurance holding company system.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

In addition to the definitions set forth in Chapter 38, Title 41, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply: ( )

#### 01. Affiliated Person.

**a.** Any person directly or indirectly owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote, five percent (5%) or more of the outstanding voting securities of such other person; or ()

**b.** Any person, five percent (5%) or more of whose outstanding voting securities are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with power to vote, by such other person; or ()

**c.** Any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, such other person; or

**d.** Any officer, director, partner, copartner, or employee of such other person. ( )

**02. Domestic Mutual Insurance Company**. A mutual insurer as defined in Section 41-302, Idaho Code, that is incorporated under Idaho law.

**03. Executive Officer**. Chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, treasurer, secretary, controller, and any other individual performing functions corresponding to those performed by the foregoing officers under whatever title.

04. Interested Person. Interested person of another person means: ()

a. An affiliated person of such person or company; or (

**b.** A member of the immediate family of any natural person who is an affiliated person of such ( )

**c.** Any person, partner or employee of any person who at any time since the beginning of the last two completed fiscal years of such company has acted as legal counsel for such company; or ()

**d.** Any natural person whom the Director by order has determined to be an interested person by reason of having had, at any time since the beginning of the last two completed fiscal years of such company, a material business or professional relationship with such company or with the principal executive officer of such company. ()

**05.** Intermediate Holding Company. A holding company subsidiary of a mutual insurance holding company or part of a holding company system controlled by a mutual insurance holding company.

**06. Limited Application**. An application by a domestic mutual insurance company for reorganization to a mutual insurance holding company which will hold, at all times, one hundred percent (100%) of the stock of its insurance subsidiaries.

Section 001

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

**07. Member of the Immediate Family**. Any parent, spouse of a parent, child, spouse of a child, spouse, brother or sister, and includes step and adoptive relationships.

**08.** Mutual Insurance Holding Company or MHC. A holding company formed pursuant to Section 41-3824, Idaho Code, and this chapter.

**09. Plan of Reorganization**. A plan to reorganize a domestic mutual insurance company by forming a mutual insurance holding company.

**10. Standard Application**. An application by a domestic mutual insurance company for reorganization to a mutual insurance holding company which may sell interests in its subsidiaries to third parties. ()

12. Stock. Any security evidencing an equity interest in the issuing entity. ( )

**13. Stock Offering**. Any proposed sale, exchange, transfer or other change of ownership of stock or of securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for stock. "Stock offering" does not mean: ()

a. An offering of preferred stock which is not convertible or exchangeable into common stock and which has no ordinary voting rights; or ()

b.	A transfer of stock between any of the following:	(	)
i.	A mutual insurance holding company; or	(	)

ii. An insurance company subsidiary of a mutual insurance holding company; or ( )

iii. An intermediate holding company subsidiary of a mutual insurance holding company; or ( )

iv. An insurance company subsidiary of an intermediate holding company subsidiary to a mutual insurance holding company.

14. Ultimate Controlling Person. That person who is not controlled by any other person. ()

#### 011. FORMS -- GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

01. Forms Intended to Be Guides. Forms A, B, C, D, E, and F included on the Department's website are guides in the preparation of statements prescribed by Title 41, Chapter 38, Idaho Code, and not intended as fillable blank forms. Statements need to contain the numbers and captions of all items. The text of the items may be omitted if the answers indicate clearly their scope and coverage. All instructions are to be omitted. If any item is inapplicable or the answer is in the negative, an appropriate statement should be made unless otherwise provided.

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**02.** Filings. Each statement, including exhibits and all other papers and documents are to be filed with the Director electronically with one (1) hard copy filed by personal delivery or mail. At least one (1) of the copies is to be signed in the manner noted on the form. Unsigned copies will be conformed. If a signature is affixed pursuant to a power of attorney or similar authority, a copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the statement.

**03.** Format. Statements should be prepared electronically, easily readable and suitable for review and reproduction. Debits in credit categories and credits in debit categories should be clearly distinguishable on photocopies. The English language is to be used and monetary values stated in United States currency. If any exhibit or other paper or document filed with the statement is in a foreign language, a translation into the English language is to be included and monetary value shown in a foreign currency be converted into United States currency. ()

**04. Hearing**. If an applicant requests a hearing on a consolidated basis under Section 41-3806(3), Idaho Code, in addition to filing the Form A with the Director, the applicant will electronically file a copy of Form A

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

with the NAIC (National Association of Insurance Commissioners).

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#### 012. FORMS -- INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE, SUMMARIES AND OMISSIONS.

**01. Incorporation by Reference**. Information prescribed by any item of a Form needed by law or this rule may be incorporated by reference in answer or partial answer to any other item. Information contained in any financial statement, annual report, proxy statement, statement filed with a governmental authority, or other document may be incorporated by reference in answer or partial answer to any item if the document or paper is filed as an exhibit to the statement. Excerpts of documents may be filed as exhibits.Documents filed with the Director within the three (3) years prior to the statement need not be attached as exhibits. References to information contained in exhibits or in documents already on file need to clearly identify the material and specifically indicate that the material is incorporated by reference. Matter cannot be incorporated by reference when incorporation would make the statement incomplete, unclear or confusing. ()

02. Summaries or Outlines. A brief statement need be made as to the pertinent provisions of a document when an item requires a summary or outline of a document. The summary or outline may incorporate by reference parts of any exhibit or document filed with the Director within the three (3) prior years and qualified by this reference. If two (2) or more documents need to be filed as exhibits are substantially identical in all material respects except as to parties, the dates of execution, or other details, one (1) of the documents should be filed with a schedule identifying the omitted documents and indicating any material details in which the omitted documents differ from the filed documents.

# 013. FORMS -- INFORMATION UNKNOWN OR UNAVAILABLE AND EXTENSION OF TIME TO FURNISH.

If any necessary information, document or report cannot be furnished at the time it needs to be filed, a person needs to: identify the information, document or report in question; state why the filing at the time prescribed is impractical; and request an extension of time for filing to a specified date. The request for extension is deemed granted unless the Director issues an order denying the request within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt.

### 014. FORMS -- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND EXHIBITS.

In addition to the information expressly prescribed to be included on necessary Forms, the Director may request additional information necessary for clarification. The filer may file exhibits in addition to those expressly necessary by the statement, clearly indicating clearly the referred subject matter. Changes to content in necessary Forms include the following phrase on the top of the cover page "Change No. [insert number] to" and date of the change. ( )

### 015. SUBSIDIARIES OF DOMESTIC INSURERS.

The authority to invest in subsidiaries under Section 41-3803, Idaho Code, is in addition to authority to invest in subsidiaries contained in any other provision of Title 41, Idaho Code.

### 016. ACQUISITION OF CONTROL -- STATEMENT FILING.

A person obligated to file a statement pursuant to Section 41-3804, Idaho Code, needs to furnish the prescribed information on Form A, found on the Department's website. The person will also furnish the prescribed information on Form E, also found on the Department's website.

### 017. AMENDMENTS TO FORM A.

The applicant needs to promptly advise the Director of any changes in the Form A information arising after the date when the information was furnished, but prior to the Director's disposition of the application.

### 018. ACQUISITION OF SECTION 41-3804(1)(D) INSURERS.

**01.** Name of the Domestic Insurer. If the person being acquired is deemed to be a "domestic insurer" under Section 41-3804(1)(d), Idaho Code, the name of the domestic insurer on the cover page is stated as: "ABC Insurance Company, a subsidiary of XYZ Holding Company."

**02. References to Insurer**. Where a Section 41-3804(1)(d) insurer is acquired, references to "the insurer" contained in Form A refers to both the domestic subsidiary insurer and the acquired person.

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#### 019. PRE-ACQUISITION NOTIFICATION.

01. **Pre-Acquisition Notification**. If a domestic insurer, including any controlling person, is proposing a merger or acquisition pursuant to Section 41-3802(1)(a), Idaho Code, they need to file a Form E pre-acquisition notification form. If a licensed non-domiciliary insurer is proposing a merger or acquisition pursuant to Section 41-3808, Idaho Code, they need to file a Form E pre-acquisition notification form, unless the filing is exempted under Section 41-3808(2), Idaho Code. ()

**02. Expert Opinion**. The director may request the filing of an expert opinion regarding the competitive impact of the proposed acquisition.

#### 020. ANNUAL REGISTRATION OF INSURERS -- STATEMENT FILING.

An insurer obligated to file a statement pursuant to Section 41-3809, Idaho Code, will furnish prescribed information on Form B, found on the Department's website.

#### 021. SUMMARY OF REGISTRATION -- STATEMENT FILING.

An insurer obligated to file an annual registration statement pursuant to section 41-3809, Idaho Code, is also obligated to furnish information prescribed on Form C, found on the Department's website.

#### 022. AMENDMENTS TO FORM B.

**01. Amendment to Form B.** Amendments to Form B will be filed within fifteen (15) days after the end of any month in which there is a material change to the information provided in the annual registration statement.

**02.** Form B Format. Amendments are filed in the Form B format with only amended items reported. Each amendment will include at the top of the cover page "Amendment No. [insert number] to Form B for [insert year]" and indicate the date of the change, not the date of the original filings.

#### **023.** ALTERNATIVE AND CONSOLIDATED REGISTRATIONS.

01. Filing on Behalf of Affiliated Insurers. Any authorized insurer may file a registration statement on behalf of any affiliated insurer or insurers obligated to register. A registration statement may include information regarding any insurer in the holding system, even if the insurer is not authorized to do business in this state. An authorized insurer may, in lieu of Form B, file a copy of the registration statement or similar report prescribed to be filed in its state of domicile, provided:

a. The statement or report contains substantially similar information prescribed on Form B; and

**b.** The filing insurer is the principal insurance company in the insurance holding company system. (3-20-14)

**02. Statement That Filing Insurer Is the Principal Insurer**. An insurer filing a registration statement or report in lieu of Form B on behalf of an affiliated insurer, will provide a statement of facts substantiating the filing insurer's claim that it is the principal insurer in the insurance holding system. ()

**03.** Unauthorized Insurer. With the Director's prior approval, an unauthorized insurer may follow any procedures under Subsection 023.01 of this rule.

**04. Consolidated Registration Statements**. An insurer may follow the provisions of Section 41-3809(8), or 41-3809(9), Idaho Code, without the Director's prior approval. The Director reserves the right to obligate individual filings if such are necessary for clarity, ease of administration or the public good. ()

### 024. DISCLAIMERS AND TERMINATION OF REGISTRATION.

01. Information Requisite. A disclaimer of affiliation or a request for termination of registration, on

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

the basis that a person does not, or will not, upon the taking of some proposed action, control another person (hereinafter referred to as the "subject") will contain the following information:

**a.** The number of authorized, issued and outstanding voting securities of the subject; (12-24-93)

**b.** With respect to the person whose control is denied and all affiliates of such person, the number and percentage of shares of the subject's voting securities which are held of record or known to be beneficially owned, and the number of shares concerning which there is a right to acquire, directly or indirectly; (12-24-93)

**c.** All material relationships and bases for affiliation between the subject and the person whose control is denied and all affiliates of such person: (12-24-93)

**d.** A statement explaining why such person should not be considered to control the subject.

(12-24-93)

**02. Request Deemed Granted**. A request for termination of registration is deemed granted unless the Director notifies the filer otherwise within thirty (30) days after the request is received.

#### 025. TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO PRIOR NOTICE - NOTICE FILING.

**01.** Form D. An insurer prescribed to give notice of a proposed transaction pursuant to section 41-3810, Idaho Code, will furnish the needed information in Subsection 025.02 on Form D. ()

02.	Agreements. Agreements for cost sharing services and management services are at a minimum and
as applicable:	(3-20-14)

a.	Identify the person	providing s	services and th	ne nature of such	services;	(3-20-14)

**b.** Set forth the methods to allocate costs; (3-20-14)

**c.** Prescribe timely settlement, at least on a quarterly basis, and compliance with the requirements in the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual; (3-20-14)

**d.** Bar advancement of funds by the insurer to the affiliate except to pay for services specified in the (3-20-14)

e. State that the insurer will maintain oversight for functions provided to the insurer by the affiliate and that the insurer will monitor services annually for quality assurance; (3-20-14)

**f.** Define books and records of the insurer to include all books and records developed or maintained under or related to the agreement; (3-20-14)

**g.** Specify that all books and records of the insurer are and remain the property of the insurer and are subject to control of the insurer; (3-20-14)

**h.** State that all funds and invested assets of the insurer are the exclusive property of the insurer, held for the benefit of the insurer and are subject to the control of the insurer; (3-20-14)

i. Include standards for termination of the agreement with and without cause; (3-20-14)

j. Include provisions for indemnification of the insurer in the event of gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the affiliate providing the services; (3-20-14)

**k.** Specify that, if the insurer is placed in receivership or seized by the Director under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code: (3-20-14)

i. All of the rights of the insurer under the agreement extend to the Director; and (3-20-14)

ii. All books and records will immediately be made available to the Director, and will be turned over to the Director immediately upon the Director's request; (3-20-14)

I. Specify that the affiliate has no automatic right to terminate the agreement if the insurer is placed in receivership pursuant to Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code; and (3-20-14)

**m.** Specify that the affiliate will continue to maintain any systems, programs, or other infrastructure notwithstanding a seizure by the Director under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, and will make them available to the Director, for so long as the affiliate continues to receive timely payment for services rendered. (3-20-14)

#### 026. ENTERPRISE RISK REPORT.

The ultimate controlling person of an insurer needs to file an enterprise risk report pursuant to Section 41-3809(12), Idaho Code, will furnish the prescribed information on Form F, found on the Department's website.

#### 027. EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS.

**01. Request for Approval**. Requests for approval of extraordinary dividends or any other extraordinary distribution to shareholders will include the following: (3-20-14)

**a.** The amount of the proposed dividend; (12-24-93)

**b.** The date established for payment of the dividend; (12-24-93)

**c.** A statement whether the dividend is in cash or other property and, if in property, a description thereof, its cost, its fair market value, and an explanation of the valuation basis; ()

**d.** The calculations determining that the proposed dividend is extraordinary. The work paper needs to include the following information:

i. The amounts, dates, and form of payment of all dividends or distributions (including regular dividends but excluding distributions of the insurer's own securities) paid within the period of twelve (12) consecutive months ending on the date fixed for payment of the proposed dividend for which approval is sought and commencing on the day after the same day of the same month in the last preceding year; (3-20-14)

ii. Surplus as regards policyholders (total capital and surplus) as of the 31st day of December next (12-24-93)

iii. If the insurer is a life insurer, the net gain from operations for the twelve (12) month period ending the 31st day of December next preceding; and (4-11-19)

iv. If the insurer is not a life insurer, the net income less net realized capital gains for the twelve (12) month period ending the 31st day of December next preceding. (4-11-19)

e. A balance sheet and statement of income for the period intervening from the last annual statement filed with the Director and the end of the month preceding the month in which the request for dividend approval is submitted; and (3-20-14)

**f.** A statement of the effect of the proposed dividend on the insurer's surplus and the reasonableness of surplus in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and the adequacy of surplus relative to the insurer's financial needs. (12-24-93)

**02. Other Dividends**. Subject to Section 41-3812, Idaho Code, each registered insurer reports to the Director all dividends and other distributions to shareholders within fifteen (15) business days following the declaration thereof, including the same information prescribed by Subsections 027.01.d. (3-20-14)

#### **028.** ADEQUACY OF SURPLUS.

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Factors in Section 41-3811, Idaho Code, are not an exhaustive list and no single factor is controlling. The Director will consider the net effect of all factors and other factors bearing on the insurer's financial condition. Comparing other insurers' surplus, the Director will consider the extent to which each factor varies among companies. The Director's determination of the quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries will include a consideration of the individual subsidiary and may discount or disallow its valuation to the extent individual investments warrant. (

#### 029. -- 050. (RESERVED)

#### MUTUAL HOLDING COMPANY APPLICATION - CONTENT - PROCESS. 051.

Designation of Application as Limited or Standard. An application a limited application or a 01. standard application. Filing a limited application does not preclude the later filing of an application for approval of an initial sale of stock as provided in this chapter.

include	<b>02.</b> s:	Information to Be Contained in Application. The application is filed in duplicate	and v (	vill )
	a.	Designation as limited or standard;	(	)
	b.	A Plan of Reorganization ("Plan");	(	)
bylaws,	<b>c.</b> , with at l	A plan for policyholder approval in accordance with the applicant's articles of incorpora east twenty (20) days notice to the policyholders of any such plan;	tion a	and )
rights;	d.	A copy of the MHC's proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws specifying all mer	nbers (	hip )
director	e. rs;	The names, addresses and occupations of all corporate officers and members of the MHC's	board (	l of )
upon re	<b>f.</b> organiza	Information sufficient to demonstrate that the applicant's financial condition will not be dir tion;	ninis (	hed )
or inter	<b>g.</b> mediate l	A copy of the proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws for any insurance company subolding company subsidiary;	ıbsidi (	ary )
	h.	A Form A filing;	(	)
	i.	An application index; and	(	)
	j.	Any other information requested by the Director.	(	)
052.	NOTIO	CE OF HEARING.		

Scheduling. A hearing will be held after receipt and review by the Director of the application. 01.

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Evidence to Be Presented at Hearing. The applicant will provide evidence that the application is 02. complete, complies with Idaho law, and the requirements for reorganization have been fulfilled.

03. Notice of Hearing. The Department will provide notice of the hearing to known interested parties at least twenty (20) days prior to the hearing. ) (

#### 053. PLAN OF REORGANIZATION.

Plan of Reorganization. The plan of reorganization or "Plan" needs to preserve property and 01. protect policyholders' interest, be fair and equitable to policyholders, and not diminish the applicant's financial

## IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

conditio	on.		(	)
	02.	Limited Application. A limited application plan of reorganization needs to include:	(	)
interme exclusiv	<b>a.</b> diary sto vely by th	Establishing an MHC with at least one (1) stock insurance company subsidiary or ock holding company with a stock insurance company subsidiary, the share of which he mutual insurance holding company;		
	b.	Protection of existing policyholders' interests;	(	)
	c.	Providing existing and future policyholder membership in the MHC;	(	)
	d.	The number of policyholder members of the board of directors of the MHC;	(	)
		Demonstrating that, if there are proceedings under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, inv company subsidiary of the MHC, the assets of the MHC will be available to satisfy the poli e stock insurance company;		
determi policyh		How any accumulation or prospective accumulation of earnings by the MHC in excess he board of directors to be necessary will invoke to the exclusive benefit of the MHC's	s of mem	that ıber )
	g.	The nature and content of the annual report and financial statement sent to each member; a	and (	)
	h.	Other matters the applicant deems appropriate.	(	)
	03.	Standard Application. A standard application Plan includes:	(	)
owned i exclusiv	<b>a.</b> intermed vely by th	Establishing an MHC with at least one (1) stock insurance company subsidiary or one (1) iate stock holding company with a stock insurance company subsidiary, the shares of which he wholly- owned intermediate holding company;	) who are h (	lly- neld )
	b.	Protection of existing policyholders' interests;	(	)
	c.	Providing existing and future policyholder membership in the MHC;	(	)
	d.	The number of policyholder members of the board of directors of the MHC mutual;	(	)
		Demonstrating that, if there are proceedings under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, inv company subsidiary of the MHC, the assets of the MHC will be available to satisfy the poli e stock insurance company;		
determi policyh	<b>f.</b> ned by tł olders;	How any accumulation or prospective accumulation of earnings by the MHC excess the MHC's board of directors to be necessary will inure to the exclusive benefit of the MHC's	s of mem (	that iber )
	g.	The nature and content of the annual report and financial statement sent to each member; a	and (	)
	h.	The plan for a stock offering in accordance with this rule; and	(	)
	i.	Other matters the applicant deems appropriate.	(	)
054.	DUTIE	ES OF THE DIRECTOR.		

01. Jurisdiction. The Director will retain jurisdiction over the MHC and any intermediate holding

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

company subsidiaries with stock insurance company subsidiaries.

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**02.** Approval or Denial of Application. The Director will, by order, approve, conditionally approve, or deny an application.

a. Modifications. The Director may prescribe modifications of the proposed plan of reorganization. Prescribed modifications are accepted by filing amendments to the proposed plan of reorganization with the Director within thirty (30) days after the Director's order is issued. Failure to file the prescribed amendments will result in denial of the plan. ()

**b.** Expiration. An approval or conditional approval of a Plan expires if the reorganization is not completed within one hundred eighty (180) days unless such time period is extended by the Director upon a showing of good cause.

**c.** Revocation of approval. The Director may revoke approval or conditional approval of an applicant's plan of reorganization in the event the Director finds the applicant has failed to comply with the plan of reorganization. The Director may compel completion of a plan of reorganization unless the plan is abandoned in its entirety, in accordance with the applicant's provisions for governance. The Director retains jurisdiction over the applicant until a plan of reorganization has been completed.

**d.** Notice of completion. Upon completion of all elements of a plan of reorganization, the applicant provides a notice of completion to the Director.

#### 055. **REGULATION - COMPLIANCE.**

01. Wavier of Compliance. No regulatory standards are waived during the pendency of a Plan ( )

**02.** Merger or Acquisition. MHC mergers and acquisitions are subject to approval by the Director. The acquisition of more than fifty percent (50%) of a stock insurance company by an MHC is subject to the filing of a plan describing the insurer's policyholders' membership interests in the MHC.

**03.** Annual Financial Statement. An MHC Each will annually file a financial statement by June 1 ( )

a.	An income statement;	(	)
b.	A balance sheet;	(	)
c.	A cash flow statement;	(	)
d.	The status of any closed block formed as a result of the Plan;	(	)
e.	An asset investment plan; and	(	)

**f.** A statement disclosing any intention to pledge, borrow against, alienate, hypothecate, or in any way encumber the assets of the MHC.

**04. Subsidiary Investment Obligations**. At least fifty percent (50%) of the generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP) basis net worth of an MHC will be invested in insurance company subsidiaries. ( )

**05. Distributions to Policyholders**. Payment of policy credits, dividends or other distributions to policyholder members of a MHC needs to be fair and equitable, and are subject to the Director's approval and the public hearing process under Chapter 38, Title 41, Idaho Code.

056. REORGANIZATION OF MUTUAL INSURER WITH MUTUAL INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY.

Section 055.

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

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Domestic mutual insurance companies may merge their policyholders' interests into an MHC by filing with the Director a joint application with the MHC that complies with the provisions of this chapter. This provision also applies to foreign mutual insurance companies or a foreign health service corporation, which, if a domestic corporation, would be organized under Title 41, Chapter 28, Idaho Code.

#### 057. MERGERS OF MUTUAL INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES.

Two (2) or more MHCs may merge by filing with the Director a plan of merger in compliance with this chapter.

058. STOCK OFFERINGS.

**01. Prior Approval**. A stock offering by a MHC or any direct or indirect insurance company subsidiary or intermediate holding company subsidiary of a MHC is subject to the prior approval of the Director through the application and hearing process described in this section.

#### 02. Application for Stock Offering Contents. (

**a.** A description of the stock intended to be offered by the applicant and all shareholder rights; ( )

**b.** The total number of shares authorized to be issued, the estimated number requested to offer, and the intended date or range of dates for the offer; ()

**c.** A justification for a uniform planned offering price or a justification of the method by which the offering price will be determined;

**d.** The name or names of any underwriter, syndicate member or placement agent involved and, if known, the names of each entity, person, or group of persons to whom the stock offering is to be made who will control five percent (5%) of the total outstanding class of shares, and the manner in which the offer is to be tendered. If any such entity or person is a corporation or business organization, the name of each member of its board of directors or equivalent management will be provided with the name of each member of the board of directors of the offeror. Copies of Securities and Exchange Commission filings disclosing intended acquisitions of the stock will be included; ()

e. A description of stock subscription rights afforded to members of the MHC in conjunction with the stock offering;

f.	A detailed description of all expenses to be incurred in the stock offering;	(	)
g.	How funds raised by the stock offering will be used; and	(	)
h.	Any other information requested by the Director.	(	)

**03. Prescribed Provisions**. The stock offering plan needs to include the following provisions: ( )

**a.** Officers, directors, and insiders of the MHC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and affiliates are restricted from purchasing or owning shares of the stock offering, or issuance of stock options to or for the benefit of such officers, directors and insiders, for at least six (6) months following the first public offering date and regularly trading of the stock. Officers, directors and insiders are not barred from exercising subscription rights accorded to members of the MHC, except that, pursuant to those rights, the officers, directors, and insiders of the MHC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and affiliates cannot purchase or own, in the aggregate, more than five percent (5%) of the stock offering for at least six (6) months following the first date of the public offering and regular trading of the stock;

**b.** A majority of the members of the board of directors of the MHC cannot be an interested persons of the MHC or of an affiliated person of the MHC. The Director may waive this requirement upon a showing of good cause;

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

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**c.** The MHC will to adopt articles of incorporation barring any waiver of dividends from stock subsidiaries except under conditions specified in the articles and after approval of the waiver by the board of directors of the MHC and the Director;

**d.** After the initial stock offering by a direct or indirect insurance company or intermediate insurance company subsidiary of a MHC, the boards of directors of each such insurance company or intermediate holding company will include at least three (3) directors who are not interested persons of the MHC; and ()

e. The board of directors of the corporation offering stock need to establish, a pricing committee consisting exclusively of directors who are interested persons. The committee's responsibility is to evaluate and approve the price of any stock offering.

04. More Than One Class of Stock. A direct or indirect n insurance company or intermediate insurance holding company subsidiary of an MHC may issue more than one (1) class of stock. However, at all times a majority of the voting stock is will be held by the MHC or its subsidiary and, no class of common stock may possess greater dividend or other rights than the class held by the MHC or its subsidiary. ()

**05. Experts**. The Director may hire experts to assist in the review of the application, at the applicant's expense.

**06. Public Hearing**. A public hearing may be held regarding any stock offering application. A stock offering including an initial offering of stock is expressly subject to a public hearing. The applicant will provide Director-approved notice of the hearing to MHC members at least twenty (20) days prior to the hearing.

07. Approval. The stock offering plan may be approved if: ()

**a.** The method for establishing the stock offering price is consistent with generally accepted market or industry practices for establishing stock offering prices in similar transactions; and ()

**b.** The offering will not unfairly impact the interests of MHC members. ( )

**08. Concurrent Filing with SEC**. The filing of a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to or concurrently with notice to the MHC members is not banned.

09. Subsequent Offerings of Publicly Traded Stock. (

**a.** Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 013 of this chapter, stock offerings other than an initial stock offering, through which stock offered is regularly traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, or another exchange approved by the Director, or designated on the national association of securities dealers automated quotations - national market system (NASDAQ), is subject to the following procedure: If an MHC or direct or indirect insurance company or intermediate insurance company subsidiary thereof intends to make a stock offering governed by the provisions of this section, the entity will provide notice to the Director, not less than thirty (30) days prior to the offering regarding:

i. The total number of shares intended to be offered; ( )
ii. The intended date of sale; ( )
iii. Evidence the stock is regularly traded on one of the public exchanges noted above; and ( )

iv. A record of the trading pace and trading volume of the stock during the prior fifty-two (52) weeks.

**b.** The Director may object to the offering within thirty (30) days following receipt of the notice. Upon an objection, the procedures Subsection 059.02 of this chapter will be followed to determine approval. ( )

**10.** Expiration of Approval. Approval of a stock offering under Subsection 059.06, 059.07, or 059.08

#### IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control and Insurance Holding Company Systems

expires ninety (90) days following the date of the approval, except as provided by the Director's order.

11. **Representation of Director's Approval.** A prospectus, information, sales material or sales presentation by the applicant, or a representative, agent or affiliate of the applicant, will not contain a representation that the Director's approval constitutes an endorsement of the price, price range, or any other information relating to the stock.

#### **059. BANNED MHC - PRACTICES.**

01. Borrowing Funds. Borrowing funds from the MHC, or its subsidiaries and affiliates, to finance the purchase of any portion of a stock offering.

**02. Payment of Commissions**. Payment of commissions, "special fees" or any other special payments or extraordinary compensation to officers, directors, interested persons and affiliates, for arranging, promoting, aiding or assisting in reorganization or for arranging promoting, aiding assisting or participating in the structuring and placement of a stock offering.

**03.** Avoidance of Provisions of Chapter. Transferring legal or beneficial ownership of stock to another person not in compliance with of this chapter.

#### 060. REGULATION OF HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM.

All material transactions between subsidiaries and affiliates of the MHC need to be approved by a majority of the directors of the MHC as fair and reasonable, on terms and conditions not less favorable than those available from unaffiliated third parties.

#### 061. Reporting Of Stock Ownership And Transactions.

01. Acquisition of Ownership Interest. Any director or officer of an MHC or its direct or indirect subsidiaries or affiliates, who directly or indirectly acquires the beneficial ownership of any security issued by any member of the MHC system will, within fifteen (15) days following the transaction, file a statement of the transaction in a format prescribed by the Director.

**02.** Filing of SEC Forms. An MHC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and affiliates, will file with the Director copies of Form 3, Form 4 and Schedule 13D, or any equivalent filings, made under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, within fifteen (15) days of receipt thereof.

#### 062. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.02 – RESERVE LIABILITIES AND MINIMUM VALUATIONS FOR ANNUITIES AND PURE ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 6, Sections 41-211 and 41-612, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.07.02, "Reserve Liabilities and Minimum Valuations for Annuities and Pure Endowment Contracts."

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**02.** Scope. To determine minimum standard valuation for annuity and pure endowment contracts.

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. 1983 Table 'a'. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee for Individual Annuity Valuation in 1981 and in June 1982 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

**02. 1983 GAM Table**. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee on Annuities and adopted as a recognized mortality table for annuities in December 1983 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

**03. 1994 GAR Table**. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Group Annuity Valuation Table Task Force and shown on pages 866-867 of Volume 47 of the Transactions of Society of Actuaries 1995.

04. 2012 Individual Annuity Mortality Period Life (2012 IAM Period) Table. The Period table containing loaded mortality rates for calendar year 2012. This table contains rates,  $q_x^{2012}$ , developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee on Life Insurance Research.

**05. 2012** Individual Annuity Reserving (2012 IAR) Table. The generational mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee on Life Insurance Research and containing rates,  $q_x^{2012+n}$  derived from a combination of the 2012 IAM Period table and Projection Scale G2, using the methodology stated in Section 014.

06. Annuity 2000 Mortality Table. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee on Life Insurance Research.

**07. Generational Mortality Table**. A mortality table containing a set of mortality rates that decrease for a given age from one year to the next based on a combination of a period table and a projection scale containing rates of mortality improvement.

**08. Period Table**. A a table of mortality rates applicable to a given calendar year (the Period). ( )

**09. Projection Scale G2 (Scale G2)**. A table of annual rates,  $G_{2x}$ , of mortality improvement by age for projecting future mortality rates beyond calendar year 2012. This table was developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee on Life Insurance Research. ()

#### 011. INDIVIDUAL ANNUITY OR PURE ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS.

**01. Individual Annuity Mortality Table**. Except as provided in Subsections 011.02 and 011.03, of this rule, the 1983 Table 'a' is recognized and approved as an individual annuity mortality table for valuation and, at the company's option, may be used for purposes of determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after July 1, 1982. (3-29-12)

**02. Minimum Standard for Valuation**. Except as provided in Subsection 011.03 of this rule, either the 1983 Table 'a' or the Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after January 1, 1987. (3-29-12)

**03.** The Annuity 2000 Mortality Table. Except as provided in Subsection 011.04 of this rule, the Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after March 29, 2012. (4-11-15)

**04.** The 2012 IAR Mortality Table. Except as provided in Subsection 011.05 of this rule, the 2012 IAR Mortality Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after January 1, 2015. (4-11-15)

05. The 1983 Table 'a.' The 1983 Table 'a' without projection is to be used for determining the minimum standards of valuation for an individual annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after March 29, 2012, solely when the contract is based on life contingencies and issued to fund periodic benefits arising from:

(4-11-15)

**a.** Settlements of various forms of claims pertaining to court settlements or out of court settlements from tort actions; (3-29-12)

**b.** Settlements involving similar actions such as workers' compensation claims; or (3-29-12)

**c.** Settlements of long-term disability claims where a temporary or life annuity has been used in lieu of continuing disability payments. (3-29-12)

#### 012. GROUP ANNUITY OR PURE ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS.

**01. Group Annuity Mortality Tables**. Except as provided in Subsections 012.02 and 012.03 of this rule, the 1983 GAM Table, the 1983 Table 'a' and the 1994 GAR Table are recognized and approved as group annuity mortality tables for valuation and, at the option of the company, any one (1) of these tables may be used for purposes of valuation for any annuity or pure endowment purchased on or after July 1, 1982, under a group annuity or pure endowment contract. (3-29-12)

**02. Minimum Standard of Valuation**. Except as provided in Subsection 012.03 of this rule, either the 1983 GAM Table or the 1994 GAR Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any annuity or pure endowment purchased on or after January 1, 1987, under a group annuity or pure endowment contract.

(3-29-12)

03 1994 GAR Table. The 1994 GAR Table will be used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any annuity or pure endowment purchased on or after the effective date of Subsection 012.03 under a group annuity or pure endowment contract. (3-29-12)

### 013. FORMULA.

In using the 1994 GAR table, the mortality rate for a person age x in year (1994 + n) is calculated as follows:

$$q_x^{1994+n} = q_x^{1994} (1-AAx)^n$$

Where the  $q_x^{1994}$  and  $AA_x$ s are specific in the 1994 GAR table. (3-29-12)

## 014. APPLICATION OF THE 2012 IAR MORTALITY TABLE.

01. Mortality Rate Formula. In using the 2012 IAR Mortality Table, the mortality rate for a person age x in year (2012 + n) is calculated as follows: (4-11-15)

**a.**  $q_x^{2012+n} = q_x^{2012} (1 - G2_x)^n$  (4-11-15)

**b.** The resulting  $q_x^{2012+n}$  is to be rounded to three (3) decimal places per one thousand (1,000), e.g., 0.741 deaths per one thousand (1,000). The rounding is to occur according to the formula above, starting at the 2012 period table rate.

02. M	<b>fortality Rate Formula Example</b> . For a male age 30, q <sub>x</sub> <sup>2012</sup> =0.741:	(4-11-15)
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**a.**  $q_x^{2013} = 0.741 * (1 - 0.010) \land 1 = 0.73359$ , which is rounded to 0.734. (4-11-15)

**b.**  $q_x^{2014} = 0.741 * (1 - 0.010)^2 = 0.7262541$ , which is rounded to 0.726. (4-11-15)

**c.** A method leading to incorrect rounding would be to calculate  $q_x^{2014}$  as  $q_x^{2013} * (1 - 0.010)$ , or 0.734 \* 0.99 = 0.727. It is incorrect to use the already rounded  $q_x^{2013}$  to calculate  $q_x^{2014}$ . (4-11-15)

015. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.03 – VALUATION OF LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES INCLUDING THE USE OF SELECT MORTALITY FACTORS

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 6, Sections 41-211 and 41-612, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.07.03, "Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Use of Select Mortality Factors."

**02. Purpose**. To provide: ( )

**a.** Tables of select mortality factors and rules for their use; (3-30-01)

**b.** Rules concerning a minimum standard for the valuation of plans with nonlevel premiums or (3-30-01)

c. Rules concerning a minimum standard for the valuation of plans with secondary guarantees. (3-30-01)

**03. Method**. The method for calculating basic reserves defined in this chapter will constitute the commissioners' reserve valuation method for policies to which this chapter is applicable. (3-30-01)

**04. Applicability.** This chapter applies to all life insurance policies, with or without nonforfeiture values, issued on or after March 30, 2001, subject to the following exceptions and conditions. ()

a. Exceptions: (3-30-01)

i. This chapter does not apply to any individual life insurance policy issued on or after March 30, 2001, if the policy is issued in accordance with and as a result of the exercise of a reentry provision contained in the original life insurance policy of the same or greater face amount, issued before March 30, 2001, that guarantees the premium rates of the new policy. This chapter also does not apply to subsequent policies issued as a result of the exercise of such a provision, or a derivation of the provision, in the new policy. ()

ii. This chapter does not apply to a universal life policy that meets all the following requirements: (3-30-01)

(1) Secondary guarantee period, if any, is five (5) years or less; (3-30-01)

(2) Specified premium for the secondary guarantee period is not less than the net level reserve premium for the secondary guarantee period based on the CSO valuation tables as defined in Subsection 010.06 and the applicable valuation interest rate; and (4-7-11)

(3) The initial surrender charge is not less than one hundred percent (100%) of the first year annualized specified premium for the secondary guarantee period. (3-30-01)

iii. This chapter does not apply to a variable life insurance policy that provides for life insurance, the amount or duration of which varies according to the investment experience of any separate account or accounts.

(3-30-01)

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(

iv. This chapter does not apply to a variable universal life insurance policy that provides for life insurance, the amount or duration of which varies according to the investment experience of any separate account or accounts. (3-30-01)

v. This chapter does not apply to a group life insurance certificate unless the certificate provides for a stated or implied schedule of maximum gross premiums needed in order to continue coverage in force for a period in excess of one (1) year. (3-30-01)

**b.** Conditions: (3-30-01)

i. Calculation of the minimum valuation standard for policies with guaranteed nonlevel gross

premiums or guaranteed nonlevel benefits (other than universal life policies), or both, is in accordance with the provisions of Section 012. (4-7-11)

ii. Calculation of the minimum valuation standard for flexible premium and fixed premium universal life insurance policies, that contain provisions resulting in the ability of a policyholder to keep a policy in force over a secondary guarantee period will be in accordance with the provisions of Section 013. (4-7-11)

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The tables of select mortality factors are incorporated by reference into IDAPA 18.07.03, "Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Introduction and Use of the New Select Mortality Factors" that are the bases to which the respective percentage of Subsections 011.01.b., 011.02.b., and 011.02.c. are applied.

**01. Types of Tables**. The six (6) tables of select mortality factors incorporated by reference include:

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a.	Male aggregate;	(3-30-01)
b.	Male nonsmoker;	(3-30-01)
c.	Male smoker;	(3-30-01)
d.	Female aggregate;	(3-30-01)
e.	Female nonsmoker; and	(3-30-01)
f.	Female smoker.	(3-30-01)

**02. Age Basis**. These tables apply to both age last birthday and age nearest birthday mortality tables.

(3-30-01)

(3-30-01)

**03.** Computation for Sex-Blended Mortality Tables. For sex-blended mortality tables, compute select mortality factors in the same proportion as the underlying mortality. For example, for the 1980 CSO-B Table, the calculated select mortality factors are eighty percent (80%) of the appropriate male table as referenced in Section 004, plus twenty percent (20%) of the appropriate female table, as referenced in Section 004. (4-7-11)

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Basic Reserves**. Reserves calculated in accordance with Section 41-612(5), Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

02. Contract Segmentation Method. Method of dividing the period from issue to mandatory expiration of a policy into successive segments, with the length of each segment being defined as the period from the end of the prior segment (from policy inception, for the first segment) to the end of the latest policy year as determined below. All calculations are made using the 1980 CSO valuation tables, as defined in this chapter, (or any other valuation mortality table adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) after the effective date of this chapter or promulgated by rule by the Director for this purpose), and, if elected, the optional minimum mortality standard for deficiency reserves set forth in Subsection 011.02. The length of a particular contract segment will be set equal to the minimum of the value t for which  $G_t$  is greater than  $R_t$  (if  $G_t$  never exceeds  $R_t$  the segment length is deemed to be the number of years from the beginning of the segment to the mandatory expiration date of the policy), where  $G_t$  and  $R_t$  are defined as follows:

- Formulas -

 $G_t =$ 

GP<sub>x+k+t-1</sub>

GP<sub>x+k+t</sub>

	where:				
	x =	original issue	age;		
	<ul> <li>k = the number of years from the date of issue to the beginning of the segment;</li> <li>t = 1, 2,; <i>t</i> is reset to 1 at the beginning of each segment;</li> </ul>				
$GP_{x+k+t-1}=$ Guaranteed gross premium per thousand of face amount for year t of the segment, ignoring policy fees only if level for the premium paying period of the policy. $Rt =$ $\frac{q_{x+k+t}}{q_{x+k+t-1}}$ However, $R_t$ may be increased or decreased by one percent (1%) in any policy year, at the company's option, but $R_t$ cannot be less than one (1);					
	where:	x, k and t are a	as defined above, and		
		$q_{x^{+k+t\text{-}1}} =$	valuation mortality rate for deficiency reserves in policy year k+t but using the mortality of Paragraph 011.02.b. if Paragraph 011.02.c. is elected for deficiency reserves.		
However, if $GP_{x+k+t}$ is greater than 0 and $GP_{x+k+t-1}$ is equal to 0, $G_t$ is presumed to be 1000. If $GP_{x+k+t}$ and $GP_{x+k+t-1}$ are both equal to 0, $G_t$ is presumed to be 0.					)
03.	Deficiency	<b>Reserves</b> . Exc	cess, if greater than zero (0), of	(3-30-0	)1)
a.	Minimum	reserves calcul	ated in accordance with Section 41-612(10), Idaho Code, over	(3-30-0	)1)
b.	Basic reser	rves.		(3-30-0	)1)

04. Guaranteed Gross Premiums. Premiums under a policy of life insurance that are guaranteed and determined at issue. (3-30-01)

**05.** Maximum Valuation Interest Rates. Interest rates defined in Section 41-612(4b), Idaho Code (Computation of Minimum Standard by Calendar Year of Issue) used in determining the minimum standard for the valuation of life insurance policies. (3-30-01)

**06. 1980 CSO Valuation Tables**. Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table (1980 CSO Table) without ten (10) year selection factors, incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law, and variations of the 1980 CSO Table approved by the NAIC, such as the smoker and nonsmoker versions approved in December 1983. (3-30-01)

07. Scheduled Gross Premium. Smallest illustrated gross premium at issue for other than universal life insurance policies. For universal life insurance policies, scheduled gross premium means the smallest specified premium described in Paragraph 013.01.c., if any, or else the minimum premium described in Paragraph 013.01.d.

(4-7-11)

#### **08.** Segmented Reserves.

(3-30-01)

**a.** Reserves calculated using segments produced by the contract segmentation method, equal to the present value of all future guaranteed benefits less the present value of all future net premiums to the mandatory expiration of a policy, where the net premiums within each segment are a uniform percentage of the respective guaranteed gross premiums within the segment. The uniform percentage for each segment is such that, at the beginning of the segment, the present value of the net premiums within the segment equals: (3-30-01)

i. The present value of the death benefits within the segment, plus (3-30-01)

ii. The present value of any unusual guaranteed cash value (see Subsection 012.04) occurring at the end of the segment, less (4-7-11)

iii. Any unusual guaranteed cash value occurring at the start of the segment, plus (3-30-01)

iv. For the first segment only, the excess of the Item one (1) over Item two (2), as follows: (3-30-01)

(1) A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits provided for in the first segment after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one (1) per year payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary within the first segment on which a premium falls due. However, the net level annual premium will not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen (19) year premium whole life plan of insurance of the same renewal year equivalent level amount at an age one (1) year higher than the age at issue of the policy. (3-30-01)

(2) A net one (1) year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year. (3-30-01)

**b.** The length of each segment is determined by the "contract segmentation method," as defined in this chapter. (3-30-01)

**c.** The interest rates used in the present value calculations for any policy cannot exceed the maximum valuation interest rate, determined with a guarantee duration equal to the sum of the lengths of all segments of the policy. (3-30-01)

**d.** For both basic reserves and deficiency reserves computed by the segmented method, present values will include future benefits and net premiums in the current segment and in all subsequent segments. (3-30-01)

**09. Tabular Cost of Insurance**. The net single premium at the beginning of a policy year for one (1) year term insurance in the amount of the guaranteed death benefit in that policy year. (3-30-01)

10. Ten Year Select Factors. The select factors adopted with the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law. (3-30-01)

#### 11. Unitary Reserves.

**a.** The present value of all future guaranteed benefits less the present value of all future modified net (3-30-01)

i. Guaranteed benefits and modified net premiums are considered to the mandatory expiration of the (3-30-01)

ii. Modified net premiums are a uniform percentage of the respective guaranteed gross premiums, where the uniform percentage is such that, at issue, the present value of the net premiums equals the present value of all death benefits and pure endowments, plus the excess of Item one (1) over Item two (2), as follows: (3-30-01)

(1) A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits provided for after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one (1) per year payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary of the policy on which a premium falls due. However, the net

(3-30-01)

level annual premium will not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen (19) year premium whole life plan of insurance of the same renewal year equivalent level amount at an age one (1) year higher than the age at issue of the policy. (3-30-01)

(2) A net one (1) year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year. (3-30-01)

**b.** The interest rates used in the present value calculations for any policy will not exceed the maximum valuation interest rate, determined with a guarantee duration equal to the length from issue to the mandatory expiration of the policy. (3-30-01)

12. Universal Life Insurance Policy. Any individual life insurance policy under the provisions of which separately identified interest credits (other than in connection with dividend accumulations, premium deposit funds, or other supplementary accounts) and mortality or expense charges are made to the policy. (3-30-01)

## 011. GENERAL CALCULATION REQUIREMENTS FOR BASIC RESERVES AND PREMIUM DEFICIENCY RESERVES.

01. Basic Reserves. At the company's election for any one (1) or more specified plans of life insurance, the minimum mortality standard for basic reserves may be calculated using the 1980 CSO valuation tables with select mortality factors (or any other valuation mortality table adopted by the NAIC after the effective date of this chapter and promulgated by rule by the Director for this purpose). If select mortality factors are elected, they may be:

(3-30-01)

**a.** The ten (10) year select mortality factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law; (3-30-01)

**b.** The select mortality factors in the tables as referenced in Section 004; or (4-7-11)

**c.** Any other table of select mortality factors adopted by the NAIC after March 30, 2001, promulgated by rule for the purpose of calculating basic reserves.

02. Deficiency Reserves. Deficiency reserves, if any, are calculated for each policy as the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the quantity A over the basic reserve. The quantity A is obtained by recalculating the basic reserve for the policy using guaranteed gross premiums instead of net premiums when the guaranteed gross premiums are less than the corresponding net premiums. At the company's election for any one or more specified plans of insurance, the quantity A and the corresponding net premiums used in the determination of quantity A may be based upon the 1980 CSO valuation tables with select mortality factors (or any other valuation mortality table adopted by the NAIC after March 30, 2001, and promulgated by rule). If select mortality factors are elected, they may be one (1) of the following: (3-30-01)

a. The ten (10) year select mortality factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law; (3-30-01)

**b.** The select mortality factors in the tables as referenced in Section 004; (4-7-11)

**c.** For durations in the first segment, X percent of the select mortality factors in the tables as referenced in Section 004, subject to the following: (4-7-11)

i. X may vary by policy year, policy form, underwriting classification, issue age, or any other policy factor expected to affect mortality experience; (3-30-01)

ii. X is such that, when using the valuation interest rate used for basic reserves, Item one (1) is greater than or equal to Item two (2); (3-30-01)

(1) The actuarial present value of future death benefits, calculated using the mortality rates resulting from the application of X; (3-30-01)

(2) The actuarial present value of future death benefits calculated using anticipated mortality experience without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date; (3-30-01)

iii. X is such that the mortality rates resulting from the application of X are at least as great as the anticipated mortality experience, without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date, in each of the first five (5) years after the valuation date; (3-30-01)

iv. The appointed actuary will increase X at any valuation date where it is necessary to continue to meet all the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c.; (4-7-11)

v. The appointed actuary may decrease X at any valuation date as long as X continues to meet all the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c.; and (4-7-11)

vi. The appointed actuary will specifically take into account the adverse effect on expected mortality and lapsation of any anticipated or actual increase in gross premiums. (3-30-01)

vii. If X is less than one hundred percent (100%) at any duration for any policy, the following requirements are to be met: (3-30-01)

(1) The appointed actuary will annually prepare an actuarial opinion and memorandum for the company in conformance with the requirements of the Actuarial and Memorandum Rule, IDAPA 18.07.10, Section 022, "Statement of Actuarial Opinion Based on an Asset Adequacy Analysis"; (4-7-11)

(2) The appointed actuary will disclose, in the Regulatory Asset Adequacy Issues Summary, the impact of the insufficiency of assets to support the payment of benefits and expenses and the establishment of statutory reserves during one (1) or more interim periods; and (4-7-11)

(3) The appointed actuary will annually opine for all policies subject to this chapter as to whether the mortality rates resulting from the application of X meet the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c. This opinion will be supported by an actuarial report, subject to appropriate Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board of the American Academy of Actuaries. The X factors will reflect anticipated future mortality, without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date, taking into account relevant emerging experience. (4-7-11)

**d.** Any other table of select mortality factors adopted by the NAIC after March 30, 2001, and promulgated by rule for the purpose of calculating deficiency reserves. ()

**03. Applicability.** Subsection 011.03 applies to both basic reserves and deficiency reserves. Any set of select mortality factors may be used only for the first segment. However, if the first segment is less than ten (10) years, the appropriate ten (10) year select mortality factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law may be used thereafter through the tenth policy year from the date of issue. (4-7-11)

04. Gross Premiums. In determining basic reserves or deficiency reserves, guaranteed gross premiums without policy fees may be used where the calculation involves the guaranteed gross premium but only if the policy fee is a level dollar amount after the first policy year. In determining deficiency reserves, policy fees may be included in guaranteed gross premiums, even if not included in the actual calculation of basic reserves. (3-30-01)

**05.** Changes in Guarantees. Reserves for policies that have changes to guaranteed gross premiums, guaranteed benefits, guaranteed charges, or guaranteed credits that are unilaterally made by the insurer after issue and that are effective for more than one (1) year after the date of the change will be the greatest of the following:

a.	Reserves calculated ignoring the guarantee;	(3-30-01)
b.	Reserves assuming the guarantee was made at issue; and	(3-30-01)

(3-30-01)

c. Reserves assuming that the policy was issued on the date of the guarantee. (3-30-01)

06. Reserve Adequacy. The Director may require that the company document the extent of the adequacy of reserves for specified blocks, including but not limited to policies issued prior to the effective date of this chapter. This documentation may include a demonstration of the extent to which aggregation with other non-specified blocks of business is relied upon in the formation of the appointed actuary opinion pursuant to and consistent with the requirements of the Actuarial and Memorandum Rule, IDAPA 18.07.10, Section 022, "Statement of Actuarial Opinion Based on an Asset Adequacy Analysis." (4-7-11)

# 012. CALCULATION OF MINIMUM VALUATION STANDARD FOR POLICIES WITH GUARANTEED NONLEVEL GROSS PREMIUMS OR GUARANTEED NONLEVEL BENEFITS (OTHER THAN UNIVERSAL LIFE POLICIES).

01. Basic Reserves. Basic reserves are be calculated as the greater of the segmented reserves and the unitary reserves. Both the segmented reserves and the unitary reserves for any policy will use the same valuation mortality table and selection factors. At the option of the insurer, in calculating segmented reserves and net premiums, either of the adjustments described below may be made: (3-30-01)

**a.** Treat the unitary reserve, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the end of each segment as a pure endowment and subtract the unitary reserve, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the beginning of each segment from the present value of guaranteed life insurance and endowment benefits for each segment; or (3-30-01)

**b.** Treat the guaranteed cash surrender value, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the end of each segment as a pure endowment; and subtract the guaranteed cash surrender value, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the beginning of each segment from the present value of guaranteed life insurance and endowment benefits for each segment. (3-30-01)

02.	Deficiency Reserves.	(3-30-01)

**a.** The deficiency reserve at any duration will be calculated: (3-30-01)

i. On a unitary basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by Subsection 012.01 is unitary; (4-7-11)

ii. On a segmented basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by Subsection 012.01 is segmented; or (4-7-11)

iii. On the segmented basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by Subsection 012.01 is equal to both the segmented reserve and the unitary reserve. (4-7-11)

**b.** Subsection 012.02 applies to any policy for which the guaranteed gross premium at any duration is less than the corresponding modified net premium calculated by the method used in determining the basic reserves, but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality (specified in Subsection 011.02 and rate of interest).

(4-7-11)

**c.** Deficiency reserves, if any, are be calculated for each policy as the excess if greater than zero (0), for the current and all remaining periods, of the quantity A over the basic reserve, where A is obtained as indicated in Subsection 011.02. (4-7-11)

**d.** For deficiency reserves determined on a segmented basis, the quantity A is determined using segment lengths equal to those determined for segmented basic reserves. (3-30-01)

03. Minimum Value. Basic reserves will not be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the balance of the policy year, if mean reserves are used. Basic reserves will not be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the balance of the current modal period or to the paid-to-date, if later, but not beyond the next policy anniversary, if mid-terminal reserves are used. The tabular cost of insurance will use the same valuation mortality table and interest rates as that used for the calculation of the segmented reserves. However, if select mortality factors are used, they will be

the ten (10) year select factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments of the NAIC Standard Valuation Law. In no case may total reserves (including basic reserves, deficiency reserves and any reserves held for supplemental benefits that would expire upon contract termination) be less than the amount that the policyowner would receive (including the cash surrender value of the supplemental benefits, if any, referred to above), exclusive of any deduction for policy loans, upon termination of the policy. (3-30-01)

#### 04. Unusual Pattern of Guaranteed Cash Surrender Values. (3-30-01)

a. For any policy with an unusual pattern of guaranteed cash surrender values, the reserves actually held prior to the first unusual guaranteed cash surrender value will not be less than the reserves calculated by treating the first unusual guaranteed cash surrender value as a pure endowment and treating the policy as an n year policy providing term insurance plus a pure endowment equal to the unusual cash surrender value, where n is the number of years from the date of issue to the date the unusual cash surrender value is scheduled. (3-30-01)

**b.** The reserves actually held subsequent to any unusual guaranteed cash surrender value will not be less than the reserves calculated by treating the policy as an n year policy providing term insurance plus a pure endowment equal to the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, and treating any unusual guaranteed cash surrender value at the end of the prior segment as a net single premium, where: (3-30-01)

i. n is the number of years from the date of the last unusual guaranteed cash surrender value prior to the valuation date to the earlier of: (3-30-01)

(1) The date of the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, that is scheduled after the valuation date; or (3-30-01)

(2) The mandatory expiration date of the policy; and (3-30-01)

ii. The net premium for a given year during the n year period is equal to the product of the net to gross ratio and the respective gross premium; and (3-30-01)

iii. The net to gross ratio is equal to Item One (1) divided by Item Two (2) as follows: (3-30-01)

(1) The present value, at the beginning of the n year period, of death benefits payable during the n year period plus the present value, at the beginning of the n year period, of the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, minus the amount of the last unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, scheduled at the beginning of the n year period. (3-30-01)

(2) The present value, at the beginning of the n year period, of the scheduled gross premiums payable during the n year period. (3-30-01)

**c.** For purposes of Subsection 012.04, a policy is considered to have an unusual pattern of guaranteed cash surrender values if any future guaranteed cash surrender value exceeds the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value by more than the sum of: (4-7-11)

i. One hundred ten percent (110%) of the scheduled gross premium for that year; (3-30-01)

ii. One hundred ten percent (110%) of one (1) year's accrued interest on the sum of the prior year's guaranteed cash surrender value and the scheduled gross premium using the nonforfeiture interest rate used for calculating policy guaranteed cash surrender values; and (3-30-01)

iii. Five percent (5%) of the first policy year surrender charge, if any. (3-30-01)

**05. Optional Exemption for Yearly Renewable Term (YRT) Reinsurance**. At the option of the company, the following approach for reserves on YRT reinsurance may be used: (3-30-01)

a. Calculate the valuation net premium for each future policy year as the tabular cost of insurance for (3-30-01)

**b.** Basic reserves will never be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the appropriate period, as defined in Subsection 012.03; (4-7-11)

**c.** Deficiency reserves.

(3-30-01)

i. For each policy year, calculate the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the valuation net premium over the respective maximum guaranteed gross premium. (3-30-01)

ii. Deficiency reserves will never be less than the sum of the present values, at the date of valuation, of the excesses determined in accordance with Subparagraph 012.05.c.i.; (4-7-11)

**d.** For purposes of Subsection 012.05, the calculations use the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 CSO mortality tables with or without ten (10) year select mortality factors, or any other table adopted after the effective date of this chapter by the NAIC and promulgated by rule by the Director for this purpose; (4-7-11)

e. A reinsurance agreement will be considered YRT reinsurance for purposes of Subsection 012.05 if only the mortality risk is reinsured; and (4-7-11)

**f.** If the assuming company chooses this optional exemption, the ceding company's reinsurance reserve credit will be limited to the amount of reserve held by the assuming company for the affected policies.

(3-30-01)

06. Optional Exemption for Attained-Age-Based Yearly Renewable Term Life Insurance Policies. At the company's option, the following approach for reserves for attained-age-based YRT life insurance policies may be used: (3-30-01)

a. Calculate the valuation net premium for each future policy year as the tabular cost of insurance for (3-30-01)

**b.** Basic reserves will never be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the appropriate period, as defined in Subsection 012.03. (4-7-11)

**c.** Deficiency reserves:

(3-30-01)

i. For each policy year, calculate the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the valuation net premium over the respective maximum guaranteed gross premium. (3-30-01)

ii. Deficiency reserves will never be less than the sum of the present values, at the date of valuation, of the excesses determined in accordance with Subparagraph 012.06.c.i. (4-7-11)

**d.** For purposes of Subsection 012.06, the calculations use the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 CSO valuation tables with or without ten (10) year select mortality factors, or any other table adopted after March 30, 2001, by the NAIC and promulgated by rule for this purpose. ()

e. A policy is considered an attained-age-based YRT life insurance policy for purposes of Subsection (4-7-11)

i. The premium rates (on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed maximum premium scale) are based upon the attained age of the insured such that the rate for any given policy at a given attained age of the insured is independent of the year the policy was issued; and (3-30-01)

ii. The premium rates (on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed maximum premium scale) are the same as the premium rates for policies covering all insureds of the same sex, risk class, plan of insurance and attained age. (3-30-01)

f. For policies that become attained-age-based YRT policies after an initial period of coverage, the

approach of Subsection 012.06 may be used after the initial period if: (4-7-11)

i. The initial period is constant for all insureds of the same sex, risk class and plan of insurance; or (3-30-01)

ii. The initial period runs to a common attained age for all insureds of the same sex, risk class, and plan of insurance; and (3-30-01)

iii. After the initial period of coverage, the policy meets the conditions of Paragraph 012.06.e.; and (4-7-11)

**g.** If this election is made, this approach will be applied in determining reserves for all attained-agebased YRT life insurance policies issued on or after the effective date of this chapter. (3-30-01)

07. Exemption from Unitary Reserves for Certain n-Year Renewable Term Life Insurance Policies. Unitary basic reserves and unitary deficiency reserves need not be calculated for a policy if the following conditions are met: (3-30-01)

**a.** The policy consists of a series of *n*-year periods, including the first period and all renewal periods, where *n* is the same for each period, except that for the final renewal period, *n* may be truncated or extended to reach the expiry age, provided that this final renewal period is less than ten (10) years and less than twice the size of the earlier *n*-year periods, and for each period, the premium rates on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed maximum premium scale are level; (3-30-01)

**b.** The guaranteed gross premiums in all *n*-year periods are not less than the corresponding net premiums based upon the 1980 CSO Table with or without the ten (10) year select mortality factors; and (3-30-01)

**c.** There are no cash surrender values in any policy year. (3-30-01)

**08.** Exemption From Unitary Reserves for Certain Juvenile Policies. Unitary basic reserves and unitary deficiency reserves need not be calculated for a policy if the following conditions are met, based upon the initial current premium scale at issue: (3-30-01)

**a.** At issue, the insured is age twenty-four (24) or younger; (3-30-01)

**b.** Until the insured reaches the end of the juvenile period, which will occur at or before age twenty-five (25), the gross premiums and death benefits are level, and there are no cash surrender values; and (3-30-01)

**c.** After the end of the juvenile period, gross premiums are level for the remainder of the premium paying period, and death benefits are level for the remainder of the life of the policy. (3-30-01)

#### 013. CALCULATION OF MINIMUM VALUATION STANDARD FOR FLEXIBLE PREMIUM AND FIXED PREMIUM UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES THAT CONTAIN PROVISIONS RESULTING IN THE ABILITY OF A POLICY OWNER TO KEEP A POLICY IN FORCE OVER A SECONDARY GUARANTEE PERIOD.

01.	General.			(

(3-30-01)

a. Policies with a secondary guarantee include:

i. A policy with a guarantee that the policy will remain in force at the original schedule of benefits, subject only to the payment of specified premiums; (3-30-01)

ii. A policy in which the minimum premium at any duration is less than the corresponding one (1) year valuation premium, calculated using the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 CSO valuation tables with or without ten (10) year select mortality factors, or any other table adopted after March 30, 2001, by the NAIC and promulgated by rule for this purpose; or ()

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iii. A policy with any combination of Subparagraphs 013.01.a.i. and 013.01.a.ii. (4-7-11)

**b.** A secondary guarantee period is the period for which the policy is guaranteed to remain in force subject only to a secondary guarantee. When a policy contains more than one secondary guarantee, the minimum reserve will be the greatest of the respective minimum reserves at that valuation date of each unexpired secondary guarantee, ignoring all other secondary guarantees. Secondary guarantees that are unilaterally changed by the insurer after issue will be considered to have been made at issue. Reserves described in Subsections 013.02 and 013.03 below will be recalculated from issue to reflect these changes. (4-7-11)

c. Specified premiums mean the premiums specified in the policy, the payment of which guarantees that the policy will remain in force at the original schedule of benefits, but which otherwise would be insufficient to keep the policy in force in the absence of the guarantee if maximum mortality and expense charges and minimum interest credits were made and any applicable surrender charges were assessed. (3-30-01)

**d.** For purposes of Section 013, the minimum premium for any policy year is the premium that, when paid into a policy with a zero (0) account value at the beginning of the policy year, produces a zero (0) account value at the end of the policy year. The minimum premium calculation will use the policy cost factors (including mortality charges, loads and expense charges) and the interest crediting rate, which are all guaranteed at issue. (4-7-11)

e. The one (1) year valuation premium means the net one (1) year premium based upon the original schedule of benefits for a given policy year. The one (1) year valuation premiums for all policy years are calculated at issue. The select mortality factors defined in Paragraphs 011.02.b., 011.02.c., and 011.02.d. cannot be used to calculate the one (1) year valuation premiums. (4-7-11)

**f.** The one (1) year valuation premium should reflect the frequency of fund processing, as well as the distribution of deaths assumption employed in the calculation of the monthly mortality charges to the fund. (3-30-01)

**02. Basic Reserves for the Secondary Guarantees**. Basic reserves for the secondary guarantees will be the segmented reserves for the secondary guarantee period. In calculating the segments and the segmented reserves, the gross premiums will be set equal to the specified premiums, if any, or otherwise to the minimum premiums, that keep the policy in force and the segments will be determined according to the contract segmentation method as defined in Subsection 010.02. (4-7-11)

03. Deficiency Reserves for the Secondary Guarantees. Deficiency reserves, if any, for the secondary guarantees will be calculated for the secondary guarantee period in the same manner as described in Subsection 012.02 with gross premiums set equal to the specified premiums, if any, or otherwise to the minimum premiums that keep the policy in force. (4-7-11)

of: Minimum Reserves. The minimum reserves during the secondary guarantee period are the greater (3-30-01)

a. The basic reserves for the secondary guarantee plus the deficiency reserve, if any, for the secondary (3-30-01)

**b.** The minimum reserves prescribed by other rules or rules governing universal life plans. ( )

014. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.04 – ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 6, Idaho Code.

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#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.07.04, "Annual Financial Reporting." (5-8-09)

**02. Scope**. To improve the Department's surveillance of the financial condition of insurers by requiring: (1) an annual audit of the financial statements reporting the financial position and the results of operations of insurers by independent certified public accountants; (2) Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit; and (3) Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Insurers having direct premiums written in this state of less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in any calendar year and less than one thousand (1,000) policyholders or certificate holders of direct written policies nationwide at the end of such calendar year are exempt from this rule for such year (unless the Director makes a specific finding that compliance is necessary for the Director to carry out statutory responsibilities) except that insurers having assumed premiums pursuant to contracts or treaties of reinsurance of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) or more, or both, will not be exempt. Foreign or alien insurers filing the audited financial report in another state, pursuant to that other state's requirement for filing of audited financial reports found by the Director to be substantially similar to the requirements herein, are exempt from Section 011 through Section 020 of this rule if conditions of Subsection 001.02.a. or 001.02.b., of this rule apply:

**a.** A copy of the Audited financial report, Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit, and the Accountant's Letter of Qualifications that are filed with the other state are filed with the Director in accordance with the filing dates in Sections 011, 018, and 019 respectively (Canadian insurers may submit accountants' reports as filed with the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions, Canada).

**b.** A copy of any Notification of Adverse Financial Condition Report filed with the other state is filed with the Director pursuant to Section 017.

**c.** Foreign or alien insurers need to file Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting in another state are exempt from filing the Report in this state provided the other state has substantially similar reporting requirements and the Report is filed with the Director of the other state within the time specified. (5-8-09)

**d.** This rule does not prohibit, preclude or in any way limit the Director from ordering, conducting or performing examinations of insurers pursuant to the provisions of Title 41, Idaho Code, and the rules, practices and procedures of the Department.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

This rule incorporates by reference the full text of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Financial Condition Examiners Handbook and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, pursuant to Sections 41-223 and 47-335, Idaho Code.

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Affiliate**. Is a person that directly, or indirectly through one (1) or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person specified.

02. Audit Committee. A committee (or equivalent body) established by the board of directors of an entity for the purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of an insurer or group of insurers, and audits of financial statements of the insurer or group of insurers. The Audit committee of any entity that controls a group of insurers may be deemed to be the Audit committee for one (1) or more of these controlled insurers solely for the purposes of this rule at the election of the controlling person. Refer to Subsection 021.05 of this rule, for exercising this election. If an Audit committee is not designated by the insurer, the insurer's entire board of directors constitutes the Audit committee.

**03.** Audited Financial Report. Includes those items specified in Section 012 of this rule. ( )

04. Indemnification. An agreement of indemnity or a release from liability where the intent or effect is to shift or limit in any manner the potential liability of the person or firm for failure to adhere to applicable auditing or professional standards, whether or not resulting in part from knowing or other misrepresentations made by the insurer or its representatives.

**05. Group of Insurers**. Those licensed insurers included in the reporting requirements of Title 41, Chapter 38, Idaho Code, or a set of insurers as identified by management, for the purpose of assessing the effectiveness of Internal control over financial reporting.

06. Internal Control over Financial Reporting. A process effected by an entity's board of directors, management and other personnel providing reasonable assurance of the reliability of the financial statements, such as those items specified in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule, and includes those policies and procedures that:

a. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets; (5-8-09)

**b.** Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements, such as those items specified in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors; and (5-8-09)

**c.** Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements, such as those items specified in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule. (5-8-09)

07. Section 404. Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the SEC's rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

**08.** Section 404 Report. Management's report on "internal control over financial reporting" as defined by the SEC and the related attestation report of the independent certified public accountant as described in Section 3A.

13. SOX Compliant Entity. An entity that needs to be compliant with, or voluntarily is compliant with, the following provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002:

a. The preapproval requirements of Section 201 (Section 10A(i) of the Securities Exchange Act of (5-8-09)

**b.** The Audit committee independence requirements of Section 301 (Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934); and (5-8-09)

c. The Internal control over financial reporting requirements of Section 404 (Item 308 of SEC Regulation S-K). (5-8-09)

# 011. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO FILING AND EXTENSIONS FOR FILING OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORTS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE APPOINTMENT.

