# IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE BULLETIN

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*August 6, 2014 -- Volume 14-8*

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Preface

The Idaho Administrative Bulletin is an electronic-only, online monthly publication of the Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator, Department of Administration, that is published pursuant to Section 67-5203, Idaho Code. The Bulletin is a compilation of all official rulemaking notices, official rule text, executive orders of the Governor, and all legislative documents affecting rules that are statutorily required to be published in the Bulletin. It may also include other rules-related documents an agency may want to make public through the Bulletin.

State agencies are required to provide public notice of all rulemaking actions and must invite public input. This is done through negotiated rulemaking procedures or after proposed rulemaking has been initiated. The public receives notice that an agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures through the Idaho Administrative Bulletin and a legal notice (Public Notice of Intent) that publishes in authorized newspapers throughout the state. The legal notice provides reasonable opportunity for the public to participate when a proposed rule publishes in the Bulletin. Interested parties may submit written comments to the agency or request public hearings of the agency, if none have been scheduled. Such submissions or requests must be presented to the agency within the time and manner specified in the individual “Notice of Rulemaking - Proposed Rule” for each proposed rule that is published in the Bulletin.

Once the comment period closes, the agency considers fully all comments and information submitted regarding the proposed rule. Changes may be made to the proposed rule at this stage of the rulemaking, but changes must be based on comments received and must be a “logical outgrowth” of the proposed rule. The agency may now adopt and publish the pending rule. A pending rule is “pending” legislative review for final approval. The pending rule is the agency’s final version of the rulemaking that will be forwarded to the legislature for review and final approval. Comment periods and public hearings are not provided for when the agency adopts a temporary or pending rule.

CITATION TO THE IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE BULLETIN

The Bulletin is identified by the calendar year and issue number. For example, Bulletin 13-1 refers to the first Bulletin issued in calendar year 2013; Bulletin 14-1 refers to the first Bulletin issued in calendar year 2014. Volume numbers, which proceed from 1 to 12 in a given year, correspond to the months of publication, i.e.; Volume No. 13-1 refers to January 2013; Volume No. 13-2 refers to February 2013; and so forth. Example: The Bulletin published in January 2014 is cited as Volume 14-1. The December 2014 Bulletin is cited as Volume 14-12.

RELATIONSHIP TO THE IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

The Idaho Administrative Code is an electronic-only, online compilation of all final and enforceable administrative rules of the state of Idaho that are of full force and effect. Any temporary rule that is adopted by an agency and is of force and effect is codified into the Administrative Code upon becoming effective. All pending rules that have been approved by the legislature during the legislative session as final rules and any temporary rules that are extended supplement the Administrative Code. These rules are codified into the Administrative Code upon becoming effective. Because proposed and pending rules are not enforceable, they are published in the Administrative Bulletin only and cannot be codified into the Administrative Code until approved as final.

To determine if a particular rule remains in effect or whether any amendments have been made to the rule, refer to the Cumulative Rulemaking Index. Link to it on the Administrative Rules homepage at adminrules.idaho.gov.

THE DIFFERENT RULES PUBLISHED IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE BULLETIN

Idaho’s administrative rulemaking process, governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code, comprises distinct rulemaking actions: negotiated, proposed, temporary, pending and final rulemaking. Not all rulemakings incorporate or require all of these actions. At a minimum, a rulemaking includes proposed, pending and final rulemaking. Many rules are adopted as temporary rules when they meet the required statutory criteria and agencies must, when feasible, engage in negotiated rulemaking at the beginning of the process to facilitate consensus building. In the majority of cases, the process begins with proposed rulemaking and ends with the final rulemaking. The following is a brief explanation of each type of rule.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING

Negotiated rulemaking is a process in which all interested persons and the agency seek consensus on the content of a rule through dialogue. Agencies are required to conduct negotiated rulemaking whenever it is feasible to do so.
The agency files a “Notice of Intent to Promulgate - Negotiated Rulemaking” for publication in the Administrative Bulletin inviting interested persons to contact the agency if interested in discussing the agency’s intentions regarding the rule changes. This process is intended to result in the formulation of a proposed rule and the initiation of regular rulemaking procedures. One result, however, may also be that regular (proposed) rulemaking is not initiated and no further action is taken by the agency.

PROPOSED RULEMAKING

A proposed rulemaking is an action by an agency wherein the agency is proposing to amend or repeal an existing rule or to adopt a new rule. Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, the agency must publish a “Notice of Rulemaking - Proposed Rule” in the Bulletin. This notice must include:

a) the specific statutory authority (from Idaho Code) for the rulemaking including a citation to a specific federal statute or regulation if that is the basis of authority for or is occasioning the rulemaking;

b) a statement in nontechnical language of the substance of the proposed rule, including a specific description of any fee or charge imposed or increased;

c) a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year when the pending rule will become effective; provided, however, that notwithstanding Section 67-5231, Idaho Code, the absence or accuracy of a fiscal impact statement provided pursuant to this subsection shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the rule.

d) if any document is incorporated by reference in the proposed rule, a brief written synopsis of why the incorporation is needed must be included in the notice of proposed rulemaking, along with a link to the electronic version of the incorporated material or information on how it can be obtained.

e) the text of the proposed rule prepared in legislative format;

f) the location, date, and time of any public hearings the agency intends to hold on the proposed rule;

g) the manner in which persons may make written comments on the proposed rule, including the name and address of a person in the agency to whom comments on the proposal may be sent;

h) the manner in which persons may request an opportunity for an oral presentation as provided in Section 67-5222, Idaho Code; and

i) the deadline for public (written) comments on the proposed rule.

Any proposed rulemaking that is submitted for publication in the Bulletin that would impose a fee or charge must be accompanied by a cost/benefit analysis that is prepared by the agency. This cost/benefit analysis must estimate, as reasonably as possible, the costs to the agency to implement the rule and the estimated costs that would be borne by citizens or the private sector. This analysis is filed with the Director of Legislative Services Office who then forwards it to the appropriate germane joint subcommittee assigned to review the promulgating agency’s proposed rules.

When incorporating by reference, the notice of proposed rulemaking must include a brief synopsis detailing the need to incorporate by reference any additional materials into the rule. The agency must also provide information regarding access to the incorporated materials. At a minimum, and when available, the agency must provide an electronic link to the documents that can accessed on a web site or post this information on its own web site, or both. This link can be placed into the rule and activated once it is posted on the Coordinator’s web site.

As stated, the text of the proposed rule must be published in the Bulletin. After meeting the statutory rulemaking criteria for a proposed rule, the agency may adopt the pending rule. Because a proposed rule is not enforceable, it has no effective date, even when published in conjunction with a temporary rule that is of full force and effect. An agency may vacate (terminate) a rulemaking after the publication of a proposed rule if it decides, for whatever reason, not to proceed further to finalize the rulemaking. The publication of a “Notice of Vacation of Proposed Rulemaking” in the Bulletin officially stops the formal rulemaking process.
TEMPORARY RULEMAKING

Temporary rules may be adopted only when the governor finds that it is necessary for:

a) protection of the public health, safety, or welfare; or
b) compliance with deadlines in amendments to governing law or federal programs; or
c) conferring a benefit.

If a rulemaking meets one or more of the above legal criteria and the governor determines that it is necessary that a rule become effective prior to receiving legislative authorization and without allowing for any public input, the agency may proceed and adopt a temporary rule. The law allows an agency to make a temporary rule immediately effective upon adoption. However, a temporary rule that imposes a fee or charge may be adopted only if the governor finds that the fee or charge is necessary to avoid immediate danger which justifies the imposition of the fee or charge.

A temporary rule expires at the conclusion of the next succeeding regular legislative session unless the rule is extended by concurrent resolution, is replaced by a final rule, or expires under its own terms.

The statute that regulates rulemaking in Idaho requires that the text of all proposed rulemakings publish in the Bulletin in order for the rulemaking to be valid. This is true for all temporary rules as well. In most cases, the agency wants the temporary rule to also become a final rule and in most of these cases, the temporary rule and the proposed rule text is identical. In this event, both rulemakings may be promulgated concurrently, however, they remain separate rulemaking actions. The rulemaking is published in the Bulletin as a temporary/proposed rule. Combining the rulemaking allows for a single publication of the text in the Bulletin.

An agency may, at any time, rescind a temporary rule that has been adopted and is in effect. The agency must publish a notice of rescission to effectively rescind the temporary rule. If the temporary rule is being replaced by a new temporary rule or if it has been published concurrently with a proposed rule that is being vacated, the agency, in most instances, will rescind the temporary rule.

PENDING RULEMAKING

A pending rule is a rule that has been adopted by an agency under regular rulemaking procedures and remains subject to legislative review before it becomes a final, enforceable rule.

When a pending rule is published in the Bulletin, the agency is required to include certain information in the “Notice of Rulemaking - Pending Rule.” This includes:

a) a statement giving the reasons for adopting the rule;
b) a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for any changes;
c) the date the pending rule will become final and effective and a statement that the pending rule may be rejected, amended or modified by concurrent resolution of the legislature;
d) an identification of any portion of the rule imposing or increasing a fee or charge and a statement that this portion of the rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature;
e) the specific statutory authority for the rulemaking including a citation to the specific section of the Idaho Code that has occasioned the rulemaking, or the federal statute or regulation if that is the basis of authority or requirement for the rulemaking; and
f) a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater
than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year when the pending rule will become effective; provided however, that notwithstanding section 67-5231, Idaho Code, the absence or accuracy of a fiscal impact statement provided pursuant to this subsection shall not affect the validity or the enforceability of the rule.

Agencies are required to republish the text of the pending rule when substantive changes have been made to the proposed rule. An agency may adopt a pending rule that varies in content from that which was originally proposed if the subject matter of the rule remains the same, the pending rule change is a logical outgrowth of the proposed rule, and the original notice was written so as to assure that members of the public were reasonably notified of the subject. It is not always necessary to republish all the text of the pending rule. With the permission of the Rules Coordinator, only the sections or their subparts that have changed from the proposed text are republished. If no changes have been made to the previously published text, it is not required to republish the text again and only the “Notice of Rulemaking - Adoption of Pending Rule” is published.

FINAL RULEMAKING

A final rule is a rule that has been adopted by an agency under the regular rulemaking procedures and is of full force and effect.

No pending rule adopted by an agency becomes final and effective until it has been submitted to the legislature for review and approval. Where the legislature finds that an agency has violated the legislative intent of the authorizing statute, a concurrent resolution may be adopted to reject the rulemaking in whole or in part. A “Notice of Rulemaking - Final Rule” and the final codified text must be published in the Bulletin for any rule that is partially rejected by concurrent resolution of the legislature. Unless rejected by concurrent resolution, a pending rule that is reviewed by the legislature becomes final and effective at the end of the session in which it is reviewed without any further legislative action. All pending rules that are approved by concurrent resolution become final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution unless otherwise stated. In no event can a pending rule become final and effective before the conclusion of the regular or special legislative session at which the rule was submitted for review. However, a rule that is final and effective may be applied retroactively, as provided in the rule.

AVAILABILITY OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE AND BULLETIN

Internet Access - The Administrative Code and Administrative Bulletin are available on the Internet at the following address: adminrules.idaho.gov

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DISTRIBUTION

For subscription information and costs, please contact the Department of Administration, Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator, 650 W. State Street, Room 100, Boise, Idaho 83720-0306, telephone (208) 332-1820.

The Idaho Administrative Code - annual subscription on CD-ROM. The Code is an annual compilation of all final administrative rules and all enforceable temporary rules and also includes all executive orders of the Governor that have published in the Bulletin, all legislative documents affecting rules, a table of contents, reference guides, and a subject index.

The Idaho Administrative Bulletin - annual subscription available on individual CD-ROM sent out monthly. The Bulletin is an official monthly publication of the State of Idaho and is available for purchase on CD-ROM only. Yearly subscriptions or individual CD-ROM’s are available for purchase.

Internet Access - The Administrative Code and Administrative Bulletin, and many other rules-related documents are available on the Internet at the following address: adminrules.idaho.gov
HOW TO USE THE IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE BULLETIN

Rulemaking documents produced by state agencies and published in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin are organized by a numbering schematic. Each state agency has a two-digit identification code number known as the “IDAPA” number. (The “IDAPA” Codes are listed in the alphabetical/numerical index at the end of this Preface.) Within each agency there are divisions or departments to which a two-digit “TITLE” number is assigned. There are “CHAPTER” numbers assigned within the Title and the rule text is divided among major sections that are further subdivided into subsections. An example IDAPA number is as follows:

**IDAPA 38.05.01.200.02.c.ii.**

“IDAPA” refers to Administrative Rules in general that are subject to the Administrative Procedures Act and are required by this act to be published in the Idaho Administrative Code and the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

“38.” refers to the Idaho Department of Administration

“05.” refers to Title 05, which is the Department of Administrations's Division of Purchasing

“01.” refers to Chapter 01 of Title 05, “Rules of the Division of Purchasing”

“200.” refers to Major Section 200, “Content of the Invitation to Bid”

“02.” refers to Subsection 200.02.

“c.” refers to Subsection 200.02.c.

“ii.” refers to Subsection 200.02.c.ii.

DOCKET NUMBERING SYSTEM

Internally, the Bulletin is organized sequentially using a rule docketing system. Each rulemaking that is filed with the Coordinator is assigned a “DOCKET NUMBER.” The docket number is a series of numbers separated by a hyphen “-”, (38-0501-1401). Rulemaking dockets are published sequentially by IDAPA number (the two-digit agency code) in the Bulletin. The following example is a breakdown of a typical rule docket number:

**“DOCKET NO. 38-0501-1401”**

“38-” denotes the agency’s IDAPA number; in this case the Department of Administration.

“0501-” refers to the TITLE AND CHAPTER numbers of the agency rule being promulgated; in this case the Division of Purchasing (TITLE 05), Rules of the Division of Purchasing (Chapter 01).

“1401” denotes the year and sequential order of the docket being published; in this case the numbers refer to the first rulemaking action published in calendar year 2014. A subsequent rulemaking on this same rule chapter in calendar year 2014 would be designated as “1402”. The docket number in this scenario would be 38-0501-1402.

Within each Docket, only the affected sections of chapters are printed. (See Sections Affected Index in each Bulletin for a listing of these.) The individual sections affected are printed in the Bulletin sequentially (e.g. Section “200” appears before Section “345” and so on). Whenever the sequence of the numbering is broken the following statement will appear:

*(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)*

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*Last day to submit a proposed rulemaking before moratorium begins and last day to submit a pending rule to be reviewed by the legislature.

**Last day to submit a proposed rule in order to have the rulemaking completed and submitted for review by legislature.
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<td>Idaho Commission on Aging</td>
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<th>IDAPA 25</th>
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<td>Water Resources, Department of</td>
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<td>Wheat Commission</td>
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AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5220, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-204(1), Idaho Code.

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Interested persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must respond to this notice by contacting the undersigned either in writing, by email, or by calling the phone number listed below. To participate, responses must be received by August 20, 2014.

Should a reasonable number of persons respond to this notice, negotiated meetings will be scheduled and all scheduled meetings shall be posted and made accessible on the agency website at the address listed below.

Upon conclusion of the negotiated rulemaking, any unresolved issues, all key issues considered, and conclusions reached during the negotiated rulemaking will be addressed in a written summary and made available on the agency website.

Failure of interested persons to respond to this notice of intent or the lack of a sufficient number of responses to this notice of intent may result in the discontinuation of further informal proceedings. In either event the agency shall have sole discretion in determining the feasibility of scheduling and conducting informal negotiated rulemaking and may proceed directly to formal rulemaking if proceeding with negotiated rulemaking is deemed infeasible.

The Board of Accountancy will be posting rule drafts on its website at http://isba.idaho.gov/. For comments, please send all comments via email to the Board of Accountancy email isba@isba.idaho.gov. Please subject your emails with “Accountancy Rules.”

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

Modify Rule 502.01 (b) to change the deadline for CPE extensions to April 30th of each year. This will allow more time for the processing of the extensions which includes the verification these extensions meet all the requirements for the CPE year in question.

CONTACT INFORMATION, WEB ADDRESS, ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking, contact Kent A. Absec at (208) 334-2490. Materials pertaining to the negotiated rulemaking, including any available preliminary rule drafts, can be found on the Board of Accountancy web site at the following web address: http://isba.idaho.gov/.

All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 20, 2014 by submitting an email with those comments to isba@isba.idaho.gov. Please submit your emails with “Accountancy Rules.”

DATED this 1st day of July, 2014.

Kent A. Absec, Executive Director
Idaho State Board of Accountancy
3101 W. Main Street, Suite 201
PO Box 83720
Boise, Idaho 83720-0002
Phone: (208) 334-2490 / Fax: (208) 334-2615
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-112, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

To amend IDAPA 02.01.05, Section 300, to remove the requirement that payment of annual certification fees be made within 30 days of receipt of invoice.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

No fee is being imposed or charged through the adoption of this proposed rule.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact to the general fund as a result of this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because of the simple nature of the proposed rule.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Laura Johnson, Bureau Chief at (208) 332-8533.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2014.

Brian J. Oakey
Deputy Director
Idaho State Department of Agriculture
2270 Old Penitentiary Rd.
PO Box 790
Boise, ID 83701
Phone: (208) 332-8500
Fax: (208) 334-2170
300. FEES AND CHARGES.

01. Certification Fees. The Director will establish certification fees annually under this chapter. Fees will not exceed fifty dollars ($50) each. Fees will be set by July 1 of each year. (3-29-10)

02. Notary Charges. Notary certification will be provided for each certificate at no additional charge. (3-29-10)

03. Shipping and Delivery Charges. There will be no fees for mailing costs unless the applicant requests express mailing. (3-29-10)

04. Express Mailing. The applicant will be responsible for express mailing charges. The applicant may provide an account number for the carrier, pre-paid air bill or be invoiced for the actual costs. (3-29-10)

05. Payment. The applicant will be sent an invoice for fees and charges and will be responsible for payment within thirty (30) days. The Department will not issue a certificate of free sale to any company with an outstanding account balance. (3-29-10)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-3421, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

02.03.03.500.02, “Rules Governing Pesticide and Chemigation Use and Application,” will be amended to eliminate the specific names of low volatile liquid ester formulations and the date restriction of May 1 to October 1. The dates were put in rule to prevent the possibility of low volatile esters being applied on days when the air temperature might exceed eighty (80) degrees. The industry has informed the Department that the dates are no longer needed because many parts of the state do not reach the eighty (80) degree threshold until June or July, if at all, and most low volatile ester herbicides now have temperature restrictions on the label. The temperature restriction is a much better cut-off mechanism to reduce the likelihood of possible damage throughout the different parts of the state. Also, the newer low volatile ester herbicides being used around homes and gardens in Idaho are safer, more stable, are more effective than older ester herbicides, and have adequate restrictions on the label to protect against volatilization. The industry also recommended that the specific names of the herbicides be removed so that all liquid ester herbicides are included and not just those named in this older rule. This proposed rule change was recommended by the Pesticide Licensing Advisory Committee.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

ISDA does not anticipate any fiscal impact from the changes to be made to the Rule during the rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the June 4, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-6, pages 16 and 17. A negotiated rulemaking meeting was held at the Idaho State Department of Agriculture on June 18, 2014.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Ben Miller, Bureau Chief at (208) 332-8593.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2014.
500. NON-DOMESTIC PESTICIDES.

01. Home and Garden Restrictions. The following listed pesticides shall not be sold to home and garden users, nor shall they be applied by professional applicators around any home or garden. These pesticides shall be registered only when labeled, distributed, sold or held for sale and use other than home and garden use. (3-20-97)

   a. Bidrin (Foliar applications). (3-20-97)
   b. Disyston (two point one percent (2.1%) and above). (3-20-97)
   c. Guthion (fifteen percent (15%) and above). (3-20-97)
   d. Strychnine (one percent (1%) and above). (3-20-97)
   e. Zinc Phosphide (two point one percent (2.1%) and above). (3-20-97)
   f. All high volatile liquid ester formulations of 2,4-D. (3-20-97)

02. Ester Restriction. Low volatile liquid ester formulations of 2,4-D, 2,4-DP, MCPA and MCPB herbicides shall not be applied around any home or garden between May 1 and October 1 of any year or at any time when ambient air temperature exceeds or is forecasted to exceed eighty (80) degrees Fahrenheit during the day of application. (3-20-97)
EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2015 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved, rejected, amended or modified by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is acted on by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 37-516, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the June 4, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-6, pages 19 and 20.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT: This rule does not regulate an activity not already regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year:

ISDA does not anticipate any fiscal impact to the general fund as a result of this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact John Bilderback, Bureau Chief, at (208) 332-8541 or john.bilderback@agri.idaho.gov.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2014.

Brian J. Oakey, Deputy Director
Idaho State Department of Agriculture
2270 Old Penitentiary Road, Boise, ID 83712
P.O. Box 790, Boise, ID 83701-0790
Phone (208) 332-8500
Fax (208) 334-7120
EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2015 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved, rejected, amended or modified by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is acted on by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 37-603, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the June 4, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-6, pages 21 through 26.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT: This rule does not regulate an activity not already regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year:

ISDA does not anticipate any fiscal impact to the general fund as a result of this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact John Bilderback, Bureau Chief, at (208) 332-8541 or john.bilderback@agri.idaho.gov.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2014.

Brian J. Oakey, Deputy Director
Idaho State Department of Agriculture
2270 Old Penitentiary Road, Boise, ID 83712
P.O. Box 790, Boise, ID 83701-0790
Phone (208) 332-8500
Fax (208) 334-7120
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5220(1) and 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Sections 33-105, 33-107, 33-2402, and 33-2403, Idaho Code.

MEETING SCHEDULE: A public meeting(s) on the negotiated rulemaking will be held as follows:

Meeting’s will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons or more, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 11th.