01. Annual Audit Filing Date. All insurers will have an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant and file an audited financial report with the Director on or before June 1 for the year ended December 31 immediately preceding. The Director may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with ninety (90) days advance notice.

**02. Request for Extension**. Extensions of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the Director for thirty (30) day periods upon a showing by the insurer and its independent certified public accountant of the reasons for the request and a determination by the Director of good cause for an extension. The request for extension needs to

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be submitted in writing at least ten (10) days prior to the due date in sufficient detail to permit the Director to make an informed decision with respect to the extension. If an extension is granted, an extension of thirty (30) days is also granted to the filing of Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

**03. Designation of Audit Committee.** Every insurer needs to file an annual audited financial report pursuant to this chapter will designate an Audit committee, as defined in Section 010. The Audit committee of an entity controlling an insurer may be deemed to be the insurer's Audit committee for purposes of this rule at the controlling person's election.

#### 012. CONTENTS OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT.

01. Contents of Report. The annual audited financial report will report the financial position of the insurer as of the end of the most recent calendar year and the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in capital and surplus for the year then ended in conformity with statutory accounting practices prescribed, or otherwise permitted, by the Department of Insurance of the state of domicile. The annual Audited financial report will include the following:

a.	Report of independent certified public accountant;	(	)
b.	Balance sheet reporting admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus;	(	)
c.	Statement of operations;	(	)
d.	Statement of cash flow;	(	)
e.	Statement of changes in capital and surplus;	(	)

**f.** Notes to financial statements, which will those prescribed by the appropriate NAIC Annual Statement Instructions and NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. The notes will include a reconciliation of differences, if any, between the audited statutory financial statements and the annual statement filed pursuant to Section 41-335, Idaho Code, or other applicable section of Idaho Code with a written description of the nature of these differences.

**g.** The financial statements included in the audited financial report will be prepared in a form and using language and groupings substantially the same as the relevant sections of the annual statement of the insurer filed with the Director. The financial statement will be comparative, presenting the amounts as of December 31 of the current year and the amounts as of the immediately preceding December 31. (In the first year in which an insurer needs to file an audited financial report, the comparative data may be omitted.)

#### 013. DESIGNATION OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

01. Registration with the Director. Each insurer prescribed by this rule to file an annual audited financial report needs, within sixty (60) days after becoming subject to the requirement, to register with the Director in writing the name and address of the independent certified public accountant or accounting firm retained to conduct the annual audit. Insurers not retaining an independent certified public accountant on the effective date of this rule will register the name and address of their retained independent certified public accountant not less than six (6) months before the date when the first audited financial report is to be filed.

02. Letter of Awareness. The insurer will obtain a letter from the accountant, and file a copy with the Director stating that the accountant is aware of the provisions of the Insurance Code and the Department's rules of the state of domicile that relate to accounting and financial matters and affirming that they will express his opinion on the financial statements in terms of their conformity to the statutory accounting practices prescribed or otherwise permitted by that Department, specifying appropriate exceptions. ()

03. Dismissal or Resignation. If an accountant who was the accountant for the immediately preceding filed audited financial report is dismissed or resigns, the insurer will within five (5) business days notify the Department. The insurer will also furnish the Director with a separate letter within ten (10) business days after the

above notification stating whether in the twenty-four (24) months preceding such event there were any disagreements with the former accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure; which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former accountant, would have caused the accountant to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with the opinion. The disagreements need to be reported in response to this rule include those resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction and not resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction. Disagreements contemplated by this section occur at the decision-making level, such as between personnel of the insurer responsible for presentation of financial statements and personnel of the accounting firm responsible for rendering the report. The insurer will also in writing request the former accountant to furnish a letter addressed to the insurer stating whether the accountant does not agree; and the insurer will furnish such responsive letter from the former accountant to the Director with its own.

#### 014. QUALIFICATIONS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

01. In Good Standing. The Director will not recognize any person or firm as a qualified independent certified public accountant that is not in good standing with the AICPA in all states in which the accountant is licensed to practice, or, for a Canadian or British company, that is not a chartered accountant; or has either directly or indirectly entered into an agreement of indemnity or release from liability ("indemnification") with respect to the insurer's audit.

**02. Conformance with Ethical and Professional Standards**. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the Director will recognize an independent certified public accountant as qualified if the accountant conforms to the standards contained in the Code of Professional Ethics of the AICPA and Rules and Regulations and Code of Ethics and Rules of Professional Conduct of the Idaho Board of Public Accountancy, or similar code. ()

**03. Resolution of Disputes and Delinquency Proceedings.** A qualified independent certified public accountant may enter into an agreement with an insurer to have audit-related disputes resolved by mediation or arbitration. In the event of a delinquency proceeding commenced against the insurer under Title 41, Chapter 33, the mediation or arbitration provisions operates at the option of the statutory successor.

04. Capacity to Render Report for Consecutive Years. The lead (or coordinating) audit partner (primarily responsible for the audit) cannot act in the capacity for more than five (5) consecutive years. The person will be disqualified from acting in that or a similar capacity for the same company or its insurance subsidiaries or affiliates for a period of five (5) consecutive years. An insurer may make application to the Director for relief from the above requirement due to unusual circumstances. Application should be made at least thirty (30) days before the end of the calendar year. The Director may consider the following factors in determining if the relief should be granted:

**a.** Number of partners, expertise of the partners or the number of insurance clients in the currently registered firm; (7-1-93)

b.	Premium volume; or	(7-1-93)

c. Number of jurisdictions in which the insurer transacts business. (5-8-09)

05. Relief from Limitation on Consecutive Appointment of Lead Partner. The insurer will file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Subsection 014.04 of this rule, with the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer will file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC. (5-8-09)

**06. Grounds for Not Recognizing as Qualified**. The Director will neither recognize as a qualified independent certified public accountant, nor accept any annual Audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by, any natural person who: (5-8-09)

**a.** Has been convicted of fraud, bribery, a violation of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, 18 U.S.C. Sections 1961 to 1968, or any dishonest conduct or practices under federal or state law;

#### (5-8-09)

**b.** Has been found to have violated the insurance laws of this state with respect to any previous reports submitted under this rule; or (5-8-09)

**c.** Has demonstrated a pattern or practice of failing to detect or disclose material information in previous reports filed under the provisions of this rule. (5-8-09)

07. Hearings. The Director of insurance may, as provided in Chapter 52, Title 67 and Chapter 2, Title 41, Idaho Code and IDAPA 04.11.01, hold a hearing to determine whether an independent certified public accountant is qualified and, considering the evidence presented, may rule that the accountant is not qualified for purposes of expressing his opinion on the financial statements in the annual Audited financial report made pursuant to this rule and require the insurer to replace the accountant with another whose relationship with the insurer is qualified within the meaning of this rule. (5-8-09)

**08. Banned Services**. The Director will not recognize as a qualified independent certified public accountant, nor accept an annual audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by an accountant who provides to an insurer, contemporaneously with the audit, the following non-audit services: ()

a. Bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the (5-8-09)

b.	Financial information systems design and implementation;	(5-8-09)
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c. Appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or contribution-in-kind reports. (5-8-09)

**d.** Actuarially-oriented advisory services involving the determination of amounts recorded in the financial statements. The accountant may assist an insurer in understanding the methods, assumptions and inputs used in the determination of amounts recorded in the financial statement only if it is reasonable to conclude that the services provided will not be subject to audit procedures during an audit of the insurer's financial statements. An accountant's actuary may also issue an actuarial opinion or certification ("opinion") on an insurer's reserves if the following conditions have been met: (5-8-09)

i. Neither the accountant nor the accountant's actuary has performed any management functions or made any management decisions; (5-8-09)

ii. The insurer has competent personnel (or engages a third party actuary) to estimate the reserves for which management takes responsibility; and (5-8-09)

iii. The accountant's actuary tests the reasonableness of the reserves after the insurer's management has determined the amount of the reserves; (5-8-09)

e.	Internal audit outsourcing services;	(5-8-09)
f.	Management functions or human resources;	(5-8-09)
g.	Broker or dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services;	(5-8-09)
h.	Legal services or expert services unrelated to the audit; or	(5-8-09)
i.	Any other services that the Director determines, by rule, are impermissible.	(5-8-09)

**09. Principles of Independence**. In general, the principles of independence with respect to services provided by the qualified independent certified public accountant are largely predicated on three (3) basic principles, violations of which would impair the accountant's independence. The principles are that the accountant: (5-8-09)

b.	Cannot audit his own work; and	(5-8-09)
c.	Cannot serve in an advocacy role for the insurer.	(5-8-09)

10. Exemption from Banned Services. Insurers having direct written and assumed premiums of less than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in any calendar year may request an exemption from Subsection 014.08 of this rule. The insurer will file with the Director a written statement discussing the reasons why the insurer should be exempt from these provisions. If the Director finds, upon review of this statement, that compliance with this regulation would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the insurer, an exemption may be granted.

11. Permitted Non-Audit Services. A qualified independent certified public accountant who performs the audit may engage in other non-audit services, including tax services, that are not described in Subsection 014.08 of this rule, or that do not conflict with Subsection 014.09 of this rule, only if the activity is approved in advance by the Audit committee, in accordance with Subsection 014.12 of this rule. (5-8-09)

12. Preapproval Requisite by Audit Committee. All auditing services and non-audit services provided to an insurer by the qualified independent certified public accountant of the insurer will be preapproved by the Audit committee. The preapproval requirement is waived with respect to non-audit services if the insurer is a SOX Compliant Entity or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a SOX Compliant Entity; or ()

**a.** The aggregate amount of all such non-audit services provided to the insurer constitutes not more than five percent (5%) of the total amount of fees paid by the insurer to its qualified independent certified public accountant during the fiscal year in which the non-audit services are provided; (5-8-09)

**b.** The services were not recognized by the insurer at the time of the engagement to be non-audit (5-8-09)

**c.** The services are promptly brought to the attention of the Audit committee and approved prior to the completion of the audit by the Audit committee or by one (1) or more members of the Audit committee who are the members of the board of directors to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the Audit committee. (5-8-09)

13. Delegation by Audit Committee. The Audit committee may delegate to one (1) or more designated members of the Audit committee the authority to grant the preapprovals prescribed by Subsection 014.12 of this rule. The decisions of any member to whom this authority is delegated will be presented to the full Audit committee at each of its scheduled meetings.

14. Prior Employment Banned. The Director will not recognize an independent certified public accountant as qualified for a particular insurer if a member of the board, president, chief executive officer, controller, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, or any person serving in an equivalent position for that insurer, was employed by the independent certified public accountant and participated in the audit of that insurer during the one (1) year period preceding the date that the most current statutory opinion is due. Subsection 014.14 of this rule, will only apply to partners and senior managers involved in the audit. (5-8-09)

**a.** An insurer may make application to the Director for relief from Subsection 014.14 of this rule, on the basis of unusual circumstances. (5-8-09)

**b.** The insurer will file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Subsection 014.14 of this rule, with the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer will file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.

(5-8-09)

# 015. CONSOLIDATED OR COMBINED AUDITS.

An insurer may make written application to the Director for approval to file audited consolidated or combined financial statements in lieu of separate annual audited financial statements if the insurer is part of a group of insurance

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companies that utilizes a pooling or one hundred percent (100%) reinsurance agreement that affects the solvency and integrity of the insurer's reserves and such insurer cedes all of its direct and assumed business to the pool. In such cases, a columnar consolidating or combining worksheet will be filed with the report, as follows: (5-8-09)

01. Worksheet. Amounts shown on the consolidated or combined Audited financial report will be shown on the worksheet; (5-8-09)

**02. Separate Amounts**. Amounts for each insurer subject to this section will be stated separately;

(5-8-09)

03. Noninsurance Operations. Noninsurance operations may be shown on the worksheet on a combined or individual basis; (5-8-09)

04. Explanations of Consolidating and Eliminating Entries. Explanations of consolidating and eliminating entries will be included; and (5-8-09)

05. Reconciliation. A reconciliation will be included of any differences between the amounts shown in the individual insurer columns of the worksheet and comparable amounts shown on the annual statement of the insurers. (5-8-09)

#### 016. SCOPE OF AUDIT AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

Financial statements furnished pursuant to Section 012 hereof will be examined by the independent certified public accountant. The audit of the insurer's financial statements will be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The independent certified public accountant should obtain an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan the audit. To the extent prescribed by the standards of his profession, for those insurers prescribed to file a Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting pursuant to Section 023, the independent certified public accountant should consider (as that term is defined in generally accepted auditing standards) the most recently available report in planning and performing the audit of the statutory financial statements. Consideration will be given to the other procedures illustrated in the Financial Condition Examiner's Handbook promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners as the independent certified public accountant deems necessary.

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#### 017. NOTIFICATION OF ADVERSE FINANCIAL CONDITION.

The insurer needed to furnish the annual Audited financial report will require the independent certified public accountant to report, in writing, within five (5) business days to the board of directors or its Audit committee any determination by the independent certified public accountant that the insurer has materially misstated its financial condition as reported to the Director as of the balance sheet date currently under audit or that the insurer does not meet the minimum capital and surplus requirements of Title 41, Idaho Code, as of that date. An insurer that has received a report pursuant to this paragraph will forward a copy of the report to the Director within five (5) business days of receipt of the report and will provide the independent certified public accountant making the report with evidence of the report being furnished to the Director. If the independent certified public accountant fails to receive such evidence within the mandatory five (5) business day period, the independent certified public accountant will furnish to the Director a copy of its report within the next five (5) business days. No independent certified public accountant will be liable in any manner to any person for any statement made in connection with Section 017 if the statement is made in good faith in compliance with Section 017. If the accountant, subsequent to the date of the Audited financial report filed pursuant to this rule, becomes aware of facts which might have affected his report, the Director notes the obligation of the accountant to take action as prescribed by the standards of his profession. (

# 018. COMMUNICATION OF INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED MATTERS NOTED IN AN AUDIT.

In addition to the annual audited financial report, each insurer will furnish the Director with a written communication as to any unremediated material weaknesses in its Internal control over financial reporting noted during the audit. Such communication will be prepared by the accountant within sixty (60) days after the filing of the annual audited financial report, and will contain a description of any unremediated material weakness (as the term material weakness is defined by the standards of his profession) as of December 31 immediately preceding (so as to coincide with the audited financial report discussed in Subsection 011.01, of this rule) in the insurer's Internal control over financial reporting noted by the accountant during the course of their audit of the financial statements. If no unremediated material weaknesses were noted, the communication should so state. The insurer needs to provide a description of

remedial actions taken or proposed to correct unremediated material weaknesses, if the actions are not described in the accountant's communication.

#### 019. ACCOUNTANT'S LETTER OF QUALIFICATION.

The accountant will furnish the insurer in connection with, and for inclusion in, the filing of the annual audited financial report, a letter stating: (5-8-09)

**01. Independence**. That the accountant is independent with respect to the insurer and conforms to the standards of his profession as contained in the Code of Professional Ethics and pronouncements of the AICPA and the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Idaho Board of Public Accountancy, or similar code; (5-8-09)

**02. Background and Experience**. The background and experience in general, and the experience in audits of insurers of the staff assigned to the engagement and whether each is an independent certified public accountant. Nothing within this rule will be construed as prohibiting the accountant from utilizing such staff as he deems appropriate where use is consistent with the standards prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards;

(5-8-09)

**03. Compliance with Rule**. That the accountant understands the annual audited financial report and his opinion thereon will be filed in compliance with this rule and that the Director will be relying on this information in the monitoring and regulation of the financial position of insurers; (5-8-09)

04. Consent to Requirements of Section 020. That the accountant consents to the requirements of Section 020 of this rule and that the accountant consents and agrees to make available for review by the Director, or the Director's designee or appointed agent, the workpapers, as defined in Section 020; (5-8-09)

**05. Properly Licensed**. A representation that the accountant is properly licensed by an appropriate state licensing authority and is a member in good standing in the AICPA; and (5-8-09)

**06.** Compliance with Section 014. A representation that the accountant is in compliance with the requirements of Section 014 of this rule. (7-1-93)

# **020. DEFINITION, AVAILABILITY AND MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS WORKPAPERS.**

Workpapers are the records kept by the independent certified public accountant of the procedures followed, the tests performed, the information obtained, and the conclusions reached pertinent to the accountant's audit of the financial statements of an insurer. Workpapers, accordingly, may include audit planning documentation, work programs, analyses, memoranda, letters of confirmation and representation, abstracts of company documents and schedules or commentaries prepared or obtained by the independent certified public accountant in the course of his audit of the financial statements of an insurer and which support the accountant's opinion. Every insurer needs to file an Audited financial report pursuant to this rule, will require the accountant to make available for review by the insurance department examiners, all workpapers prepared in the conduct of the accountant's audit and any communications related to the audit between the accountant and the insurer, at the office of the insurer, at the insurance department or at any other reasonable place designated by the Director. The insurer will require that the accountant retain the audit workpapers and communications until the insurance department has filed a report on examination covering the period of the audit but no longer than seven (7) years from the date of the audit report. In the conduct of the aforementioned periodic review by the insurance. department examiners, it will be agreed that photocopies of pertinent audit workpapers may be made and retained by the department. Such reviews by the department examiners will be considered investigations and all working papers and communications obtained during the course of such investigations will be afforded the same confidentiality as other examination workpapers generated by the department. )

# 021. REQUIREMENTS FOR AUDIT COMMITTEES.

This section will not apply to foreign or alien insurers licensed in this state or an insurer that is a SOX Compliant Entity or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a SOX Compliant Entity. (5-8-09)

01. Responsibility. The Audit committee will be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of any accountant (including resolution of disagreements between

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management and the accountant regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing the audited financial report or related work pursuant to this chapter. Each accountant will report directly to the Audit committee. (5-8-09)

**02. Corporate Membership**. Each member of the Audit committee will need to be a member of the board of directors of the insurer or a member of the board of directors of an entity elected pursuant to Subsection 021.05 and Section 010 of this rule.

03. Independence. In order to be considered independent for purposes of Section 021, a member of the Audit committee will not, other than in his capacity as a member of the Audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee, accept any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the entity or be an affiliated person of the entity or any subsidiary thereof. However, if law requires board participation by otherwise non-independent members, that law will prevail and such members may participate in the Audit committee and be designated as independent for Audit committee purposes, unless they are an officer or employee of the insurer or one (1) of its affiliates. (5-8-09)

04. Continuation of Service. If a member of the Audit committee ceases to be independent for reasons outside the member's reasonable control, that person, with notice by the responsible entity to the Director, may remain an Audit committee member of the responsible entity until the earlier of the next annual meeting of the responsible entity or one (1) year from the occurrence of the event that caused the member to be no longer independent. (5-8-09)

05. Controlling Person. To exercise the election of the controlling person to designate the Audit committee for purposes of this rule, the ultimate controlling person will provide written notice to the directors of insurance of the affected insurers. Notification will be made timely prior to the issuance of the statutory audit report and include a description of the basis for the election. The election can be changed through notice to the Director by the insurer, which needs to include a description of the basis for the election of the basis for the change. The election will remain in effect for perpetuity, until rescinded.

06. Accountant's Reports to Audit Committee. The Audit committee will require the accountant that performs for an insurer any audit prescribed by this rule to timely report to the Audit committee in accordance with the standards of his profession. If an insurer is a member of an insurance holding company system, the reports prescribed by Subsection 021.06 of this rule, may be provided to the Audit committee on an aggregate basis for insurers in the holding company system, provided that any substantial differences among insurers in the system are identified to the Audit committee. The accountant's reports need to include:

**a.** All significant accounting policies and material permitted practices; (5-8-09)

**b.** All material alternative treatments of financial information within statutory accounting principles that have been discussed with management officials of the insurer, ramifications of the use of the alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the accountant; and (5-8-09)

**c.** Other material written communications between the accountant and the management of the insurer, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences. (5-8-09)

07. Requisite Proportion of Independent Audit Committee Members. The proportion of independent Audit committee members will meet or exceed the following criteria: (5-8-09)

Prior Calendar Year Direct Written and Assumed Premiums		
\$0 - \$300,000,000	Over \$300,000,000 - \$500,000,000	Over \$500,000,000
No minimum requirements. See also Note A and B.	Majority (50% or more) of members will be independent. See also Note A and B.	Supermajority of members (75% or more) will be independent. See also Note A.

#### Prior Calendar Year Direct Written and Assumed Premiums

**Note A:** The Director has authority afforded by state law to require the entity's board to enact improvements to the independence of the Audit committee membership if the insurer is in a RBC action level event, meets one or more of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition, or otherwise exhibits qualities of a troubled insurer.

**Note B:** All insurers with less than \$500,000,000 in prior year direct written and assumed premiums are encouraged to structure their Audit committees with at least a supermajority of independent Audit committee members.

**Note C:** Prior calendar year direct written and assumed premiums will be the combined total of direct premiums and assumed premiums from non-affiliates for the reporting entities.

(5-8-09)

**08. Hardship Waiver**. An insurer with direct written and assumed premium, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) may make application to the Director for a waiver from the Section 021 requirements based upon hardship. The insurer will file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Section 021 with the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer will file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC. (5-8-09)

# **022.** CONDUCT OF INSURER IN CONNECTION WITH THE PREPARATION OF REQUISITE REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS.

01. False or Misleading Statements. No director or officer of an insurer may, directly or indirectly make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an accountant in connection with any audit, review or communication prescribed under this chapter.

**02. Omissions**. No director or officer of an insurer may, directly or indirectly omit to state, or cause another person to omit to state, any material fact necessary in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading to an accountant in connection with any audit, review or communication prescribed under this chapter.

**03.** Coercion. No officer or director of an insurer, or any other person acting under the direction thereof, may directly or indirectly take any action to coerce, manipulate, mislead or fraudulently influence any accountant engaged in the performance of an audit pursuant to this chapter if that person knew or should have known that the action, if successful, could result in rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading. For purposes of Subsection 022.03 of this rule, actions that, "if successful, could result in rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading" include, but are not limited to, actions taken at any time with respect to the professional engagement period to coerce, manipulate, mislead or fraudulently influence an accountant: (5-8-09)

**a.** To issue or reissue a report on an insurer's financial statements that is not warranted in the circumstances (due to material violations of statutory accounting principles prescribed by the Director, generally accepted auditing standards, or other professional or regulatory standards); (5-8-09)

**b.** Not to perform audit, review or other procedures prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards or other professional standards;

**d.** Not to communicate matters to an insurer's Audit committee. (5-8-09)

# 023. MANAGEMENT'S REPORT OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING.

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01. Premium Threshold. Every insurer needs to file an audited financial report pursuant to this chapter that has annual direct written and assumed premiums, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) or more will prepare a report of the insurer's or group of insurers' internal control over financial reporting, as these terms are defined in Section 010. The report will be filed with the Director along with the Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Noted in an Audit described under Section 018. Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting will be as of December 31 immediately preceding. (5-8-09)

02. **RBC Level or Other Event**. Notwithstanding the premium threshold in Subsection 023.01 of this rule, the Director may require an insurer to file Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting if the insurer is in any RBC level event, or meets any one (1) or more of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition as defined in IDAPA 18.07.05, "Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition." (5-8-09)

**03.** Section 404. An insurer or a group of insurers may file its or its parent's Section 404 Report and an addendum in satisfaction of this Section 023 requirement provided that those internal controls of the insurer or group of insurers having a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements (those items included in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule) were included in the scope of the Section 404 Report. The addendum will be a positive statement by management that there are no material processes with respect to the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements (those items included in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule) excluded from the Section 404 Report. If there are internal controls of the insurer or group of insurers that have a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of the section 404 Report. If there are internal controls of the insurer or group of insurers that have a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of the Section 404 Report. If there are internal controls of the insurer or group of insurers that have a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements and those internal controls were not included in the scope of the Section 404 Report, the insurer or group of insurers may either file: (5-8-09)

a. A Section 023 report; or (5-8-09)

**b.** The Section 404 Report and a Section 023 report for those internal controls that have a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements not covered by the Section 404 Report, providing the insurer or group of insurers is: (5-8-09)

:	Diversities and is at the Section 404.	(5, 9, 00)
1.	Directly subject to Section 404;	(5-8-09)

ii. Part of a holding company system whose parent is directly subject to Section 404; (5-8-09)

iii. Not directly subject to Section 404 but is a SOX Compliant Entity; or (5-8-09)

iv. A member of a holding company system whose parent is not directly subject to Section 404 but is a SOX Compliant Entity. (5-8-09)

04. Requisite Elements. Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting will ()

**a.** A statement that management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate Internal control over financial reporting; (5-8-09)

**b.** A statement that management has established Internal control over financial reporting and an assertion, to the best of management's knowledge and belief, after diligent inquiry, as to whether its Internal control over financial reporting is effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial statements in accordance with statutory accounting principles; (5-8-09)

**c.** A statement that briefly describes the approach or processes by which management evaluated the effectiveness of its Internal control over financial reporting; and (5-8-09)

**d.** A statement that briefly describes the scope of work that is included and whether any internal controls were excluded; (5-8-09)

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e. Disclosure of any unremediated material weaknesses in the Internal control over financial reporting identified by management as of December 31 immediately preceding. Management is not permitted to conclude that the Internal control over financial reporting is effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial statements in accordance with statutory accounting principles if there is one (1) or more unremediated material weaknesses in its Internal control over financial reporting; (5-8-09)

- **f.** A statement regarding the inherent limitations of internal control systems; and (5-8-09)
- **g.** Signatures of the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer (or equivalent position/title). (5-8-09)

05. Documentation by Management. Management will document and make available upon financial condition examination the basis upon which its assertions, prescribed in Subsection 023.04 of this rule, are made. Management may base its assertions, in part, upon its review, monitoring and testing of internal controls undertaken in the normal course of its activities. Management may have discretion as to the nature of the internal control framework used, and the nature and extent of documentation, in order to make its assertion in a cost effective manner and, as such, may include assembly of or reference to existing documentation. Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, prescribed by Subsection 023.01 of this rule, and any documentation provided in support thereof during the course of a financial condition examination, will be kept confidential by the Idaho Department of Insurance.

# 024. EXEMPTIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATES.

01. Exemptions Not Otherwise Provided. Upon written application of any insurer, the Director may grant an exemption from compliance with any and all provisions of this rule if the Director finds, upon review of the application, that compliance with this rule would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the insurer. An exemption may be granted at any time and from time to time for a specified period or periods. Within ten (10) days from a denial of an insurer's written request for an exemption from this chapter, the insurer may request in writing a hearing on its application for an exemption. The hearing will be held in accordance with the IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General," pertaining to administrative hearing procedures. (5-8-09)

02. Alternate Effective Date for Section 021 [Requirements for Audit Committees]. An insurer or group of insurers that is not prescribed to have independent Audit committee members or only a majority of independent Audit committee members (as opposed to a supermajority) because the total written and assumed premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to one (1) of the independence requirements due to changes in premium will have one (1) year following the year the threshold is exceeded to comply with the independence requirements. Likewise, an insurer that becomes subject to one (1) of the independence requirements as a result of a business combination will have one (1) calendar year following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the independence requirements.

03. Effective Date for Section 023 [Management's Report of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting]. An insurer or group of insurers that is not prescribed to file a report because the total written premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to the reporting requirements will have two (2) years following the year the threshold is exceeded to file a report. Likewise, an insurer acquired in a business combination will have two (2) calendar years following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the reporting requirements.

# 025. CANADIAN AND BRITISH COMPANIES.

**01. Annual Audited Financial Report**. In the case of Canadian and British insurers, the annual audited financial report is defined as the annual statement of total business on the form filed by such companies with their supervision authority duly audited by an independent chartered accountant. (5-8-09)

**02.** Letter Requisite in Section 013. For such insurers, the letter prescribed in Section 013 states that the accountant is aware of the requirements relating to the annual Audited statement filed with the Director pursuant to section 011 and affirms that the opinion expressed is in conformity with such requirements.

#### 026. INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Exemption**. An insurer is exempt from the requirements of this section if: (4-11-19)

**a.** The insurer has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium, including international direct and assumed premium but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000); and (4-11-19)

**b.** If the insurer is a member of a group of insurers, the group has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium including international direct and assumed premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000). (4-11-19)

02. Function. The insurer or group of insurers need to establish an internal audit function providing independent, objective and reasonable assurance to the audit committee and insurer management regarding the insurer's governance, risk management and internal controls. This assurance will be provided by performing general and specific audits, reviews and tests and by employing other techniques deemed necessary to protect assets, evaluate control effectiveness and efficiency, and evaluate compliance with policies and regulations. ()

03. Independence. In order to ensure that internal auditors remain objective, the internal audit function needs to be organizationally independent. Specifically, the internal audit function will not defer ultimate judgment on audit matters to others, and will appoint an individual to head the internal audit function who will have direct and unrestricted access to the board of directors. Organizational independence does not preclude dual-reporting relationships. (4-11-19)

04. Reporting. The head of the internal audit function will report to the audit committee regularly, but no less than annually, on the periodic audit plan, factors that may adversely impact the internal audit function's independence or effectiveness, material findings from completed audits and the appropriateness of corrective actions implemented by management as a result of audit findings. (4-11-19)

05. Additional Requirements. If an insurer is a member of an insurance holding company system or included in a group of insurers, the insurer may satisfy the internal audit function requirements set forth in this section at the ultimate controlling parent level, an intermediate holding company level or the individual legal entity level.

(4-11-19)

#### 027. MINIMUM RESERVE STANDARDS.

In addition to the requirements in this rule, unless otherwise prescribed or permitted, the minimum reserve standards for individual and group health insurance contracts set forth in the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual apply to all individual and group health (disability) insurance coverages including single premium credit disability insurance. All other credit insurance is not subject to this section.

028. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.05 – DIRECTOR'S AUTHORITY FOR COMPANIES DEEMED TO BE IN HAZARDOUS FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2, 3, and 33, Sections 41-211, 41-327 and 41-3309, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.07.05, "Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial (4-7-11)

02. Scope. This rule establishes standards that the Director may use for identifying insurers found to be in such condition as to render the continuance of their business hazardous to the public or to holders of their policies or certificates of insurance. This rule cannot be interpreted to limit the powers granted the Director by any laws or parts of laws of this state, nor supersedes any laws or parts of laws of this state. ()

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

This rule incorporates by reference the full text of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Financial Condition Examiners Handbook and the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, pursuant to Sections 41-223 and 41-335, Idaho Code.

#### 003. -- 010. (RESERVED)

#### 011. STANDARDS.

The following standards, either singly or in combination of two (2) or more, may be considered by the Director to determine whether the continued operation of any insurer transacting insurance business in this state might be deemed to be hazardous to its policyholders or creditors or to the general public. The Director may consider: (4-7-11)

01. Examination Reports. Adverse findings reported in financial condition and market conduct examination reports, audit reports, and actuarial opinions, reports or summaries. (4-7-11)

**02. NAIC Insurance Regulatory Information System**. The NAIC Regulatory Information System and its other financial analysis solvency tools and reports. (4-7-11)

03. Adequate Cash Provision. Whether the insurer has made adequate provision, according to presently accepted actuarial standards of practice, for the anticipated cash flows needed by the contractual obligations and related expenses of the insurer, when considered in light of the assets held by the insurer with respect to such reserves and related actuarial items including, but not limited to, the investment earnings on such assets, and the considerations anticipated to be received and retained under such policies and contracts. (4-7-11)

04. **Reinsurance Program**. The ability of an assuming reinsurer to perform and whether the insurer's reinsurance program provides sufficient protection for the company's remaining surplus after taking into account the insurer's cash flow and the classes of business written as well as the financial condition of the assuming reinsurer.

(10-1-93)

)

05. Operating Loss (50% of Surplus). Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last twelve (12) month period or any shorter period of time, including but not limited to net capital gain or loss, change in non-admitted assets, and cash dividends paid to shareholders, is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's remaining surplus as regards policyholders in excess of the minimum mandatory.

**06. Operating Loss (20% of Surplus)**. Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last twelve (12) month period or any shorter period of time, excluding net capital gains, is greater than twenty percent (20%) of the insurer's remaining surplus as regards policyholders in excess of the minimum mandatory. ()

07. Insolvency of Affiliate, Subsidiary or Reinsurer. Whether a reinsurer, obligor, or any entity within the insurer's insurance holding company system is insolvent, threatened with insolvency, or delinquent in payment of its monetary or other obligations, and which in the opinion of the Director may affect the solvency of the insurer. (4-7-11)

**08. Contingent Liabilities.** Contingent liabilities, pledges or guaranties which either individually or collectively involve a total amount which in the opinion of the Director may affect the solvency of the insurer.

(10-1-93)

Section 000

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 1 Department of Insurance Dee

**09. Controlling Person**. Whether any "controlling person" of an insurer is delinquent in the transmitting to, or payment of, net premiums to such insurer. (10-1-93)

**10. Receivables**. The age and collectibility of receivables. (10-1-93)

11. Competence of Management. Whether the management of an insurer, including officers, directors, or any other person who directly or indirectly controls the operation of such insurer, fails to possess and demonstrate the competence, fitness and reputation deemed necessary to serve the insurer in such position. (10-1-93)

12. Failure to Respond to Inquiries. Whether management of an insurer has failed to respond to inquiries relative to the condition of the insurer or has furnished false and misleading information concerning an inquiry. (10-1-93)

13. Failure to Meet Filing Requirements. Whether the insurer has failed to meet financial and holding company filing requirements in the absence of a reason satisfactory to the Director. (4-7-11)

14. False or Misleading Financial Statements. Whether management of an insurer either has filed any false or misleading sworn financial statement, or has released false or misleading financial statement to lending institutions or to the general public, or has made a false or misleading entry, or has omitted an entry of material amount in the books of the insurer. (10-1-93)

**15. Extensive Growth**. Whether the insurer has grown so rapidly and to such an extent that it lacks adequate financial and administrative capacity to meet its obligations in a timely manner. (10-1-93)

**16.** Cash Flow. Whether the company has experienced or will experience in the foreseeable future cash flow and/or liquidity problems. (10-1-93)

17. Reserves Compliance with Minimum Standards. Whether management has established reserves that do not comply with minimum standards established by state insurance laws, regulations, statutory accounting standards, sound actuarial principles and standards of practice. (4-7-11)

**18. Material Under-Reserving**. Whether management persistently engages in material underreserving that results in adverse development. (4-7-11)

**19.** Transactions Among Affiliates. Whether transactions among affiliates, subsidiaries or controlling persons for which the insurer receives assets, capital gains or both do not provide sufficient value, liquidity or diversity to assure the insurer's ability to meet its outstanding obligations as they mature. (4-7-11)

**20.** Any Other Finding. Any other finding determined by the Director to be hazardous to the insurer's policyholders or creditors or to the general public. (4-7-11)

# 012. DIRECTOR'S AUTHORITY.

01. Determination of Financial Condition. For the purposes of making a determination of an insurer's financial condition under this rule, the Director may: (10-1-93)

**a.** Disregard any credit or amount receivable resulting from transactions with a reinsurer which is insolvent, impaired or otherwise subject to a delinquency proceeding; (10-1-93)

**b.** Make appropriate adjustments, including disallowance, to asset values attributable to investments in or transactions with parents, subsidiaries, or affiliates, consistent with the NAIC Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual, state laws, and regulations; (4-7-11)

**c.** Refuse to recognize the stated value of accounts receivable if the ability to collect receivables is highly speculative in view of the age of the account or the financial condition of the debtor; (10-1-93)

# IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 18.07.05 – Director's Authority for Companies Department of Insurance Deemed to Be in Hazardous Financial Condition

**d.** Increase the insurer's liability in an amount equal to any contingent liability, pledge, or guarantee not otherwise included if there is a substantial risk that the insurer will be called upon to meet the obligation undertaken within the next twelve (12) month period. (10-1-93)

**02. Issuance of Order**. If the Director determines that the continued operation of the insurer licensed to transact business in this state may be hazardous to the policyholders or creditors or to the general public, then the Director may, upon a determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to: (4-7-11)

**a.** Reduce the total amount of present and potential liability for policy benefits by reinsurance;

(10-1-93)

**b.** Reduce, suspend or limit the volume of business being accepted or renewed; (10-1-93)

c. Reduce general insurance and commission expenses by specified methods; (10-1-93)

**d.** Increase the insurer's capital and surplus; (10-1-93)

e. Suspend or limit the declaration and payment of dividend by an insurer to its stockholders or to its (10-1-93)

**f.** File reports in a form acceptable to the Director concerning the market value of an insurer's assets; (10-1-93)

g. Limit or withdraw from certain investments or discontinue certain investment practices to the extent the Director deems necessary; (10-1-93)

**h.** Document the adequacy of premium rates in relation to the risks insured; (10-1-93)

i. File, in addition to regular annual statements, interim financial reports on the form adopted by the NAIC or in such format as promulgated by the Director; (10-1-93)

j. Correct corporate governance practice deficiencies and adopt and utilize governance practices acceptable to the Director; (4-7-11)

**k.** Provide a business plan to the Director in order to continue to transact business in the state; or (4-7-11)

**I.** Adjust rates for any non-life insurance product written by the insurer that the Director considers necessary to improve the financial condition of the insurer. (4-7-11)

**03. Hearing**. Any insurer subject to an order under Subsection 012.02 may request a hearing to review that order pursuant to Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code. (4-7-11)

# 013. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.06 – RULES GOVERNING LIFE AND HEALTH REINSURANCE AGREEMENTS

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2, 3, and 5, Sections 41-211, 41-335, 41-510, 41-511, 41-512 and 41-514, Idaho Code. ()

#### 001. TITLE, PURPOSE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.07.06, "Rules Governing Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements." ()

02. Purpose. To set forth standards for Reinsurance Agreements involving life insurance, annuities, or accident and sickness insurance (disability) in order that the financial statements of the life and health and property and casualty insurers writing health business and utilizing such agreements properly reflect the financial condition of the ceding and assuming insurer.

a. The Department recognizes that licensed insurers routinely enter into reinsurance agreements that yield legitimate relief to the ceding insurer from strain to surplus. (10-1-93)

**b.** However, it is improper for a licensed insurer, in the capacity of ceding insurer, to enter into reinsurance agreements for the principal purpose of producing significant surplus aid for the ceding insurer, typically on a temporary basis, while not transferring all of the significant risks inherent in the business being reinsured. In substance or effect, the expected potential liability to the ceding insurer remains basically unchanged by the reinsurance transaction, notwithstanding certain risk elements in the reinsurance agreement, such as catastrophic mortality or extraordinary survival. The terms of such agreements referred to herein and described in Section 011 violate Idaho Code Sections 41-1306, 41-515, 41-308(3), 41-327 and 41-3309:

**03. Applicability**. This rule applies to all domestic life and accident and health insurers and to all other licensed life and accident and health insurers that are not subject to a substantially similar rule in their domiciliary state. This rule also similarly applies to licensed property and casualty insurers with respect to their accident and health business. This rule does not apply to assumption reinsurance or yearly renewable term reinsurance. (10-1-93)

#### 002. -- 010. (RESERVED)

#### 011. ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Standards for Credit on Financial Statement**. No insurer subject to this rule will, for reinsurance ceded, reduce any liability or establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the Department if, by the terms of the reinsurance agreement, in substance or effect, any of the following conditions exist: (10-1-93)

a. Renewal expense allowances provided or to be provided to the ceding insurer by the reinsurer in any accounting period, are not sufficient to cover anticipated allocable renewal expenses of the ceding insurer on the portion of the business reinsured, unless a liability is established for the present value of the shortfall (using assumptions equal to the applicable statutory reserve basis on the business reinsured). Those expenses include commissions, premium taxes and direct expenses including, but not limited to, billing, valuation, claims and maintenance expected by the company at the time the business is reinsured; (10-1-93)

**b.** The ceding insurer can be deprived of surplus or assets at the reinsurer's option or automatically upon the occurrence of some event, such as the insolvency of the ceding insurer, except that termination of the reinsurance agreement by the reinsurer for nonpayment of reinsurance premiums or other amounts due, such as modified coinsurance reserve adjustments, interest and adjustments on funds withheld, and tax reimbursements, will not be considered to be such a deprivation of surplus or assets; (10-1-93)

c. The ceding insurer needs to reimburse the reinsurer for negative experience under the reinsurance agreement, except that neither offsetting experience refunds against current and prior years' losses under the agreement nor payment by the ceding insurer of an amount equal to the current and prior years' losses under the agreement upon voluntary termination of in force reinsurance by the ceding insurer will be considered such a reimbursement to the reinsurer for negative experience. Voluntary termination does not include situations where termination occurs because of unreasonable provisions which allow the reinsurer to reduce its risk under the agreement. An example of such a provision is the right of the reinsurer to increase reinsurance premiums or risk and expense charges to excessive levels forcing the ceding company to prematurely terminate the reinsurance treaty;

)

d. The ceding insurer needs to, at specific points in time scheduled in the agreement, terminate or

#### IDAPA 18.07.06 – Rules Governing Life & Health Reinsurance Agreements

automatically recapture all or part of the reinsurance ceded;

e. The reinsurance agreement involves the possible payment by the ceding insurer to the reinsurer of amounts other than from income realized from the insured policies. For example, it is improper for a ceding company to pay reinsurance premiums, or other fees or charges to a reinsurer which are greater than the direct premiums collected by the ceding company; (10-1-93)

f. The treaty does not transfer all of the significant risk inherent in the business being reinsured. The following table identified for a representative sampling of products or type of business, the risks which are considered to be significant. For products not specifically included, the risks determined to be significant will be consistent with this table. (10-1-93)

i.	Risk categories:	(10-1-93)
(1)	Morbidity.	(10-1-93)
(2)	Mortality.	(10-1-93)

ii. Lapse. This is the risk that a policy will voluntarily terminate prior to the recoupment of a statutory surplus strain experienced at issue of the policy. (10-1-93)

iii. Credit Quality (C1). This is the risk that invested assets supporting the reinsured business will decrease in value. The main hazards are that assets will default or that there will be a decrease in earning power. It excludes market value declines due to changes in interest rate. (10-1-93)

iv. Reinvestment (C3). This is the risk that interest rates will fall and funds reinvested (coupon payments or monies received upon asset maturity or call) will therefore earn less than expected. If asset durations are less than liability durations, the mismatch will increase. (10-1-93)

v. Disintermediation (C3). This is the risk that interest rates rise and policy loans and surrenders increase or maturing contracts do not renew at anticipated rates of renewal. If asset durations are greater than the liability durations, the mismatch will increase. Policyholders will move their funds into new products offering higher rates. The company may have to sell assets at a loss to provide for these withdrawals.

#### **Risk Category**

Key: + - Significant 0 - Insignificant

	i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.	vi.
Health Insurance - other than LTC/LTD*	+	0	+	0	0	0
Health Insurance - LTC/LTD*	+	0	+	+	+	0
Immediate Annuities	0	+	0	+	+	0
Single Premium Deferred Annuities	0	0	+	+	+	+
Flexible Premium Deferred Annuities	0	0	+	+	+	+
Guaranteed Interest Contracts	0	0	0	+	+	+
Other Annuity Deposit Business	0	0	+	+	+	+
Single Premium Whole Life	0	+	+	+	+	+
Traditional Non-Par Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Traditional Non-Par Term	0	+	+	0	0	0

)

# IDAPA 18.07.06 – Rules Governing Life & Health Reinsurance Agreements

	i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.	vi.
Traditional Par Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Traditional Par Term	0	+	+	0	0	0
Adjustable Premium Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Indeterminate Premium Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Universal Life Flexible Premium	0	+	+	+	+	+
Universal Life Fixed Premium	0	+	+	+	+	+
Universal Life Fixed Premium dump-in premiums allowed	0	+	+	+	+	+

\*LTC = Long Term Care Insurance

\*LTD = Long Term Disability Insurance

(10-1-93)

g. Significant Risk.

(10-1-93)

i. The credit quality, reinvestment, or disintermediation risk is significant for the business reinsured and the ceding company does not (other than for the classes of business excepted in IDAPA 18.07.06.011.01.g.ii.) either transfer the underlying assets to the reinsurer or legally segregate such assets in a trust or escrow account or otherwise establish a mechanism satisfactory to the Director which legally segregates, by contract or contract provision, the underlying assets. (10-1-93)

ii. Notwithstanding the requirements of IDAPA 18.07.06.011.01.g.i., the assets supporting the reserves for the following classes of business and any classes of business which do not have a significant credit quality, reinvestment or disintermediation risk may be held by the ceding company without segregation of such assets:

- Health Insurance LTC/LTD
- Traditional Non-Par Permanent
- Traditional Par Permanent
- Adjustable Premium Permanent
- Indeterminate Premium Permanent
- Universal Life Fixed Premium (no dump-in premiums allowed)

The associated formula for determining the reserve interest rate adjustment needs to use a formula that reflects the ceding company's investment earnings and incorporates all realized and unrealized gains and losses reflected in the statutory statement. The following is an acceptable formula:

Rate = 
$$\frac{2(I+CG)}{X+Y-I-CG}$$

Where: "I" is the net investment income as reported in Annual Statement

"CG" is capital gains less capital losses as reported in Annual Statement

"X" is the current year cash and invested assets plus investment income due and accrued less borrowed

money as reported in Annual Statement

"Y" is the same as X but for the prior year

)

**h.** Settlements are made less frequently than quarterly or payments due from the reinsurer are not made in cash within ninety (90) days of the settlement date. (10-1-93)

i. The ceding insurer needs to make representations or warranties not reasonably related to the business being reinsured.

j. The ceding insurer needs to make representations or warranties about future performance of the business being reinsured.

**k.** The reinsurance agreement is entered into for the principal purpose of producing significant surplus aid for the ceding insurer, typically on a temporary basis, while not transferring all of the significant risks inherent in the business reinsured and, in substance or effect, the expected potential liability to the ceding insurer remains basically unchanged. (10-1-93)

**02. Director's Approval**. An insurer subject to this Rule may, with the prior approval of the Director, take such reserve credit or establish such asset as the Director may deem consistent with the Insurance Code and Rules, including actuarial interpretations or standards adopted by the Department. ()

#### 03. Filing of Reinsurance Agreements.

**a.** Agreements entered into after the effective date of this Rule which involve the reinsurance of business issued prior to the effective date of the agreements, along with any subsequent amendments thereto, will be filed by the ceding company with the Director within thirty (30) days from its date of execution. Each filing will include data detailing the financial impact of the transaction. The ceding insurer's actuary who signs the financial statement actuarial opinion with respect to valuation of reserves will consider his Rule and any applicable actuarial standards of practice when determining the proper credit in financial statements filed with this Department. The actuary should maintain adequate documentation and be prepared upon request to describe the actuarial work performed for inclusion in the financial statements and to demonstrate that such work conforms to this Rule.

(10 - 1 - 93)

(10-1-93)

**b.** Any increase in surplus net of federal income tax resulting from arrangements described in Subsection 011.03.a. will be identified separately on the insurer's statutory financial statement as a surplus item (aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus in the Capital and Surplus Account line of the Annual Statement) and recognition of the surplus increase as income will be reflected on a net of tax basis in the "Reinsurance ceded" line of the annual statement as earnings emerge from the business reinsured. (10-1-93)

i. For example: On the last day of calendar year N, company XYZ pays a twenty (\$20) million initial commission and expense allowance to company ABC for reinsuring an existing block of business. Assuming a thirty-four percent (34%) tax rate, the net increase in surplus at inception is thirteen point two (\$13.2) million (twenty (\$20) million - six point eight (\$6.8) million) which is reported on the "Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus" line in the Capital and Surplus account. Six point eight (\$6.8) million (thirty-four (34%) of twenty (\$20) million) is reported as income on the "Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance ceded" line of the Summary of Operations. (10-1-93)

ii. At the end of year N+1 the business has earned four (\$4) million. ABC has paid point five (\$.5) million in profit and risk charges in arrears for the year and has received a one million (\$1) million experience refund. Company ABC's annual statement would report one point six five (\$1.65) million (sixty-six percent (66%) of (four (\$4) million - one (\$1) million - point five (\$.5) million) up to a maximum of thirteen point two (\$13.2) million) on the "Commissions and expense allowance on reinsurance ceded" line of the Summary of Operations, and -one point sixty five (\$1.65) million on the "Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus" line of the Capital and Surplus account. The experience refund would be reported separately as a miscellaneous income item in the Summary of Operations. (10-1-93)

# 012. WRITTEN AGREEMENTS.

01. Execution Date. No reinsurance agreement or amendment to any agreement may be used to reduce any liability or to establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the Department, unless the agreement, amendment or a binding letter of intent has been duly executed by both parties no later than the "as of date" of the financial statement. (10-1-93)

**02.** Letter of Intent. In the case of a letter of intent, a reinsurance agreement or an amendment to a reinsurance agreement needs to be executed within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding ninety (90) days from the execution date of the letter of intent, in order for credit to be granted for the reinsurance ceded. (10-1-93)

**03. Requisite Provisions**. The reinsurance agreement will contain provisions that provide that: (10-1-93)

a. The agreement will constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the business being reinsured thereunder and that there are no understandings between the parties other than as expressed in the agreement; and (10-1-93)

**b.** Any change or modification to the agreement will be null and void unless made by amendment to the agreement and signed by both parties. (10-1-93)

# 013. EXISTING AGREEMENTS.

Insurers subject to this rule will not be allowed to recognize any reserve credits or assets established with respect to reinsurance agreements entered into prior to the effective date of this rule which, under the provisions of this rule would not be entitled to recognition of the reserve credits or assets; provided, however, that the reinsurance agreements will have been in compliance with laws or rules in existence immediately preceding the effective date of this rule.

014. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.07 – CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE RULES

	LEGAL AUTHORITY. , Chapter 2, Section 41-211, Idaho Code.	(	)
001.	TITLE AND SCOPE.		

01. Title. IDAPA 18.07.07, "Credit for Reinsurance Rules."

**02.** Scope. The purpose of this rule is to set forth rules and procedural requirements necessary to carry out the Credit for Reinsurance provision, Section 41-515, Idaho Code. The actions and information are in the public interest and for the protection of the ceding insurers in this state.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

Consistent with National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) model regulation 786, the following documents applicable to letters of credit as referenced in Subsections 061.02, 081.05 and 081.06 of this rule, are incorporated by reference. (3-28-18)

01. The Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office, NAIC Securities Valuation Office and NAIC Structured Securities Group, December 31, 2016, edition, as referenced in Subsection 061.02. (3-28-18)

**02.** The Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits of the International Chamber of Commerce (Publication 600 (UCP 600), July 1, 2007, edition, as referenced in Subsection 081.05. (3-28-18)

**03.** The International Standby Practices of the International Chamber of Commerce Publication **590** (ISP98), 1998 edition, as referenced in Subsection 081.06. (3-28-18)

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Beneficiary. When used in trust agreements qualified under this rule, the entity for whose sole benefit the trust has been established and any successor of the beneficiary by operation of law. If a court of law appoints a successor in interest to the named beneficiary, then the named beneficiary includes, and is limited to, the court appointed domiciliary receiver (including conservator, rehabilitator or liquidator). (3-28-18)

02. Grantor. The entity that has established a trust for the sole benefit of the beneficiary. When established in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement, the grantor is the unlicensed, unaccredited assuming insurer. (3-28-18)

**03. Mortgage-Related Security**. Means an obligation that is rated AA or higher (or the equivalent) by a securities rating agency recognized by the securities valuation office of the NAIC and that either; (3-28-18)

**a.** Represents ownership of one (1) or more promissory notes or certificates of interest or participation in the notes (including any rights designed to assure servicing of, or the receipt or timeliness of receipt by the holders of the notes, certificates, or participation of amounts payable under, the notes, certificates or participation), that

(3-28-18)

i. Are directly secured by a first lien on a single parcel of real estate, including stock allocated to a dwelling unit in a residential cooperative housing corporation, upon which is located a dwelling or mixed residential and commercial structure, or on a residential manufactured home as defined in 42 U.S.C.A. Section 5402(6), whether the manufactured home is considered real or personal property under the laws of the state in which it is located; (3-28-18)

ii. Were originated by a savings and loan association, savings bank, commercial bank, credit union, insurance company, or similar institution that is supervised and examined by a federal or state housing authority, or by a mortgagee approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to 12 U.S.C.A. Sections 1709 and 1715-b, or, where the notes involve a lien on the manufactured home, by an institution or by a financial institution approved for insurance by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to 12 U.S.C.A. Section 1703; or (3-28-18)

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**b.** Is secured by one (1) or more promissory notes or certificates of deposit or participations in the notes (with or without recourse to the insurer of the notes) and, by its terms, provides for payments of principal in relation to payments, or reasonable projections of payments, or notes meeting the requirements of Subparagraphs 010.03.a.i. and 010.03.a.ii. (3-28-18)

# **04. Obligation**. (3-28-18)

a. Losses Paid But Not Recovered. Reinsured losses and allocated loss expenses paid by the ceding company, but not recovered from the assuming insurer; (3-28-18)

b.	Reserves for Reinsured Losses Reported and Outstanding;	(3-28-18)
c.	Reserves for Reinsured Losses Incurred But Not Reported; and	(3-28-18)

d. Reserves for Allocated Reinsured Loss Expenses and Unearned Premiums. (3-28-18)

**05. Promissory Note**. When used in connection with a manufactured home, will also include a loan, advance or credit sale as evidenced by a retail installment sales contract or other instrument. (3-28-18)

#### 011. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE – REINSURER LICENSED IN THIS STATE.

Pursuant to Section 41-515(2)(a), Idaho Code, the Director will allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to assuming insurers which were licensed in this State as of statutory financial statement credit for reinsurance is claimed. (3-28-18)

# 012. -- 020. (RESERVED)

# **021.** CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- ACCREDITED REINSURERS.

01. Accredited Reinsurers. Pursuant to Section 41-515(2)(b), Idaho Code, the Director will allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer which is accredited as a reinsurer in this state as of the date on which statutory financial statement credit for reinsurance is claimed. An accredited reinsurer needs to: (3-28-18)

**a.** File with the Department a properly executed form AR-1 as evidence of its submission to this state's jurisdiction and to this state's authority to examine its books and records; ()

**b.** File with the Director a certified copy of a certificate of authority or other acceptable evidence that it is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one (1) state, or in the case of a U.S. branch of an alien assuming insurer is entered through and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one (1) state.

(3-28-18)

**c.** File annually with the director a copy of its annual statement filed with the department of its state of domicile or, in the case of an alien assuming insurer, with the state through which it is entered and in which it is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance, and a copy of its most recent audited financial statement; and (3-28-18)

**d.** Maintain a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) or obtain the affirmative approval of the Director upon a finding that it has adequate financial capacity to meet its reinsurance obligations and is otherwise qualified to assume reinsurance from domestic insurers.

(3-28-18)

**02. Denial of Accreditation**. If the Director determines that the assuming insurer has failed to meet or maintain any of these qualifications, he may upon written notice and hearing, suspend or revoke the accreditation. Credit will not be allowed a domestic ceding insurer under this section with respect to reinsurance ceded after 9/1/97 if the assuming insurer's accreditation has been denied or revoked by the Director, or if the reinsurance was ceded while the assuming insurer's accreditation was under suspension by the Director after notice and hearing. (3-28-18)

#### 022. -- 030. (RESERVED)

# 031. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- REINSURER DOMICILED AND LICENSED IN ANOTHER STATE.

Pursuant to Section 41-515(2)(c), Idaho Code, the Director will allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer which any date on which statutory financial statement credit for reinsurance is claimed: (3-28-18)

01. Applicable Domicile and License. Is domiciled and licensed in (or, in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered through and licensed in) a state which employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance substantially similar to those applicable under Section 41-515, Idaho Code, and this rule;

(3-28-18)

**02. Maintains Surplus**. Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000); and (7-1-96)

**03. Proper AR-1 Form Filed**. Files a properly executed Form AR-1 with the Director as evidence of its submission to this state's authority to examine its books and records. (7-1-96)

04. Provisions. The provisions of this section relating to surplus as regards policyholders will not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding company system. As used in this section, "substantially similar" standards means credit for reinsurance standards which the Director determines equal or exceed the standards of Section 41-515, Idaho Code, and this rule. (3-28-18)

# 032. -- 040. (RESERVED)

#### 041. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- REINSURERS MAINTAINING TRUST FUNDS.

01. Trust Fund. Pursuant to Section 41-515(2)(d), Idaho Code, the Director will allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer that, as of any date on which statutory financial statement credit for reinsurance is claimed, and thereafter for so long as credit for reinsurance is claimed, maintains a trust fund in an amount prescribed below in a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-515(4), Idaho Code, for the payment of the valid claims of its United States domiciled ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest. The assuming insurer will report annually to the Director substantially the same information as that prescribed to be reported on the NAIC annual statement form by licensed insurers, to enable the Director to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund.

02. Requirements. The following requirements apply to the following categories of assuming insurer: (7-1-96)

a. The trust fund for a single assuming insurer will consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States domiciled insurers, and in addition, the assuming insurer will maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000), except as provided for in Paragraph 041.02.b. of this section. (3-28-18)

**b.** At any time after the assuming insurer has permanently discontinued underwriting new business secured by the trust for at least three (3) full years, the Director or commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of the trust may authorize a reduction in the prescribed trusteed surplus, but only after a finding, based on an assessment of the risk, that the new prescribed surplus level is adequate for the protection of U.S. ceding insurers, policyholders and claimants in light of reasonably foreseeable adverse loss development. The risk assessment may involve an actuarial review, including an independent analysis of reserves and cash flow, and will consider all material risk factors, including when applicable the lines of business involved, the stability of the incurred loss estimates and the effect of the surplus requirements on the assuming insurer's liquidity or solvency. The minimum prescribed trusteed surplus cannot be reduced to an amount less than thirty percent (30%) of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by U.S. ceding insurers covered by the trust. ()

c. The trust fund for a group including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters will (3-28-18)

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i. For insurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception, amendment or renewal date on or after January 1, 1993, funds in trust in an amount not less than the respective underwriters' several liabilities attributable to business ceded by U.S. domiciled ceding insurers to any underwriter of the group; (3-28-18)

ii. For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception date on or before December 31, 1992, and not amended or renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other provisions of this rule, funds in trust in an amount not less than the respective underwriters' several insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business written in the United States; and (3-28-18)

iii. In addition to these trusts, the group will maintain a trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) will be held jointly for the benefit of the U.S. domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group for all the years of account. (3-28-18)

**d.** The incorporated members of the group within the scope of Paragraph 041.02.c. of this section will not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and will be subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members. The group will, within ninety (90) days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, provide to the Director: (3-28-18)

i. An annual certification by the group's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member of the group; or (3-28-18)

ii. If a certification is unavailable, a financial statement, prepared by independent public accountants, of each underwriter member of the group. (3-28-18)

e. The trust fund for a group of incorporated insurers under common administration, whose members possess aggregate policyholders surplus of ten billion dollars (\$10,000,000,000) (calculated and reported in substantially the same manner as prescribed by the annual statement instructions and Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual of the NAIC) and that has continuously transacted an insurance business outside the United States for at least three (3) years immediately prior to making application for accreditation, will: (3-28-18)

i. Consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurers' several liabilities attributable to business ceded by U.S. domiciled ceding insurers to any members of the group pursuant to reinsurance contracts issued in the name of such group; (3-28-18)

ii. Maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) will be held jointly for the benefit of U.S. domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group; and (3-28-18)

iii. File a properly executed form AR-1 as evidence of the submission to the Idaho Department of Insurance's authority to examine the books and records of any of its members and will certify that any member examined will bear the expense of any such examination. (3-28-18)

**f.** Within ninety (90) days after the statements are due to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, the group will file with the Director an annual certification of each underwriter member's solvency by the member's domiciliary regulators, and financial statements, prepared by independent public accountants, of each underwriter member of the group. (3-28-18)

# **03.** Acceptable Form.

a. Credit for reinsurance cannot be granted unless the form of the trust and any amendments to the trust have been approved by either the Director or commissioner of the state where the trust is domiciled or the Director or commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, has accepted responsibility for regulatory oversight of the trust. The form of the trust and any trust amendments also will be filed with the Director and commissioner of every state in which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The trust instrument will provide that: (3-28-18)

(3-28-18)

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i. Contested claims will be valid and enforceable out of funds in trust to the extent remaining unsatisfied thirty (30) days after entry of the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States. (7-1-96)

ii. Legal title to the assets of the trust will be vested in the trustee for the benefit of the grantor's United States ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest. (3-28-18)

iii. The trust will be subject to examination as determined by the Director. (7-1-96)

iv. The trust will remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer, or any member or former member of a group of insurers, will have outstanding obligations under reinsurance agreements subject to the trust; and (7-1-96)

v. No later than February 28 of each year the trustees of the trust will report to the Director in writing setting forth the balance in the trust and listing the trust's investments at the preceding year end, and will certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust cannot expire prior to the next following December 31. (7-1-96)

**b.** Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust instrument, if the trust fund is inadequate because it contains an amount less than the amount prescribed by this subsection or if the grantor of the trust has been declared insolvent or placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation or similar proceedings under the laws of its state or country of domicile, the trustee will comply with an order of the Director or commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust or with an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the Director or commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust or other designated receiver all of the assets of the trust fund.