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must do the following:

Person’s wishing to participate may contact Tracie Bent at the Office of the State Board of Education, PO Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0037 or tracie.bent@osbe.idaho.gov, to schedule a meeting or provide written comments. All meeting dates, locations, and teleconference information will be posted on the Board of Education website at www.boardofed.idaho.gov.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

Proposed amendments would be limited to amendments regarding the clinical experience in regards to establishing physical presence of the institution or school and clarification regarding the audited financial statement requirement.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS, OBTAINING COPIES: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking or to obtain a copy of the preliminary draft of the text of the proposed rule, contact Tracie Bent at (208) 332-1582.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this negotiated rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 11, 2014.

DATED this 11th day of July, 2014.

Tracie Bent
Chief Planning and Policy Officer
Idaho State Board of Education
650 W State St.
PO Box 83720
Boise, ID 83702-0037
Phone: (208) 332-1582, Fax:(208) 334-2632
EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is July 1, 2014.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Article IX, Section 2 of the Idaho Constitution and under Sections 33-107, 33-116, 33-1612, and 33-320, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 27, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

House Bill 521 requires each school district and public charter school in Idaho to develop and maintain a strategic plan that focuses on improving the district or charter school students’ performance. It also authorizes the Board to promulgate rules to establish appropriate procedures, qualifications, and guidelines for qualified training providers who will provide training to the LEAs in the development and maintenance of the strategic plans. During the first year, districts must have their plans in place by September 2014. In order to meet this deadline school districts and public charter schools must know what the required qualifications are prior to hiring potential trainers to help them develop these plans. The rule sets out the procedures to select qualified trainers and the qualifications necessary for one to become a qualified training provider.

The specific qualifications for a qualified training provider include two years’ documented training experience in the subject area of training being provided to the LEA and three recommendations from individuals that have been trained in the past by the trainer. The rule also stipulates that the trainer may not be a current employee of the school district or charter school. Additionally, the strategic planning training session must include, at a minimum, the majority of the board of trustees or board of directors and the district administrator.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Section 67-5226(1)(b), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

The temporary rule is necessary to comply with Section 33-320, Idaho Code (HB 521, 2014), which requires school districts to create and maintain strategic plans and allows them to seek reimbursement for the cost of the training necessary to complete those plans. The rule also sets out the procedures for the selection of a qualified training provider and the requirements and qualification needed to be a qualified training provider.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year:

HB 521 which passed during the 2014 legislative session allows for each school district or charter school to seek reimbursement up to $2,000 annually for training. The fiscal note in HB 521 was $326,000. This rule establishes the minimum qualifications for trainers if the district wishes to seek reimbursement from the state for the training provided. The review of the trainers’ applications will take additional staff time, however, at present it is difficult to determine the time required to complete the review. The fiscal impact of the legislation did not anticipate the impact on Board of Education staff for the verification of trainer qualifications nor on the Department of Education staff for processing the reimbursement requests. These tasks will have to be completed using existing resources.
NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because of the need for temporary rulemaking.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229, Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

No materials have been incorporated by reference into this rule.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Tracie Bent, Chief Planning and Policy Officer, at (208) 332-1582 or tracie.bent@osbe.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this July 5, 2014.

Tracie Bent
Chief Planning and Policy Officer
Idaho State Board of Education
650 W State St.
PO Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0037

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 08-0201-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

801. STRATEGIC PLANNING AND TRAINING.
In accordance with Section 33-320, Idaho Code, every local education agency (LEA) shall develop and maintain a strategic plan that focuses on improving the student performance of the LEA. (7-1-14)T

01. Definitions. (7-1-14)T

a. Administrator. As used in this section administrator means the superintendent of the school district or administrator of a charter school. (7-1-14)T

b. Board. Board means the Idaho State Board of Education. (7-1-14)T

c. Executive Director. Executive Director means the Executive Director of the Idaho State Board of Education. (7-1-14)T

d. Local Education Agency Board. As used in this section local education agency or LEA Board means the board of trustees of a school district or board of directors of a charter school. (7-1-14)T

e. Local Education Agency. As used in this section local education agency (LEA) means public school district or charter school.. (7-1-14)T
f. Strategic Plan. As used in this section, a strategic plan is one that focuses on continuous process improvement and the analysis of data to assess and prioritize needs and measure outcomes.

02. Reimbursement Eligibility. LEA’s may request reimbursement for training conducted pursuant to Section 33-320, Idaho Code. To be eligible for reimbursement the training and trainer must meet the following criteria:

a. Training. The training must cover one (1) or more the follow subjects:

i. Strategic planning training. Strategic planning training must include, but is not limited to, training on continuous process improvement, use and analysis of data, and methods for setting measurable targets based on student outcomes;

ii. School finance;

iii. Administrator evaluations, including, but not limited to, specifics on the Idaho state evaluation requirements and framework;

iv. Ethics; or

v. Governance.

b. Documentation of Training. Training records shall be kept by the LEA showing:

i. The length of the training in hours;

ii. The subject(s) covered by the training;

iii. The participants included in the training or validation of attendance of specific participants as applicable; and

iv. The curriculum, agenda, or other documentation detailing the content of the training.

c. Training Format. A majority of the LEA board and the administrator must collaborate on the strategic plan and engage students, parents, educators and the community, as applicable to the training subject and format. The training facilitator must be physically present or have the ability to interact directly with all training participants. Sufficient time must be provided during the sessions to give the participants an opportunity to discuss issues specific to the LEA.

d. Trainer Qualifications. The trainer must meet the following qualifications:

i. May not be a current employee of the LEA;

ii. Must have two (2) years of documented training experience in the area of training being provided for the LEA; and

iii. Must provide at least three (3) recommendations from individuals who participated in past training sessions conducted by the trainer. These recommendations must be included with the application to determine the trainer’s qualifications.

e. Qualified Trainers. Trainer qualifications will be determined by the Office of the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education will maintain a list of qualified trainers and the subject areas in which they are qualified.

i. An individual or company may submit an application for consideration to be placed on the list of qualified trainers or the LEA may submit the application on behalf of the individual or company.
ii. Applications must be submitted to the Executive Director in a format established by the Executive Director.

(7-1-14)T

iii. Trainer qualifications must be determined prior to the LEA’s request for reimbursement of training costs.

(7-1-14)T

03. Reimbursement. Up to two thousand dollars ($2,000) per state fiscal year will be reimbursed to the LEA for training costs. Reimbursement will be based on actual expenditures related to the training delivered.

(7-1-14)T

04. Audit. If requested, LEA’s must provide training documentation or other information to verify eligibility prior to reimbursement.

(7-1-14)T

8012. -- 999. (RESERVED)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5220(1) and 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Section(s) 33-101, 33-105, 33-116 and 33-1202, Idaho Code.

MEETING SCHEDULE: A public meeting(s) on the negotiated rulemaking will be held as follows:

Meeting dates and times will be posted on the State Board of Education website at www.boardofed.idaho.gov, under the Education Improvement Committee link. The committee will be meeting every two - three weeks.

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must do the following:

A group of stakeholders has been convened to negotiate the implementation of the Governor’s Taskforce for Improving Education recommendation on the development of a Tiered Certification model. Individuals may participate by attending the committee meetings or listening into the meetings and then providing written comments to Tracie Bent at the Office of the State Board of Education, PO Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0037 or tracie.bent@osbe.idaho.gov. All meeting dates, locations, and teleconference information will be posted on the Board of Education website at www.boardofed.idaho.gov.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

In 2013 the Governor convened a broad stakeholder taskforce to make recommendations for improving K-12 education in the state of Idaho. The Taskforce made 20 recommendations, one of those recommendation was to implement a tiered certification model in Idaho. The proposed rule would restructure the current teacher certification model into a three tiered model, where teachers would move from tier to tier through the accomplishment of specific performance measures and experience.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS, OBTAINING COPIES: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking or to obtain a copy of the preliminary draft of the text of the proposed rule, contact Tracie Bent at (208)332-1582.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this negotiated rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 11, 2014.

DATED this 11th day of July, 2014

Tracie Bent
Chief Planning and Policy Officer
Idaho State Board of Education
650 W State St.
PO Box 83720
Boise, ID 83702-0037
Phone: (208)332-1582, Fax:(208) 334-2632
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-1208, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tuesday, August 12th, 2014, 9:00 a.m. (MDT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1510 E Watertower Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meridian, Idaho 83642</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule will improve the process the board uses to substantiate the educational requirements that must be met prior to assignment to examinations or granting a professional engineer license by comity. It is difficult for the board to ascertain the applicant’s educational coursework when reviewing foreign education or non-EAC/ABET accredited applications. Also, applications for comity licensure in which the education was completed many years ago are difficult to evaluate where course descriptions are no longer published or available. The board is expanding the option of requiring an independent evaluation of an applicant’s educational credentials to any graduate of a university program that is not accredited by the EAC/ABET organization. The previous rule applied the credential evaluation only to foreign educated applicants.

Additionally, the board is changing the process to evaluate foreign applicants for comity licensure. The rule revision will separate the foreign applicant process from the interstate applicant process. The foreign applicant process will also separate the foreign credentialing process from those that are board approved and those that are not or are unknown. For the non-approved or unknown foreign countries, the board will add a 2-year U.S. experience requirement along with education and examination requirements similar to those required of U.S. engineers. Finally, a provision is added for the board to waive the prescriptive licensure requirements in this rule and issue a license to an international expert in unique fields of engineering without first approving the licensing process of that country so long as they meet the minimum requirements of Section 54-1219, Idaho Code. This provision is added to enable unique international expertise to be available on a case-by-case basis when needed.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no fee associated with this rule change.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact to the state general fund or the agency dedicated fund.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

There are no materials incorporated by reference.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Keith Simila, (208) 373-7210.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before July 28, 2014.

DATED this 12th day of June, 2014.

Keith Simila, P.E.
Executive Director
1510 Watertower St.
Meridian, Idaho 83642
Telephone: (208) 373-7210
Fax: (208) 373-7213
Email: keith.simila@ipels.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 10-0101-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

016. APPLICATION FOR LICENSURE OR CERTIFICATION.

01. Forms. Application forms for licensure as a professional engineer, or professional land surveyor, certification as an engineer intern, land surveyor intern or certificates of authorization to practice or offer to practice engineering or land surveying by a business entity may be obtained from the office of the Executive Director of the Board of Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors. (5-8-09)

02. Completion of Application. Applications shall be made on such forms as may be prescribed by the Board. All forms, references, transcripts and other written materials shall be in English pursuant to Section 72-121, Idaho Code. An application which is not fully completed by the applicant need not be considered or acted upon by the Board. The application by a business entity for a certificate of authorization to practice or offer to practice engineering or land surveying must set forth their address, and name and address of the individual, or individuals, duly licensed to practice engineering or land surveying in this state, who will be in responsible charge of engineering or land surveying offered or rendered by the business entity in this state. (5-8-09)

03. Dates of Submittal and Experience Cutoff Date. Examinations may be given in various formats and different submittal dates apply depending on the examination format. For examinations administered once or twice a year in the Spring and Fall, there is an examination assignment cutoff date that varies depending on the actual date of the examination. For examinations administered once or twice a year in the Spring and Fall, receipt of the applications after October 1 for the Spring exam or after July 1 for the Fall exam, may not provide sufficient time for required credentials to arrive at the Board office and be reviewed by the staff and/or Board prior to the exam assignment cutoff date. If this occurs, the applicant will be assigned to a later examination if all requirements are met. For examinations administered in a computer-based format during testing windows, there is no deadline for submittal of the application and the applicant, if assigned to the exam, will be allowed to test during the current testing window, if open on the date of the letter notifying of assignment, or during the next two (2) available testing windows. Failure
to test during these periods will void the assignment. For examinations administered continuously in a computer-based format, there is no deadline for submittal of the application and the applicant, if assigned to the exam, will be allowed to test during a nine (9) month period beginning on the date of the letter notifying of assignment. Failure to test during this period will void the assignment. In order for the Board to be able to verify experience, only experience up to the date of submittal of the application will be considered as valid. Experience anticipated between the date of the application submittal and the date of the examination or issuance of license or certificate will not be considered. For students, the application filing date for the Fundamentals of Engineering and the Fundamentals of Surveying examination may be extended at the discretion of the Board.

04. Residency Requirement. Except for military personnel stationed in the state of Idaho on military orders, and except for persons employed full-time in the state of Idaho, only residents of the state of Idaho and students enrolled at an Idaho university or college may qualify for assignment to examinations for initial certification or licensure. The board will accept as proof of Idaho residency a valid Idaho issued driver’s license, a utility bill issued within the last sixty (60) days with an Idaho address in the name of the applicant, a statement from a financial institution issued within the last sixty (60) days to the applicant at an Idaho address, proof of current voter registration in Idaho, or current Idaho vehicle registration in the name of the applicant. The board will accept as proof of full-time employment in the state of Idaho an affidavit from the Idaho employer stating employment status. The Board will accept a valid student identification card as proof of enrollment at an Idaho university or college.

05. Confidentiality of References. All information received from references named by the applicant shall be held in confidence by the Board except as provided by Section 9-342, Idaho Code. Neither members of the Board nor relatives of the applicant by blood or marriage shall be named or accepted as references.

06. Minimum Standards -- References. An applicant may not be admitted to the examination until satisfactory replies have been received from a minimum of five (5) of his references for professional engineers or land surveyors. It shall be the responsibility of each applicant to furnish their references with the forms prescribed by the Board.

07. EXAMINATIONS.

01. Special or Oral Examination. Examinations for licensure as a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, or certification as an engineer intern or land surveyor intern will be held on dates and at times and places to be determined by the Board. Special oral or written examinations may be given by the Board as necessary.

02. Eligibility for Examinations, Educational Requirements. The application for licensure as a professional engineer, professional land surveyor or certification as an engineer intern or land surveyor intern, together with the written examination, shall be considered in the determination of the applicant’s eligibility. Each applicant must meet the minimum requirements as set forth in Section 54-1212, Idaho Code, before being assigned to any examination.

a. In regard to educational requirements, the Board will consider as unconditionally approved only those engineering programs which are accredited either by the Engineering Accreditation Commission (EAC) of ABET, Inc., or graduates of engineering programs accredited by official organizations signatory to the “Washington Accord.” Non-EAC/ABET accredited engineering programs, related science programs, and engineering technology programs will be considered by the Board on their specific merits, but are not considered equal to engineering programs accredited by EAC/ABET. The Board may continue consideration of an application for valid reasons for a period of one (1) year, without forfeiture of the application fee.

b. An applicant who has completed a four (4) year bachelor degree program in engineering not accredited by EAC/ABET or a four (4) year bachelor degree program in engineering technology, or in a related science degree program other than engineering must have completed the following before the Board will consider them to possess knowledge and skill approximating that attained through graduation from an approved four (4) year engineering curriculum as required by Section 54-1212(3)(b), Idaho Code, for assignment to the examination for certification as an Engineer Intern or as required by Section 54-1212(1)(b), Idaho Code, for assignment to the examination for licensure as a professional engineer.
i. Thirty-two (32) college semester credit hours of higher mathematics and basic sciences. The credits in mathematics must be beyond algebra and trigonometry and must emphasize mathematical concepts and principles rather than computation. Courses in calculus and differential equations are required. Additional courses may include linear algebra, numerical analysis, probability and statistics, and advanced calculus. The credits in basic sciences must include courses in chemistry and calculus-based general physics with a minimum of a two (2) semester (or equivalent) sequence in one or the other. Additional basic sciences courses may include life sciences (biology), earth sciences (geology, ecology), and advanced chemistry or physics. Computer skills and/or programming courses may not be used to satisfy mathematics or basic science requirements. Basic engineering science courses or sequence of courses in this area are acceptable for credit but may not be counted twice. (3-29-12)

ii. Sixteen (16) college credit hours in a general education component that complements the technical content of the curriculum. Examples of traditional courses in this area are philosophy, religion, history, literature, fine arts, sociology, psychology, political science, anthropology, economics, professional ethics, social responsibility. No more than six (6) credit hours of languages other than English or other than the applicant’s native language are acceptable for credit. English and foreign language courses in literature and civilization may be considered in this area. Courses which instill cultural values are acceptable, while routine exercises of personal craft are not. (3-29-12)

iii. Forty-eight (48) college credit hours of engineering science and engineering design. Courses shall be taught within the college/faculty of engineering having their roots in mathematics and basic sciences but carry knowledge further toward creative application of engineering principles. Examples of approved engineering science courses are mechanics, thermodynamics, heat transfer, electrical and electronic circuits, materials science, transport phenomena, and computer science (other than computer programming skills). Courses in engineering design stress the establishment of objectives and criteria, synthesis, analysis, construction, testing, and evaluation. Graduate level engineering courses can be included to fulfill curricular requirements in this area. Engineering technology courses cannot be considered to meet engineering topic requirements. (3-29-12)

iv. Standard, regularly scheduled courses from accredited university programs, (on campus, correspondence, video, etc.) are normally acceptable without further justification other than transcript listing. The Board may require detailed course descriptions for seminar, directed study, special problem and similar courses to insure that the above requirements are met. (7-1-93)

v. Graduate level engineering courses, i.e. courses which are available only to graduate students, are normally not acceptable since the Board believes graduate engineering courses may not provide the proper fundamental foundation to meet the broad requirements of professional engineering. (7-1-93)

c. Beginning July 1, 2010, an applicant who has completed a four (4) year bachelor degree program in a related science must have completed a minimum of the following college level academic courses, or their equivalents as determined by the Board, before the Board will consider them to possess knowledge and skill approximating that attained through graduation from an approved four (4) year surveying curriculum as required by Section 54-1212(4)(b), Idaho Code, for assignment to the examination for certification as a Land Surveyor Intern or as required by Section 54-1212(2)(b), Idaho Code, for assignment to the examination for licensure as a professional land surveyor:

i. Three (3) credits in Surveying Law and Boundary Descriptions; (3-30-07)

ii. Three (3) credits in Route Surveying; (3-30-07)

iii. Three (3) credits in Public Land Surveying; (3-30-07)

iv. Three (3) credits in Surveying Software Applications; (3-30-07)

v. Three (3) credits in Research and Evidence in Surveying; (3-30-07)

vi. Three (3) credits in Surveying Adjustments and Coordinate Systems; (3-30-07)

vii. Three (3) credits in Subdivision Planning and Platting; (3-30-07)
viii. Three (3) credits in Geodesy; and (3-30-07)
ix. Three (3) credits in Survey Office Practice and Business Law in Surveying. (3-30-07)

d. The Board may require an independent evaluation of the engineering education of an applicant who was educated outside the United States has a non-EAC/ABET accredited engineering degree or a non-engineering degree. Such evaluation shall be done through an organization approved by the Board and shall be done at the expense of the applicant to ensure that they have completed the coursework requirements of Subsection 017.02.b. Such evaluation shall not be required if the applicant has received a master’s degree or Doctor of Philosophy degree from an U.S. institution which has a bachelor degree program accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, Inc. in the discipline of the applicant’s master’s degree or Doctor of Philosophy degree, and in addition has completed the coursework requirements of Subsection 017.02.b. The Board may table action on the application pending receipt of the evaluation, and, in the event the applicant does not provide the evaluation within one (1) year, the Board may terminate the application, in which case the application fee shall be forfeited. (3-29-10)

03. Excused Non-Attendance at Exam. In the event that an applicant cannot attend an examination, he shall immediately notify the Board to that effect and shall state the reason for non-attendance. Normally, no more than one (1) valid excuse and reassignment shall be granted to an applicant. If an applicant fails to appear for two (2) administrations of an examination their application may be terminated and they may be required to submit a new application and pay a new application fee in order to be reconsidered. (3-30-01)

04. Two Examinations for Engineering Licensure. The complete examining procedure for licensure as a professional engineer normally consists of two (2) separate written examinations. The first is the Fundamentals of Engineering examination for engineer intern certification, and the second is the Principles and Practice of Engineering for professional engineer licensure. The examination shall be a duration as determined by the Board. Normally, applicants are eligible to take the Fundamentals of Engineering examination during the last or second-to-last semester of or after graduation from an accredited bachelor of science engineering program. A certificate as an Engineer Intern will be issued only to those student applicants who earn a passing grade on the examination and who receive a degree. Having passed the Fundamentals of Engineering examination, applicants will be required to take the Principles and Practice of Engineering examination at a later date when qualified by experience. (3-29-10)

05. Fundamentals of Engineering. The Fundamentals of Engineering examination will cover such subjects as are ordinarily given in engineering college curricula and which are common to all fields of practice. The examination may also cover subject matters that are specific to the engineering discipline of the applicants’ education. (5-8-09)

06. Principles and Practice of Engineering -- Disciplines. The Principles and Practice of Engineering examination will cover the practice of engineering to test the applicant’s fitness to assume responsibility for engineering works affecting the public health, safety and welfare. Separate examinations will be given to test the applicant’s fitness in any discipline for which there is an examination which, in the opinion of the Board, meets the requirements of duration and difficulty necessary to adequately test the applicant’s fitness to practice in that particular discipline. The Board may use examinations prepared by the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (NCEES) or it may prepare or commission the preparation of examinations in disciplines other than those for which examinations may be available from NCEES. (4-22-94)

07. Two Examinations for Land Surveying Licensure. The complete examining procedure for licensure as a professional land surveyor consists of two (2) separate written examinations. The first is the Fundamentals of Surveying examination for land surveyor intern certification, and the second is the Principles and Practice of Surveying for professional land surveyor licensure. The examination shall be a duration as determined by the Board. Having passed the Fundamentals of Surveying examination, applicants will be required to take the Principles and Practice of Surveying examination at a later date when qualified by experience. The examination shall cover the theory and principles of surveying, the practice of land surveying and the requirements of legal enactments. The Principles and Practice of Surveying examination may consist of separate modules, each of which must be passed. (3-29-10)

08. Oral or Unassembled Examinations. An oral examination or unassembled written examination,
in addition to the prescribed written examination, may be required for professional engineer and professional land surveyor applicants. (7-1-93)

09. Special Examinations. A special examination, written or oral or both, may be required in certain instances where the applicant is seeking licensure through comity or reciprocity with another state or political entity having required written examinations that are not wholly comparable in length, nature or scope. This examination supplements the certified qualifying record of the applicant and establishes a more common basis for judging the application and awarding a certificate of qualification or licensure in this state. The length of these special examinations shall be determined by the Board, but shall in no case exceed the lengths specified for the regular examination. Special examinations may be given at any date and need not conform with regular examination dates. (5-8-09)

10. Grading. Each land surveyor intern, engineer intern and professional engineer applicant must normally attain a scaled score of seventy (70) or above on the entire examination or modules as determined by the Board, before being awarded certification or licensure. Examinees on the Principles and Practice of Land Surveying examination must normally attain a scaled score of seventy (70) or above on each module of the examination. (3-29-10)

11. Use of NCEES Examinations. Examinations prepared and graded by the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (NCEES) for professional engineer, engineer intern, professional land surveyors, and land surveyor intern may be used by the Board. The examination for the field of structural engineering shall be the examination as determined by the Board. (3-29-10)

12. Review of Examination by Examinee. Due to security concerns about the examinations, examinees shall not be allowed to review their examination. Examinees who fail an examination will be provided a diagnostic analysis of their performance on the examination if such an analysis is available to the Board. (3-20-04)

13. Proctoring of Examinations. Unless otherwise approved, the Board will not proctor an examination for another jurisdiction except State-Specific examinations nor will they request another jurisdiction to proctor an examination for an Idaho applicant. (5-8-09)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

019. LICENSEES OR CERTIFICATE HOLDERS OF OTHER STATES, AND BOARDS, AND COUNTRIES.

01. Interstate Licensure Evaluation. Each application for an Idaho professional engineer license or professional land surveyor license submitted by an applicant who is licensed as a professional engineer, or licensed as a professional land surveyor, respectively, in one (1) or more states, possessions or territories or foreign countries or the District of Columbia, shall be considered by the Board on its merits, and the application evaluated for substantial compliance with respect to the requirements of the Idaho law related to experience, examination, and education. Graduates of programs accredited by organizations signatory to the “Washington Accord” and graduates from programs evaluated by ABET as being substantially equivalent to EAC/ABET programs shall be considered to have satisfied the educational requirement for issuance of a license as a professional engineer. A minimum of four (4) years of progressive experience after graduation with a bachelor of science degree is required for licensure. Individuals who have passed the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying (NCEES) examinations considered by the Board to be of comparable difficulty and duration as those utilized by the Board for professional engineering or professional land surveying shall be considered to have satisfied the examination requirement for issuance of a license as a professional engineer or professional land surveyor provided that land surveyor applicants also pass the Idaho specific professional land surveying examination. Prescriptive education requirements are as follows: (5-8-09)

a. Graduates from programs accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the ABET, Inc., (EAC/ABET), or graduates of university engineering programs accredited by official organizations in countries signatory to the Washington Accord, or graduates of engineering programs with coursework evaluated by the board.
as being substantially equivalent to EAC/ABET degrees, shall be considered to have satisfied the educational requirement for issuance of a license as a professional engineer.

(b) The Board may require an independent evaluation of the engineering education of an applicant who was educated outside the United States has a non-EAC/ABET accredited four (4) year bachelor degree. Such evaluation shall be done through an organization approved by the Board and shall be done at the expense of the applicant to ensure that they have completed the coursework requirements of Subsection 019.01.c. Such evaluation shall not be required if the applicant has been licensed in another jurisdiction of the United States for a minimum of ten (10) years and has not had any disciplinary action against them and there is none pending, and possesses the education, experience and examination credentials that were specified in the applicable registration chapter in effect in this state at the time such certification was issued. The Board may table action on the application pending receipt of the evaluation, and, in the event the applicant does not provide the evaluation within one (1) year, the Board may terminate the application, in which case the application fee shall be forfeited.

(c) An applicant who was originally licensed in another jurisdiction after June 30, 1996 and who has completed a four (4) year bachelor degree program in engineering not accredited by EAC/ABET or a four (4) year bachelor degree program in engineering technology, or in a related science degree program other than engineering must have completed the following before the Board will consider them to possess knowledge and skill approximating that attained through graduation from an approved four (4) year engineering curriculum as required by Section 54-1212(1)(b), Idaho Code:

i. Thirty-two (32) college semester credit hours of higher mathematics and basic sciences. The credits in mathematics must be beyond algebra and trigonometry and must emphasize mathematical concepts and principles rather than computation. Courses in calculus and differential equations are required. Additional courses may include linear algebra, numerical analysis, probability and statistics and advanced calculus. The credits in basic sciences must include courses in chemistry and calculus-based general physics with a minimum of a two (2) semester (or equivalent) sequence in one or the other. Additional basic sciences courses may include life sciences (biology), earth sciences (geology, ecology), and advanced chemistry or physics. Computer skills and/or programming courses may not be used to satisfy mathematics or basic science requirements. Basic engineering science courses or sequence of courses in this area are acceptable for credit but may not be counted twice.

ii. Sixteen (16) college credit hours in a general education component that complements the technical content of the curriculum. Examples of traditional courses in this area are philosophy, religion, history, literature, fine arts, sociology, psychology, political science, anthropology, economics, professional ethics, social responsibility. No more than six (6) credit hours of languages other than English or other than the applicant’s native language are acceptable for credit. English and foreign language courses in literature and civilization may be considered in this area. Courses which instill cultural values are acceptable, while routine exercises of personal craft are not.

iii. Forty-eight (48) college credit hours of engineering science and engineering design. Courses shall be taught within the college / faculty of engineering having their roots in mathematics and basic sciences but carry knowledge further toward creative application of engineering principles. Examples of approved engineering science courses are mechanics, thermodynamics, heat transfer, electrical and electronic circuits, materials science, transport phenomena, and computer science (other than computer programming skills). Courses in engineering design stress the establishment of objectives and criteria, synthesis, analysis, construction, testing, and evaluation. Graduate level engineering courses can be included to fulfill curricular requirements in this area. Engineering technology courses cannot be considered to meet engineering topic requirements.

(d) An applicant who was originally licensed in another jurisdiction after June 30, 2010 who has completed a four (4) year bachelor degree program in a related science must have completed a minimum of the following college level academic courses, or their equivalents as determined by the Board, before the Board will consider them to possess knowledge and skill approximating that attained through graduation from an approved four (4) year surveying curriculum as required by Section 54-1212(2)(b), Idaho Code, for licensure as a professional land surveyor:

i. Three (3) credits in Surveying Law and Boundary Descriptions;

ii. Three (3) credits in Route Surveying;
02. International Engineering Licensure Evaluation - Countries or Jurisdictions with Board Approved Licensure Process. The board may determine the professional engineering licensure process in other countries or jurisdictions within other countries is substantially equivalent to that required 54-1219 Idaho Code. As such, the board may waive prescriptive education and examination requirements if the applicant possesses a professional engineer license credential, attains a minimum of eight (8) years of experience after licensure, provided the applicant has no criminal or outstanding disciplinary action in any country or jurisdiction, and is in good standing with the licensing board within that country or jurisdiction. A bona fide licensing process in another country must include requirements of experience, education, testing, a code of professional responsibility, regulation of licensees including the ability take disciplinary action and the willingness, availability, and capacity of a foreign board to release information to the Idaho board in English.

03. International Engineering Licensure Evaluation - Countries or Jurisdictions without a Board Approved Licensure Process. Each application for an Idaho professional engineer license submitted by an applicant who is licensed as a professional engineer in one (1) or more foreign countries or jurisdictions within a country, shall be considered by the board on its merits, and the application evaluated for substantial compliance with the requirements of Idaho law with respect to experience, examination, and education. A minimum of four (4) years of progressive experience after graduation is required for licensure. The board will require two (2) years of experience working in the United States or two (2) years of experience working on projects requiring the knowledge and use of codes and standards similar to those utilized in the United States where the experience is validated by a professional engineer licensed in the United States. The board may postpone acting on or deny an application for a license by comity if disciplinary or criminal action related to the applicant’s practice has been taken or is pending in any country or jurisdiction. Applicants must have passed a professional engineering examination administered by NCEES. Applicants who meet the residency requirements of 54-1212, Idaho Code, may be assigned to an examination in Idaho only after four (4) years of experience after graduation from a program that meets the education requirements of the board. Prescriptive education requirements are as follows:

a. Graduates of engineering university programs accredited by official organizations in countries signatory to the Washington Accord or graduates of engineering university programs accredited by EAC/ABET or evaluated by the board as being substantially equivalent to EAC/ABET programs shall be considered to have satisfied the educational requirement for issuance of a license as a professional engineer.

b. The board may require an independent credentials evaluation of the engineering education of an applicant who was educated outside the United States whose university engineering program is not accredited by an official organization in countries signatory to the Washington Accord or has a non-EAC/ABET accredited engineering degree. Such evaluation shall be done through NCEES or another organization approved by the board and shall be done at the expense of the applicant.

c. The board may require an independent credentials evaluation of the education for an applicant who has completed a four (4) year bachelor degree program outside the United States in engineering technology, or in a related science degree program other than engineering and must demonstrate completion of the requirements of Subsection 019.01.c. before the Board will consider the applicant to possess the knowledge and skill approximating that attained through graduation from an approved four (4) year engineering curriculum as required by Section 54-
1212(1)(b), Idaho Code. Such evaluation shall be done through NCEES or another organization approved by the board and shall be done at the expense of the applicant.

04. Waiver of Prescriptive Engineering Licensure Evaluation for Unique International Expertise. The board may waive the prescriptive licensure evaluation requirements of 019.03 for international applicants who, in the board's opinion, are qualified by reason of education and experience and offer unique technical expertise, provided the licensee meets the requirements of 54-1219 Idaho Code.

025. Denials or Special Examinations. An application from a licensee of another state, possession or territory, District of Columbia, or foreign country may be denied by the Board for any just cause and the application fee retained; or the Board may approve the applicant for a special written and/or oral examination.

026. Business Entity Requirements. No application for a certificate of authorization to practice or offer to practice professional engineering or professional land surveying, or both, in Idaho by a business entity authorized to practice professional engineering or professional land surveying or both in one (1) or more states, territories or foreign countries shall be considered by the Board unless such application includes the name and address of the individual or individuals, duly licensed to practice professional engineering or professional land surveying or both in this state, who will be in responsible charge of the engineering or land surveying services, or both, as applicable, to be rendered by the business entity in Idaho. The said individual or individuals must certify or indicate to the Board their willingness to assume responsible charge.

020. BOARD QUORUM. (RESERVED)
For the conduct of official business at any Board meeting, a quorum shall be present. A quorum is construed and defined as being at least three (3) members of the Board legally holding office at the time of the meeting.
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-1208, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tuesday, August 12th, 2014, 9:00 a.m. (MDT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1510 E. Watertower Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meridian, Idaho 83642</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The amendment will correct an incorrect citation to 67-2320 Idaho Code, which is the law requiring public agencies use qualification based selection processes when soliciting engineering or land surveying services. The board intends that all provisions of the law be complied with, not just section 67-2320(2)(a), Idaho Code. The existing citation is ambiguous. The rule change clarifies the intent of the board.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no fee associated with this rule change.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact to the state general fund or the agency dedicated fund.


INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

There are no materials incorporated by reference.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Keith Simila, (208) 373-7210.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 12th day of June, 2014.
THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 10-0102-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

009. SOLICITATION OF WORK.

01. Commissions. A Licensee or Certificate Holder shall not pay or offer to pay, either directly or indirectly, any commission, gift or other valuable consideration in an effort to secure work, except to bona fide employees or bona fide established business enterprises retained by a Licensee or Certificate Holder for the purpose of securing business or employment. (5-8-09)

02. Representation of Qualifications. A Licensee or Certificate Holder shall not falsify or permit misrepresentation of his or his associates’ academic or professional qualifications, and shall not misrepresent or exaggerate the degree of responsibility in or for the subject matter of prior assignments. Brochures or other presentations incident to the solicitation of employment shall not misrepresent pertinent facts concerning employers, employees, associates, joint-venturers or his or their past accomplishments with the intent and purpose of enhancing qualifications for the work. The Licensee or Certificate Holder shall not indulge in publicity that is misleading. (5-8-09)

03. Assignment on Which Others Are Employed. A Licensee or Certificate Holder shall not knowingly seek or accept employment for professional services for an assignment which another Licensee or Certificate Holder is employed, or contracted to perform without the currently employed or contracted entity being informed in writing. (5-8-09)

04. Contingency Fee Contracts. A Licensee or Certificate Holder shall not accept an agreement, contract, or commission for professional services on a “contingency basis” which may compromise his professional judgment and shall not accept an agreement, contract or commission for professional services which includes provisions wherein the payment of fee involved is contingent on a “favorable” conclusion, recommendation or judgment. (5-8-09)

05. Selection on the Basis of Qualifications. A Licensee or Certificate Holder should seek professional employment or professional service work on the basis of qualifications and competence for proper accomplishment of the work assignment. On selections for professional engineering and land surveying services that are required pursuant to Section 67-2320, Idaho Code, a licensee or certificate holder, in response to solicitations described in Section 67-2320(2)(a), Idaho Code, shall not submit information that constitutes a bid for services requested. (5-8-09)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5220(1) and 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-1208, Idaho Code.

MEETING SCHEDULE: A public meeting on the negotiated rulemaking will be held as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tuesday, August 12th, 2014, 9:00 a.m. (MDT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1510 E Watertower Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meridian, Idaho 83642</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must do the following:

Attend the meeting and present your views and thoughts on the draft amendments or submit your views and thoughts in writing not later than August 27, 2014.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

The draft amendments will require surveyors to perpetuate historic corner record information on the Corner Perpetuation and Filing (CP&F) forms filed or recorded in the county courthouse in lieu of listing all corner record instrument numbers on the Record of Survey map. The reason for this change is that over time, the number of CP&F record filings are increasing, and there is insufficient room on the Record of Survey map to continue the practice of listing all corner record instrument numbers without creating a cluttered map that is less legible to read. Only the most current corner record instrument number is proposed for listing on the Record of Survey map. A concurrent law change to 55-1906, Idaho Code is proposed that is also necessary to complete this change.

CONTACT INFORMATION, WEB ADDRESS, ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking, contact Keith Simila, P.E., (208) 373-7210. Materials pertaining to the negotiated rulemaking, including any available preliminary rule drafts, can be found on the Board of Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors web site at the following web address: http://www.ipels.idaho.gov

All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 10th day of June, 2014.

Keith Simila, P.E., Executive Director
Board of Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors
1510 E. Watertower St.
Meridian, Idaho 83642
Telephone (208) 373-7210 / Fax (208) 373-7213
Email keith.simila@ipels.idaho.gov
IDAPA 11 - IDAHO STATE POLICE

11.11.01 - RULES OF THE IDAHO PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING COUNCIL

DOCKET NO. 11-1101-1401

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is June 5, 2014.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 19-5107, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rulemaking updates the list of disciplines trained and certified by POST that must meet the minimum standards for employment; adds language to clarify that the minimum standards for employment that may be waived by the POST Division Administrator shall either be waived by him or referred to the POST Council for consideration; removes a reference to Black’s Law Dictionary; and clarifies provisions in reference to moral turpitude and drug use.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Section 67-5226(1)(a), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

During the 2014 session, the Legislature approved POST Rule Docket 11-1101-1301 on the condition that a temporary rulemaking be submitted making slight modifications.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year: NA

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule is temporary, the rule is simple in nature, and representatives of the affected interests were involved in the drafting and approval of the rule.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Rory Olsen at (208) 884-7256.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 9th day of July, 2014.
050. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR EMPLOYMENT.  
Every peace, county detention, juvenile detention, misdemeanor probation, and juvenile probation officer and Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections direct care staff must meet the requirements in Sections 050 through 064.5. In situations where the POST Division Administrator has the authority to grant a waiver, but chooses not to, he must refer the application to the POST Council for consideration. (4-2-08) (6-5-14)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

054. CHARACTER.  

01. Moral Turpitude. The POST Council may take into consideration the commission of any act or offense involving moral turpitude to ensure an applicant is of good moral character and warrants the public trust. “Moral turpitude” is conduct that is contrary to justice, honesty, or morality. BLACK’S LAW DICTIONARY 1030 (8th ed. 2004). The purpose of this requirement is to prohibit persons who engage in dishonest, unprofessional, unethical, or immoral conduct from becoming law enforcement officers, and to protect against acts or conduct that might endanger the safety and welfare of the public. (3-20-14) (6-5-14)

02. Applicant May Be Rejected. An applicant may be rejected who has committed any unlawful act involving moral turpitude, even though the applicant has never been charged by a law enforcement agency for such act. Such an act can include, but is not limited to, an act involving fraud, larceny, or the intent to harm persons. Such an act can also encompass certain sexual acts or sex-related acts, such as rape, sexual assault, lewd conduct with a child, sexual abuse of a child or vulnerable adult, child pornography, bestiality, video voyeurism, and prostitution. (3-20-14) (6-5-14)

03. Applicant May Be Accepted. If an applicant committed any unlawful act involving moral turpitude, the applicant may be accepted upon approval of the POST Division Administrator, provided the applicant’s agency head, with knowledge of the facts and circumstances concerning the act, recommends approval. The POST Division Administrator shall have the discretion to refer the application to the POST Council. (3-20-14) (6-5-14)

055. DRUG USE.  

01. Marijuana. An applicant shall must be rejected who has used marijuana: (3-20-14)

  a. Within the past three (3) years; (3-20-14)
  b. While employed as a law enforcement officer, in a prosecutorial position, or in a position of public safety, regardless of when the use occurred; or (3-20-14)
  c. On a regular, confirmed basis within the past five (5) years. (3-20-14)
d. This prohibition includes use of cannabis, hashish, hash oil, and THC in both synthetic and natural forms.

02. Other Controlled Substances. An applicant shall must be rejected who has illegally used any Schedule I through Schedule VI controlled substance, as defined in Sections 37-2705 through 37-2713A, Idaho Code, excluding marijuana:

a. Within the past five (5) years;

b. While employed as a law enforcement officer, in a prosecutorial position, or in a position of public safety, regardless of when the illegal use occurred; or

c. On more than a minimal and experimental basis during the applicant’s lifetime.

03. Prescription Drugs. An applicant shall may be rejected who has unlawfully used any prescription drug or a legally obtainable controlled substance in a manner for which it was not intended within the past three (3) years.

04. Drug Trafficking, Manufacturing, and Related Offenses. Subject to the rules above regarding use of controlled substances, an applicant shall must be rejected who has violated any provision of:

a. The Idaho Uniform Controlled Substances Act, Section 37-2701 et seq., Idaho Code, including, but not limited to, the illegal sale or manufacture of a controlled substance or conspiring to illegally sell or manufacture a controlled substance; or

b. A comparable statute of another state or country.

c. Provided, however, that the POST Division Administrator may waive any misdemeanor conviction for violation of the Idaho Uniform Controlled Substances Act. The POST Division Administrator shall have the discretion to refer the application to the POST Council.

05. Juvenile Drug Offense Convictions. Any misdemeanor conviction of a drug offense prosecuted pursuant to Title 18, Chapter 15, Idaho Code, or a comparable statute of another state or country, shall not be a basis for rejection of an applicant. However, an applicant may be rejected who has been convicted of a felony drug offense prosecuted pursuant to Title 18, Chapter 15, Idaho Code. If an applicant has been convicted of such a felony drug offense, the applicant may be accepted upon approval of the POST Division Administrator, provided the applicant’s agency head, with knowledge of the facts and circumstances concerning the offense or violation, recommends approval. The POST Division Administrator shall have the discretion to refer the application to the POST Council.
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 19-5107, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rulemaking establishes a requirement for POST-certified instructors of Defensive Tactics, Firearms, and Emergency Vehicle Operations to update their training to remain current in their field of expertise by completing eight (8) hours of continuing instructor training every two years on use-of-force law, liability, and other instructor training specific to their topic area.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule is simple in nature and representatives of the affected interests were involved in the drafting and approval of the rule.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Rory Olsen at (208) 884-7256.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 10th day of July, 2014.

Kevin Johnson
Interim POST Division Administrator
Idaho State Police/Peace Officer Standards & Training
700 S. Stratford Dr.
Meridian, ID 83642
Phone (208) 884-7251
Fax (208) 884-7295
THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 11-1101-1402
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

256. RENEWAL.

01. Notification. At the end of the certification period, the POST Council shall will send notification to the instructor, provided the instructor still meets the qualifications for instructor certification.

02. Requirements. To renew the certification, the instructor shall must submit the following to POST Council:

   a. A teaching log indicating the instruction of at least one (1) class during the last certification period;
      (4-2-03)

   b. An updated lesson plan, if any changes have been made since it was last submitted; and (4-2-03)

   c. A firearms qualification score sheet witnessed by a current POST-certified firearms instructor other than the renewing instructor. The qualification course shall must be the POST Council-approved course pertinent to the topic the instructor is certified to teach. This requirement applies only to POST-certified firearms instructors who are renewing their firearms instructor certification. (4-7-11)

   d. Instructors shall must meet recertification requirements in compliance with Council and applicable industry standards. (4-7-11)

   e. In addition to the above subsections, instructors of topics related to Defensive Tactics, Firearms, and Emergency Vehicle Operations must complete a minimum of eight (8) hours of continuing instructor training every two (2) years, to include use of force law, liability, and further instructor training specific to the knowledge and skills to teach in the certified instructional topic area. (____)

   ef. Conducted Energy Device instructors shall must submit proof of successful completion of the manufacturer’s recertification requirements for each Conducted Energy Device they are POST-certified to instruct. (4-7-11)
EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2015 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. The pending rule becomes final and effective at the conclusion of the legislative session, unless the rule is approved, rejected, amended or modified by concurrent resolution in accordance with Section 67-5224 and 67-5291, Idaho Code. If the pending rule is acted on by concurrent resolution, the rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 23-206(b), Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the June 4, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-6, pages 54 through 58.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the pending rule, contact Jeffrey R. Anderson, Director, at (208) 947-9402.