**c.** The assets will be distributed by and claims will be filed with and valued by the Director or commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust in accordance with the laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance companies. (3-28-18)

**d.** If the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust determines that the assets of the trust fund or any part thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the U.S. beneficiaries of the trust, the Director or commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust will return the assets, or any part thereof, to the trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust agreement. (3-28-18)

e. The grantor will waive any right otherwise available to it under U.S. law that is inconsistent with (3-28-18)

04. Liabilities. For purposes of this section, the term "liabilities" will mean the assuming insurer's gross liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by U.S. domiciled insurers excluding liabilities that are otherwise secured by acceptable means, and, will include: (3-28-18)

**a.** For business ceded by domestic insurers authorized to write accident and health, and property and casualty insurance: (3-28-18)

i. Losses and allocated loss expenses paid by the ceding insurer, recoverable from the assuming insurer; (3-28-18)

- ii. Reserves for losses reported and outstanding; (3-28-18)
- iii. Reserves for losses incurred but not reported; (3-28-18)
- iv. Reserves for allocated loss expenses; and (3-28-18)
- v. Unearned premiums. (3-28-18)
- **b.** For business ceded by domestic insurers authorized to write life, health and annuity insurance:

(3-28-18)

deferred	i. I premiun	Aggregate reserves for life policies and contracts net of policy loans and nens:	t due and (3-28-18)
	ii.	Aggregate reserves for accident and health policies;	(3-28-18)
	iii.	Deposit funds and other liabilities without life or disability contingencies; and	(3-28-18)
	iv.	Liabilities for policy and contract claims.	(3-28-18)

**05.** Assets. Assets deposited in trusts established pursuant to Section 41-515(2), Idaho Code, and Section 041 of these rules will be valued according to their current fair market value and will consist only of cash in U.S. dollars, certificates of deposit issued by a U.S. financial institution as defined in Section 41-515(4)(a), Idaho Code, clean, irrevocable, unconditional and "evergreen" letters of credit issued or confirmed by a qualified U.S. financial institution, as defined in Section 41-515(4)(a), Idaho Code, and investments of the type specified in this subsection, but investments in or issued by an entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with either the grantor or beneficiary of the trust cannot exceed five percent (5%) of total investments. No more than twenty percent (20%) of the total of the investments in the trust may be foreign investments authorized under Paragraphs 041.05.a.v., 05.e., 05.e., i. or 05.f. of this rule, and no more than ten percent (10%) of the total of the investments in the trust may be securities denominated in foreign currencies. For purposes of applying the preceding sentence, a depository receipt denominated in U.S. dollars and representing rights conferred by a foreign security will be classified as a foreign investment denominated in a foreign currency. The assets of a trust established to satisfy the requirements of Section 41-515(2), Idaho Code, will be invested only as follows: (3-28-18)

a. Government obligations that are not in default as to principal or interest, that are valid and legally authorized and that are issued, assumed or guaranteed by: (3-28-18)

i.	The United States or by any agency or instrumentality of the United States;	(3-28-18)

ii.	A state of the United States;	(3-28-18)	
11.	T state of the office states,	(5 26 16)	

iii. A territory, possession or other governmental unit of the United States; (3-28-18)

iv. An agency or instrumentality of a governmental unit referred to in Subparagraphs 041.05.a.ii. and 041.05.a.iii. if the obligations will be by law (statutory or otherwise) payable, as to both principal and interest, from taxes levied or by law needed to be levied or from adequate special revenues pledged or otherwise appropriated or by law needed to be provided for making these payments, but cannot be obligations eligible for investment under this paragraph if payable solely out of special assessments on properties benefited by local improvements; or ()

v. The government of any other country that is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development and whose government obligations are rated A or higher, or the equivalent, by a rating agency recognized by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC. (3-28-18)

**b.** Obligations that are issued in the United States, or that are dollar denominated and issued in a non-U.S. market, by a solvent U.S. institution (other than an insurance company) or that are assumed or guaranteed by a solvent U.S. institution (other than an insurance company) and that are not in default as to principal or interest if the obligations: (3-28-18)

i. Are rated A or higher (or the equivalent) by a securities rating agency recognized by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC, or if not so rated, are similar in structure and other material respects to other obligations of the same institution that are so rated; (3-28-18)

ii. Are insured by at least one (1) authorized insurer (other than the investing insurer or a parent, subsidiary or affiliate of the investing insurer) licensed to insure obligations in this state and, after considering the insurance, are rated AAA (or the equivalent) by a securities rating agency recognized by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC; or (3-28-18)

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iii. Have been designated as Class One or Class Two by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC. (3-28-18)

**c.** Obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by a solvent non-U.S. institution chartered in a country that is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development or obligations of U.S. corporations issued in a non-U.S. currency, provided that in either case the obligations are rated A or higher, or the equivalent, by a rating agency recognized by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC. (3-28-18)

**d.** An investment made pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 041.05.a., 041.05.b., or 041.05.c. of this subsection will be subject to the following additional limitations: (3-28-18)

i. An investment in or loan upon the obligations of an institution other than an institution that issues mortgage-related securities cannot exceed five percent (5%) of the assets of the trust; (3-28-18)

ii. An investment in any one mortgage-related security cannot exceed five percent (5%) of the assets (3-28-18)

iii. The aggregate total investment in mortgage-related securities cannot exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the assets of the trust; and (3-28-18)

iv. Preferred or guaranteed shares issued or guaranteed by a solvent U.S. institution are permissible investments if all of the institution's obligations are eligible as investments under Subparagraphs 041.05.b.i. and 05.b.iii. of this subsection, but cannot exceed two percent (2%) of the assets of the trust. (3-28-18)

e. Equity interests:

i. Investments in common shares or partnership interests of a solvent U.S. institution are permissible (3-28-18)

(1) Its obligations and preferred shares, if any, are eligible as investments under Paragraph 041.05.e.; (3-28-18)

(2) The equity interests of the institution (except an insurance company) are registered on a national securities exchange as provided in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. Sections 78a to 78kk or otherwise registered pursuant to that act, and if otherwise registered, price quotations for them are furnished through a nationwide automated quotations system approved by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or successor organization. A trust cannot invest in equity interests under Paragraph 041.05.e. an amount exceeding one percent (1%) of the assets of the trust even though the equity interests are not so registered and are not issued by an insurance company; (3-28-18)

ii. Investments in common shares of a solvent institution organized under the laws of a country that is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, if: (3-28-18)

(1) All its obligations are rated A or higher, or the equivalent, by a rating agency recognized by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC; and (3-28-18)

(2) The equity interests of the institution are registered on a securities exchange regulated by the government of a country that is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

(3-28-18)

(3-28-18)

iii. An investment in or loan upon any one institution's outstanding equity interests cannot exceed one percent (1%) of the assets of the trust. The cost of an investment in equity interests made pursuant to Paragraph 041.05.e., when added to the aggregate cost of other investments in equity interests then held pursuant to Paragraph 041.05.e., cannot exceed ten percent (10%) of the assets in the trust. (3-28-18)

f. Obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by a multinational development bank, provided the

if:

obligations are rated A or higher, or the equivalent, by a rating agency recognized by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC. (3-28-18)

**g.** Investment companies:

i. Securities of an investment company registered pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. Section 80a, are permissible investments if the investment company: (3-28-18)

(1) Invests at least ninety percent (90%) of its assets in the types of securities that qualify as an investment under Paragraph 041.05.a., 041.05.b., or 041.05.c. of this subsection or invests in securities that are determined by the Director to be substantively similar to the types of securities set forth in Paragraph 041.05.a., 041.05.b., or 041.05.c. of this subsection; or (3-28-18)

(2) Invests at least ninety percent (90%) of its assets in the types of equity interests that qualify as an investment under Subparagraph 041.05.e.i. of this subsection; (3-28-18)

ii. Investments made by a trust in investment companies under Paragraph 041.05.e. cannot exceed the following limitations: (3-28-18)

(1) An investment in an investment company qualifying under Subparagraph 041.05.g.i.(1) of this subsection, cannot exceed ten percent (10%) of the assets in the trust and the aggregate amount of investment in qualifying investment companies cannot exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the assets in the trust; and (3-28-18)

(2) Investments in an investment company qualifying under Subparagraph 041.05.g.i.(2) of this subsection, cannot exceed five percent (5%) of the assets in the trust and the aggregate amount of investment in qualifying investment companies will be included when calculating the permissible aggregate value of equity interests pursuant to Subparagraph 041.05.e.i. of this subsection. (3-28-18)

**h.** Letters of Credit:

(3-28-18)

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(3-28-18)

i. In order for a letter of credit to qualify as an asset of the trust, the trustee will have the right and the obligation pursuant to the deed of trust or some other binding agreement (as duly approved by the Director), to immediately draw down the full amount of the letter of credit and hold the proceeds in trust for the beneficiaries of the trust if the letter of credit will otherwise expire without being renewed or replaced. (3-28-18)

ii. The trust agreement will provide that the trustee will be liable for its negligence, willful misconduct or lack of good faith. The failure of the trustee to draw against the letter of credit in circumstances where such draw would be necessary is considered negligence or willful misconduct, or both. ()

06. Security by an Unauthorized Assuming Insurer. A specific security provided to a ceding insurer by an assuming insurer pursuant to Section 051 will be applied, until exhausted, to the payment of liabilities of the assuming insurer to the ceding insurer holding the specific security prior to, and as a condition precedent for, presentation of a claim by the ceding insurer for payment by a trustee of a trust established by the assuming insurer pursuant to this section. (3-28-18)

# 042. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE – CERTIFIED REINSURERS.

# 01. Certification and Security.

**a.** Pursuant to Section 41-515(2)(e), Idaho Code, the Director will allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer that has been certified as a reinsurer in this state at all times for which statutory financial statement credit for reinsurance is claimed under Section 042 of this rule. The credit allowed will be based upon the security held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer in accordance with a rating assigned to the certified reinsurer by the Director. The security will be in a form consistent with the provisions of Section 41-515(2)(e) and (3), Idaho Code, and Sections 071, 081, or 091 of this rule the amount of security necessary in order for full credit to be allowed will correspond with the following requirements:

Rating	Security Requisite
Secure - 1	0%
Secure - 2	10%
Secure - 3	20%
Secure - 4	50%
Secure - 5	75%
Vulnerable - 6	100%

( )

**b.** Affiliated reinsurance transactions will receive the same opportunity for reduced security requirements as all other reinsurance transactions. (3-28-18)

c. The Director will require the certified reinsurer to post one hundred percent (100%), for the benefit of the ceding insurer or its estate, security upon the entry of an order of rehabilitation, liquidation or conservation against the ceding insurer. (3-28-18)

**d.** In order to facilitate the prompt payment of claims, a certified reinsurer cannot be prescribed to post security for catastrophe recoverables for a period of one (1) year from the date of the first instance of a liability reserve entry by the ceding company as a result of a loss from a catastrophic occurrence as recognized by the Director. The one (1) year deferral period is contingent upon the certified reinsurer continuing to pay claims in a timely manner. Reinsurance recoverables for only the following lines of business as reported on the NAIC annual financial statement related specifically to the catastrophic occurrence will be included in the deferral: ()

i.	Line 1: Fire.	(3-28-18)
ii.	Line 2: Allied Lines.	(3-28-18)
iii.	Line 3: Farm owners multiple peril.	(3-28-18)
iv.	Line 4: Homeowners multiple peril.	(3-28-18)
v.	Line 5: Commercial multiple peril.	(3-28-18)
vi.	Line 9: Inland Marine.	(3-28-18)
vii.	Line 12: Earthquake.	(3-28-18)
viii.	Line 21: Auto physical damage.	(3-28-18)

e. Credit for reinsurance under Section 042 will apply only to reinsurance contracts entered into or renewed on or after the effective date of the certification of the assuming insurer. Any reinsurance contract entered into prior to the effective date of the certification of the assuming insurer that is subsequently amended after the effective date of the certification of the assuming insurer contract, covering any risk for which collateral was provided previously, will only be subject to Section 042 with respect to losses incurred and reserves reported from and after the effective date of the amendment or new contract. (3-28-18)

**f.** Nothing in this section will prohibit the parties to a reinsurance agreement from agreeing to provisions establishing security requirements that exceed the minimum security requirements established for certified reinsurers under Section 042. (3-28-18)

02.	Certification procedure:	(3	3-2	2
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(3-28-18)

a. The Director will post notice on the Department's website promptly upon receipt of any application for certification, including instructions on how members of the public may respond to the application. The Director cannot take final action on the application until at least thirty (30) days after posting the notice prescribed by Paragraph 042.02.a.

**b.** The Director will issue written notice to an assuming insurer that has made application and been approved as a certified reinsurer. Included in such notice will be the rating assigned the certified reinsurer in accordance with Subsection 042.01. The Director will publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings . (3-28-18)

c. In order to be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer will meet the following requirements: (3-28-18)

i. The assuming insurer needs to be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in a qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the Director pursuant to Subsection 042.03.

ii. The assuming insurer needs to maintain capital and surplus, or its equivalent, of no less than two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) calculated in accordance with Subparagraph 042.02.d.viii. of this section. This requirement may also be satisfied by an association including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters having minimum capital and surplus equivalents (net of liabilities) of at least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) and a central fund containing a balance of at least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000).

iii. The assuming insurer needs to maintain financial strength ratings from two (2) or more rating agencies deemed acceptable by the Director. These ratings will be based on interactive communication between the rating agency and the assuming insurer and cannot be based solely on publicly available information. These financial strength ratings will be one (1) factor used by the Director in determining the rating that is assigned to the assuming insurer. Acceptable rating agencies include the following:

(1)	Standard & Poor's;	(3-28-18)
(2)	Moody's Investors Service;	(3-28-18)
(3)	Fitch Ratings:	(3-28-18)

(4) A.M. Best Company; or (3-28-18)

(5) Any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization. (3-28-18)

iv. The certified reinsurer needs to comply with any other requirements reasonably imposed by the Director.

**d.** Each certified reinsurer will be rated on a legal entity basis, with due consideration being given to the group rating where appropriate, except that an association including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters that has been approved to do business as a single certified reinsurer may be evaluated on the basis of its group rating. Factors that may be considered as part of the evaluation process include, but are not limited to, the following: (3-28-18)

i. The certified reinsurer's financial strength rating from an acceptable rating agency. The maximum rating that a certified reinsurer may be assigned will correspond to its financial strength rating as outlined in the table below. The Director will use the lowest financial strength rating received from an approved rating agency in establishing the maximum rating of a certified reinsurer. A failure to obtain or maintain at least two (2) financial strength ratings from acceptable rating agencies will result in loss of eligibility for certification:

Rating	Best	S&P	Moody's	Fitch
Secure - 1	A++	AAA	Aaa	AAA
Secure - 2	A+	AA+, AA, AA-	Aa1, Aa2, Aa3	AA+, AA, AA-
Secure - 3	A	A+, A	A1, A2	A+, A
Secure - 4	A-	A-	A3	A-
Secure - 5	B++, B+	BBB+, BBB, BBB-	Baa1, Baa2, Baa3	BBB+, BBB, BBB-
Vulnerable - 6	B, B-, C++, C+, C, C-, D, E, F	BB+, BB, BB-, B+, B, B-, CCC, CC, C, D, R	Ba1, Ba2, Ba3, B1, B2, B3, Caa, Ca, C	BB+, BB, BB-, B+, B, B-, CCC+, CC, CCC-, DD

(3-28-18)

ii. The business practices of the certified reinsurer in dealing with its ceding insurers, including its record of compliance with reinsurance contractual terms and obligations; (3-28-18)

iii. For certified reinsurers domiciled in the U.S., a review of the most recent applicable NAIC Annual Statement Blank, either Schedule F (for property/casualty reinsurers) or Schedule S (for life and health reinsurers); (3-28-18)

iv. For certified reinsurers not domiciled in the U.S., a review annually of Form CR-F (for property/ casualty reinsurers) or Form CR-S (for life and health reinsurers); ()

v. The reputation of the certified reinsurer for prompt payment of claims under reinsurance agreements, based on an analysis of ceding insurers' Schedule F reporting of overdue reinsurance recoverables, including the proportion of obligations that are more than ninety (90) days past due or are in dispute, with specific attention given to obligations payable to companies that are in administrative supervision or receivership; (3-28-18)

vi. Regulatory actions against the certified reinsurer;

vii. The report of the independent auditor on the financial statements of the insurance enterprise, on the basis described in following Subparagraph 042.02.d.viii.; (3-28-18)

viii. For certified reinsurers not domiciled in the U.S., audited financial statements (audited U.S. GAAP basis if available, audited IFRS basis statements are allowed but needs to include an audited footnote reconciling equity and net income to a U.S. GAAP basis, or with the permission of the state insurance director, audited IFRS statements with reconciliation to U.S. GAAP certified by an officer of the company), regulatory filings, and actuarial opinion (as filed with the non-U.S. jurisdiction supervisor). Upon the initial application for certification, the Director will consider audited financial statements for the last three (3) years filed with its non U.S. jurisdiction supervisor;

)

(3-28-18)

ix. The liquidation priority of obligations to a ceding insurer in the certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction in the context of an insolvency proceeding; (3-28-18)

x. A certified reinsurer's participation in any solvent scheme of arrangement, or similar procedure, which involves U.S. ceding insurers. The Director will receive prior notice from a certified reinsurer that proposes participation by the certified reinsurer in a solvent scheme of arrangement; and (3-28-18)

xi. Any other information deemed relevant by the Director. (3-28-18)

e. Based on the analysis conducted under Subparagraph 042.02.d.v. of a certified reinsurer's reputation for prompt payment of claims, the Director may make appropriate adjustments in the security the certified reinsurer is needed to post to protect its liabilities to U.S. ceding insurers, provided that the Director will, at a

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minimum, increase the security the certified reinsurer is needed to post by one rating level under Subparagraph 042.02.d.i. if the Director finds that:

i. More than fifteen percent (15%) of the certified reinsurer's ceding insurance clients have overdue reinsurance recoverables on paid losses of ninety (90) days or more that are not in dispute and that exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for each cedent; or (3-28-18)

ii. The aggregate amount of reinsurance recoverables on paid losses that are not in dispute that are overdue by ninety (90) days or more exceeds fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000). (3-28-18)

f. The assuming insurer needs to submit a properly executed form CR-1 as evidence of its submission to the jurisdiction of this state, appointment of the Director as an agent for service of process in this state, and agreement to provide security for one hundred percent (100%) of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by U.S. ceding insurers if it resists enforcement of a final U.S. judgment. The Director will not certify any assuming insurer that is domiciled in a jurisdiction that the Director has determined does not adequately and promptly enforce final U.S. judgments or arbitration awards.

**g.** The certified reinsurer needs to agree to meet applicable information filing requirements as determined by the Director, both with respect to an initial application for certification and on an ongoing basis. All information submitted by certified reinsurers that is not otherwise public information subject to disclosure will be exempted from disclosure under Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code, and will be withheld from public disclosure. The applicable information filing requirements are, as follows: ()

i. Notification within ten (10) days of any regulatory actions taken against the certified reinsurer, any change in the provisions of its domiciliary license or any change in rating by an approved rating agency, including a statement describing such changes and the reasons therefor; (3-28-18)

ii. Annually, Form CR-F or CR-S, as applicable per instructions adopted by the Department.

(3-28-18)

iii. Annually, the report of the independent auditor on the financial statements of the insurance enterprise, on the basis described in following Subparagraph 042.02.g.iv.; (3-28-18)

iv. Annually, audited financial statements (audited U.S. GAAP basis if available, audited IFRS basis statements are allowed but needs to include an audited footnote reconciling equity and net income to a U.S. GAAP basis, or, with the permission of the Director, audited IFRS statements with reconciliation to U.S. GAAP certified by an officer of the company), regulatory filings, and actuarial opinion (as filed with the certified reinsurer's supervisor). Upon the initial certification, audited financial statements for the last three (3) years filed with the certified reinsurer's supervisor;

v. At least annually, an updated list of all disputed and overdue reinsurance claims regarding reinsurance assumed from U.S. domestic ceding insurers; (3-28-18)

vi. A certification from the certified reinsurer's domestic regulator that the certified reinsurer is in good standing and maintains capital in excess of the jurisdiction's highest regulatory action level; and (3-28-18)

vii. Any other information that the Director may reasonably require. (3-28-18)

h. Change in Rating or Revocation of Certification. (3-28-18)

i. In the case of a downgrade by a rating agency or other disqualifying circumstance, the Director will upon written notice assign a new rating to the certified reinsurer in accordance with the requirements of Subparagraph 042.02.d.i. (3-28-18)

ii. The Director will have the authority to suspend, revoke, or otherwise modify a certified reinsurer's certification at any time if the certified reinsurer fails to meet its obligations or security requirements under this section, or if other financial or operating results of the certified reinsurer, or documented significant delays in

payment by the certified reinsurer, lead the Director to reconsider the certified reinsurer's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations. (3-28-18)

iii. If the rating of a certified reinsurer is upgraded by the Director, the certified reinsurer may meet the security requirements applicable to its new rating on a prospective basis, but the Director will require the certified reinsurer to post security under the previously applicable security requirements as to all contracts in force on or before the effective date of the upgraded rating. If the rating of a certified reinsurer is downgraded by the Director, the Director will require the certified reinsurer to meet the security requirements applicable to its new rating for all business it has assumed as a certified reinsurer. (3-28-18)

iv. Upon revocation of the certification of a certified reinsurer by the Director, the assuming insurer will be needed to post security in accordance with Section 061 of this rule in order for the ceding insurer to continue to take credit for reinsurance ceded to the assuming insurer. If funds continue to be held in trust in accordance with Section 041 of this rule, the Director may allow additional credit equal to the ceding insurer's pro rata share of such funds, discounted to reflect the risk of uncollectibility and anticipated expenses of trust administration. Notwithstanding the change of a certified reinsurer's rating or revocation of its certification, a domestic insurer that has ceded reinsurance to that certified reinsurer, unless the reinsurance is found by the Director to be at high risk of uncollectibility.

#### **03.** Qualified Jurisdictions.

a. If, upon conducting an evaluation under Section 042 of this rule with respect to the reinsurance supervisory system of any non-U.S. assuming insurer, the Director determines that the jurisdiction qualifies to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the Director will publish notice and evidence of such recognition in an appropriate manner. The Director may establish a procedure to withdraw recognition of those jurisdictions that are no longer qualified. (3-28-18)

**b.** In order to determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction of a non-U.S. assuming insurer is eligible to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the Director will evaluate the reinsurance supervisory system of the non-U.S. jurisdiction, both initially and on an ongoing basis, and consider the rights, benefits and the extent of reciprocal recognition afforded by the non-U.S. jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed and domiciled in the U.S. The Director will determine the appropriate approach for evaluating the qualifications of such jurisdictions, and create and publish a list of jurisdictions whose reinsurers may be approved by the Director as eligible for certification. A qualified jurisdiction needs to agree to share information and cooperate with the Director with respect to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that jurisdiction. Additional factors to be considered in determining whether to recognize a qualified jurisdiction, in the discretion of the Director, include, but are not limited to, the following: ()

i. The framework under which the assuming insurer is regulated. (3-28-18)

ii. The structure and authority of the domiciliary regulator with regard to solvency regulation requirements and financial surveillance. (3-28-18)

iii. The substance of financial and operating standards for assuming insurers in the domiciliary (3-28-18)

iv. The form and substance of financial reports needed to be filed or made publicly available by reinsurers in the domiciliary jurisdiction and the accounting principles used.

v. The domiciliary regulator's willingness to cooperate with U.S. regulators in general and the Director in particular. (3-28-18)

vi. The history of performance by assuming insurers in the domiciliary jurisdiction. (3-28-18)

vii. Any documented evidence of substantial problems with the enforcement of final U.S. judgments in the domiciliary jurisdiction. A jurisdiction will not be considered to be a qualified jurisdiction if the Director has determined that it does not adequately and promptly enforce final U.S. judgments or arbitration awards. (3-28-18)

(3-28-18)

viii. Any relevant international standards or guidance with respect to mutual recognition of reinsurance supervision adopted by the International Association of Insurance Supervisors or successor organization. (3-28-18)

ix. Any other matters deemed relevant by the Director. (3-28-18)

c. A list of qualified jurisdictions will be published through the NAIC committee process. The Director will consider this list in determining qualified jurisdictions. If the Director approves a jurisdiction as qualified that does not appear on the list of qualified jurisdictions, the Director will provide thoroughly documented justification with respect to the criteria provided under Subparagraphs 042.03.b.i. through 042.03.b.ix. of this subsection. (3-28-18)

**d.** U.S. jurisdictions that meet the requirements for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program will be recognized as qualified jurisdictions. (3-28-18)

# 04. Recognition of Certification Issued by an NAIC Accredited Jurisdiction. (3-28-18)

**a.** If an applicant for certification has been certified as a reinsurer in an NAIC accredited jurisdiction, the Director has the discretion to defer to that jurisdiction's certification, and to defer to the rating assigned by that jurisdiction, if the assuming insurer submits a properly executed Form CR-1 and such additional information as the Director requires. The assuming insurer will be considered to be a certified reinsurer in this State. (3-28-18)

**b.** Any change in the certified reinsurer's status or rating in the other jurisdiction will apply automatically in this State as of the date it takes effect in the other jurisdiction. The certified reinsurer will notify the Director of any change in its status or rating within ten (10) days after receiving notice of the change. (3-28-18)

**c.** The Director may withdraw recognition of the other jurisdiction's rating at any time and assign a new rating in accordance with Paragraph 042.02.h. of this subsection. (3-28-18)

**d.** The Director may withdraw recognition of the other jurisdiction's certification at any time, with written notice to the certified reinsurer. Unless the Director suspends or revokes the certified reinsurer's certification in accordance with Paragraph 042.02.h., the certified reinsurer's certification will remain in good standing in this State for a period of three (3) months, which will be extended if additional time is necessary to consider the assuming insurer's application for certification in this State. (3-28-18)

05. Mandatory Funding Clause. In addition to the clauses prescribed under Section 101 of this rule, reinsurance contracts entered into or renewed under this section will include a proper funding clause, which requires the certified reinsurer to provide and maintain security in an amount sufficient to avoid the imposition of any financial statement penalty on the ceding insurer under this section for reinsurance ceded to the certified reinsurer.

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**06.** Notification Requirements. The Director will comply with all reporting and notification requirements that may be established by the NAIC with respect to certified reinsurers and qualified jurisdictions.

(3-28-18)

# 043. -- 050. (RESERVED)

# 051. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE REQUISITE BY LAW.

Pursuant to Section 41-515(2)(f), Idaho Code, the Director will allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of Section 41-515(2)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e), Idaho Code, but only with respect to the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions where such reinsurance is prescribed by the applicable law or regulation of that jurisdiction. As used in this section, "jurisdiction" means any state, district or territory of the United States and any lawful national government. ()

052. -- 060. (RESERVED)

# 061. ASSET OR REDUCTION FROM LIABILITY FOR REINSURANCE CEDED TO AN UNAUTHORIZED ASSUMING INSURER NOT MEETING THE REQUIREMENT OF SECTIONS 011, 021, 031, 041, 042, AND 051.

Pursuant to Section 41-515(3), Idaho Code, the Director will allow a reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of Section 41-515(2), Idaho Code, in an amount not exceeding the liabilities carried by the ceding insurer. The reduction will be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer, including funds held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the ceding insurer, under a reinsurance contract with such assuming insurer as security for the payment of obligations under the reinsurance contract. The security will be held in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and under the exclusive control of, the ceding insurer or, in the case of a trust, held in a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-515(4)(b), Idaho Code. This security may be in the form of any of the following: (3-28-18)

#### 01. Cash.

(7-1-96)

02. Securities. Securities listed by the Securities Valuation Office of the NAIC, including those deemed exempt from filing as defined by the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office NAIC Securities Valuation Office and NAIC Structured Securities Group, and qualifying as admitted assets; (3-28-18)

03. Letters of Credit. Clean, irrevocable, unconditional and "evergreen" letters of credit issued or confirmed by a qualified United States institution, as defined in Section 41-515(4)(a), Idaho Code, effective no later than December 31 of the year for which filing is being made, and in the possession of, or in trust for, the ceding insurer on or before the filing date of its annual statement. Letters of credit meeting applicable standards of issuer acceptability as of the dates of their issuance (or confirmation) will, notwithstanding the issuing (or confirming) institution's subsequent failure to meet applicable standards of issuer acceptability, continue to be acceptable as security until their expiration, extension, renewal, modification or amendment, whichever first occurs; or (3-28-18)

04. Other. Any Other Form of Security Acceptable to the Director. (3-28-18)

**05.** Other Provisions Applicable. An admitted asset or a reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded to an unauthorized assuming insurer pursuant to Section 061 will be allowed only when the requirements of Section 101 and the applicable portions of Sections 074, 075, 076, 081, and 091 of this rule are met. (3-28-18)

# 062. -- 070. (RESERVED)

# 071. TRUST AGREEMENTS QUALIFIED UNDER IDAPA 18.07.08.061.

Sections 074, 075, and 076 apply to trust agreements qualified under Section 061. (3-28-18)

# 072. -- 073. (RESERVED)

# 074. REQUISITE CONDITIONS.

01. Who Will Enter the Agreement. The trust agreement will be entered into between the beneficiary, the grantor and a trustee which will be a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-515(4)(b), Idaho Code. (3-28-18)

02. Trust Account. The trust agreement will create a trust account into which assets will be deposited. (7-1-99)

03. Who Will Hold Assets in Trust Account. All assets in the trust account will be held by the trustee at the trustee's office in the United States. (3-28-18)

**04. Provisions of Trust Agreement**. The Trust Agreement will provide that: (7-1-99)

**a.** The beneficiary will have the right to withdraw assets from the trust account at any time, without notice to the grantor, subject only to written notice from the beneficiary to the trustee; (7-1-96)

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**b.** No other statement or document is prescribed to be presented to withdraw assets, except that the beneficiary may be prescribed to acknowledge receipt of withdrawn assets; ()

c. It is not subject to any conditions or qualifications outside of the trust agreement; and (7-1-96)

**d.** It cannot contain references to any other agreements or documents except as provided for under Subsections 074.11 and 074.12. (3-28-18)

**05.** Sole Benefit of Beneficiary. The Trust Agreement will be established for the sole benefit of the beneficiary. (7-1-99)

**06. Requisites of Trustee**. The Trust Agreement will require the trustee to: (7-1-99)

**a.** Receive assets and hold all assets in a safe place; (7-1-96)

**b.** Determine that all assets are in such form that the beneficiary, or the trustee upon direction by the beneficiary, may whenever necessary negotiate any such assets, without consent or signature from the grantor or any other person or entity; (7-1-96)

**c.** Furnish to the grantor and the beneficiary a statement of all assets in the trust account upon its inception and at intervals no less frequent than the end of each calendar quarter; (7-1-96)

**d.** Notify the grantor and the beneficiary within ten (10) days, of any deposits to or withdrawals from the trust account; (7-1-96)

e. Upon written demand of the beneficiary, immediately take any and all steps necessary to transfer absolutely and unequivocally all right, title and interest in the assets held in the trust account to the beneficiary and deliver physical custody of the assets to the beneficiary; and (7-1-96)

f. Allow no substitutions or withdrawals of assets from the trust account, except on written instructions from the beneficiary, except that the trustee may, without the consent of but with notice to the beneficiary, upon call or maturity of any trust asset, withdraw such asset upon condition that the proceeds are paid into the trust account. (7-1-96)

**07.** Written Notification of Termination. The trust agreement will provide that at least thirty (30) days, but not more than forty-five (45) days, prior to termination of the trust account, written notification of termination will be delivered by the trustee to the beneficiary. (7-1-99)

**08.** Subject to Laws of State in Which Trust is Established. The trust agreement will be made subject to and governed by the laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled. (3-28-18)

**09. Prohibit Invasion of Trust Corpus**. The trust agreement will prohibit invasion of the trust corpus for the purpose of paying compensation to, or reimbursing the expenses of, the trustee. In order for a letter of credit to qualify as an asset of the trust, the trustee will have the right and the obligation pursuant to the deed of trust or some other binding agreement (as duly approved by the Director), to immediately draw down the full amount of the letter of credit and hold the proceeds in trust for the beneficiaries of the trust if the letter of credit will otherwise expire without being renewed or replaced. (3-28-18)

10. Trustee Will Be Liable. The trust agreement will provide that the trustee will be liable for its own negligence, willful misconduct or lack of good faith. The failure of the trustee to draw against the letter of credit in circumstances where such draw would be necessary to be deemed to be considered negligence or willful misconduct, or both.

11. Purposes for Applying Amounts Drawn Upon Trust Account. When a trust agreement is established in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement covering risks other than life, annuities and accident and health, where it is customary practice to provide a trust agreement for a specific purpose, the trust agreement may, provide that the ceding insurer will undertake to use and apply amounts drawn upon the trust account, without

diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding insurer or the assuming insurer, only for the following purposes:

a. To pay or reimburse the ceding insurer for the assuming insurer's share under the specific reinsurance agreement regarding any losses and allocated loss expenses paid by the ceding insurer, but not recovered from the assuming insurer, or for unearned premiums due to the ceding insurer if not otherwise paid by the assuming insurer; (7-1-96)

**b.** To make payment to the assuming insurer of any amounts held in the trust account that exceed one hundred two percent (102%) of the actual amount needed to fund the assuming insurer's obligations under the specific reinsurance agreement; or ()

c. Where the ceding insurer has received notification of termination of the trust account and where the assuming insurer's entire obligations under the specific reinsurance agreement remain unliquidated and undischarged ten (10) days prior to the termination date, to withdraw amounts equal to the obligations and deposit those amounts in a separate account, in the name of the ceding insurer in any qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-515(4)(b), Idaho Code, apart from its general assets, in trust for such uses and purposes specified in Subsections 074.11.a. and 074.11.b. as may remain executory after such withdrawal and for any period after the termination date. (3-28-18)

12. Reinsurance Agreement Provisions. When a trust agreement is established to meet the requirements of Section 061 in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement covering life, annuities or accident and health risks, where it is customary to provide a trust agreement for a specific purpose, the trust agreement may provide that the ceding insurer will undertake to use and apply amounts drawn upon the trust account, without diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding insurer or the assuming insurer, only for the following purposes;

)

i. The assuming insurer's share under the specific reinsurance agreement of premiums returned, but not yet recovered from the assuming insurer, to the owners of policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement on account of cancellations of the policies; and (3-28-18)

ii. The assuming insurer's share under the specific reinsurance agreement of surrenders and benefits or losses paid by the ceding insurer, but not yet recovered from the assuming insurer, under the terms and provisions of the policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement; (3-28-18)

**b.** To pay to the assuming insurer amounts held in the trust account in excess of the amount necessary to secure the credit or reduction from liability for reinsurance taken by the ceding insurer; or (3-28-18)

**c.** Where the ceding insurer has received notification of termination of the trust and where the assuming insurer's entire obligations under the specific reinsurance agreement remain unliquidated and undischarged ten (10) days prior to the termination date, to withdraw amounts equal to the assuming insurer's share of liabilities, to the extent that the liabilities have not yet been funded by the assuming insurer, and deposit those amounts in a separate account, in the name of the ceding insurer in any qualified U.S. financial institution apart from its general assets, in trust for the uses and purposes specified in Paragraphs 074.12.a. and 074.12.b. of this Subsection as may remain executory after withdrawal and for any period after the termination date. (3-28-18)

13. Trust Account Assets. Either the reinsurance agreement or the trust agreement needs to stipulate that assets deposited in the trust account will be valued according to their current fair market value and will consist only of cash in United States dollars, certificates of deposit issued by a United States bank and payable in United States dollars, and investments permitted by the Insurance Code or any combination of the above, provided investments in or issued by an entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with either the grantor or the beneficiary of the trust cannot exceed five percent (5%) of total investments. The agreement may further specify the types of investments to be deposited. If the reinsurance agreement covers life, annuities or accident and health risks, then the provisions prescribed by this paragraph needs to be included in the reinsurance agreement. ()

a.

#### 075. PERMITTED CONDITIONS.

01. Resignation of Trustee. The trust agreement may provide that the trustee may resign upon delivery of a written notice of resignation, effective not less than ninety (90) days after receipt by the beneficiary and grantor of the notice and that the trustee may be removed by the grantor by delivery to the trustee and the beneficiary of a written notice of removal, effective not less than ninety (90) days after receipt by the trustee and the beneficiary of the notice, provided that no such resignation or removal will be effective until a successor trustee has been duly appointed and approved by the beneficiary and the grantor and all assets in the trust have been duly transferred to the new trustee. (7-1-99)

**02. Grantor's Rights**. The grantor may have the full and unqualified right to vote any shares of stock in the trust account and to receive from time to time payments of any dividends or interest upon any shares of stock or obligations included in the trust account. Any such interest or dividends will be either forwarded promptly upon receipt to the grantor or deposited in a separate account established in the grantor's name. (7-1-99)

03. Trustee's Authority to Invest. The trustee may be given authority to invest, and accept substitutions of, any funds in the account, provided that no investment or substitution will be made without prior approval of the beneficiary, unless the trust agreement specifies categories of investments acceptable to the beneficiary and authorizes the trustee to invest funds and to accept substitutions which the trustee determines are at least equal in current fair market value to the assets withdrawn and that are consistent with the restrictions in Paragraph 076.01.b. (3-28-18)

04. Transfer of Assets. The trust agreement may provide that the beneficiary may at any time designate a party to which all or part of the trust assets are to be transferred. Such transfer may be conditioned upon the trustee receiving, prior to or simultaneously, other specified assets. (7-1-99)

**05.** Termination of Trust Account. The trust agreement may provide that, upon termination of the trust account, all assets not previously withdrawn by the beneficiary will, with written approval by the beneficiary, be delivered over to the grantor. (7-1-99)

# 076. ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO REINSURANCE AGREEMENTS.

**01. Reinsurance Agreement**. A reinsurance agreement may contain provisions that: (3-28-18)

a. Require the assuming insurer to enter into a trust agreement and to establish a trust account for the benefit of the ceding insurer, and specifying what the agreement is to cover; (7-1-96)

**b.** Require the assuming insurer, prior to depositing assets with the trustee, to execute assignments or endorsements in blank, or to transfer legal title to the trustee of all shares, obligations or any other assets requiring assignments, in order that the ceding insurer, or the trustee upon the direction of the ceding insurer, may whenever necessary negotiate these assets without consent or signature from the assuming insurer or any other entity; (7-1-96)

c. Require that all settlements of account between the ceding insurer and the assuming insurer be made in cash or its equivalent; and (7-1-96)

**d.** Stipulate that the assuming insurer and the ceding insurer agree that the assets in the trust account, established pursuant to the provisions of the reinsurance agreement, may be withdrawn by the ceding insurer at any time, notwithstanding any other provisions in the reinsurance agreement, and will be utilized and applied by the ceding insurer or its successors in interest by operation of law, including without limitation any liquidator, rehabilitator, receiver or conservator of such company, without diminution because of insolvency on the part of the ceding insurer or the assuming insurer, only for the following purposes: (7-1-96)

i. To pay or reimburse the ceding insurer for: (3-28-18)

(1) The assuming insurer's share under the specific reinsurance agreement of premiums returned, but not yet recovered from the assuming insurer, to the owners of policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement because of cancellations of such policies; (3-28-18)

(2) The assuming insurer's share of surrenders and benefits or losses paid by the ceding insurer pursuant to the provisions of the policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement; and (3-28-18)

(3) Any other amounts necessary to secure the credit or reduction from liability for reinsurance taken by the ceding insurer; (3-28-18)

ii. To make payment to the assuming insurer of amounts held in the trust account in excess of the amount necessary to secure the credit or reduction from liability for reinsurance taken by the ceding insurer.

(3-28-18)

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02. Other Provisions of Reinsurance Agreement. The Reinsurance Agreement may also contain (7-1-99)

a. Give the assuming insurer the right to seek approval from the ceding insurer, which cannot be unreasonably or arbitrarily withheld, to withdraw from the trust account all or any part of the trust assets and transfer those assets to the assuming insurer, provided: (3-28-18)

i. The assuming insurer will, at the time of withdrawal, replace the withdrawn assets with other qualified assets having a current fair market value equal to the current fair market value of the assets withdrawn so as to maintain at all times the deposit in the prescribed amount, or ()

ii. After withdrawal and transfer, the current fair market value of the trust account is no less than one hundred and two percent (102%) of the prescribed amount.

**b.** Provide for the return of any amount withdrawn in excess of the actual amounts prescribed for Paragraph 076.01.d. and for interest payments, at a rate not in excess of the prime rate of interest on such amounts.

c.	Permit the award by any arbitration panel or court of competent jurisdiction of:	(7-1-96)
i.	Interest at a rate different from that provided in Paragraph 076.02.b.;	(7-1-99)
ii.	Court of arbitration costs;	(7-1-96)
iii.	Attorney's fees, and	(7-1-96)
iv.	Any other reasonable expenses.	(7-1-96)

03. Financial Reporting. A trust agreement may be used to reduce any liability for reinsurance ceded to an unauthorized assuming insurer in financial statements needed to be filed with this department in compliance with the provisions of this regulation when established on or before the date of filing of the financial statement of the ceding insurer. Further, the reduction for the existence of an acceptable trust account may be up to the current fair market value of acceptable assets available to be withdrawn from the trust account at that time, but such reduction will be no greater than the specific obligations under the reinsurance agreement that the trust account was established to secure.

04. Existing Agreements. Notwithstanding the effective date of this rule, any trust agreement or underlying reinsurance agreement in existence prior to July 1, 1996 will continue to be acceptable until 7/1/96, at which time the agreements will have to be in full compliance with this rule for the trust agreement to be acceptable. (7-1-96)

**05.** Failure to Identify Beneficiary. The failure of any trust agreement to specifically identify the beneficiary as defined in Section 010 will not be construed to affect any actions or rights which the Director may take or possess pursuant to the provisions of the laws of this state. (3-28-18)

# 077. -- 080. (RESERVED)

#### 081. LETTERS OF CREDIT QUALIFIED UNDER SECTION 061.

01. Letters of Credit Under Section 061. The letter of credit needs to be clean, irrevocable and unconditional and issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-515(4)(a), Idaho Code. The letter of credit will contain an issue date and date of expiration and will stipulate that the beneficiary need only draw a sight draft under the letter of credit and present it to obtain funds and that no other document need be presented. The letter of credit will also indicate that it is not subject to any condition or qualifications outside of the letter of credit. In addition, the letter of credit itself cannot contain reference to any other agreements, documents or entities, except as provided in Subparagraph 081.08.a.i. As used in this section, "beneficiary" means the domestic insurer for whose benefit the letter of credit has been established and any successor of the beneficiary by operation of law. If a court of law appoints a successor in interest to the named beneficiary, then the named beneficiary includes and is limited to the court appointed domiciliary receiver (including conservator, rehabilitator or liquidator).

**02. Heading of Letter**. The heading of the letter of credit may include a boxed section which contains the name of the applicant and other appropriate notations to provide a reference for the letter of credit. The boxed section will be clearly marked to indicate that such information is for internal identification purposes only. (7-1-96)

**03. Statement**. The letter of credit will contain a statement to the effect that the obligation of the qualified United States financial institution under the letter of credit is in no way contingent upon reimbursement with respect thereto. (7-1-96)

04. Term of Letter. The term of the letter of credit will be for at least one (1) year and will contain an "evergreen clause" which prevents the expiration of the letter of credit without due notice from the issuer. The "evergreen clause" will provide for a period of no less than thirty (30) days' notice prior to the expiration date or nonrenewal. (7-1-96)

**05. Disclosure Statement**. The letter of credit will state whether it is subject to and governed by the laws of this state or the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits of the International Chamber of Commerce Publication 600 (UCP 600) or International Standby Practices of the International Chamber of Commerce Publication 590 (ISP98), and all drafts drawn thereunder will be presentable at an office in the United States of a qualified United States financial institution. (3-28-18)

**06.** Letter Subject to Uniform Customs and Practice. If the letter of credit is made subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits of the International Chamber of Commerce Publication 600 (UCP 600) or International Standby Practices of the International Chamber of Commerce Publication 590 (ISP98), then the letter of credit will specifically address and provide for an extension of time to draw against the letter of credit in the event that one or more of the occurrences specified in Article 36 of Publication 600 occur. (3-28-18)

**07. Exception**. If the letter of credit is issued by a United States financial institution authorized to issue letters of credit, other than a qualified United States financial institution as described in Subsection 081.01, then the following additional requirements will be met: (3-28-18)

**a.** The issuing financial institution will formally designate the confirming qualified United States financial institution as its agent for the receipt and payment of the drafts, and (3-28-18)

**b.** The "evergreen clause" will provide for thirty (30) days' notice prior to the expiration date for (7-1-96)

**c.** The reinsurance agreement in conjunction with which the letter of credit is obtained may contain (3-28-18)

i. Require the assuming insurer to provide letters of credit to the ceding insurer and specify what they (7-1-96)

ii. Stipulate that the assuming insurer and ceding insurer agree that the letter of credit provided by the

assuming insurer pursuant to the provisions of the reinsurance agreement may be drawn upon at any time, notwithstanding any other provisions in the agreement, and will be utilized by the ceding insurer or its successors in interest only for one or more of the following reasons: (7-1-96)

(1) To pay or reimburse the ceding insurer for: (3-28-18)

(a) The assuming insurer's share under the specific reinsurance agreement of premiums returned but not yet recovered from the assuming insurers, to the owners of policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement on account of cancellations of such policies; (3-28-18)

(b) The assuming insurer's share, under the specific reinsurance agreement, of surrenders and benefits or losses paid by the ceding insurer, but not yet recovered from the assuming insurers, under the terms and provisions of the policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement; and (3-28-18)

(c) Any other amounts necessary to secure the credit or reduction from liability for reinsurance taken by the ceding insurer; (3-28-18)

(2) Where the letter of credit will expire without renewal or be reduced or replaced by a letter of credit for a reduced amount, and where the assuming insurer's entire obligations under the reinsurance agreement remain unliquidated and undischarged ten (10) days prior to the termination date, to withdraw amounts equal to the assuming insurer's share of the liabilities, to the extent that the liabilities have not yet been funded by the assuming insurer and exceed the amount of any reduced or replacement letter of credit, and deposit those amounts in a separate account in the name of the ceding insurer in a qualified U.S. financial institution apart from its general assets, in trust for such uses and purposes specified in Subparagraph 081.08.a.ii. as may remain after withdrawal and for any period after the termination date. (3-28-18)

iii. All of the foregoing provisions of Paragraph 081.08.a. should be applied without diminution because of insolvency on the part of the ceding insurer or assuming insurer. (3-28-18)

**d.** Nothing contained in Paragraph 081.08.a. will preclude the ceding insurer and assuming insurer from providing for: (3-28-18)

i. An interest payment, at a rate not in excess of the prime rate of interest, on the amounts held pursuant to Paragraph 081.08.a.ii; or (3-28-18)

ii. The return of any amounts drawn down on the letters of credit in excess of the actual amounts needed for the above or any amounts that are subsequently determined not to be due. ()

## 082. -- 090. (RESERVED)

#### 091. OTHER SECURITY.

A ceding insurer may take credit for unencumbered funds withheld by the ceding insurer in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by the ceding insurer and under its exclusive control. (7-1-96)

#### 092. -- 100. (RESERVED)

#### 101. REINSURANCE CONTRACT.

Credit will not be granted, nor an asset or reduction from liability allowed, to a ceding insurer for reinsurance effected with assuming insurers meeting the requirements of Sections 011, 021, 031, 041, 042, or 061 or otherwise in compliance with Section 41-515(2), Idaho Code, after the adoption of this rule unless the reinsurance agreement: (3-28-18)

**01. Insolvency Clause**. Includes a proper insolvency clause that stipulates, that reinsurance is payable directly to the liquidator or successor without diminution regardless of the status of the ceding company, pursuant to Chapter 33, Title 41, Idaho Code; (3-28-18)

02. Jurisdiction. Includes a provision pursuant to Section 41-515(2), Idaho Code, whereby the

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assuming insurer, if an unauthorized assuming insurer, has submitted to the jurisdiction of an alternative dispute resolution panel or court of competent jurisdiction within the United States, has agreed to comply with all requirements necessary to court or panel jurisdiction, agent upon whom service of process may be effected, and has agreed to abide by the final decision of such court or panel; and (3-28-18)

**03. Reinsurance Intermediary Clause**. Includes a proper reinsurance intermediary clause, if applicable, that stipulates that the credit risk for the intermediary is carried by the assuming insurer. (3-28-18)

## 102. -- 150. (RESERVED)

#### 151. MANDATORY FORMS.

Consistent with NAIC model regulation 786, various forms have been adopted and need to be received by the Department to be compliant with this rule including forms AR-1, CR-1, CR-F, and CR-S. These forms can be obtained from the Department's website.

152. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 18.07.08 - PROPERTY AND CASUALTY ACTUARIAL OPINION RULE

000.	LEGAL AUTHORITY.	
Title 41,	, Chapters 2, Idaho Code.	(3-30-07)

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.07.08, "Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule." (3-30-07)

**02. Scope**. This rule applies to annual statements filed with the Director as of the end of the first full calendar year following the effective date of the rule, and applies to all property and casualty companies doing business in this State. This rule is intended to provide the Director with additional means to monitor an insurer's loss reserves in accordance with Section 41-610, Idaho Code. (3-30-07)

#### 002. -- 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. ACTUARIAL OPINION OF RESERVES AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

## 01. Statement of Actuarial Opinion, Opinion Summary and Actuarial Report and Work Papers.

**a.** Every property and casualty insurance company doing business in this state, unless otherwise exempted by the domiciliary commissioner, will annually submit the opinion of an Appointed Actuary entitled "Statement of Actuarial Opinion." This opinion will be filed in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions.

**b.** Every property and casualty insurance company domiciled in this state that is needs to submit a Statement of Actuarial Opinion will annually submit an Actuarial Opinion Summary, written by the company's Appointed Actuary. This Actuarial Opinion Summary will be filed in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions and will be considered to be a document supporting the Actuarial Opinion prescribed in Subsection 021.01 of this chapter.

c. A company licensed but not domiciled in this state will provide the Actuarial Opinion Summary (3-30-07)

**d.** An Actuarial Report and underlying work papers as prescribed by the appropriate NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions will be prepared to support each Actuarial Opinion. ()

e. If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting Actuarial Report or work papers at the request of the Director, or, after review, the Director determines the supporting Actuarial Report or work papers provided by the insurance company do not comply with the NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions or are otherwise unacceptable, the Director may engage a qualified actuary at the expense of the company to review the opinion and the basis for the opinion, and to prepare the supporting Actuarial Report or work papers.

#### 022. CONFIDENTIALITY.

**01. The Statement of Actuarial Opinion**. Will be provided with the Annual Statement in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions and treated as a public document.

#### 02. Actuarial Report.

a. Documents, materials or other information in the possession or control of the Department that are considered an Actuarial Report, work papers or Actuarial Opinion Summary provided in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by the company to the Director in connection with the Actuarial Report, work papers or Actuarial Opinion Summary, will be considered to be exempt from public disclosure under Section 74-107(5), Idaho Code, of the Idaho Public Records Act. (3-30-07)

**b.** This provision cannot be construed to limit the Director's authority to release the documents to the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline (ABCD) so long as the material is needed for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and that the ABCD establishes procedures satisfactory to the Director regarding

(3-30-07)

(3-30-07)

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disclosure of the documents, nor be construed to limit the Director's authority to use the documents, materials or other information in furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as part of the Director's official duties.

**03. Waiver**. No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or information occurs as a result of disclosure to the director in Section 022.

023. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.07.09, "Life and Health Acutarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule." ()

(7 - 1 - 97)

02. Application of Rule. This rule applies to all life insurance companies and fraternal benefit societies doing business in this State and to all life insurance companies and fraternal benefit societies which are authorized to reinsure life insurance, annuities or accident and health insurance business in this State. This regulation will be applied in a manner that allows the appointed actuary to utilize their professional judgment in performing the asset analysis and developing the actuarial opinion and supporting memoranda, consistent with relevant actuarial standards of practice. However, the Director will have the authority to specify specific methods of actuarial analysis and actuarial assumptions when, in the Director's judgment, these specifications are necessary for an acceptable opinion to be rendered relative to the adequacy of reserves and related items.

**03. Application to All Annual Statements**. This rule will be applicable to all annual statements filed with the office of the Director after the effective date. A statement of opinion on the adequacy of the reserves and related actuarial items based on an asset adequacy analysis in accordance with Section 022 of this chapter, and a memorandum in support thereof in accordance with Section 023 of this chapter, will be needed each year. ( )

**04. Purpose**. The purpose of this rule is to prescribe: (3-30-07)

**a.** Guidelines and standards for statements of actuarial opinion which are to be submitted in accordance with Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, and for memoranda in support thereof; (7-1-97)

c. Guidelines as to the meaning of adequacy of reserves. (3-30-07)

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01.** Actuarial Opinion. The opinion of an Appointed Actuary regarding the adequacy of the reserves and related actuarial items based on an asset adequacy test in accordance with Section 022 of this chapter and with presently accepted Actuarial Standards. (3-30-07)

**02.** Actuarial Standards Board. The board established by the American Academy of Actuaries to develop and promulgate standards of actuarial practice. (7-1-97)

03. Asset Adequacy Analysis. An analysis that meets the standards and other requirements referred to in Subsection 021.04 of this chapter. It may take many forms, including, but not limited to, cash flow testing, sensitivity testing or applications of risk theory. (3-30-07)

04. Company. A life insurance company, fraternal benefit society or reinsurer subject to the provisions (7-1-97)

#### 011. -- 020. (RESERVED)

#### 021. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### 01. Submission of Statement of Actuarial Opinion. (7-1-97)

a. There is to be included on or attached to Page one (1) of the annual statement for each year beginning with the year in which this rule becomes effective the statement of an appointed actuary, entitled "Statement of Actuarial Opinion," setting forth an opinion relating to reserves and related actuarial items held in support of policies and contracts, in accordance with Section 022 of this chapter. (3-30-07)

**b.** Upon written request by the company, the Director may grant an extension of the date for

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#### IDAPA 18.07.09 - Life and Health Actuarial Opinion & Memorandum Rule

submission of the statement of actuarial opinion. (7-1-97)

02.	Qualified Actuary. An individual who:	(7-1-97)
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**a.** Is a member in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries; and (7-1-97)

**b.** Is qualified to sign statements of actuarial opinion for life and health insurance company annual statements in accordance with the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries signing such statements; and (7-1-97)

c. Is familiar with the valuation requirements applicable to life and health insurance companies; and (7-1-97)

**d.** Has not been found by the Director (or if so found has subsequently been reinstated as a qualified actuary), following appropriate notice and hearing to have; (3-30-07)

i. Violated any provision of, or any obligation imposed by any law in the course of their dealings as a qualified actuary; or (7-1-97)

ii. Been found guilty of fraudulent or dishonest practices; or (7-1-97)

iii. Demonstrated incompetency, lack of cooperation, or untrustworthiness to act as a qualified actuary; or (7-1-97)

iv. Submitted to the Director during the past five (5) years, pursuant to this rule, an actuarial opinion or memorandum that the Director rejected because it did not meet the provisions including standards set by the Actuarial Standards Board; or (7-1-97)

v. Resigned or been removed as an actuary within the past five (5) years as a result of acts or omissions indicated in any adverse report on examination or as a result of failure to adhere to generally acceptable actuarial standards; and (7-1-97)

e. Has not failed to notify the Director of any action taken by any Director of any other state similar to that under Subsection 021.02.d. of this chapter. (3-30-07)

03. Appointed Actuary. A qualified actuary who is appointed or retained to prepare the Statement of Actuarial Opinion prescribed by this rule; either directly by or by the authority of the board of directors through an executive officer of the company. The company will give the Director timely written notice of the name, title (and, in the case of a consulting actuary, the name of the firm) and manner of appointment or retention of each person appointed or retained by the company as an appointed actuary and will state in such notice that the person meets the requirements set forth in Subsection 021.02 of this chapter. Once notice is furnished, no further notice is prescribed with respect to this person, provided that the company will give the Director timely written notice in the event the actuary ceases to be appointed or retained as an appointed actuary or to meet the requirements set forth in Subsection 021.02 of this chapter. If any person appointed or retained as an appointed actuary replaces a previously appointed actuary, the notice will so state and give the reasons for replacement.

04. Standards for Asset Adequacy Analysis. The asset adequacy analysis prescribed by this rule:

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a. Will conform to the Standards of Practice as promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board and on any additional standards under this rule, which standards are to form the basis of the statement of actuarial opinion in accordance with Section 021 of this chapter; and (3-30-07)

**b.** Will be based on methods of analysis as are deemed appropriate for such purposes by the Actuarial Standards Board. (7-1-97)

05.	Liabilities to Be Covered.	

(7-1-97)

a. Under authority of Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the statement of actuarial opinion will apply to all in force business on the statement date regardless of when or where issued, e.g., Aggregate Reserve for Life Contracts, Aggregate Reserve for Accident and Health Contracts, reserves for Deposit Type Contracts, and Claims for Life and Health Contracts as reported in Exhibits of the annual statement, and equivalent items in the separate account statement or statements of the annual statement. (3-30-07)

**b.** If the appointed actuary determines as the result of asset adequacy analysis that a reserve should be held in addition to the aggregate reserve held by the company and calculated in accordance with methods set forth in Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the company will establish such additional reserve. (7-1-97)

c. Additional reserves established under Subsections 021.05.a. or 021.05.b. of this chapter and deemed not necessary in subsequent years may be released. Any amounts released needs to be disclosed in the actuarial opinion for the applicable year. The release of such reserves would not be deemed an adoption of a lower standard of valuation. ()

## 022. STATEMENT OF ACTUARIAL OPINION BASED ON AN ASSET ADEQUACY ANALYSIS.

01. General Description. The statement of actuarial opinion submitted in accordance with this section (3-30-07)

**a.** A paragraph identifying the appointed actuary and qualifications (see Subsection 022.02.a. of this chapter); (3-30-07)

**b.** A scope paragraph identifying the subjects on which an opinion is to be expressed and describing the scope of the appointed actuary's work, including a tabulation delineating the reserves and related actuarial items which have been analyzed for asset adequacy and the method of analysis, (see Subsection 022.02.b. of this chapter) and identifying the reserves and related actuarial items covered by the opinion which have not been so analyzed;

(3-30-07)

c. A reliance paragraph describing those areas, if any, where the appointed actuary has deferred to other experts in developing data, procedures or assumptions, (e.g., anticipated cash flows from currently owned assets, including variation in cash flows according to economic scenarios (see Subsection 022.02.c. of this chapter), supported by a statement of each such expert in the form prescribed by Subsection 022.05 of this chapter; and

(3-30-07)

**d.** An opinion paragraph expressing the appointed actuary's opinion with respect to the adequacy of the supporting assets to mature the liabilities (see Subsection 022.02.f. of this chapter). (3-30-07)

e. One (1) or more additional paragraphs will be needed in individual company cases as follows; (3-30-07)

i. If the appointed actuary considers it necessary to state a qualification of his opinion; (7-1-97)

ii. If the appointed actuary needs to disclose an inconsistency in the method of analysis or basis of asset allocation used at the prior opinion date with that used for this opinion; ()

iii. If the appointed actuary needs to disclose whether additional reserves of the prior opinion date are released as of this opinion date, and the extent of the release; or ()

iv. If the appointed actuary chooses to add a paragraph briefly describing the assumptions which form the basis for the actuarial opinion. (7-1-97)

**02. Recommended Language**. The Department has adopted recommended language which can be obtained on the Department's website and are to be included in the statement of actuarial opinion in accordance with this section. Language is that which in typical circumstances should be included in a statement of actuarial opinion. The language may be modified as needed to meet the circumstances of a particular case, but the appointed actuary

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should use language which clearly expresses their professional judgment. However, in any event the opinion will retain all pertinent aspects of the language provided.

03. Assumptions for New Issues. The adoption for new issues or new claims or other new liabilities of an actuarial assumption which differs from a corresponding assumption used for prior new issues or new claims or other new liabilities is not a change in actuarial assumptions within the meaning of this Section 022 of this chapter. (3-30-07)

04. Adverse Opinions. If the appointed actuary is unable to form an opinion, then they will refuse to issue a statement of actuarial opinion. If the appointed actuary's opinion is adverse or qualified, then they will issue an adverse or qualified actuarial opinion explicitly stating the reason(s) for such opinion. This statement should follow the scope paragraph and precede the opinion paragraph. (7-1-97)

05. Reliance on Data Furnished by Other Persons. If the appointed actuary relies on the certification of others on matters concerning the accuracy or completeness of any data underlying the actuarial opinion, or the appropriateness of any other information used by the appointed actuary in forming the actuarial opinion, the actuarial opinion should so indicate the persons the actuary is relying upon and a precise identification of the items subject to reliance. In addition, the persons on whom the appointed actuary relies will provide a certification that precisely identifies the items on which the person is providing information and a statement as to the accuracy, completeness or reasonableness, as applicable, of the items. This certification will include the signature, title, company, address and telephone number of the person rendering the certification, as well as the date on which it is signed. (3-30-07)

#### 023. ALTERNATE OPTION.

01. Standard Valuation Law. The Standard Valuation Law gives the Director broad authority to accept the valuation of a foreign insurer when that valuation meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in this state in the aggregate. As an alternative to the requirements of part (c) in Paragraph 022.02.f. of this chapter, the Director may make one (1) or more of the following additional approaches available to the opining actuary: (3-30-07)

**a.** A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and the formal written standards and conditions of this state for filing an opinion based on the law of the state of domicile." If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written list of standards and conditions will be made available. If a company chooses to use this alternative, the standards and conditions in effect on July 1 of a calendar year will apply to statements for that calendar year, and they will remain in effect until they are revised or revoked. If no list is available, this alternative is not available. (3-30-07)

**b.** A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and I have verified that the company's request to file an opinion based on the law of the state of domicile has been approved and that any conditions prescribed by the Director for approval of that request have been met." If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written statement of such allowance will be issued no later than March 31 of the year it is first effective. It will remain valid until rescinded or modified by the Director. The rescission or modifications will be issued no later than March 31 of the year first effective. Subsequent to that statement being issued, if a company chooses to use this alternative, the company will file a request to do so, along with justification for its use, no later than April 30 of the year of the opinion to be filed. The request will be deemed approved on October 1 of that year if the Director has not denied the request by that date.

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**c.** A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and I have submitted the prescribed comparison as specified by this state." ( )

i. If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written list of products (to be added to the table in Item (ii) below) for which the prescribed comparison will be provided will be published. If a company chooses to use this alternative, the list in effect on July 1 of a calendar year will apply to statements for that calendar year, and it will remain in effect until it is revised or revoked. If no list is available, this alternative is not available.

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ii. If a company desires to use this alternative, the appointed actuary will provide a comparison of the gross nationwide reserves held to the gross nationwide reserves that would be held under NAIC codification standards. Gross nationwide reserves are the total reserves calculated for the total company in force business directly sold and assumed, indifferent to the state in which the risk resides, without reduction for reinsurance ceded. The information provided will be at least:

(1) Product Type	(2) Death Benefit or Account Value	(3) Reserves Held	(4) Codification Reserves	(5) Codification Standard

(3-30-07)

iii. The information listed will include all products identified by either the state of filing or any other (3-30-07) (3-30-07)

iv. If there is no codification standard for the type of product or risk in force or if the codification standard does not directly address the type of product or risk in force, the appointed actuary will provide detailed disclosure of the specific method and assumptions used in determining the reserves held. (3-30-07)

v. The comparison provided by the company is to be kept confidential to the same extent and under the same conditions as the actuarial memorandum. (3-30-07)

**d.** Notwithstanding the above, the Director may reject an opinion based on the laws and regulations of the state of domicile and require an opinion based on the laws of this state. If a company is unable to provide the opinion within sixty (60) days of the request or such other period of time determined by the Director after consultation with the company, the Director may contract with an independent actuary at the company's expense to prepare and file the opinion. (3-30-07)

## 024. DESCRIPTION OF ACTUARIAL MEMORANDUM INCLUDING AN ASSET ADEQUACY ANALYSIS AND REGULATORY ASSET ADEQUACY ISSUES SUMMARY.

#### 01. General.

(7 - 1 - 97)

a. In accordance with Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the appointed actuary will prepare a memorandum to the company describing the analysis done in support of their opinion regarding the reserves. The memorandum will be made available for examination by the Director upon his request but will be returned to the company after such examination and cannot be considered a record of the insurance department or subject to automatic filing with the Director. (4-7-11)

**b.** In preparing the memorandum, the appointed actuary may rely on, and include as a part of their own memorandum, memoranda prepared and signed by other actuaries who are qualified within the meaning of Subsection 021.02 of this chapter, with respect to the areas covered in such memoranda, and so state in their memoranda. (3-30-07)

c. If the Director requests a memorandum and no such memorandum exists or if the Director finds that the analysis described in the memorandum fails to meet the standards of the Actuarial Standards Board or the standards and requirements of this Rule, the Director may designate a qualified actuary to review the opinion and prepare such supporting memorandum as is needed for review. The reasonable and necessary expense of the independent review will be paid by the company but will be directed and controlled by the Director. ()

**d.** The reviewing actuary will have the same status as an examiner for purposes of obtaining data from the company and the work papers and documentation of the reviewing actuary will be retained by the Director; provided, however, that any information provided by the company to the reviewing actuary and included in the work

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papers will be considered as examination workpapers and will be kept confidential to the same extent as is prescribed by Section 41-227, Idaho Code. The reviewing actuary cannot be an employee of a consulting firm involved with the preparation of any prior memorandum or opinion for the insurer pursuant to this rule for any one of the current year or the preceding three (3) years. (7-1-97)

e. In accordance with Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the appointed actuary will prepare a regulatory asset adequacy issues summary, the contents of which are specified in Subsection 024.03 of this chapter. The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will be submitted no later than March 15 of the year following the year for which a statement of actuarial opinion based on asset adequacy is mandatory. The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will be maintained as confidential and not subject to public disclosure by the director in accordance with Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, and Section 74-107(5) of the Idaho Public Records Act. ()

f. In accordance with Section 41-612(12)(d)(iv), the director will accept the regulatory asset adequacy issues summary of a foreign or alien company filed by that company with the insurance supervisory official of another state if the director determines that the summary reasonably meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in Idaho. Therefore, foreign or alien insurers needed to file the regulatory asset adequacy issues summary in their home state are exempt from filing in this state, except upon request of the director, provided the other state has substantially similar reporting requirements and the summary is filed with the director of the other state within the time specified.

02. Details of the Memorandum Section Documenting Asset Adequacy Analysis (Section 022). When an actuarial opinion under Section 022 of this chapter is provided, the memorandum will demonstrate that the analysis has been done in accordance with the standards for asset adequacy referred to in Subsection 021.04 of this chapter and any additional standards under this rule. It will specify; (3-30-07)

a.	For reserves;	(3-30-07)
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i. Product descriptions including market description, underwriting and other aspects of a risk profile and the specific risks the appointed actuary deems significant; (7-1-97)

ii.	Source of liability in force;	(7-1-97)
iii.	Reserve method and basis;	(7-1-97)
iv.	Investment reserves;	(7-1-97)

v. Reinsurance arrangements; and (3-30-07)

vi. Identification of any explicit or implied guarantees made by the general account in support of benefits provided through a separate account or under a separate account policy or contract and the methods used by the appointed actuary to provide for the guarantees in the asset adequacy analysis. (3-30-07)

b.	Documentation of assumptions to test reserves for the following:	(3-30-07)
i.	Lapse rates (both base and excess);	(3-30-07)
ii.	Interest crediting rate strategy;	(3-30-07)
iii.	Mortality;	(3-30-07)
iv.	Policyholder dividend strategy;	(3-30-07)
v.	Competitor or market interest rate;	(3-30-07)
vi.	Annuitization rates;	(3-30-07)
vii.	Commissions and expenses; and	(3-30-07)

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viii.	Morbidity.	(3-30-07)
ix. memorandum	The documentation of the assumptions will be such that an actuary review could form a conclusion as to the reasonableness of the assumptions.	wing the actuarial (3-30-07)
c.	For assets:	(7-1-97)
i. assets;	Portfolio descriptions, including a risk profile disclosing the quality, distribu	tion and types of (7-1-97)
ii.	Investment and disinvestment assumptions;	(7-1-97)
iii.	Source of asset data;	(7-1-97)
iv.	Asset valuation bases.	(7-1-97)
d.	Documentation of assumptions made for the following assets:	(3-30-07)
i.	Default costs;	(3-30-07)
ii.	Bond call function;	(3-30-07)
iii.	Mortgage prepayment function;	(3-30-07)
iv.	Determining market value for assets sold due to disinvestment strategy; and	(3-30-07)
V.	Determining yield on assets acquired through the investment strategy.	(3-30-07)
vi. memorandum	The documentation of the assumptions will be such that an actuary review could form a conclusion as to the reasonableness of the assumptions.	wing the actuarial (3-30-07)
e.	For the analysis basis:	(4-7-11)
i.	Methodology;	(7-1-97)
ii. analyzed;	Rationale for inclusion/exclusion of different blocks of business and how pe	ertinent risks were (7-1-97)
iii. level of "mate	Rationale for degree of rigor in analyzing different blocks of business (include riality" that was used in determining how rigorously to analyze different blocks of b	
	Criteria for determining asset adequacy (include in the criteria the precise basis equate to cover reserves under "moderately adverse conditions" or other condition rial standards of practice);	for determining if ns as specified in (4-7-11)
v. in the asset ad	Whether the impact of federal income taxes was considered and the method of trequacy analysis.	reating reinsurance (4-7-11)
<b>f.</b> adequacy anal	Summary of material changes in methods, procedures, or assumptions from ysis;	prior year's asset (3-30-07)
g.	Summary of Results;	(7-1-97)
h.	Conclusion(s).	(7-1-97)
i.	The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will include:	(3-30-07)

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#### IDAPA 18.07.09 - Life and Health Actuarial Opinion & Memorandum Rule

i. Descriptions of the scenarios tested (including whether those scenarios are stochastic or deterministic) and the sensitivity testing done relative to those scenarios. If negative ending surplus results under certain tests in the aggregate, the actuary should describe those tests and the amount of additional reserve as of the valuation date which, if held, would eliminate the negative aggregate surplus values. Ending surplus values will be determined by either extending the projection period until the in force and associated assets and liabilities at the end of the projection period are immaterial or by adjusting the surplus amount at the end of the projection period by an amount that appropriately estimates the value that can reasonably be expected to arise from the assets and liabilities remaining in force; (3-30-07)

ii. The extent to which the appointed actuary uses assumptions in the asset adequacy analysis that are materially different than the assumptions used in the previous asset adequacy analysis; (3-30-07)

iii. The amount of reserves and the identity of the product lines that had been subjected to asset adequacy analysis in the prior opinion but were not subject to analysis for the current opinion; (3-30-07)

iv. Comments on any interim results that may be of significant concern to the appointed actuary. For example, the impact of the insufficiency of assets to support the payment of benefits and expenses and the establishment of statutory reserves during one or more interim periods; (4-7-11)

v. The methods used by the actuary to recognize the impact of reinsurance on the company's cash flows, including both assets and liabilities, under each of the scenarios tested; and (3-30-07)

vi. Whether the actuary has been satisfied that all options whether explicit or embedded, in any asset or liability (including but not limited to those affecting cash flows embedded in fixed income securities) and equity-like features in any investments have been appropriately considered in the asset adequacy analysis. (3-30-07)

j. The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will contain the name of the company for which the regulatory asset adequacy issues summary is being supplied and will be signed and dated by the appointed actuary rendering the actuarial opinion. (3-30-07)

04. Conformity to Standards of Practice. The memorandum will include a statement:

"Actuarial methods, considerations and analyses used in the preparation of this memorandum conform to the appropriate Standards of Practice as promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board, which standards form the basis for this memorandum." (7-1-97)

05. Use of Assets Supporting the Interest Maintenance Reserve and the Asset Valuation Reserve. An appropriate allocation of assets in the amount of the Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR), whether positive or negative, needs to be used in any asset adequacy analysis. Analysis of risks regarding asset default may include an appropriate allocation of assets supporting the Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR); these AVR assets cannot be applied for any other risks with respect to reserve adequacy. Analysis of these and other risks may include assets supporting other mandatory or voluntary reserves available to the extent not used for risk analysis and reserve support. The amount of the assets used for the AVR needs to be disclosed in the Table of Reserves and Liabilities of the opinion and in the memorandum. The method used for selecting particular assets or allocated portions of assets needs to be disclosed in the memorandum. ()

**06. Documentation**. The appointed actuary will retain on file, for at least seven (7) years, sufficient documentation so that it will be possible to determine the procedures followed, the analyses performed, the bases for assumptions and the results obtained. (7-1-97)

## 025. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 64, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. This rule is titled IDAPA 18.07.10, "Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure." (3-28-18)

**02. Scope**. This rule sets forth procedures for filing and the necessary content of the Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure (CGAD) to carry out the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 64, Idaho Code.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The most recent National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Financial Analysis Handbook (2016 Annual / 2017 Quarterly edition) is incorporated by reference into IDAPA 18.07.10.