DATED this 26th day of June, 2014.

Jeffrey R. Anderson, Director
Idaho State Liquor division
1349 Beechcraft Court
P. O. Box 179001
Boise, ID 83717-9001
Phone: (208) 947-9402
Fax: (208) 947-9401
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 39-3305, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

To ensure the health and safety of residents living in residential care or assisted living facilities, these rules providing the licensing requirements and standards of care are being updated. Assisted living facility operators have requested operational relief for some of the standards and requirements, and the Department has negotiated with these facilities to streamline its licensing process to meet best practice and current technology standards while maintaining the residents' health and safety. The changes add definitions, allow and provide the requirements and enforcement for a plan of operation for an administrator of multiple facilities, and provides options for facilities around availability of employees to work prior to receiving a Department criminal history clearance, while maintaining resident safety.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no anticipated fiscal impact to the state general fund or to any other funds due to this rulemaking.


INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: No materials are being incorporated by reference into these rules.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jamie Simpson at (208) 334-1962.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 14th day of August, 2014.

Tamara Prisock
DHW - Administrative Rules Unit
450 W. State Street - 10th Floor
P.O. Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0036
phone: (208) 334-5500
fax: (208) 334-6558
e-mail: dhwrules@dhw.idaho.gov
THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 16-0322-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

009. CRIMINAL HISTORY AND BACKGROUND CHECK REQUIREMENTS.

01. Criminal History and Background Check. A residential care or assisted living facility must complete a criminal history and background check on employees and contractors hired or contracted with after October 1, 2007, who have direct patient access to residents in the residential care or assisted living facility. The Department check conducted under IDAPA 16.05.06, “Criminal History and Background Checks,” satisfies this requirement. Other criminal history and background checks may be acceptable provided they meet the criteria in Subsection 009.02 of this rule and the entity conducting the check issues written findings. The entity must provide a copy of these written findings to both the facility and the employee. (3-26-08)

02. Scope of a Criminal History and Background Check. The criminal history and background check must, at a minimum, be fingerprint-based and include a search of the following record sources: (3-26-08)
   a. Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI); (3-26-08)
   b. Idaho State Police Bureau of Criminal Identification; (3-26-08)
   c. Sexual Offender Registry; (3-26-08)
   d. Office of Inspector General List of Excluded Individuals and Entities; and (3-26-08)
   e. Nurse Aide Registry. (3-26-08)

03. Availability to Work. Any direct patient access individual hired or contracted with on or after October 1, 2007, must self-disclose all arrests and convictions before having access to residents. (___)
   a. The individual is allowed to only work under supervision until the criminal history and background check is completed, unless: (___)
      i. The individual has completed an alternative criminal history and background check that includes a search of the record sources listed in Subsections 009.02.b. through 009.02.e. of this rule; and (___)
      ii. The facility determines there is no potential danger to residents. (___)
   b. This alternative criminal history and background check is only in effect until the Department has issued a clearance or denial based on the Department’s completed fingerprint based background check. (___)

04. Submission of Fingerprints. The individual’s fingerprints must be submitted to the entity conducting the criminal history and background check within twenty-one (21) days of his date of hire. (3-26-08)

05. New Criminal History and Background Check. An individual must have a criminal history and background check when: (3-26-08)
   a. Accepting employment with a new employer; and (3-26-08)
   b. His last criminal history and background check was completed more than three (3) years prior to his date of hire. (3-26-08)
06. Use of Previous Criminal History and Background Check. Any employer may use a previous criminal history and background check obtained under these rules if:

a. The individual has received a criminal history and background check within three (3) years of his date of hire; (3-26-08)

b. The employer has documentation of the criminal history and background check findings; (3-26-08)

c. The employer completes a state-only background check of the individual through the Idaho State Police Bureau of Criminal Identification; and (3-26-08)

d. No disqualifying crimes are found. (3-26-08)

07. Employer Discretion. The new employer, at its discretion, may require an individual to complete a criminal history and background check at any time, even if the individual has received a criminal history and background check within three (3) years of his date of hire. (3-26-08)

010. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS A THROUGH E.

01. Abuse. The non-accidental act of sexual, physical or mental mistreatment, or injury of a resident through the action or inaction of another individual. (3-30-06)

02. Accident. An unexpected, unintended event that can cause a resident injury. (3-30-06)

03. Activities. All organized and directed social and rehabilitative services a facility provides, arranges, or cooperates with. (3-30-06)

04. Activities of Daily Living. The performance of basic self-care activities in meeting an individual's needs to sustain him in a daily living environment, including bathing, washing, dressing, toileting, grooming, eating, communicating, continence, and mobility. (3-30-06)

05. Administrator. An individual, properly licensed by the Bureau of Occupational Licensing, who is responsible for day to day operation of a residential care or assisted living facility. (3-30-06)

06. Administrator Designee. An administrator's designee is a person authorized to act in the absence of the administrator and who is knowledgeable of facility operations, the residents and their needs, emergency procedures, the location and operation of emergency equipment and how the administrator can be reached in the event of an emergency. [ ]

07. Adult. A person who has attained the age of eighteen (18) years. (3-30-06)

08. Advance Directive. A written instruction, such as a living will or durable power of attorney for health care, recognized under State Law, whether statutory or as recognized by the courts of the State, and relates to the provision of medical care when the individual is unable to communicate. (3-30-06)

09. Advocate. An authorized or designated representative of a program or organization operating under federal or state mandate to represent the interests of a population group served by a facility. (3-30-06)

10. Ambulatory Person. A person who, unaided by any other person, is physically and mentally capable of walking a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs. (3-30-06)

11. Assessment. The conclusion reached using uniform criteria which identifies resident strengths, weaknesses, risks and needs, to include functional, medical and behavioral needs. (3-30-06)

12. Authentication. Proof of authorship. (3-30-06)
123. **Authorized Provider.** An individual who is a nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist or physician assistant. (3-30-06)

124. **Basement.** That portion of a building that is partly or completely below grade plane. A basement will be considered as a story above grade plane where the finished surface of the floor above the basement is: (1) More than six (6) feet (1829 mm) above grade plane; (2) More than six (6) feet (1829 mm) above the finished ground level for more than fifty percent (50%) of the total building perimeter; or (3) More than twelve (12) feet (3658 mm) above the finished ground level at any point. International Building Code-2003. (3-30-06)

145. **Behavioral Plan.** A written plan which decreases the frequency or intensity of maladaptive behaviors and increases the frequency of adaptive behaviors and introduces new skills. (3-30-06)

156. **Call System.** A signaling system whereby a resident can contact staff directly from their sleeping room, toilet room, and bathing area. The system may be voice communication; an audible or visual signal; and, may include wireless technology. The call system cannot be configured in such a way as to breach a resident’s right to privacy at the facility, including but not limited to, the resident’s living quarters, common areas, medical treatment and other services, written and telephonic communications, or in visits with family, friends, advocates, and resident groups. (3-29-10)

167. **Chemical Restraint.** A medication used to control behavior or to restrict freedom of movement and is not a standard treatment for the resident’s condition. (3-30-06)

178. **Client of the Department.** Any person who receives financial aid, or services, or both from an organized program of the Department. (3-30-06)

189. **Complaint.** A formal expression of dissatisfaction, discontent, or unhappiness by or on behalf of a resident concerning the care or conditions at the facility. This expression could be oral, in writing, or by alternative means of communication. (3-30-06)

1920. **Complaint Investigation.** A survey to investigate the validity of allegations of noncompliance with applicable state requirements. (3-30-06)

201. **Core Issue.** A core issue is any one (1) of the following: abuse; neglect; exploitation; inadequate care; a situation in which the facility has operated for more than thirty (30) days without a licensed administrator designated the responsibility for the day to day operations of the facility; inoperable fire detection or extinguishing systems with no fire watch in place pending the correction of the system; or surveyors denied access to records, residents or facilities. (3-30-06)

242. **Criminal Offense.** Any crime as defined in Section 18-111, Idaho Code, in 18 U.S.C. Section 4A1.2(o), and 18 U.S.C. Sections 1001 through 1027. (3-30-06)

223. **Deficiency.** A determination of non-compliance with a specific rule or part of a rule. (3-30-06)

244. **Dementia.** A chronic deterioration of intellectual function and other cognitive skills severe enough to interfere with the ability to perform activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living. (3-30-06)

245. **Department.** The Idaho Department of Health and Welfare. (3-30-06)

256. **Developmental Disability.** A developmental disability, as defined in Section 66-402, Idaho Code, means chronic disability of a person which appears before the age of twenty-two (22) years of age and:

a. Is attributable to an impairment, such as an intellectual disability, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, or other conditions found to be closely related to or similar to one (1) of these impairments that requires similar treatment or services, or is attributable to dyslexia resulting from such impairments; and (3-30-06)

b. Results in substantial functional limitations in three (3) or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care, receptive and expressive language, learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity of independent
living, or economic self-sufficiency; and

   c. Reflects the need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary or direct care, treatment or other services which are of life-long or extended duration and individually planned and coordinated.

267. Director. The Director of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or his designee.

268. Electronic Signature, E-Signature. The system for signing electronic documents by entering a unique code or password that verifies the identity of the person signing and creates an individual “signature” on the record.

269. Exit Conference. A meeting with the facility administrator or designee to: (1) provide review, discussion and written documentation of non-core issues (Punch List), and (2) to provide preliminary findings of core issues.

2690. Exploitation. The misuse of a resident's funds, property, resources, identity or person for profit or advantage, for example:

   a. Charging a resident for services or supplies not provided; or
   b. Charging a resident for services or supplies not disclosed in the written admission agreement between the resident and the facility.

011. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS F THROUGH M.

  01. Follow-Up Survey. A survey conducted to confirm that the facility is in compliance and has the ability to remain in compliance.

  02. Functional Abilities Assessment. An assessment of the resident's degree of independence with which the resident performs activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living.

  03. Governmental Unit. The state, any county, municipality, or other political subdivision or any Department, division, board, or other agency thereof.

  04. Grade Plane. A reference plane representing the average of finished ground level adjoining the building at exterior walls. Where the finished ground level slopes away from the exterior walls, the reference plane will be established by the lowest points within the area between the building and the lot line or, where the lot line is more that six (6) feet (1829 mm) from the building, between the building and a point six (6) feet (1829 mm) from the building. International Building Code - 2003.

  05. Hands On. Physical assistance to the resident beyond verbal prompting.

  06. Hourly Adult Care. Nonresident daily services and supervision provided by a facility to individuals who are in need of supervision outside of their personal residence for a portion of the day.

  07. Immediate Danger. Any resident is subject to an imminent or substantial danger.

  08. Inadequate Care. When a facility fails to provide the services required to meet the terms of the Negotiated Service Agreement, or provide for room, board, activities of daily living, supervision, first aid, assistance and monitoring of medications, emergency intervention, coordination of outside services, a safe living environment, or engages in violations of resident rights or takes residents who have been admitted in violation of the provisions of Section 39-3307, Idaho Code.

  09. Incident. An event that can cause a resident injury.

  10. Incident, Reportable. A situation when a facility is required to report information to the Licensing
1. Resident injuries of unknown origin. This includes any injury, the source of which was not observed by any person or the source of the injury could not be explained by the resident; or the injury includes severe bruising on the head, neck, or trunk, fingerprint bruises anywhere on the body, laceration, sprains, or fractured bones. Minor bruising and skin tears on the extremities need not be reported. (3-30-06)

b. Resident injury resulting from accidents involving facility-sponsored transportation. Examples: falling from the facility’s van lift, wheel chair belt coming loose during transport, or an accident with another vehicle. (3-30-06)

c. Resident elopement of any duration. Elopement is when a resident who is unable to make sound decisions physically leaves the facility premises without the facility’s knowledge. (3-30-06)

d. An injury due to resident-to-resident incident. (3-30-06)

e. An incident that results in the resident’s need for hospitalization, treatment in a hospital emergency room, fractured bones, IV treatment, dialysis, or death. (3-30-06)

11. Independent Mobility. A resident’s ability to move about freely of their own choice with or without the assistance of a mobility device such as a wheelchair, cane, crutches, or walker. (3-30-06)

12. Instrumental Activities of Daily Living. The performance of secondary level of activities that enables a person to live independently in the community, including preparing meals, access to transportation, shopping, laundry, money management, housework, and medication management. (3-30-06)

13. Legal Guardian or Conservator. A court-appointed individual who manages the affairs or finances or both of another who has been found to be incapable of handling his own affairs. (3-30-06)

14. License. A permit to operate a facility. (3-30-06)

15. Licensing and Certification Unit. The section of the Department’s Division of Licensing and Certification is responsible for licensing and surveying residential care or assisted living facilities. In this chapter of rules, “Licensing and Certification Unit” and “Licensing and Survey Agency” are synonymous. (3-20-10)

16. Medication. Any substance or drug used to treat a disease, condition, or symptom, which may be taken orally, injected, or used externally and is available through prescription or over-the-counter. (3-30-06)

17. Medication Administration. It is a process where a prescribed medication is given to a resident by one (1) of several routes by licensed nurses. (3-30-06)

18. Medication Assistance. The process whereby a non-licensed care provider is delegated tasks by a licensed nurse to aid a person who cannot independently self-administer medications. IDAPA 23.01.01. “Rules of the Idaho State Board of Nursing,” Section 010. (3-30-06)

19. Medication Dispensing. The act of filling, labeling and providing a prescribed medication to a resident. (3-30-06)

20. Medication, Self-Administration. The act of a resident taking a single dose of his own medication from a properly labeled container and placing it internally in, or externally on, his own body as a result of an order by a authorized provider. (3-30-06)

21. Mental Disorders. Health conditions that are characterized by alterations in thinking, mood or behavior (or some combination thereof), that are all mediated by the brain and associated with distress and or impaired functioning. (3-30-06)

22. Mental Illness. Refers collectively to all diagnosable mental disorders. (3-30-06)
23. **Monitoring Visit.** A visit by a representative of the Licensing and Certification Unit for the purpose of assuring residents are not in immediate danger. (3-29-10)

24. **Neglect.** Failure to provide food, clothing, shelter, or medical care necessary to sustain the life and health of a resident. (3-30-06)

25. **Negotiated Service Agreement.** The plan reached by the resident and/or their representative and the facility based on the assessment, physician or authorized provider's orders, admission records, and desires of the resident, and which outlines services to be provided and the obligations of the facility and the resident. (3-30-06)

26. **Non-Core Issue.** Any finding of deficiency that is not a core issue. (3-30-06)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

110. **FACILITY LICENSE APPLICATION.**

   **01. Facility License.** License application forms are available upon written request or online at the Licensing and Survey Agency’s website at http://www.facilitystandards.idaho.gov. The applicant must provide the following information: (3-30-06)

   a. A written statement that the applicant has thoroughly read and reviewed the statute, Title 39, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 16.03.22, “Rules for Residential Care or Assisted Living Facilities in Idaho,” and is prepared to comply with both; (3-30-06)

   b. The applicant must provide a written statement and documentation that demonstrates no license revocation or other disciplinary enforcement action has been taken or is in the process of being taken, against a license held or previously held by the entity applicant in Idaho or any other state or jurisdiction; (3-30-06)

   c. When the applicant is a firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, corporation, government entity, or company, the administrator and other members of the organization who provide direct resident care or who directly influence the facility’s operation must provide the information contained in Subsections 110.01.a. and 110.01.b. of these rules. (3-30-06)

   d. Each shareholder or investor holding ten percent (10%) or more interest in the business must be listed on the application; (3-30-06)

   e. A copy of the Certificate of Assumed Business Name from Secretary of State of Idaho; (3-30-06)

   f. A statement from the local fire authority that the facility is located in a lawfully constituted fire district or affirmation that a lawfully constituted fire authority will respond to a fire at the facility; (3-30-06)

   g. A statement from a licensed electrician or the local or state electrical inspector that all wiring in the facility complies with current electrical codes; (3-30-06)

   h. When the facility does not use an approved municipal water or sewage treatment system, a statement from a local environmental health specialist with the public health district indicating that the water supply and sewage disposal system meet the Department's requirements and standards; (3-30-06)

   i. A complete set of printed operational policies and procedures as described in Sections 150 through 162 of these rules. (3-30-06)

   j. A detailed floor plan of the facility, including measurements of all rooms, or a copy of architectural drawings must be submitted for evaluation by the Licensing and Survey Agency. See Sections 250-260, 400-410, and
430 of these rules. (3-30-06)

k. A copy of the Purchase Agreement, Lease Agreement, or Deed. (3-30-06)

l. For facilities with nine (9) beds or more, signatures must be obtained from the following: (3-30-06)

i. The local zoning official documenting that the facility meets local zoning codes for occupancy; (3-30-06)

ii. The local building official documenting that the facility meets local building codes for occupancy; and (3-30-06)

iii. The local fire official documenting that the facility meets local fire codes for occupancy. (3-30-06)

02. **Written Request for Building Evaluation.** The applicant must request in writing to the Licensing and Survey Agency for a building evaluation of existing buildings. The request must include the physical address of the building that is to be evaluated; the name, address, and telephone number of the person who is to receive the building evaluation report. (3-30-06)

03. **Building Evaluation Fee.** This application and request must be accompanied by a five hundred dollar ($500) initial building evaluation fee. (3-30-06)

04. **Identification of the Licensed Administrator.** The applicant must provide the following information for the licensed administrator:

a. A copy of the administrator license; (3-30-06)

b. A current primary residence of the administrator. (3-30-06)

05. **Failure to Complete Application Process.** Failure of the applicant to complete the Licensing and Survey Agency's application process within six (6) months, of the original date of application, may result in a denial of the application. If the application is denied the applicant is required to initiate a second licensing process. (3-30-06)

111. -- 114. (RESERVED)

115. **EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL OF LICENSE.**

01. **Application for License Renewal.** The facility must submit a Licensing and Survey Agency application for renewal of a license at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of the existing license. (3-30-06)

02. **Existing License.** The existing license, unless suspended, surrendered, or revoked, remains in force and effect until the Licensing and Survey Agency has acted upon the application renewal, when such application for renewal has been filed. (3-30-06)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

126. **EFFECT OF ENFORCEMENT ACTION AGAINST A LICENSE.** The Department will not review an application of an applicant who has an action, either current or in process, against a license held by the applicant either in Idaho or any other state or jurisdiction. (3-30-06)

1267. -- 129. (RESERVED)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)
152.  ADMISSION POLICIES.

01.  Admissions. Each facility must develop written admission policies and procedures. The written admission policy must include:

a.  The purpose, quantity and characteristics of available services;  

b.  Any restrictions or conditions imposed because of religious or philosophical reasons.  

c.  Limitations concerning delivery of routine personal care by persons of the opposite gender.  

d.  Notification of any residents who are on the sexual offender registry and who live in the facility. The registry may be accessed online at http://isp.idaho.gov/sor_id/search.html.  

e.  Appropriateness of placement to meet the needs of the resident, when there are non resident adults or children residing in the facility.  

02.  Fee Description. A written description of how fees will be handled by the facility.  

03.  Resident Funds Policies. When a resident's funds are deposited with the facility or administrator, the facility must manage the residents' funds as provided in Sections 39-3316 (1), (5) & (6), Idaho Code, and Section 505 and Subsections 550.05 and 550.06 of these rules. Each facility must develop written policies and procedures outlining how residents' funds will be handled.

a.  A statement if the facility does not manage resident funds.  

b.  If the facility manages resident funds, how funds are handled and safeguarded.  

04.  Resident Admission, Discharge, and Transfer. The facility must have policies addressing admission, discharge, and transfer of residents to, from, or within the facility.  

05.  Policies of Acceptable Admissions. Written descriptions of the conditions for admitting residents to the facility must include:

a.  A resident will be admitted or retained only when the facility has the capability, capacity, and services to provide appropriate care, or the resident does not require a type of service for which the facility is not licensed to provide or which the facility does not provide or arrange for, or if the facility does not have the personnel, appropriate in numbers and with appropriate knowledge and skills to provide such services;  

b.  No resident will be admitted or retained who requires ongoing skilled nursing or care not within the legally licensed authority of the facility. Such residents include:

i.  A resident who has a gastrostomy tube, arterial-venous (AV) shunts, or supra-pubic catheter inserted within the previous twenty-one (21) days;  

ii.  A resident who is receiving continuous total parenteral nutrition (TPN) or intravenous (IV) therapy;  

iii.  A resident who requires physical restraints, including bed rails, an exception is a chair with locking wheels or chair in which the resident can not get out of;  

iv.  A resident who is comatose, except for a resident who has been assessed by a physician or authorized provider who has determined that death is likely to occur within fourteen (14) to thirty (30) days;
v. A resident who is on a mechanically supported breathing system, except for residents who use CPAP (continuous positive airway pressure) devices only for sleep apnea, such as CPAP or BiPAP;

vi. A resident who has a tracheotomy who is unable to care for the tracheotomy independently;

vii. A resident who is fed by a syringe;

viii. A resident with open, draining wounds for which the drainage cannot be contained;

ix. A resident with a Stage III or IV pressure ulcer;

x. A resident with any type of pressure ulcer or open wound that is not improving bi-weekly;

xi. A resident who has MRSA (methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus) in an active stage (infective stage).

c. For any resident who has needs requiring a nurse, the facility must assure a licensed nurse is available to meet the needs of the resident.

d. A resident will not be admitted or retained who has physical, emotional, or social needs that are not compatible with the other residents in the facility;

e. A resident that is violent or a danger to himself or others;

f. Any resident requiring assistance in ambulation must reside on the first story unless the facility complies with Sections 401 through 404 of these rules;

g. Residents who are not capable of self evacuation must not be admitted or retained by a facility which does not comply with the NFPA Standard #101, “Life Safety Code, 2000 Edition, Chapter 33, Existing Residential Board and Care Impracticable Evacuation Capability;” and

h. Until July 1, 2010, Waivered Level 3 Small Facilities will be exempt from complying with the requirements under Subsection 152.05 g. of this rule, including the requirement to have at least a residential fire sprinkler system. On July 1, 2010, all Waivered Level 3 Small Facilities that admit or retain residents who are incapable of self evacuation will be required to comply with the requirements under Subsection 152.05 g. of this rule. This includes being equipped with at least an operable residential fire sprinkler system. Any facility sold prior to July 1, 2010, must meet the requirements under Subsection 403.03 of these rules before a new license will be issued.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

215. REQUIREMENTS FOR A FACILITY ADMINISTRATOR.

Each facility must be organized and administered under one (1) licensed administrator assigned as the person responsible for the operation of the facility. Multiple facilities under one (1) administrator may be allowed by the Department based on an approved plan of operation described in Section 216 of these rules.