#### 003. – 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Senior Management**. Any corporate officer responsible for reporting information to the board of directors at regular intervals or providing this information to shareholders or regulators and will include, for example and without limitation, the chief executive officer (CEO), chief financial officer (CFO), chief operations officer (COO), chief procurement officer (CPO), chief legal officer (CLO), chief information officer (CIO), chief technology officer (CTO), chief revenue officer (CRO), chief visionary officer (CVO), or any other chief or "C" level executive. (3-28-18)

#### 011. FILING PROCEDURES.

**01. Filing Deadline**. An insurer, or the insurance group of which the insurer is a member, needs to file a CGAD by Title 41, Chapter 64, Idaho Code, no later than June 1 of each calendar year, submit to the director a CGAD that contains the information described in Section 012 of this rule. ()

**02. Signature**. The CGAD needs to include a signature of the insurer's or insurance group's chief executive officer or corporate secretary attesting to the best of that individual's belief and knowledge that the insurer or insurance group has implemented the corporate governance practices and that a copy of the CGAD has been provided to the insurer's or insurance group's board of directors (board) or the appropriate committee thereof. ( )

**03.** Format. The insurer or insurance group will have discretion regarding the appropriate format for providing the information prescribed by this rule and is permitted to customize the CGAD to provide the most relevant information necessary to permit the director to gain an understanding of the corporate governance structure, policies and practices utilized by the insurer or insurance group. (3-28-18)

04. Providing Information. For purposes of completing the CGAD, the insurer or insurance group may choose to provide information on governance activities that occur at the ultimate controlling parent level, an intermediate holding company level or the individual legal entity level, depending upon how the insurer or insurance group has structured its system of corporate governance. The insurer or insurance group is encouraged to make the CGAD disclosures at the level at which the insurer's or insurance group's risk appetite is determined, or at which the earnings, capital, liquidity, operations, and reputation of the insurer are overseen collectively and at which the supervision of those factors are coordinated and exercised, or the level at which legal liability for failure of general corporate governance duties would be placed. If the insurer or insurance group determines the level of reporting based on these criteria, it will indicate which of the three criteria was used to determine the level of reporting and explain any subsequent changes in level of reporting. (3-28-18)

**05. Completion on Insurance Group Level**. Notwithstanding Subsection 011.01, and as outlined in Section 41-6403, Idaho Code, if the CGAD is completed at the insurance group level, then it needs to be filed with the lead state of the group as determined by the procedures outlined in the most recent financial analysis handbook adopted by the NAIC. In these instances, a copy of the CGAD needs to also be provided to the chief regulatory official of any state in which the insurance group has a domestic insurer, upon request. ()

**06. Referencing**. An insurer or insurance group may comply with this section by referencing other existing documents (e.g., Own Risk Solvency Assessment (ORSA) summary report, holding company form B or F

(3-28-18)

## IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 18.07.10 Department of Insurance Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure

filings, Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) proxy statements, foreign regulatory reporting requirements, etc.) if the documents provide information that is comparable to the information described in Section 012. The insurer or insurance group will clearly reference the location of the relevant information within the CGAD and attach the referenced document if it is not already filed or available to the regulator. (3-28-18)

**07.** Filing of Amended Versions. Each year following the initial filing of the CGAD, the insurer or insurance group will file an amended version of the previously filed CGAD indicating where changes have been made. If no changes were made in the information or activities reported by the insurer or insurance group, the filing should so state. (3-28-18)

#### 012. CONTENTS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE.

01. Detail. The insurer or insurance group will be as descriptive as possible in completing the CGAD, with inclusion of attachments or example documents that are used in the governance process, since these may provide a means to demonstrate the strengths of their governance framework and practices. (3-28-18)

**02. CGAD Considerations**. The CGAD will describe the insurer's or insurance group's corporate governance framework and structure including consideration of the following: (3-28-18)

**a.** The board and various committees thereof ultimately responsible for overseeing the insurer or insurance group and the level(s) at which that oversight occurs (e.g., ultimate control level, intermediate holding company, legal entity, etc.). The insurer or insurance group will describe and discuss the rationale for the current board size and structure; and (3-28-18)

**b.** The duties of the board and each of its significant committees and how they are governed (e.g., bylaws, charters, informal mandates, etc.), as well as how the board's leadership is structured, including a discussion of the roles of chief executive officer (CEO) and chairman of the board within the organization. (3-28-18)

**03.** Factors. The insurer or insurance group will describe the policies and practices of the most senior governing entity and significant committees thereof, including a discussion of the following factors: (3-28-18)

**a.** How the qualifications, expertise and experience of each board member meet the needs of the insurer or insurance group. (3-28-18)

**b.** How an appropriate amount of independence is maintained on the board and its significant (3-28-18)

**c.** The number of meetings held by the board and its significant committees over the past year as well as information on director attendance. (3-28-18)

**d.** How the insurer or insurance group identifies, nominates and elects members to the board and its committees. The discussion should include, for example: (3-28-18)

i. Whether a nomination committee is in place to identify and select individuals for consideration. (3-28-18)

- ii. Whether term limits are placed on directors. (3-28-18)
- iii. How the election and re-election processes function. (3-28-18)

iv. Whether a board diversity policy is in place and if so, how it functions. (3-28-18)

e. The processes in place for the board to evaluate its performance and the performance of its committees, as well as any recent measures taken to improve performance (including any board or committee training programs that have been put in place). (3-28-18)

04. Additional Factors. The insurer or insurance group will describe the policies and practices for

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directing senior management, including a description of the following factors: (3-28-18)

**a.** Any processes or practices (i.e., suitability standards) to determine whether officers and key persons in control functions have the appropriate background, experience and integrity to fulfill their prospective roles, including: (3-28-18)

i. Identification of the specific positions for which suitability standards have been developed and a description of the standards employed. (3-28-18)

ii. Any changes in an officer's or key person's suitability as outlined by the insurer 's or insurance group's standards and procedures to monitor and evaluate such changes. (3-28-18)

**b.** The insurer's or insurance group's code of business conduct and ethics, the discussion of which considers, for example: (3-28-18)

i. Compliance with laws, rules, and regulations; and (3-28-18)

ii. Proactive reporting of any illegal or unethical behavior. (3-28-18)

**c.** The insurer's or insurance group's processes for performance evaluation, compensation and corrective action to ensure effective senior management throughout the organization, including a description of the general objectives of significant compensation programs and what the programs are designed to reward. The description will include sufficient detail to allow the director to understand how the organization ensures that compensation programs do not encourage and/or reward excessive risk taking. Elements to be discussed may include, for example: (3-28-18)

i. The board's role in overseeing management compensation programs and practices. (3-28-18)

ii. The various elements of compensation awarded in the insurer's or insurance group's compensation programs and how the insurer or insurance group determines and calculates the amount of each element of compensation paid; (3-28-18)

iii. How compensation programs are related to both company and individual performance over time; (3-28-18)

iv. Whether compensation programs include risk adjustments and how those adjustments are incorporated into the programs for employees at different levels; (3-28-18)

v. Any clawback provisions built into the programs to recover awards or payments if the performance measures upon which they are based are restated or otherwise adjusted; (3-28-18)

vi. Any other factors relevant in understanding how the insurer or insurance group monitors its compensation policies to determine whether its risk management objectives are met by incentivizing its employees. (3-28-18)

**d.** The insurer's or insurance group's plans for CEO and senior management succession. (3-28-18)

05. Oversight. The insurer or insurance group will describe the processes by which the board, its committees and senior management ensure an appropriate amount of oversight to the critical risk areas impacting the insurer's business activities, including a discussion of: (3-28-18)

**a.** How oversight and management responsibilities are delegated between the board, its committees and senior management; (3-28-18)

**b.** How the board is kept informed of the insurer's strategic plans, the associated risks, and steps that senior management is taking to monitor and manage those risks; (3-28-18)

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**c.** How reporting responsibilities are organized for each critical risk area. The description should allow the director to understand the frequency at which information on each critical risk area is reported to and reviewed by senior management and the board. This description may include, for example, the following critical risk areas of the insurer: (3-28-18)

i. Risk management processes (An ORSA summary report filer may refer to its ORSA summary report pursuant to Title 41, Chapter 63, Idaho Code); (3-28-18)

ii.	Actuarial function;	(3-28-18)
iii.	Investment decision-making processes;	(3-28-18)
iv.	Reinsurance decision-making processes;	(3-28-18)
v.	Business strategy/finance decision-making processes;	(3-28-18)
vi.	Compliance function;	(3-28-18)
vii.	Financial reporting/internal auditing; and	(3-28-18)
viii.	Market conduct decision-making processes.	(3-28-18)



#### 18.08.01 – ADOPTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE

	<b>LEGAL AUTHORITY.</b> 1, Chapter 2, Idaho Code.	(7-1-99)
001		

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.08.01, "Adoption of the International Fire Code." (4-7-11)

Scope. Pursuant to the authority provided by Section 41-253, Idaho Code, the State Fire Marshal 02. adopts the International Fire Code as the minimum standard for the protection of life and property from fire and explosion in the state of Idaho. All such editions and appendices will be adopted in accordance with Section 67-5229, Idaho Code. )

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. CONSTRUCTION AND DESIGN PROVISIONS, SECTION 102.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE. (5-3-03)

Delete Item No. 3 of Section 102.1, International Fire Code.

#### DEPARTMENT **PREVENTION.** 011. OF FIRE SECTION 103.2 APPOINTMENTS, ---**INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.**

Delete the following language in section 103.2 of the International Fire Code: "... and the fire code official shall not be removed from office except for cause and after full opportunity to be heard on specific and relevant charges by and before the appointing authority." (3-20-14)

#### 012. **GENERAL AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITIES, SECTION 104.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE** CODE.

Add the following second paragraph to Section 104.1, General, International Fire Code: (5-3-03)

Fire Chief's Authority. The fire chief is authorized to administer and enforce this code. Under the 01. chief's direction, the fire department is authorized to enforce all ordinances of the jurisdiction pertaining to: (5-3-03)

a.	The prevention of fires;	(5-3-03)
b.	The suppression or extinguishment of dangerous or hazardous fires;	(5-3-03)
c.	The storage, use and handling of hazardous materials;	(5-3-03)
<b>d.</b> The installation and maintenance of automatic, manual and other private fire alarm system fire- extinguishing equipment;		stems and (5-3-03)
e.	The maintenance and regulation of fire escapes;	(5-3-03)
<b>f.</b> The maintenance of fire protection and the elimination of fire hazards on land and in buildings, a other property, including those under construction; (5-3-0)		

The maintenance of means of egress; and (5-3-03)g.

h. The investigation of the cause, origin and circumstances of fire and unauthorized releases of hazardous materials, for authority related to control and investigation of emergency scenes, see Section 104.11. (5 - 3 - 03)

#### 013. -- 015. (RESERVED)

#### 016. PERMIT REQUISITE, SECTION 105.1.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Delete "the required permit" from the last sentence of Section 105.1.1 of the International Fire Code and add "a permit if needed by the authority having jurisdiction." (3-20-14)

#### VIOLATION PENALTIES, SECTION 109.4, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE. 017.

In the first sentence of Section 109.4 of the International Fire Code, delete "[SPECIFY OFFENCE], punishable by a fine of not more than [AMOUNT] dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding [NUMBER OF DAYS], or both such fine and imprisonment" and add the word "misdemeanor". (3-20-14)

018. FAILURE TO COMPLY, SECTION 111.4, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

In Section 111.4, International Fire Code, delete this entire section.

(5-3-03)

#### 019. SECTION 202, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

**01. Fire Code Official**. Add "or as appropriate the Idaho State Fire Marshal" to the end of the definition for FIRE CODE OFFICIAL in Section 202 of the International Fire Code. (3-29-17)

**02. Driveway**. Add "DRIVEWAY. A vehicular ingress and egress route that serves no more than five (5) single family dwellings, not including accessory structures." (3-29-17)

**03.** Fire Station. Add "FIRE STATION, A building, or portion of a building that provides, at a minimum, all weather protection for fire apparatus. Temperatures inside the building used for this purpose need to be maintained at above thirty-two (32) degrees Fahrenheit." (3-29-17)

#### 020. SKY LANTERNS, SECTION 308.1.6.3, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

01. Untethered Sky lanterns. To section 308.1.6.3 delete the sentence: "A person cannot release or cause to be released an untethered sky lantern." (3-29-17)

02. Sky lantern permit. To section 308.1.6.3 add the following: "A person cannot release or cause to be released a sky lantern, tethered or untethered without obtaining a permit, if required by the fire code or jurisdiction. When, in the opinion of the fire code official, the release of sky lanterns, tethered or untethered, constitutes a danger to persons or property, based on the current weather conditions, knowledge of topography, vegetation, or any other reasonable factor, is authorized to require additional safeguards prior to the release of sky lanterns. The fire code official may suspend, revoke, postpone, or prohibit the release of any sky lantern at any time." (3-29-17)

#### 021. CHAPTER 5 FIRE SERVICE FEATURES.

Make the following changes within Chapter 5 of the International Fire Code; (3-20-14)

(4-7-11)

a. To section 501.3 after the phrase, Construction documents for proposed, add the word "driveways." (4-7-11)

**b.** To section 501.4 after the phrase, When fire apparatus access roads, add the word "driveways." (4-7-11)

02.	Section 502.	(3-29-17)
	To coation 502 add the following word "DDIVEWAY"	(2, 20, 17)

a.	To section 502, add the following word "DRIVEWAY."	(3-29-17)
b.	To section 502, add the words "FIRE STATION."	(3-29-17)

## **03.** Section 503. (4-7-11)

**a.** To section 503 add the words, "AND DRIVEWAYS" to the section heading. (4-7-11)

**b.** To section 503.1.1 add the following sentence, "Driveways need to be provided and maintained in accordance with Sections 503.1.1 through 503.13." (3-29-17)

**c.** To section 503.6 delete the sentence, "The installation of security gates across a fire apparatus access road shall be approved by the fire chief." (4-7-11)

**d.** Add the following section, "503.7 Driveways. Need be provided when any portion of an exterior wall of the first story of a building is located more than 150 feet (45720mm) from a fire apparatus access road.

Driveways will provide a minimum unobstructed width of 12 feet (3658mm) and a minimum unobstructed height of 13 feet 6 inches (4115mm). Driveways in excess of 150 feet (45720mm) in length need to be provided with turnarounds. Driveways in excess of 200 feet (60960mm) in length and less than 20 feet (6096mm) in width may require turnouts in addition to turnarounds." (4-7-11)

e. Add the following section, "503.7.1 Limits. A driveway cannot serve in excess of five single family (4-7-11)

**f.** Add the following section, "503.7.2 Turnarounds. Driveway turnarounds need to have an inside turning radius of not less than 30 feet (9144mm) and an outside turning radius of not less than 45 feet (13716mm). Driveways that connect with an access road or roads at more than one point may be considered as having a turnaround if all changes of direction meet the radius requirements for driveway turnarounds." (4-7-11)

**g.** Add the following section, "503.7.3 Turnouts. Where line of sight along a driveway is obstructed by a man-made or natural feature, turnouts need to be located as may be needed by the fire code official to provide for safe passage of vehicles. Driveway turnouts will be of an all-weather road surface at least 10 feet (3048mm) wide and 30 feet (9144mm) long."

**h.** Add the following section, "503.7.4 Bridge Load Limits. Vehicle load limits will be posted at both entrances to bridges on driveways and private roads. Design loads for bridges will be established by the fire code official."

i. Add the following section, "503.7.5 Address markers. All buildings need to have a permanently posted address, which will be placed at each driveway entrance and be visible from both directions of travel along the road. In all cases, the address needs to be posted at the beginning of construction and maintained thereafter. The address need be visible and legible from the road on which the road on which the address is located. Address signs along one-way roads will be visible from both the intended direction of travel and the opposite direction. Where multiple address's are required at a single driveway, they need to be mounted on a single post, and additional signs will be posted at locations where driveways divide." (4-7-11)

j. Add the following section, "503.7.6 Grade. The gradient for driveways cannot exceed 10 percent unless approved by the fire code official."

**k.** Add the following section, "503.7.7 Security Gates. Where security gates are installed, they need to have an approved means of emergency operation. The security gates and emergency operation will be maintained operational at all times." (4-7-11)

**I.** Add the following section, "503.7.8 Surface. Driveways need to be designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of local responding fire apparatus and will be surfaced as to provide all weather driving capabilities." (4-7-11)

04. Section 507. To section 507.2 Type of water supply, delete the existing language and add the following, "A water supply will consist of water delivered by fire apparatus, reservoirs, pressure tanks, elevated tanks, water mains or other sources approved by the fire code official capable of providing the needed fire flow. Exception. The water supply prescribed by this code needs to apply to structures served by a municipal fire department or a fire protection district and within ten miles (16093m) of a responding fire station." (4-7-11)

## 022. -- 026. (RESERVED)

## 027. ALTERNATIVE AUTOMATIC FIRE-EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS, SECTION 904.1.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add the following language to the beginning of section 904.1.1 of the International Fire Code, "If prescribed by the authority having jurisdiction,". (3-29-17)

#### 028. PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, SECTION 906.2.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add the following language to the beginning of section 9.6.2.1 of the International Fire Code, "If prescribed by the authority having jurisdiction,". (3-20-14)

#### FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEMS, SECTION 907.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE. 029.

Notification Devices. When fire alarm systems not needed by the International Fire Code are installed, the notification devices need to meet the minimum design and installation requirements for systems that are prescribed by this code. Intent: (Non-prescribed fire alarm systems will provide the same level of occupant notification that prescribed systems provide). (5-3-03)

#### CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING BUILDINGS, SECTION 1101.1, 030 **INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.**

Add the following language to the end of section 1101.1 of the International Fire Code, "only, if in the opinion of the fire code official, they constitute a distinct hazard to life or property." (3-20-14)

#### 031 **EXPLOSIVES AND FIREWORKS, CHAPTER 56, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.**

Delete Sections 5601.1.3, 5601.2.2, 5601.2.3, 5601.2.4.1, 5601.2.4.2, and sections 5608.2, 5608.2.1, and 5608.3 of the International Fire Code. (3-20-14)

#### 032. -- 045. (RESERVED)

#### UNDERGROUND TANKS OUT OF SERVICE FOR ONE YEAR, SECTION 5704.2.13.1.3 046. INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add to Section 5704.2.13.1.3, International Fire Code, the following paragraph: Upon approval of the Chief underground tanks that comply with the performance standards for new or upgraded underground tanks set forth in Title 40 Section 280.20 or 280.21 of the Code of Federal Regulations may remain out of service indefinitely so long as they remain in compliance with the operation, maintenance and release detection requirements of the federal rule.

#### (3-20-14)

#### 047. -- 055. (RESERVED)

	ERENCES TO APPENDIX, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE. appendixes of the International Fire Code are hereby adopted:	( )
01.	Appendix B, Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings.	(5-3-03)
02.	Appendix C, Fire Hydrant Location and Distribution.	(5-3-03)
03.	Appendix D. Fire Apparatus Access Roads	(4-2-08)

To section D101.1 Scope, add the following sentence, "Driveways as described in section 503.7 through 503.11 are not subject to the requirements of this appendix." (4-7-11)

To section D102.1, after the phrase, by way of an approved fire apparatus access road, add the following "designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of the responding fire apparatus and will be surfaced so as to provide all-weather driving capabilities." And delete the remainder of the section. (4-7-11)

**c.** To section D103.2 Grade. Add the following. "The gradient of the fire apparatus access road needs to be within the limits established by the fire code official based on the capabilities of the responding fire departments apparatus." Delete the remainder of the section and the exception. (4-7-11)

04.	Appendix E, Hazard Categories.	(5-3-03)
05.	Appendix F, Hazard Rankings.	(5-3-03)
057 999.	(RESERVED)	

## **IDAPA 18 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE**

#### 18.04.08 – INDIVIDUAL DISABILITY AND GROUP SUPPLEMENTAL DISABILITY INSURANCE MINIMUM STANDARDS RULE

## DOCKET NO. 18-0408-1901 (CHAPTER REWRITE)

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under Docket No. 18-0000-1900, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-4207, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule provides standards for various individual disability and group supplemental disability policies. This rulemaking seeks to fix confusing pre-existing condition language, remove medical expense coverage types, make other clarifications and restructure sections in order to clarify which standards apply to which type of coverage.

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 180-207.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Weston Trexler at weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov, or (208) 334-4214.

Dated this 13th day of December, 2019.

Dean L. Cameron Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83702-0043 Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-4207, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule provides standards for various individual disability and group supplemental disability policies. This rulemaking seeks to fix confusing pre-existing condition language, remove medical expense coverage types, make other clarifications and restructure sections in order to clarify which standards apply to which type of coverage.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 7, 2019, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-8, page 76.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

Title 41, Chapter 42, Idaho Code, Individual Accident and Health, requires the director to issue rules to establish minimum standards for benefits in certain categories of coverage in various policies. The NAIC Model Regulation to Implement the Accident and Sickness Insurance Minimum Standards Act, # 171, provides standardized outlines of coverage and associated required notices. The applicable outlines and notices are incorporated by reference.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Weston Trexler at weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov, or (208) 334-4315.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 9th day of September, 2019.

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#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0408-1901

#### 18.04.08 – INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP SUPPLEMENTARY DISABILITY INSURANCE MINIMUM STANDARDS RULE

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

Title 41, Chapters 2 and 42, Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. IDAPA 18.04.08, "Individual and Group Supplementary Disability Insurance Minimum ())

02. Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to implement Title 41, Chapters 21, 22, 34, and 42, Idaho Code, to standardize and simplify the terms and coverages of individual and group supplementary disability insurance, to facilitate public understanding and comparison of coverage, to eliminate provisions that may be misleading or confusing in connection with the purchase of the coverages or with the settlement of claims, and to provide for full disclosure in the marketing and sale of such insurance. ()

**03. Applicability and Scope**. This chapter applies to all individual and group policies and certificates providing hospital confinement indemnity, disability income protection, accident only, specified disease, specified accident, or limited benefit health coverage, referred to collectively in this chapter as "supplementary disability insurance," *offered*, delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state or *to* a resident of this state, unless specifically exempted.

**a.** This chapter applies to dental plans and vision plans only as specified. ()

**b.** This chapter applies to group supplementary plans whether issued to supplement a group health benefit plan, or as a supplementary plan that pays benefits regardless of other coverage.

**c.** This chapter does not apply to:

i. Individual policies or contracts issued pursuant to a conversion privilege under a group policy or ()

ii. Policies issued to employees or members as additions to franchise plans. ( )

iii. Medicare supplement policies subject to Title 41, Chapter 44, Idaho Code, Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards.

iv. Long-term care insurance policies subject to Title 41, Chapter 46, Idaho Code, Long Term Care ()

v. Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services, Title 10, Chapter 55, of the United States Code, (CHAMPUS) supplement insurance policies. ()

vi. Individual or group major medical expense coverage, including short-term coverage.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

	PARTMENT OF INSURANCE /Group Supplemental Disability Insurance Standards	Docket No. 18-0408-1901 PENDING RULE
01.	Copies. May be obtained from the Idaho Department of Insurance.	( )
	<b>Documents Incorporated by Reference</b> . The following Outline by reference from the April 1999 version of the NAIC Model Regulation surance Minimum Standards Act:	
a.	Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage.	(3-30-01)
b.	Disability Income Protection Coverage.	(3-30-01)
c.	Accident Only Coverage.	(3-30-01)
d.	Specified Disease.	( )
e.	Specified Accident.	( )
f.	Limited Benefit Health Coverage.	(3-30-01)
g.	Dental Plans.	(3-30-01)
h.	Vision Plans.	(3-30-01)
i.	ness Insurance (direct sales). (3-30-01)	
<b>j.</b> sales).	Notice to Applicant Regarding Placement of Accident and Sickn	ess Insurance (other than direct (3-30-01)

#### 003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### **DEFINITIONS.** 010.

Accident Only Coverage. "Accident Only Coverage" means a policy or certificate that provides 01. coverage, singly or in combination, for death, dismemberment, disability or hospital and medical care caused by an accident, and does not provide coverage for non-accidents. )

Dental Coverage. "Dental Coverage" means a policy or certificate that primarily provides benefits 02. for dental expenses. ( )

Disability Income Protection Coverage. "Disability Income Protection Coverage" means a policy 03. or certificate that provides for periodic payments, weekly or monthly, for a specified period during the continuance of disability resulting from either sickness or injury or a combination of both. ( )

Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage. "Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage" 04. means a policy or certificate of accident and sickness insurance that provides daily benefits for hospital confinement on an indemnity basis, meaning the benefit is a fixed dollar amount per day of confinement, regardless of the expenses incurred.

Limited Benefit Health Coverage. "Limited Benefit Health Coverage" means a policy or **05**. certificate that provides benefits that are less than the minimum standards under Sections 035 through 039 of this chapter.

Major Medical Expense Coverage. "Major Medical Expense Coverage" means a policy of **06.** accident and sickness insurance that provides hospital, medical and surgical expense coverage. ( )

Specified Accident Coverage. "Specified Accident Coverage" means a policy or certificate that provides coverage for a specifically identified kind of accident (or accidents) for each person insured under the

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coverage for accidental death or accidental death and dismemberment combined. ( )

**08. Specified Disease Coverage**. "Specified Disease Coverage" means a policy or certificate that pays benefits only after the diagnosis of a specifically named disease or diseases. ()

**09. Vision Coverage**. "Vision Coverage" means a policy or certificate that primarily provides benefits for vision expenses. ()

#### 011. POLICY DEFINITIONS AND TERMS.

Except as provided in this chapter, an insurance policy or certificate to which this chapter applies *will* not include definitions more restrictive than the following:

01. Accident. "Accident," "accidental injury," and "accidental" is to employ "result" language and *does* not include words that establish an accidental means test or use words such as "external, violent, visible wounds" or similar words of description or characterization.

a. "Injury" or "injuries" means accidental bodily injury sustained by the insured person that is the direct cause of the condition for which benefits are provided, independent of disease or bodily infirmity or any other cause, and that occurs while the insurance is in force.

b.	It may exclude injuries for which benefits are provided:	( )
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i. Under workers' compensation, employers' liability, or similar law; or (3-30-01)

ii. Under a motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provides for coordination of benefits; or ()

iii. For injuries occurring while the insured person is engaged in any activity pertaining to a trade, business, employment or occupation for wage or profit.

**02. Convalescent Nursing Home**. "Convalescent nursing home," "extended care facility," or "skilled nursing facility" is to be defined in relation to its status, facility and available services. ()

	Such home or facility	r is to	( )	
а.	Such nome of facility			)

i. Be operated pursuant to law; (3-30-01)

ii. Be approved for payment of Medicare benefits or be qualified to receive approval for payment of Medicare benefits, if so requested; (3-30-01)

iii. Be primarily engaged in providing, in addition to room and board accommodations, skilled nursing care under the supervision of a duly licensed physician; (3-30-01)

iv. Provide continuous twenty-four (24) hours per day nursing service by or under the supervision of a registered nurse; and (3-30-01)

v. Maintain a daily medical record of each patient. (3-30-01)

**b.** The definition of the home or facility may provide that the term will not be inclusive of: ( )

i. A home, facility or part of a home or facility used primarily for rest; (3-30-01)

ii. A home or facility for the aged or for the care of drug addicts or alcoholics; or (3-30-01)

iii. A home or facility primarily used for the care and treatment of mental diseases or disorders, or for custodial or educational care. (3-30-01)

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		<b>Home Health Care Agency</b> . "Home health care agency" means an agency approve is licensed to provide home health care under applicable state law, or that meets all of the fo		
	a.	It is primarily engaged in providing home health care services;	(	)
	<b>b.</b> n and on	Its policies are established by a group of professional personnel (including at least e (1) registered nurse);	one (	(1)
	c.	A physician or a registered nurse provides supervision of home health care services;	(	)
	d.	It maintains clinical records on all patients; and	(	)
	e.	It has a full-time administrator.	(	)
<b>04. Hospice</b> . "Hospice" means a facility licensed, certified or registered in accordance wi that provides a formal program of care that is:		tate l (	aw )	
	a.	For terminally ill patients whose life expectancy is less than six (6) months;	(	)
	b.	Provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis; and	(	)
	c.	Directed by a physician.	(	)
	05	<b>Hospital</b> "Hospital" is to be defined in relation to its status, facilities and available service	res of	r to

**05. Hospital**. "Hospital" is to be defined in relation to its status, facilities and available services or to reflect its accreditation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities or by Medicare. ()

a.	The hospital may:	(		)
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i. Be an institution licensed to operate as a hospital pursuant to law; (3-30-01)

ii. Be primarily and continuously engaged in providing or operating, either on its premises or in facilities available to the hospital on a prearranged basis and under the supervision of a staff of licensed physicians, medical, diagnostic and major surgical facilities for the medical care and treatment of sick or injured persons on an in-patient basis for which a charge is made; and (3-30-01)

iii. Provide twenty-four (24) hour nursing service by or under the supervision of registered nurses. (3-30-01)

**b.** The term *will* not be inclusive of the following, unless the facility otherwise meets the qualifications set forth at Paragraph 011.05.a. of this Section:

i.	Convalescent homes or, convalescent, rest, or nursing facilities;	(3-30-01)
1.	Convarescent nomes of, convarescent, rest, or nursing facilities,	(3-30-01)

ii. Facilities affording primarily custodial, educational, or rehabilitory care; (3-30-01)

iii. Facilities for the aged, drug addicts, or alcoholics; or (3-30-01)

iv. A military or veterans' hospital, a soldiers' home or a hospital contracted for or operated by any national government or government agency for the treatment of members or ex-members of the armed forces, except for services rendered on an emergency basis where a legal liability for the patient exists for charges made to the individual for the services. (3-30-01)

**06. Mental Disorders or Nervous Disorders**. "Mental disorders" or "nervous disorders" includes neurosis, psychoneurosis, psychosis, or mental or emotional disease or disorder of any kind. ()

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07. Nurse. "Nurse" may be restricted to a type of nurse, such as registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, or a licensed vocational nurse. If the words "nurse," "trained nurse" or "registered nurse" are used without specific instruction, then the use of these terms *necessitates* the insurer to recognize the services of any individual who qualifies under the terminology in accordance with the applicable statutes or administrative rules of the licensing or registry board of the state of Idaho.

**08. One Period of Confinement.** "One (1) period of confinement" means consecutive days of inhospital service received as an in-patient, or successive confinements when discharge from and readmission to the hospital occurs within a period of time not more than ninety (90) days or three (3) times the maximum number of days of in-hospital coverage provided by the policy to a maximum of one hundred eighty (180) days. ()

**09. Partial Disability**. "Partial disability" is in relation to the individual's inability to perform one or more but not all of the "major," "important" or "essential" duties of employment or occupation, or may be related to a percentage of time worked or to a specified number of hours or to compensation. ()

10. Preexisting Condition. "Preexisting condition" is: (

**a.** A condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; (3-30-01)

**b.** A condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or (3-30-01)

c. A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage. (3-30-01)

11. **Provider**. "Provider" means a person or entity that, *as necessary*, is licensed to provide health care or related services.

12. Residual Disability. "Residual disability" is in relation to the individual's reduction in earnings and may be related either to the inability to perform some part of the "major," "important," or "essential duties" of employment or occupation, or to the inability to perform all usual business duties for as long as is usually *necessary*. A policy that provides for residual disability benefits may *impose* a qualification period, during which the insured *needs to* be continuously totally disabled before residual disability benefits are payable. The qualification period for residual benefits may use "proportionate disability" or other term of similar import that in the opinion of the Director adequately and fairly describes the benefit.

13. Sickness or Illness. "Sickness or illness" means sickness or disease of an insured person that presents itself after the effective date of insurance and while the insurance is in force. It may exclude sickness or disease for which benefits are provided under a worker's compensation, occupational disease, employers' liability or similar law."

14. Total Disability. "Total disability" is in accordance with the following limitations: ( )

a. The individual who is totally disabled not be engaged in any employment or occupation for which he or she is or becomes qualified by reason of education, training or experience, and is not in fact engaged in any employment or occupation for wage or profit.

**b.** Total disability may be defined in relation to the inability of the person to perform duties but is not to be based solely upon an individual's inability to:

i. Perform "any occupation whatsoever," "any occupational duty," or "any and every duty of his occupation"; or (3-30-01)

ii. Engage in a training or rehabilitation program. (3-30-01)

**c.** An insurer may *stipulate* the complete inability of the person to perform all of the substantial and material duties of his or her regular occupation or words of similar import. An insurer may *stipulate* care by a

physician other than the insured or a member of the insured's immediate family.

( )

#### 012. -- 019. (RESERVED)

#### **020.** *BANNED* POLICY PROVISIONS.

01. Probationary or Waiting Period. Except as provided in Subsection 011.10 pertaining to the definition of a preexisting condition or Paragraph 038.02.e. of this chapter regarding specified disease coverage, a policy or certificate will not contain provisions establishing a probationary or waiting period during which no coverage is provided under the policy or certificate. Accident policies will not contain probationary or waiting periods.

**02.** Additional Coverage as Dividend. A policy or rider for additional coverage will not be issued as a dividend unless an equivalent cash payment is offered as an alternative to the dividend policy or rider. A dividend policy or rider for additional coverage will not be issued for an initial term of less than six (6) months.

**a.** The initial renewal subsequent to the issuance of a policy or rider as a dividend will clearly disclose that the policyholder is renewing the coverage that was provided as a dividend for the previous term and that the renewal is optional.

03. Return of Premium or Cash Value Benefit. A disability income policy, accident only policy, limited benefit policy, specified disease policy or hospital confinement indemnity policy may contain a "return of premium" or "cash value benefit" so long as the return of premium or cash value benefit is not reduced by an amount greater than the aggregate of claims paid under the policy, and the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis for the policies is adequate. No other policy subject to this chapter *is to* provide a return of premium or cash value benefit, except return of unearned premium upon termination or suspension of coverage, retroactive waiver of premium paid during disability, payment of dividends on participating policies, or experience rating refunds. ()

**04.** Exclusions. A policy or certificate will not limit or exclude coverage by type of illness, accident, treatment or medical condition, except that a policy or certificate may include one (1) or more of the following limitations or exclusions:

a.	Preexisting conditions or diseases, except for congenital anomalies of a covered depende	ent child; (3-30-01)
b.	Mental or emotional disorders, alcoholism and drug addiction;	(3-30-01)
с.	Pregnancy, except for complications of pregnancy;	(3-30-01)
d.	Illness, treatment or medical condition arising out of:	(3-30-01)
i. service in the arr	War or act of war (whether declared or undeclared); participation in a felony, riot or ins ned forces or units auxiliary to it;	urrections; (3-30-01)
ii.	Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide or intentionally self-inflicted injury;	(3-30-01)
iii.	Professional aviation for wage or profit; and	( )
iv.	With respect to disability income protection policies, incarceration.	(3-30-01)

e. Cosmetic surgery, except that "cosmetic surgery" will not include reconstructive surgery when the service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from trauma, infection or other diseases of the involved part; reconstructive surgery because of congenital disease or anomaly of a covered dependent child; or involuntary complications or complications related to a cosmetic procedure;

**f.** Foot care in connection with corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strain or symptomatic complaints of the feet; (3-30-01)

**g.** Care in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance, distortion, or subluxation in the human body for purposes of removing nerve interference and the effects of it, where the interference is the result of or related to distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in the vertebral column; (3-30-01)

**h.** Benefits in excess of Medicare eligible expense, if enrolled in Medicare or other governmental program (except Medicaid), or benefits provided under a state or federal worker's compensation law, employers liability or occupational disease law, or motor vehicle no-fault law unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provides for coordination of benefits; services performed by a member of the covered person's immediate family; and services for which no charge is normally made in the absence of insurance; ()

i.	Dental care or treatment;		(3-30-01)

- j. Eye glasses and the examination for the prescription, or fitting of them; ()
- **k.** Rest cures, custodial care, transportation, and routine physical examinations; (4-11-19)
- **I.** Territorial limitations;

(

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**m.** Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implants and examination for or fitting of them, except for congenital or acquired hearing loss that without intervention may result in cognitive or speech development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one (1) device every thirty-six (36) months per ear with loss and not less than forty-five (45) language/speech therapy visits during the first twelve (12) months after delivery of the covered device. (4-11-19)

**n.** Missed or canceled appointments; completion of claim forms or records copying; failure to vacate a room on or before the facility's established discharge hour; educational and training services except as provided by the policy or certificate; over the counter medical supplies, consumable or disposable supplies, including but not limited to elastic stockings, ace bandages, gauze, alcohol swabs or dressings; ()

**o.** Treatment, services or supplies not prescribed by or upon the direction of a licensed provider, acting within the scope of his or her license;

**p.** Services rendered prior to the effective date of coverage or after termination of coverage, except as provided by an extension of benefits provision, and; ()

**q.** The reversal of an elective sterilization procedure, including but not limited to vasovasostomies or salpingoplasties.

#### **05. Preexisting Conditions**.

a. Except as provided in this subsection, a policy will not deny, exclude or limit benefits for covered expenses incurred more than twelve (12) months following the effective date of the coverage due to a preexisting condition.

**b.** For policies other than disability income or specified disease, an individual carrier will not modify a policy with respect to an individual or dependent through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for specifically named preexisting diseases or conditions otherwise covered by the policy. ()

#### 021. -- 029. (RESERVED)

#### **030.** MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR BENEFITS.

**01. Minimum Standards**. The following minimum standards for benefits are prescribed for the categories of coverage noted in Sections 035 through 040 of this chapter. Such an insurance policy or certificate will not be offered, delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state or *to* a resident of this state unless it meets the

minimum standards for the specified categories or the Director finds that the policies or contracts are allowable as limited benefit health insurance, and the outline of coverage complies with the applicable model outline of coverage for each category of coverage. An insurer will deliver an outline of coverage to an applicant or enrollee with the sale.

**02. Renewability.** A "noncancellable," "guaranteed renewable," or "noncancellable and guaranteed renewable" policy or certificate will not provide for termination of coverage of the spouse solely because of the occurrence of an event specified for termination of coverage of the insured, other than nonpayment of premium. In addition, the policy *will* provide that in the event of the insured's death, the spouse of the insured, if covered under the policy, will become the insured.

a. The terms "noncancellable," "guaranteed renewable," or "noncancellable and guaranteed renewable" will not be used without further explanatory language in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Section 101 of this chapter.

**b.** The terms "noncancellable" or "noncancellable and guaranteed renewable" may be used only in a policy that the insured has the right to continue in force by the timely payment of premiums set forth in the policy, during which period the insurer has no right to make unilaterally any change in any provision of the policy while the policy is in force.

**c.** An individual accident and sickness or individual accident-only policy that provides for periodic payments, weekly or monthly, for a specified period during the continuance of disability resulting from accident or sickness may provide that the insured has the right to continue the policy only to age sixty (60) if, at age sixty (60), the insured has the right to continue the policy in force at least to age sixty-five (65) while actively and regularly employed. (3-30-01)

**d.** Except as provided in Subsection 030.02 of this chapter, (the term "guaranteed renewable" may be used only in a policy that the insured has the right to continue in force by the timely payment of premiums and, until the age of sixty-five (65) or until eligibility for Medicare and to the extent not in conflict with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), during which period the insurer has no right to make unilaterally any change in any provision of the policy while the policy is in force, except where the insurer is able to show good cause for changing the policy provisions and obtains prior written approval from the Director. The insurer may make changes in premium rates by classes.

**03.** Age and Durational Requirements. In a policy covering both husband and wife, the age of the younger spouse will be used as the basis for meeting the age and durational requirements of the definitions of "noncancellable" or "guaranteed renewable." However, this provision will not *mandate* termination of coverage of the older spouse upon attainment of the stated age so long as the policy may be continued in force as to the younger spouse as the insured to the age or for the durational period as specified in the policy. ()

04. Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage. When accidental death and dismemberment coverage is part of the policy coverage offered under the contract, the insured will have the option to include all insureds under the coverage.

**05. Military Service Limitations**. If a policy contains a status-type military service exclusion or a provision that suspends coverage during military service, the policy will provide, upon receipt of written request, for refund of premiums as applicable to the person on a pro rata basis. ()

06. Pregnancy Benefit Extension. In the event the insurer cancels or refuses to renew, policies providing pregnancy benefits will provide for an extension of benefits as to pregnancy commencing while the policy is in force and for which benefits would have been payable had the policy remained in force.

**07. Convalescent or Extended Care Benefits**. Policies providing convalescent or extended care benefits following hospitalization will not condition the benefits upon admission to the convalescent or extended care facility within a period of less than fourteen (14) days after discharge from the hospital. ()

08. Coverage of Dependents. A policy's coverage will continue for a dependent child who is

## IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Individual/Group Supplemental Disability Insurance Standards

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incapable of self-sustaining employment due to intellectual disability or physical disability on the date that the child's coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy due to the attainment of a specified age for children and who is chiefly dependent on the insured for support and maintenance. The policy may *stipulate* that the company receives due proof of the incapacity *within thirty-one (31) days of the date* in order for the insured to elect to continue the policy in force with respect to the child, or that a separate converted policy be issued at the option of the insured or policyholder. Provisions relating to coverage of dependents with intellectual disabilities or physical disabilities need meet the requirements of Sections 41-2139 and 41-2203, Idaho Code.

**09. Expenses of Live Donor**. A policy providing coverage for the recipient in a transplant operation will also provide reimbursement of any medical expenses of a live donor to the extent that benefits remain and are available under the recipient's policy or certificate, after benefits for the recipient's own expenses have been paid.

**10. Recurrent Disabilities**. A policy may contain a provision relating to recurrent disabilities, but a provision relating to recurrent disabilities *will* not specify that a recurrent disability be separated by a period greater than six (6) months.

11. Accidental Death and Dismemberment. Accidental death and dismemberment benefits will be payable if the loss occurs within ninety (90) days from the date of the accident, irrespective of total disability. Disability income benefits, if provided, will not require the loss to commence less than thirty (30) days after the date of accident, nor will any policy that the insurer cancels or refuses to renew require that it be in force at the time disability commences if the accident occurred while the coverage was in force.

12. Specific Dismemberment Benefits. Specific dismemberment benefits will not be in lieu of other benefits unless the specific benefit equals or exceeds the other benefits.

13. Extension of Benefits. Termination of the policy will be without prejudice to a continuous loss that commenced while the policy or certificate was in force. Such extension of benefits beyond the period during which the policy was in force may be conditioned upon the continuous total disability of the insured, limited to the duration of the policy benefit period, if any, or payment of the maximum benefits.

14. Fractures or Dislocations. A policy providing coverage for fractures or dislocations will not provide benefits only for "full or complete" fractures or dislocations.

#### 031. -- 034. (RESERVED)

#### **035.** HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT INDEMNITY COVERAGE.

## **01. Minimum Standards for Benefits**. The following minimum standards apply: ( )

a. Provides daily benefits for hospital confinement on an indemnity basis in an amount not less than forty dollars (\$40) per day; and ()

**b.** Provides benefits for not less than thirty-one (31) days during each period of confinement for each person insured under the policy.

c. Benefits will be paid regardless of other coverage. ()

#### 02. *Banned* Policy or Certificate Provisions.

**a.** Policies may contain a "return of premium" or "cash value benefit" so long as the return of premium or cash value benefit is not reduced by an amount greater than the aggregate of claims paid under the policy or certificate, and the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis for the policies is adequate.

**b.** Policies providing hospital confinement indemnity coverage will not contain provisions excluding coverage because of confinement in a hospital operated by the federal government.

**c.** Policies or certificates which include additional indemnity coverage on a basis other than per day of confinement will not be considered hospital confinement coverage. ()

#### **03. Disclosure Provisions**.

)

**a.** All hospital confinement indemnity policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or certificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This is a hospital confinement indemnity (policy) (certificate). This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."

**b.** Outlines of coverage delivered in connection with "Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage" to persons eligible for Medicare by reason of age *will* contain the following language in boldface type on the first page of the outline of coverage: "THIS IS NOT A MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT POLICY. If you are eligible for Medicare, review the 'Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare' available from the company."

**c.** An insurer will deliver to persons eligible for Medicare any notice *prescribed* under IDAPA 18.04.10, "Rule to Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act." ( )

## **036. DISABILITY INCOME PROTECTION COVERAGE.**

01. Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to disability income protection coverage:

**a.** Provides that periodic payments that are payable at ages after sixty-two (62) and reduced solely on the basis of age are at least fifty percent (50%) of amounts payable immediately prior to sixty-two (62); ()

b. Contains an elimination period no greater than: ( )

i. Ninety (90) days in the case of a coverage providing a benefit of one year (1) or less; (3-30-01)

ii. One hundred and eighty (180) days in the case of coverage providing a benefit of more than one (1) year but not greater than two (2) years; or (3-30-01)

iii. Three hundred sixty-five (365) days in all other cases during the continuance of disability resulting from sickness or injury; (3-30-01)

**c.** Has a maximum period of time for which it is payable during disability of at least six (6) months. No reduction in benefits *is* put into effect because of an increase in Social Security or similar benefits during a benefit period.

#### 02. *Banned* Policy Provisions.

**a.** Where a policy provides total disability benefits and partial disability benefits, only one (1) elimination period may be *applied*.

**b.** A disability income policy may contain a "return of premium" or "cash value benefit" so long as the return of premium or cash value benefit is not reduced by an amount greater than the aggregate of claims paid under the policy, and the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis for the policies is adequate. ()

**c.** Disability income benefits will not require the loss to commence less than thirty (30) days after the date of accident, nor will any policy that the insurer cancels or refuses to renew require that it be in force at the time disability commences if the accident occurred while the coverage was in force.

**d.** No reduction in benefits will be put into effect because of an increase in Social Security or similar benefits during a benefit period.

e. No policy or certificate may use activities of daily living to define partial or total disability. ( )

**03. Disclosure Provisions**. All disability income protection policies will display prominently on the first page of the policy, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy the following: "Notice to Buyer: This is a disability income protection policy."

#### **037.** ACCIDENT ONLY COVERAGE.

01. Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to accident only ( )

a. Accidental death and double dismemberment amounts under the policy or certificate are at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000);

**b.** A single dismemberment amount is at least five hundred dollars (\$500); and ()

**c.** Benefits for disability, hospital or medical care will be as defined in the policy or certificate.( )

**02.** *Banned* **Policy Provisions**. Accident only policies or certificates will not contain probationary or waiting periods.

#### 03. Disclosure Provisions.

a. All accident-only policies and certificates will contain a prominent statement on the first page of the policy or certificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size of type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate, a prominent statement as follows: "Notice to Buyer: This is an accident-only (policy) (certificate) and it does not pay benefits for loss from sickness. Review your (policy) (certificate) carefully."

**b.** An accident-only policy or certificate providing benefits that vary according to the type of accidental cause will prominently set forth in the outline of coverage the circumstances under which benefits are payable that are less than the maximum amount payable under the policy or certificate. ()

**c.** Accident-only policies or certificates that provide coverage for hospital or medical care will contain the following statement in addition to the Notice to Buyer: "This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."

#### **038.** SPECIFIED DISEASE COVERAGE.

01. Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to specified disease coverage:

a. Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs to meet the standards of Paragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section.

**b.** Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 01.d., or 01.g. of this section.

**c.** Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically named disease (or diseases) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an overall aggregate benefit limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than two (2) years for at least the following incurred expenses:

- i. Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies; ( )
- ii. Treatment by a legally qualified physician or surgeon;

iii.	Private duty services of a registered nurse (R.N.);	(	)	
iv.	X-ray, radium and other therapy procedures used in diagnosis and treatment;	(	)	
v.	Professional ambulance for local service to or from a local hospital;	(	)	
vi.	Blood transfusions, including expense incurred for blood donors;	(	)	
vii.	Drugs and medicines prescribed by a physician;	(	)	
viii.	The rental of an iron lung or similar mechanical apparatus;	(	)	
ix. of the disease;	Braces, crutches, and wheel chairs deemed necessary by the attending physician for the	e treatm (	ent )	
x. insured to anoth	Emergency transportation if in the opinion of the attending physician it is necessary to transport locality for treatment of the disease; and	ansport (	the )	
xi.	May include coverage of any other expenses necessarily incurred in the treatment of the	disease (	. )	
<b>d.</b> Non-cancer Coverages without Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically named disease (or diseases) with no deductible amount, and an overall aggregate benefit limit of not less than twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000) payable at the rate of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) a day while confined in a hospital and a benefit period of not less than five hundred (500) days. ()				
e. Cancer-only or Combination Expense Policies. Coverage for each insured person for cancer-only coverage or in combination with one (1) or more other specified diseases on an expense incurred basis for services, supplies, care, and treatment of cancer, in amounts not in excess of the usual and customary charges, with a				

cov sup deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), and an overall aggregate benefit limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than three (3) years for at least the following minimum provisions: (

i.	Treatment by, or under the direction of, a legally qualified physician or surgeon;	(	)
ii.	X-ray, radium, chemotherapy and other therapy procedures used in diagnosis and treatment	;(	)
iii.	Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies;	(	)
iv.	Blood transfusions and their administration, including expense incurred for blood donors;	(	)
v.	Drugs and medicines prescribed by a physician;	(	)
vi.	Professional ambulance for local service to or from a local hospital;	(	)
vii.	Private duty services of a registered nurse provided in a hospital;	(	)
viii.	Braces, crutches, and wheelchairs deemed necessary by the attending physician for the treat	ment	of

the disease;

Emergency transportation if in the opinion of the attending physician it is necessary to transport the ix. insured to another locality for treatment of the disease; and ( )

Home health care that is necessary care and treatment provided at the insured person's residence by х. a home health care agency or by others under arrangements made with a home health care agency. The program of treatment will be prescribed in writing by the insured person's attending physician, who will approve the program prior to its start. The physician certifies that hospital confinement would be otherwise necessary. Home health care

( )

#### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Individual/Group Supplemental Disability Insurance Standards

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includes, but is not limited to: Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing services provided by a registered nurse or a licensed (1)practical nurse; Part-time or intermittent home health aide services that provide supportive services in the home (2)under the supervision of a registered nurse or a physical, speech, or hearing occupational therapists; ) (3)Physical, occupational, or speech and hearing therapy; ) Medical supplies, drugs, and medicines prescribed by a physician and related pharmaceutical (4) services, and laboratory services to the extent the charges or costs would have been covered if the insured person had remained in the hospital; Therapy, including physical, speech, hearing, and occupational therapy; xi. ) Special equipment including hospital bed, toilette, pulleys, wheelchairs, aspirator, chux, oxygen, xii. surgical dressings, rubber shields, colostomy, and ileostomy appliances; xiii. Prosthetic devices including wigs and artificial breasts; xiv. Nursing home care for non-custodial services; and XV. Reconstructive surgery when deemed necessary by the attending physician. Per Diem Cancer Coverages. Cancer coverages on a per diem indemnity basis includes: f. A fixed-sum payment of at least one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day of hospital confinement i., for at least three hundred sixty-five (365) days; A fixed-sum payment equal to one-half (1/2) the hospital inpatient benefit for each day of hospital or nonhospital outpatient surgery, chemotherapy and radiation therapy, for at least three hundred sixty-five (365) days of treatment; and A fixed-sum payment of at least fifty dollars (\$50) per day for blood and plasma, which includes iii. their administration whether received as an inpatient or outpatient for at least three hundred sixty-five (365) days of treatment. Lump Sum Indemnity Coverage. Lump sum indemnity coverage for any specified disease will be payable as a fixed, one-time payment made within thirty (30) days of submission to the insurer of proof of diagnosis of the specified disease. Dollar benefits may only be in increments of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). i. ) Where coverage is advertised or otherwise represented to offer generic coverage of a disease or ii. diseases, the same dollar amounts will be payable regardless of the particular subtype of the disease with one exception. In the case of clearly identifiable subtypes with significantly lower treatments costs, lesser amounts may be payable so long as the policy or certificate clearly differentiates that subtype and its benefits. Hospice Care. Hospice care is optional and does not cover non-terminally ill patients. If offered, it h. *will* provide: Eligibility for payment of benefits when the attending physician of the insured provides a written i. statement that the insured person has a life expectancy of six (6) months or less; )

ii. A fixed-sum payment of at least fifty dollars (\$50) per day; and

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iii. A lifetime maximum benefit limit of at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

i. Nursing Home Care. Benefits for skilled nursing home confinement or the receipt of home health care are optional. If offered, it *will* provide:

i. A fixed-sum payment equal to one-fourth (1/4) the hospital in-patient benefit for each day of skilled nursing home confinement for at least one hundred (100) days, but no more restrictive than under Medicare;

( )

ii. A fixed-sum payment equal to one-fourth (1/4) the hospital in-patient benefit for each day of home health care for at least one hundred (100) days, but no more restrictive than under Medicare; and ()

iii. Benefit payments begin with the first day of care or confinement after the effective date of coverage if the care or confinement is for a covered disease even though the diagnosis of a covered disease is made at some later date (but not retroactive more than thirty (30) days from the date of diagnosis) if the initial care or confinement was for diagnosis or treatment of the covered disease. ()

02. Banned Policy or Certificate Provisions. Except for cancer coverage provided on an expenseincurred basis, either as cancer-only coverage or in combination with one or more other specified diseases, the following rules apply to specified disease coverages in addition to all other requirements imposed by this chapter. In cases of conflict the following govern:

**a.** Policies covering a single specified disease or combination of specified diseases are not to be sold or offered for sale other than as specified disease coverage under this Section. ()

**b.** Any policy issued pursuant to this Section that conditions payment upon pathological diagnosis of a covered disease *will* also provide that if the pathological diagnosis is medically inappropriate, a clinical diagnosis will be accepted instead. ()

c. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, specified disease policies will provide benefits to any covered person not only for the specified diseases but also for any other conditions or diseases, directly caused or aggravated by the specified diseases or the treatment of the specified disease. ()

d. Individual accident and sickness policies containing specified disease coverage will be guaranteed ()

e. No policy issued pursuant to this Section contains a waiting or probationary period greater than thirty (30) days. A specified disease policy may contain a waiting or probationary period following the issue or reinstatement date of the policy or certificate in respect to a particular covered person before the coverage becomes effective as to that covered person. ()

f. *Except for lump sum indemnity coverage, payments may be conditioned upon an insured person's receiving medically necessary care, given in a medically appropriate location, under a medically accepted course of diagnosis or treatment.* 

**g.** Benefits will be paid regardless of other coverage.

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h. After the effective date of the coverage (or applicable waiting period, if any) benefits begins with the first day of care or confinement if the care or confinement is for a covered disease even though the diagnosis is made at some later date. The retroactive application of the coverage is not to be less than ninety (90) days prior to the diagnosis.

i. Policies providing expense benefits will not use the term "actual" when the policy only pays up to a limited amount of expenses. Instead, the term "charge" or substantially similar language should be used that does not have the misleading or deceptive effect of the phrase "actual charges."

j. Preexisting condition will not be defined to be more restrictive than the following: "Preexisting

condition means a condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received from a physician within the six (6) month period preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person."

**k.** Coverage for specified diseases will not be excluded due to a preexisting condition for a period greater than twelve (12) months following the effective date of coverage of an insured person unless the preexisting condition is specifically excluded. (3-30-01)

### 03. Disclosure Provisions.

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**a.** An application or enrollment form for specified disease coverage will contain a statement above the signature of the applicant or enrollee that a person to be covered for specified disease is not also covered by any Title XIX program (Medicaid, or any similar name). The statement may be combined with any other statement for which the insurer may *request* the applicant's or enrollee's signature.

**b.** All specified disease policies and certificates will contain on the first page in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate a prominent statement as follows: "Notice to Buyer: This is a specified disease (policy) (certificate). This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses. Read your (policy) (certificate) carefully with the outline of coverage." ()

**c.** Outlines of coverage delivered in connection with "Specified Disease" to persons eligible for Medicare by reason of age will contain the following language in boldface type on the first page of the outline of coverage: "THIS IS NOT A MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT POLICY. If you are eligible for Medicare, review the 'Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare' available from the company." ()

**d.** An insurer will deliver to persons eligible for Medicare any notice *prescribed* under IDAPA 18.04.10, "Rule to Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act." ( )

### **039.** SPECIFIED ACCIDENT COVERAGE.

01. Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to specified accident ( )

**a.** A benefit amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for accidental death; (

**b.** A benefit amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for double dismemberment; and

c. A benefit amount not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) for single dismemberment.

**02.** *Banned* **Policy or Certificate Provisions**. Specified accident policies will not contain probationary or waiting periods.

### 03. Disclosure Provisions.

**a.** Specified accident policies or certificates that provide coverage for hospital or medical care will contain the following statement in addition to the Notice to Buyer: "This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."

**b.** All specified accident policies and certificates will contain a prominent statement on the first page of the policy or certificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size of type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate, a prominent statement as follows: "Notice to Buyer: This is an accident-only (policy) (certificate) and it does not pay benefits for loss from sickness. Review your (policy) (certificate) carefully."

### **040.** LIMITED BENEFIT HEALTH COVERAGE.

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

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### 01. Minimum Standards.

**a.** Limited Benefit Health Coverage will not be *offered*, delivered, issued for delivery, *or renewed* in this state *or to a resident of this state* unless approved by the Director prior to use.

**b.** A policy covering a single specified disease or combination of diseases *will* not be offered for sale as "limited benefit" coverage.

c. Section 040 does not apply to policies designed to provide coverage for long-term care or to Medicare supplement insurance, as defined in Title 41, Chapter 46, Idaho Code, "Long-Term Care Insurance" and Title 41, Chapter 44, Idaho Code, "Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards."

### 02. Disclosure Provisions.

a. All limited benefit health policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or certificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This is a limited benefit health (policy) (certificate). This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."

**b.** An insurer will deliver to persons eligible for Medicare any notice *prescribed* under IDAPA 18.04.10, "Rule to Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act." ( )

### 041. DENTAL COVERAGE.

**01. Disclosure Provisions**. Dental coverage will include the following disclosures; ( )

**a.** All applications will contain a prominent statement in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for the headings or captions of sections of the application and in close conjunction with the applicant's signature block on the application as follows: "The (policy) (certificate) provides dental benefits only. Review your (policy) (certificate) carefully."

**b.** All dental plan policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or certificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This (policy) (certificate) provides dental benefits only."

### 042. VISION COVERAGE.

**01. Disclosure Provisions**. Vision coverage will include the following disclosures; ( )

**a.** All applications will contain a prominent statement in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for the headings or captions of sections of the application and in close conjunction with the applicant's signature block on the application as follows: "The (policy) (certificate) provides vision benefits only. Review your (policy) (certificate) carefully."

**b.** All vision plan policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or certificate in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This (policy) (certificate) provides vision benefits only."

### 043. -- 100. (RESERVED)

### **101. DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.**

01. General Rules for Disclosure Provisions.

**a.** All applications for coverages specified in Sections 035 through 040 will contain a prominent statement in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for the headings or captions of sections of the application and in close conjunction with the applicant's signature block on the application as follows: "The (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Review your (policy) (certificate) carefully." (

**b.** Each policy or certificate subject to this chapter will include a renewal, continuation or nonrenewal provision. The language or specification of the provision needs to be consistent with the type of contract to be issued. The provision will be appropriately captioned, will appear on the first page of the policy or certificate, and will clearly state the duration, where limited, of renewability and the duration of the term of coverage for which the policy is issued and for which it may be renewed.

c. Except for riders or endorsements by which the insurer effectuates a request made in writing by the policyholder or exercises a specifically reserved right under the policy, all riders or endorsements added to a policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy *will necessitate* signed acceptance by the policyholder. After date of policy issue, any rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a commensurable increase in premium during the policy term is to be agreed to in writing signed by the policyholder, except if the increased benefits or coverage is *prescribed* by law. The signature requirements in this paragraph apply to group supplemental health insurance certificates only where the certificate holder also pays the insurance premium.

**d.** Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge will be set forth in the policy or certificate. ()

**g.** A policy or certificate that provides for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import will include a definition of the terms and an explanation of the terms in its accompanying outline of coverage. ()

**h.** If a policy or certificate contains any limitations with respect to preexisting conditions, the limitations will appear as a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and be labeled as "Preexisting Condition Limitations."

**g.** All policies and certificates, will have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or certificate stating in substance that the policyholder or certificate holder will have the right to return the policy or certificate within ten (10) days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the policyholder or certificate holder is not satisfied for any reason. ()

h. If age is to be used as a determining factor for reducing the maximum aggregate benefits made available in the policy or certificate as originally issued, that fact will be prominently set forth in the outline of coverage.

i. If a policy or certificate contains a conversion privilege, it will comply, in substance, with the following:

i. The caption of the provision will be "Conversion Privilege" or words of similar import.

ii. The provision will indicate the persons eligible for conversion, the circumstances applicable to the conversion privilege, including any limitations on the conversion, and the person by whom the conversion privilege may be exercised; and ()

iii. The provision will specify the benefits to be provided on conversion or may state that the converted coverage will be as provided on a policy form then being used by the insurer for that purpose. ()

02. Outline of Coverage Requirements. Outlines of coverage *prescribed* under this chapter will conform to the model outlines of coverage incorporated herein in Section 002 of this chapter, and set forth at the Idaho Department of Insurance website.

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### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Individual/Group Supplemental Disability Insurance Standards

### Docket No. 18-0408-1901 PENDING RULE

**a.** An insurer will deliver an outline of coverage to an applicant or enrollee in the sale of individual accident and sickness insurance, group supplemental health insurance, dental plans and vision plans as *prescribed* by Section 41-4205, Idaho Code. If an application is made by electronic means, an insurer will deliver an outline of coverage on the next working day the completed application is received, and delivery may be made by the following methods regardless of the form of application:

i.	E-mail;	(	)
ii.	Website link;	(	)
iii.	Facsimile;	(	)
iv.	First class mail; or	(	)
v.	Any other method permitted by the Director.	(	)

**b.** If an outline of coverage was delivered at the time of application or enrollment and the policy or certificate is issued on a basis which would *necessitate* revision of the outline, a substitute outline of coverage properly describing the policy or certificate will accompany the policy or certificate when it is delivered and contain the following statement in no less than twelve (12) boldface point type, immediately above the company name: "NOTICE: Read this outline of coverage carefully. It is not identical to the outline of coverage provided upon (application) (enrollment), and the coverage originally applied for has not been issued."

**c.** In any case where the prescribed outline of coverage is inappropriate for the coverage provided by the policy or certificate, an alternate outline of coverage will be filed with the Director. ()

### 102. -- 200. (RESERVED)

# 201. REQUIREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

01. Application Form. An application form will include a question designed to elicit information as to whether the insurance to be issued is intended to replace any other accident and sickness insurance presently in force. A supplementary application or other form to be signed by the applicant containing the question may be used. (

**02.** *Prescribed* Notice. Notices *prescribed* under this chapter will conform to the model outlines of coverage incorporated herein in Section 002 of this chapter, and set forth at the Idaho Department of Insurance website. Upon determining that a sale will involve replacement, an insurer, or its agent will furnish the applicant, prior to issuance or delivery of the policy, the "Notice To Applicant Regarding Replacement Of Accident And Sickness Insurance," taking into consideration the requirement for direct response or other than direct response. A direct response insurer *will* deliver to the applicant upon issuance of the policy, the notice described in this section.

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202. -- 999. (RESERVED)

# IDAPA 18 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE 18.04.16 – RULES GOVERNING SHORT-TERM HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE DOCKET NO. 18-0416-1901 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211, 41-4207, 41-5211, Idaho Code, and House Bill 275.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

House Bill 275 passed the legislature and was signed into law by the Governor amending Sections 41-5203, 41-5207, Chapter 52, Title 41. It added a new section of Idaho Code to define and provide for the purchase of enhanced short-term health insurance plans. Enhanced short-term plans will have an initial period of less than twelve (12) months. This rule will offer choices to consumers for individual health insurance and define the consumer protections required to offer such plans.

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 209-214.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Weston Trexler at weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov, or (208) 334-4214.

Dated this 13th day of December, 2019.

Dean L. Cameron, Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83702-0043 Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211, 41-4207, 41-5211, Idaho Code, and House Bill 275.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

House Bill 275 passed the legislature and was signed into law by the Governor amending sections 41-5203, 41-5207, Chapter 52, Title 41. It added a new section of Idaho Code to define and provide for the purchase of enhanced short-term health insurance plans. Enhanced short-term plans will have an initial period of less than twelve (12) months. This rule will offer choices to consumers for individual health insurance and define the consumer protections required to offer such plans.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2019, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-7, page 240.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Weston Trexler at weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov, or (208) 334-4315.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2019.

### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0416-1901

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### 18.04.15 – RULES GOVERNING SHORT-TERM HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE

**000. LEGALAUTHORITY.** Title 41, Chapters 2, 21, 42, and 52, Idaho Code.

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**01. Title**. IDAPA 18.04.15, "Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage." ( )

**02. Purpose and Scope**. Implement Title 41, Chapters 21, 42, and 52, Idaho Code, regarding short-term, limited-duration insurance by defining *rules* for enhanced short-term plans and nonrenewable short-term coverage, including minimum standards for benefits, rating rules, enrollment, renewability, and disclosure provisions.

**03. Applicability**. This rule applies to all enhanced short-term plans and nonrenewable short-term coverage that provide medical expense coverage.

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

### 010. **DEFINITIONS**.

In addition to the applicable definitions in Chapters 21, 42, and 52, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply:

**01. Benchmark Medical Plan**. The health benefit plan identified by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to be applicable in establishing *minimum* benefit coverages by Qualified Health Plans within Idaho, excluding any supplements for pediatric dental or vision.

**02.** Exchange. Has the meaning set forth in Section 41-6103, Idaho Code. ( )

**03.** Nonrenewable Short-term Coverage. Short-term, limited-duration insurance that is not renewable, has a duration of six (6) months or less in total, and is not an Enhanced Short-term Plan under Section 41-5203(11), Idaho Code, and this rule.

### 04. Preexisting Condition.

**a.** A condition for which an ordinarily prudent person would seek medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; ( )

**b.** A condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or ()

c. A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage. (

**05. Qualified Health Plan or QHP**. A health plan certified as such by the Exchange. (

**06. Reissuance or Replace**. The practice of issuing a short-term, limited-duration insurance policy covering at least one individual having short-term, limited-duration insurance coverage within sixty-three (63) days of the policy's effective date.

**07. Short-term, Limited-duration Insurance**. Health insurance coverage pursuant to a contract that has a specified expiration date less than twelve (12) months after the original effective date of the contract and, including renewals or extensions, has a total duration of no longer than thirty-six (36) months. ()

### 011. GENERAL RULES FOR ENHANCED SHORT-TERM PLANS.

**01. Application of Requirements**. Any short-term, limited-duration insurance that, including renewals, reissuance or extensions, has a total duration of longer than six (6) months is subject to the requirements applicable to enhanced short-term plans.

**02. Guaranteed Issue**. Enhanced short-term plans are only to be offered on a guaranteed issue basis.

**03. Portability**. Enhanced short-term plan coverage is qualifying previous coverage under Title 41, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. Preexisting condition exclusions *are to* be waived for the period of time an individual was previously covered by an enhanced short-term plan or other qualifying previous coverage.

**04. Requirement to Offer Exchange Plans**. To offer an enhanced short-term plan, a carrier *is to* offer individual QHPs through the Exchange in the same service area.

### 012. GENERAL RULES FOR NONRENEWABLE SHORT-TERM COVERAGE.

Nonrenewable short-term coverage is subject to the provisions of IDAPA 18.04.13, Sections 081, 082, and 101.

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### 013. -- 019. (RESERVED)

### 020. ENROLLMENT.

enrollme	<b>01.</b> ent.	Enhanced Short-term Plans. There are two exclusive options for enhanced short-ter	m pla (	an )
followin	<b>a.</b> Ig provisi	Year-round Enrollment. If a carrier allows year-round enrollment in enhanced short-term plations apply:	ans, tl (	he )
to Sectio	i. on 41-520	A preexisting condition exclusion period, as defined at Subsection 010.04, may be applied, 08, Idaho Code.	subje (	ect
	ii.	The policy is to be offered on a plan year basis, not a calendar year basis.	(	)
annual o	<b>b.</b> open enro	Annual Open Enrollment Period. If a carrier restricts enrollment in enhanced short-term plan Ilment period, the following apply:	ns to a (	an )
	i.	No preexisting condition exclusion period may be applied.	(	)
		The beginning and ending dates of the open enrollment period are identical to those for enrot the Director allows an extension of the open enrollment period for enhanced short-term play in the public interest.		
	iii.	Special enrollment periods are to be allowed to the same extent as QHP enrollment.	(	)
year-rou	<b>02.</b> Ind basis.	Nonrenewable Short-term Coverage. Nonrenewable short-term coverage is to be offered	ed on (	) a
021.	RENEV	VAL AND REISSUANCE.		
	01.	Enhanced Short-term Plans Renewals.	(	)
Code.	a.	A policy is to be renewable at the option of the enrollee, consistent with Section 41-5207	, Idal (	ho )
	b.	No new application or questions concerning the health or medical condition of the o	cover	ed

### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage

individuals may be requested to effectuate the renewal.

**c.** A policy is not to be renewable beyond thirty-six (36) consecutive months. ( )

**d.** Upon exhaustion of a policy's renewability due to duration or age, the policyholder is eligible for enrollment into fully renewable coverage, including all of the current carrier's QHPs, when an enhanced short-term policy has been in effect for at least eleven (11) months. Timely notification of eligibility *is to* be provided to the policyholder plus the notification of any offer of reissuance.

**02.** Enhanced Short-term Plans Reissuances. Upon exhausting renewability due to duration or age, the following provisions apply to reissuance:

**a.** No new application or questions concerning the health or medical condition of the covered individuals may be requested for reissuance.

**b.** The reissuance premium rate is a change in premium rate subject to IDAPA 18.04.13.036.17.

**03.** Nonrenewable Coverage. Carriers *are* not *to* renew nonrenewable short-term coverage and *are* not *to* reissue or replace nonrenewable short-term coverage issued by the same or another carrier.

### 022. RATING REQUIREMENTS.

**01.** Enhanced Short-term Plans. In addition to the requirements applicable to individual health benefit plans, the following rating requirements apply:

**a.** Premium rates *do* not vary by gender. (

**b.** Geographic rating areas *are* identical to those used for Exchange-offered QHPs. (

**c.** Medical underwriting criteria may be used to ascertain the risk characteristics of an applicant, if the criteria are limited to those in the Universal Health Statement Addendum and available claims data.

**d.** Enhanced short-term plans comprise a single risk pool with the carrier's other actively marketed individual health benefit plans subject to Title 41, Chapter 52, Idaho Code.

e. The rating period is on a calendar year basis, whereby the rates filed apply to all enrollees uniformly during a given calendar year and premium rate changes occur at the start of a new calendar year.

02. Nonrenewable Short-term Coverage. The following rating requirements apply: ( )

**a.** The rates cannot utilize case characteristics other than age, individual tobacco use, and geography but may vary by the duration of coverage requested.

**b.** Case characteristics are applied uniformly, without regard to the risk characteristics of an eligible ()

- c. The premium rate is not affected by an applicant's risk characteristics or health status. ( )
- **d.** The premium rate remains the same for the duration of the policy. ( )

### 023. -- 029. (RESERVED)

### 030. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR BENEFITS.

01. Minimum Covered Benefits.

### IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage

<b>a.</b> the semiprivate	Daily hospital room and board expenses subject only to limitations based on average d room rate in the area where the insured resides;	laily cost (	of )
<b>b.</b>	Miscellaneous hospital services;	(	)
с.	Surgical services;	(	)
d.	Anesthesia services;	(	)
е.	In-hospital medical services; and	(	)

**f.** Out-of-hospital care, consisting of physicians' services rendered on an ambulatory basis where coverage is not provided elsewhere in the policy for diagnosis and treatment of sickness or injury, diagnostic x-ray, laboratory services, radiation therapy, and hemodialysis ordered by a physician.

**02. Minimum Additional Benefits**. A separate premium corresponding to additional benefits offered through a rider *is to* be filed and actuarially justified. A policy *is to* provide not fewer than three (3) of the following additional benefits:

a.	In-hospital private duty registered nurse services;	(	)
b.	Convalescent nursing home care;	(	)
с.	Diagnosis and treatment by a radiologist or physiotherapist;	(	)
d.	Rental of special medical equipment, as defined by the insurer in the policy;	(	)
e.	Artificial limbs or eyes, casts, splints, trusses or braces;	(	)
f.	Treatment for functional nervous disorders, and mental and emotional disorders; or	(	)
g.	Out-of-hospital prescription drugs and medications.	(	)
<b>03.</b> <i>are to</i> be provide	Enhanced Short-term Plans Covered Benefits. The following covered benefits and lined consistent with the Benchmark Medical Plan, including:	nitatio (	ons )
a.	Ambulatory (outpatient) patient services;	(	)
b.	Emergency services;	(	)
с.	Hospitalization;	(	)
d.	Maternity and newborn care;	(	)
e.	Mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment;	(	)
f.	Prescription drugs;	(	)
g.	Rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices;	(	)
h.	Laboratory services; and	(	)
i.	Preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management.	(	)
<b>04.</b> formulary drug l	<b>Prescription Drug Formulary</b> . If a prescription drug coverage formulary is applied, the appliest <i>is to</i> :	plica (	ble )

**a.** Include at least one drug in every United States Pharmacopeia (USP) category and class; ( )

**b.** Cover a range of drugs across a broad distribution of therapeutic categories and classes and recommended drug treatment regimens that treat all covered disease states, and does not discourage enrollment by any group of enrollees; and ()

**c.** Provide appropriate access to drugs included in broadly accepted treatment guidelines and indicative of then-current general best practices.

### 05. Cost Sharing.

)

**a.** Except for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan, a coinsurance percentage *is* not *to* exceed fifty percent (50%) of covered charges. A coinsurance percentage for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan *is* not *to* exceed sixty percent (60%) of covered charges. ()

**b.** The maximum out-of-pocket *is to* be stated in the policy and in aggregate *is* not *to* exceed four percent (4%) of the aggregate annual limit under the policy for each covered person. All deductibles, copayments, coinsurance and any other cost-sharing are applicable to the maximum out-of-pocket. Within the aggregate maximum, the policy may include separate out-of-pocket limits applicable to particular services.

**c.** The annual limit is no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for each covered person. ( )

**d.** Enhanced short-term plans *are to* provide coverage for and not impose any cost sharing requirements for preventive and wellness services consistent with QHP requirements.

**06.** Applicability of Mental Health Parity. Enhanced short-term plans *are to* meet the requirements of Section 2726 of the Public Health Service Act (Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act) in the same manner and extent as QHPs.

07. Benefit Requirements. The minimum benefits *imposed* by Subsections 030.01, 030.02, and 030.03 may be subject to all applicable deductibles, coinsurance and general policy exceptions and limitations. Except as *disallowed* by Subsections 030.03, 030.05, and 030.06, a policy may also have special or internal limitations for nursing facilities, transplants, experimental treatments, services covered under Subsection 030.02, and other special or internal limitations authorized by the Director. Except as authorized by this Subsection through the application of special or internal limitations, a policy *will* cover, after any deductibles or coinsurance provisions are met, the usual, customary and reasonable charges, as determined consistently by the carrier and as subject to prior written approval by the Director or another rate agreed to between the insurer and provider, for covered services up to the annual limit.

### 031. -- 039. (RESERVED)

### 040. DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.

Polices subject to this chapter *will* include in the application for coverage, any application materials, and the insurance contract, the following language in at least 14-point type:

"This coverage is not required to comply with certain federal market requirements for health insurance, principally those contained in the Affordable Care Act. Be sure to check your policy carefully to make sure you are aware of any exclusions or limitations regarding coverage of preexisting conditions or health benefits (such as hospitalization, emergency services, maternity care, preventive care, prescription drugs, and mental health and substance use disorder services). Your policy might also have lifetime and/or annual dollar limits on health benefits. If this coverage expires or you lose eligibility for this coverage, you might have to wait until an open enrollment period to get other health insurance coverage."

### 041. -- 999. (RESERVED)

S – COMMERCE & HUMAN RESOURCES

## **IDAPA 18 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE** 18.06.06 – RULES FOR THE SURPLUS LINE REGULATION

### DOCKET NO. 18-0606-1901

### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the (year) Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Sections 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

Upon legislative approval of this pending rule the amendments made in this docket will overwrite those sections of the reauthorized rule promulgated under Docket No. 18-0000-1900, which will also be filed for review for final approval during the upcoming legislative session.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-1232, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule combines parts of three former rules regarding surplus lines into one rule following the Governor's Executive Order 19-02, the Red Tape Reduction Act. This rule provides updated procedures for the placement of surplus lines insurance in the state of Idaho.

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2019, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-10, pages 216-219.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Nathan Faragher at nathan.faragher@doi.idaho.gov, or (208) 334-4314.

Dated this 13th day of December, 2019.

Dean L. Cameron Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83702-0043 Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-1232, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule combines parts of three former rules regarding surplus lines into one rule following the Governor's **Executive Order 19-02**, the Red Tape Reduction Act. This rule provides updated procedures for the placement of surplus lines insurance in the state of Idaho.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 7, 2019, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-8, p. 84.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Nathan Faragher at **nathan.faragher@doi.idaho.gov**, or (208) 334-4314.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2019.

Dated this 9th day of September, 2019.

### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 18-0606-1901

### 18.06.06 – SURPLUS LINE *RULES*

		AUTHORITY. 12, Idaho Code.	(	)
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.06.06, "Surplus Line Rules."	(	)
	02.	Scope. Provide procedures for the placement of surplus line insurance.	(	)
002. – <i>0</i>	09.	(RESERVED)		

### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

In addition to the definitions set forth in Section 41-1213, Idaho Code, the following definitions also apply: ( )

**01. Open Lines for Export**. "Open Lines for Export" is defined as the class or classes of business which the Director has declared eligible for export in accordance with Section 41-1216, Idaho Code. ()

**02.** Lines Other Than Open Lines for Export. "Lines Other Than Open Lines for Export" is defined as the class or classes of business not on the list of open lines for export which are to be offered to eligible surplus lines insurers in accordance with Title 41, Chapter 12, Idaho Code.

03. Diligent Search. A Broker has exercised their obligations under Section 41-1214(2), Idaho Code, if the Broker or the referring insurance producer submits a risk to at least one (1) authorized company engaged in writing in Idaho the type of coverage sought, or if there are no companies engaged in writing such coverage, the risk is submitted to at least one (1) company that, in the Broker's or producer's professional judgment, is the most likely to accept the risk.

**04. Delegated Contractor**. Any contractor to whom activities have been delegated by the Director under Section 41-1232, Idaho Code.

### 011. **BIENNIAL LICENSE.**

The Idaho license of a resident or non-resident Broker *is to* be renewed every two (2) years. The original license fee and the renewal fee are prescribed in IDAPA 18.01.02. A broker will not solicit surplus line business before being licensed as a Broker. A broker *will* notify the Licensing Division of the Department if not renewing the license prior to the license renewal date. The Director may allow the continuation of a non-renewed license if, within one (1) year after the renewal date, the licensee submits a renewal request and a continuation fee twice the amount *prescribed* by Section 41-1008(3), Idaho Code.

### 012. ANNUAL REPORT.

Each Broker will file an annual report with the Director by March 1st of each year, of Surplus Line business transacted during the previous calendar year on an approved form.

### 013. PAYMENT OF STATE TAX.

01. Tax Due March 1. On or before March 1st of each year, each licensed Broker will pay premium tax to the Department on business written during the preceding calendar year, which tax will be collected from the insured, in addition to the stamping fee.

**02. Tax Summary**. By February 1st of each year the delegated contractor will provide to each Broker a summary of records showing the state tax due the Department for the preceding year and this amount will be paid to the Department by the Broker. A flat percentage of the gross premium written during the year is not acceptable since

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE	Docket No. 18-0606-1901
Rules for the Surplus Line Regulation	PENDING RULE

tax was collected on each individual policy and that full amount will be paid to the Department.

### 014. PAYMENT OF STAMPING FEES.

01. Application. A stamping fee is charged on all premiums and policy fees written on Idaho business at a rate established by the delegated contractor and approved by the Department. This rate may be adjusted to obtain the objectives of the delegated contractor. The stamping fee cannot be refunded except in the case of extenuating circumstances approved by the delegated contractor.

**02. Summary**. Within ten (10) days following the month during which the surplus line insurance was handled through the delegated contractor, the delegated contractor will submit an invoice summarizing the premium, Idaho tax, and Stamping Fee for each submission processed to each Broker.

**03. Payable on Receipt**. The Stamping Fee is payable upon receipt of billing. It is delinquent if not paid within thirty (30) days after the last day of the month in which the business was reported.

### 015. COLLECTION OF TAXES.

01. Idaho Premium Taxes. Idaho Premium Tax will be collected from the insured. Policy fees, service fees, and other like fees are considered part of the premium and subject to premium tax. State premium taxes will be refunded to the taxpayer upon cancellation of the policy or return of premium for any reason.

**02. Purchasing Groups**. Purchasing groups that obtain insurance from an unauthorized or authorized surplus lines insurer will use an Idaho-licensed Broker. The Broker is responsible to collect and submit all taxes and fees as *prescribed* by this chapter.

### 016. REPORTING TAXES AND STAMPING FEES.

Brokers are to report premium taxes and stamping fees in increments of not less than one year. A Broker who collects quarterly or monthly payments of premiums from the insured will provide reports of the premium tax and stamping fee in the initial submission or renewal for a full year.

### 017. PLACEMENT AND COMMISSIONS.

01. Basic Requirement. All surplus line business is to be placed through a licensed Broker. Each producer of surplus line business will hold an Idaho resident or non-resident producer license.

**02. Idaho Producer**. When a producer requests placement by a licensed Broker, the commission received and paid will be based on the mutual written agreement of the parties. ()

### 018. SUBMISSION TIME PERIODS.

All affidavits, submissions, certificates, endorsements and other documents for insurance written for Open Lines for Export and Other Than Open Lines for Export *are to* be received by the delegated contractor within thirty (30) days of receipt by the broker of the certificate, endorsement or other policy document. If the complete submission cannot be made within this time period, the information with submission form and affidavit, if applicable, will be forwarded. The Broker is responsible for meeting this requirement.

### 019. OPEN LINES FOR EXPORT.

Pursuant to Section 41-1216, the Director will publish a list of approved classes of insurance coverage or risks. If a risk does not appear on this list, then the Broker *will* file the normal submission forms and documents and execute the broker's affidavit.

### 020. BROKER RECORDS.

A full and true record of each surplus line coverage procured by each Broker is to be maintained by the Broker. Reports of all documents processed by the delegated contractor will be provided on a monthly basis to the Broker. These reports, in addition to the broker's copy of policies and endorsements, *are to* be kept for a period of five (5) years and are subject to examination by the Director.

### **021.** APPROVED LIST OF INSURERS.

Pursuant to Section 41-1217, Idaho Code, the Director compiles or approves a list of unauthorized insurers, whether foreign or alien, eligible to write surplus line business in Idaho. Brokers may only place surplus line business with companies on the current list. The delegated contractor will inform Brokers of additions and changes to the list.

022. -- 999. (RESERVED)

# IDAPA 24 – BUREAU OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES

### 24.20.01 – RULES OF THE BUREAU OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES

### DOCKET NO. 24-2001-1900

### NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-2609, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapter(s) under IDAPA 24.20.01, rules of the Idaho Bureau of Occupational Licenses:

### IDAPA 24.20.01

• 24.20.01, Rules of the Bureau of Occupational Licenses

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 4,819-4,821. The Idaho Administrative Code expired on June 30, 2019, including IDAPA 24.20.01. In order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare a temporary and proposed version of the Rules of Bureau of Occupational Licenses was published. This pending rule will allow the Legislature to review for codification IDAPA 24.20.01, Rules of the Bureau of Occupational Licenses. The Bureau considered the Licensing Freedom Act of 2017, Executive Order No. 2017-06, Licensing Freedom Act of 2019, Executive Order No. 2019-01; and the Red Tape Reduction Act, Executive Order No. 2019-02 and the Bureau's continued efforts to clarify and streamline its rules.

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. The original text of the proposed rule was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin (Special Edition), Vol. 19-68E, pages 4819 - 4821.

FISCAL IMPACT: This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Rob McQuade at (208) 334-3233.

DATED this October 16, 2019.

Kelley Packer Bureau Chief Bureau of Occupational Licenses 700 W. State Street P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720 Phone: (208) 334-3233 Fax: (208) 334-3945

### BUREAU OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES IDAPA 24.20

### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-2609, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 24.20.01, rules of the Bureau of Occupational Licenses:

### IDAPA 24.20

• 24.20.01, Rules of the Bureau of Occupational Licenses - All rules except Subsections/Section 010.03, 010.06, 201.07, and 600.

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. These rules primarily govern the process for inquiries into licensees and registrants, and, where necessary, supplement the contested case procedures for each of the boards the Bureau serves. Allowing these rules to expire would disrupt the uniform process the Bureau uses for each of the boards it serves, adding an unnecessary burden on licensees and registrants.

**FEE SUMMARY:** This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state General Fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Rob McQuade at (208) 334-3233.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 24-2001-1900

### 24.20.01 - RULES OF THE BUREAU OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES

### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are established pursuant to the authority vested in the Bureau of Occupational Licenses by the provisions of Section 67-2609, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules are titled IDAPA 24.20.01, "Rules of the Bureau of Occupational Licenses."

(3-15-02)

**02.** Scope. These rules include, but are not limited to the procedures followed by the Bureau of Occupational Licenses and Boards in contested cases. (3-15-02)

### 002. CHANGES IN NAME AND ADDRESS -- ADDRESS FOR NOTIFICATION PURPOSES.

01. Change of Name. Whenever a change of a licensee's name of record occurs, the licensee must immediately notify the Bureau in writing of the change. Official documentation confirming the change of name must be provided to the Bureau on request. (3-15-02)

**02. Change of Address**. Whenever a change of the licensee's address of record occurs, the licensee must immediately notify the Bureau in writing of the change. (3-15-02)

03. Address for Notification Purposes. The most recent mailing address on file with the Bureau will be used for purposes of all written communication with a licensee including, but not limited to, notification of renewal and notices related to disciplinary actions. It is the responsibility of each licensee to keep the Bureau informed of a current mailing address. (3-15-02)

003. – 009. (RESERVED)

### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

01. Address of Record. The address that appears on an official license issued by a board to practice an occupation or profession. The address of record is considered a public record pursuant to the Idaho Public Records Act, Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

**02. Board.** Any professional or occupational licensing board of the state of Idaho receiving administrative, investigative, legal, fiscal and other services from the Bureau. The boards receiving such services from the Bureau include, but are not limited to, those listed in Section 67-2602(1), Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

03. Complaint. A written communication in a form approved by the Bureau that contains the name, address, and phone number of the complaining party, the name, address, phone number, and profession of the licensee complained against, and a narrative of the facts and circumstances and perceived acts or omissions that may constitute cause for disciplinary action against the licensee. The complaint must be signed by the complaining party. (3-15-02)

**04.** Formal Complaint. The document that initiates a hearing before a board and charges a licensee with acts or omissions under the laws administered by the board. (3-15-02)

**05. Hearing Officer**. A person appointed by the Bureau or a Board, other than a member of the Board, to preside over the hearing of a contested case. (3-15-02)

**06.** Licensee. A person holding any current, expired, cancelled, suspended, revoked, or otherwise sanctioned license, registration, permit and/or certificate issued by a board. (3-15-02)

07. Mailing Address. The address used by the Bureau or a board for purposes of all written communication with an applicant for a license, permit, certificate, or registration, or a licensee, including, but not limited to, general correspondence, notification of renewal, and notices related to disciplinary actions. The mailing address may or may not be the same as the address of record. (3-15-02)

08. Representative of the Board. Any person, including the Chief of the Bureau of Occupational

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Licenses, designated by a Board to act as its agent under certain circumstances.

(3-15-02)

(3-15-02)

#### 011. -- 019. (RESERVED)

#### **PROCEDURES GOVERNING HEARINGS.** 020.

Procedures for a hearing before the Bureau or a Board are governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General," IDAPA 04.11.01, and the provisions of Idaho Code and administrative rules governing the Boards. These rules supplement the contested case procedures of the Boards, if any. Where these rules are inconsistent with provisions of the Idaho Code governing the procedures for a hearing before a board, the Idaho Code provisions are the controlling authority. (3-15-02)

#### 021. -- 099. (RESERVED)

#### **REPORT AND INVESTIGATION OF VIOLATIONS.** 100.

Who May Report a Violation. Any person who knows of a violation by a licensee of the lawful 01 requirements for the retention of a license, registration, permit or certificate may report the violation to the Bureau. (3-15-02)

Person Reporting a Violation. A person reporting a violation is not regarded as a party to the 02. investigation or to any proceeding that may result from the investigation. The policy of the Bureau is not to publish or divulge the name of any person reporting a violation. The name of a person reporting a violation may be obtained, however, pursuant to the rules governing discovery during contested case proceedings. (3-15-02)

03. Insufficient Facts and Evidence. If, after review, the Bureau finds that either the complaint or the investigative report concerns facts and evidence insufficient to warrant the filing of a formal complaint against a licensee, no further action will be taken. (3-15-02)

04 Sufficient Facts and Evidence. If after investigation the Bureau finds that the investigative report concerns facts and evidence potentially sufficient to warrant the filing of a formal complaint against a licensee, a formal complaint against the licensee may be prepared by the Bureau with the approval and assistance of the Office of the Attorney General and filed with the Board. (3-15-02)

Preliminary Investigations and Papers. Preliminary investigations and papers obtained as part of 05. an inquiry into a person's fitness to be granted or to retain a license, certificate, permit, privilege, or registration must be confidential until a formal complaint is filed. This rule is subject to any provisions in the Idaho Public Records Act, Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code, and the Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure which may require or limit disclosure either before or after a formal complaint is filed. (3-15-02)

#### 101. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### **INITIATION OF A HEARING.** 200.

A hearing is initiated by filing with the Bureau or relevant board a formal complaint or other pleading. A formal complaint or other pleading initiating a hearing may be signed by the Chief of the Bureau of Occupational Licenses or his designated representative. Upon receipt of a formal complaint or other pleading, the relevant board or its representative assigns it a docket number and may select and appoint a hearing officer. Regardless of who conducts the hearing, all board members are entitled to attend and participate in a hearing. (3-15-02)

#### 201. NOTICE REQUIRED.

The formal complaint includes a notice containing the following information: (3-15-02)					
	01.	File an Answer. The respondent is required to file an answer to the formal complaint;	(3-15-02)		
	02.	Time Limit. The applicable time limits for filing an answer;	(3-15-02)		
03. <b>Default Notice</b> . That if the respondent fails to timely file an answer, then a notice of default		ault may be			

issued;

**04.** Hearing to Be Scheduled. That a hearing will be scheduled within applicable time limits pursuant to a Notice of Hearing if he files an answer; (3-15-02)

**05. Opportunity to Respond to Complaint**. That at the hearing he will be afforded an opportunity to respond to the formal complaint and to present evidence and argument on all issues involved, and an opportunity to cross-examine all witnesses testifying against him; (3-15-02)

06. Legal Representation. That he has the right to be represented by an attorney; that if he fails to appear at the hearing, the Board may revoke, suspend, or impose other disciplinary sanctions as authorized by law without further notice; and (3-15-02)

**202.** -- **999.** (RESERVED)

### **IDAPA 28 – DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

### DOCKET NO. 28-0000-1900

### NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-4702(2), Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts and re-publishes the following chapters promulgated as a proposed rule under this docket number under IDAPA 28, rules of the Department of Commerce:

### **IDAPA 28**

- 28.02.03, Department of Commerce Grant Program Rules
- 28.04.01, Rules Governing the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act

This pending rule vacates the following proposed rules previously promulgated as part of the omnibus proposed rulemaking under IDAPA 28, rules of the Department of Commerce:

- (VACATED) 28.02.03, Rules of the Idaho Regional Travel and Convention Grant Program
- (VACATED) 28.02.04, Idaho Gem Grant Program
- (VACATED) 28.02.05, Rural Community Block Grant Program (RCBG)
- (VACATED) 28.02.07, Rules Governing the Administration of the IGEM Grant Program
- (VACATED) 28.03.01, Rules of the Idaho Opportunity Fund

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. The complete text of these proposed rules was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 5096-5125.

The pending rulemaking being adopted under re-designated IDAPA 28.02.03, "Department of Commerce Grant Program Rules," combines the previously approved and codified rules from the following Department of Commerce grant programs into this new chapter:

- 1) IDAPA 28.02.03, "Idaho Regional Travel and Convention Grant Program"
- 2) IDAPA 28.02.04, "Idaho Gem Grant Program"
- 3) IDAPA 28.02.05, "Rural Community Block Grant Program (RCBG)"
  4) IDAPA 28.02.07, "Rules Governing Administration of the IGEM Grant Program"
- 5) IDAPA 28.03.01, "Idaho Opportunity Fund"

As the lead economic development agency for the state of Idaho, the mission of the Idaho Department of Commerce is to foster a business-friendly environment to aid in job creation, support existing companies, support tourism, and strengthen Idaho communities. The adoption of the pending rule will ensure the continued support for Idaho businesses and tourism from the Idaho Department of Commerce.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year. This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Ewa Szewczyk, (208) 334-2470.

Dated this 16th day of October, 2019.

Ewa Szewczyk Grants & Contracts Manager Idaho Commerce 700 W. State Street Boise, Idaho 83702 Phone: (208) 334-2470 Fax: (208) 334-2631

### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-4702(2), Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 28, rules of the Department of Commerce:

### IDAPA 28

- 28.02.03, Rules of the Idaho Regional Travel and Convention Grant Program
- 28.02.04, Idaho Gem Grant Program
- 28.02.05, Rural Community Block Grant Program (RCBG)
- 28.02.07, Rules Governing the Administration of the IGEM Grant Program
- 28.03.01, Rules of the Idaho Opportunity Fund
- 28.04.01, Rules Governing the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the

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benefit intended by these rules. As the lead economic development agency for the State of Idaho, the mission of the Idaho Department of Commerce is to foster a business-friendly environment to aid in job creation, support existing companies, support tourism, and strengthen Idaho communities. The temporary adoption of the rule will ensure the continued support for Idaho businesses and tourism from the Idaho Department of Commerce.

**FEE SUMMARY:** This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Ewa Szewczyk at (208) 334-2470.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 28-0000-1900

### 28.02.03 – DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE GRANT PROGRAM RULES

### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules have been adopted pursuant to Sections 67-4702, 67-4703, 67-4715, 67-4717, 67-4718, 67-4729, and 67-4733, Idaho Code.

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules are titled IDAPA 28.02.03, "Department of Commerce Grant Program Rules."

**02.** Scope. These rules implement the following Department of Commerce grant programs:1) Idaho Regional Travel and Convention Grant Program; 2) Idaho Gem Grant Program; 3) Rural Community Investment Fund; 4) IGEM Grant Program; 5) Idaho Opportunity Fund; and 6) Idaho Community Development Block Grant Program.

### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

**01. Department**. The Idaho Department of Commerce as set forth in Section 67-4701, Idaho Code.

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**02. Program Guidelines.** Department of Commerce grant programs are administered in accordance with applicable federal and state statutes, these rules, grant resources available on the Department's website, and written grant agreements entered into between the successful applicant and the Department. Collectively these laws, rules, handbooks, grant resources, and grant agreements are referred to as "program guidelines" throughout these rules and each may be enforced by the Department.

### 011. -- 049. (RESERVED)

### SUBCHAPTER A - GENERAL GRANT PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

### 050. GENERAL GRANT PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.

**01. Application Procedure**. All applicants must meet eligibility requirements specified in program guidelines. Eligible applicants must submit a completed application to the Department and meet the requirements specified in program guidelines prior to the application deadline specified therein. ()

02. Review of Applications. Unless otherwise specified, all grants will be reviewed, ranked, and selected by the Department and relevant council members if applicable, in accordance with selection criteria specified in program guidelines. All applicants will be notified of their application status in a reasonable timeframe after the application deadline.

03. Grant Agreement. All applicants selected for funding must enter into a written grant agreement with the Department. The grant will take effect upon the date of award specified in the grant agreement and grant monies cannot be expended until that date.

04. Amendments to Grant Agreements. Extensions and amendments to grant agreements are only permitted if agreed to in writing and approved by the Department or applicable council members.

**05. Grant Acknowledgment**. If required, projects funded by the Department must acknowledge said program as outlined in the program guidelines.

**06. Reporting Requirements.** As specified in program guidelines, the grantee must provide regular progress reports to the Department to demonstrate progress toward planned outcomes, as well as a final report demonstrating the outcomes achieved.

07. Termination of Funding. The grantee may only use the grant funds in accordance with program guidelines. If at any time the Department becomes aware of a grantee's noncompliance with program guidelines, or inappropriate or illegal use of grant funds, the Department may terminate the agreement. The Department may require an audit of grant funds. The Department may further terminate a grant if the project loses viability or is

### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Commerce

unlikely to meet the intent of the original application.

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**08.** Limitation on Use of Funds. Program guidelines detail ineligible uses of funds. In addition, funds cannot be used as follows:

a. Political activities. For political purposes or to engage in lobbying or other partisan political activities.

**b.** Religious activities. For the construction, rehabilitation or operation of active churches or religious structures used for religious purposes.

**c.** Conflict of interest. If at any time the Department and/or any council member(s) becomes aware of an apparent or potential conflict of interest between a grantee and a private entity which may influence grant funds, the Department may request a meeting with the grantee's representatives. The Department may, at that meeting, terminate the grant if an inappropriate conflict of interest is found. ()

09. Rural Community. Communities that are generally less than twenty-five thousand (25,000) in ()

10. Cost Reimbursable. Department grants are cost reimbursable. Grant payment procedures will be established in the program guidelines. The Department will reimburse allowable costs up to the maximum grant amount for which both receipts and matching funds documentation have been provided. The grantee is responsible for any discrepancies in documentation. ()

### 051. -- 099. (RESERVED)

### 100. IDAHO REGIONAL TRAVEL AND CONVENTION GRANT PROGRAM.

01. **Program Intent**. The intent of this program is to provide grant funds to non-profit, incorporated organizations which have in place a viable travel or convention promotion program, or both, in their area of operation. Preference is given to programs with a primary focus of promoting overnight visitation in Idaho. Funds may be used for tourism marketing which has a positive economic impact to the state of Idaho including, but not limited to, the promotion of accommodations, recreational areas, events, conferences, food and beverage, tourism services, culture, attractions, and transportation. ()

02. Eligible Applicants. Non-profit entities with a focus on tourism. Entities must provide proof of non-profit status including: State of Idaho Certificate of Incorporation, Articles of Incorporation from the Secretary of State, or a letter of determination from the Internal Revenue Service, and Notice of Employer Identification Number assigned by the Internal Revenue Service. ()

**03. Review of Applications**. The Idaho Travel Council will review applications in accordance with selection criteria specified in program guidelines.

04. Matching Funds. This grant requires a cash match of twelve and one-half percent (12.5%) of the amount awarded, with further requirements specified in program guidelines.

**05. Distribution of Funds**. The Department will reimburse funds to the grantee upon submission and review of complete documentation of funds expended.

### 06. Eligible Expenses.

**a.** Program intent. Eligible projects under the Regional Travel and Convention Grant Program must be consistent with the legislative declaration of policy in Title 67, Chapter 47, Idaho Code, and the program intent. Programs that are eligible for consideration must fall under the basic definition of travel or convention promotion.

**b.** Administrative expense. The following administrative and overhead costs are allowable: ( )

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i. Wages and benefits. Wages and benefits of one (1) designated grant administrator for time directly related to the task of grant administration. Other employee wages and benefits incurred in the execution of the grant program may be used as cash match with documentation.

ii. Overhead. Reasonable, apportioned overhead costs of the grantee organization required to execute the grant program must be approved by the Idaho Travel Council. The Department will recommend preferred apportionment methods.

07. Ineligible Expenses. Unless specified otherwise in the program guidelines, this grant program will ()

a. The day-to-day, administrative expenses of organizations that have a travel or convention promotion element;

**b.** Projects that have alternative funding sources (for example, regular Chamber of Commerce budgets) or that have been funded previously with the agency's own funds; or ()

**c.** The promotion of local events; or

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**d.** No expenses related to grant writing, or grant application are eligible. ( )

**08.** Audit Requirement. Grantees who receive one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or more in grant funds will have an audit performed by a Certified Public Accountant and submitted to the Department within sixty (60) days following the close of the grant cycle.

### 101. -- 149. (RESERVED)

### 150. IDAHO GEM GRANT (IGG) PROGRAM.

**01. Program Intent**. The intent of this program is to fund community development projects of rural communities for the purpose of improving the local economy, retaining or creating jobs, promoting the community for economic development and tourism, and assisting business expansion and diversification. ()

**02.** Eligible Applicants. Idaho rural communities under ten thousand (10,000) persons and other Idaho rural communities at the discretion of the Director of the Department of Commerce are eligible to apply for IGGs up to a maximum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). IGGs to city and county governments may be administered by their designees as established by formally adopted resolutions. ()

**03. Review of Applications**. The Department's Director, in his sole discretion, makes all IGG awards. The Director may make grant awards at any time the Director determines it necessary to take advantage of special opportunities that further the primary objectives of the IGG Program.

04. Matching Funds. This grant requires a minimum of twenty percent (20%) matching funds of either cash or in-kind donations for the total amount of IGG funds received. Matching funds can be comprised of any combination of cash and in-kind donations and must meet conditions specified in the program guidelines. ()

**05. Distribution of Funds**. Grantees receive payment of IGG funds on a cost reimbursement basis. Grant payment procedures will be established in the program guidelines. The Department will reimburse allowable costs up to the maximum grant amount for which both receipts and matching funds documentation have been provided. The grantee is responsible for any discrepancies in documentation. ()

06.	Eligible Expenses. Eligible expenses are specified in program guidelines.	(	)
07.	Ineligible Expenses. Funds may not be used for:	(	)
a.	Payroll costs for city, county, development corporation or other community agencies.	(	)

**b.** Real property acquisition. Construction, rehabilitation, or operation of schools, general government facilities, jails or state facilities.

**c.** Administrative costs. Expenses related to administering the grant will not be reimbursable to the grantee from grant funds.

**08. Bid Process**. Grantees must contact a minimum of three (3) vendors for quotes or bids for the purchase of goods or services over twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). Prior to reimbursement for such costs, the following information must be submitted to the Department:

a. Item or service purchased. A detailed description of the item or service purchased or to be ( )

**b.** Bid verification. Written documentation of three (3) or more businesses or vendors contacted by IGG grantees for bids or quotes listing the businesses or vendors contacted and indicating their response, and a list of all businesses or vendors contacted whether or not a response was received.

c. Reasons for selection. Grantees justification for the business or vendor selected.

### 151. -- 199. (RESERVED)

### 200. RURAL COMMUNITY INVESTMENT FUND (RCIF).

**01. Program Intent**. This grant provides funds to rural areas in support of economic expansion and job creation, as defined per the program guideline which includes the RCIF Grant Application and Manual.

**02.** Eligible Applicants. Applicants for the Idaho Rural Community Block Grants are as follows:

**a.** City applicants. Rural cities are those generally less than twenty-five thousand (25,000) in population. Cities contiguous to large cities are not eligible to apply. ()

**b.** County applicants. Counties with less than twenty-five thousand (25,000) population. However, any county may apply for unincorporated communities.

**c.** Indian tribes located in Idaho may apply if the project site is located on reservation land and within a community of less than twenty-five thousand (25,000) population.

03. Review of Applications. Presentations must be made by key elected officials of the applicant to the Department's Economic Advisory Committee (EAC) on the need for the project, the local commitment to the project, the economic impact of the project on the community, and any additional information that should be given special consideration. Applications will be reviewed and ranked on criteria specified in the RCIF Grant Application and Manual. The EAC may recommend standby projects to be funded if enough funds become available at a later time.

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04. Eligible Expenses. Eligible expenses are specified in the RCIF Grant Application and Manual.

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**05.** Ineligible Expenses. Any activity not authorized in the RCIF Grant Application and manual is ineligible to receive RCBG funds, including:

**a.** General conduct of government. Assistance to buildings, or portions thereof, used predominantly for the general conduct of government. Such buildings include, but are not limited to, city halls, courthouses, jails, police stations, state or local government office buildings, and other building used for general government administration affairs. Also ineligible are school buildings, school administration offices, and university and college vocational-technology facilities.

**b.** Local government expenses. Expenses to carry out the regular responsibilities of the unit of general local government are not eligible for assistance with RCIF. ()

**c.** Equipment. The purchase of equipment, fixtures, motor vehicles, furnishings or other personal property, which is not an integral structural fixture, is generally ineligible.

**d.** Operating and maintenance expenses.

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### 201. -- 249. (RESERVED)

### 250. IDAHO GLOBAL ENTREPRENEURIAL MISSION (IGEM) GRANT PROGRAM.

**01. Program Intent**. The IGEM Grant Program funds commercialization grants supporting University and industry research partnerships for the purpose of enhancing technology transfer and commercialization of research and technologies developed at the Universities to create high-quality jobs and new industries in the private sector in Idaho.

**02.** Eligible Applicants. Idaho's public research universities: Boise State University, Idaho State University, and University of Idaho.

**03. Industry Partner**. A domestic or foreign entity that designs, produces, or sells goods or services or that contractually agrees to undertake such acts in connection with the technologies licensed or otherwise transferred to the entity by a University, and that is partnered with an Eligible Applicant. ()

**04. Review of Applications**. In selecting IGEM awards, the IGEM Council will give greater weight to proposals that partner with Idaho-based entities.

**05.** Matching Funds. This grant requires a monetary or in-kind contribution from the industry partner as outlined in program guidelines.

**06. Commercialization Revenue**. Revenue generated through the commercialization of university intellectual property rights in a work authored or an invention conceived or first reduced to practice in the performance of an IGEM grant award are distributed as outlined in Section 67-4731, Idaho Code. ()

### 251. -- 299. (RESERVED)

### **300. IDAHO OPPORTUNITY FUND.**

01. **Program Intent**. The Idaho Opportunity Fund provides funding for public costs incurred with the purpose to retain, expand or attract jobs, which include: ()

**a.** Construction of or improvements to new or existing water, sewer, gas or electric utility systems for new or existing buildings to be used for industrial or commercial operations; ()

**b.** Flood zone or environmental hazard mitigation; or

)

**c.** Construction, upgrade or renovation of other infrastructure related items including, but not limited to, railroads, broadband, parking lots, roads or other public costs that are directly related to specific job creation or expansion projects.

**02. Review of Applications**. The Director of the Department may, in his sole discretion, award Opportunity Fund grants to local governments in accordance with program guidelines. ()

03. Matching Funds. This grant requires an allowable local match. Allowable match includes those costs which are allowable within the Opportunity Fund and are provided by the local government as cash, in-kind services, fee waivers (such as development impact fees), donation of assets, the provision of infrastructure or a

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### IDAPA 28.02.03 – Idaho Regional Travel & Convention Grant Program

combination thereof. The match must represent a material commitment from the local government that is commensurate with the local government's financial condition. The Director of the Department has the authority to approve other forms of local match or waive the local match requirements.

04. Distribution of Funds and Eligible Applicants. Funds will be disbursed from the Opportunity Fund to local governments as defined in the Local Government Grant Agreement and after the local government has demonstrated that the Grantee Business has complied with the terms of the Company Performance Agreement.

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**05. Grant Agreements**. Local Government Grant Agreements will be entered into between the Department and one (1) or more local governments, and contain the provisions specified in the program guidelines. In addition, Company Performance Agreements will be entered into between one (1) or more local governments and a Grantee Business, and containing provisions outlined in the program guidelines. ()

### 301. -- 349. (RESERVED)

### **350.** IDAHO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (ICDBG)

**01. Incorporation by Reference**. The Department of Commerce adopts and incorporates by reference the CDBG Procedures Guide, CDBG Application Handbook, the CDBG Grant Manual, 24 CFR Part 570, and the most current Annual Action Plan as rules for the administration of the Idaho Community Development Block Grant.

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**02. Purpose**. The rules incorporated by reference in (01) relate to the scope and procedures for the implementation of the Idaho Community Development Block Grant Program. ()

### 351. -- 999. (RESERVED)

### 28.04.01 – RULES GOVERNING THE IDAHO REIMBURSEMENT INCENTIVE ACT

### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are promulgated under the legal authority of Section 67-4744, Idaho Code.

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules are titled IDAPA 28.04.01, "Rules Governing the Idaho Reimbursement (4-11-15)

(4-11-15)

**02. Scope**. These rules implement the Idaho Reimbursement Act, including application and preapplication process, formation of incentive agreements with the business entity, reimbursement to the business entity through an earned tax credit, annual reporting procedure.

### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

The award of a credit under the Tax Reimbursement Incentive Act is made at the recommendation of the Director of the Department of Commerce and approval of the Economic Advisory Council (Council). In light of the negotiated nature of awarding the Tax Reimbursement Incentive (TRI), there is no administrative appeal under these rules. Nothing in this section prohibits an aggrieved applicant from seeking judicial review as provided in Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code. (4-11-15)

### 004. -- 099. (RESERVED)

### **100. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS.**

Unless defined below, all words have the meaning ascribed in Chapter 47, Title 67, Sections 67-4737 through 67-4744, Idaho Code.

**01. Incentive Agreement**. A reimbursement contract between the Department and the business entity which details any instruction provided by the Council in addition to the requirements detailed in Chapter 47, Title 67, Section 4740, Idaho Code. Also referred to as an Agreement. (4-11-15)

**02. Pre-Application**. A form, paper or electronic, that is completed by the business entity or on behalf of the business entity by an authorized economic development or local government representative when details about the Meaningful Project are not fully known. A pre-application necessitates that an application is completed by the business entity or its authorized representative at a later time, and prior to award of a tax credit. (4-11-15)

03. Tax Reimbursement Incentive Act (TRI). A performance based tax reimbursement mechanism available to existing Idaho businesses and new businesses creating jobs in Idaho. Also known as the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act. (4-11-15)

### 101. -- 129. (RESERVED)

### 130. PROGRAM INTENT.

The TRI is designed to accelerate the growth of new business opportunities, encourage the creation of high-paying jobs, and diversify the state's economy. The Tax Reimbursement Incentive is a performance-based economic development tool that provides a refundable tax credit up to thirty percent (30%) for up to fifteen (15) years on new business entity income tax, sales tax, and payroll taxes paid as a result of meaningful project. The TRI will perpetually generate the revenues needed to fund the incentive. (4-11-15)

01. Available Credit. This credit is available to both existing and new companies seeking expansion in the state. The tax credit percentage and project term are negotiated based upon the quantity and quality of jobs created, state/regional economic impact and return on investment for Idaho, among others. The credit authorized must be the lowest approved percentage and term that will incentivize creation of new jobs and New State Revenue. (4-11-15)

**02.** Evaluation and Recommendation. Incentives will be evaluated and recommended to the Council by the Director, with final approval by the Council. The TRI will be governed by detailed incentive agreements between the Department and business entity. (4-11-15)

### 131. -- 149. (RESERVED)

### 150. ELIGIBILITY.

01. Eligible Recipients. Recipients of the TRI are limited to existing business entities located in Idaho seeking to expand their companies within the state of Idaho, and business entities, new to Idaho, seeking to relocate to, or expand in, the state of Idaho. (4-11-15)

**02.** Eligible Projects. An eligible project is an expansion of an existing business located in Idaho or the creation of new business operations in Idaho that generate the minimum required new jobs based on rural or urban location. (4-11-15)

### **151. JOB CREATION CRITERIA.**

01. Rural Community. The minimum new jobs required for a rural community is not less than twenty (20) over the term of the project. (4-11-15)

**02.** Urban Community. The minimum new jobs required for an urban community is not less than fifty (50) over the term of the project. (4-11-15)

**03.** New Jobs. New jobs must exceed the business entities' maximum number of full times jobs in Idaho during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the date of the application. (4-11-15)

04. Job Shift. A job that shifts from one (1) location within the state of Idaho to another location within the state of Idaho is not considered a new job. (4-11-15)

05. New Jobs Wages. New jobs wages must equal or exceed the average annual county wage in the county where the jobs are located. The Department will annually publish the average county wage based on the most recent, non-preliminary information, obtained from the Idaho Department of Labor. (4-11-15)

### **152.** APPLICATION PROCESS.

01. Inquiry. The business entity, or its authorized representative, may engage an authorized representative from the Department to complete an initial screening process. The screening process will assist the business entity in determining to proceed with a pre-application or application. Information necessary during screening includes general details about the Project, the number of full-time jobs, the number of new jobs, the minimum new jobs, the rural or urban area under consideration, the industry, the community contribution, as well as any other information requested to determine eligibility. The business entity, in consultation with the Department's representative, makes a determination to proceed with a pre-application or a full application depending on the project timeline, known project details or other factors associated with the project. (4-11-15)

02. **Pre-Application**. After the business entity's determination to proceed with a pre-application, the business entity, or its authorized representative, will be provided with a pre-application. A pre-application may be completed by the business entity or an authorized representative of the business entity, such as an economic development or local government representative. A pre-application must detail the following: (4-11-15)

a. A complete description of the proposed project and the estimated economic benefit that will accrue to the state as a result of the project; (4-11-15)

**b.** A statement of dependency explaining whether the project will occur or how it will be altered if the application is denied by the council; (4-11-15)

c. A letter from the city or county, or both, expressing a commitment to supply community (4-11-15)

**d.** Detailed description of the proposed capital investment; (4-11-15)

e. Detailed description of jobs to be created, an approximation of the number of such jobs to be created and the projected wages to be paid for such jobs; and (4-11-15)

**f.** Detailed description of the estimated new state tax revenues by tax to be generated by the project.

### (4-11-15)

03. Pre-Application Estimate Letter. Upon review and acceptance of a pre-application, the Director may issue an estimate letter to the business entity or its authorized representative, or both, which describes the estimated amount of the tax credit, the term of the tax credit, and any other contingencies determined necessary by the Department. This letter is not a binding commitment but an estimate based on the initial information supplied in the pre-application. (4-11-15)

**04. Application**. After the business entity's determination to proceed with an application, the business entity will be given access to the application, which must include, but not be limited to, the following information:

(4-11-15)

**a.** A complete description of the proposed project and the estimated economic benefit that will accrue to the state as a result of the project; (4-11-15)

**b.** An affidavit of criticality explaining that without the TRI incentive, the business entity would be forced to alter its project or not choose Idaho; (4-11-15)

**c.** A letter from the city or county, or both, describing their commitment to supply community contribution, a specific description of the contribution, and the amount of the contribution; (4-11-15)

**d.** Business entities currently doing business in Idaho will supply a letter from the Idaho State Tax commission confirming that the business entity is in good standing in the state of Idaho and is not in unresolved arrears in the payment of any state tax or fee administered by the tax commission; (4-11-15)

e. An estimate of Idaho goods and services to be consumed or purchased by the business entity during (4-11-15)

**f.** Known or expected detriments to the environment or existing industries in the state; (4-11-15)

g. An anticipated project inception date and proposed schedule of progress; (4-11-15)

h. Any proposed performance requirements and measurements that must be met prior to issuance of the tax credit; (4-11-15)

i. A description of any proposed capital investment; (4-11-15)

j. A detailed schedule and description of the projected jobs to be created, the projected wages to be paid for those jobs, and the anticipated hiring schedule for those jobs; and (4-11-15)

**k.** The estimated new state tax revenues to be generated by the project. (4-11-15)

**05. Application Recommendation Letter**. Upon review of an application, the Director may issue a letter that details the Director's anticipated recommendation to the Council. The letter may include the percentage of the tax credit, the term of the tax credit, and any other contingencies determined necessary by the Department. All application recommendation letters must contain a "subject to Economic Advisory Council approval" contingency clause. (4-11-15)

**06.** Technical Review - Pre-Application. The Director and Department staff will complete a technical review of each pre-application. Upon satisfaction that all pre-application requirements are met, the Director may issue an estimate letter. (4-11-15)

07. Technical Review - Application. The Director of the Department and Department staff will complete a technical review and economic impact analysis of each application. The technical review will consider many economic factors and external information sources such as, but not limited to, the region, industry, financial health and history of the business entity, as well as the quality, quantity and economic impact of new jobs and new

(4-11-15)

state revenue. Upon satisfaction that all application requirements are met, the Director may submit a recommendation for award to the Council. (4-11-15)

**08.** Economic Advisory Council. The Council reviews the application and the Director recommendations. Following review the council has the following three (3) options: (4-11-15)

**a.** Request additional information or action from the Director in order to obtain necessary information to approve or reject the application; or (4-11-15)

**b.** Approve the application and instruct the Director to enter into an incentive agreement with the business entity; or (4-11-15)

**c.** Reject the application.

**d.** An approval or rejection from the council is not considered a contested case pursuant to Chapter 52, 1/2 to Code, provided however, that nothing in this section prohibits an aggrieved applicant from seeking

Title 67, Idaho Code, provided, however, that nothing in this section prohibits an aggrieved applicant from seeking<br/>judicial review as provided in Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code.(4-11-15)

**09. Pre-Application Schedule**. The pre-application is open year round. Review of pre-applications are subject to the meeting schedule of Department staff. (4-11-15)

10. Application Schedule. The application is open year round. Review of applications is subject to the meeting schedule of Department Staff and the Council. The Council will meet no less than quarterly and has the ability to meet more often at the request of the Director. (4-11-15)

### 153. -- 159. (RESERVED)

### 160. CONFLICT OF INTEREST.

Conflict of Interest is defined by Idaho's Office of the Attorney General as any official action or any decision or recommendation by a person acting in a capacity as a public official, the effect of which would be to the private pecuniary benefit of the person or member of the person's household, or a business with which the person or a member of the person's household is associated. In the event Department staff, including the Director has a conflict of interest regarding an application, the conflict must be fully disclosed to the Director and the Council, and that person must abstain from decision making or evaluation of the application. In the event a Council member has a conflict of interest regarding an application, the Council member must fully disclose such conflict to the Director and the Council, and that Council member must abstain from discussing or voting on the application. (4-11-15)

### 161. -- 169. (RESERVED)

### **170. AGREEMENTS.**

**01. Incentive Agreement**. At the direction of the Council, and in accordance with the criteria established by these rules, the Director enters into an incentive agreement with the business entity. (4-11-15)

**02.** Agreement Terms Defined. The incentive agreement contains any terms as approved by the Council, or deemed necessary by the state Deputy Attorney General, as well as defines the following: (4-11-15)

- **a.** Maximum term that is not to exceed fifteen (15) years; (4-11-15)
- **b.** Projected new state revenues to be generated during the term; (4-11-15)
- c. Method and recordkeeping requirements to determine projected new state revenue to be generated; (4-11-15)

**d.** The approved tax credit percentage applied to new state revenue each year the business entity is entitled to receive the reimbursement during the term of the meaningful project; (4-11-15)

#### IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Commerce Idaho

e. The projected new jobs;

(4-11-15)

**f.** The terms and conditions of any and all performance requirements and measurements that must be met prior to the issuance of a tax credit authorization; (4-11-15)

**g.** The agreed upon and necessary proof of compliance required prior to tax credit issuance. Proof of compliance provided by the business entity must be adequate to demonstrate to the director that all requirements and measurements have been met for the business entity to receive the tax credit; (4-11-15)

h. The consequences of default by the business entity; (4-11-15)

i. The period to be used to determine the taxes paid at the date of application; (4-11-15)

j. Identification of any individual or entity included within the application that is entitled to a rebate pursuant to section 63-3641, Idaho Code, or is required to obtain a separate seller's permit pursuant to Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code. (4-11-15)

**k.** The federal employer identification or social security number for each individual or entity stated as the business entity in the incentive agreement; and (4-11-15)

**I**. Identification of the individual or entity that is or will be claiming the refundable credit. (4-11-15)

## 171. -- 179. (RESERVED)

## **180. TAX CREDIT AUTHORIZATION.**

01. Claiming Tax Credit. No business entity may claim a tax credit unless the business entity has a tax credit authorization issued by the Department. A business entity may claim a tax credit on its tax return, in the amount listed on the tax credit authorization for the year listed on the tax credit authorization. (4-11-15)

**02. Duplicate Copy**. The Department must provide a duplicate copy of any tax credit authorization to the Tax Commission. (4-11-15)

## 181. -- 189. (RESERVED)

## **190.** ANNUAL REPORTING BY APPLICANT.

Required Annual reporting must be outlined in the incentive agreement and will include, but not be limited to, the following: (4-11-15)

01. New State Revenues. Supporting documentation of the new state revenues from the business entity's new project that were paid during the preceding calendar year. (4-11-15)

**02.** New Jobs Created. Supporting documentation of the new jobs that were created during the preceding tax year and the corresponding payroll information associated with the new jobs. (4-11-15)

03. Known or Expected Detriments. Known or expected detriments to the environment or existing industries in the state. (4-11-15)

04. Authorization Document. A document that expressly directs and authorizes the Tax Commission and Department of Labor to allow the Department access to the business entity's returns, filings and other information that may be necessary to verify or otherwise confirm the declared new state revenues, the new jobs and the associated payroll information. (4-11-15)

**05.** Tax Commission Letter. A letter from the Idaho State Tax Commission confirming that the business entity is in good standing in the state of Idaho and is not in unresolved arrears in the payment of any state tax or fee administered by the tax commission. (4-11-15)

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**06. Other Entitle to Rebate**. Identification of any individual or entity included within the application that is entitled to a rebate pursuant to section 63-3641 or 63-4408, Idaho Code, or is required to obtain a separate seller's permit pursuant to Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code. (4-11-15)

**07. Supporting Documentation**. Supporting documentation that the business entity has satisfied the measurements and requirements outlined in the incentive agreement. (4-11-15)

#### **191.** ANNUAL REPORTING BY DEPARTMENT.

The Department must create an annual written report for the Governor and the Legislature describing the following: (4-11-15)

**01. Successes**. The Department's success under this act in attracting new jobs; (4-11-15)

**02.** Estimated Tax Credit Commitments. The estimated amount of tax credit commitments made by the Department and the period of time over which tax credits will be paid; (4-11-15)

03. Economic Impact to State. The economic impact to the state related to generating new state revenue and providing tax credits under this act; (4-11-15)

04. Estimated Costs and Benefits. The estimated costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments that the Department made; and (4-11-15)

**05.** Actual Costs and Benefits. The actual costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments the Department made. (4-11-15)

**06. Submittal of Report**. The report must be submitted to the Office of the Governor and the appropriate legislative committee chairmen in a timely manner following the close of the state's fiscal year.(4-11-15)

#### 192. -- 199. (RESERVED)

## **200.** AUDIT.

The Department must arrange for an independent third-party audit annually pursuant to Chapter 47, Title 67, Idaho Code. The Department must consider any audit recommendations provided during the audit and implement changes as necessary as a result of those recommendations.

## 201. -- 209. (RESERVED)

#### 210. CONTINUATION OF TAX CREDIT.

The Department will review the business entity's annual report. Provided the business entity provides a reasonable justification for authorizing or continuing a tax credit, the Department determines the amount of the tax credit to be granted, issue a tax credit authorization to the business entity, and provide a duplicate copy of the tax credit authorization to the Tax Commission. The amount of the tax credit to be continued must be in accordance with the credit percentages specified in the incentive agreement. The TRI will not be extended beyond the term and length specified in the incentive agreement. (4-11-15)

## 211. TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF TAX CREDIT.

During the term of the project for each business entity, the Department will review the business entity's annual report. If the information provided is inadequate or inaccurate to provide a reasonable justification for authorizing or continuing a tax credit, the Department may: (4-11-15)

**01. Denial of Tax Credit.** Deny the tax credit for that tax year; or (4-11-15)

**02.** Termination of Agreement. Terminate the incentive agreement for failure to meet the performance standards established in accordance with the terms outlined in the incentive agreement; or (4-11-15)

03. Request for Additional Documentation. Request the business entity to submit additional documentation. (4-11-15)

Section Other Entitle to Rebate

#### 212. -- 219. (RESERVED)

#### 220. SUSPENSION OF IDAHO REIMBURSEMENT INCENTIVE ACT.

The Director will suspend the issuance of all new incentive agreements with business entities upon the occurrence of the following conditions: (4-11-15)

**01. Temporary Spending Reduction**. The governor orders a temporary reduction of general fund spending authority, pursuant to Section 67-3512A, Idaho Code; and (4-11-15)

**02.** Suspension of New Agreements. The governor issues an executive order directing the Department to suspend the issuance of new incentive agreements during the tax year in which the temporary reduction of general fund spending authority has been ordered and the executive order issued. (4-11-15)

03. Existing Approved Agreements. In the case of suspension all agreements that have been approved by the Council prior to the governor issuing an executive order, as provided in Subsections 026.01 and 026.02 of these rules, will remain in full force and effect and shall not be modified or impaired as a result of the executive order. (4-11-15)

04. Support of Existing Agreements. During the period of time that new incentive agreements have been suspended, the Director will maintain the necessary services required to support all existing agreements and comply with all required reporting and review responsibilities. (4-11-15)

**05. Removal of Suspension**. The governor may remove the suspension issued by executive order. (4-11-15)

**221. -- 999.** (RESERVED)

## IDAPA 59 – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO

## DOCKET NO. 59-0000-1900

## NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

#### LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2020 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective upon the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is approved or rejected in part by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and full force and effect upon adoption of the concurrent resolution.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 59-1301, 59-1314, 59-1372, 59-1383, 59-1392, 50-1507, 50-1508, 50-1524, and 72-1405 Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This pending rule adopts the following chapter IDAPA 59, rules of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho:

#### IDAPA 59

- \*59.01.01, Rules of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI)
- 59.02.01, Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund.

PERSI performed a critical and comprehensive review of its administrative rules to clarify, simplify and remove ineffective language and regulation. IDAPA 59.01.01 has been rewritten and retitled "*Rules for the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI)*," and consolidates previously codified rules under IDAPA 59.01.01 through 59.01.08 with some additional amendments. Language was modified to follow the Legislature's new model for incorporation by reference and to make technical correction, clarify language, and add content from previously codified IDAPA 59.01.07, which expired.

This pending rule vacates the following proposed rules previously promulgated under this docket number as part of the omnibus proposed rulemaking under IDAPA 59, rules of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho:

- (VACATED) 59.01.01, PERSI Rules of Administrative Procedure
- (VACATED) 59.01.02, PERSI Rules for Eligibility
- (VACATED) 59.01.03, PERSI General Provisions, Contribution Rate, Miscellaneous, & Interest Rate Rules
- (VACATED) 59.01.04, PERSI Disability Rules
- (VACATED) 59.01.05, PERSI Separation from Service Rules
- (VACATED) 59.01.06, PERSI Retirement Rules
- (VACATED) 59.01.08, PERSI Gain Sharing Rules

Any amendments to the text of the pending rule have been made in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. The complete text of the proposed rules was published in the June 19, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-6SE, pages 7423-7476.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Cheryl George, (208) 287-9231.

#### PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO IDAPA 59

Docket No. 59-0000-1900 OMNIBUS PENDING RULE

Dated this 16th day October, 2019.

Don Drum, Executive Director Phone: (208) 287-9230 Fax: (208) 334-3408 Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho 607 N. 8th Street, Boise ID 83702 P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0078

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rules listed in the descriptive summary of this notice is June 30, 2019.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted temporary rules, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 59-1314 and 72-1405, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This temporary and proposed rulemaking adopts and re-publishes the following existing and previously approved and codified chapters under IDAPA 59, rules of the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho:

#### IDAPA 59

- 59.01.01, *PERSI Rules of Administrative Procedure*, many rules were modified to follow the Legislature's new model for incorporation by reference.
- 59.01.02, PERSI Rules for Eligibility
- 59.01.03, *PERSI General Provisions, Contribution Rate, Miscellaneous, and Interest Rate Rules*, modified for technical correction, clarity, and to add content for expired chapter IDAPA 59.01.07
- 59.01.04, PERSI Disability Rules
- 59.01.05, PERSI Separation from Service Rules
- 59.01.06, PERSI Retirement Rules
- 59.01.08, PERSI Gain Sharing Rules
- 59.02.01, Rules for the Judges Retirement Fund

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1) and 67-5226(2), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

These temporary rules are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and confer a benefit on its citizens. These previously approved and codified rules implement the duly enacted laws of the state of Idaho, provide citizens with the detailed rules and standards for complying with those laws, and assist in the orderly execution and enforcement of those laws. The expiration of these rules without due consideration and processes would undermine the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Idaho and deprive them of the benefit intended by these rules. Pursuant to Sections 59-1301 and 59-1305, the Public Employee Retirement System was created and placed under the management of the retirement board for the purpose of providing a retirement system and other benefits for public employees in the state of Idaho. The promulgated PERSI rules assist the fiduciaries of the fund to discharge their duties with respect to the fund solely in the interest of the members and their beneficiaries.

### PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO IDAPA 59

FEE SUMMARY: This rulemaking does not impose a fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2020 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rules and fees being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because of the need to adopt the rules as temporary, and because these existing chapters of IDAPA are being re-published and re-authorized. Negotiated rulemaking also is not feasible because of the need to implement these rules before they expire; the rules form the regulatory framework of the laws of this state and have been previously promulgated and reviewed by the Legislature pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code; and because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the temporary and proposed rules attached hereto.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Cheryl George, (208) 287-9231.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

## THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 59-0000-1900

## 59.01.01 – RULES FOR THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO (PERSI)

## 001. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

All PERSI rules are adopted under the legal authority of Sections 50-1507, 50-1508, 50-1524, 59-1301, 59-1314, 59-1372, 59-1383, 59-1392, and 72-1405, Idaho Code.

## 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

PERSI adopts through incorporation by reference as if set forth fully herein, the following Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General, IDAPA 04.11.01, updated by the Attorney General on April 7, 2011 (IDAPA 04.11.01): 004, 005, 051, 052, 100, 101, 103, 104, 153, 154, 157, 201, 203-206, 240, 280, 304, 416, 417, 500, 501, 510-513, 520-524, 526, 527, 529, 530, 553-555, 558-565, 600-605, 610-614, 651, 701, 702, 710, 720, 750, 760, 770, 780, 791, 800, 810, 812, 814, 815, 820, 822, 832, 834, 840, 850, and 860.

#### 003. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS – AGENCY GUIDELINES.

Written interpretations of these rules, to the extent they exist, are available from PERSI, at the Boise Office at 607 North Eighth Street, Boise, Idaho 83702.

#### 004. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL.

#### 005. **DEFINITIONS.**

The definitions in Section 59-1302, Idaho Code, and the following apply to this chapter: ()

**01.** Active Member. A member participates in the active member allocation only if they are active and have at least twelve (12) months of accrued membership service on the last day of the fiscal year. For purposes of allocating extraordinary gains, active members also include:

**a.** Seasonal employees who have a pattern of employment that includes at least six (6) months of membership service in each of the preceding three (3) consecutive years; and ()

**b.** Employees who are on leave of absence on the last day of the fiscal year and either: ()

i. Return to active service for at least thirty (30) days before December 31 immediately following the end of the fiscal year; or ()

ii. Are entitled to benefits under the Uniformed Services Employment and Re-employment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA).

**02.** Actuary. This is the actuary retained by the Board. ( )

)

)

**03.** Administrator. The Board.

**04. Applicant**. "Applicant" means an applicant for disability retirement under Section 59-1352, Idaho Code, or an individual requesting resumption of a disability retirement allowance under Section 59-1354A, Idaho Code.

**05. Base Plan or Account**. This is the PERSI defined benefit plan not including gain sharing allocations or interest thereon, or the individual accounts therein. ()

**06. Board**. "Board" means the governing authority of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho as provided by Section 59-1304, Idaho Code, of the Firefighters' Retirement Fund created by Chapter 14, Title 72, Idaho Code, and the Policeman's Retirement Fund created by Chapter 15, Title 50, Idaho Code. ()

07. Choice Plan or Account. This includes two (2) elements:

**a.** The defined contribution component of the PERSI plan consisting of gain sharing allocations together with earnings thereon or the individual accounts therein; and ()

**b.** The plan designated to receive voluntary and employer contributions as provided in Section 59-1308, Idaho Code, or the individual accounts therein.

**08.** Code. The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as now in effect or as hereafter amended. All citations to sections of the Code are to such sections as they may from time to time be amended or renumbered.

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**09. Compensation**. "Compensation" as used in Section 59-1342(6), Idaho Code, means "salary" as defined by Section 59-1302(31), Idaho Code.

10. Court Security. "Court Security" as used in Section 59-1303(3)(g), Idaho Code, means the employee's primary responsibilities are designated by court order to quell disturbances in the courthouse, to prevent the escape of prisoners, to exclude weapons from the courthouse, and to perform other related courthouse security matters.

11. Date of Retirement. "Date of retirement" means the effective date on which a retirement allowance becomes payable.

12. **Designated Beneficiary**. The individual who is designated as the beneficiary under the Plan and is the designated beneficiary under section 401(a)(9) of the Code and section 1.40l(a)(9)-4, Q&A-4, of the Treasury regulations.