01. Administrator Responsibility. The administrator is responsible for assuring that policies and procedures required in Title 39, Chapter 33, Idaho Code and IDAPA 16.03.22, “Residential Care or Assisted Living Facilities in Idaho” are implemented.

02. Availability of Administrator. The facility's administrator must be on site sufficiently to provide for safe and adequate care of the residents to meet the terms in the Negotiated Service Agreement. The facility's
administrator or his designee must be available to be on-site at the facility within two (2) hours. (3-30-06)

03. Thirty Day Operation Limit. The facility may not operate for more than thirty (30) days without a licensed administrator. (3-30-06)

04. Representation of Residents. The owner or administrator, his their relatives, or employees cannot act as or seek to become the legal guardian of, or have power of attorney for any resident. Specific limited powers of attorney to address emergency procedures where competent consent cannot otherwise be obtained are permitted. (3-30-06)

05. Responsibility for Acceptable Admissions. The administrator must assure that no resident is knowingly admitted or retained who requires care as defined in Section 39-3307, Idaho Code, and Subsection 152.05 of these rules. (3-30-06)

06. Sexual Offender. The administrator must assure that a non-resident on the sexual offender registry is not allowed to live or work in the facility. The registry may be accessed online at http://isp.idaho.gov/sor_id/search.html. (3-30-06)

07. Notification of Adult Protection and Law Enforcement. The administrator must assure that adult protection and law enforcement are notified in accordance with Section 39-5310, Idaho Code. (3-30-06)

08. Procedures for Investigations. The administrator must assure the facility procedures for investigation of incidents, accidents, and allegations of abuse, neglect, or exploitation are implemented to assure resident safety. (3-30-06)

09. Identify and Monitor Patterns of Incidents and Accidents. The administrator must identify and monitor patterns related to incidents and accidents and develop interventions to prevent recurrences. (3-30-06)

10. Notification of Reportable Incidents. The administrator must assure notification to the Licensing and Certification Unit of reportable incidents. (3-29-10)

101. Administrator’s Designee. A person authorized in writing to act in the absence of the administrator and who is knowledgeable of facility operations, the residents and their needs, emergency procedures, the location and operation of emergency equipment, and how the administrator can be reached in the event of an emergency. An administrator’s designee may act in the absence of the administrator for no longer than thirty (30) consecutive days when the administrator:

a. Is on vacation; (3-30-06)

b. Has days off; (3-30-06)

c. Is ill; or (3-30-06)

d. Is away for training or meetings. (3-30-06)

102. Ability to Reach Administrator or Designee. The administrator or his designee must be reachable and available at all times. (3-30-06)

123. Minimum Age of Personnel. The administrator will assure that no personnel providing hands-on care or supervision services will be under eighteen (18) years of age unless they have completed a certified nursing assistant (CNA) certification course. (3-30-06)

124. Notification to Licensing and Certification Unit. The facility must notify the Licensing and Certification Unit, in writing, within three (3) business days of a change of administrator. (3-29-10)

216. REQUIREMENTS FOR A MULTIPLE FACILITY ADMINISTRATOR.
Each facility must have a Department approved plan of operation to have one (1) administrator assigned as the person responsible for the operation of multiple facilities.

01. Approved Plan of Operation. Under Section 39-3321, Idaho Code, multiple facilities under one (1) administrator may be approved when the following is provided in the plan of operation:

a. The multiple facility administrator must provide proof of a current license in Idaho with no actions or pending actions taken against licensee;

b. The plan must provide for full-time on-site supervision by trained and experienced staff, including:

i. Who is responsible for on-site management of each facility when administrator is not on-site; and

ii. How each individual responsible for on-site management of each facility is qualified to perform those duties.

02. Facility Change To An Approved Plan of Operation. A new plan of operation must be submitted to the Department and approved before any facility in the plan is changed.

03. Number of Facilities or Beds Allowed Under One Administrator. Based on an approved plan of operation, the Department will allow one (1) licensed administrator to oversee:

a. Up to three (3) facilities when each of the facilities has sixteen (16) beds or fewer;

b. Two (2) facilities when either of the facilities has more than sixteen (16) beds but less than fifty (50) beds, and the combined number of beds for both facilities cannot exceed eighty (80) beds; or

c. One (1) facility with fifty (50) beds or more. A plan of operation for a multiple facility administrator will not be approved for a facility with fifty (50) beds or more.

04. No Unresolved Core Issues. None of the multiple facilities operated under one (1) administrator can have any unresolved core issue deficiencies described in Section 010 of these rules. The administrator approved to oversee more than one (1) facility must have an established record of compliance, which includes:

a. No repeat deficiencies;

b. No enforcement actions;

c. A history of submitting acceptable plans of corrections within the time frame established in Subsection 130.08 of these rules;

d. A history of submitting acceptable evidence of resolution of deficiencies within the time frame established in Subsection 130.09 of these rules; and

e. The administrator’s record must show that he has two (2) years or more of experience working as a licensed residential care administrator in Idaho.

05. Administrator Hours On-site in Each Facility. The administrator must be on-site at each facility for at least:

a. Ten (10) hours per week in facilities with fewer than sixteen (16) beds;

b. Fifteen (15) hours per week in facilities with more than (16) beds; and

c. Each facility’s record must include documentation of the number of hours per week the
Administrator is on-site. For each week the Administrator is not on-site, the documentation must include the reasons for his absence such as illness, vacation, or training. (____)

06. Administrator Response Time for Each Facility. A multiple facility administrator must not have a primary residence more than seventy-five (75) miles from any of the facilities. Each facility with a multiple facility administrator must be within two (2) hours driving distance from each other. (____)

07. On-Site Supervision in Each Facility. The plan of operation must include full-time on-site supervision by trained and experienced staff. (____)

08. Dually Licensed Administrator. A skilled nursing facility and an assisted living facility with less than fifty (50) beds may have a multiple facility administrator with an approved plan of operation. A dually licensed administrator, who is licensed in Idaho as both a Nursing Home Administrator and a Residential Care Facility Administrator, may be approved as a multiple facility administrator only when the two (2) facilities are on the same property or campus. (____)

217. RESCIND APPROVAL FOR MULTIPLE FACILITY ADMINISTRATOR.

01. Rescind Plan of Operation Approval. When the conditions in the approved plan of operation are not met, the ability to have one (1) administrator for multiple facilities will be rescinded by the Department. (____)

02. Reasons for Rescission or Denial of a Multiple Facility Administrator. Any and all facilities with a multiple facility administrator included in its approved plan of operation that receives repeat deficiencies, enforcement actions, or fails to submit acceptable plans of correction and evidence of resolution within the time frames established in Subsections 130.08 and 130.09 of these rules, may have its multiple facility administrator approval rescinded. (____)

03. Rescission Review of Department Action. When the facility disagrees with the reasons for the rescission of the ability to have a multiple facility administrator, the administrator can request a rescission review. This request does not stay the rescission. The request must:

a. Be in writing; (____)

b. Be received within fourteen (14) days of the date the Department's rescission letter was issued; and (____)

c. State the specific reasons for disagreement with the Department's rescission action. (____)

04. Review Decision. Within thirty (30) days from the date the review request is received, the Department will review and issue a decision. This decision is not appealable. (____)

216—218. (RESERVED)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

221. REQUIREMENTS FOR TERMINATION OF ADMISSION AGREEMENT.

01. Conditions for Termination of the Admission Agreement. The admission agreement cannot be terminated, except under the following conditions: (3-30-06)

a. Giving the other party thirty (30) calendar days written notice for any reason; (3-30-06)

b. The resident's death; (3-30-06)

c. Emergency conditions that requires the resident to be transferred to protect the resident or other...
residents in the facility from harm;

d. The resident's mental or medical condition deteriorates to a level requiring care as described in Section 33-3307, Idaho Code, and Subsection 152.05 of these rules;

e. Nonpayment of the resident's fees;

f. When the facility can not meet resident needs due to changes in services, in house or contracted, or inability to provide the services; or

g. Other written conditions as may be mutually established between the resident, the resident's legal guardian or conservator and the administrator of the facility at the time of admission.

02. Facility Responsibility During Resident Discharge. The facility is responsible to assist the resident with transfer by providing a list of skilled nursing facilities, other residential care or assisted living facilities, and certified family homes that may meet the needs of the resident.

03. Resident’s Appeal of Involuntary Discharge. A resident may appeal all discharges with the exception of an involuntary discharge in the case of non-payment, emergency conditions that require the resident to be transferred to protect the resident or other residents in the facility from harm.

a. Before a facility discharges a resident, the facility must notify the resident, and if known, a family member, or his legal representative of the discharge and the reasons for the discharge.

b. This notice must be in writing and in a language and manner the resident or his representative can understand.

04. Written Notice of Discharge. The written notice of discharge must include the following:

a. The reason for the discharge;

b. Effective date of the discharge;

c. A statement that the resident has the right to appeal the discharge to the Department within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of written notice of discharge;

d. The name and address of where the appeal must be submitted;

e. The name, address, and telephone number of the local ombudsman, for residents sixty (60) years of age or older; and

f. The name, address and telephone number of Disability Rights Idaho, for residents with developmental disabilities or mental illness.

g. If the resident fails to pay fees to the facility, as agreed to in the admission agreement, during the discharge appeal process, the resident's appeal of the involuntary discharge becomes null and void and the discharge notice applies.

h. When the notice does not contain all the above required information, the notice is void and must be reissued.

05. Receipt of Appeal. Request for an appeal must be received by the Department within thirty (30) calendar days of the resident's or resident's representative's receipt of written notice of discharge to stop the discharge before it occurs.
305. LICENSED PROFESSIONAL NURSE RESPONSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.
The licensed professional nurse must assess and document, including date and signature, for each resident as described in Subsections 305.01 through 305.08 of these rules. (3-30-06)

01. Resident Response to Medications and Therapies. Conduct a nursing assessment of each resident’s response to medications and prescribed therapies. (3-30-06)

02. Current Medication Orders and Treatment Orders. Assure the residents’ medication and treatment orders are current by verifying:

a. That the medication listed on the medication distribution container, including over-the-counter medications as appropriate, are consistent with physician or authorized provider orders.

b. That the physician or authorized provider orders related to therapeutic diets, treatments, and medications for each resident are followed; and

c. A copy of the actual written, signed and dated orders must be present in each resident’s care record. (3-30-06)

03. Resident Health Status. Conduct a nursing assessment of the health status of each resident by identifying symptoms of illness, or any changes in mental or physical health status. (3-30-06)

04. Recommendations. Make recommendations to the administrator regarding any medication needs, other health needs requiring follow up, or changes needed to the Negotiated Service Agreement. (3-30-06)

05. Progress of Previous Recommendations. Conduct a review and follow-up of the progress on previous recommendations made to the administrator regarding any medication needs or other health needs that require follow up. Report to the attending physician or authorized provider and state agency if recommendations for care and services are not implemented that have affected or have the potential to affect the health and safety of residents. (3-30-06)

06. Self-Administered Medication. Conduct an initial nursing assessment on each resident participating in a self-administered medication program as follows: (3-30-06)

a. Before the resident can self-administer medication to assure resident safety; and (3-30-06)

b. Evaluate the continued validity of the assessment to assure the resident is still capable to safely continue the self-administered medication for the next ninety (90) days. (3-30-06)

07. Medication Interactions and Usage. Conduct a review of the resident’s use of all prescribed and over-the-counter medications for side effects, interactions, abuse or a combination of these adverse effects. The nurse must notify the resident’s physician or authorized provider of any identified concerns. (3-30-06)

08. Resident and Facility Staff Education. Assess, document and recommend any health care related educational needs, for both the resident and facility staff, as the result of the assessment or at the direction of the resident’s health care provider. (3-30-06)

306. -- 309. (RESERVED)

310. REQUIREMENTS FOR MEDICATION.

01. Medication Distribution System. Each facility must use medi-sets or blister packs for prescription medications. The facility may use multi-dose medication distribution systems that are provided for resident’s receiving medications from the Veterans Administration or Railroad benefits. The medication system must be filled
by a pharmacist and appropriately labeled in accordance with pharmacy standards and physician or authorized provider instructions. A licensed nurse may fill medi-sets, blister packs, or other Licensing and Survey Agency approved system as provided in Section 39-3326, Idaho Code and Section 157 of these rules. (3-30-06)

- All medications will be kept in a locked area such as a locked box or room; (3-30-06)

- Poisons, toxic chemicals, and cleaning agents will be stored in separate locked areas apart from medications, such as a locked medication cart, locked box or room; (3-30-06)

- Biologics and other medications requiring cold storage will be refrigerated. A covered container in a home refrigerator will be considered to be satisfactory storage if the temperature is maintained at thirty-eight to forty-five degrees (38-45°F) Fahrenheit. The temperature will be monitored and documented on a daily basis; (3-30-06)

- Assistance with medication must comply with the Board of Nursing requirements; (3-30-06)

- Each prescription medication must be given to the resident directly from the medi-set, blister pack or medication container; and (3-30-06)

- Each resident must be observed taking the medication. (3-30-06)

02. Unused Medication. Unused, discontinued, or outdated medications cannot accumulate at the facility for longer than thirty (30) days. The unused medication must be disposed of in a manner that assures it cannot be retrieved. The facility may enter into agreement with a pharmacy to return unused, unopened medications to the pharmacy for proper disposition and credit. See IDAPA 16.03.09, “Medicaid Basic Plan Benefits,” Sections 664 and 665, and IDAPA 27.01.01, “Rules of the Idaho Board of Pharmacy.” A written record of all drug disposals must be maintained in the facility and include:

- A description of the drug, including the amount; (3-30-06)

- Name of resident for prescription medication; (3-30-06)

- The reason for disposal; (3-30-06)

- The method of disposal; (3-30-06)

- The date of disposal; and (3-30-06)

- Signatures of responsible facility personnel and witness. (3-30-06)

03. Controlled Substances. The facility must track all controlled substances entering the facility in accordance with Title 37, Chapter 27, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 27.01.01, “Rules of the Idaho Board of Pharmacy,” Section 495, and IDAPA 23.01.01, “Rules of the Idaho Board of Nursing Rules,” Section 490. (3-30-06)

04. Psychotropic or Behavior Modifying Medication. (3-30-06)

- Psychotropic or behavior modifying medication intervention must not be the first resort to address behaviors. The facility must attempt non-drug interventions to assist and redirect the resident’s behavior. (3-30-06)

- Psychotropic or behavior modifying medications must be prescribed by a physician or authorized provider. (3-30-06)

- The facility will monitor the resident to determine continued need for the medication based on the resident’s demonstrated behaviors. (3-30-06)

- The facility will monitor the resident for any side effects that could impact the resident’s health and safety. (3-30-06)
e. The use of psychotropic or behavior modifying medications must be reviewed by the physician or authorized provider at least every six (6) months. The facility must provide behavior updates to the physician or authorized provider to help facilitate an informed decision on the continuing use of the psychotropic or behavior modifying medication. (3-30-06)

335. REQUIREMENTS FOR INFECTION CONTROL.
The administrator is responsible for assuring that infection control policy and procedure are implemented. (3-30-06)

01. Implementation of Policies. Staff must implement facility policy and procedure. (3-30-06)

02. Staff With Infectious Disease. Staff with an infectious disease must not work until the infectious stage is corrected or must be reassigned to a work area where contact with others is not expected and likelihood of transmission of infection is absent. (3-30-06)

03. Universal Standard Precautions. Universal Standard Precautions must be used in the care of residents to prevent transmission of infectious disease according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines. These guidelines may be accessed on the CDC website at http://www.cdc.gov/hai/. (3-30-06)

04. Reporting of Individual With Infectious Disease. The name of any resident or facility personnel with a reportable disease listed in IDAPA 16.02.10, “Idaho Reportable Diseases,” will be reported immediately to the local Health District authority and appropriate infection control procedures must be immediately implemented as directed by that local health authority. (3-30-06)

350. REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING ACCIDENTS, INCIDENTS, OR COMPLAINTS.
The administrator must assure that the facilities policies and procedures are implemented. (3-30-06)

01. Notification of Accidents, Incidents, and Complaints. The administrator or person designated by the administrator must be notified of all accidents, incidents, reportable, or complaints according to the facility’s policies and procedures. (3-30-06)

02. Administrator or Designee Investigation Within Thirty Days. The administrator or designee must complete an investigation and written report of the finding within thirty (30) calendar days for each accident, incident, complaint, or allegation of abuse, neglect or exploitation. (3-30-06)

03. Resident Protection. Any resident involved must be protected during the course of the investigation. (3-30-06)

04. Written Response to Complaint Within Thirty Days. The person making the complaint must receive a written response from the facility of the action taken to resolve the matter or reason why no action was taken within thirty (30) days of the complaint. (3-30-06)

05. Facility Notification to Appropriate Agencies. The facility must notify the Idaho Commission on Aging or its Area Agencies on Aging, and law enforcement in accordance with Section 39-5303, Idaho Code. (3-30-06)

06. Corrective Action for Known Allegations. When an allegation of abuse, neglect or exploitation is known by the facility, corrective action must be immediately taken and monitored to assure the problem does not recur. (3-30-06)
07. Notification of Licensing and Survey Agency Within Twenty-Four Hours. When a reportable incident occurs, the administrator or designee must notify the Licensing and Survey Agency within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. (3-30-06)

08. Identify and Monitor Patterns. The administrator or person designated by the administrator must identify and monitor patterns of accidents, incidents, or complaints to assure the facility’s policies and procedures protect the safety of the residents.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

600. REQUIREMENTS FOR STAFFING STANDARDS.

01. On-Duty Staff During Residents' Sleeping Hours for Facilities of Fifteen Beds or Less. For facilities licensed for fifteen (15) beds or less, there must be at least one (1), or more qualified and trained staff, up, awake, and immediately available, in the facility during resident sleeping hours. If any resident has been assessed as having night needs or is incapable of calling for assistance staff must be up and awake. (3-30-06)

02. On-Duty Staff Up and Awake During Residents' Sleeping Hours for Facilities Licensed for Sixteen Beds or More. For facilities licensed for sixteen (16) beds or more, qualified and trained staff must be up and awake and immediately available, in the facility during resident sleeping hours. (3-30-06)

03. Detached Buildings or Units. Facilities with residents housed in detached buildings or units, must have at least one (1) staff present, and available in each building or unit when residents are present in the building or unit. The facility must also assure that each building or unit complies with the requirements for on-duty staff during resident sleeping hours to be up, awake, and immediately available in accordance with the facility's licensed bed capacity as provided in Subsections 600.01 and 600.02 of these rules. The Licensing and Survey Agency will consider a variance based on the facility's written submitted plan of operation. (3-30-06)

04. Mental Health Bed Contract Facility. Facilities that have entered into a Mental Health Bed contract with the Department must be staffed with at least one (1) staff up and awake at night to assure the safety of all residents. (3-30-06)

05. Supervision. The administrator must provide supervision for all personnel to include contract personnel. Staff who have not completed the orientation training requirements must work under the supervision of a staff who has completed the orientation training. (3-30-06)

06. Sufficient Personnel. The facility will employ and the administrator will schedule sufficient personnel to:

a. Provide care, during all hours, required in each resident's Negotiated Service Agreement, to assure residents' health, safety, comfort, and supervision, and to assure the interior and exterior of the facility is maintained in a safe and clean manner; and

b. To provide for at least one (1) direct care staff with certification in first aid and cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) in the facility at all times. Facilities with multiple buildings or units will have at least one (1) direct care staff with certification in first aid and CPR in each building or each unit at all times. (3-30-06)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

625. ORIENTATION TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.

01. Number of Hours of Training. A minimum of sixteen (16) hours of job-related orientation training must be provided to all new personnel before they are allowed to provide unsupervised personal assistance to
02. **Timeline for Completion of Training.** All orientation training must be completed within thirty (30) days of hire. (3-30-06)

03. **Content for Training.** Orientation training must include the following:

   a. The philosophy of residential care or assisted living and how it guides care giving; (3-30-06)
   b. Resident Rights; (3-30-06)
   c. Cultural awareness; (3-30-06)
   d. Providing assistance with activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living; (3-30-06)
   e. How to respond to emergencies; (3-30-06)
   f. Documentation associated with resident care needs and the provision of care to meet those needs; (3-30-06)
   g. Identifying and reporting changes in residents’ health and mental condition or both; (3-30-06)
   h. Documenting and reporting adverse outcomes (such as resident falls, elopement, lost items); (3-30-06)
   i. Advance Directives and do not resuscitate (DNR) orders; (3-30-06)
   j. Relevant policies and procedures; (3-30-06)
   k. The role of the Negotiated Service Agreement; and (3-30-06)
   l. All staff employed by the facility, including housekeeping personnel, or contract personnel, or both, who may come into contact with potentially infectious material, must be trained in infection control procedures for universal precautions. (3-30-06)

626. -- 629. (RESERVED)