13. Employed In The Same Position Until Retired. As used in Section 59-1303(7), Idaho Code, "employed in the same position until retired" means the same job classification or position including continued employment in any revised job classification or new position title evolving from the same position as the result of personnel reclassification procedures provided the continued employment remains with the same state agency or within the same department of a political subdivision. ()

14. Employer. "Employer" means the state of Idaho or any political subdivision or governmental entity, provided such subdivision or entity has elected to come into the system. Governmental entity means any organization composed of units of government of Idaho or organizations funded only by government or employee contributions or organizations who discharge governmental responsibilities or proprietary responsibilities that would otherwise be performed by government. A political subdivision and government entity also means an entity that meets each of the requirements of Paragraphs a. through c. of this definition, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances. Entities that may qualify as political subdivisions include, among others, general purpose governmental entities, such as cities and counties (whether or not incorporated as municipal corporations), and special purpose governmental entities, such as special assessment districts that provide for roads, water, sewer, gas, light, reclamation, drainage, irrigation, levee, school, harbor, port improvements, and other governmental purposes for a State or local governmental unit. ()

**a.** Sovereign powers. Pursuant to a State or local law of general application, the entity has a delegated right to exercise a substantial amount of at least one (1) of the following recognized sovereign powers of a State or local governmental unit: The power of taxation, the power of eminent domain, and police power. ()

**b.** Governmental purpose. The entity serves a governmental purpose. The determination of whether an entity serves a governmental purpose is based on, among other things, whether the entity carries out the public purposes that are set forth in the entity's enabling legislation and whether the entity operates in a manner that provides a significant public benefit with no more than incidental private benefit. ()

**c.** Governmental control. A State or local governmental unit exercises control over the entity. For this purpose, control is defined in Subparagraph c.i. of this rule and a State or local governmental unit exercises such control only if the control is vested in persons described in Subparagraph c.ii. of this rule.

i. Definition of control. "Control" means an ongoing right or power to direct significant actions of the entity. Rights or powers may establish control either individually or in the aggregate. Among rights or powers that may establish control, an ongoing ability to exercise one or more of the following significant rights or powers, on a discretionary and non-ministerial basis, constitutes control: the right or power both to approve and to remove a majority of the governing body of the entity; the right or power to elect a majority of the governing body of the entity in periodic elections of reasonable frequency; or the right or power to approve or direct the significant uses of funds or assets of the entity in advance of that use. Procedures designed to ensure the integrity of the entity but not to direct significant actions of the entity are insufficient to constitute control of an entity. Examples of such procedures include requirements for submission of audited financial statements of the entity to a higher level State or local governmental unit, open meeting requirements, and conflicts of interest limitations. ()

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ii. Control vested in a State or local governmental unit or an electorate. Control is vested in persons described as a State or local governmental unit possessing a substantial amount of each of the sovereign powers and acting through its governing body or through its duly authorized elected or appointed officials in their official capacities or an electorate established under applicable State or local law of general application, provided the electorate is not a private faction. ()

iii. Definition of "private faction." A private faction is any electorate if the outcome of the exercise of control described in Subparagraph c.i. of this rule is determined solely by the votes of an unreasonably small number of private persons. The determination of whether a number of such private persons is unreasonably small depends on all of the facts and circumstances, including, without limitation, the entity's governmental purpose, the number of members in the electorate, the relationships of the members of the electorate to one another, the manner of apportionment of votes within the electorate, and the extent to which the members of the electorate adequately represent the interests of persons reasonably affected by the entity's actions. For purposes of this definition, an electorate is a private faction if any three (3) private persons that are members of the electorate possess, in the aggregate, a majority of the votes necessary to determine the outcome of the relevant exercise of control. Provided however, an electorate is not a private faction if the smallest number of private persons who can combine votes to establish a majority of the votes necessary to determine the outcome of the relevant exercise of control is greater than ten (10) persons. For example, if an electorate consists of twenty (20) private persons with equal, five-percent (5%) shares of the total votes, that electorate is not a private faction because a minimum of eleven (11) members of that electorate is necessary to have a majority of the votes. By contrast, for example, if an electorate consists of twenty (20) private persons with unequal voting shares in which some combination of ten (10) or fewer members has a majority of the votes, then that electorate does not qualify for the safe harbor from treatment as a private faction under this subparagraph. The following rules apply for purposes of determining numbers of voters and voting control in Subparagraph c.iii. of this rule, related parties (as defined in 26 CFR § 1.150–1(b)) are treated as a single person; and in computing the number of votes necessary to determine the outcome of the relevant exercise of control, all voters entitled to vote in an election are assumed to cast all votes to which they are entitled. )

**15. Employment.** "Employment" as used in Section 59-1302(14)(B)(b), Idaho Code, shall mean the period of time from a member's date of hire to the member's succeeding date of separation from that state agency, political subdivision or government entity. Placing a member on leave of absence with or without pay shall not be considered as a separation from the employer.

**16. Firefighters' Retirement Fund**. "Firefighters' Retirement Fund" or "FRF" is the retirement fund provided by Chapter 14, Title 72, Idaho Code.

17. Gain Sharing. This refers to the process of allocating extraordinary gains from the base plan into the defined contribution component of the PERSI plan as permitted in Section 414(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and as provided by Section 59-1309, Idaho Code, and these rules."

18. General Member. "General member" is a PERSI member not classified as a police officer, firefighter, or paid firefighter.

**19. Likely.** For the purpose of Section 59-1302(12)(b), Idaho Code, "likely" means with reasonable medical certainty.

**20.** Normal Retirement Age. The age (or combination of age and years of service) at which a Member is entitled to an actuarially unreduced retirement benefit under the Plan. A Member will be fully vested upon attainment of Normal Retirement Age.

**21. Occupational Hazard**. "Occupational Hazard" means an injury or ailment solely resulting from the work an applicant does or from the environment in which an applicant works.

**22. Pension Protection Act Definitions**. Solely for purposes of the implementation by PERSI of section 402(l) of the Internal Revenue Code, the following definitions apply: ()

a. Chaplain. Any individual serving as an officially recognized or designated member of a legally

organized volunteer fire department or legally organized police department, or an officially recognized or designated public employee of a legally organized fire or police department who was responding to a fire, rescue, or police emergency.

**b.** Eligible Retired Public Safety Officer. An individual who, by reason of disability or attainment of normal retirement age, is separated from service as a public safety officer with the state agency, political subdivision or government entity who maintains the eligible retirement plan from which distributions are made.

c. Normal Retirement Age. The member's age at the time that the member is eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit.

**d. Public Safety Officer**. An individual serving a public agency in an official capacity, with or without compensation, as a law enforcement officer, as a firefighter, as a chaplain, or as a member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

23. Permissive Service Credits. This includes all credits obtained through voluntary purchase but does not include service obtained through repayment of a separation benefit under Section 59-1363, Idaho Code.

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**24. Police Officer**. "Police officer" means an employee who is serving in a position as defined in Section 59-1303, Idaho Code.

**25. Police Officer Member For Purposes Of Retirement Eligibility.** The words "will be deemed to be a police officer member for purposes of retirement eligibility" as used in Section 59-1303(7), Idaho Code, means the member shall have a service retirement ratio of 1.000 provided for by Section 59-1341, Idaho Code. ()

**26. Primary Employer**. The primary employer is the state agency, political subdivision or government entity from whom the employee receives the highest aggregate salary per month. ()

**27. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho**. "Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho" or "PERSI" is the retirement system created by Chapter 13, Title 59, Idaho Code. ()

28. Required Beginning Date. The date specified in Rule 508.02 of these rules. ()

**29.** Retiree. Retiree includes any member, contingent annuitant, or surviving spouse, receiving regular monthly allowances at the close of the fiscal year. It also includes members receiving a monthly disability retirement allowance, surviving spouses who elected an annuity option under Section 59-1361(5), Idaho Code, and members who were inactive at the close of the fiscal year but retire on or before the first day of January following the end of the fiscal year, retroactive to the first day of June of the fiscal year or earlier.

**30.** Same Position. "Same position" as set forth in Section 59-1303(7), Idaho Code, means the same job classification or position title including continued employment in any revised job classification or new position title evolving from that same position as the result of personnel reclassification procedures provided the continued employment remains within the same state agency or within the same department of a political subdivision. ()

**31.** Service. For the purposes of Rules 536 and 540, "service" includes only service for which the member is normally in the administrative offices of the state agency, political subdivision or government entity or normally required to be present at any particular work station for the state agency, political subdivision or government entity.

**32.** Surviving Spouse. "Surviving spouse" is a person as defined in Section 15-2-802, Idaho Code.

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**33. Teacher**. "Teacher" is defined as a school employee who is required to be certified. ( )

**34.** Transportation Of Prisoners. "Transportation of prisoners" as used in Section 59-1303(3)(g), Idaho Code, means the employee's primary responsibility is designated by court order to move prisoners from one (1)

place to another.

#### SUBCHAPTER A – PERSI RULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE RULES 011 THROUGH 099

## 011. COMMUNICATIONS WITH AGENCY -- IDENTIFICATION -- FILING.

All written communications and documents that are intended to be a part of an official record for a decision in a contested case must be filed with the officer designated by the agency. Communications addressing or pertaining to a given proceeding must be written under that proceeding's case caption and case number if assigned. Otherwise, such communications must specifically refer to the subject matter. Unless otherwise provided by statute, rule, order or notice, documents are considered filed when received by the officer designated to receive them, not when mailed.

012. SERVICE ON PARTIES AND OTHER PERSONS.

All documents intended to be part of the agency record for decision must be served upon the representatives of each party of record concurrently with filing with the officer designated by the agency to receive filings. In a contested case, when a document has been filed by FAX, it must be served upon all other parties with FAX facilities by FAX and upon the remaining parties by overnight mail, hand delivery, or the next best available service if these services are not available. The presiding officer may direct that some or all of these documents be served on interested or affected persons who are not parties.

#### 013. PROOF OF SERVICE.

Every document filed with and intended to be part of the agency record must be attached to or accompanied by proof of service by the following or similar certificate:

I HEREBY CERTIFY (swear or affirm) that I have this day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, served the foregoing name(s) or titles of document(s) upon all parties of record in this proceeding by delivering a copy thereof in person: (list names) by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed with postage prepaid, to: (list names).

> (Signature) (Title)

#### 014. SERVICE BY AGENCY.

Unless otherwise provided by statute or these rules, the officer designated by the agency to serve rules, notices, summonses, complaints, and orders issued by the agency may serve these documents by United States mail, to a party's last known mailing address or by personal service. Unless otherwise provided by statute, these rules, order or notice, service of orders and notices is complete when a copy, properly addressed and stamped, is deposited in the United States mail or the Statehouse mail, if the party is a State employee or State agency. The officer designated by the agency to serve documents in a proceeding must serve all orders and notices on the representatives of each party designated pursuant to these rules for that proceeding and upon other persons designated by these rules or by the agency.

#### 015. COMPUTATION OF TIME.

Whenever statute, these or other rules, order, or notice requires an act to be done within a certain number of days of a given day, the given day is not included in the count. If the day the act must be done is Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, the act may be done on the first day following that is not Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday.

#### 016. FEES AND REMITTANCES.

Fees and remittances to the agency must be paid by: electronic transfer, money order, bank draft or check payable to PERSI. Remittances in currency or coin are wholly at the risk of the remitter, and the agency assumes no responsibility for their loss.

#### 017. FURTHER PROCEEDINGS.

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Any person aggrieved by any otherwise final decision or inaction of the Board, before filing an appeal to district court, must initiate a formal proceeding before the Board.

#### 018. PARTIES TO CONTESTED CASES LISTED.

Parties to contested cases before the agency are called petitioners, complainants or respondents. On reconsideration or appeal within the agency, parties are called by their original titles listed in the previous sentence.

#### 019. PETITIONERS.

Persons who seek to modify, amend or stay existing orders or rules of the agency, to clarify their rights or obligations under law administered by the agency, to ask the agency to initiate a contested case, or to otherwise take action that will result in the issuance of an order or rule, are called "petitioners."

#### 020. INITIAL PLEADING BY PARTY -- LISTING OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The initial pleading of each party at the formal stage of a contested case (petition, complaint, motion, or answer) must name the party's representative(s) for service and state the representative's(s') address(es) for purposes of receipt of all official documents. Service of documents on the named representative(s) is valid service upon the party for all purposes in that proceeding. If no person is explicitly named as the party's representative, the person signing the pleading will be considered the party's representative. ()

## 021. REPRESENTATION OF PARTIES AT HEARING.

**01.** Appearances and Representation. To the extent authorized or required by law, appearances and representation of parties or other persons at formal hearing or prehearing conference must be as follows: ()

**a.** Natural person. A natural person may represent himself or herself or be represented by a duly authorized employee, attorney, family member or friend.

**b.** A partnership may be represented by a partner, duly authorized employee, or attorney. ( )

c. A corporation may be represented by an officer, duly authorized employee, or attorney. ( )

**d.** A municipal corporation, local government agency, unincorporated association or nonprofit organization may be represented by an officer, duly authorized employee, or attorney.

**02. Representatives**. The representatives of parties at hearing, and no other persons or parties appearing before the agency, are entitled to examine witnesses and make or argue motions.

#### 022. PLEADINGS LISTED -- MISCELLANEOUS.

Pleadings in contested cases include, but are not limited to petitions, complaints, motions, answers, consent agreements, briefs, memoranda, statements of position, and orders. Affidavits or declarations under penalty of perjury may be filed in support of any pleading. A party's initial pleading in any proceeding must comply with Rule 020, but the presiding officer may allow documents filed during informal stages of the proceeding to be considered a party's initial pleading without the requirement of resubmission to comply with this rule. All pleadings filed during the formal stage of a proceeding must be filed in accordance with these rules. A party may adopt or join any other party's pleading. Two or more separately stated grounds, claims or answers concerning the same subject matter may be included in one pleading.

## 023. PETITIONS -- DEFINED -- FORM AND CONTENTS.

01. Pleadings Defined. All pleadings requesting the following are cal	led "petitions": ( )
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a. Modification, amendment or stay of existing orders or rules; ( )

**b.** Clarification, declaration or construction of the law administered by the agency or of a party's rights or obligations under law administered by the agency; or ()

с.	Rehearing or reconsideration.	(
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	02.	Petitions. Petitions must:	(	)
	a.	State the facts upon which they are based;	(	)
based;	b.	Refer to the particular provisions of statute, rule, order or other controlling law upon which	h they : (	are )
	c.	State the relief desired; and	(	)
	d.	State the name of the person petitioned against (the respondent), if any.	(	)
ruling or rule.	03. n the app	Form and Contents of Petition of Declaratory Rulings. Any person petitioning for a declarability of a statute, rule or order administered by the agency must substantially comply		
	a.	Form. The petition shall:	(	)
	i.	Identify the petitioner and state the petitioner's interest in the matter;	(	)
	ii.	State the declaratory ruling that the petitioner seeks; and	(	)
petitione	iii. er relies to	Indicate the statute, order, rule, or other controlling law, and the factual allegations upon to support the petition.	which (	the )
statutory	<b>b.</b> 7 provisio	Legal Assertions. Legal assertions in the petition may be accompanied by citations of cas ns.	ses and (	l/or )
024.	ΜΟΤΙΟ	NS DEFINED FORM AND CONTENTS TIME FOR FILING PROCEDUR	E.	
	01.	<b>Defined</b> . All other pleadings requesting the agency to take any other action in a context	sted ca	ise,

**01. Defined**. All other pleadings requesting the agency to take any other action in a contested case, except consent agreements or pleadings specifically answering other pleadings, are called "motions." ()

02.	Form and Contents. Motions must:	(	)

<b>a.</b> Fully state the facts upon which they are based; (	)	)
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**b.** Refer to the particular provision of statute, rule, order, notice, or other controlling law upon which they are based; and

**c.** State the relief sought.

**03. Other**. If the moving party desires oral argument or hearing on the motion, it must state so in the motion. Any motion to dismiss, strike or limit a complaint or petition must be filed before the answer is due or be included in the answer, if the movant is obligated to file an answer. If a motion is directed to an answer, it must be filed within fourteen (14) days after service of the answer. ()

## 025. ANSWERS -- DEFINED -- FORM AND CONTENTS -- TIME FOR FILING.

All pleadings responding to the allegations or requests of complaints, petitions, or motions are called "answers."

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**01. Answers to Pleadings Other Than Motions**. Answers to complaints, petitions or appeals must be filed and served on all parties of record within twenty-eight (28) days after service of the pleading being answered, unless order or notice modifies the time within which answer may be made, or, a motion to dismiss is made within twenty-eight (28) days. When an answer is not timely filed under this rule, the presiding officer may issue a notice of default against the respondent. Answers must admit or deny each material allegation of the complaint or petition. Any material allegation not specifically admitted shall be considered to be denied. Matters alleged by cross-complaint or

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affirmative defense must be separately stated and numbered.	( )
<b>02. Answers to Motions</b> . Answers to motions may be filed by a motion or by parties opposing a motion. The person or party answering th and reasonable speed. In no event is a party entitled to more than fourteen (I for additional time to answer. The presiding officer may act upon a prehearing	e motion must do so with all deliberate (4) days to answer a motion or to move
026. FORM OF PLEADINGS.	

All pleadings submitted by a party and intended to be part of an agency record must comply with the following:

01.	Requirements. Pleadings must:	(	)
<b>a.</b> side only;	Be submitted on white eight and one-half inch (8 1/2") by eleven inch (11") paper copied	on one ( (	(1)

**b.** State the case caption, case number and title of the document;

**c.** Include on the upper left corner of the first page the name(s), mailing and street address(es), and telephone and FAX number(s) of the person(s) filing the document or the person(s) to whom questions about the document can be directed; and ()

- **d.** Have at least one inch (1") left and top margins. (
- **02.** Form. Documents complying with this rule will be in the following form:

Name of Representative Mailing Address of Representative Street Address of Representative (if different) Telephone Number of Representative FAX Number of Representative (if there is one) Attorney/Representative for (Name of Party)

## BEFORE THE RETIREMENT BOARD OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO

In re the Matter of ) CASE NO.

)

)

) (TITLE OF DOCUMENT)

)

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#### 027. AMENDMENTS TO PLEADINGS -- WITHDRAWAL OF PLEADINGS.

The presiding officer may allow any pleading to be amended or corrected or any omission to be supplied. Pleadings will be liberally construed, and defects that do not affect substantial rights of the parties may be disregarded. A party desiring to withdraw a pleading must file a notice of withdrawal of the pleading and serve all parties with a copy. Unless otherwise ordered by the presiding officer, the notice is effective fourteen (14) days after filing.

#### 028. DISQUALIFICATION OF OFFICERS HEARING CONTESTED CASES.

Pursuant to Section 67-5252, Idaho Code, persons designated as presiding officers are subject to disqualification for bias, prejudice, interest, substantial prior involvement in the case other than as a presiding officer, status as an

employee of the agency, lack of professional knowledge in the subject matter of the contested case, or any other reason provided by law or for any cause for which a judge is or may be disqualified. Any party may petition for the disqualification of a hearing officer. However, the petition must be filed not later than fourteen (14) days after receiving notice that the officer will preside at a contested case or upon discovering facts establishing grounds for disqualification, whichever is later. Any party may assert a blanket disqualification for cause of all employees of the agency hearing the contested case, other than the agency head, prior to the designation of presiding officer(s). A presiding officer whose disqualification is requested shall determine in writing whether to grant the petition for disqualification, stating facts and reasons for the hearing officer's determination. Challenge to an agency head must be made pursuant to Sections 59-704 and 67-5252(4), Idaho Code.

#### 029. SCOPE OF AUTHORITY OF PRESIDING OFFICERS.

The scope of presiding officers' authority may be restricted in the appointment by the agency. Unless the agency otherwise provides, presiding officers have the standard scope of authority, which is:

**01.** Schedule Cases. Authority to schedule cases assigned to the presiding officers including authority to issue notices of prehearing conference and of hearing, as appropriate.

**02.** Schedule and Compel Discovery. Authority to schedule and compel discovery when discovery is authorized before the agency, and to require advance filing of expert testimony when authorized before the agency.

03. Conduct Hearings. Authority to preside at and conduct hearings, administer oaths, accept evidence into the record, rule upon objections to evidence, preserve and enforce order, issue subpoenas for and to compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of books, papers, documents and other evidence, and, to examine witnesses.

04. Issue Decisions for Review. Authority to issue a written decision for review and confirmation by the Board, including a narrative of the proceedings before the presiding officer and findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommended or preliminary orders.

## 030. CHALLENGES TO STATUTES.

A presiding officer in a contested case has no authority to declare a statute unconstitutional. However, when a court of competent jurisdiction whose decisions are binding precedent in the state of Idaho has declared a statute unconstitutional, or when a federal authority finds that the same state statute or rule or a substantively identical state statute or rule that would otherwise apply has been challenged in the proceeding before the presiding officer, then the officer shall apply the precedent of the court or the preemptive action of the federal authority to the proceeding before the officer and decide the proceeding in accordance with the precedent of the court or the preemptive action of the () ()

#### 031. PRIVILEGE.

Communications in an ADR proceeding, including facts disclosed, offers made and all other aspects of the proceeding, are privileged and shall not be included in the record or disclosed by the neutral or by any party to the proceeding unless all parties to the proceeding consent in writing, the communication has already been made public, or is required by court order, statute or agency rule to be made public.

## **032.** FACTS DISCLOSED NOT PART OF THE RECORD.

Unless parties agree otherwise, facts disclosed, offers made and all other aspects of negotiation (except agreements reached) in prehearing conferences in a contested case are not part of the record.

#### 033. SUBPOENAS.

The agency may issue subpoenas as authorized by statute, upon a party's motion or upon its own initiative. The presiding officer upon motion to quash made promptly, and in any event, before the time to comply with the subpoena, may quash the subpoena, or condition denial of the motion to quash upon reasonable terms. ()

## **034.** FILING AND SERVICE OF DISCOVERY-RELATED DOCUMENTS.

Notices of deposition, cover letters stating that production requests, written interrogatories or requests for admission have been served, cover letters stating answers to production requests, written interrogatories, or requests for

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admission have been served or are available for inspection, and objections to discovery must be filed and served as provided in the discovery order.

#### 035. SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO OBEY ORDER COMPELLING DISCOVERY.

The presiding officer may impose all sanctions recognized by statute or rule for failure to comply with the discovery order.

#### **036. PROTECTIVE ORDERS.**

As authorized by statute or rule, the presiding officer may issue protective orders limiting access to information generated during settlement negotiations, discovery, or hearing.

#### 037. NOTICE OF HEARING.

Notice of the place, date and hour of hearing will be served on all parties at least fourteen (14) days before the time set for hearing, unless the presiding officer finds by order that it is necessary or appropriate that the hearing be held earlier. Notices must comply with the requirements of Rule 038. Notices must list the names of the parties (or the lead parties if the parties are too numerous to name), the case number or docket number, the names of the presiding officer(s) who will hear the case, the name, address and telephone number of the person to whom inquiries about scheduling, hearing facilities, etc., should be directed, and the names of persons with whom the documents, pleadings, etc., in the case should be filed if the presiding officer is not the person who should receive those documents. If no document previously issued by the agency has listed the legal authority of the agency to conduct the hearing, the notice of hearing must do so. The notice of hearing shall state that the hearing will be conducted under these rules of procedure and inform the parties where they may read or obtain a copy.

#### **038.** FACILITIES AT OR FOR HEARING AND ADA REQUIREMENTS.

All hearings must be held in facilities meeting the accessibility requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act, and all notices of hearing must inform the parties that the hearing will be conducted in facilities meeting the accessibility requirements of the American with Disabilities Act. All notices of hearing must inform the parties and other persons notified that if they require assistance of the kind that the agency is required to provide under the Americans with Disabilities Act (e.g., sign language interpreters, Braille copies of documents) in order to participate in or understand the hearing, the agency will supply that assistance provided the person requiring such assistance has made such a request not later than five (5) working days before the hearing or such other time as specified in the notice.

#### 039. HOW HEARINGS HELD.

Hearings may be held in person or by telephone or television or other electronic means, so long as the parties or other authorized participants in the hearing have an opportunity to participate in the entire proceeding while it is taking place.

#### 040. CONSOLIDATION OF PROCEEDINGS.

The agency may consolidate two (2) or more proceedings for hearing upon finding that they present issues that are related and that the rights of the parties will not be prejudiced. In consolidated hearings the presiding officer determines the order of the proceeding.

#### 041. STIPULATIONS.

Parties may stipulate among themselves to any fact at issue in a contested case by written statement filed with the presiding officer or presented at hearing or by oral statement at hearing. A stipulation binds all parties agreeing to it only according to its terms. The presiding officer may regard a stipulation as evidence or may require proof by evidence of the facts stipulated. The presiding officer is not bound to adopt a stipulation of the parties, but may do so. If the presiding officer rejects a stipulation, the officer will do so before issuing a final order and will provide an additional opportunity for the parties to present evidence and arguments on the subject matter of the rejected stipulation.

#### 042. EXHIBITS.

Exhibit numbers may be assigned to the parties before the hearing. Exhibits prepared for hearing must ordinarily be typed or printed on eight and one-half inch (8 1/2") by eleven inch (11") white paper, except maps, charts, photographs and non-documentary exhibits may be introduced on the size or kind of paper or in such other form as is customarily used. A copy of each documentary exhibit must be furnished to each party present and to the presiding

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officer, except for unusually bulky or voluminous exhibits that have previously been made available for the parties' inspection. Copies must be of good quality. Exhibits offered at hearings are subject to appropriate and timely objections before the close of proceedings. Exhibits to which no objection is made are automatically admitted into evidence without motion of the sponsoring party. Neither motion pictures, slides, opaque projections, videotapes, audiotapes nor other materials not capable of duplication by still photograph or reproduction on paper shall be presented as exhibits without prior approval of the presiding officer.

## 043. RECORD FOR DECISION.

**01. Official Record**. The agency will maintain an official record for each contested case and (unless statute provides otherwise) base its decision in a contested case on the official record for the case. ()

	02.	Contents. The record for a contested case will include:	(	)
	a.	All notices of proceedings;	(	)
	b.	All petitions, complaints, motions, and answers filed in the proceeding;	(	)
	c.	All intermediate or interlocutory rulings;	(	)
exhibits	<b>d.</b> s offered	All evidence received or considered (including all transcripts or recordings of hearings or identified at hearing);	and (	all )
	e.	All offers of proof, however made;	(	)
positior	<b>f.</b> n, stateme	All briefs, memoranda, proposed orders of the parties or of the presiding officers, stater ents of support, and exceptions filed by parties or persons not parties;	nents (	of )
	g.	All evidentiary rulings on testimony, exhibits, or offers of proof;	(	)
	h.	All staff memoranda or data submitted in connection with the consideration of the proceed	ing; (	)
	i.	A statement of matters officially noticed; and	(	)
	j.	All recommended orders, preliminary orders, final orders, and orders on reconsideration.	(	)
044	ΝΟΤΙ	ΎΕ ΔΕ ΒΔΔΦΔΩΈΝ ΝΕΕΛΙΗ Τ ΛΕΤΕΩ ΕΛΗ ΠΩΕ ΤΟ ΛΟΒΕΛΟ		

## 044. NOTICE OF PROPOSED DEFAULT AFTER FAILURE TO APPEAR.

If a party fails to appear at the time and place set for hearing, the presiding officer may serve upon all parties a notice of a proposed default order denying or dismissing the matter set for hearing. The notice of a proposed default order shall include a statement that the default order is proposed to be issued because of a failure of the party to appear at the time and place set for hearing. The notice of proposed default order may be mailed to the last known mailing address of the party proposed to be defaulted.

## 045. REVIEW OF INTERLOCUTORY ORDERS.

Any party or person affected by an interlocutory order may petition the officer issuing the order to review the interlocutory order. The officer issuing an interlocutory order may rescind, alter or amend any interlocutory order on the officer's own motion, but will not on the officer's own motion review any interlocutory order affecting any party's substantive rights without giving all parties notice and an opportunity for written comment. ()

#### 046. FINAL ORDERS.

**01. Final Order - Definition**. Final orders are orders that have been confirmed or issued by the Board pursuant to Section 59-1314(4), Idaho Code.

**02. Content.** Every final order must contain or be accompanied by a document containing the following paragraphs or substantially similar paragraphs: ()

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**a.** This is a final order of the agency. Any party may file a motion for reconsideration of this final order within fourteen (14) days of the service date of this order. The agency will dispose of the petition for reconsideration within twenty-one (21) days of its receipt, or the petition will be considered denied by operation of law. See Section 67-5246(4), Idaho Code. ()

**b.** Pursuant to Sections 67-5270 and 67-5272, Idaho Code, any party aggrieved by this final order or orders previously issued in this case may appeal this final order and all previously issued orders in this case to district court by filing a petition in the district court of the county in which: ()

i.	A hearing was held;	(	)
ii.	The final agency action was taken;	(	)
iii.	The party seeking review of the order resides; or	(	)

iv. The real property or personal property that was the subject of the agency action is attached. ( )

**c.** An appeal must be filed within twenty-eight (28) days (a) of the service date of this final order, (b) of an order denying petition for reconsideration, or (c) the failure within twenty-one (21) days to grant or deny a petition for reconsideration, whichever is later. See Section 67-5273, Idaho Code. The filing of an appeal to district court does not itself stay the effectiveness or enforcement of the order under appeal. ()

#### 047. PERSONS WHO MAY APPEAL.

Pursuant to Section 59-1314 and 67-5270, Idaho Code, any party aggrieved by a final order of an agency in a contested case may appeal to district court. Pursuant to Section 67-5271, Idaho Code, a person is not entitled to judicial review of an agency action in district court until that person has exhausted all administrative remedies available with the agency, but a preliminary, procedural, or intermediate agency action or ruling is immediately reviewable in district court if review of the final agency action would not provide an adequate remedy. ()

## 048. -- 099. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER B – PERSI RULES FOR ELIGIBILITY RULE 100 THROUGH 249

#### **100. MANDATORY MEMBERSHIP.**

Membership in PERSI is mandatory for all persons who meet the statutory definition of an "employee" in Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code.

#### **101. MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS -- MEMBERSHIP ELIGIBILITY.**

An employee establishes separate PERSI membership eligibility with each state agency, political subdivision or government entity with which the employee meets the statutory definition of an "employee" as found in Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code. ()

01. Does Not Meet the Statutory Definition. Because membership eligibility is established independently with each state agency, political subdivision or government entity, neither employer nor employee contributions are required on salary paid by employers to employees who do not meet the statutory definition of an "employee" as found in Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code. ()

02. State Agencies. The agencies of the state of Idaho shall be considered a single employer; an employee working for more than one (1) state agency establishes eligibility based on the total hours of employment worked with all state agencies.

## **102.** ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS NOT SUBJECT TO TWENTY HOUR REQUIREMENT.

Elected and appointed officials are not subject to the hourly requirement of Section 59-1302(14)(A)(a), Idaho Code.

#### ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS -- MEMBERS OF PERSI. 103.

Elected and appointed officials serving on boards, councils, or commissions who receive salary or honorarium for services performed are members of PERSI even though they receive nominal salary and do not normally work twenty (20) hours or more per week.

#### 104. -- 110. (RESERVED)

#### **TEACHER WORKING HALF-TIME OR MORE.** 111.

For the purposes of Section 59-1302(14)(A)(a), Idaho Code, a teacher is considered to be working half-time or more if the teacher's contract specifies that the engagement is half or more of a full contract. Teachers and all other school employees not employed under such a contractual arrangement shall be required to meet the requirement of normally working twenty (20) hours or more per week.

#### **RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYER TO DETERMINE EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY.** 112.

It is the responsibility of each state agency, political subdivision or government entity to make the initial determination of which employees within its jurisdiction meet the requirements of eligibility for membership and to withhold the required member contributions from salary paid. )

#### NORMALLY WORKS TWENTY HOURS. 113.

If a person works twenty (20) hours or more per week for more than one-half (1/2) of the weeks during the period of employment being considered, then the person meets the requirements of Section 59-1302(14)(A)(a), Idaho Code ("normally works twenty (20) hours or more per week"), and shall be considered an employee if the person meets the other requirements of Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code. Statutory References: Section 59-1302(14)(A)(a). (

#### **APPLICATION OF THE FIVE MONTH REQUIREMENT.** 114.

An employee working twenty (20) hours or more per week who is hired with the expectation of working less than five (5) consecutive months, becomes retroactively eligible for membership whenever it becomes evident the period of employment will be five (5) consecutive months or longer and the employee meets the other requirements of Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code. )

Employee and Employer Contributions. Employee and Employer contributions must be 01. immediately withheld by the state agency, political subdivision or government entity and forwarded when it becomes evident the period of employment will be five (5) consecutive months or more, and the employee meets the other requirements of Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code. Delinquent employee and employer contributions on all prior months of employment, shall be paid by the state agency, political subdivision or government entity pursuant to Rule 114.02 of this chapter. )

Delinquent Contributions. Employer shall collect and pay delinquent contributions of employer 02. and employee within three (3) months once it becomes evident the period of employment will be five (5) consecutive months or more. If the delinquent contributions are not paid within three (3) months, regular interest will be assessed against the outstanding balance until the delinquent employee contributions are paid in full.

#### 115. -- 120. (RESERVED)

#### 121. **CEASING TO BE AN EMPLOYEE.**

A member ceases to be an employee on the day following the effective date that the member is separated from their employer. Membership service credits stop on the day the member ceases to be an employee. ( )

#### 122. LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

A member is ineligible to contribute and receive membership service credit while on leave of absence without pay or while on leave of absence with less than one-half (1/2) pay, unless the absence is occasioned by a worker's compensation claim approved by a surety. An active member separated from employment under conditions where both the member and the employer plan a later return to employment should be placed on leave of absence without pay during the planned period of absence. )

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01. Employer and Employee Contributions -- Leave of Absence. During the leave of absence without pay, employer and employee contributions cease. If the member is on a leave of absence as a result of an approved worker's compensation claim, employer and employee contributions are due and payable on any salary paid to the member. The member is entitled to a month of membership service credit for each month the member remains on leave of absence as a result of an approved worker's compensation claim and receives salary in addition to income benefits.

**02. Documentation of Leave of Absence**. The employer shall provide PERSI with documentation, on a form provided by PERSI, of a leave of absence to clarify the member's status and retirement benefit entitlement.

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03. Status of Employee on Leave of Absence. An employee placed on a leave of absence by an employer remains in an employee status and is ineligible for payment of any separation benefits or for payment of a service, early, disability, or vested retirement allowance. If a member on leave of absence without pay terminates employment without returning to work, the leave without pay status is negated. ()

04. Leave of Absence -- Effect on Benefit Enhancement. An employee shall not be placed on a leave of absence without pay prior to the effective date of a benefit enhancement and then return to work after the effective date of the benefit enhancement for the purpose of qualifying for the benefit enhancement. An employee placed on unpaid leave of absence prior to the date of the benefit enhancement who returns to work after the effective date of the benefit enhancement and subsequently applies for retirement shall include with the application for retirement, certification from the state agency, political subdivision or government entity that the leave of absence was not granted for the purpose of allowing the person to qualify for the benefit enhancement. ()

## 123. -- 149. (RESERVED)

## **150. POLICE OFFICER MEMBERSHIP CERTIFICATION.**

The executive director or the executive director's designee may accept or reject the employer's certification that an employee's primary position with the employer is a police officer for retirement purposes as required in Section 59-1303, Idaho Code. Acceptance of the certification shall not limit PERSI's right to review and reclassify the position for retirement purposes based upon an audit or other relevant information presented to PERSI. A position title or occasional assignments to active law enforcement service or hazardous law enforcement duties does not create a condition for designation as a police officer member for retirement purposes. ()

## 151. DEFINITION OF ACTIVE LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICE.

"Active law enforcement service" as used in Section 59-1303, Idaho Code, means the primary duties of an employee's position requires the employee to investigate and arrest persons for criminal or suspected criminal violations or designate the employee to be responsible for the safekeeping and custody of persons held in a duly constituted confinement facility, actively participate in crime prevention or reduction, compel others to comply with the law, and must be able to prescribe and carry out the consequences of non-compliance. ()

## **152. HAZARDOUS LAW ENFORCEMENT DUTIES.**

In applying Section 59-1303(4)(a)(i), Idaho Code, factors such as job conditions, physical exertion in apprehending suspects and other required knowledge, skill and physical ability will be considered. To qualify under Section 59-1303(4)(a)(ii), Idaho Code, job duties which are associated with life threatening situations must be an integral part of the job requirements. These duties are comparable to the job of patrol officer or detective. Pursuant to Section 59-1303(4)(a)(iii), Idaho Code, the major purpose of the position must be to compel others to comply with the law. The employee must be able to prescribe and carry out the consequences of non-compliance. All of Section 59-1303(4)(a), Idaho Code, must be met to be considered as hazardous law enforcement. PERSI staff is authorized to obtain all information pertinent to the position including questionnaires, job descriptions, interviews and any other pertinent records in order to make a report to the Board.

## 153. -- 199. (RESERVED)

## 200. DETERMINATION OF FIREFIGHTER.

A "firefighter" means an employee whose primary occupation with an employer as defined by Section 59-1302(16), Idaho Code, is that of preventing and extinguishing fires. A firefighter member for retirement purposes is an

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employee appointed to the position of fire chief by a city council but not eligible to be a "paid firefighter," or the chief fire warden of a timber protective association, or is an employee of either the department of lands or of a timber protective association whose primary position and principal accountability in that position either requires direct supervision of employees engaged in the prevention, presuppression and suppression of wild land fires or requires the performance of those duties as the principal function of the position. A firefighter member for retirement purposes does not include an employee who may be required on occasion to engage in those functions as a secondary requirement of the position.

Statutory References: Sections 59-1302(16), 59-1391(f) and 72-1403, Idaho Code. ( )

#### 201. INCORRECT CLASSIFICATION OF FIREFIGHTER.

An employer or agency which believes that any position is incorrectly classified as a firefighter position or a nonfirefighter position may petition the Board for inclusion or exclusion of such position as a firefighter position. Such petition shall be in writing and explain in detail the principal duties of the position. The Board will review the petition and evidence, together with such information and evidence as may be presented by the staff of PERSI. The Board may decide the matter based upon the information supplied, may request additional information, or may request an oral presentation before the Board.

Statutory References: Sections 59-1302(16), 59-1391(f) and 72-1403, Idaho Code.

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#### 202. PAID FIREFIGHTER EXCLUSION FROM RULES 200 AND 201.

The provisions of Rules 200 and 201 of this subchapter do not apply to a "paid firefighter" as defined by Sections 59-1391(f) or 72-1403(A), Idaho Code, or to any references to "firefighter" found in Title 72, Chapter 14, Idaho Code. Statutory References: Sections 59-1302(16), 59-1391(f) and 72-1403, Idaho Code.

#### 203. -- 249. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER C - PERSI GENERAL PROVISIONS, CONTRIBUTION RATE, MISCELLANEOUS, AND INTEREST RATE RULES RULES 250 THROUGH 374

#### 250. PERSI EMPLOYER GENERAL MEMBER CONTRIBUTION RATE.

The PERSI employer contribution rate as provided in Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, beginning July 1, 2019, shall be eleven point ninety-four percent (11.94%) until next determined by the Board.

Statutory Reference: Sections 59-1302(16), 59-1391, 59-1394, and 59-1397, Idaho Code. Cross References: (Amended 10-1-94) (Amended 10-1-97) (Amended 10-1-98) (Amended 10-1-99) (Amended 7-1-00) (Amended 3-30-01) (Amended 3-20-04) ()

#### **251.** FIREFIGHTER RETIREMENT FUND EMPLOYER RATE.

The Firefighter Retirement Fund employer rate shall be:

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01. Option I and II Firefighters. For option I and II firefighters hired before October 1, 1980, as follows:

Option I and II Firefighters	
PERSI Employer Contribution Rate:	The employer contribution rate as provided in Rule 252.
Additional Employer Rate:	One percent (1%)
Social Security Rate: Seven point sixty-five percent (7.65%)	
Excess Merger Costs Rate:	Seventeen point twenty-four percent (17.24%) through December 31, 2014. Begin- ning January 1, 2015, five percent (5%) until next determined by the Board.
TOTAL Contribution Rate:	The total contribution rate is the sum of the PERSI employer contribution rate, the additional employer rate, the social security rate and the excess merger costs rate.

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**02.** Class D Firefighters. For class D firefighters (firefighters employed on or after October 1, 1980, by a city or fire district that employs paid firefighters who are participating in the Firefighters' Retirement Fund), as follows:

Class D Firefighters		
PERSI Employer Contribution Rate:	The employer contribution rate as provided in Rule 252.	
Excess Merger Costs Rate:Seventeen point twenty-four percent (17.24%) through December 31, 2014. Be ning January 1, 2015, five percent (5%) until next determined by the Board.		
TOTAL Contribution Rate:	The total contribution rate is the sum of the PERSI employer contribution rate and the excess merger costs rate.	

Statutory References: Sections 59-1302(16), 59-1391, 59-1394, 59-1397, 72-1403, and 72-1434, Idaho Code. Cross References: (Amended 10-1-94) (Amended 10-1-97) (Amended 10-1-98) (Amended 10-1-99) (Amended 7-1-00) (Amended 3-30-01) (Amended 7-1-03) (Amended 3-20-04) ()

**03. Class E Members**. For class E members (general members who meet the definition of paid firefighter under Section 59-1391(f), Idaho Code, but are not firefighters as defined in Section 59-1302(16), Idaho Code) the employer general member contribution rate as provided in Rule 250, plus the excess merger costs specified in Subsection 027.01.

## 252. PERSI EMPLOYER CLASS II CONTRIBUTION RATE.

The PERSI employer contribution rate as provided in Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, beginning July 1, 2019 for an employee classified as a police officer member excluding those listed in Rule 253 of this subchapter when applicable, and firefighters excluding those listed in Rule 251 of this subchapter, shall be twelve point twenty-eight percent (12.28%) until next determined by the Board.

 Statutory References: Cross Reference: (Amended 10-1-94) (Amended 10-1-97) (Amended 10-1-98) (Amended 10-1-99) (Amended 7-1-00) (Amended 3-30-01) (Amended 7-1-03) (Amended 3-20-04)
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## 253. CITY OF IDAHO FALLS CLASS II CONTRIBUTION RATE.

The City of Idaho Falls employer rate for an employee classified as a police member shall be equal to the rate provided in Rule 252, unless further modified by the Board.

Statutory References: Cross Reference: (Amended 10-1-94) (Amended 10-1-97) (Amended Retroactively to 7-1-97) (

## 254. -- 299. (RESERVED)

## **300. PERSI EMPLOYEE GENERAL MEMBER CONTRIBUTION RATE.**

The PERSI employee contribution rate as provided in Section 59-1333, Idaho Code, beginning July 1, 2019 for all members not classified as police members or firefighters, shall be seven point sixteen percent (7.16%) of salary until next determined by the Board.

Statutory References: Cross Reference: (Amended 10-1-94) (Amended 10-1-97) (Amended 10-1-98) (Amended 10-1-99) (Amended 7-1-00) (Amended 3-30-01) (Amended 3-20-04) ()

## **301. PERSI EMPLOYEE CLASS II CONTRIBUTION RATE.**

The employee contribution rate as provided in Section 59-1334, Idaho Code, beginning July 1, 2019 for an employee classified as a police officer member shall be eight point seventy-seven percent (8.77%) of salary until next determined by the Board.

 Statutory References: Cross Reference: (Amended 10-1-94) (Amended 10-1-97) (Amended 10-1-98) (Amended 10-1-99) (Amended 7-1-00) (Amended 3-30-01) (Amended 3-20-04)
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# **302.** PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER DISABILITY CONTRIBUTIONS UNDER SECTION 59-1352A, IDAHO CODE.

In accordance with Section 59-1352A, Idaho Code, public safety officers, as that term is used in Section 59-1352A, Idaho Code, shall pay an additional contribution rate of point four percent (.04%) of salary until next determined by the board. (3-1-10)

#### **303.** EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON GROSS SALARY.

Employee contributions shall be based on the employee's total gross salary regardless of source or employer funds from which the employee is paid.

## **304.** (RESERVED)

#### **305.** MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS -- CONTRIBUTION RATE.

If the employee has met eligibility requirements with more than one (1) employer which would result in different contribution rates, contributions shall be made at the rate for the member's classification with the primary employer.

#### **306.** STATE EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS.

If an employee establishes membership with the state, the employee and each agency must make contributions on the employee's salary regardless of the number of hours worked at each state agency.

#### **307.** POLICE OFFICER CONTRIBUTIONS WITHHELD INCORRECTLY.

If an employee's contributions are withheld by an employer and received by PERSI at the rate established for police members on the presumption the certification required by Section 59-1303, Idaho Code, will be accepted but if it is rejected, the employer shall adjust the employee's contribution rate to a general member rate and PERSI shall return to the employer any excess employee contributions that have occurred.

#### **308.** CONTRIBUTIONS DUE WHILE MEMBER IS RECEIVING WORKER'S COMPENSATION.

01. Contributions Due and Payable. Contributions are due and payable on whatever percentage of salary is paid while the member is on a leave of absence occasioned by an approved worker's compensation claim and the member will be entitled to a month of membership service credit for each month the member remains eligible.

**02.** Accruing Service. This means for an employee to continue accruing service the employer must continue to pay salary equal to the lesser of:

a. The amount necessary to meet the statutory definition of employee (half-time at the pre-injury rate ())

**b.** The employee's full-time salary less the employee's worker's compensation income benefit.

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03. Maintaining Eligibility for Injured Workers. The intent of this rule is to permit employers to maintain eligibility for injured workers without having to pay salary that, when added to the employee's worker's compensation income benefit, would exceed the employee's total salary prior to the injury. Rule 122 is inapplicable to the extent it conflicts with this rule.

#### **309.** VACATION AND CONTRACTUAL PAYMENTS SUBJECT TO CONTRIBUTIONS.

Compensation paid for vacation or remaining contractual payments is salary subject to employee and employer contributions and earns membership credit through the effective date of separation from employment at the usual rate of compensation.

## 310. -- 324. (RESERVED)

## **325.** TRANSFER OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO PERSI.

Employee and employer contributions shall be calculated and forwarded to PERSI by each employer for each

employee that meets the statutory definition of "employee" as defined in Section 59-1302 (14), Idaho Code. All Contributions shall be remitted, together with an approved report to PERSI no later than five (5) days after each pay date as provided in Section 59-1325(1), Idaho Code.

## 325. -- 349. (RESERVED)

#### **350. REGULAR INTEREST.**

Regular interest for each calendar year shall be the greater of ninety percent (90%) of the rate of return on the PERSI fund net of all expenses for the fiscal year ending immediately prior to the calendar year as reported in the actuary's annual valuation report or one percent (1%).

#### **351.** INTEREST – MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS.

Regular interest as defined in Section 59-1302(26), Idaho Code, and Rule 300, in this subchapter, shall accrue to and be credited monthly to a member's accumulated contributions.

#### **352. REINSTATEMENT INTEREST.**

Reinstatement interest for each calendar year shall equal the average of the prime rate on June 30 of the latest three (3) years, plus one percent (1%). For purposes of this rule, the prime rate is the "prime rate" listed in the "Money Rates" section of the Wall Street Journal on June 30, or in the event no rate is listed on June 30, on the latest date preceding June 30 for which a prime rate is listed. Unless otherwise provided by statute or rule, reinstatement interest shall apply to all amounts owed to the fund.

## 353. -- 374. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER D - PERSI DISABILITY RULES RULES 375 THOUGH 499

## **375. GENERAL RULE.**

Only members of PERSI with five (5) years of credited service are eligible for disability retirement except as provided in Section 59-1352(2), Idaho Code.

# 376. SERVICE RELATED DISABILITY FOR POLICE, GENERAL MEMBERS, AND FIREFIGHTERS.

Police, general members, and certain firefighter members are eligible for disability retirement beginning from the first day of employment when the disability is caused by occupational hazards, as provided in Section 59-1352(2), Idaho Code.

## 377. -- 399. (RESERVED)

## 400. APPLYING FOR DISABILITY RETIREMENT.

Eligible members may apply for disability retirement by completing a required form available from any PERSI office. The application process may include an interview by a PERSI representative. Applicants must release all medical records and information to PERSI. The hours worked to qualify as an employee as defined in I.C. § 59-1302(14) is inapplicable for purposes of determining disability.

#### 401. INITIAL APPLICATION REVIEW.

Applications will first be reviewed to determine whether the applicant meets eligibility requirements. If all eligibility requirements are met, the application will proceed to disability assessment review. If all eligibility requirements are not met, the applicant will be notified in writing.

#### 402. DISABILITY ASSESSMENT REVIEW.

Applicants will be assessed to determine whether they qualify for disability retirement under the applicable standard. The assessment may include without limitation, records review, medical and psychological examinations, vocational assessments, or any combination thereof as determined by PERSI. Failure to timely comply with any request made by PERSI during the assessment process shall result in automatic denial of disability retirement. At the conclusion of the assessment process, PERSI will notify applicants in writing whether or not they qualify for disability retirement.

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#### 403. RECONSIDERATION OF DISABILITY ASSESSMENT DECISION.

Applicants who are denied disability retirement as a result of an adverse disability assessment decision, and wish to contest that decision, are required to participate in a reconsideration process. A request for reconsideration must be made within thirty (30) days of the issuance of the disability assessment decision. Any additional information the applicant wishes to be considered must be submitted to PERSI within thirty (30) days of the request for reconsideration will be reviewed and a reconsideration decision will be issued in writing to the applicant.

### 404. ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW OF THE RECONSIDERATION DECISION.

A reconsideration decision shall be considered a final decision under Section 59-1314(2), Idaho Code, and may be appealed to the Board for review. In any related administrative hearing, the applicant shall be limited to presenting facts and evidence made available to PERSI in the reconsideration process. No new or additional evidence may be presented at the hearing. If the applicant has additional facts or evidence that were not made available to PERSI during the assessment or reconsideration process, the applicant must submit a new application for disability retirement, proceed again through the assessment process, and pay the costs associated with the second or subsequent assessment process. This rule is intended to promote the efficient use of fund resources by encouraging full and complete disclosure of information during the disability assessment process.

#### 405. DELEGATION.

PERSI may, by contract or otherwise, delegate all or part of these processes to third parties. Where such delegation has been made, the term "PERSI" includes those third parties. When a member requests the resumption of a disability retirement allowance pursuant to Section 59-1354A, Idaho Code, the board may delegate its authority under Section 59-1354A, Idaho Code, to a third party. Where such delegation has been made, the term "Board" includes those third parties.

#### 406. REASSESSMENT OF DISABILITY RETIREES.

Disability retirees are subject to reassessment of their disability at any time to determine whether they continue to be disabled under the standard in Section 59-1302(12), Idaho Code. However, pursuant to Section 59-1302(12)(b), Idaho Code, after two (2) years of continuous disability retirement, a disability retiree is not required to undergo medical examinations more often than every twelve (12) months. Disability retirees who are notified that they have been selected for reassessment are under the same obligation as applicants to supply information. ()

#### 407. ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS.

Attorney's fees and costs incurred by an applicant in his efforts to obtain disability retirement are the sole responsibility of the applicant and shall not be paid by PERSI except for fees related to judicial review for which applicant is found to be entitled under applicable law.

#### 408. -- 424. (RESERVED)

#### 425. BURDEN ON APPLICANT.

Applicant must demonstrate that, on or before applicant's last day of employment, he was disabled under the disability standard. The last day of employment is the last day applicant earned compensation, including annual leave and sick leave. When a member requests the resumption of a disability retirement allowance pursuant to Section 59-1354A, Idaho Code, the member must demonstrate that he could not successfully return to work because of the same disability on which his disability retirement was based.

#### 426. STATUTORY STANDARD.

In applying the disability standard in Section 59-1302(12), Idaho Code, substantially all avenues of employment are reasonably closed if the applicant is permanently prevented, due to bodily injury or disease, from performing every substantial and material duty of any occupation for which the applicant is reasonably qualified by education, training or experience.

#### 427. (RESERVED)

#### **428.** HIRE-ABILITY OF APPLICANT.

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The inability of the applicant to secure employment in and around the area where the applicant resides is not considered in determining whether or not the applicant is disabled. If the applicant is able to perform every substantial and material duty of any jobs existing in the economy for which the applicant is reasonably qualified by education, training or experience, the applicant will not be considered disabled regardless of other factors that might affect the applicant's ability to actually secure employment, such as employer decisions and practices or the fact that there are no open positions or that the applicant is not selected for those positions. )

#### (RESERVED) 429. -- 449.

#### COMMENCEMENT AND DURATION OF DISABILITY ALLOWANCE. 450.

The commencement and duration of payment of disability benefits is governed by Section 59-1354, Idaho Code. For purposes of Section 59-1354(1)(b), Idaho Code, a member "becomes eligible" on the first of the month following the date selected by the member which follows the date on which the member is unable to and thereafter does not return to work on a regular basis for two (2) consecutive weeks but not later than the date on which the member ceases to make contributions.

#### DETERMINING WORKER'S COMPENSATION OFFSET. 451.

To determine the offset required by Section 59-1353, Idaho Code, the amount payable under the provisions of any worker's compensation law which represents income benefits as defined in Section 72-102, Idaho Code, shall be converted to a monthly equivalent and deducted from the monthly retirement allowance. )

#### EFFECT OF UNUSED SICK LEAVE ON DISABILITY ALLOWANCE. 452.

Unused sick leave entitlement provided for by either Section 33-1228, 33-2109A, or 67-5339, Idaho Code, shall not be considered salary or compensation in the application of Section 59-1354(1), Idaho Code. ) (

#### 453. -- 474. (RESERVED)

#### APPLICATION OF THIS SUBCHAPTER TO FRF DISABILITY RETIREMENT. 475.

All the provisions of this subchapter, except rules 375, 376, 406, 426, 427, 451 and 452, apply also to applications for disability retirement under the FRF plan to the extent they do not conflict with the provisions of Title 72, Chapter 14, Idaho Code.

#### 476. -- 499. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER E - PERSI SEPARATION FROM SERVICE RULES **RULES 500 THROUGH 524**

#### 500. **REPAYMENT OF SEPARATION BENEFITS -- EMPLOYEE STATUS.**

Repayment of a separation benefit must commence while the member is an employee, as defined in Section 59-1302(14), Idaho Code. For purposes of this rule the term employee includes employees accruing benefits under the Department of Employment Retirement Plan, the Firefighters' Retirement Fund, and the Policeman's Retirement Fund. ( )

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1360, Idaho Code.

#### 501. INTEREST ACCRUAL AND CALCULATION ON SEPARATION BENEFITS.

Repayment of separation benefits as provided in Section 59-1360, Idaho Code, for employees whose most recent date of reemployment is after January 23, 1990, shall include payment of interest that shall accrue from the date each separation benefit was issued. Repayment of separation benefits as provided in Section 59-1360, Idaho Code, for employees whose most recent date of reemployment is before January 23, 1990, shall include payment of interest as determined by the law, statutes and rules in effect on the date of last reinstatement to employee status, except as provided in Rule 502, of this subchapter.

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1360, Idaho Code.

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#### **REPAYMENT OF SEPARATION BENEFITS BY EMPLOYEES PREVIOUSLY PRECLUDED** 502 FROM REPAYMENT.

Any employee who was precluded from repaying a separation benefit due to the fact they failed to meet the

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requirements of Section 59-1360, Idaho Code (previously 59-1307, Idaho Code), may reinstate their previous credited service by repaying the full amount of their accumulated contributions provided such repayment includes payment of regular interest accruing from the date of each such separation benefit payment. Statutory Reference: Section 59-1360, Idaho Code.

## 503. METHODS OF REPAYMENT OF SEPARATION BENEFITS.

**01. Periodic and Lump-Sum Payments**. Where an active member elects to repay a separation benefit to reinstate previous service as provided in Section 59-1360, Idaho Code, the member may request that repayment be made in periodic payments or in a lump-sum payment. No service will be reinstated until the full repayment has been made.

**02. Repayments Initiated on or After March 1, 2000**. For all repayments initiated on or after March 1, 2000, except as provided in Rule 501 of this subchapter, a repayment amount will be determined which shall be the sum of the separation benefit(s) plus regular interest from the date of the benefit payment(s) until the date of the first payment. The repayment amount will be amortized over the repayment period at the reinstatement rate in effect on the date of the first periodic payment. ()

03. Repayments Initiated Before March 1, 2000. For all periodic repayments initiated before March 1, 2000, a repayment amount will be determined which shall be the sum of the separation benefit(s) plus regular interest from the date of the benefit payment(s) until the date of the first payment. The repayment amount will be amortized over the repayment period at four point seventy-five percent (4.75%) interest. This is a grandfathered rate based on the rate in effect December 31, 1999, and will apply so long as payments exceed interest charges on a calendar year basis. If payments fail to exceed interest charges in any calendar year, the grandfathered rate will be forfeited and replaced by the reinstatement rate beginning in January immediately after the year in which the failure occurs. For purposes of these rules, a repayment is initiated by signing an agreement and making a payment. ()

04. Repayments Under Section 59-1331(2), Idaho Code. For (waiting period) payments made pursuant to Section 59-1331(2), Idaho Code, a repayment amount shall be determined which shall be the sum of contributions that would have been made plus regular interest from December 31, 1975 until the date of the first payment. The repayment amount will be amortized over the payment period at the reinstatement rate in effect on the date of the first periodic payment. ()

#### 504. IN-SERVICE TRANSFERS TO REINSTATE SERVICE.

To the extent permitted by federal law, and in accordance with any regulation or other guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service, an active member may transfer funds from a 401(k), a 403(b), or an eligible 457(b) plan, in which they are currently eligible to participate, to the Base Plan for purposes of buying back service previously forfeited due to receiving a separation benefit, purchasing service related to eligible waiting periods, or purchasing service for periods of delinquent contributions. ()

## 505. (RESERVED)

## 506. ROLLOVERS ACCEPTED INTO THE BASE PLAN.

The PERSI Base Plan will accept participant rollover contributions and direct rollovers of distributions made after December 31, 2001, for purposes of reinstating or purchasing service as permitted under the plan, from the following plans. No after-tax contributions may be rolled over into the Base Plan.

01. Qualified Plans. A qualified plan described in section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Internal Revenue ()

**02. Annuity Contracts**. An annuity contract described in section 403(b) of the Code. ( )

**03. 457 Plans.** An eligible plan under section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state. ( )

**04. IRAs.** Any portion of a distribution from an individual retirement account or annuity described in section 408(a) or 408(b) of the Code that is eligible to be rolled over and would otherwise be includable in gross

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income.

## 507. DIRECT ROLLOVERS OUT OF THE BASE PLAN.

A direct rollover is a payment by the plan to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee. (

**01. Rollover Election**. Notwithstanding any provision of the plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this part, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the plan administrator, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution that is equal to at least five hundred dollars (\$500) paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover. ()

**02. Eligible Rollover Distribution**. An eligible rollover distribution is any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include:

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**a.** Any distribution that is one (1) of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten (10) years or more;

**b.** Any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code);

**c.** Any amount that is distributed on account of hardship;

**d.** The portion of any distribution that is not includable in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net unrealized appreciation with respect to employer securities); and ()

e. Any other distribution(s) that is reasonably expected to total less than two hundred dollars (\$200) during a year.

03. After-Tax Contributions. For purposes of the direct rollover provisions in Subsection 507.02, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includable in gross income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for the amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution which is includable in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not so includable.

04. Eligible Retirement Plan. An eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, a Roth IRA described in Section 408A of the Code, an annuity plan described in section 403(a) of the Code, an annuity contract described in section 403(b) of the Code, an eligible plan under section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this plan, or a qualified plan described in section 401(a) of the Code, that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution.

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05. Alternate Payees. A distribute includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former spouse, who is the alternate payee under a domestic retirement order, approved as provided in Sections 59-1319 and 1320, Idaho Code, are distributees with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse.

## 508. REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS.

**01. Default Application of Federal Requirements**. With respect to distributions under the Base Plan, and except as provided in Subsection 508.06, the Plan will apply the minimum distribution requirements of section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) in accordance with a good faith interpretation of section 401(a)(9),

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notwithstanding any provision of the Base Plan to the contrary.

**02. Required Beginning Date**. Except as otherwise provided in Subsections 508.04 through 508.08, distributions under the Base Plan shall begin not later than April 1 following the later of (a) the commencement year or (b) the year in which the member retires. For purposes of Rule 508, the "commencement year" is the calendar year in which the member reaches age seventy and one-half (70 1/2).

**03. PERSI Selects Retirement Option**. Any member required to take minimum distributions, as provided in this Rule 508, and fails to complete and submit an approved retirement application and select either a regular or optional retirement allowance by April 1 following the later of (a) the commencement year or (b) the year in which the member retires shall be deemed to have made the following selection: ()

**a.** If single, a regular retirement allowance and no other selection shall be required or permitted.

**b.** If married, Option 1 and no other selection shall be required or permitted, unless proof is provided that spouse has no community property interest in the benefit. ()

**04.** Lifetime Distributions. Distribution shall be made over the life of the participant or the lives of the participant and his beneficiary; or over a period certain not extending beyond the life expectancy of the member or the joint life and last survivor expectancy of the member and his beneficiary.

**05. Timing of Required Distributions**. A required distribution shall be deemed to have been made during the commencement year if actually made by the following April 1, but such delayed distribution shall not change the amount of such distribution, and the distribution otherwise required during the subsequent calendar year shall be calculated as if the first distribution had been made on the last day of the commencement year. ( )

**06.** Adjustment of Required Distributions. Benefits paid prior to the commencement year shall reduce the aggregate amount subject to (but shall not otherwise negate) the minimum distribution requirements described herein.

07. Benefits Deferred Beyond Service Retirement. The first payment of benefits of an inactive member following deferment beyond service retirement will be in a lump sum that includes payment for those months of service dating from the date of service retirement when a monthly retirement payment would have started through the current monthly payment. Subsequent payments will be for the monthly retirement allowance only.

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**08. Death Benefits**. All death benefits payable under the Base Plan will be distributed as soon as administratively practicable after request, but must in any event be distributed within fifteen (15) months of the member's death, unless the identity of the beneficiary is not ascertainable.

## 509. TRANSFERS TO NON-SPOUSE BENEFICIARIES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Base Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit the options of the beneficiary of a deceased member who is not the member's spouse, the administrator shall, upon the request of such a beneficiary, transfer a lump sum distribution to the trustee of an individual account established under Section 408 of the Code in accordance with the provisions of Section 402(e)(11) of the Code. ()

## 510. -- 524. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER F - PERSI RETIREMENT RULES RULES 525 THROUGH 649

# 525. AVERAGE MONTHLY SALARY COMPUTATION -- EQUITABLE TREATMENT -- DIFFERENT WORK PERIODS.

Equitable treatment for all members can be achieved only if members whose career patterns covering the same time frame and who received identical annual salaries during each of the twelve-month periods of that time frame accrue

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the same monthly service retirement allowance. To achieve this equity for the member whose annual salary has been paid on other than a twelve-month salary schedule during any contractual or like twelve-month period, the average monthly salary used for each one of those twelve-month periods will be determined from the total base period salary by using a divisor representing the months of membership service which would have been accumulated at that rate over a full base period.

Statutory Reference: Sections 59-1302(5A), 59-1391(b), Idaho Code.

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#### 526. UNUSUAL COMPENSATION PATTERN EFFECT ON RETIREMENT CALCULATION.

Upon application for a retirement benefit, any portion of compensation which represents payments in excess of and inconsistent with the usual compensation pattern, for example, but not limited to lump sum contract payouts, excess vacation paid but not taken, paid sick leave, or a clothing allowance will not be considered in determining benefits.

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#### **527.** MAXIMUM RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE (RULE 111).

If the amount of a member's initial retirement allowance on the date of retirement would exceed the average salary during the member's highest thirty-six (36) consecutive calendar months of salary, then the member's initial retirement allowance will be limited to the greater of: the average salary during the highest thirty-six (36) consecutive calendar months of salary; or the initial retirement allowance based on credited service through April 1990. Optional retirement allowances will be computed after any limitation above has been applied.

# 528. MEMBER NOTIFIED OF AVAILABLE RETIREMENT OPTIONS PRIOR TO BOARD APPROVAL.

The Retirement Board shall not act on any application for retirement unless the member has previously been provided with notification of the regular retirement option and options one (1) and two (2) election available to the member including the value of the monthly allowance of each. The value of options three (3) and four (4) will be provided if the member so requests the value of the option and provides information required to calculate that option (such as but not limited to social security benefit estimates) which is not available to PERSI but that can be provided by the member. ()

## 529. -- 530. (RESERVED)

#### 531. SPOUSAL CONSENT.

Except as provided in this rule, a member is required to complete and submit an approved retirement application and select either a regular or optional retirement allowance. The member's signature must be notarized. The application for retirement indicating the election made by the retiring member shall also be signed by the spouse certifying he/she understands and consents to the election made by the member. The spouse's signature must be notarized. ()

# **532.** PAYMENT DATE OF EARLY OR SERVICE RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE -- GENERAL MEMBERS.

As set forth by Section 59-1344, Idaho Code, a PERSI member's service retirement allowance or early retirement allowance is payable on the first of the month following the month in which the member ceases to be an employee while eligible for either of these forms of retirement.

Statutory References: Section 59-1344 and 59-1356(2), Idaho Code.

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# 533. ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL WORKING FOR MULTIPLE STATE AGENCIES, POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OR GOVERNMENT ENTITIES.

An active member separated from employment by one (1) state agency, political subdivision or government entity for whom he or she did normally work twenty (20) hours or more per week and who is age 62 or older and eligible to retire but remains an elected or appointed official with a different state agency, political subdivision or government entity, may retire and continue in that elected or appointed position provided that position is one in which he or she does not normally work twenty (20) hours or more per week. The member shall receive retirement allowances under the conditions provided by Rule 539.

Statutory References: Sections 59-1344 and 59-1356(2), Idaho Code.

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## 534. ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL RETIRING IN PLACE.

An active member serving as an elected or appointed official who does not normally work twenty (20) hours or more per week who is age 62 or older and eligible to retire and who is not an eligible employee with another state agency,

political subdivision or government entity pursuant to Rule 101 may then retire and continue in that position. The member shall receive retirement allowances under the conditions provided by Rule 539. Statutory References: Sections 59-1344 and 59-1356(2), Idaho Code. ( )

#### 535. **RESTRICTIONS ON REEMPLOYMENT OF RETIRED MEMBERS.**

There are no restrictions placed upon employment or earnings of retired members except with respect to employment by a state agency, political subdivision or government entity member of PERSI. Unless specified otherwise, the conditions of reemployment outlined in this subchapter apply for employment with any state agency, political subdivision or government entity member of the system. )

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code.

#### **RETIRED MEMBER BECOMING AN ACTIVE MEMBER.** 536.

A PERSI retired member employed in a position which involves service of normally twenty (20) hours or more per week for a period of five (5) or more consecutive months or longer will return to the status of an active member. Retirement benefits will suspend on reemployment and employee and employer contributions will resume to provide additional retirement credits. If a retired member is reemployed in a position which involves service of twenty (20) hours or more per week for a period of less than five (5) consecutive months, their monthly retirement benefits will continue to be paid. If the member's reemployment should equal or exceed the five (5) month period for any reason, the member will be required to repay the retirement benefits paid during the five (5) month period which they were reemployed and they will return to the status of an active member. Employee and employer contributions will be due for the five (5) consecutive month period. )

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code.

#### 537. (RESERVED)

#### 538. **REEMPLOYMENT LESS THAN FIVE CONSECUTIVE MONTHS.**

If the period of reemployment develops to be less than five (5) consecutive months, contributions will be refunded and retirement allowances will resume as of the date they were discontinued. )

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code.

#### **REEMPLOYMENT -- WORKING LESS THAN TWENTY HOURS OR LESS THAN FIVE** 539. **CONSECUTIVE MONTHS.**

Monthly retirement allowances will continue to be paid to the PERSI retired member who returns to employment in a position where the member does not normally work twenty (20) hours or more per week or the reemployment is for a period which does not total five (5) consecutive months and the state agency, political subdivision or government entity so certifies. In such cases, employee and employer contributions are neither required nor acceptable and no new retirement credits can be earned.

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code.

#### 540. **RETIRED MEMBER BECOMING AN ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL.**

A PERSI retired member who is subsequently elected or appointed by an employer to public office and who is not normally required to perform services of twenty (20) hours or more per week in that position may continue to receive retirement allowances in the status of a reemployed retired member under conditions outlined by Rule 539. Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code. )

#### 541. SEPARATION FROM EMPLOYMENT AFTER REEMPLOYMENT.

Upon subsequent separation from employment after reemployment, the member's original monthly retirement allowance will resume with appropriate cost-of-living adjustments plus the addition of a separate allowance computed with respect to salary and service credited during the reemployment period. Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code. )

#### 542. **EARLY RETIREMENT MEMBER -- REEMPLOYMENT.**

A PERSI member who had been receiving an early retirement allowance and who returns to employment as an active member may refund all retirement benefits previously paid plus regular interest accrued from the date each monthly allowance had been paid, thereby negating the previous retirement status. The month of last contribution prior to the negated retirement and the month of initial contribution upon return to active membership shall be considered consecutive months of contributions in the determination of an appropriate salary base period upon subsequent

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#### retirement.

Statutory Reference: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code.

#### 543. **BENEFIT ENHANCEMENT -- QUALIFICATION.**

To qualify for a benefit enhancement, a person must remain an active member through the day following the effective date of the enhancement. ( )

**544. POST RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE ADJUSTMENTS -- PERSI RETIREES.** The Board shall annually determine the post retirement cost of living adjustment (COLA) for the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) pursuant to Section 59-1355, Idaho Code. The Board shall have discretion in adopting a yearly discretionary and/or retro-active COLA. The Board shall yearly adopt this COLA no later than the December Board meeting of each year with an effective date of March 1 of the next year. Statutory References: Section 59-1355, Idaho Code. ( )

#### **ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTION TABLES.** 545.

The actuarial tables used for determining optional and early retirement benefits are as follows:

Montho	TABLE A PAGE 1         PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO         EARLY RETIREMENT FACTORS         If the date of last contribution is prior to 10/1/92         Months       Years											
wonths			-						-	-		
	0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10										
0	1.00	.970	.940	.910	.880	.850	.770	.690	.610	.530	.450	
1	.998	8 .968 .938 .908 .878 .843 .763 .683 .603 .523										
2	.995	.965	.935	.905	.875	.837	.757	.677	.597	.517		
3	.993	.963	.933	.903	.873	.830	.750	.670	.590	.510		
4	.990	.960	.930	.900	.870	.823	.743	.663	.583	.503		
5	.988	.958	.928	.898	.868	.817	.737	.657	.577	.497		
6	.985	.955	.925	.895	.865	.810	.730	.650	.570	.490		
7	.983	.953	.923	.893	.863	.803	.723	.643	.563	.483		
8	.980	.950	.920	.890	.860	.797	.717	.637	.557	.477		
9	.978	.948	.918	.888	.858	.790	.710	.630	.550	.470		
10	.975	.945	.915	.885	.855	.783	.703	.623	.543	.463		
11	.973	.943	.913	.883	.853	.777	.697	.617	.537	.457		

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First sixty months reduction: 0.2500% Next sixty months reduction: 0.6667%

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	TABLE A PAGE 2         PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO         EARLY RETIREMENT FACTORS         If the date of last contribution is on or after 10/1/92 but prior to10/1/93										
Months		Years									
	0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10									
0	1.00	.970	.940	.910	.880	.850	.777	.705	.632	.560	.487
1	.998	.968	.938	.908	.878	.844	.771	.699	.626	.554	
2	.995	.965	.935	.905	.875	.838	.765	.693	.620	.548	
3	.993	.963	.933	.903	.873	.832	.759	.687	.614	.542	
4	.990	.960	.930	.900	.870	.826	.753	.681	.608	.536	
5	.988	.958	.928	.898	.868	.820	.747	.675	.602	.530	
6	.985	.955	.925	.895	.865	.814	.741	.669	.596	.524	
7	.983	.953	.923	.893	.863	.808	.735	.663	.590	.518	
8	.980	.950	.920	.890	.860	.802	.729	.657	.584	.512	
9	.978	.948	.918	.888	.858	.796	.723	.651	.578	.506	
10	.975	.945	.915	.885	.855	.790	.717	.645	.572	.500	
11	.973	.943	.913	.883	.853	.784	.711	.639	.566	.494	

First sixty months reduction: 0.2500% Next sixty months reduction: 0.6042%

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	TABLE A PAGE 3 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO EARLY RETIREMENT FACTORS If the date of last contribution is on or after 10/1/93 but prior to10/1/94										
Months						Years					
	0	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10									
0	1.00	.970	.940	.910	.880	.850	.785	.720	.655	.590	.525
1	.998	.968	.938	.908	.878	.845	.780	.715	.650	.585	
2	.995	.965	.935	.905	.875	.839	.774	.709	.644	.579	
3	.993	.963	.933	.903	.873	.834	.769	.704	.639	.574	
4	.990	.960	.930	.900	.870	.828	.763	.698	.633	.568	
5	.988	.958	.928	.898	.868	.823	.758	.693	.628	.563	
6	.985	.955	.925	.895	.865	.817	.752	.687	.622	.557	
7	.983	.953	.923	.893	.863	.812	.747	.682	.617	.552	
8	.980	.950	.920	.890	.860	.807	.742	.677	.612	.547	

# TABLE A -- PAGE 3 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO EARLY RETIREMENT FACTORS If the date of last contribution is on or after 10/1/93 but prior to10/1/94 Months Years

9	.978	.948	.918	.888	.858	.801	.736	.671	.606	.541	
10	.975	.945	.915	.885	.855	.796	.731	.666	.601	.536	
11	.973	.943	.913	.883	.853	.790	.725	.660	.595	.530	

First sixty months reduction: 0.2500% Next sixty months reduction: 0.5417%

Months	TABLE A PAGE 4         PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO         EARLY RETIREMENT FACTORS         Date of last contribution is on or after 10/1/94 or later         Months       Years											
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
0	1.0	.970	.940	.910	.880	.850	.792	.735	.677	.620	.562	
1	.998	.968	.938	.908	.878	.845	.788	.730	.673	.615		
2	.995	.965	.935	.905	.875	.840	.783	.725	.668	.610		
3	.993	.963	.933	.903	.873	.836	.778	.721	.663	.606		
4	.990	.960	.930	.900	.870	.831	.773	.716	.658	.601		
5	.988	.958	.928	.898	.868	.826	.769	.711	.654	.596		
6	.985	.955	.925	.895	.865	.821	.764	.706	.649	.591		
7	.983	.953	.923	.893	.863	.816	.759	.701	.644	.586		
8	.980	.950	.920	.890	.860	.812	.754	.697	.639	.582		
9	.978	.948	.918	.888	.858	.807	.749	.692	.634	.577		
10	.975	.945	.915	.885	.855	.802	.745	.687	.630	.572		
11	.973	.943	.913	.883	.853	.797	.740	.682	.625	.567		

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	TABLE B Page 1 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO RETIREMENT REDUCTION FACTORS FOR OPTIONS 3 AND 4 AND CERTAIN DEATH BENEFITS Options 3 and 4: Years and Months Until Member Would Be Social Security Retirement Age Death Benefits: Additional Years and Months Until Member Would Qualify for an Unreduced Service Retirement Allowance AFTER Applying Table A factors												
Months	Months Years												
	0	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10											
0	1.00	.923	.853	.787	.727	.671	.620	.572	.528	.488	.451		
1	.993	.917	.847	.782	.722	.667	.616	.568	.525	.485			
2	.987	.911	.841	.777	.717	.662	.612	.565	.521	.481			
3	.980	.905	.836	.772	.713	.658	.608	.561	.518	.478			
4	.974	.899	.830	.767	.708	.654	.604	.557	.515	.475			
5	.967	.893	.825	.762	.703	.649	.600	.554	.511	.472			
6	.961	.887	.819	.756	.699	.645	.596	.550	.508	.469			
7	.955	.881	.814	.751	.694	.641	.592	.546	.504	.466			
8	.948	.876	.808	.746	.689	.636	.588	.543	.501	.463			
9	.942	.870	.803	.742	.685	.632	.584	.539	.498	.460			
10	.936	.864	.798	.737	.680	.628	.580	.535	.494	.457			
11	.930	.858	.793	.732	.676	.624	.576	.532	.491	.454			

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# TABLE B -- Page 2 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO RETIREMENT REDUCTION FACTORS FOR OPTIONS 3 AND 4 AND CERTAIN DEATH BENEFITS Options 3 and 4: Years and Months Until Member Would Be Social Security Retirement Age Death Benefits: Additional Years and Months Until Member Would Qualify for an Unreduced Service Retirement Allowance AFTER Applying Table A factors

Months		Years									
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	.451	.416	.384	.355	.327	.302	.279	.258	.238	.220	.203
1	.448	.413	.382	.352	.325	.300	.277	.256	.236	.218	
2	.445	.411	.379	.350	.323	.298	.276	.254	.235	.217	
3	.442	.408	.377	.348	.321	.296	.274	.253	.233	.215	
4	.439	.405	.374	.345	.319	.294	.272	.251	.232	.214	

	TABLE B Page 2 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO RETIREMENT REDUCTION FACTORS FOR OPTIONS 3 AND 4 AND CERTAIN DEATH BENEFITS Options 3 and 4: Years and Months Until Member Would Be Social Security Retirement Age Death Benefits: Additional Years and Months Until Member Would Qualify for an Unreduced Service Retirement Allowance AFTER Applying Table A factors											
Months		Years										
5	.436	.402	.372	.343	.317	.293	.270	.249	.230	.213		
6	.433	.400	.369	.341	.315	.291	.268	.248	.229	.211		
7	.430	.397	.367	.339	.313	.289	.267	.246	.227	.210		
8	.427	.394	.364	.336	.311	.287	.265	.244	.226	.208		
9	.424	.392	.362	.334	.308	.285	.263	.243	.224	.207		
10	.422	.389	.359	.332	.306	.283	.261	.241	.223	.206		
11	.419	.387	.357	.330	.304	.281	.260	.240	.221	.204		
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	TABLE B Page 3
PL	IBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO
RETIF	REMENT REDUCTION FACTORS FOR OPTIONS 3 AND 4
	AND CERTAIN DEATH BENEFITS
	Options 3 and 4: Years and Months Until Member
	Would Be Social Security Retirement Age
Death Bene	fits: Additional Years and Months Until Member Would Qualify
	for an Unreduced Service Retirement Allowance
	AFTER Applying Table A Factors

Months			Ye	ars		
	20	21	22	23	24	25
0	.203	.187	.173	.160	.148	.136
1	.202	.186	.172	.159	.147	.135
2	.200	.185	.171	.158	.146	.134
3	.199	.184	.170	.157	.145	.134
4	.198	.183	.169	.156	.144	.133
5	.196	.181	.167	.155	.143	.132
6	.195	.180	.166	.154	.142	.131
7	.194	.179	.165	.153	.141	.130
8	.192	.178	.164	.152	.140	.129
9	.191	.177	.163	.151	.139	.128
10	.190	.175	.162	.150	.138	.127

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TABLE B Page 3 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO RETIREMENT REDUCTION FACTORS FOR OPTIONS 3 AND 4 AND CERTAIN DEATH BENEFITS Options 3 and 4: Years and Months Until Member Would Be Social Security Retirement Age Death Benefits: Additional Years and Months Until Member Would Qualify for an Unreduced Service Retirement Allowance AFTER Applying Table A Factors						
Months	Years					
11	.189	.174	.161	.149	.137	.127

TABLE C Page 1 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO CONTINGENT ANNUITANT FACTORS For persons retiring before July 1, 1995			
	Age Difference in Years	Fac	tors
		Option 1	Option 2
	15 *	0.600	0.750
	14	0.610	0.758
	13	0.621	0.766
	12	0.631	0.775
	11	0.642	0.782
Member	10	0.652	0.789
Older	9	0.663	0.797
Than	8	0.674	0.804
Contingent Annuitant	7	0.685	0.812
	6	0.697	0.821
	5	0.708	0.830
	4	0.720	0.838
	3	0.732	0.846
	2	0.746	0.855
	1	0.762	0.865
	0	0.780	0.876
	1	0.799	0.887

TABLE C Page 1 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO CONTINGENT ANNUITANT FACTORS For persons retiring before July 1, 1995				
	Age Difference in Years Factors			
	2	0.823	0.902	
	3	0.836	0.910	
	4	0.847	0.918	
	5	0.856	0.924	
Member	6	0.865	0.930	
Younger	7	0.873	0.935	
Than	8	0.881	0.940	
Contingent Annuitant	9	0.888	0.944	
	10	0.897	0.949	
	11	0.906	0.955	
	12	0.916	0.961	
	13	0.926	0.967	
	14	0.934	0.969	
	15 or more	0.940	0.970	

\*For each year the member is more than fifteen (15) years older than the contingent annuitant subtract .01 from the factor for Option 1 and subtract .006 from the factor for Option 2.

TABLE C Page 2 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO CONTINGENT ANNUITANT FACTORS For persons retiring on or after July 1, 1995			
	Age Difference in Years Factors		
		Option 1	Option 2
	15 *	0.690	0.810
	14	0.700	0.816
	13	0.710	0.822
	12	0.720	0.828
	11	0.730	0.834
Member	10	0.735	0.840
Older	9	0.740	0.846
Than	8	0.745	0.852
Contingent Annuitant	7	0.750	0.858

TABLE C Page 2 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO CONTINGENT ANNUITANT FACTORS For persons retiring on or after July 1, 1995			
	Age Difference in Years	Fact	ors
	6	0.755	0.864
	5	0.760	0.870
	4	0.765	0.876
	3	0.770	0.882
	2	0.785	0.888
	1	0.800	0.894
	0	0.815	0.900
	1	0.835	0.915
	2	0.855	0.925
	3	0.875	0.935
	4	0.890	0.945
	5	0.900	0.950
Member	6	0.910	0.955
Younger	7	0.920	0.960
Than	8	0.930	0.965
Contingent Annuitant	9	0.940	0.967
	10	0.944	0.969
	11	0.946	0.971
	12	0.948	0.973
	13	0.950	0.975
	14	0.952	0.977
	15 or more	0.954	0.979

\*For each year the member is more than fifteen (15) years older than the contingent annuitant subtract .01 from the factor for Option 1 and subtract .006 from the factor for Option 2. (Amended 96) ()

	TABLE C Page 3 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT S CONTINGENT ANNUITANT I or persons retiring on or after	YSTEM OF IDAH FACTORS	10
	Age Difference in Years	Fac	tors
		Option 1	Option 2
	15 *	0.729	0.851
	14	0.736	0.856
	13	0.743	0.861
	12	0.750	0.866
	11	0.757	0.871
Member	10	0.764	0.876
Older	9	0.771	0.881
Than	8	0.778	0.886
Contingent Annuitant	7	0.785	0.891
	6	0.792	0.896
	5	0.799	0.902
	4	0.808	0.908
	3	0.818	0.914
	2	0.833	0.920
	1	0.848	0.926
	0	0.863	0.932
	1	0.875	0.938
	2	0.887	0.944
	3	0.895	0.949
	4	0.902	0.954
	5	0.909	0.959
Member	6	0.916	0.963
Younger	7	0.923	0.966
Than	8	0.930	0.968
Contingent Annuitant	9	0.940	0.970
	10	0.944	0.972
	11	0.946	0.974

TABLE C Page 3 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF IDAHO CONTINGENT ANNUITANT FACTORS For persons retiring on or after July 1, 2011			
	Age Difference in Years	Factors	
	12	0.948	0.976
	13	0.950	0.978
	14	0.952	0.980
	15 or more	0.954	0.982

\*For each year the member is more than fifteen (15) years older than the contingent annuitant subtract .01 from the factor for Option 1 and subtract .01 from the factor for Option 2.

#### 544. PRE-ERISA VESTING RULES.

**01.** Termination or Partial Termination. Upon the effective date of any termination or partial termination or upon a complete discontinuation of contributions:

**a.** No persons who were not theretofore members shall be eligible to become members; ( )

**b.** No further benefits shall accrue; and

**c.** The accrued benefits of all members not theretofore vested and not theretofore forfeited shall immediately become fully vested.

#### 545. FORFEITURES.

Forfeitures will not be applied to increase the benefits any employee would otherwise receive under the Base Plan.

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#### 546. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS TO BE SPECIFIED.

Whenever the amount of any Base Plan benefit is to be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions, such assumptions will be specified in rule in a manner that precludes employer discretion.

### 547. COMPENSATION LIMIT.

**01. Limit**. Except for members of the system prior to July 1, 1996, as provided in Section 59-1302(31)(B), Idaho Code, the annual compensation of each participant taken into account in determining benefit accruals in any plan year beginning after December 31, 2001, shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). Annual compensation means compensation during the calendar year (the determination period). In determining benefit accruals for determination periods beginning before January 1, 2002, compensation shall be two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). ()

**02. Limit Adjustment**. The two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) limit on annual compensation in Subsection 547.01 shall be adjusted for cost-of-living increases in accordance with Section 401(a)(17)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. The cost-of-living adjustment in effect for a calendar year applies to annual compensation for the determination period that begins with or within such calendar year. ()

### 548. DEFINED BENEFIT DOLLAR LIMITATION.

The "defined benefit dollar limitation" is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars (\$160,000), as adjusted, effective January 1 of each year thereafter, under Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe, and payable in the form of a straight life annuity. A limitation as adjusted under section 415(d) will apply to limitation years ending with or within the calendar year for which the adjustment applies. The "maximum permissible benefit" is the defined benefit dollar limitation (adjusted where required, as provided in

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Subsection 548.01 and, if applicable, in Subsections 548.02 through 548.04).

**01.** Less Than Ten Years of Service. If the participant has fewer than ten (10) years of participation in the plan, the defined benefit dollar limitation shall be multiplied by a fraction: ()

**a.** The numerator of which is the number of years (or part thereof) of participation in the plan; and

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**b.** The denominator of which is ten (10).

**02. Benefit Begins Prior to Age Sixty-Two**. If the benefit of a participant begins prior to age sixty-two (62), the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the participant at such earlier age is an annual benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity beginning at the earlier age that is the actuarial equivalent of the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the participant at age sixty-two (62) (adjusted under Subsection 548.01, if required). The defined benefit dollar limitation applicable at an age prior to age sixty-two (62) is determined as set forth in IRS regulation under section 415(b)(2) of the Code. This Subsection 548.02 does not apply to participants who have at least fifteen (15) years of credited service for which the member was classified as a police officer or firefighter.

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**03. Benefit Begins at Age Sixty-Five**. If the benefit of a participant begins after the participant attains age sixty-five (65), the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the participant at the later age is the annual benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity beginning at the later age that is actuarially equivalent to the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the participant at age sixty-five (65) (adjusted under Subsection 548.01, if required). The actuarial equivalent of the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable at an age after age sixty-five (65) is determined as set forth in IRS regulation under section 415(b)(2) of the Code.

04. Transition. Benefit increases resulting from the increase in the limitations of section 415(b) of the Code shall be provided to all current and former participants (with benefits limited by section 415(b)) who have an accrued benefit under the plan immediately prior to the effective date of this Section (other than an accrued benefit resulting from a benefit increase solely as a result of the increases in limitations under section 415(b)). ()

### 549. COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WITHDRAWN EMPLOYER

**01. PERSI's Responsibility**. PERSI's responsibility to a withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity or its employees is limited to the vested accrued actuarial benefits of the system's members upon the date of complete withdrawal, section 59-1326(10) Idaho Code.

**02.** Withdrawal Liability Calculations. On the occasion that a withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity fails to pay, in full with accrued interest from date of withdrawal, the withdrawal liability calculated in accordance with section 59-1326(7), Idaho Code, PERSI shall exhaust all efforts to collect the outstanding withdrawal liability as follows:

**a.** Collect the full withdrawal liability from withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity at date of withdrawal. If full withdrawal liability is not paid, then;

**b.** Contract with withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity, in accordance with section 59-1326(9) and file a lien on the assets of the withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity. If scheduled payments are not timely made or assets are insufficient or unavailable, then; ()

**c.** PERSI will pursue collection efforts against the authorizing state agency, political subdivision or governmental entity that caused the withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity to be formed. If these collection efforts are ineffective, then;

**d.** PERSI will cause an actuarial study to be performed for the withdrawing political subdivision or governmental entity and its employees to determine the actuarial value of the accrued benefits at time of withdrawal and will reduce an employee's benefit to match funded status.

#### 550. COMPUTING VALUE OF SICK LEAVE.

For those members who accrue sick leave based upon each month of service, the rate of pay for purposes of computing the monetary value of a retired member's unused sick leave as outlined in Sections 59-1365, 67-5333, and 33-2109A, Idaho Code, shall be the base hourly rate of compensation reported by the employer during the month of separation from employment prior to retirement, not including any temporary increases, bonuses, or payoffs. For those members employed on a contract basis under Section 33-1228, Idaho Code, the rate of pay for purposes of computing the monetary value of a retiring member's unused sick leave based upon each month of service shall be determined at a daily rate by dividing the annual contract amount by the required days of work. No temporary increases, bonuses or payoffs shall be included in the contract amount. Where the daily rate is affected by changes in the work week such as adoption of a four (4) day work week or similar events, adjustments shall be made to convert the daily rate to maintain equity within the pool. No other forms of leave may be converted to sick leave or otherwise considered in computing the value of unused sick leave.

#### 551. (RESERVED)

#### 552. SICK LEAVE FUNDING RATES.

The sick leave pools shall be funded by employer contributions as follows:

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01. State Agencies and Junior College Districts. All employer groups participating in the pools established by Sections 33-2109A and 67-5333, Idaho Code, shall contribute point sixty-five percent (.65%) of employee covered payroll.

**02.** Schools. All employer groups participating in the pool established by Section 33-1228, Idaho Code, shall contribute the percentage of employee covered payroll based on the number of days of paid sick leave permitted during the contract year for certified teachers as set forth in the following table:

Beginning:	July 1, 2006
9-10 days	1.16%
11-14 days	1.26%
More than 14 days	Individual rate to be set by the Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually

Where a four (4) day work week or similar policies have been adopted, adjustments shall be made to convert the number of days of paid sick leave to the contribution level necessary to maintain equity within the pool.

**03. Subdivisions**. All political subdivision or government entity groups participating in the pool established by Section 59-1365, Idaho Code, shall make contributions as provided in Rule 578. ( )

#### 553. LIMITATION ON INSURANCE PROGRAMS.

The health, accident, and life insurance programs maintained by state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities as outlined in Sections 59-1365, 33-1228, and 33-2109A, Idaho Code, are limited to plans where the policy holder is the state agency, political subdivision or government entity or a consortium of state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities. Insurance programs outlined in Section 67-5333, Idaho Code, shall be maintained by the state agency, political subdivision or government entity. The board may require plans to sign an agreement before participating.

### 554. PAYMENT OF INSURANCE PREMIUMS.

Upon certification by the state agency, political subdivision or government entity and the insurance carrier that a plan qualifies under Rule 553, of this subchapter, the board may pay the monthly premiums for a retired member using unused sick leave account funds as prescribed by Idaho Code.

**01. Adjustments.** Coverage and premium changes or adjustments must be submitted to PERSI no less than thirty (30) days prior to their effective date unless PERSI has previously agreed in writing to a shorter period.

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**02. Duration of Payments**. Premium payments will continue to be made from the unused sick leave account until credits are insufficient to make a premium payment, or until the retiree's death, whichever first occurs.

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#### 555. SEPARATION BY REASON OF RETIREMENT.

Unused sick leave benefits are credited only to employees who are eligible to retire at the time they separate from the state agency, political subdivision or government entity. When an employee separates from service and does not immediately retire, unused sick leave benefits are credited to the member but not available for use unless the member actually retires without intervening employment resulting in PERSI participation. The existence of available unused sick leave credits does not necessarily mean they are usable. A member must also be eligible to participate in the retiree plan offered by the state agency, political subdivision or government entity from which the member retired. Except for school district employees transferring from one (1) district to another, unused sick leave credits may not be transferred from one (1) state agency, political subdivision or government entity to another. If a member negates their retirement under Rule 542 and returns to work for a new PERSI state agency, political subdivision or government entity is nust be reestablished with the new state agency, political subdivision or government entity. ()

#### 556. PROHIBITION AGAINST CASH OPTION.

All state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities participating in any PERSI administered sick leave pool are prohibited from offering or permitting any employee to convert unused sick leave to cash, other forms of leave, or any other benefit, even if the employee is not eligible to receive credits. Failure to comply with this prohibition will result in the state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities inability to participate in PERSI administered unused sick leave pools.

### 557. -- 575. (RESERVED)

#### 576. PARTICIPATION IN SUBDIVISION UNUSED SICK LEAVE POOL.

Any PERSI state agency, political subdivision or government entity meeting the following requirements may elect to participate in the unused sick leave pool authorized by Section 59-1365, Idaho Code: ()

**01. No Current Plan**. The state agency, political subdivision or government entity does not participate in any other statutorily created plan that offers benefits for unused sick leave, including but not limited to, those plans created under Sections 33-1228, 33-2109, and 67-5333, Idaho Code. ()

**02.** All Inclusive Participation. All of a participating state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities employees who are PERSI members and who accrue sick leave must be participants in the plan, except that state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities may exclude certain distinctive classes of employees for legitimate business reasons. For example, a city could exclude employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement, or a county may choose to exclude elected officials. ()

03. No Other Options for Unused Sick Leave. No employee may be given any option to receive benefits from unused sick leave other than through this plan. For example, no employee, other than those properly excluded under Subsection 576.02, may be given the option of exchanging sick leave for cash or other forms of payment or leave.

04. Fixed Annual Accrual of Sick Leave. State agency, political subdivision or government entity must comply with a policy that offers a fixed amount of sick leave annually that is applicable to all employees or employee groups. A "personal leave" option that fails to distinguish between sick, vacation, or other forms of leave is not permitted.

05. Medicare Eligible Retirees. State agencies, political subdivisions or government entities plan must provide coverage to all retired employees eligible for unused sick leave credits, including retirees that become Medicare eligible.

**06. Annual Application**. State agency, political subdivision or government entity must annually update and submit an application for participation in the Subdivision Unused Sick Leave Pool on the form prescribed

#### by PERSI.

#### 577. OPERATION OF SUBDIVISION POOL.

Upon separation from employment by retirement, in accordance with Chapter 13, Title 59, Idaho Code, every employee of a participating state agency, political subdivision or government entity shall, upon payment by the state agency, political subdivision or government entity under Rule 578, receive a credit for unused sick leave in the same manner and under the same terms as provided in Section 67-5333(1), Idaho Code.

#### 578. FUNDING OF SUBDIVISION POOL.

Participating state agencies, political subdivisions or government entities shall, within ten (10) days of retiree's last day in pay status, pay to PERSI a sum equal to the retiree's unused sick leave credit, together with any administrative fees the board may require. Investment earnings on funds paid into this pool will remain in the pool, together with any reversions due to the death of a retiree, and may be used by the board to pay some or all administrative costs.

### 579. TERMINATION, WITHDRAWAL, OR REMOVAL FROM SUBDIVISION POOL.

Any state agency, political subdivision or government entity failing to meet the requirements of participation provided by Rule 576 shall be terminated from participation in the Subdivision Pool. Any state agency, political subdivision or government entity failing to meet the funding requirements provided by Rule 578 shall be terminated from participation in the Subdivision Pool, provided however, a state agency, political subdivision or government entity may submit a detailed explanation for its failure to meet the funding requirements as required in Rule 578 and subject to PERSI approval. State agencies, political subdivisions or government entities that have withdrawn or have been terminated shall not be allowed to rejoin.

#### 580. -- 599. (RESERVED)

#### 600. PAYMENT DATE OF RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE FOR FRF MEMBERS.

A paid firefighter who retires under the provisions of Chapter 14, Title 72, Idaho Code, is entitled to a retirement allowance computed from the date following separation from employment, payable at the end of the calendar month following separation from employment.

#### 601. FIREFIGHTER RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE.

Notwithstanding Rules 525 and 526, of this subchapter, the retirement allowances of firefighter members, as defined by Section 59-1391(b), Idaho Code, shall be determined pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 14, Title 72, Idaho Code.

#### 602. REEMPLOYMENT OF RETIRED FRF FIREFIGHTER.

A paid firefighter retired under the provisions of Chapter 14, Title 72, (FRF), Idaho Code, who returns to employment as a paid firefighter with the same fire department from which retired shall be considered reemployed in the manner provided for PERSI members by Section 59-1356(1), Idaho Code. Retirement benefits shall then terminate and contributions shall again commence under conditions specified prior to retirement. The terminated benefit shall resume upon subsequent retirement with adjustments made in the manner prescribed by Section 59-1356(1), Idaho Code, as they would apply to the member's retirement benefit entitlement computed under the provisions of Chapter 14, Title 72, Idaho Code.

Statutory References: Section 59-1356, Idaho Code.

#### 603. -- 624. (RESERVED)

#### 625. PURCHASE OF SERVICE GENERALLY.

No member may purchase more than forty-eight (48) months of membership service, whether purchased under Section 59-1362, or 59-1363, Idaho Code, or a combination thereof. In all cases, the cost of purchasing service shall be the full actuarial costs, as determined by the board, of providing additional benefits resulting from the purchased service. Service may only be purchased at the time of retirement. In no event can a member revoke a purchase of service after payment has been made.

#### 626. TIME OF RETIREMENT.

Within ninety (90) days before a member's effective date of retirement, the member may request the cost of service to

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be purchased. Costs provided for purchased service are valid only for the effective date requested. Purchased service will be calculated into the member's benefit only to the extent that it is paid by the effective date. In no event shall service be credited for which payment has not been made. Service may be purchased with after-tax dollars or with eligible rollover distributions. The member's service class at the time of purchase determines the class of service that may be purchased.

#### 627. RETIREMENT DELAYED OR NEGATED AFTER PURCHASE.

If a member purchases service and thereafter revokes their application for retirement or negates their retirement as provided in Rule 542, the contributions made to purchase the service shall remain in the system until a distributable event occurs. If the distributable event results in payment of a monthly retirement benefit or an optional death benefit, the purchase price of the service previously purchased will be recalculated based on factors existing on the date the new benefit becomes effective. If, based on the new factors, the purchase price is higher than previously determined, the number of months purchased will be reduced to reflect the higher cost unless the member elects to pay the difference. If the purchase price is lower, the difference will be paid to the member as a lump-sum payment within sixty (60) days after the date of retirement unless the member elects to convert the difference into additional months and can do so without exceeding the forty-eight (48) month limit, the IRS limit referenced in Subsection 705.05, or any other statutory limitation, including the limitation in Section 59-1342(6), Idaho Code.

#### 628. TREATMENT OF PURCHASE OF SERVICE CONTRIBUTIONS.

Contributions made for purposes of purchasing service, and interest earnings thereon, are not considered for purposes of determining death benefits under Section 59-1361(3), Idaho Code, and distributions under Section 59-1309(5), Idaho Code. When determining death benefits under Section 59-1361(3), Idaho Code, first calculate two hundred percent (200%) of accumulated contributions, excluding contributions and interest related to purchased service, then add member contributions and interest related to purchased service. Member contributions and interest will also be included in any separation benefit. In no event shall employer contributions for purchased service be included in any separation benefit. ()

#### 629. EMPLOYER PARTICIPATION.

State agency, political subdivision or government entity participation must be in the form of lump-sum payments at the time of retirement. In the event a state agency, political subdivision or government entity makes a contribution on behalf of a member and a distribution other than periodic payments occurs prior to the actual retirement effective date, the state agency, political subdivision or government entity may claim a credit against future contributions equal to the amount of the contribution. State agency, political subdivision or government entity contributions must be accompanied by or preceded by a written statement endorsed by the governing body or officer of the state agency, political subdivision or government entity indemnifies PERSI against any loss resulting from failure of the state agency, political subdivision or government entity, or any person acting on its behalf, to act within its authority.

630. ADDITIONAL LIMITS ON PURCHASED SERVICE.

The Internal Revenue Code imposes limits on the amount of retirement benefits that can be paid to a retiree under a defined benefit plan. Benefits acquired through purchase of service are subject to these limits for some purposes. In no event can a member purchase service that would result in the member exceeding the limits imposed in IRC Section 415(n)(1)(A). In addition, a member's initial retirement benefit, including purchased service, continues to be subject to the limitation in Section 59-1342(6), Idaho Code.

#### 631. -- 649. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER G - PERSI GAIN SHARING RULES RULES 650 THROUGH 755

#### 650. EXISTENCE OF EXTRAORDINARY GAINS.

The existence of extraordinary gains triggers the possibility that allocations will be made as provided in Section 59-1309, Idaho Code. However, the existence of extraordinary gains does not obligate the retirement board to make an allocation. The Board may choose not to allocate extraordinary gains, or it may choose to allocate all or part of the extraordinary gains. Extraordinary gains exist when, at the close of the fiscal year, the value of plan assets exceeds

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plan liabilities as determined by the actuary, plus a sum necessary to absorb a one (1) standard deviation market event without increasing contribution rates, as determined by the Board. The amount of extraordinary gains available for possible distribution equals the amount by which the assets exceed the sum of the liabilities and the one standard deviation.

#### 651. VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS.

This is the total assets held in the PERSI base plan, as reported in the actuarial valuation at the end of the fiscal year.

#### 652. PLAN LIABILITIES.

This is the actuarial liability of the PERSI base plan, including but not limited to, the cost of the proposed COLA to be effective in March following the close of the fiscal year, the cost of any benefit enhancements to the base plan approved by the legislature, and the cost of actuarial gains and losses, as reported in the actuarial valuation for the fiscal year.

#### 653. ONE STANDARD DEVIATION.

This is the amount of reserve necessary to absorb normal market fluctuations and is a function of the risk associated with investment holdings and strategies, and will be determined by the Board based on those factors. ()

#### 654. BOARD DISCRETION.

The Board retains full discretion in determining whether to allocate extraordinary gains when they exist. Because of the broad range of factors that might be relevant to such a determination, and to assure that the Board will not be limited in exercising its discretion, these rules do not attempt to identify any of the factors that might be considered in the Board's fiduciary capacity. When extraordinary gains exist, the Board will decide whether they will be allocated no later than the first day of December following the end of the fiscal year. Such decision shall be in writing and shall constitute an amendment to the plan document for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any successor thereto. In the absence of any such decision, the allocation for that year shall be zero (0.00).

### 655. -- 674. (RESERVED)

#### 675. ALLOCATION BETWEEN GROUPS.

If extraordinary gains exist, and the Board determines that all or part of such gains should be allocated, an allocation will be made among the three (3) groups identified by Section 59-1309, Idaho Code. The three (3) groups and allocations are:

- a. Active PERSI members 38 percent (38%); ( )
- **b.** PERSI retirees twelve percent (12%); and ( )
- c. PERSI employers fifty percent (50%) ( )

### 676. -- 699. (RESERVED)

### 700. ACTIVE MEMBER ALLOCATION.

After the amount to be allocated to the active member group has been determined, it shall be allocated among the members of the group. The active member allocation determines each member's initial share before considering any applicable individual limits. Each member's initial share shall be determined by dividing that member's accumulated contributions in the base plan at the close of the fiscal year by the total accumulated contributions in the base plan of all members of the group at the close of the fiscal year, multiplied by the amount allocated to the active member group. In no event shall a member's initial share, before considering individual limits, exceed the maximum annual contribution limit under Section 415(c) of the Internal Revenue Code applicable for the limitation year.

#### 701. MINIMUM ALLOCATION AMOUNT.

Due to the costs associated with maintaining individual choice accounts, no allocation shall be made to any member whose allocation share does not exceed thirty-eight dollars (\$38) after considering individual limits, unless the member had a PERSI choice account on the last day of the fiscal year and has not withdrawn funds before the allocation date.

A member participates in the active member allocation only if he is an active member as defined in this subchapter. Whenever a member is placed on leave of absence under circumstances making that member eligible for benefits under USERRA, the employer shall notify PERSI in writing within thirty (30) days and attach a copy of the member's orders.

#### **ACCUMULATED CONTRIBUTIONS.** 703

For purposes of allocating extraordinary gains within the active member group, accumulated contributions do not include contributions or interest related to the purchase of permissive service credits or contributions or interest in the Choice Plan or accounts. )

#### TRANSFER TO DEFINED CONTRIBUTION CHOICE ACCOUNTS. 704.

After each member's initial share has been determined, it will be transferred to an individual account as permitted under Section 414(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, subject to individual limits imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. The Board may transfer allocations anytime after necessary compensation data is received and processed by the Board.

#### 705. LIMITATIONS ON ALLOCATION.

In no event shall a member's final allocation exceed the limits imposed by Section 415(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, based on compensation earned during the calendar year that included the end of the fiscal year. (

#### **INTERVENING RETIREMENT.** 706.

When a member is included in the active member pool but retires prior to the transfer of allocations, the member's allocation will be made as a one-time payment directly to the member rather than a transfer to an individual account. Such allocations will not be limited by Rule 705 but will be subject to the limitations of Rule 729. ( )

#### INTERVENING WITHDRAWAL OF CONTRIBUTIONS. 707.

When a member is included in the active member pool but terminates prior to the transfer of allocations, the allocation will be made to the member's individual account if the member has not withdrawn contributions from the Base account prior to the date of transfer of the allocation. No member who has withdrawn contributions from the Base account prior to the transfer of the allocation is eligible to receive an allocation. ( )

#### INTERVENING DEATH OF ACTIVE MEMBER. 708.

When a member would have been included in the active member allocation but dies prior to the transfer of allocations, no allocation shall be made to the member, beneficiary or estate except that an optional death benefit recipient will receive the active member's allocation as limited by Rule 729. )

#### 709. TREATMENT OF GAIN SHARING ALLOCATIONS IN THE CHOICE ACCOUNT.

Gain sharing allocations transferred to individual Choice Accounts have no effect on an individual's Base Plan benefit. Gain sharing allocations, and the earnings thereon, will be accounted for separately from other Choice Plan contributions but will be treated as one plan for purposes of reporting, investing, distributions, and fees to the extent they are applicable. Related provisions of the Plan adopted by the Board to facilitate voluntary and employer contributions are applicable to gain sharing allocations to the extent not inconsistent with these rules and Sections 59-1308 and 59-1309, Idaho Code. However, no loans or hardship withdrawals may be taken against gain sharing account balances.

#### 710. -- 724. (RESERVED)

#### 725. **RETIREE ALLOCATION.**

After the amount to be allocated to the retiree group has been determined, it shall be allocated among the members of the group. The retiree allocation determines each member's share before considering any applicable individual limits. Each member's initial share shall be determined by dividing that retiree's monthly benefit at the close of the fiscal year by the total monthly benefits payable to all members of the group at the close of the fiscal year, multiplied by the amount allocated to the retiree group. )

#### 726. **RETIREE.**

For purposes of allocating extraordinary gains, a member must be a retiree as defined in this subchapter. ) (

This is the monthly benefit for the last month of the fiscal year but does not include benefits related to other months that may also have been paid during the last month of the fiscal year. In no event shall a retiree's share be determined based on more than the retiree's annual benefit, not including any gain sharing allocations, divided by twelve (12).

#### 728. PAYMENT OF ALLOCATION.

After each retiree's initial share has been determined, it will be paid no later than February 1 following the close of the fiscal year directly to the retiree either together with the retiree's monthly benefit or separately, subject to individual limits imposed by the Internal Revenue Code.

#### 729. LIMITATIONS ON ALLOCATION.

Prior to allocation, a retiree's initial share shall be further limited as necessary to comply with the limits of Section 415(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### 730. INTERVENING DEATH OF A RETIREE.

When a retiree is included in the retiree allocation but dies prior to the transfer of allocations, no allocation shall be made unless benefit payments are continuing to be made to a contingent annuitant.

#### 731. INTERVENING REEMPLOYMENT.

When a retiree is included in the retiree allocation but becomes reemployed as defined in Section 59-1356, Idaho Code, prior to the date of distribution, the retiree allocation shall be made in the form of an active member allocation, and shall be subject to active member limitations.

#### 732. NEGATED RETIREMENT.

Gain sharing allocations received by a retiree are not included in the amounts required to be repaid when negating retirement under Rule 542.

#### 733. -- 749. (RESERVED)

#### 750. EMPLOYER ALLOCATION.

After the amount to be allocated to the employer group has been determined, it shall be allocated among the members of the group. Each employer's share shall be determined by dividing that employer's contribution liability for the fiscal year by the total contribution liability for all members of the group for the fiscal year, multiplied by the amount allocated to the employer group.

#### 751. EMPLOYER.

Participation in the employer pool is limited to those entities defined as an employer in this subchapter. ( )

#### 752. CONTRIBUTION LIABILITY.

This includes only employer contributions that are accrued during the fiscal year and required to be paid by Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, unreduced by gain sharing credits. It does not include contributions made to fund sick leave pools, to pay costs of other plans such as the Firefighters Retirement Fund, or to contributions required by Sections 33-107A and 33-107B, Idaho Code. Only adjustments related to fiscal year contributions will be considered. ( )

#### 753. CREDIT OF ALLOCATION.

After each employer's share has been determined, it will be credited against the employer's future contribution invoices. The credits shall be applied only to offset future employee and employer contributions required to be remitted by Section 59-1325(1), Idaho Code, until the credit is exhausted. An employer may elect to use the credits solely against employer contributions to the extent that no carry-over credits (as described in rule 754) result. ( )

#### 754. CARRY-OVER OF CREDIT.

Should the credit exceed the employer's contribution invoices for the succeeding twelve (12) month period, any remaining credits will carry over to the following year together with an additional credit representing an interest payment. The interest credit shall equal the balance of remaining credits multiplied by a ratio representing the regular rate of interest. This process shall be repeated annually until all credits have been used. ()

)

### 755. WITHDRAWAL OF EMPLOYER.

When an employer is included in the employer pool but withdraws from the system as provided in Section 59-1326, Idaho Code, prior to allocation of credits, the employer shall not be entitled to receive any credits. When an employer is entitled to carry-over credits but withdraws prior to using all its credits, it shall not be entitled to additional credits based on interest payments.

756. -- 999. (RESERVED)

### 59.02.01 – RULES FOR THE JUDGES' RETIREMENT FUND

#### Subchapter A -- General Provisions Rules 001 Through 099

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY (RULE 0).

The Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund rules are adopted under the legal authority of Section 1-2012, Idaho Code. (7-1-14)

### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE (RULE 1).

01.	<b>Title</b> . The title of this chapter is IDAPA 59.02.01, "Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund."	

(7 - 1 - 14)

(7 - 1 - 14)

**02.** Scope. This chapter relates to retirement under the Judges' Retirement Fund. (7-1-14)

#### 002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS – AGENCY GUIDELINES (RULE 2).

Written interpretations of these rules, to the extent they exist, are available from PERŚI (Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho), at the locations listed in Rule 4 of these rules. (7-1-14)

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL (RULE 3).

Administrative appeals are conducted pursuant to IDAPA 59.01.01, "Rules of Administrative Procedure," Rules 101 through 104 and 150 through 789. (7-1-14)

#### 004. OFFICE - OFFICE HOURS - MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS (RULE 4).

Office hours are 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday. PERSI's mailing and street addresses, telephone numbers, and fax numbers are as follows: (7-1-14)

#### 005. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE (RULE 5).

All rules required to be adopted by this chapter are public records. (7-1-14)

#### 006. CITATION (RULE 6).

The official citation of this chapter is IDAPA 59.02.01.000, et seq. For example, this section's citation is IDAPA 59.02.01.006. In documents submitted to the Board or issued by the Board these rules may be cited as Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund and section number less leading zeros. For example, this rule may be cited as Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund Rule 7. (7-1-14)

#### 007. EFFECTIVE DATE (RULE 7).

Unless otherwise indicated in the bracketed material following each rule, the effective date of every rule in this chapter is July 1, 2014. (7-1-14)

# 008. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS (RULE 10).**

The following definitions apply to this chapter:

**01.** Accrued Benefit. The actuarial value of the retirement benefit to which the Member is entitled under the Judges' Retirement Fund upon attainment of Normal Retirement Age. (7-1-14)

**02.** Active Member. Each justice or judge who participates in the Judges' Retirement Fund as provided by Idaho Code. (7-1-14)

**03.** Administrator. The Board. (7-1-14)

04. Annual Additions. Annual additions are the total of all after-tax Member contributions in a year (not including rollovers) and forfeitures allocated to a Member's account under the Judges' Retirement Fund and all other qualified plans to which contributions are made based on the Member's service with the Employer. (7-1-14)

**05. Beneficiary**. The designated person (or, if none, the Member's estate) who is entitled to receive benefits under the Plan after the death of a Member. (7-1-14)

**06. Board**. The retirement board established in Section 59-1304, Idaho Code. (7-1-14)

**07. Code**. The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as now in effect or as hereafter amended. All citations to sections of the Code are to such sections as they may from time to time be amended or renumbered. (7-1-14)

**08. Compensation**. All cash compensation for services to the Employer, including salary, wages, fees, commissions, bonuses, and overtime pay, that is includible in the Member's gross income for the calendar year, plus amounts that would be cash compensation for services to the Employer includible in the Member's gross income for the calendar year but for a compensation reduction election under sections 125, 132(f), 401(k), 403(b), or 457(b) of the Code. (7-1-14)

**09. Contingent Annuitant**. The person designated by a Member under certain retirement options to receive payments upon the death of the Member. The person so designated must be born and living on the effective date of retirement. (7-1-14)

10. Designated Beneficiary. The individual who is designated as the beneficiary under the Plan and is the designated beneficiary under section 401(a)(9) of the Code and section 1.40l(a)(9)-4, Q&A-4, of the Treasury regulations. (7-1-14)

11. Differential Wage Payments. Differential Wage Payments as defined in 26 U.S.C. 3401(h). A differential wage payment generally refers to an employer payment to an employee called to active duty in the uniformed services for more than thirty (30) days that represents all or a portion of the compensation he would have received from the employer if he were performing services for the employer. (7-21-15)

12. Employer. The common law employer of a Member. (7-1-14)

13. Judges' Retirement Fund. The Judges' Retirement Fund established under Title 1, Chapter 20, Idaho Code, and rules applicable to the Judges' Retirement Fund. The Judges' Retirement Fund is intended to satisfy Code section 401(a) as applicable to governmental plans described in Code section 414(d). It is maintained for the exclusive benefit of Members and their beneficiaries. (7-1-14)

14. Member. An individual who is currently accruing benefits or who has previously accrued benefits under the Plan and who has not received a distribution of his entire benefit under the Plan. (7-1-14)

15. Normal Retirement Age. The age (or combination of age and years of service) at which a Member is entitled to an actuarially unreduced retirement benefit under the Plan. A Member will be fully vested upon attainment of Normal Retirement Age. (7-1-14)

**16. Plan**. The plan of benefits under the Judges' Retirement Fund. (7-1-14)

17. Required Beginning Date. The date specified in Rule 100 of these rules. (7-1-14)

18. Severance from Employment. The date that the Member dies, retires, or otherwise has a separation from employment with the Employer, as determined by the Administrator (and taking into account guidance issued under the Code). (7-1-14)

#### 011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter B -- Distributions Rules 100 Through 250

### **100. REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS (RULE 100).**

01. Default Application of Federal Requirements. With respect to distributions under the Judges'

Retirement Fund, and except as provided in Subsection 100.06, the Judges' Retirement Fund will apply the minimum distribution requirements of section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) in accordance with a good faith interpretation of section 401(a)(9), notwithstanding any provision of the Judges' Retirement Fund to the contrary. (7-21-15)

**02. Required Beginning Date**. Except as otherwise provided in Subsections 100.03 through 100.06, distributions under the Judges' Retirement Fund shall begin not later than April 1 following the later of: (7-21-15)

a. The calendar year (hereinafter referred to as the "Commencement Year") in which the member reaches age seventy and one half (70  $\frac{1}{2}$ ); and (7-21-15)

**b.** The year in which he retires.

n he retires. (7-21-15)

**03.** Lifetime Distributions. Distribution shall be made over the life of the Member or the lives of the Member and his beneficiary; or over a period certain not extending beyond the life expectancy of the member or the joint life and last survivor expectancy of the member and his beneficiary. (7-21-15)

**04.** Timing of Required Distributions. A required distribution shall be deemed to have been made during the Commencement Year if actually made by the following April 1, but such delayed distribution shall not change the amount of such distribution, and the distribution otherwise required during the subsequent calendar year shall be calculated as if the first distribution had been made on the last day of the Commencement Year. (7-21-15)

05. Adjustment of Required Distributions. Benefits paid prior to the Commencement Year shall reduce the aggregate amount subject to (but shall not otherwise negate) the minimum distribution requirements described herein. (7-21-15)

**06. Annuity Benefits Payable on Death of a Member**. All death benefits payable in the form of an annuity will begin to be paid as soon as administratively practicable after the member's death, but must in any event begin to be paid before the end of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the member died. (7-21-15)

**07. Death Benefits**. All death benefits payable in a lump sum will be distributed as soon as administratively practicable after request, but must in any event be distributed within fifteen (15) months of the member's death, unless the identity of the beneficiary is not ascertainable. (7-21-15)

### 101. MAXIMUM LIMITATIONS ON BENEFITS (RULE 101).

Beginning effective January 1, 2002, the "defined benefit dollar limitation" is one hundred sixty thousand dollars (\$160,000), as adjusted, effective January 1 of each year thereafter, under section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) in such manner as the Secretary shall prescribe, and payable in the form of a straight life annuity. A limitation as adjusted under section 415(d) will apply to limitation years ending with or within the calendar year for which the adjustment applies. The "maximum permissible benefit" is the defined benefit dollar limitation (adjusted where required, as provided in Subsection 101.01 and, if applicable, in Subsections 101.02 through 101.04).

(7 - 21 - 15)

**01.** Less Than Ten Years of Service. If the Member has fewer than ten (10) years of participation in the Judges' Retirement Fund, the defined benefit dollar limitation shall be multiplied by a fraction: (7-21-15)

a. The numerator of which is the number of years (or part thereof) of participation in the Judges' Retirement Fund; and (7-21-15)

**b.** The denominator of which is ten (10). (7-21-15)

02. Benefit Begins Prior to Age Sixty-Two. If the benefit of a Member begins prior to age sixty-two (62), the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the Member at such earlier age is an annual benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity beginning at the earlier age that is the actuarial equivalent of the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the Member at age sixty-two (62) (adjusted under Rule 101.01, if required). The defined benefit dollar limitation applicable at an age prior to age sixty-two (62) is determined as set forth in IRS regulation under section 415(b)(2) of the Code. (7-21-15)

03. Benefit Begins at Age Sixty-Five. If the benefit of a Member begins after the Member attains age sixty-five (65), the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the Member at the later age is the annual benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity beginning at the later age that is actuarially equivalent to the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable to the Member at age sixty-five (65) (adjusted under Rule 101.01, if required.) The actuarial equivalent of the defined benefit dollar limitation applicable at an age after age sixty-five (65) is determined as set forth in IRS regulation under section 415(b)(2) of the Code. (7-21-15)

04. Transition. Benefit increases resulting from the increase in the limitations of section 415(b) of the Code shall be provided to all current and former Members (with benefits limited by section 415(b)) who have an accrued benefit under the Judges' Retirement Fund immediately prior to the effective date of this Rule (other than an accrued benefit resulting from a benefit increase solely as a result of the increases in limitations under section 415(b).) (7-21-15)

**05.** Aggregation. If any member participates in two (2) or more qualified defined benefit plans maintained by the employer (or a predecessor employer), the combined benefits from all such plans may not exceed the "maximum permissible benefit" described in this Rule 101. (3-29-17)

### **102.** MAXIMUM LIMITATION ON ANNUAL ADDITIONS (RULE 102).

01. Annual Additions Limitation. Effective January 1, 2002, annual additions shall not exceed the (7-1-14)

**a.** Forty thousand dollars (\$40,000); or (7-1-14)

**b.** One hundred percent (100%) of the Member's compensation. (7-1-14)

**02. Annual Adjustments**. As of January 1 of each calendar year on and after January 1, 2002, the dollar limitation in Subsection 102.01 of these rules, with respect to both active and retired members, shall be adjusted for increases in the cost of living, taking into consideration applicable guidelines. (7-1-14)

**03. Other Qualified Plans.** To the extent that any Member of the Judges Retirement Plan is also a member of any other qualified plan, and annual additions to all plans covering the Member would otherwise exceed the limits set forth above, annual additions to such other qualified plan shall be reduced to the extent necessary to avoid exceeding the limitations on annual additions. (7-1-14)

### **103. ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTIONS (RULE 103).**

01. Direct Rollovers. A Member of the Judges' Retirement Fund or a beneficiary of a Member (including a Member's former spouse who is the alternate payee under an approved domestic relations order) who is entitled to an eligible rollover distribution may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Administrator, to have all or any portion of the distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the Member in a direct rollover. Effective January 1, 2006, in the event of a mandatory distribution greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the Member does not elect to have such distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the Member in a direct rollover to receive the distribution directly, then the plan administrator will pay the distribution in a direct rollover to an individual retirement plan designated by the plan administrator. (7-1-14)

02. Eligible Rollover Distribution Defined. For purposes of this Rule, an eligible rollover distribution means any distribution of all or any portion of a Member's account balance, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include (a) any installment payment for a period of ten (10) years or more, (b) any distribution made as a result of an unforeseeable emergency, or (c) for any other distribution, the portion, if any, of the distribution that is a required minimum distribution under Code section 401(a)(9). In addition, an eligible retirement plan means an individual retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in section 403(a) or 403(b) of the Code, or an eligible governmental plan described in section 457(b) of the Code, that accepts the eligible rollover distribution. Effective January 1, 2008, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean a Roth IRA described in section 408A of the Code. (7-1-14)

03. After-Tax Contributions. For purposes of the direct rollover provisions in Rule 103.01, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includible in gross income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for the amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not so includible. (7-21-15)

04. Alternate Payees. A distribute includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former spouse, who is the alternate payee under a domestic retirement order, approved as provided in Rule 402 are distributees with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. (7-21-15)

**05. Transfers to Non-Spouse Beneficiaries.** This Rule 103.05 applies to distributions made on or after July 1, 2008. Notwithstanding any provision of the Judges' Retirement Fund to the contrary that would otherwise limit the options of the Beneficiary of a deceased Member who is not the Member's spouse, the administrator shall, upon the request of such a Beneficiary transfer a lump sum distribution to the trustee of an individual retirement account established under Section 408 of the Code in accordance with the provisions of Code section 402(e)(11). (7-21-15)

104. -- 250. (RESERVED)

### Subchapter C -- Assumptions Rules 251 Through 299

# 251. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS TO BE SPECIFIED (RULE 251).

Whenever the amount of any benefit is to be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions, such assumptions will be specified in a manner that precludes employer discretion. (7-1-14)

### 252. ACTUARIAL TABLES (RULE 252).

The actuarial tables used for determining optional retirement benefits are set forth in Appendix A, which is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part hereof. (7-1-14)

### 253. -- 299. (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter D -- Contribution Rates Rule 300 Through 349

#### **300.** EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATE (RULE 300).

The employer contribution rate shall be fifty-five point twenty-eight percent (55.28%) of salaries until next determined by the Board. Beginning July 1, 2017, the employer contribution rate shall be sixty-two point fifty-three percent (62.53%) of salaries until next determined by the Board. (7-1-17)

### **301.** EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION RATE (RULE 301).

The employee contribution rate shall be ten point twenty-three percent (10.23%) of salary until next determined by the Board. Beginning July 1, 2017, the employee contribution rate shall be eleven point fifty-seven percent (11.57%) of salaries until next determined by the Board. (7-1-17)

### **302.** VACATION AND CONTRACTUAL PAYMENTS SUBJECT TO CONTRIBUTIONS (RULE 302).

Compensation paid for vacation is salary subject to employee and employer contributions. (7-1-14)

#### **303. REPORTS (RULE 303).**

The Employer shall provide to the Board such reports, including compensation and contribution reports, as are required by the Board to verify contributions benefits required or provided and unless extended in writing by the

executive director such reports shall be provided no later than five (5) business days after each pay date. (7-1-14)

#### **304.** -- **349.** (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter E -- Disability Retirement Rules 350 Through 399

### **350.** APPLYING FOR DISABILITY RETIREMENT (RULE **350**).

Eligible members may apply for disability retirement, as provided for in Section 1-2001(4)(a), Idaho Code, by completing a required form available from any PERSI office. The application process may include an interview by a Board representative. Applicants must release all medical records and information to the Board or its agent. (7-1-14)

#### **351.** INITIAL APPLICATION REVIEW (RULE **351**).

Applications will first be reviewed to determine whether the applicant meets applicable eligibility requirements. If eligibility requirements are met, the application will proceed to disability assessment review. If all eligibility requirements are not met, the applicant will be notified in writing. (7-1-14)

### **352.** DISABILITY ASSESSMENT REVIEW (RULE 352).

An applicant will be assessed to determine whether he qualifies for disability retirement under the applicable standard. The assessment may include without limitation, records review, medical and psychological examinations, vocational assessments, or any combination thereof as determined by the Board. Failure to timely comply with any request made by the Board during the assessment process shall result in automatic denial of disability retirement. At the conclusion of the assessment process, the Board will notify the applicant in writing whether or not he qualifies for disability retirement. (7-1-14)

#### 353. RECONSIDERATION OF DISABILITY ASSESSMENT DECISION (RULE 353).

Applicants, who are denied disability retirement as a result of an adverse disability assessment decision, and wish to contest that decision, are required to participate in a reconsideration process. A request for reconsideration must be made within thirty (30) days of the issuance of the disability assessment decision. Any additional information the applicant wishes to be considered must be submitted within thirty (30) days of the request for reconsideration. The additional information will be reviewed and a reconsideration decision will be issued in writing to the applicant.

(7-1-14)

#### 354. ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW OF THE RECONSIDERATION DECISION (RULE 354).

A reconsideration decision shall be considered a final decision, and may be appealed to the Board for review. In any related administrative hearing, the applicant shall be limited to presenting facts and evidence made available in the reconsideration process. No new or additional evidence may be presented at the hearing. If the applicant has additional facts or evidence that were not made available during the assessment or reconsideration process, the applicant must submit a new application for disability retirement, proceed again through the assessment process, and pay the costs associated with the second or subsequent assessment process. This rule is intended to promote the efficient use of fund resources by encouraging full and complete disclosure of information during the disability assessment process. (7-1-14)

#### 355. DELEGATION (RULE 355).

The Board may, by contract or otherwise, delegate all or part of these processes to third parties. Where such delegation has been made, the term "Board" includes those third parties. Where such delegation has been made, the term "Board" includes those third parties. (7-1-14)

### **356. REASSESSMENT OF DISABILITY RETIREES (RULE 356).**

A disability retiree is subject to reassessment of his disability at any time to determine whether he continues to be disabled under the standard in Section 1-2001(4)(a), Idaho Code. However, after two (2) years of continuous disability retirement, a disability retiree is not required to undergo medical examinations more often than every twelve (12) months. A disability retiree notified that he has been selected for reassessment is under the same obligation as applicants to supply information. (7-1-14)

### **357.** BURDEN ON APPLICANT (RULE **357**).

Applicant must demonstrate that, on or before applicant's last day of employment, he was disabled under the disability standard. The last day of employment is the last day applicant earned compensation, including annual leave and sick leave. (7-1-14)

#### **358.** STATUTORY STANDARD (RULE **358**).

In applying the disability standard in Section 1-2001(4)(a), Idaho Code, the applicant is prevented from further performance of the duties of his office if the applicant is permanently prevented, due to bodily injury or disease, from performing every substantial and material duty of his office. (7-1-14)

# **359.** ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS (RULE **359**).

Attorney's fees and costs incurred by an applicant in his efforts to obtain disability retirement are the sole responsibility of the applicant and shall not be paid by the Board except for fees related to judicial review for which applicant is found to be entitled under applicable law. (7-1-14)

#### **360.** -- **399.** (RESERVED)

#### Subchapter F - Miscellaneous Provisions Rules 400 Through 999

### 400. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE -- CROSS REFERENCE (RULE 400).

See IDAPA 59.01.01, "Rules of Administrative Procedure of PERSI," concerning rules for administrative procedure. (7-1-14)

### 401. POST RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE ADJUSTMENTS (RULE 401).

01. Adjustments Under Section 59-1355, Idaho Code. For those retirees whose post retirement allowance adjustment is to be determined in accordance with Section 59-1355, Idaho Code, the Board shall annually consider the post retirement cost of living adjustment (COLA) pursuant to Section 59-1355, Idaho Code. The Board has the discretion afforded under Section 59-1355, Idaho Code, related to a discretionary and/or retro-active COLA. The Board shall annually consider the COLA no later than the December Board meeting of each year with an effective date of July 1 of the next year. (7-1-14)

**02.** Adjustments Under Section 1-2001(2)(a)(ii). For those retirees whose COLA is to be determined in accordance with Section 1-2001(2)(a)(ii), Idaho Code, the COLA, if any, shall have an effective date of July 1 of the applicable year. (7-1-14)

#### 402. APPROVED DOMESTIC RETIREMENT ORDERS (RULE 402).

As permitted under Code section 414(p)(11), the Plan shall recognize and give effect to domestic retirement orders that have been approved in accordance with Plan procedures. An order shall be approved only if it substantially meets the requirements for a qualified domestic relations order under Code section 414(p), except for subsection (9) thereof, as determined by the Administrator or its agent. Amounts segregated for the accounts of alternate payees pursuant to a Plan approved domestic retirement order shall be available for immediate distribution to the alternate payee. Distributions pursuant to a domestic retirement order to an alternate payee who is a spouse or former spouse of the Member shall be taxable to the alternate payee rather than the Member to the extent permitted under Code Section 414(p)(12). Distributions pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order to an alternate payee who is not a spouse or former spouse of the Member shall be taxable to the Member. (7-1-14)

#### 403. RETIREMENT APPLICATION AND SPOUSAL CONSENT (RULE 403).

A member is required to complete and submit a retirement application and select either a regular or optional retirement allowance. The member's signature must be notarized. The application for retirement indicating the election made by the retiring member shall also be signed by the spouse certifying he understands and consents to the election made by the member. The spouse's signature must be notarized. If an inactive member reaches service retirement age, or an active member who has reached service retirement age separates from service, and has failed to complete and submit an approved retirement application and select either a regular or optional retirement allowance within ninety (90) days thereafter, the member shall be deemed to have selected a regular retirement allowance and no other selection shall be required or permitted. (7-1-14)

#### 404. FORFEITURES (RULE 404).

Forfeitures will not be applied to increase the benefits any member would otherwise receive. (7-1-14)

#### 405. PRE-ERISA VESTING (RULE 405).

Upon any termination of the Plan or upon any complete discontinuance of contributions under the Plan, the rights of all Members to benefits accrued to the date of such termination or discontinuance, to the extent then funded, shall become one hundred percent (100%) vested. (7-1-14)

#### 406. EXCLUSIVE PURPOSE (RULE 406).

The Board shall hold the assets of the Judges' Retirement Fund in trust for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to Members and Beneficiaries and paying reasonable expenses of administration. It shall be impossible by operation of the Judges' Retirement Fund, by termination, by power of revocation or amendment, by the happening of any contingency, by collateral arrangement or by other means, for any part of the corpus or income of the Judges' Retirement Fund, or any funds contributed thereto, to inure to the benefit of any Employer or otherwise be used for or diverted to purposes other than providing benefits to Members and Beneficiaries and defraying reasonable expenses of administering the Judges' Retirement Fund. (7-21-15)

### 407. BENEFITS DURING MILITARY SERVICES (RULE 407).

#### 01. Death Benefits.

**a.** This subsection 407.01 applies to a member of the Judges' Retirement Fund who dies on or after January 1, 2007, while performing qualified military service as defined in Chapter 43, Title 38 of the United States Code. (7-21-15)

**b.** The period of military service that results in the member's death will be counted in the determination of whether the member qualifies for the death benefit described in section 2009-1(b) to the extent required by Code Section 401(a)(37), (7-21-15)

#### **02.** Determination of Return to Employment for Benefit Accrual Purposes. (7-21-15)

a. This subsection 407.02 applies to a member of the Judges' Retirement Fund who becomes disabled or dies on or after January 1, 2007, while performing qualified military service as defined in Chapter 43, Title 38 of the United States Code. (7-21-15)

**b.** For benefit accrual purposes, a member of the Judges' Retirement Fund shall be treated as having returned to employment on the day before the death or disability and then terminated on the date of death or disability to the extent permitted by Code Section 414(u)(8). (7-21-15)

# 03. Differential Wage Payments.

**a.** This subsection 407.02 applies to a member of the Judges' Retirement Fund who, on or after January 1, 2009, receives differential wage payments from his or her Employer while performing qualified military service as defined in Chapter 43, Title 38 of the United States Code. (7-21-15)

**b.** A member of the Judges' Retirement Fund shall be treated as employed by the Employer while performing qualified military service to the extent required by Code Section 3401(h). (7-21-15)

### 408. -- 999. (RESERVED)

IDAPA 59.02.01 Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund

(7-21-15)

(7-21-15)