630. **TRAINING REQUIREMENTS FOR FACILITIES ADMITTING RESIDENTS WITH DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA, MENTAL ILLNESS, DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY, OR TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY.**

A facility admitting and retaining residents with diagnosis of dementia, mental illness, developmental disability, or traumatic brain injury must train staff to meet the specialized needs of these residents. **Staff must receive specialized training within thirty (30) days of hire or of admission of a resident with one (1) of these conditions.** The means and methods of training are at the facility’s discretion. The training should address the following areas: (3-30-06)

01. **Dementia:**

   a. Overview of dementia; (3-30-06)
   b. Symptoms and behaviors of people with memory impairment; (3-30-06)
   c. Communication with people with memory impairment; (3-30-06)
   d. Resident’s adjustment to the new living environment; (3-30-06)
   e. Behavior management; (3-30-06)
f. Activities of daily living; and
   (3-30-06)
g. Stress reduction for facility personnel and resident.
   (3-30-06)

02. Mental Illness:
   (3-30-06)
a. Overview of mental illnesses;
   (3-30-06)
b. Symptoms and behaviors specific to mental illness;
   (3-30-06)
c. Resident's adjustment to the new living environment;
   (3-30-06)
d. Behavior management;
   (3-30-06)
e. Communication;
   (3-30-06)
f. Activities of daily living;
   (3-30-06)
g. Integration with rehabilitation services; and
   (3-30-06)
h. Stress reduction for facility personnel and resident.
   (3-30-06)

03. Developmental Disability:
   (3-30-06)
a. Overview of developmental disabilities;
   (3-30-06)
b. Interaction and acceptance;
   (3-30-06)
c. Promotion of independence;
   (3-30-06)
d. Communication;
   (3-30-06)
e. Behavior management;
   (3-30-06)
f. Assistance with adaptive equipment;
   (3-30-06)
g. Integration with rehabilitation services;
   (3-30-06)
h. Activities of daily living; and
   (3-30-06)
i. Community integration.
   (3-30-06)

04. Traumatic Brain Injury:
   (3-30-06)
a. Overview of traumatic brain injuries;
   (3-30-06)
b. Symptoms and behaviors specific to traumatic brain injury;
   (3-30-06)
c. Adjustment to the new living environment;
   (3-30-06)
d. Behavior management;
   (3-30-06)
e. Communication;
   (3-30-06)
f. Integration with rehabilitation services;
   (3-30-06)
Activities of daily living; (3-30-06)

h.
Assistance with adaptive equipment; and (3-30-06)
i.
Stress reduction for facility personnel and resident. (3-30-06)

631. -- 639. (RESERVED)

640. CONTINUING TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.
Each employee must receive a minimum of eight (8) hours of job-related continuing training per year. (3-30-06)

01. Staff Not Trained in Appropriate Areas. When a resident is admitted with a diagnosis of dementia, mental illness, developmental disability, or traumatic brain injury, or a resident acquires one (1) of these diagnoses, if staff have not been trained in the appropriate areas outlined in Section 630 of these rules, staff must be trained within thirty (30) calendar days. In the interim the facility must meet the resident's needs. (3-30-06)

02. Additional Training Related to Changes. When policies or procedures are added, modified, or deleted staff must receive additional training relating to the changes. (3-30-06)

730. FACILITY ADMINISTRATIVE RECORDS FOR PERSONNEL AND STAFFING.
The administrator must assure that the facility's personnel and staffing records are maintained as described in Subsections 730.01 through 730.03 of these rules. (3-30-06)

01. Personnel. A record for each employee must be maintained and available which includes the following: (3-30-06)

a.
Name, address, phone number, and date of hire; (3-30-06)
b.
Job description that includes purpose, responsibilities, duties, and authority; (3-30-06)
c.
Evidence that on or prior to hire, staff were notified in writing that the facility does not carry professional liability insurance. If the facility cancels the professional liability insurance, all staff must be notified of the change in writing; (3-30-06)
d.
A copy of a current license for all nursing staff and verification from the Board of Nursing that the license is in good standing or identification of restrictions; (3-30-06)
e.
Signed evidence of training; (3-30-06)
f.
CPR, first aid, and assistance with medication certification; (3-30-06)
g.
Criminal history clearance as required by Section 56-1004A, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 16.05.06, "Criminal History and Background Checks," and Section 009 of these rules; (3-30-06)
h.
Documentation by the licensed professional nurse of delegation to unlicensed staff to assist residents with medications and other nursing tasks; (3-30-06)
i.
A signed document authorizing by position title of, the individual responsible for acting on behalf of the administrator in his absence. (3-30-06)

02. Work Records. Work records must be maintained in writing for the previous three (3) years which reflect: (3-30-06)
a. Personnel on duty, at any given time; and (3-30-06)

b. The first and last names, of each employee, and their position. (3-30-06)

03. Contract Records. Copies of contracts with outside service providers and contract staff. (3-30-06)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

925. ENFORCEMENT REMEDY OF CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES.

01. Civil Monetary Penalties. Civil monetary penalties are based upon one (1) or more deficiencies of noncompliance. Nothing will prevent the Department from imposing this remedy for deficiencies which existed prior to the survey or complaint investigation through which they are identified. Actual harm to a resident or residents does not need to be shown. A single act, omission or incident will not give rise to imposition of multiple penalties, even though such act, omission or incident may violate more than one (1) rule. (3-30-06)

02. Assessment Amount for Civil Monetary Penalty. When civil monetary penalties are imposed, such penalties are assessed for each day the facility is or was out of compliance. The amounts below are multiplied by the total number of occupied licensed beds according to the records of the Department at the time non-compliance is established.

a. Initial deficiency is eight dollars ($8). Example below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Occupied Beds in Facility</th>
<th>Initial Deficiency</th>
<th>Times Number of Days Out of Compliance</th>
<th>Amount of Penalty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
<td>45 days</td>
<td>$3960</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3-30-06)

b. Repeat deficiency is ten dollars ($10). Example below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Occupied Beds in Facility</th>
<th>Repeat Deficiency</th>
<th>Times Number of Days Out of Compliance</th>
<th>Amount of Penalty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>30 days</td>
<td>$3300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3-30-06)

c. In any ninety (90) day period, the penalty amounts may not exceed the limits shown in the following table:

Limits on Accruing Civil Monetary Amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Occupied Beds in Facility</th>
<th>Initial Deficiency</th>
<th>Repeat Deficiency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3-4 Beds</td>
<td>$1440</td>
<td>$2880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-50 Beds</td>
<td>$3200</td>
<td>$6400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51-100 Beds</td>
<td>$5400</td>
<td>$10,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101-150 Beds</td>
<td>$8800</td>
<td>$17,600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
03. Notice of Civil Monetary Penalties and Appeal Rights. The Department will give written notice informing the facility of the amount of the penalty, the basis for its assessment and the facility's appeal rights.

04. Payment of Penalties. The facility must pay the full amount of the penalty within thirty (30) calendar days from the date the notice is received, unless the facility requests an administrative review of the decision to assess the penalty. The amount of a civil monetary penalty determined through administrative review must be paid within thirty (30) calendar days of the facility's receipt of the administrative review decision unless the facility requests an administrative hearing. The amount of the civil monetary penalty determined through an administrative hearing must be paid within thirty (30) calendar days of the facility's receipt of the administrative hearing decision unless the facility files a petition for judicial review. Interest accrues on all unpaid penalties at the legal rate of interest for judgments. Such interest accrual will begin one (1) calendar day after:

a. the date of the initial assessment of the penalty;

b. the date of the issuance of the administrative review, administrative hearing or the final judicial review.

05. Failure to Pay. Failure of a facility to pay the entire penalty, together with any interest, is cause for revocation of the license or the amount will be withheld from Medicaid payments to the facility.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

940. ENFORCEMENT REMEDY OF REVOCATION OF FACILITY LICENSE.

01. Revocation of Facility's License. The Department may revoke a license when the facility endangers the health or safety of residents, or when the facility is not in substantial compliance with the provisions of Title 39, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, or this chapter of rules.

02. Reasons for Revocation or Denial of a Facility License. The Department may revoke or deny any facility license for any of the following reasons:

a. The licensee has willfully misrepresented or omitted information on the application or other documents pertinent to obtaining a license;

b. When persuaded by a preponderance of the evidence that such conditions exist which endanger the health or safety of any resident;

c. Any act adversely affecting the welfare of residents is being permitted, aided, performed, or abetted by the person or persons in charge of the facility. Such acts may include, but are not limited to, neglect, physical abuse, mental abuse, emotional abuse, violation of civil rights, criminal activity, or exploitation;

d. The licensee has demonstrated or exhibited a lack of sound judgment essential to the operation and management of a facility;

e. The licensee has violated any of the conditions of a provisional license;
f. The facility lacks adequate personnel, as required by these rules or as directed by the Department, to properly care for the number and type of residents residing at the facility; (3-30-06)

g. Licensee refuses to allow the Department or the Protection and Advocacy agencies full access to the facility environment, facility records, and the residents as described in Subsections 130.04 through 130.06, and 550.18 through 550.19 of these rules; (3-30-06)

h. The licensee has been guilty of fraud, gross negligence, abuse, assault, battery, or exploitation with respect to the operation of a health facility or residential care or assisted living facility or certified family home; (3-30-07)

i. The licensee is actively affected in his performance by alcohol or the use of drugs classified as controlled substances; (3-30-07)

j. The licensee has been convicted of a criminal offense other than a minor traffic violation within the past five (5) years; (3-30-07)

k. The licensee is of poor moral and responsible character or has been convicted of a felony or defrauding the government; (3-30-07)

l. The licensee has been denied, or the licensee's wrong doing, has caused the revocation of any license or certificate of any health facility, residential care or assisted living facility, or certified family home; (3-30-07)

m. The licensee has been convicted of previously operated any health facility or residential care or assisted living facility without a license or certified family home without a certificate; (3-30-07)

n. The licensee is directly under the control or influence of any person who has been the subject of proceedings as described in Subsection 940.02.m. of these rules; (4-11-06)

o. The licensee is directly under the control or influence of any person who is of poor moral and responsible character or has been convicted of a felony or defrauding the government; (4-11-06)

p. The licensee is directly under the control or influence of any person who has been convicted of a criminal offense other than a minor traffic violation in the past five (5) years; (4-11-06)

q. The licensee fails to pay civil monetary penalties imposed by the Department as described in Section 925 of these rules; (4-11-06)

r. The licensee fails to take sufficient corrective action as described in Sections 900, 905 and 910 of these rules; or (4-11-06)

s. The number of residents currently in the facility exceeds the number of residents the facility is licensed to serve. (4-11-06)
EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is July 1, 2014.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 72-508, 72-301, 72-301A, 72-302, and 72-304, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The rule is needed to implement the qualified exception requirements of self-insured employers under Section 72-301A, Idaho Code.

The rule also confers a benefit to existing self-insured employers by allowing the application of an experience modification when calculating premium tax payments.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1)(b) and (c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

The rule is necessary to comply with the requirements of Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory (“INL”) working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government, and to allow the self-insured employer to apply for an experience modification rating from NCCI for use in its premium tax filing in compliance with Section 72-523, Idaho Code. The rule confers a benefit to existing self-insured employers by allowing the application of an experience modification when calculating premium tax payments.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: There is no fee or charge imposed or increased.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact to the General Fund. The negative impact to the Commission’s dedicated fund is unknown at this time.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule complies with the requirements of section 72-301A, requiring the Commission to adopt rules governing the administration of employer self-insurance.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: No documents have been incorporated by reference into this rule.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Financial Officer Jane McClaran, (208) 334-6042.
Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 14th day of July, 2014.

Beth Kilian, Commission Secretary
Industrial Commission
700 So. Clearwater Lane,
P.O. Box 83720
Boise, Idaho 83720-0041
Phone: (208) 334-6000
Fax: (208) 334-2321

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND THE PROPOSED TEXT
OF DOCKET NO. 17-0211-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

013. RULES GOVERNING QUALIFICATIONS OF SELF-INSURED EMPLOYERS.
In order to be considered for approval by the Industrial Commission to self-insure under Section 72-301, Idaho Code, an employer shall comply with the following requirements:

01. Payroll. Have an average annual Idaho payroll over the preceding three (3) years of at least four million dollars ($4,000,000). However, if the applicant is approved to apply under the exception to this requirement provided by Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government, the employer must have an annual Idaho payroll of at least four million dollars ($4,000,000) as of the effective date of the Commission’s approval to act as a self-insured employer in Idaho.

02. Application. Submit a completed application, available from the Industrial Commission’s Fiscal Bureau, along with the application fee of two hundred fifty dollars ($250), to the Idaho Industrial Commission, Attention: Fiscal Bureau, telephone (208) 334-6000.

03. Documentation. Submit documentation satisfactory to the Commission demonstrating the sound financial condition of the employer, such as the most recent CPA reviewed or, if available, audited, financial statement;

04. Adjuster. Designate in writing a licensed Idaho resident adjuster;

05. Previous Claims. Provide a history of all workers’ compensation claims filed with the employer or the employer’s workers’ compensation carrier, as well as all compensation paid, during the previous five (5) calendar years.

06. Excess Insurance. Provide an insurance plan that must include excess insurance coverage and copies of all proposed policies of excess workers’ compensation insurance coverage, unless the applicant is approved by the Commission as qualified under the exception to this requirement provided by Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government.
07. **Actuarial Study.** Provide an actuarial study prepared by a qualified actuary determining adequate rates for the proposed self-funded worker’s compensation plan based upon a fifty percent (50%) confidence level. (3-29-12)

08. **Feasibility Study.** Provide a self-insurance feasibility study that includes an analysis of the advantages and disadvantages of self insurance as compared to current coverage, and the related costs and benefits. (3-29-12)

09. **Custodial Agreement.** Set up a custodial agreement with the State Treasurer for securities required to be deposited under Sections 72-301 and 72-302, Idaho Code, unless the applicant is approved by the Commission as qualified under the exception to this requirement provided by Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government. (4-7-11) (7-1-14)

10. **Supplemental Information.** Provide supplemental information as requested; (4-7-11)

11. **Initial Security Deposit.** Prior to final approval, deposit an initial security deposit with the Idaho State Treasurer in the form permitted by Section 72-301, Idaho Code, or a self-insurer’s bond in substantially the form set forth in Subsection 014.02, of this rule, in the amount of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), plus five percent (5%) of the first ten million dollars ($10,000,000.00) of the employer’s average annual payroll in the state of Idaho for the three (3) preceding years; along with such additional security as may be required by the Commission based on prior claims history, unless the applicant is approved by the Commission as qualified under the exception to this requirement provided by Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government. (4-7-11) (7-1-14)

12. **Initial Guaranty Agreement.** The Commission may allow or, where financial reports or other factors such as the high risk industry of the employer indicate the need, require an employer that is organized as a joint venture or a wholly owned subsidiary to provide a guaranty agreement from each member of the joint venture or the parent company. This guaranty agreement confirms the continuing agreement of each of the joint venture members or the parent company to guarantee the payment of all Idaho workers’ compensation claims of employees of that joint venture or subsidiary employer seeking to become self-insured. The guaranty agreement shall be in substantially the same form as the current sample Indemnity and Guaranty Agreement and, as applicable, the companion Consent of the Board of Directors, available from the Commission and posted on the Commission’s website at www.iic.idaho.gov. (3-20-14)

13. **Written Approval.** Obtain written approval from the Industrial Commission. (4-7-11)

**014. CONTINUING REQUIREMENTS FOR SELF-INSURED EMPLOYERS.**

Upon receiving the approval of the Industrial Commission to be a self-insured employer under Section 72-301, Idaho Code, to continue such approval a self-insured employer shall comply with the following requirements: (4-7-11)

01. **Payroll Requirements.** Maintain an average annual Idaho payroll over the preceding three (3) years of at least four million dollars ($4,000,000), unless the applicant was approved by the Commission as qualified under the exception to this requirement provided by Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government. Any self-insured employer that does not meet the payroll requirement of this rule for two consecutive semi-annual premium tax reporting periods shall be allowed to maintain their self-insured status for six (6) months from the end of the last reporting period in order to permit them time to increase their payroll or obtain workers’ compensation coverage with an insurance carrier authorized to write workers’ compensation insurance in the state of Idaho. (3-29-12) (7-1-14)

02. **Security Deposit with Treasurer.** (4-7-11)

a. Maintain a primary security deposit with the Idaho State Treasurer in the form permitted by Section 72-301, Idaho Code, a self-insurer’s bond in substantially the form set forth below, or in such other form approved by the Commission, in the amount of one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), plus five percent (5%) of the employers’ average annual payroll in the state of Idaho for the three (3) preceding years, not in excess of ten million dollars ($10,000,000), unless the applicant was approved by the Commission as qualified under the exception to this
requirement provided by Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, for employers at Idaho National Laboratory working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government. If a surety bond is deposited, the surety company shall be completely independent of the principal and authorized to transact such business in the state of Idaho. In addition thereto, the self-insured employer shall deposit additional security in such amount as the Commission determines is necessary to secure the self-insured employer’s total unpaid liability for compensation under the Workers’ Compensation Law. No approved security shall be accepted for deposit above its par value. Additional deposits of approved security may be required semi-annually if the market value of an approved investment falls below its par value or if the total value of the employer’s security deposit falls below the total security required to be maintained on deposit when calculated in accordance with this rule.  

b. Self-insured employers shall receive a credit for the primary security deposit against the self-insured employer’s obligation to post the additional security required by Subsection 014.02.a. of this rule. (3-29-12)

c. Excess insurance coverage approved by the Commission may apply as a credit against the self-insured employer’s obligation to post the additional security required by Subsection 014.02.a. of this rule. The Commission must be provided with thirty (30) days advance written notice of any change or cancellation of an approved excess insurance policy. No credit will be given for any excess insurance coverage provided by a surplus lines carrier, as described in Chapter 12, Title 41, Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

d. All security deposited by the self-insured employer shall be maintained as provided by Section 72-302, Idaho Code. (4-7-11)

e. Any withdrawal or partial release of security deposited hereunder must be requested in writing and approved by the Commission. (4-7-11)

**SELF-INSURER’S COMPENSATION BOND**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, THAT ___________________________________, a corporation of the State of ___________, hereinafter called the Principal, as Principal, and the _______________________________, a surety corporation authorized to transact a surety business in the State of Idaho, as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the State of Idaho, for the use and benefit of all those employees of the Principal to whom or to the dependents of whom the Principal may, during the life of this bond, become liable for benefits under the Idaho Workers’ Compensation Law, as hereinafter more fully referred to, in the sum equal to and limited by the sum or sums that may become due and/or payable by said Principal to said employees under the terms, provisions and limitations of said Workers’ Compensation Law, and in accordance with the terms, agreements, conditions and limitations of this obligation not exceeding, however, the sum of _____________ dollars, for the payment of which, well and truly made, the Principal well and truly binds itself, its successors and assigns, and the Surety binds itself, its successors and assigns, jointly and severally, well and truly by these presents.

WHEREAS, in accordance with the provisions of Idaho Code, Title 72, Chapters 1 to 8, both inclusive, known as the Workers’ Compensation Law and all amendments thereto, and Principal has elected to secure compensation to its employees by depositing and maintaining with the Industrial Commission of Idaho a surety bond issued and executed by the surety herein named, which surety is duly qualified to transact such business in the state of Idaho subject to the approval of the Industrial Commission of the State of Idaho.

NOW, THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that if the said Principal shall pay compensation according to the terms, provisions, and limitations of Idaho Code, Title 72, Chapter 1 to 8, both inclusive, known as the Workers’ Compensation Law and all amendments thereto, to its injured employees or the dependents of its killed employees contemplated by the terms of and covered under the said law, and shall furnish medical, surgical, nursing and the hospital services and attention and funeral expenses as provided for in said law (all of which shall be understood to be included in the term “compensation” as hereinafter used), then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect, subject, however to the following express conditions and agreements:

That any employee or the dependent of any employee of the Principal entitled to compensation under said Workers’ Compensation Law, shall have the right to enforce in his own name the liability of the Surety hereunder, in whole or in part, for such compensation, either by at any time filing a separate claim against the Surety or by at any
time making the Surety a part of the original claim against the employer; provided, however, that payment in whole
or in part of such compensation by either the Principal or the Surety shall, to the extent thereof, be a bar to the
recovery against the other of the amount so paid.

That as between the employee and the Surety, notice to or knowledge of the occurrence of injury on the part
of the employer shall be deemed notice to or knowledge, as the case may be, on the part of the Surety; that the
obligation of the Surety, and the Surety, shall in all things be bound by and subject to the orders, findings, decisions or
awards rendered against the Principal for the payment of compensation under the provisions of the Workers’
Compensation Law aforesaid, and that the insolvency or bankruptcy of the Principal and its discharge therein, shall
not relieve the Surety from the payment of compensation for injuries, including death resulting therefrom, sustained
during the life of this bond by an employee of the Principal covered under the Workers’ Compensation Law.

That upon request of the Industrial Commission of Idaho, it will make such changes in this form of bond by
endorsement to be attached hereto or by the execution of a surety bond replacing this one, as the said Commission
may deem requisite, to bring this bond into conformity with its rulings as to the form of surety bond required of
employers under Idaho Code, Title 72, Chapters 1 to 8, both inclusive, known as the Workers’ Compensation Law
and all amendments thereto.

This bond is issued for an indefinite term to begin on the _____ day of _______________, 20__, and will
continue in full force and effect until terminated in either of the following two manners: This bond may be cancelled
by the Surety by filing sixty (60) days written cancellation notice by registered mail with the Industrial Commission
of the State of Idaho. This bond may be cancelled by the Industrial Commission of the State of Idaho by written
notice to the Surety hereon, which notice shall specify the date of termination of the bond.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said Principal and said Surety have caused these presents to be executed
in due form this _____ day of _______________, 20__.