### APPENDIX A

Judges' Retirement Fund of the State of Idaho 100% Contingent Annuitant Factors for Spouses Judges hired before July 1, 2012

		pouse								. 1					. 1				
ludge		40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50		52	53	54	55	56	1
	50	0.92242	0.92474	0.92710	0.92949	0.93192	0.93437	0.93685	0.93933	0.94182	0.94431	0.94678	0.94923	0.95166	0.95406	0.95641	0.95872	0.96097	0.963
	51	0.91758	0.91995	0.92236	0.92482	0.92732	0.92985	0.93241	0.93500	0.93759	0.94019	0.94278	0.94536	0.94792	0.95045	0.95296	0.95541	0.95782	0.960
	52	0.91243	0.91484	0.91731	0.91983	0.92240	0.92500	0.92765	0.93032	0.93302	0.93572	0.93843	0.94113	0.94382	0.94650	0.94915	0.95176	0.95432	0.956
	53	0.90695	0.90940	0.91192	0.91449	0.91712	0.91979	0.92251	0.92527	0.92806	0.93087	0.93369	0.93651	0.93934	0.94215	0.94494	0.94771	0.95043	0.953
	54	0.90114	0.90362	0.90618	0.90880	0.91148	0.91422	0.91701	0.91985	0.92273	0.92563	0.92856	0.93150	0.93445	0.93739	0.94033	0.94325	0.94613	0.948
	55	0.89498	0.89750	0.90009	0.90275	0.90548	0.90827	0.91112	0.91404	0.91699	0.91999	0.92301	0.92606	0.92913	0.93221	0.93529	0.93836	0.94140	0.944
	56	0.88851	0.89105	0.89366	0.89636	0.89913	0.90197	0.90488	0.90785	0.91088	0.91396	0.91708	0.92023	0.92341	0.92662	0.92983	0.93304	0.93624	0.939
	57	0.88174	0.88429	0.88693	0.88965	0.89245	0.89533	0.89829	0.90132	0.90441	0.90756	0.91077	0.91401	0.91730	0.92062	0.92396	0.92731	0.93066	0.934
	58	0.87468	0.87725	0.87990	0.88264	0.88546	0.88837	0.89137	0.89445	0.89760	0.90081	0.90409	0.90741	0.91080	0.91423	0.91769	0.92118	0.92467	0.92
	59	0.86737	0.86994	0.87260	0.87535	0.87819	0.88112	0.88415	0.88727	0.89046	0.89373	0.89707	0.90047	0.90394	0.90747	0.91104	0.91465	0.91828	0.92
	60	0.85979	0.86236	0.86501	0.86777	0.87062	0.87357	0.87662	0.87976	0.88300	0.88631	0.88970	0.89317	0.89671	0.90033	0.90400	0.90772	0.91147	0.91
	61	0.85196	0.85451	0.85717	0.85992	0.86277	0.86573	0.86879	0.87196	0.87521	0.87856	0.88200	0.88552	0.88912	0.89281	0.89657	0.90039	0.90426	0.908
	62	0.84393	0.84647	0.84911	0.85185	0.85470	0.85766	0.86072	0.86390	0.86717	0.87055	0.87401	0.87757	0.88123	0.88498	0.88881	0.89272	0.89669	0.900
	63	0.83567	0.83819	0.84081	0.84354	0.84637	0.84932	0.85238	0.85556	0.85884	0.86223	0.86572	0.86930	0.87300	0.87680	0.88069	0.88467	0.88873	0.89
	64	0.82725	0.82974	0.83233	0.83504	0.83786	0.84079	0.84384	0.84700	0.85028	0.85368	0.85718	0.86078	0.86450	0.86834	0.87228	0.87632	0.88045	0.88
	65	0.81863	0.82108	0.82365	0.82632	0.82912	0.83202	0.83505	0.83820	0.84147	0.84486	0.84836	0.85197	0.85570	0.85956	0.86354	0.86762	0.87181	0.87
	66	0.80982	0.81224	0.81477	0.81741	0.82016	0.82304	0.82604	0.82917	0.83242	0.83578	0.83927	0.84288	0.84662	0.85049	0.85448	0.85859	0.86282	0.86
	67	0.80090	0.80328	0.80576	0.80837	0.81108	0.81392	0.81689	0.81998	0.82320	0.82654	0.83001	0.83360	0.83733	0.84120	0.84520	0.84932	0.85358	0.85
	68	0.79182	0.79415	0.79659	0.79915	0.80182	0.80462	0.80754	0.81059	0.81377	0.81708	0.82051	0.82407	0.82778	0.83164	0.83563	0.83976	0.84402	0.84
	69 70	0.78251	0.78479	0.78718	0.78968	0.79230	0.79504	0.79792	0.80092	0.80405	0.80732	0.81071	0.81423	0.81791	0.82173	0.82570	0.82981	0.83407	0.83
udao	s	pouse 58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	
udge	50	0.96529	0.96735	0.96933	0.97125	0.97308	0.97484	0.97653	0.97814	0.97967	0.98112	0.98251	0.98382	0.98506	0.98623	0.98733	0.98837	0.98934	
	51	0.96245	0.96466	0.96681	0.96887	0.97086	0.97484	0.97460	0.97635			0.98231	0.96362	0.98500	0.98023				
	52	0.95927	0.96165	0.96396	0.96619				0.97035			0.00111	0.09254	0 00000	0.09517	0.09627			0.99
	53	0.95571	0.95827						0.07/21	0.97802	0.97960	0.98111	0.98254	0.98389	0.98517	0.98637	0.98750	0.98856	0.98
	54				0.06216	0.96835	0.97042	0.97240	0.97431	0.97612	0.97785	0.97950	0.98106	0.98254	0.98393	0.98525	0.98750 0.98648	0.98856 0.98764	0.98 0.98
			0.05440	0.96075	0.96316	0.96548	0.96773	0.96988	0.97195	0.97612 0.97393	0.97785 0.97582	0.97950 0.97762	0.98106 0.97933	0.98254 0.98095	0.98393 0.98247	0.98525 0.98392	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655	0.98 0.98 0.98
		0.95176	0.95449	0.95715	0.95974	0.96548 0.96225	0.96773 0.96468	0.96988 0.96702	0.97195	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
	55	0.94737	0.95028	0.95715 0.95313	0.95974 0.95591	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
	55 56	0.94737 0.94255	0.95028 0.94564	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
	55 56 57	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237 0.96939	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
	55 56 57 58	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894 0.95471	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237 0.96939 0.96606	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97558	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
	55 56 57 58 59	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95642	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338 0.97038	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97558 0.97280	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97
	55 56 57 58 59 60	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95642 0.95181	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945 0.95509	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338 0.97038 0.96701	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97558 0.97280 0.96967	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509 0.97219	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97
	55 56 57 58 59 60 61	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844 0.94312	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95642 0.95181 0.94675	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945 0.95509 0.95029	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95371	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97558 0.97280 0.96967 0.96618	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509 0.97219 0.96895	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97
	55 57 58 59 60 61 62	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562 0.92940	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844 0.94312 0.93738	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95642 0.95181 0.94675 0.94127	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945 0.95509 0.95029 0.94506	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95371 0.94876	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702 0.95235	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95581	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97558 0.97280 0.96967 0.96618 0.96232	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509 0.97219 0.96895 0.96537	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97
	55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533 0.91841	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562 0.92940 0.92269	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844 0.94312 0.93738 0.93115	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95642 0.95181 0.94675 0.94127 0.93529	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945 0.95509 0.95029 0.94506 0.93936	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95371 0.94876 0.94333	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702 0.95235 0.94720	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95581 0.95095	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97558 0.97280 0.96678 0.96618 0.96232 0.95805	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97760 0.97509 0.97219 0.96895 0.96537 0.96138	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.96 0.96
	55 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703 0.88893	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125 0.89328	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552 0.89768	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981 0.90212	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411 0.90659	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533 0.91841 0.91107	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562 0.92940 0.92269 0.91556	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695 0.92004	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844 0.94312 0.93738 0.93115 0.92448	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95642 0.95181 0.94675 0.94127 0.93529 0.92887	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945 0.95509 0.95509 0.95509 0.94506 0.93936 0.93321	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.95825 0.95825 0.95371 0.94876 0.94333 0.93746	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702 0.95235 0.94720 0.94162	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95581 0.95595 0.94566	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97845 0.97607 0.97338 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457 0.94959	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97280 0.97280 0.96618 0.96618 0.96232 0.95805 0.95337	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509 0.97219 0.96895 0.96537 0.96138 0.95700	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.96 0.96
	55 56 57 58 60 61 62 63 63 64 65	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703 0.88893 0.88045	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125 0.89328 0.88489	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552 0.89768 0.88941	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981 0.90212 0.89399	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411 0.90659 0.89861	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533 0.91841 0.91107 0.90327	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94441 0.93562 0.92940 0.92269 0.91556 0.90795	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695 0.92004 0.91263	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96171 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844 0.93738 0.93115 0.92448 0.91731	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96778 0.96642 0.95181 0.94675 0.94127 0.94275 0.94227 0.93289 0.92887	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.9538 0.95599 0.95509 0.94506 0.93936 0.93321 0.92555	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95371 0.94876 0.94876 0.94876 0.93108	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97450 0.96516 0.96516 0.96510 0.95702 0.95235 0.94720 0.94162 0.93553	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97395 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95081 0.95595 0.94566 0.93988	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97607 0.97607 0.97338 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457 0.94959 0.94411	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97280 0.97280 0.96618 0.96618 0.966232 0.96618 0.96232 0.95805 0.95337 0.94821	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509 0.97219 0.96895 0.96538 0.96538 0.95700 0.95216	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.96 0.96 0.96
	55 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 63 64 65 66	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703 0.88893 0.88045 0.87158	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125 0.89328 0.88489 0.87611	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552 0.89768 0.88941 0.88073	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981 0.90212 0.89399 0.88542	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411 0.90659 0.89861 0.89018	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93777 0.92533 0.91841 0.91107 0.90327 0.89499	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562 0.9240 0.92269 0.91556 0.91556 0.90795 0.89985	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894 0.95471 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695 0.92004 0.91263 0.920473	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.965770 0.95770 0.95329 0.94844 0.94312 0.93738 0.93115 0.92448 0.91731 0.99062	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96078 0.96642 0.95642 0.95181 0.94675 0.9475 0.94275 0.93529 0.92887 0.92195	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95509 0.95509 0.94506 0.93321 0.93321 0.92655 0.91936	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97237 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95871 0.94876 0.94333 0.94333 0.93746 0.93108 0.92417	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702 0.95235 0.94720 0.94162 0.93553 0.92891	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97106 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95581 0.95581 0.95955 0.94566 0.93988 0.93356	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.97845 0.97645 0.97638 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457 0.94559 0.944519 0.94411 0.93812	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98026 0.97806 0.97806 0.97588 0.97280 0.96618 0.966232 0.96618 0.96232 0.95805 0.95337 0.94821	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98196 0.97994 0.97766 0.97509 0.97519 0.96837 0.96337 0.96138 0.95700 0.95216 0.94683	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.95
	55 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 63 64 65 66 67	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703 0.88893 0.88045 0.87158 0.86242	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125 0.89328 0.88489 0.87611 0.86702	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552 0.89768 0.88941 0.88073 0.87172	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981 0.90212 0.89399 0.88542 0.87651	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411 0.90659 0.89861 0.89018 0.88139	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533 0.91841 0.91107 0.90327 0.89499 0.88634	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562 0.92940 0.92269 0.91556 0.90795 0.89985 0.89135	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.95894 0.95894 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695 0.92004 0.91263 0.92004 0.91263	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96577 0.95570 0.95570 0.95770 0.94844 0.94312 0.93738 0.93115 0.92448 0.93711 0.92962 0.9151	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95181 0.94675 0.94127 0.93529 0.92195 0.92195 0.94161	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.95945 0.95509 0.95509 0.95509 0.94506 0.93321 0.93321 0.92655 0.91936 0.91171	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95825 0.94836 0.94836 0.94833 0.93746 0.94317 0.93108	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702 0.945235 0.94720 0.94162 0.93523 0.94720 0.93523 0.94720	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97106 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95581 0.95581 0.95585 0.94566 0.939388 0.93356 0.92677	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.97845 0.97607 0.97388 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457 0.94959 0.94411 0.93812 0.93165	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98218 0.98218 0.97558 0.97558 0.97588 0.97588 0.97618 0.96618 0.96618 0.96632 0.95805 0.95337 0.94821 0.94254 0.94254	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98373 0.97266 0.97766 0.97759 0.97219 0.96835 0.96138 0.95370 0.96138 0.95216 0.95216 0.95216 0.95216	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.96 0.96 0.96 0.95 0.95
	55           56           57           58           59           60           61           62           63           64           65           66           67           68	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703 0.88045 0.88045 0.88045 0.88045 0.88242 0.85292	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125 0.89328 0.88489 0.88489 0.884611 0.88702 0.85756	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552 0.89768 0.88941 0.88943 0.887172 0.87172	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981 0.90212 0.83999 0.88542 0.87651 0.86719	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95456 0.95450 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411 0.90659 0.89861 0.89018 0.88139 0.881217	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94385 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533 0.91841 0.91107 0.90327 0.88499 0.88634 0.87723	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94574 0.93562 0.92940 0.92269 0.91556 0.90795 0.89985 0.89135 0.88135	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.96277 0.95894 0.95046 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695 0.92004 0.91263 0.92044 0.91263 0.90473 0.89641 0.88761	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.965329 0.945329 0.94312 0.94312 0.93738 0.93115 0.92448 0.91731 0.90962 0.909151 0.89289	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96778 0.96678 0.95642 0.95181 0.94675 0.941675 0.94127 0.93529 0.92887 0.92195 0.91450 0.90661 0.90661 0.90662	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.96338 0.95945 0.95509 0.94506 0.94506 0.94506 0.93936 0.94321 0.92655 0.91371 0.92137	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.95825 0.95371 0.94876 0.94333 0.93746 0.93108 0.92417 0.94679 0.96877	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95205 0.94720 0.94462 0.93553 0.92891 0.92881 0.92182 0.921812	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95081 0.95581 0.95595 0.94566 0.93988 0.93356 0.92677 0.91943	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.98054 0.97605 0.97638 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457 0.94959 0.94411 0.93812 0.93812 0.93812	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98218 0.98218 0.98218 0.97558 0.97588 0.97588 0.96618 0.965327 0.95805 0.95337 0.94821 0.942540 0.93640 0.932540	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98855 0.98825 0.988373 0.98196 0.97766 0.97769 0.97769 0.97769 0.97219 0.96835 0.96537 0.96537 0.96538 0.95700 0.95216 0.94683 0.94104 0.94469	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.96 0.96 0.95 0.95 0.94
	55 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 63 64 65 66 67	0.94737 0.94255 0.93730 0.93164 0.92556 0.91904 0.91209 0.90477 0.89703 0.88893 0.88045 0.87158 0.86242	0.95028 0.94564 0.94058 0.93509 0.92918 0.92283 0.91605 0.90887 0.90125 0.89328 0.88489 0.87611 0.86702	0.95715 0.95313 0.94868 0.94381 0.93851 0.93279 0.92662 0.92000 0.91298 0.90552 0.89768 0.88941 0.88073 0.87172	0.95974 0.95591 0.95166 0.94698 0.94188 0.93636 0.93038 0.92395 0.91711 0.90981 0.90212 0.89399 0.88542 0.87651	0.96548 0.96225 0.95861 0.95009 0.94520 0.93988 0.93411 0.92788 0.92123 0.91411 0.90659 0.89861 0.89018 0.88139	0.96773 0.96468 0.96123 0.95738 0.95313 0.94845 0.94335 0.93779 0.93177 0.92533 0.91841 0.91107 0.90327 0.89499 0.88634	0.96988 0.96702 0.96377 0.96012 0.95608 0.95162 0.94674 0.94141 0.93562 0.92940 0.92269 0.91556 0.90795 0.89985 0.89985	0.97195 0.96927 0.96621 0.95894 0.95894 0.95006 0.94497 0.93941 0.93342 0.92695 0.92004 0.91263 0.92004 0.91263	0.97612 0.97393 0.97143 0.96856 0.96532 0.96577 0.95570 0.95570 0.95770 0.94844 0.94312 0.93738 0.93115 0.92448 0.93711 0.92962 0.9151	0.97785 0.97582 0.97349 0.97081 0.96778 0.96438 0.96059 0.95181 0.94675 0.94127 0.93529 0.92195 0.92195 0.94161	0.97950 0.97762 0.97545 0.97296 0.97012 0.96694 0.95945 0.95509 0.95509 0.95509 0.94506 0.93321 0.93321 0.92655 0.91936 0.91171	0.98106 0.97933 0.97732 0.97501 0.96939 0.96606 0.96236 0.95825 0.95825 0.95825 0.94833 0.93746 0.94333 0.93108	0.98254 0.98095 0.97910 0.97695 0.97450 0.97173 0.96862 0.96516 0.96130 0.95702 0.945235 0.94720 0.94162 0.93523 0.94720 0.93523 0.94720	0.98393 0.98247 0.98077 0.97880 0.97653 0.97106 0.97106 0.96783 0.96422 0.96021 0.95581 0.95581 0.95585 0.94566 0.939388 0.93356 0.92677	0.98525 0.98392 0.98236 0.97845 0.97607 0.97388 0.97038 0.96701 0.96326 0.95914 0.95457 0.94959 0.94411 0.93812 0.93165	0.98750 0.98648 0.98527 0.98385 0.98218 0.98218 0.98218 0.97558 0.97558 0.97588 0.97588 0.97618 0.96618 0.96618 0.96632 0.95805 0.95337 0.94821 0.94254 0.94254	0.98856 0.98764 0.98655 0.98525 0.98373 0.98373 0.97266 0.97766 0.97759 0.97219 0.96835 0.96138 0.95370 0.96138 0.95216 0.95216 0.95216 0.95216	0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.99 0.99

### APPENDIX A

Judges' Retirement Fund of the State of Idaho 50% Contingent Annuitant Factors for Spouses Judges hired on or after July 1, 2012

> Spouse Judge 41 42 43 44 48 49 50 0.96636 0.96745 0.96855 0.96966 0.97078 0.97190 0.97304 0.97417 0.97529 0.97641 0.97752 0.97861 0.97968 0.98074 0.98177 0.98278 0 98375 0 98470 51 0.96407 0.96519 0.96633 0.96748 0.96865 0.96982 0.97101 0.97219 0.97338 0.97455 0.97572 0.97688 0.97802 0.97915 0.98025 0.98133 0.98238 0.98340 0.97857 0.96161 0.96277 0.96394 0.96514 0.96635 0.9675 0.96880 0.97004 0.97128 0.97252 0.97376 0.97498 0.97619 0.97739 0.97973 0.98085 0.9819 53 0.95896 0.96015 0.96136 0.96260 0.96385 0.96512 0.96640 0.96770 0.96899 0.97030 0.97159 0.97288 0.97417 0.97544 0.97669 0.97793 0.97914 0.98032 54 0.95612 0.95734 0.95859 0.9598 0.9624 0.96380 0.96515 0.96650 0.96786 0.9692 0.97058 0.97194 0.97329 0.97462 0.97723 0.97849 0.96115 0.97593 55 0.95306 0.95432 0.95560 0.95691 0.95824 0.95960 0.96098 0.96238 0.96379 0.96521 0.96664 0.96806 0.96949 0.97091 0.97233 0.97372 0.97510 0.97645 0.94981 0.95240 0.95795 0.95940 0.96682 0.97276 56 0.95109 0.9537 0.9551 0.9565 0.9608 0.96234 0.96383 0.96532 0.9683 0.9698 0.97129 0.97420 57 0.94635 0.94766 0.94901 0.9503 0.95180 0.95324 0.95471 0.95621 0.9577 0.95926 0.96081 0.96237 0.96394 0.96551 0.96708 0.96865 0.97020 0.97173 58 0.94269 0.94403 0 94540 0 9468 0 9497 0.95125 0.95280 0.9543 0.95596 0 9575 0.95919 0.96083 0.96247 0 96413 0.9657 0 96741 0.96904 0 9482 0.95749 0.93884 0.94020 0.94160 0.94759 0.94918 0.95579 0.95921 0.96440 59 0.94304 0.9445 0.94603 0.95080 0.95244 0.95411 0.96094 0.96267 0.96612 0.93477 0.93615 0.93758 0.9390 0.94056 0.94211 0.94370 0.94533 0.94700 0.94869 0.9504 0.95216 0.95393 0.9557 0.9575 0.95933 0.96115 0.96296 60 61 0.93049 0.93190 0.93335 0.93484 0.93638 0.93796 0.93959 0.94126 0.9429 0.94471 0.9464 0.94829 0.95012 0.95198 0.9538 0.95575 0.95765 0.95955 0.92603 0.92745 0.9289 0.9304 0.93200 0.9336 0.93527 0.93698 0.9387 0.94052 0.94234 0.94420 0.94609 0.94801 0.9499 0.95193 0.95391 0.95590 62 0.92134 0.93073 0.94181 0.94380 0.9242 0.9258 0.93247 0.9398 0.9458 0.94992 0.95200 0.92278 0.9273 0.9290 0.9342 0.9360 0.9379 0.9478 63 64 0.91647 0.91792 0.9194 0.9209 0.9225 0.92426 0.92597 0.92775 0.9295 0.93144 0.93335 0.93530 0.93731 0.93935 0.94143 0.94355 0.94569 0.94785 0.91593 0.94118 0.94342 65 0.91138 0.91284 0.91436 0.91756 0.91924 0.92099 0.92279 0.92464 0.92655 0.92850 0.93050 0.93255 0.93465 0.93679 0.93897 66 0.90606 0.90753 0.9090 0.9106 0.91229 0.91400 0.91576 0.91759 0.9194 0.92141 0.92340 0.92543 0.92753 0.92968 0.93188 0.93412 0.93640 0.93872 0.90056 0.9020 0.903 0.9051 0.9068 0.908 0.91034 0.9140 0.9160 0.9180 0.9201 0.9222 0.9244 0.926 0.9290 0.93138 0.9337 0.91218 68 0.89484 0.89632 0.89786 0.89947 0.90114 0.90287 0.90467 0.90653 0.90846 0.91045 0.91250 0.91461 0.91678 0.91902 0.92132 0.92367 0.92608 0.92853 0.91322 0.91556 69 0.88882 0.89346 0.89514 0.89688 0.89869 0.90057 0.90252 0.91796 0.89031 0.89185 0.90453 0.90660 0.90874 0.91095 0.92042 0.92293 70 0.88256 0.88404 0.88559 0.88720 0.88888 0.89063 0.89245 0.89434 0.89630 0.89833 0.90042 0.90258 0.90481 0.90712 0.90950 0.91194 0.91445 0.91701 Spouse 67 Judge 58 61 62 64 66 50 0.98562 0.98650 0.98735 0.98816 0.98894 0.98968 0.99039 0.99106 0.99170 0.99230 0.99288 0.99342 0.99393 0.99441 0.99487 0.99529 0.99569 0.99606 51 0.98439 0.98535 0.98627 0.98715 0.98799 0.98880 0.98958 0.99031 0.99101 0.99167 0.99230 0.99289 0.99345 0.99398 0.99447 0.99494 0.99537 0.99578 52 0.98302 0.98405 0.98505 0.98600 0.98692 0.98781 0.98865 0.98945 0.99022 0.99094 0.99163 0.99228 0.99289 0.99347 0.99401 0.99452 0.99500 0.99544 0.98470 0.98146 0.98258 0.98366 0.98570 0.98666 0.98758 0.98846 0.9892 0.99009 0.99084 0.99156 0.99223 0.99286 0.99346 0.99402 0.99455 0.99503 54 0.97972 0.98093 0.9820 0.9832 0.98431 0.98535 0.98636 0.98732 0.9882 0.98911 0.98993 0.9907 0.99146 0.99216 0.99282 0.99343 0.99401 0.99455 55 0.97778 0.97907 0.98496 0.99398 0.9803 0.9815 0.98273 0.9838 0.98601 0.9870 0.9879 0.9888 0.9897 0.99056 0.99133 0.99206 0.99274 0.99338 56 0.97562 0.97701 0.97836 0.97968 0.98096 0.98220 0.98339 0.98453 0.98563 0.98668 0.98768 0.98863 0.98953 0.99039 0.99119 0.99194 0.99265 0.99331 0.97761 0.99019 57 0.97324 0.97473 0.97619 0.97899 0.98033 0.98162 0.98287 0.98407 0.98522 0.98632 0.98737 0.98836 0.98930 0.99103 0.99181 0.99255 58 0.97065 0.97223 0.9737 0.9753 0.97681 0.97826 0.97966 0.98102 0.98233 0.98359 0.98480 0.98595 0.98704 0.98808 0.9890 0.99086 0.99167 0.9899 0.96783 0.9695 0.9711 0.97750 0.9804 0.98556 0.9867 0.9906 0.9728 0.9744 0.9759 0.9789 0.9817 0.9830 0.9843 0.9877 0.9888 0.9897 60 0.96476 0.96655 0.96832 0.97007 0.97179 0.97347 0.97511 0.97670 0.97825 0.97975 0.98119 0.98257 0.98390 0.98516 0.98636 0.98749 0.98856 0.98957 0.97248 61 0.96145 0.96334 0.9652 0.9670 0.9689 0.9707 0.97420 0.9758 0.97750 0.9790 0.98059 0.98204 0.9834 0.98474 0.98600 0.98718 0.9883 62 0.95790 0.95989 0.96188 0.96385 0.96580 0.9677 0.96961 0.97147 0.97328 0.97504 0.97675 0.97840 0.97998 0.98150 0.98296 0.98434 0.98565 0.98689 0.9704 0.95408 0.95617 0.9582 0.9644 0.96649 0.96848 0.97233 0.97418 0.97597 0.97770 0.97937 0.9809 0.98530 0.960 0.9624 0.98248 0.98393 64 0.95002 0.95221 0.95441 0.95660 0.95879 0.96096 0.96311 0.96523 0.96732 0.96937 0.97137 0.97332 0.97520 0.97702 0.97876 0.98043 0.98203 0.98354 0.94569 0.95026 0.95487 0.95945 0.97441 0.94797 0.9525 0.95716 0.96171 0.96394 0.96614 0.9682 0.97039 0.97243 0.9763 0.97815 0.97990 0.9815 66 0.94106 0.94344 0.94583 0.94824 0.95065 0.95307 0.95548 0.95788 0.96026 0.96260 0.96491 0.96718 0.96939 0.97153 0.97361 0.97561 0.97754 0.97937 0.94870 0.96840 0.93619 0.93865 0.9411 0.95124 0.95378 0.9563 0.96370 0.96608 0.9436 0.9461 0.95880 0.9612 0.9706 0.97283 0.97494 0.97695 68 0.93102 0.93356 0.93614 0.93874 0.94137 0.94402 0.94668 0.94935 0.95202 0.95467 0.95729 0.95989 0.96245 0.96495 0.96739 0.96976 0.97205 0.97425 0.93077 0.9334 0.9389 0.94174 0.94453 0.94734 0.95014 0.95293 0.95569 0.95842 0.96111 0.92550 0.92811 0.93619 0.9637 0.96631 0.96880 0.9712 70 0.91964 0.92232 0.92505 0.92783 0.93066 0.93352 0.93642 0.93934 0.94228 0.94523 0.94818 0.95111 0.95402 0.95690 0.95593 0.96249 0.96520 0.96781

# IDAPA 59.02.01 Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund

or after July 1, 2012

-	Spouse													
5	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
50	0.89139	0.89464	0.89794	0.90129	0.90469	0.90812	0.91158	0.91507	0.91855	0.92203	0.92549	0.92892	0.93232	0.93568
51	0.88461	0.88792	0.89131	0.89475	0.89825	0.90179	0.90538	0.90900	0.91263	0.91627	0.91989	0.92350	0.92709	0.93064
52	0.87740	0.88078	0.88424	0.88776	0.89135	0.89501	0.89871	0.90245	0.90623	0.91001	0.91380	0.91758	0.92135	0.92510
53	0.86973	0.87316	0.87668	0.88028	0.88396	0.88771	0.89152	0.89538	0.89929	0.90322	0.90717	0.91112	0.91507	0.91901
54	0.86159	0.86507	0.86865	0.87232	0.87607	0.87991	0.88382	0.88779	0.89182	0.89589	0.89998	0.90409	0.90822	0.91235
55	0.85297	0.85650	0.86012	0.86385	0.86767	0.87158	0.87557	0.87965	0.88379	0.88798	0.89222	0.89648	0.90078	0.90510
56	0.84391	0.84747	0.85113	0.85490	0.85878	0.86275	0.86683	0.87099	0.87524	0.87955	0.88391	0.88832	0.89277	0.89726
57	0.83443	0.83801	0.84170	0.84551	0.84943	0.85346	0.85760	0.86185	0.86618	0.87059	0.87507	0.87961	0.88421	0.88886
58	0.82456	0.82815	0.83186	0.83569	0.83965	0.84372	0.84792	0.85223	0.85664	0.86114	0.86572	0.87038	0.87512	0.87992
59	0.81432	0.81791	0.82164	0.82549	0.82947	0.83357	0.83781	0.84217	0.84665	0.85123	0.85590	0.86066	0.86552	0.87046
60	0.80371	0.80730	0.81102	0.81488	0.81887	0.82300	0.82727	0.83167	0.83619	0.84084	0.84559	0.85044	0.85540	0.86046
61	0.79275	0.79632	0.80003	0.80389	0.80788	0.81202	0.81631	0.82074	0.82530	0.82999	0.83480	0.83972	0.84477	0.84994
62	0.78150	0.78506	0.78875	0.79259	0.79658	0.80072	0.80501	0.80946	0.81404	0.81876	0.82362	0.82860	0.83372	0.83897
63	0.76994	0.77346	0.77713	0.78095	0.78492	0.78905	0.79333	0.79778	0.80237	0.80712	0.81200	0.81702	0.82220	0.82752
64	0.75815	0.76163	0.76527	0.76905	0.77300	0.77710	0.78137	0.78581	0.79040	0.79515	0.80005	0.80509	0.81030	0.81568
65	0.74608	0.74952	0.75311	0.75685	0.76076	0.76483	0.76907	0.77349	0.77806	0.78280	0.78770	0.79275	0.79799	0.80339
66	0.73374	0.73713	0.74067	0.74437	0.74823	0.75226	0.75646	0.76084	0.76538	0.77010	0.77498	0.78003	0.78526	0.79068
67	0.72126	0.72459	0.72807	0.73171	0.73552	0.73949	0.74365	0.74798	0.75248	0.75716	0.76201	0.76704	0.77226	0.77767
68	0.70855	0.71181	0.71523	0.71881	0.72255	0.72646	0.73056	0.73483	0.73928	0.74391	0.74872	0.75370	0.75890	0.76429
69	0.69551	0.69870	0.70205	0.70555	0.70922	0.71306	0.71708	0.72129	0.72568	0.73024	0.73499	0.73992	0.74507	0.75042
70	0.68225	0.68536	0.68862	0.69205	0.69564	0.69940	0.70334	0.70747	0.71177	0.71627	0.72094	0.72580	0.73088	0.73618
	Spouse													
9	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
50	0.95140	0.95429	0.95707	0.95974	0.96232	0.96478	0.96714	0.96939	0.97153	0.97357	0.97551	0.97735	0.97908	0.98072
51	0.94743	0.95053	0.95353	0.95642	0.95921	0.96188	0.96444	0.96689	0.96922	0.97144	0.97356	0.97556	0.97745	0.97924
52	0.94298	0.94631	0.94955	0.95267	0.95568	0.95858	0.96137	0.96403	0.96657	0.96899	0.97130	0.97348	0.97555	0.97750
53	0.93800	0.94157	0.94505	0.94842	0.95168	0.95482	0.95784	0.96073	0.96351	0.96615	0.96867	0.97106	0.97332	0.97546
54	0.93246	0.93628	0.94001	0.94363	0.94715	0.95055	0.95383	0.95698	0.96000	0.96288	0.96563	0.96825	0.97074	0.97308
55	0.92631	0.93039	0.93438	0.93827	0.94205	0.94573	0.94927	0.95269	0.95598	0.95913	0.96214	0.96501	0.96773	0.97031
56	0.91957	0.92390	0.92815	0.93232	0.93638	0.94034	0.94417	0.94788	0.95145	0.95489	0.95817	0.96131	0.96430	0.96714
57	0.91223	0.91681	0.92133	0.92578	0.93013	0.93438	0.93851	0.94252	0.94640	0.95013	0.95371	0.95715	0.96042	0.96354
58	0.90429	0.90913	0.91391	0.91864	0.92328	0.92783	0.93227	0.93659	0.94078	0.94483	0.94874	0.95248	0.95607	0.95948
59	0.89578	0.90086	0.90590	0.91090	0.91584	0.92069	0.92544	0.93009	0.93461	0.93899	0.94323	0.94731	0.95122	0.95496
60	0.88665	0.89197	0.89727	0.90254	0.90775	0.91291	0.91798	0.92295	0.92781	0.93254	0.93712	0.94155	0.94582	0.94991
61	0.87693	0.88246	0.88800	0.89353	0.89903	0.90448	0.90987	0.91517	0.92037	0.92545	0.93040	0.93520	0.93983	0.94429
62	0.86668	0.87241	0.87818	0.88395	0.88972	0.89546	0.90116	0.90679	0.91233	0.91777	0.92309	0.92827	0.93329	0.93813
63	0.85584	0.86176	0.86773	0.87373	0.87976	0.88578	0.89177	0.89772	0.90361	0.90941	0.91510	0.92067	0.92608	0.93133

# APPENDIX A

Judges' Retirement Fund of the State of Idaho 50% Contingent Annuitant Factors for Non-Spouses For all Judges, irrespective of hire date

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	Non-Spous				r											,		
Judge	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	5
50	0.91590	0.91862	0.92136	0.92414	0.92694	0.92976	0.93259	0.93541	0.93823	0.94102	0.94379	0.94651	0.94920	0.95184	0.95442	0.95694	0.95939	0.9617
51	0.91017	0.91298	0.91583	0.91871	0.92162	0.92456	0.92752	0.93048	0.93344	0.93638	0.93931	0.94220	0.94506	0.94787	0.95063	0.95333	0.95596	0.9585
52	0.90402	0.90692	0.90986	0.91284	0.91587	0.91892	0.92201	0.92511	0.92821	0.93131	0.93439	0.93745	0.94048	0.94348	0.94642	0.94931	0.95213	0.9548
53	0.89740	0.90038	0.90341	0.90649	0.90962	0.91280	0.91601	0.91924	0.92249	0.92574	0.92898	0.93221	0.93542	0.93860	0.94174	0.94482	0.94784	0.9507
54	0.89029	0.89335	0.89647	0.89965	0.90288	0.90617	0.90950	0.91287	0.91626	0.91966	0.92306	0.92646	0.92985	0.93321	0.93655	0.93983	0.94306	0.9462
55	0.88266	0.88579	0.88900	0.89227	0.89561	0.89900	0.90246	0.90595	0.90948	0.91303	0.91659	0.92016	0.92373	0.92728	0.93081	0.93431	0.93775	0.9411
56	0.87452	0.87773	0.88101	0.88437	0.88781	0.89131	0.89488	0.89850	0.90216	0.90586	0.90958	0.91331	0.91706	0.92080	0.92453	0.92824	0.93190	0.9355
57	0.86588	0.86915	0.87251	0.87596	0.87949	0.88309	0.88677	0.89051	0.89431	0.89815	0.90202	0.90592	0.90984	0.91377	0.91770	0.92161	0.92550	0.9293
58	0.85673	0.86007	0.86350	0.86703	0.87065	0.87435	0.87813	0.88199	0.88592	0.88989	0.89391	0.89797	0.90206	0.90618	0.91031	0.91443	0.91853	0.9220
59	0.84709	0.85049	0.85399	0.85760	0.86129	0.86509	0.86897	0.87294	0.87699	0.88110	0.88526	0.88947	0.89374	0.89804	0.90236	0.90669	0.91101	0.915
60	0.83693	0.84038	0.84395	0.84762	0.85140	0.85527	0.85926	0.86333	0.86749	0.87173	0.87603	0.88039	0.88482	0.88929	0.89380	0.89834	0.90287	0.9074
61	0.82624	0.82974	0.83337	0.83710	0.84095	0.84491	0.84898	0.85315	0.85742	0.86178	0.86621	0.87071	0.87530	0.87994	0.88464	0.88937	0.89412	0.8988
62	0.81507	0.81862	0.82229	0.82609	0.83000	0.83403	0.83819	0.84245	0.84683	0.85130	0.85585	0.86049	0.86522	0.87003	0.87490	0.87983	0.88478	0.8897
63	0.80336	0.80695	0.81067	0.81451	0.81849	0.82259	0.82682	0.83117	0.83564	0.84021	0.84489	0.84965	0.85452	0.85949	0.86453	0.86964	0.87480	0.8799
64	0.79117	0.79480	0.79856	0.80245	0.80648	0.81064	0.81494	0.81937	0.82392	0.82860	0.83338	0.83826	0.84327	0.84838	0.85358	0.85886	0.86421	0.8696
65	0.77844	0.78210	0.78589	0.78982	0.79390	0.79811	0.80247	0.80697	0.81161	0.81637	0.82125	0.82624	0.83137	0.83662	0.84198	0.84743	0.85296	0.8585
66	0.76515	0.76883	0.77265	0.77662	0.78073	0.78499	0.78941	0.79397	0.79868	0.80352	0.80849	0.81358	0.81883	0.82420	0.82970	0.83530	0.84101	0.8468
67	0.75140	0.75510	0.75894	0.76294	0.76708	0.77138	0.77584	0.78046	0.78523	0.79014	0.79519	0.80038	0.80572	0.81122	0.81684	0.82259	0.82846	0.8344
68	0.73709	0.74080	0.74465	0.74867	0.75284	0.75717	0.76167	0.76634	0.77116	0.77613	0.78125	0.78652	0.79196	0.79755	0.80330	0.80918	0.81519	0.8213
69	0.72206	0.72577	0.72964	0.73366	0.73785	0.74221	0.74674	0.75144	0.75630	0.76133	0.76651	0.77184	0.77736	0.78305	0.78890	0.79491	0.80105	0.8073
70		0.71011	0.71397	0.71800	0.72220	0.72657	0.73112	0.73585	0.74075	0.74582	0.75105	0.75644	0.76203	0.76780	0.77374	0.77985	0.78612	0.7925
70	0.70640 Non-Spous	0.71011 e	0.71397	0.71800	0.72220	0.72657												
	0.70640	0.71011					0.73112 64 0.97596	0.73585 65 0.97765	0.74075 66 0.97925	0.74582 67 0.98076	0.75105 68 0.98220	0.75644 69 0.98355	0.76203 70 0.98483	0.76780 71 0.98604	0.77374 72 0.98717	0.77985 73 0.98823	0.78612 74 0.98923	0.7925
70 Judge	0.70640 Non-Spous 58	0.71011 e 59	0.71397	0.71800	0.72220	0.72657	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	0.9901
70 Judge 50 51	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404	0.71011 e 0.96624 0.96337	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201	64 0.97596	65 0.97765 0.97578	66 0.97925 0.97752	67 0.98076	68 0.98220	69 0.98355 0.98223	70 0.98483 0.98363	71 0.98604 0.98494	72 0.98717 0.98618	73 0.98823	74 0.98923	0.9901
70 Judge 50	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098	0.71011 e 59 0.96624	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501	0.72220 62 0.97234	0.72657 63 0.97419	64 0.97596 0.97394	65 0.97765	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554	67 0.98076 0.97918	68 0.98220 0.98075	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503	73 0.98823 0.98734	74 0.98923 0.98843	0.9901 0.9894 0.9886
70 Judge 50 51 52 53	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754	0.71011 e 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.96175	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636	0.990 0.9894 0.9886 0.9875
70 Judge 50 51 52	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95366	0.71011 e 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749	0.9901 0.9894 0.9886 0.9875 0.9865
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95366 0.94931	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914 0.95523	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.96175 0.95805 0.95387	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.96338	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97865 0.97641	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040 0.97834	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503	0.9901 0.9894 0.9886 0.9875 0.9863 0.9863
Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914 0.95523 0.95082	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.96175 0.95805	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077 0.95682	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.96338 0.95967	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058 0.96754	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96993	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97437	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97865	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98346	0.9901 0.9894 0.9886 0.9875 0.9865 0.9865 0.9845 0.9845
Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444 0.93905 0.93311	e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914 0.95523 0.95082 0.94590 0.94046	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.96175 0.95805 0.95387 0.94920 0.94402	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077 0.95682 0.95240 0.95240	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.96338 0.95967 0.95549 0.95082	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847 0.95406	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133 0.95719	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058 0.96754 0.96408 0.96019	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96993 0.96670	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.96920	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97865 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015 0.97797 0.97548	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.97986 0.97757	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98346 0.98163 0.97953	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.983 0.983
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444 0.93905	e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914 0.95523 0.95082 0.94590	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.96175 0.95805 0.95387 0.94920	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077 0.95682 0.95240	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.96338 0.95967 0.95549	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058 0.96754 0.96408	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96993 0.96670 0.96306	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.96920 0.96581	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97865 0.97641 0.97383	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040 0.97834 0.97596	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015 0.97797	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.97986	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98503 0.98346 0.98163	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.983 0.981 0.981
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 56 57 58	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.95754 0.95754 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444 0.93905 0.93311 0.92662	e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232 0.94252 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914 0.95523 0.95082 0.94590 0.94046 0.93448	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.95805 0.95387 0.94920 0.94402 0.93830	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077 0.95682 0.95240 0.94747 0.94202	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.96338 0.95967 0.95549 0.95549 0.95082 0.95082	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847 0.95406 0.94916	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133 0.95719 0.95256	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058 0.96754 0.96408 0.96019 0.95583	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96993 0.96670 0.96306 0.95898	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.96920 0.96581 0.96199	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842 0.96487	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97865 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091 0.96760	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97020	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015 0.97797 0.97548 0.97265	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.97986 0.97757 0.97497	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98346 0.98163 0.97953 0.97715	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.981 0.979 0.976
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.94544 0.93366 0.94444 0.93305 0.93411 0.92662 0.91957	0.71011 e 0.96624 0.966337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.93058	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.955914 0.95523 0.95082 0.94046 0.93448 0.92795 0.92081	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96587 0.95501 0.95805 0.95805 0.95885 0.95387 0.94920 0.94402 0.93830 0.93203 0.93203	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077 0.95682 0.95240 0.94747 0.94202 0.94202 0.94202	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.96951 0.96655 0.96338 0.95967 0.95549 0.95082 0.94565 0.93994 0.93366	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847 0.95406 0.94916 0.94375	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133 0.95719 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97058 0.96754 0.96408 0.96408 0.96619 0.95583 0.95100 0.94563	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97226 0.96993 0.96670 0.96306 0.95898 0.95444	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.96920 0.96581 0.96199 0.95773	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842 0.96842 0.96689 0.95643	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97865 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091 0.97091 0.96760 0.96390 0.95974	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040 0.97596 0.97326 0.97326 0.97326 0.97020 0.96676 0.96289	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98503 0.98204 0.98015 0.979797 0.977548 0.97265 0.97648 0.97658	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.97986 0.97757 0.97497 0.97204	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98503 0.98346 0.98163 0.97953 0.97715 0.97745 0.97140	0.990 0.9894 0.9886 0.9875 0.9865 0.9845 0.9835 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9795 0.9765
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 57 58 59	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.95754 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444 0.93905 0.93311 0.92662 0.91957 0.91191	e 9 0.96624 0.96337 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.93058 0.93058	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95523 0.95523 0.95082 0.94590 0.94590 0.9448 0.93448 0.92795	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.96175 0.95805 0.94820 0.94402 0.94830 0.93830 0.93203	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.96077 0.95682 0.95240 0.94247 0.94202 0.93604	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96665 0.96665 0.95967 0.95549 0.95549 0.95082 0.94565 0.93994	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847 0.95846 0.95406 0.95406 0.95406 0.954375 0.93777	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133 0.96133 0.95719 0.95256 0.94744	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97058 0.96754 0.96408 0.96019 0.95583 0.95100	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96993 0.96670 0.96670 0.96306 0.95898 0.95444 0.95444	68 0.98220 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.96582 0.96581 0.965199 0.955773 0.95298	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842 0.96842 0.96487 0.96089	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98058 0.97865 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091 0.96760 0.96390	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.98040 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97020 0.96676	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015 0.97797 0.97548 0.97265 0.96948	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.97957 0.97757 0.977497 0.97204 0.96872	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98346 0.98163 0.97953 0.97715 0.97445	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.979 0.976 0.973 0.970
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 7 58 59 60 61 61 62	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.94544 0.93905 0.93311 0.92662 0.91957 0.919157	0.71011 e 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.92379 0.91638 0.90835	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.96261 0.95914 0.95914 0.95082 0.94590 0.94590 0.94590 0.93448 0.92795 0.92081 0.93005 0.930469	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.95805 0.95885 0.94920 0.94920 0.94402 0.93830 0.93203 0.92517 0.91769 0.91769	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.95682 0.95240 0.94747 0.94202 0.93604 0.92402 0.93404	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.96951 0.96655 0.96338 0.95967 0.95549 0.95549 0.95582 0.94565 0.93394 0.93366 0.93366	64 0.97596 0.97162 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847 0.95846 0.94916 0.94916 0.94375 0.93777 0.93119	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133 0.95719 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176 0.93550	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97534 0.97058 0.96754 0.96408 0.96019 0.95583 0.95583 0.95100 0.95563 0.93969	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96993 0.96670 0.96670 0.95644 0.95484 0.954937 0.954376	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.965820 0.96581 0.965199 0.955773 0.95298 0.94769	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98669 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842 0.96643 0.96643 0.95643	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.97865 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091 0.96760 0.96390 0.95594 0.95509	71 0.98604 0.98367 0.98216 0.98216 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97326 0.96676 0.96676 0.96289 0.95856 0.95376	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98305 0.98204 0.98015 0.97797 0.97548 0.97795 0.97548 0.97265 0.96589 0.96589	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.97986 0.97797 0.97204 0.97204 0.97204 0.96872 0.96499	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98503 0.98163 0.97953 0.97715 0.97745 0.97140 0.96796	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.979 0.976 0.973 0.970 0.970
70           Judge           50           51           52           53           56           57           58           59           60           61           62           63	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.95566 0.94931 0.94444 0.93305 0.93305 0.93311 0.92662 0.91957 0.91191 0.90362 0.889475 0.889475	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.95645 0.95645 0.95632 0.94767 0.94252 0.93688 0.92379 0.91638 0.92379 0.91638 0.90835 0.889073 0.889044	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.95261 0.95523 0.95523 0.95523 0.94046 0.934048 0.92795 0.92081 0.931305 0.92081 0.91305 0.9266	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.95805 0.95805 0.95885 0.94020 0.94002 0.93830 0.93203 0.93203 0.932517 0.91769 0.90962 0.90087	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.95682 0.95682 0.95682 0.95240 0.94202 0.93604 0.92946 0.92227 0.931649 0.92046	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96665 0.96338 0.95549 0.95549 0.95082 0.94565 0.93994 0.93386 0.92678 0.91930 0.91116	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.96895 0.96889 0.96241 0.958406 0.958406 0.95406 0.94916 0.94375 0.93119 0.93119 0.92404 0.91622	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96503 0.96503 0.95719 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176 0.93550 0.92867 0.92119	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058 0.96754 0.96019 0.95583 0.95100 0.94563 0.93320 0.93320 0.93260	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.96270 0.96670 0.96670 0.96670 0.956898 0.95644 0.94937 0.94376 0.93760 0.93760	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.97221 0.96520 0.96520 0.96581 0.96199 0.95773 0.95298 0.94769 0.94187 0.93544	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97480 0.97458 0.96842 0.96643 0.96643 0.95643 0.9543 0.95447 0.94600 0.93993	70 0.98483 0.98223 0.98058 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091 0.97091 0.96760 0.96390 0.95509 0.94996 0.94426	71 0.98604 0.98367 0.98216 0.97596 0.97596 0.97326 0.97326 0.97020 0.96676 0.96289 0.95856 0.95376 0.95376	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015 0.97948 0.97265 0.97548 0.97265 0.95948 0.96589 0.96186 0.95740 0.95740	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98505 0.9359 0.9786 0.97787 0.97797 0.97204 0.97204 0.96872 0.960872 0.96085 0.95621	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98346 0.97053 0.97715 0.97745 0.97740 0.96796 0.96413 0.95983	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.979 0.976 0.973 0.970 0.970 0.963
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 55 56 57 58 8 59 60 61 62 63 64	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444 0.93005 0.93411 0.92662 0.91957 0.91191 0.91052 0.91957 0.91191	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.92379 0.91638 0.92379 0.91638 0.90835 0.99033	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.95261 0.95523 0.95082 0.94590 0.94590 0.93448 0.93448 0.92795 0.92081 0.91305 0.92081 0.930469 0.88566 0.88601	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.95805 0.95887 0.94920 0.94920 0.94920 0.93830 0.92517 0.92517 0.91769 0.90087 0.90087 0.90087	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.95682 0.95240 0.94747 0.94202 0.93604 0.92402 0.93404	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.96655 0.96338 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.93366 0.93366 0.92678 0.921930	64 0.97596 0.97392 0.96895 0.96589 0.96241 0.95847 0.95406 0.94375 0.94375 0.93119 0.932404	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96513 0.95719 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176 0.93550 0.92867	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97323 0.97058 0.96754 0.966049 0.966049 0.95583 0.95100 0.94563 0.93569 0.93320	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.97276 0.96970 0.96670 0.96670 0.96630 0.95898 0.95444 0.94937 0.94376 0.933760	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.977017 0.977484 0.97221 0.965920 0.96581 0.96199 0.95273 0.95273 0.95273 0.95273 0.95273	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97158 0.96842 0.96487 0.96089 0.95643 0.95643 0.95147	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.98058 0.97641 0.97383 0.97091 0.96760 0.96390 0.95509 0.95509 0.94996	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97020 0.96676 0.96676 0.96289 0.96856 0.95376 0.94842 0.948254	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98204 0.98015 0.97097 0.97548 0.97265 0.96948 0.96589 0.96186 0.95740	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.97886 0.97986 0.97986 0.97757 0.97497 0.97204 0.96872 0.96499 0.96085	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98163 0.98163 0.97715 0.97745 0.97745 0.977445 0.97740 0.96796 0.966413	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.979 0.976 0.973 0.970 0.967 0.963 0.958
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 61 62 63 64 65	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95366 0.939311 0.92662 0.91957 0.91191 0.90362 0.89475 0.88520 0.87505	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.95645 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.92379 0.91638 0.90835 0.89044 0.88053	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.96567 0.95261 0.95523 0.95523 0.95523 0.94046 0.934048 0.92795 0.92081 0.931305 0.90469 0.93448	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.95805 0.95805 0.95805 0.94920 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.94020 0.90962 0.90087 0.89150 0.88141	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.95682 0.95240 0.95240 0.93240 0.93240 0.934202 0.93404 0.92946 0.92247 0.92247 0.9246 0.92247 0.9246 0.92247 0.9246 0.92247 0.9246 0.92247 0.9246 0.92247 0.9246 0.92247 0.9246 0.9227 0.9246 0.9227 0.9247 0.9246 0.9227 0.9246 0.9247 0.9247 0.9247 0.9247 0.9246 0.9247	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.96338 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.93666 0.93666 0.93696 0.92678 0.92678 0.91930 0.91116 0.90239 0.89291	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.96895 0.96895 0.96241 0.95847 0.95406 0.94375 0.93177 0.93119 0.92404 0.91622 0.90777 0.89861	65 0.97765 0.97363 0.97114 0.96829 0.96503 0.96503 0.95719 0.95719 0.95719 0.94774 0.93550 0.92867 0.92119 0.91309 0.91309 0.91309	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97058 0.96754 0.96019 0.95583 0.95100 0.94563 0.93569 0.93320 0.932066 0.93820	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97222 0.95933 0.96670 0.95644 0.95848 0.95444 0.94937 0.94376 0.93760 0.93082 0.92343	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97484 0.96581 0.96581 0.96581 0.955773 0.955298 0.94769 0.93544 0.93544	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842 0.966842 0.96683 0.95643 0.95643 0.95643 0.95643 0.95643 0.95643 0.93993 0.93329	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.97641 0.97845 0.97741 0.97383 0.97091 0.96760 0.96390 0.95974 0.95509 0.94296 0.94426 0.93800	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97326 0.97326 0.96276 0.96276 0.96289 0.95856 0.95856 0.95376 0.94284 0.93603	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98305 0.98305 0.97548 0.97797 0.97548 0.97797 0.97548 0.97548 0.96589 0.96186 0.95740 0.95241 0.94080	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.93836 0.97986 0.97757 0.97204 0.96872 0.96872 0.96852 0.96850 0.96851 0.95108	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98163 0.97953 0.97745 0.97745 0.97745 0.97740 0.96796 0.96413 0.95983 0.95507	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.987 0.986 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.976 0.973 0.970 0.967 0.963 0.953
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 55 56 57 58 8 59 60 61 62 63 64	0.70640 Non-Spous 588 0.96404 0.96098 0.95366 0.94931 0.94444 0.93905 0.93311 0.92662 0.91957 0.91957 0.91957 0.88420 0.89475 0.88520 0.87505 0.86421	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.96012 0.95645 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.94252 0.9305800	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.95251 0.95214 0.95523 0.94590 0.94590 0.930448 0.930448 0.930448 0.93049 0.92081 0.92081 0.9105 0.92081 0.92085 0.92081 0.92085 0.92081 0.92085 0.9208	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.95805 0.95805 0.95805 0.94002 0.90062 0.8805 0.881500 0.881500 0.881500 0.8815000 0.8815000 0.881500000000000000	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.956425 0.956425 0.95642 0.95642 0.95642 0.92540 0.94202 0.92946 0.92247 0.92946 0.92249 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.9214 0.92040 0.9214 0.92040 0.9214 0	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.95082 0.95082 0.94565 0.93994 0.93094 0.93082 0.92678 0.91930 0.92116 0.90239 0.88267	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.96895 0.96895 0.96589 0.95406 0.94375 0.93406 0.94375 0.93109 0.92404 0.92404 0.92404 0.92404 0.92622 0.90777 0.83861 0.88870	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.96133 0.96503 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176 0.935250 0.93570 0.935250 0.93570 0.93530 0.935250 0.93219 0.93350 0.92119 0.91309 0.91309 0.90427 0.94470	66 0.97925 0.9752 0.97554 0.97323 0.96754 0.96019 0.95583 0.95100 0.95583 0.93300 0.94563 0.93300 0.93320 0.93320 0.92606 0.93331	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97522 0.96670 0.96670 0.96670 0.95898 0.95444 0.94937 0.94376 0.93760 0.933760 0.933760 0.933760 0.932343	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97707 0.97711 0.97244 0.96920 0.96581 0.96199 0.95298 0.95298 0.94769 0.934187 0.93244 0.93244 0.922843 0.922843	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.98069 0.97889 0.97680 0.97437 0.97158 0.96842 0.966842 0.966843 0.95643 0.95643 0.95643 0.959447 0.94600 0.93329 0.932598	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.97865 0.97661 0.97865 0.97661 0.97690 0.96760 0.96760 0.96760 0.965509 0.94996 0.94996 0.94426 0.93800 0.93300	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97320 0.97020 0.96676 0.96289 0.95856 0.95356 0.94842 0.94254 0.93263	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98015 0.97797 0.97548 0.97265 0.97748 0.96589 0.96589 0.96186 0.95740 0.95241 0.954691	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.97577 0.97986 0.97757 0.977497 0.97204 0.96872 0.96499 0.96685 0.966085 0.95608	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98503 0.97715 0.97715 0.97745 0.97745 0.97745 0.97745 0.97745 0.97740 0.96795 0.96795 0.964976 0.965983 0.95507 0.94976	0.990 0.989 0.988 0.988 0.988 0.984 0.983 0.981 0.979 0.976 0.975 0.976 0.976 0.976 0.973 0.976 0.975 0.967 0.965 0.9588 0.9588
70 Judge 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 66 67	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.96098 0.95754 0.95754 0.939366 0.939305 0.93311 0.92662 0.939311 0.90362 0.91957 0.91957 0.91957 0.88520 0.885266 0.885266 0.85266 0.85266 0.85266 0.84048	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96637 0.96012 0.95232 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.93058 0.93058 0.93058 0.93058 0.93058 0.90835 0.89044 0.88053 0.889692 0.84662	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.95567 0.95914 0.95523 0.94590 0.94490 0.92795 0.92081 0.93086 0.88566 0.885601 0.87566 0.88601 0.87566 0.88561 0.87566 0.885284	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96501 0.95805 0.958805 0.94920 0.94402 0.93203 0.92517 0.91769 0.90087 0.89150 0.89150 0.87059 0.85911	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.95682 0.95682 0.95240 0.94747 0.94202 0.93404 0.92946 0.92246 0.92246 0.92247 0.91449 0.92046 0.92046 0.92046 0.92047 0.92046 0.92047 0.92046 0.92047 0.92046 0.92047 0.92046 0.92047 0.92046 0.92047 0.92070000000000000000000000000000000000	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.95549 0.93366 0.92678 0.93394 0.93366 0.92678 0.91116 0.90239 0.89291 0.88267 0.87176	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.96895 0.96889 0.96589 0.95847 0.95847 0.95847 0.95847 0.93119 0.92404 0.91622 0.90777 0.83861 0.83870 0.83871	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97364 0.97144 0.96829 0.96503 0.96133 0.95719 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176 0.93550 0.92474 0.92119 0.92119 0.92139 0.92139 0.92139 0.9214 0.92150 0.9214 0.92150 0.9214 0.92150 0.92150 0.9214 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.92150 0.9250 0.92500 0.92500 0.92500 0.92500 0.92500 0.92500000000000000000000000000000000000	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.97058 0.97058 0.96019 0.95000 0.94563 0.93069 0.933069 0.933069 0.933069 0.933069 0.933069 0.933069 0.93831 0.90985 0.90064 0.89075	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97752 0.97522 0.972276 0.96670 0.96670 0.96670 0.95644 0.95644 0.95444 0.935444 0.93982 0.93982 0.93982 0.932343 0.91534 0.93065	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97424 0.96581 0.965920 0.965973 0.95298 0.94769 0.94187 0.93544 0.92843 0.922843 0.9222 0.91229 0.92317	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.97680 0.97680 0.97437 0.96842 0.96842 0.96683 0.956487 0.96689 0.956487 0.96689 0.956437 0.94600 0.93939 0.93329 0.93329 0.932598 0.91795	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98023 0.97865 0.97641 0.97783 0.97783 0.97091 0.96390 0.95574 0.95509 0.94996 0.94426 0.93800 0.934109 0.94245 0.934109 0.94245	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.97834 0.97596 0.97320 0.97020 0.96676 0.96289 0.95856 0.953576 0.94842 0.93536 0.94842 0.94254 0.92883 0.92899	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98365 0.98365 0.98204 0.97979 0.97548 0.97740 0.96589 0.96589 0.96589 0.95740 0.95241 0.954691 0.94691	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98505 0.98505 0.97856 0.97786 0.97787 0.977497 0.977497 0.97204 0.96872 0.96499 0.96685 0.95611 0.95108 0.94538 0.94538 0.93208	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98503 0.98503 0.97953 0.97715 0.97745 0.97745 0.977445 0.977445 0.97140 0.96796 0.96413 0.95983 0.95507 0.94976 0.94384 0.93734	0.990 0.9884 0.9885 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9845 0.9755 0.9755 0.9755 0.9755 0.9755 0.9755 0.9755 0.9653 0.9558 0.9558 0.9558 0.9558 0.9548 0.9548 0.9548
70           Judge           50           51           52           53           54           55           56           57           58           59           60           61           62           63           64           65           66	0.70640 Non-Spous 58 0.96404 0.9698 0.95754 0.95754 0.93366 0.94444 0.93905 0.93411 0.92662 0.91957 0.91191 0.90362 0.89475 0.889475 0.889475 0.889475 0.88520 0.87505	0.71011 e 59 0.96624 0.96337 0.95645 0.95645 0.94767 0.94252 0.93683 0.93058 0.902379 0.91638 0.90835 0.90835 0.88973 0.88953 0.88953	0.71397 60 0.96836 0.95251 0.95214 0.95523 0.94590 0.94590 0.930448 0.930448 0.930448 0.93049 0.92081 0.92081 0.9105 0.92081 0.92085 0.92081 0.92085 0.92081 0.92085 0.9208	0.71800 61 0.97039 0.96787 0.96501 0.95805 0.95805 0.95805 0.94002 0.90062 0.8805 0.881500 0.881500 0.881500 0.8815000 0.8815000 0.881500000000000000	0.72220 62 0.97234 0.96999 0.96731 0.96425 0.956425 0.956425 0.95642 0.95642 0.95642 0.92540 0.94202 0.92946 0.92247 0.92946 0.92249 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.92946 0.9214 0.92040 0.9214 0.92040 0.9214 0	0.72657 63 0.97419 0.97201 0.96951 0.96665 0.95082 0.95082 0.94565 0.93994 0.93094 0.93082 0.92678 0.91930 0.92116 0.90239 0.88267	64 0.97596 0.97394 0.96895 0.96895 0.96589 0.95406 0.94375 0.93406 0.94375 0.93109 0.92404 0.92404 0.92404 0.92404 0.92622 0.90777 0.83861 0.88870	65 0.97765 0.97578 0.97363 0.96133 0.96503 0.95256 0.94744 0.94176 0.935250 0.93570 0.935250 0.93570 0.93530 0.935250 0.93219 0.93350 0.92119 0.91309 0.91309 0.90427 0.94470	66 0.97925 0.97752 0.97554 0.96754 0.96754 0.966408 0.96019 0.95583 0.95583 0.95583 0.95583 0.95580 0.93569 0.93369 0.93320 0.932606 0.91331 0.92606 0.91331 0.90985 0.90064	67 0.98076 0.97918 0.97735 0.97256 0.96993 0.96670 0.96306 0.95898 0.95848 0.95844 0.94376 0.93760 0.93760 0.93760 0.93760 0.93760 0.93760	68 0.98220 0.98075 0.97907 0.97711 0.97241 0.96520 0.96581 0.96592 0.95298 0.95298 0.95298 0.94769 0.93544 0.93544 0.92354	69 0.98355 0.98223 0.97680 0.97680 0.97680 0.97680 0.96643 0.96643 0.96643 0.96643 0.965447 0.94600 0.93993 0.93299 0.93229 0.93229	70 0.98483 0.98363 0.98223 0.97865 0.97661 0.97865 0.97661 0.97690 0.96760 0.96760 0.96760 0.965509 0.94996 0.94996 0.94426 0.93800 0.93300	71 0.98604 0.98494 0.98367 0.98216 0.97834 0.97596 0.97326 0.97320 0.97020 0.96676 0.96289 0.95856 0.94842 0.9434254 0.94254 0.92883	72 0.98717 0.98618 0.98503 0.98203 0.98204 0.98204 0.97265 0.97265 0.97548 0.96589 0.96589 0.95740 0.95241 0.95241 0.94693 0.940403	73 0.98823 0.98734 0.98630 0.98505 0.98359 0.98186 0.977986 0.97797 0.97204 0.96497 0.96499 0.96499 0.96649 0.96685 0.95621 0.95108 0.945338 0.945338	74 0.98923 0.98843 0.98749 0.98636 0.98503 0.98503 0.97715 0.97715 0.97745 0.977140 0.96713 0.95983 0.95507 0.94976 0.94384	5

# IDAPA 59.02.01 Rules for the Judges' Retirement Fund

### APPENDIX A

Judges' Retirement Fund of the State of Idaho 100% Contingent Annuitant Factors for Non-Spouses For all Judges, irrespective of hire date

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		Non-Spous	ρ																
Judge	Ĺ	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
	50	0.84485	0.84948	0.85420	0.85898	0.86384	0.86874	0.87369	0.87867	0.88365	0.88862	0.89356	0.89846	0.90332	0.90811	0.91282	0.91744	0.92194	0.92633
	51 I	٨٧	0.83989	0.84472	0.84964	0.85464	0.85970	0.86483	0.86999	0.87518	0.88038	0.88556	0.89071	0.89584	0.90091	0.90591	0.91083	0.91564	0.92033
	52 I	٨٧	NA	0.83462	0.83966	0.84479	0.85001	0.85530	0.86065	0.86604	0.87145	0.87686	0.88226	0.88765	0.89300	0.89830	0.90352	0.90864	0.91365
	53 1	AV	NA	NA	0.82898	0.83423	0.83958	0.84503	0.85055	0.85613	0.86174	0.86738	0.87302	0.87867	0.88430	0.88989	0.89541	0.90086	0.90620
		A	NA	NA	NA	0.82296	0.82844	0.83402	0.83970	0.84545	0.85127	0.85712	0.86299	0.86889	0.87479	0.88067	0.88650	0.89226	0.89794
	55 ľ		NA	NA	NA	NA	0.81654	0.82225	0.82807	0.83399	0.83998	0.84603	0.85212	0.85826	0.86442	0.87058	0.87671	0.88280	0.88881
	56 1		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.80976	0.81570	0.82177	0.82792	0.83416	0.84045	0.84682	0.85323	0.85966	0.86608	0.87248	0.87882
	57 I		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.80264	0.80883	0.81513	0.82153	0.82801	0.83459	0.84124	0.84792	0.85463	0.86132	0.86799
	58 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	0.79520	0.80163	0.80818	0.81483	0.82160	0.82846	0.83538	0.84235	0.84934	0.85632
	59 I		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	0.78747	0.79415	0.80095	0.80789	0.81494	0.82209	0.82930	0.83656	0.84383
	60 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA			NA	0.77941	0.78634	0.79343	0.80065	0.80800	0.81543	0.82294	0.83050
	61		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA			NA	NA	0.77103	0.77825	0.78562	0.79314	0.80078	0.80851	0.81632
	62 1		NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA		NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.76246 NA	0.76996	0.77763	0.78544	0.79338	0.80141
	63 I		NA	NA	NA						NA	NA	NA	NA	0.75360	0.76139			0.78570
			NA	NA	NA	NA NA		NA NA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.74456 NA	0.75264	0.76089	0.76931
	66 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA			NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	0.75525 NA	0.72564	0.73430
	67 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA			NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	0.72564 NA	0.73430
	68 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA		0.71588 NA
	69 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA		NA
	70 1		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA			NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA		NA
Judge		Non-Spous 58	59			62		64		66				70	71	72			75
	50	0.93058	0.93469	0.93867	0.94249	0.94617	0.94969	0.95306	0.95627	0.95933	0.96225	0.96501	0.96764	0.97012	0.97246	0.97466	0.97674	0.97869	0.98051
	51	0.92489	0.92932	0.93361	0.93774	0.94172	0.94554	0.94920	0.95270	0.95603	0.95921	0.96222	0.96508	0.96778	0.97034	0.97274	0.97500	0.97713	0.97911
	52 53	0.91855	0.92331	0.92792		0.93669	0.94083	0.94481	0.94861 0.94391	0.95224	0.95571	0.95900	0.96212	0.96507	0.96786	0.97050	0.97297	0.97529	0.97746
	54	0.91143	0.91655	0.92130		0.93096	0.93545	0.93977	0.94391	0.94786	0.93164	0.95524	0.95866	0.95189	0.96495	0.96472	0.97034	0.97309	0.97313
	55	0.89473	0.90055	0.90625	0.91948	0.92430	0.92330	0.92753	0.93834	0.94283	0.94097	0.94592	0.95001	0.95390	0.95759	0.96108	0.96436	0.96745	0.97035
	56	0.88510	0.89128	0.89736		0.90912	0.91477	0.92025	0.92555	0.93065	0.93555	0.94025	0.94473	0.94900	0.95305	0.95689	0.96051	0.96392	0.96712
	57	0.87461	0.88116	0.88762		0.90018	0.90625	0.91216	0.91789	0.92342	0.92875	0.93388	0.93878	0.94346	0.94791	0.95213	0.95612	0.95989	0.96342
	58	0.86327	0.87018	0.87702		0.89040	0.89689	0.90324	0.90941	0.91540	0.92119	0.92676		0.93724	0.94212	0.94676	0.95116	0.95531	0.95922
	59	0.85111	0.85837	0.86558	0.87272	0.87976	0.88669	0.89349	0.90012	0.90658	0.91284	0.91889	0.92472	0.93031	0.93566	0.94076	0.94559	0.95018	0.95449
	60	0.83808	0.84567	0.85324	0.86076	0.86822	0.87558	0.88283	0.88993	0.89687	0.90362	0.91018	0.91651	0.92260	0.92844	0.93403	0.93934	0.94439	0.94915
	61	0.82419	0.83209	0.84001	0.84790	0.85576	0.86355	0.87124	0.87882	0.88625	0.89351	0.90057	0.90743	0.91405	0.92041	0.92653	0.93235	0.93790	0.94316
	62	0.80954	0.81773	0.82597	0.83422	0.84246	0.85066	0.85880	0.86684	0.87476	0.88253	0.89013	0.89752	0.90469	0.91161	0.91828	0.92465	0.93074	0.93652
	63	0.79405	0.80251	0.81104		0.82822	0.83682	0.84539	0.85389	0.86230	0.87059	0.87872	0.88667	0.89440	0.90189	0.90914	0.91609	0.92276	0.92910
	64	0.77786	0.78655	0.79535		0.81318	0.82215	0.83112	0.84007	0.84896	0.85775	0.86642	0.87492	0.88324	0.89132	0.89917	0.90673	0.91401	0.92096
	65	0.76089	0.76978	0.77882	0.78797	0.79722	0.80654	0.81589	0.82526	0.83461	0.84390	0.85309	0.86216	0.87106	0.87975	0.88822	0.89641	0.90433	0.91192
L	66	0.74316	0.75222	0.76145		0.78036	0.78999	0.79970	0.80946	0.81924	0.82901	0.83872	0.84834	0.85782	0.86712	0.87623	0.88507	0.89366	0.90191
	67	0.72485	0.73404	0.74343	0.75302	0.76277	0.77267	0.78270	0.79283	0.80301	0.81323	0.82343	0.83358	0.84364	0.85355	0.86330	0.87281	0.88207	0.89103
	68	0.70584	0.71512	0.72464	0.73438	0.74433	0.75447	0.76477	0.77522	0.78577	0.79640	0.80707	0.81773	0.82834	0.83885	0.84924	0.85941	0.86938	0.87905
		A	0.69530	0.70490	0.71476	0.72486	0.73518	0.74572	0.75644	0.76732	0.77832	0.78941	0.80055	0.81169	0.82278	0.83379	0.84463	0.85530	0.86570
	70 I	A	NA	0.68440	0.69432	0.70452	0.71499	0.72571	0.73665	0.74781	0.75913	0.77061	0.78218	0.79382	0.80545	0.81706	0.82855	0.83991	0.85106