Countersigned

By

Resident Agent

Principal

SEAL

SEAL

By

By

Samples of this form are available from the Fiscal Bureau of the Industrial Commission, Telephone (208) 334-6000,
or on the Commission’s website at www.iic.idaho.gov. (3-20-14)

03.  Continue or Provide Guaranty Agreement.

a.  A self-insured employer that is organized as a joint venture or a wholly owned subsidiary shall
continue in effect any guaranty agreement that the Commission has previously allowed or required, until termination
is permitted by the Commission.

b.  Where an adverse change in financial condition or other relevant factors such as claims history or
industry risk indicates the need, a self-insured employer that is organized as a joint venture or a wholly owned
subsidiary may be allowed to, or shall upon request, provide a guaranty agreement from each member of the joint
venture or the parent company. This guaranty agreement confirms the continuing agreement of each of the joint
venture members or the parent company to guarantee the payment of all Idaho workers’ compensation claims of
employees of that joint venture or subsidiary self-insured employer. The guaranty agreement shall be in substantially
the same form as the current sample Indemnity and Guaranty Agreement, and as applicable, the companion Consent
of the Board of Directors, available from the Commission and posted on the Commission’s website at
www.iic.idaho.gov. (3-20-14)
04. **Maintain a Licensed Resident Adjuster.** Maintain a resident licensed claims adjuster located within the state of Idaho who shall have full authority to service said claims on behalf of the employer including, but not limited to, the following: (4-7-11)

   a. Investigate and adjust all claims for compensation; (4-7-11)
   b. Pay all compensation benefits due; (4-7-11)
   c. Accept service of claims, applications for hearings, orders of the Commission, and all process which may be issued under the Workers’ Compensation Law; (4-7-11)
   d. Enter into compensation agreements and lump sum settlements with Claimants; (4-7-11)
   e. Provide at the employer’s expense necessary forms to any employee who wishes to file a claim under the Workers’ Compensation Law. (4-7-11)

05. **File Reports.** Report to the Industrial Commission semi-annually, or more often as required by the Commission, total unpaid liability on all open claims. (3-29-12)

   a. The semi-annual report of total unpaid liability shall be filed with the Industrial Commission by the end of the months of January and July. (3-29-12)
   b. The report shall provide the aggregate number of open claims, including indemnity with medical and medical only claims, along with the amount of any compensation paid on open claims, as of the end of each June and December. (3-29-12)
   c. The report shall be filed even if there are no open claims. In that event, the employer shall certify the fact that there are no open claims to be reported. (3-29-12)
   d. The report shall be submitted on or in a format that is substantially the same as the current Form IC-211, “Self-Insured Employer Report of Total Unpaid Liability,” available from the Fiscal Bureau of the Industrial Commission or on the Commission’s website at www.iic.idaho.gov. The report may be produced as a computerized spreadsheet or database printout and shall be submitted to the Commission in writing on paper no larger than eight and one-half inches by eleven inches (8 ½” x 11”) in size. (3-20-14)
   e. The report shall be signed and certified to be correct by a corporate officer. If an employer has designated more than one adjuster for workers’ compensation claims in Idaho, a corporate officer of the employer shall prepare, certify and file a consolidated report of all unpaid liability. (3-29-12)
   f. A self-insured employer shall also make such other reports to the Commission as it may require in reference to matters under the Workers’ Compensation Law. (4-7-11)

06. **Submit to Audits by Industrial Commission.** Each year a self-insured employer shall provide the Industrial Commission with a copy of its annual financial statements, or other acceptable documentation. Each self-insured employer shall submit to audit by the Commission or its designee at any time and as often as it requires to verify the amount of premium such self-insured employer would be required to pay as premium to the State Insurance Fund, and to verify compliance with the provisions of these rules and the Idaho Workers’ Compensation Law. For the purpose of determining such premium for uninsured contracts of a self-insured employer, the most recent proof of coverage information contained in the Industrial Commission’s database shall be presumed to be correct for the purpose of determining such coverage. (3-20-14)

07. **Comply with Law and Rules.** Comply with the statutes of the state of Idaho and the rules of the Industrial Commission to the end that payment of compensation shall be sure and certain and not unnecessarily delayed. The Commission may withdraw its approval of any employer to operate as a self-insurer if it shall appear to the Commission that workers secured by said self-insured employer are not adequately protected and served, or the employer is failing to comply with the provisions of these rules or the Workers’ Compensation Law. (4-7-11)
015. PREMIUM TAX COMPUTATION FOR SELF-INSURED EMPLOYERS.

01. Payroll Reports. No later than March 3rd and July 31st, self-insured employers shall file a semi-annual premium tax report with the Fiscal Bureau of the Commission. Self-insured employers shall use the Commission's current report form IC 4010, along with the accompanying computation form IC 4010a, available on the Commission's website or from the Fiscal Bureau. The premium tax payment due from a self-insured employer shall be based upon the manual premium calculated for each reporting period, as modified by an experience modification factor calculated by the National Council on Compensation Insurance (NCCI) and submitted to the Commission in accordance with Subsection 015.02 of this rule. No other rating factor shall be allowed. If the self-insured employer elects to not provide such experience modification factor, the premium tax will be computed based upon the manual premium only. (7-1-14)

02. Experience Modification. A self-insured employer that elects to use an experience modification factor in computing premium tax shall make an annual application to NCCI for an experience modification factor using the NCCI form ERM-6 and paying to NCCI any fees charged for providing that calculation. An NCCI experience modification factor may only be based on the employer's Idaho operations for which self-insured status is authorized. In order to have an experience modification factor considered for any reporting period, an employer must timely submit to the Commission's Fiscal Bureau:

a. A copy of the completed form ERM-6 filed with NCCI; (7-1-14)

b. The resulting experience modification factor received from NCCI; and (7-1-14)

c. The completed IC 4010 Semi-Annual Premium Tax Form for Self-Insurers and IC 4010a Computation Form. (7-1-14)

0156. -- 050. (RESERVED)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-1509, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Effective January 1, 2017, the timeframe for obtaining continuing education will change from a licensee’s birthday to a calendar year. This change will lessen the confusion regarding when continuing education must be earned for license renewal.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because The Board of Optometry is amending its continuing education rules to confer a benefit to its licensees. The benefit is establishing a clear deadline for obtaining continuing education for license renewal.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Cherie Simpson at (208) 334-3233.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2014.

Tana Cory
Bureau Chief
Bureau of Occupational Licenses
700 W State St.
P O Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0063
(208) 334-3233 tel
(208) 334-3945 fax
THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 24-1001-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

300. CONTINUING EDUCATION IN OPTOMETRY (RULE 300).

01. Hours Required, Advance Approval. (___)
   a. Until January 1, 2017, each optometrist licensed by the state of Idaho shall attend in each twelve
      (12) month period preceding the renewal of their license to practice optometry in Idaho, a minimum of twelve (12)
      full hours of post-graduate optometric education courses or meetings approved in advance by the Board of
      Optometry or post-graduate study sessions or seminars at an accredited school or college of optometry approved
      optometric continuing education courses or meetings. (___)
   b. Effective January 1, 2017, each optometrist licensed by the state of Idaho shall attend in each calendar
      year prior to license renewal, a minimum of twelve (12) full hours of approved optometric continuing
      education courses or meetings. (___)
   c. Approved optometric continuing education courses or meetings shall be those post-graduate
      optometric education courses or meetings approved in advance by the Board of Optometry or post-graduate study
      sessions or seminars at an accredited school or college of optometry. In addition, all Council on Optometric
      Practitioners Education (COPE) approved courses are approved for continuing education credit. If an optometrist
      attends or plans to attend a course of study or seminar which has not been approved in advance, he may petition the
      Board for approval of that educational course of study, setting forth a description of the course. The Board may, in its
      discretion, approve the course upon review of the material submitted either in advance or after completion of the
      course. (4-4-13) (___)

02. Additional Hours Required to Use Therapeutic Pharmaceutical Agents. (___)
   a. Until January 1, 2017, each optometrist licensed by the state of Idaho to use therapeutic
      pharmaceutical agents shall attend in each twelve (12) month period preceding the renewal of their license to
      practice optometry in Idaho, a minimum of six (6) additional full hours of approved optometric
      courses or meetings approved in advance by the Board of Optometry or post-graduate study
      sessions or seminars at an accredited school or college of optometry. (___)
   b. Effective January 1, 2017, each optometrist licensed by the state of Idaho to use therapeutic
      pharmaceutical agents shall attend in each calendar prior to license renewal, a minimum of six (6) additional full
      hours of approved optometric courses or meetings. (___)
   c. This six (6) hours of continuing education must be in courses involving ocular pharmacology and/or
      advanced ocular disease and are in addition to the twelve (12) hours of continuing education required under
      Subsection 300.01. (7-1-93) (___)

03. Correspondence/Home Study Courses/Observation. The Board allows credit for correspondence courses, individual home study and observation that is germane to the practice of optometry. No more than six (6) hours of continuing education shall be permitted each year in correspondence courses or other continuing education obtained from “home study” courses or observation. (3-30-07)

04. Waiver of Requirements. The Board of Optometry shall waive the continuing education requirement for the first license renewal after initial licensure. The Board of Optometry may, upon application, waive the requirements of this rule in cases involving illness, unusual circumstances interfering with the optometrist’s ability to practice or inability to conform to the rules due to military duty. (3-15-02)

05. Renewal Application Form. Each licensed Idaho optometrist will be furnished a license renewal application form by the State Board of Optometry on which each optometrist shall attest on their annual license renewal application that they have satisfied the continuing education requirements. False attestation of satisfaction of
the continuing education requirements on a renewal application shall subject the licensee to disciplinary action. (3-20-04)

06. Audit. The Board may conduct audits to confirm that the continuing education requirements have been met. In the event a licensee fails to provide the Board with acceptable documentation of the hours attested to on the renewal application, the license will not be renewed. (3-20-04)

07. Documentation of Attendance. It shall be necessary for each licensed Idaho optometrist to provide documentation verifying attendance or completion of continuing education by securing authorized signatures, documentation, or electronic verification from the course instructors, providers, or sponsoring institution substantiating any hours attended by the licensee. This documentation must be maintained by the licensee and provided upon request by the Board or its agent. (4-4-13)

08. Excess Hours. Continuing education hours, not to exceed six (6) hours, accumulated during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding a license renewal may be applied toward meeting the continuing education requirement for the following license renewal. A licensee may carryover a maximum of six (6) hours of continuing education to meet the next year’s continuing education requirement. Excess hours may be used only during the next renewal period and may not be carried forward more than one (1) year. (3-30-07)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 54-4705 and 54-4710, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The State Board of Acupuncture operates on dedicated funds from fees paid by its licensees and applicants. This change would decrease the application fee, original license fee, and annual renewal fee for licensure in an effort to reduce the Board’s dedicated fund balance and convey a benefit to licensees and applicants through these lower fees.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

Rule 300 is being amended to decrease the application fee from $100 to $50; original license fee and original fee for certification from $200 to $150; annual renewal fee for licensure and certification from $125 to $75; and annual renewal fee for technician certification or acupuncture trainee permit from $75 to $50.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

This rulemaking is anticipated to reduce the amount of dedicated fund fees collected by the Board of Acupuncture by approximately $7,850.00 based on 149 licensees and 4 applications received last year.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the proposed revisions to the fee rule are simple in nature and confer a benefit to the licensees and applicants. No opposition to this proposed fee reduction is anticipated.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Cherie Simpson at (208) 334-3233.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2014.

Tana Cory, Bureau Chief
Bureau of Occupational Licenses
700 W State St.
P O Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0063
(208) 334-3233 TEL / (208) 334-3945 FAX
THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF FEE DOCKET NO. 24-1701-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

300. FEES (RULE 300).

01. Application Fee. Application fee for any original license, certification, or acupuncture trainee permit - one hundred fifty dollars ($150). (3-21-12)

02. Original License Fee. (3-30-01)
   a. Original license fee - two hundred fifty dollars ($250). (3-21-07)
   b. Original fee for certification - two hundred fifty dollars ($250). (3-21-07)
   c. Original fee for acupuncture trainee permit - one hundred fifty dollars ($150). (3-21-12)

03. Annual Renewal Fee. (3-10-00)
   a. Annual renewal fee for licensure - one hundred twenty-seven fifty dollars ($127.50). (3-29-10)
   b. Annual renewal fee for certification - one hundred twenty-seven fifty dollars ($127.50). (3-29-10)
   c. Annual renewal fee for technician certification or acupuncture trainee permit - seventy-five fifty dollars ($750). (3-21-12)

04. Inactive License. Inactive license or certification fee - fifty dollars ($50). (3-30-01)

05. Non-Refundable. All fees are non-refundable. (3-10-00)

06. Yearly Fees. With the exception of Subsection 300.01 and 300.02, all fees provided under these rules are yearly fees. (3-10-00)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-4007, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule change removes “light” as a continuing education content area as it is inconsistent with Idaho Code. A new section is being added that will clarify the supervision required for clinical work and fieldwork.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the continuing education rules of the Board are being updated to remove light as approved continuing education content because it is not included in the defined practice of massage therapy. The Board is also clarifying the nature of supervision for massage students involved in school based clinical work and fieldwork for internships.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Cherie Simpson at (208) 334-3233.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 9th day of July, 2014.

Tana Cory, Bureau Chief
Bureau of Occupational Licenses
700 W State Street
P.O. Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0063
(208) 334-3233 fax
(208) 334-3945 tel
503. CONTENT OF CONTINUING EDUCATION.
The content of continuing education activities and course content must be germane to the practice of massage therapy as defined in Section 54-4002, Idaho Code, and courses in ethics must also be specific to legal issues, law, standards of practice, or ethics.

01. Continuing Education. Content germane to the practice of massage therapy includes, but is not limited to:

a. Applications of massage and bodywork therapy for specific needs, conditions, or client populations.

b. Client assessment protocols, skills for client record keeping, strategies for interfacing with other health care providers.

c. Use of external agents such as water, light, sound, heat, cold, or topical applications of plant or mineral-based substances.

d. Body-centered or somatic psychology, psychophysiology, or interpersonal skills which may include communication skills, boundary functions, dual relationships, transference, counter-transference, and projection.

e. Standards of practice, professional ethics, or state laws.

f. Strategies for the marketing of massage and bodywork therapy practices.

g. Theory or practice of ergonomics as applied to therapists or clients.

h. Hygiene, methods of infectious disease control, organization and management of the treatment environment.

i. Body sciences, which may include anatomy, physiology, kinesiology or pathology, as they apply to massage therapy.

j. Certified CPR or first aid training.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

601. SUPERVISION.

01. Supervision Of Clinical Work. The supervising massage therapist must consult with the student, evaluate student performance and be physically present and available to render direction in person and on the premises where massage therapy is being provided.

02. Supervision Of Fieldwork. The supervising massage therapist must be available to render direction either in person or by means of telecommunications but is not required to be physically present on the premises where massage therapy is being provided.

601#2. -- 699. (RESERVED)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5220(1) and 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-1717, Idaho Code.

MEETING SCHEDULE: A public meeting on the negotiated rulemaking will be held as follows:

Wednesday, August 6, 2014, 1:00 p.m. (MDT)
Idaho Capitol Building
700 W. Jefferson St., Rm.WW53
Boise, Idaho 83702

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must do the following:

Attend the open, public meeting where written and verbal comments will be accepted by and/or presented before the Board.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principal issues involved:

Pursuant to federal law changes and/or federal agency guidance documents, the following topics are being considered for rule promulgation: biosimilar substitution, outsourcing facility registration and practice standards, compounding, repackaging of previously dispensed prescription drugs into unit dose packaging by another pharmacy, and wholesale drug distribution.

The Board is considering clarifying the following topics via rule promulgation: standard prescription drug labeling, technician-in-training renewal limitations, foreign pharmacist graduate experience hours, nonresident pharmacist practice standards, annual controlled substance inventory dates, pharmacy authorized entry, and pharmacy security.

The Board is considering updating rules addressing: telepharmacy, discipline, the Prescription Monitoring Program, immunizations, sterile product preparation, and fingerprinting.

The Board is considering promulgating new rules that address compounding, labeling, and the distribution of compounded drug product by a pharmacy for “office use”.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS, OBTAINING COPIES: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking, contact Mark Johnston, Executive Director, at (208) 334-2356 or at mark.johnston@bop.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this negotiated rulemaking at the open, public meeting detailed above.

DATED this 23rd day of July, 2014.

Mark Johnston, R.Ph., Executive Director
Board of Pharmacy
1199 W. Shoreline Ln., Ste. 303
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0067
Phone: 334-2356 / Fax: (208) 334-3536
EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is July 1, 2014.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given this agency has adopted a temporary rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-4702, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule:

The adoption of these temporary rules is necessary to fulfill the requirements of the new Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act as enacted in House Bill H0546, as amended in the Senate. House Bill H0546 formally established the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act, branded by the Idaho Department of Commerce as the Tax Reimbursement Incentive (TRI). These rules are necessary to commence the possible award of a TRI to qualifying businesses seeking expansion within the state of Idaho.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Sections 67-5226(1)(b) and (c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

The adoption of temporary rules is necessary for compliance with deadlines to governing law and to confer a benefit. Adoption of the temporary rule will permit the agency to proceed with incentivising qualifying businesses to come to Idaho with well paying, full time jobs. The agency intends to gather further feedback from key stakeholders and will file proposed rules by September, 2014.

FEE SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 67-5226(2), the Governor has found that the fee or charge being imposed or increased is justified and necessary to avoid immediate danger and the fee is described herein:

There is no fee or charge being imposed or changed through this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary rule, contact Megan Ronk at megan.ronk@commerce.idaho.gov or (208) 287-3153.

DATED this 7th day of July, 2014

Megan Ronk
Chief Operating Officer
Department of Commerce
700 W State Street
PO Box 83720
Boise, ID, 83702
(208) 287-3153 phone
(208) 334-2631 fax

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF THE TEMPORARY RULE FOR DOCKET NO. 28-0401-1401
28.04.01 - RULES GOVERNING THE IDAHO REIMBURSEMENT INCENTIVE ACT

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.
These rules are promulgated under the legal authority of Section 67-4744, Idaho Code. (7-1-14)T

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 28.04.01, “Rules Governing the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act.” (7-1-14)T

02. Scope. These rules implement House Bill No. 546, as amended in the Senate, and enacted by the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-second Legislature and signed into law on April 3, 2014. These rules amend Chapter 47, Title 67, Idaho Code, by the addition of new sections 67-4737 through 67-4744, Idaho Code. The seven (7) new sections provide rulemaking authority to the Director of the Department of Commerce, a short title and legislative intent, an application and application process, formation of agreements with the applicant, reimbursement to the applicant through an earned tax credit, annual reporting procedure and requirement of an annual report to the Legislature by the Director of the Department of Commerce. (7-1-14)T

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.
The Department may have written statements that pertain to the interpretation of these rules or to the documentation of compliance with these rules. These documents are available for public inspection at the Department’s office. (7-1-14)T

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.
The award of a credit under the Tax Reimbursement Incentive Act is made at the recommendation of the Director of the Department of Commerce and approval of the Economic Advisory Council (Council). In light of the negotiated nature of awarding the Tax Reimbursement Incentive (TRI), there is no administrative appeal under these rules. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an aggrieved applicant from seeking judicial review as provided in Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code. (7-1-14)T

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.
There are no documents that have been incorporated by reference into this rule. (7-1-14)T

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- Mailing ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.
The mailing address of the Department for information regarding the Tax Reimbursement Incentive Act is: 700 West State Street, PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83702-0093; the telephone number is (208) 334-2470; and the facsimile number is (208) 334-2631. Documents may be filed at the state office during regular business hours of 8am to 5pm, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. (7-1-14)T

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.
All rules contained in this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act (Title 9, Chapter 3, Idaho Code). (7-1-14)T

007. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS.
Unless defined below, all words shall have the meaning ascribed in Chapter 47, Title 67, Sections 67-4737 through 67-4744, Idaho Code. The statutory definitions can be found here: http://legislature.idaho.gov/idstat/Title67/ T67CH47SECT67-4738.htm. (7-1-14)T

01. Pre-Application. A form, paper or electronic, that is completed when pertinent details are not fully known for an application. A pre-application necessitates that an application is completed prior to award of a tax credit. (7-1-14)T
02. Tax Reimbursement Incentive Act (TRI). A performance based tax reimbursement mechanism available to existing Idaho businesses and new businesses creating jobs in Idaho. Also known as the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act. (7-1-14)T

101. -- 129. (RESERVED)

130. PROGRAM INTENT. The TRI is designed to accelerate the growth of new business opportunities, accelerate the creation of high-paying jobs, and diversify the state's economy. The Tax Reimbursement Incentive is a performance-based economic development tool that provides a refundable tax credit up to thirty percent (30%) for up to fifteen (15) years on new corporate income tax, sales tax, and payroll taxes paid as a result of meaningful project. The TRI will perpetually generate the revenues needed to fund the incentive. (7-1-14)T

01. Available Credit. This credit is available to both existing and new companies seeking expansion in the state. The tax credit percentage and project term are negotiated based upon the quantity and quality of jobs created, regional economic impact and return on investment for Idaho, among others. (7-1-14)T

02. Evaluation and Recommendation. Incentives will be evaluated and recommended to the Council by the Director, with final approval by the Council. The TRI will be governed by detailed agreements between the Department and applicant. (7-1-14)T

131. -- 149. (RESERVED)

150. ELIGIBILITY.

01. Eligible Applicants. Applicants for the TRI are limited to existing business entities located in Idaho and seeking to expand their companies within the state of Idaho, and business entities, new to Idaho, seeking to relocate to, or expand in, the state of Idaho. (7-1-14)T

02. Eligible Projects. An eligible project is an expansion of an existing business located in Idaho or the creation of new business operations in Idaho that generate the minimum required new jobs based on rural or urban location. (7-1-14)T

151. JOB CREATION CRITERIA.

01. Rural Community. The minimum new jobs required for a rural community is not less than twenty (20) over the term of the project. (7-1-14)T

02. Urban Community. The minimum new jobs required for an urban community is not less than fifty (50) over the term of the project. (7-1-14)T

03. New Jobs. New jobs must exceed the applicant’s maximum number of full times jobs in Idaho during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the date of the application. (7-1-14)T

04. Job Shift. A job that shifts from one (1) location within the state of Idaho to another location within the state of Idaho is not considered a new job. (7-1-14)T

152. APPLICATION PROCESS.

01. Inquiry. The business entity may engage an authorized representative from the Department to complete an initial screening process. The screening process will:

a. Detail the meaningful project; (7-1-14)T

b. Detail the number of full-time jobs; (7-1-14)T

c. Detail the number of new jobs; (7-1-14)T
d. Detail the minimum new jobs;  
(7-1-14)T

e. Detail the rural or urban area under consideration, the industry, the community match and an optional statement of dependency; and  
(7-1-14)T

f. Detail any other information required to determine eligibility.  
(7-1-14)T

g. During the screening process, and in consultation with the Department’s representative, the business entity shall make a determination to proceed with a pre-application or a full application depending on the timeline and other factors associated with the project.  
(7-1-14)T

02. Pre-Application. After the business entity’s determination to proceed with a pre-application, the business entity will be provided with a pre-application that shall detail the following:  
(7-1-14)T

a. A complete description of the proposed project and the estimated economic benefit that will accrue to the state as a result of the project;  
(7-1-14)T

b. An affidavit explaining whether the project will occur or how it will be altered if the tax credit application is denied by the council;  
(7-1-14)T

c. A letter from the city and/or county expressing a commitment to supply community match;  
(7-1-14)T

d. A detailed description of the proposed capital investment;  
(7-1-14)T

e. A detailed description of jobs to be created, an approximation of the number of such jobs to be created and the projected wages to be paid for such jobs; and  
(7-1-14)T

f. A detailed description of the estimated new state tax revenues by tax to be generated by the project.  
(7-1-14)T

03. Pre-Application Commitment Letter. Upon review and acceptance of a pre-application, the Director may issue a letter of commitment which details the “not less than” estimated amount of the tax credit, the term of the tax credit, and any other contingencies determined necessary by the Department.  
(7-1-14)T

04. Application. After the business entity’s determination to proceed with an application they will be given access to the Department’s online application portal to complete a full application. The application will be submitted online via the Department’s portal. The application shall include:  
(7-1-14)T

a. A complete description of the proposed project and the estimated economic benefit that will accrue to the state as a result of the project;  
(7-1-14)T

b. An affidavit explaining whether the project will occur or how it will be altered if the tax credit application is denied by the council;  
(7-1-14)T

c. A letter from the city or county, or both, expressing a commitment to supply community match;  
(7-1-14)T

d. An affidavit from the tax commission confirming that the applicant is in good standing in the state of Idaho and is not in unresolved arrears in the payment of any state tax or fee administered by the tax commission;  
(7-1-14)T

e. A detailed statement with an estimate of Idaho goods and services to be consumed or purchased by the applicant during the term;  
(7-1-14)T

f. Known or expected detriments to the state or existing industries in the state;  
(7-1-14)T
g. An anticipated project inception date and proposed schedule of progress; (7-1-14)

h. Proposed performance requirements and measurements that must be met prior to issuance of the tax credit; (7-1-14)

i. A detailed description of the proposed capital investment; (7-1-14)

j. A detailed description of jobs to be created, an approximation of the number of such jobs to be created and the projected wages to be paid for such jobs; and (7-1-14)

k. A detailed description of the estimated new state tax revenues to be generated by the project. (7-1-14)

05. **Award Estimate Letter.** Upon review of an application, the Director may issue a letter which details the estimated amount of the tax credit, the term of the tax credit, and any other contingencies determined necessary by the Department. All award letters shall be issued with a “subject to Council approval” contingency clause. (7-1-14)

06. **Technical Review.** The Director of the Department and Department staff will complete a technical review and economic analysis of the application and upon satisfaction that all requirements are met, the Director and Department staff shall submit the application to the Council. The technical review shall consider many economic factors and external information sources such as, but not limited to, the region, industry, financial health and history of the applicant, as well as the quality, quantity and economic impact of new jobs and new state revenue. (7-1-14)

07. **Economic Advisory Council.** The Council shall review the application. Following review the council shall have three (3) options as follows: (7-1-14)

a. Request additional information or action from the Director in order to obtain necessary information to approve or reject the application; or (7-1-14)

b. Approve the application and instruct the Director to enter into an agreement with the applicant; or (7-1-14)

c. Reject the application. (7-1-14)

d. An approval or rejection from the council shall not be considered a contested case pursuant to Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code, provided, however, that nothing in this section shall prohibit an aggrieved applicant from seeking judicial review as provided in Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code. (7-1-14)

08. **Application Schedule.** The application is open year round. Review of applications is subject to the meeting schedule of the Council. The Council will meet no less than quarterly and has the ability to meet more often at the request of the Director. (7-1-14)

153. -- 159. (RESERVED)

160. **CONFLICT OF INTEREST.**

Conflict of Interest is defined by Idaho’s Office of the Attorney General as any official action or any decision or recommendation by a person acting in a capacity as a public official, the effect of which would be to the private pecuniary benefit of the person or member of the person’s household, or a business with which the person or a member of the person’s household is associated. In the event Department staff, including the Director has a conflict of interest regarding an application, the conflict shall be fully disclosed to the Director and the Council, and that person shall abstain from decision making or evaluation of the application. In the event a Council member has a conflict of interest regarding an application, the Council member shall fully disclose such conflict to the Director and the Council member shall abstain from voting on the application. (7-1-14)

161. -- 169. (RESERVED)
170. AGREEMENTS.

01. Reimbursement Incentive Agreement. At the direction of the Council, and in accordance with the criteria established by these rules, the Director shall enter into a reimbursement incentive agreement with the applicant. (7-1-14)

02. Agreement Terms Defined. The agreement shall contain any terms as approved by the Council, as well as define the following: (7-1-14)
   a. Maximum term that shall not exceed fifteen (15) years; (7-1-14)
   b. Projected new state revenues to be generated during the term; (7-1-14)
   c. Method and recordkeeping requirements to determine projected new state revenue to be generated; (7-1-14)
   d. The approved tax credit percentage applied to new state revenue each year the applicant is entitled to receive the reimbursement during the term of the meaningful project; (7-1-14)
   e. The projected new jobs; (7-1-14)
   f. The terms and conditions of any and all performance requirements and measurements that must be met prior to the issuance of a tax credit authorization; (7-1-14)
   g. The agreed upon and necessary proof of compliance required prior to tax credit issuance. Proof of compliance provided by the applicant must be adequate to demonstrate to the director that all requirements and measurements have been met for the applicant to receive the tax credit; (7-1-14)
   h. The consequences of default by the applicant; (7-1-14)
   i. The period to be used to determine the taxes paid at the date of application; (7-1-14)
   j. Identification of any individual or entity included within the application that is entitled to a rebate pursuant to section 63-3641, Idaho Code, or is required to obtain a separate seller’s permit pursuant to Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code. (7-1-14)
   k. The federal employer identification and social security number for each individual or entity included within the definition of business entity and that is included within the filing of the application; and (7-1-14)
   l. Identification of the individual or entity that is or will be claiming the refundable credit. (7-1-14)

171. -- 179. (RESERVED)

180. TAX CREDIT AUTHORIZATION.

01. Claiming Tax Credit. No applicant may claim a tax credit unless the applicant has a tax credit authorization issued by the Department. An applicant may claim a tax credit on its tax return, in the amount listed on the tax credit authorization for the year listed on the tax credit authorization. The tax credit authorization shall be the lowest approved percentage that will incentivize creation of new jobs and new state revenue. (7-1-14)

02. Duplicate Copy. The Department shall provide a duplicate copy of any tax credit authorization to the Tax Commission. (7-1-14)

181. -- 189. (RESERVED)
190. ANNUAL REPORTING BY APPLICANT. Annual required reporting shall be outlined in the agreement and will include, but not be limited to, the following:

01. New State Revenues. Supporting documentation of the new state revenues from the applicant’s new project that were paid during the preceding calendar year.

02. New Jobs Created. Supporting documentation of the new jobs that were created during the preceding calendar year.

03. Known or Expected Detriments. Known or expected detriments to the state or existing industries in the state.

04. Authorization Document. A document that expressly directs and authorizes the Tax Commission and Department of Labor to allow the Department access to the applicant’s returns and other information that may be necessary to verify or otherwise confirm the declared new state revenues.

05. Tax Commission Affidavit. An affidavit from the tax commission confirming that the applicant is in good standing in the state of Idaho and is not in unresolved arrears in the payment of any state tax or fee administered by the tax commission.

06. Other Entitlement to Rebate. Identification of any individual or entity included within the Application that is entitled to a rebate pursuant to section 63-3641 or 63-4408, Idaho Code, or is required to obtain a separate seller’s permit pursuant to Chapter 36, Title 63, Idaho Code.

07. Supporting Documentation. Supporting documentation that the business entity has satisfied the measurements and requirements outlined in the agreement.

191. ANNUAL REPORTING BY DEPARTMENT. The Department shall create an annual written report for the Governor and the Legislature describing the following:

01. Successes. The Department’s success under this act in attracting new jobs;

02. Estimated Tax Credit Commitments. The estimated amount of tax credit commitments made by the Department and the period of time over which tax credits will be paid;

03. Economic Impact to State. The economic impact on the state related to generating new state revenue and providing tax credits under this act;

04. Estimated Costs and Benefits. The estimated costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments that the Department made; and

05. Actual Costs and Benefits. The actual costs and economic benefits of the tax credit commitments the Department made.

06. Submittal of Report. The report shall be submitted to the Office of the Governor and the appropriate legislative committee chairmen in a timely manner following the close of the state’s fiscal year.

192. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. AUDIT. On or before November 1, 2015, and every year thereafter, the Department shall conduct an independent third party audit pursuant to Chapter 47, Title 67, Idaho Code. The Department shall consider any audit recommendations during the applicant’s annual review for continuation of the tax credit.
201. -- 209. (RESERVED)

210. CONTINUATION OF TAX CREDIT.
During the term of the project for each applicant, the Department shall review the applicant’s annual report. Subject to any audit recommendations and provided the applicant provides a reasonable justification for authorizing or continuing a tax credit, the Department shall determine the amount of the tax credit to be granted, issue a tax credit authorization to the applicant, and provide a duplicate copy of the tax credit authorization to the Tax Commission. The amount of the tax credit to be continued shall be the lowest approved percentage that will incentivize creation of new jobs and new state revenue. The TRI shall not be extended beyond the term and length specified in the Agreement. (7-1-14)

211. TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF TAX CREDIT.
During the term of the project for each applicant, the Department shall review the applicant’s annual report and if the information provided is inadequate or inaccurate to provide a reasonable justification for authorizing or continuing a tax credit, the Department shall:

01. Denial of Tax Credit. Deny the tax credit for that tax year; or (7-1-14)

02. Termination of Agreement. Terminate the agreement for failure to meet the performance standards established; or (7-1-14)

03. Request for Additional Documentation. Request the applicant to submit additional documentation. (7-1-14)

212. -- 219. (RESERVED)

220. SUSPENSION OF IDAHO REIMBURSEMENT INCENTIVE ACT.
The Director shall suspend the issuance of all new agreements with applicants upon the occurrence of the following conditions:

01. Temporary Spending Reduction. The governor orders a temporary reduction of general fund spending authority, pursuant to section 67-3512A, Idaho Code; and (7-1-14)

02. Suspension of New Agreements. The governor issues an executive order directing the Department to suspend the issuance of new agreements during the tax year in which the temporary reduction of general fund spending authority has been ordered and the executive order issued. (7-1-14)

03. Existing Approved Agreements. In the case of suspension all agreements that have been approved by the Council prior to the governor issuing an executive order, as provided in Subsections 026.01 and 026.02 of these rules, shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be modified or impaired as a result of the executive order. (7-1-14)

04. Support of Existing Agreements. During the period of time that new agreements have been suspended, the Director shall maintain the necessary services required to support all existing agreements and comply with all required reporting and review responsibilities. (7-1-14)

05. Removal of Suspension. The governor may remove the suspension issued by executive order. (7-1-14)

221. -- 999. (RESERVED)
NOTICE OF INTENT TO PROMULGATE RULES - NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5220, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Sections 63-105 and 63-3039, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Interested persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must respond to this notice by contacting the undersigned either in writing, by email, or by calling the phone number listed below. To participate, responses must be received by August 27, 2014.

Should a reasonable number of persons respond to this notice, negotiated meetings will be scheduled and all scheduled meetings shall be posted and made accessible on the agency website at the address listed below.

Upon conclusion of the negotiated rulemaking, any unresolved issues, all key issues considered, and conclusions reached during the negotiated rulemaking will be addressed in a written summary and made available on the agency website.

Failure of interested persons to respond to this notice of intent or the lack of a sufficient number of responses to this notice of intent may result in the discontinuation of further informal proceedings. In either event the agency shall have sole discretion in determining the feasibility of scheduling and conducting informal negotiated rulemaking and may proceed directly to formal rulemaking if proceeding with negotiated rulemaking is deemed infeasible.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

Rule 016 is a newly promulgated rule, intended to apply allocation and apportionment principles that currently apply in determining Idaho taxable income to the determination of gross income of a multi-state pass-through entity.

Rule 171 is being amended to provide guidance regarding the holding period requirements for the Idaho capital gains deduction.

Rule 268 is a newly promulgated rule, intended to provide guidance on the order in which a nonresident or part-year resident taxpayer can deduct suspended losses.

Rule 275 is being amended to include an example showing how a nonresident partner of a multi-state investment partnership calculates the amount of taxable income from the partnership that is included in Idaho taxable income.

Rule 291 is being amended to provide guidance regarding items allowed as a deduction to owners of an interest in a pass-through entity when the tax is paid by the entity.

CONTACT INFORMATION, WEB ADDRESS, ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking, contact Cynthia Adrian, (208) 334-7670. Materials pertaining to the negotiated rulemaking, including any available preliminary rule drafts, can be found on the Tax Commission web site at the following web address: www.tax.idaho.gov. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014. Comments may be submitted via email to sherry.briscoe@tax.idaho.gov.

DATED this 7th day of July, 2014.

Cynthia Adrian, Tax Policy Specialist
Idaho State Tax Commission
800 Park Blvd., Plaza IV
P.O. Box 36
Boise, ID 83722-0410
Phone: (208) 334-7670 / Fax: (208) 334-7844
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 63-105A, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Property Tax Rule 120 is being amended to define the subject matter of complaints and provides a timeline for hearing the complaint.

Property Tax Rule 609 is being amended provide that the assessor may remove that property’s homestead exemption if, by April 15 of the tax year, the taxpayer owns a different homestead and requests that the exemption be transferred to the second homestead.

Property Tax Rule 988 is being amended to delete the reference to an annual affidavit which has been deleted from Idaho Code Section 63-602KK by house bill 441a.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the May 7, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-5, pages 75 and 76.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Alan Dornfest at (208) 334-7742 or alan.dornfest@tax.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 30th day of June, 2014.

Alan Dornfest
Tax Policy Supervisor
State Tax Commission
P.O. Box 36
Boise, ID 83722-0410
(208) 334-7742
alan.dornfest@tax.idaho.gov
THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 35-0103-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

120. INVESTIGATION OF WRITTEN COMPLAINTS (RULE 120).

01. Definitions. To investigate written complaints, the following terms are defined. (7-1-99)

a. Complaint. Complaint means a signed, written statement submitted to the tax commission requesting that this agency for the State Tax Commission to investigate any actions by public county officials relating to property tax assessment or administration, provided such actions are not related to personnel matter or matters relating to the expenditure of funds. (7-1-99)

b. Complainant. Complainant means any individual making a complaint. (7-1-99)

c. Investigation. Investigation means observation and close examination of a public county official’s application of property tax assessment or administration law and State Tax Commission rules. The investigation may require field inspections of property, analysis of public records or the interviewing of witnesses. The formal investigation will be focused or limited to specific issues identified in the complaint cover only those issues raised by the complainant. (7-1-99)

d. Public County official. The term public county official means the elected or appointed official whose actions are the subject of the complaint. (7-1-99)

02. Investigation Procedure. The following procedures apply to an investigation of a complaint. (7-1-99)

a. Filed in writing. All complaints must be submitted to the State Tax Commission in writing and signed by the complainant. (7-1-99)

b. Examination of complaint. The complaint will be examined by the State Tax Commission to decide if a formal investigation will be conducted. (7-1-99)

c. Notification of public official subject to investigation. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of complaint the State Tax Commission will notify the complainant of the decision regarding initiation of an investigation. If an investigation is initiated, the affected county official(s) shall also be notified within this time frame public official to review the complaint, as soon as a formal investigation is contemplated. (7-1-99)

d. Delivery of investigation order. Within thirty (30) days of a decision to conduct an investigation, the State Tax Commission will deliver to the public affected county official(s) a copy of the investigation order naming the investigators and outlining what is to be investigated. (7-1-99)

e. Preliminary report. A preliminary report will be prepared by the investigator and legal counsel. The report will include findings and recommendations, and may include responses information from the public official(s). (7-1-99)

f. Presentation of preliminary report. The preliminary report will be presented to the complainant and the public official(s). The State Tax Commission investigators will be present when the report is discussed with the public affected county official(s) subject to investigation, and the complainant. (7-1-99)

g. Comment period. The complainant and the public county official(s) will be given a specified time to review and comment on the preliminary report, particularly to correct any errors of fact. (7-1-99)

h. Final report. At the end of the review by the complainant and the public official a final report will
be prepared by the investigator and legal counsel and submitted to any affected county official(s) with any changes from the preliminary report highlighted.

03. Public County Official's Response to Final Report. After the final report is completed, the public county official(s) shall outline how the investigator’s recommendations will be implemented and provide a written explanation of why any recommendation has been rejected.

04. Conclusion of Investigation. The investigator’s final report and the public county official’s written response to the report shall conclude the investigation. The conclusion of the investigation does not preclude the State Tax Commission from enforcing additional powers and duties as prescribed by law or the complainant and public county official(s) from exercising his or her right to appeal property valuations before a County Board of Equalization, the State Board of Tax Appeals or in District Court.

05. Special Rules For Investigation Of Complaints About Property Tax Budgets Or Levies. When complaints are made about property tax budgets or levies of taxing districts, the results of any investigation will also be reported to the appropriate taxing district, the county prosecuting attorney, and affected county officials. The tax commission’s investigatory authority is limited to determining whether a levy rate or property tax budget increase exceeds any statutory maximum, or whether a levy is unauthorized. Any such investigation must be conducted in accordance with the time constraints found in Section 63-809, Idaho Code.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

609. PROPERTY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION -- HOMESTEAD (RULE 609).
Sections 63-602G, 63-701, 63-703, and 63-3077, Idaho Code.

01. Homestead Exemption. The Homestead Exemption granted in 63-602G, Idaho Code shall also be known as the homeowner’s exemption.

02. Idaho Annual House Price Index Change. The successor to the United States Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight is the Federal Housing Finance Agency. Annually, the State Tax Commission shall calculate the maximum dollar-value limit for the homeowner’s exemption based on the annual change in the Idaho House Price Index-All-Transactions, published by the Federal Housing Finance Agency or its successor. The following procedure shall be used:

a. Step 1. Calculate the average Idaho House Price Index-All-Transactions of the four (4) most recently available quarters as of September 15.

b. Step 2. Calculate the average Idaho House Price Index-All-Transactions of the four (4) quarters immediately preceding the earliest quarter used in Step 1.

c. Step 3. Divide the Step 1 average by the Step 2 average to determine a factor.

d. Step 4. Multiply the factor determined in Step 3 by the current maximum dollar-value limit on the homeowner’s exemption to produce the new dollar-value limit.

03. Partial Ownership. Any partial ownership shall be considered ownership for determining qualification for the homeowner’s exemption; however, the amount of the exemption shall be decided on the reduced proportion of the value commensurate with the proportion of partial ownership. The proportional reduction shall not apply to the ownership interests of a partner of a limited partnership, a member of a limited liability company or a shareholder of a corporation when that person has no less than five percent (5%) ownership interest in the entity unless any ownership interest is shared by any entity other than the limited partnership, limited liability company or corporation. For tenants in common with two (2) improvements located on one (1) parcel of land, determine the applicable value for the homeowner’s exemption using the procedure shown in Example 1 of Paragraph 609.03.a., of this rule unless the owner-occupant provides documented evidence of a different ownership interest in the improvement. See Examples 2, 3, and 4 in Paragraphs 609.03.b., 609.03.c., and 609.03.d. of this rule for additional
partial ownership guidance. To calculate property tax reduction benefits when partial ownership exists, see Paragraph 700.05.b. of this rule. (4-2-08)

a. Example 1. John Smith and Bob Anderson own a property as tenants in common with two (2) residential improvements located on the property. Each residential improvement is owner occupied by one (1) of the tenants in common. The homeowner’s exemption is calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$42,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Improvement</td>
<td>$82,000</td>
<td>Occupied by Mr. Smith</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prorated Ownership Interest (land and improvement)</td>
<td>$62,000</td>
<td>Mr. Smith’s interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Exemption</td>
<td>$31,000</td>
<td>For Mr. Smith as owner occupant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Improvement</td>
<td>$67,000</td>
<td>Occupied by Mr. Anderson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prorated Ownership Interest (land and improvement)</td>
<td>$54,500</td>
<td>Mr. Anderson’s interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Exemption</td>
<td>$27,250</td>
<td>For Mr. Anderson as owner occupant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3-30-07)

b. Example 2. John Smith and Bob Anderson own a parcel of land as tenants in common with two (2) residential improvements located on the parcel. Mr. Smith has documented evidence of one hundred percent (100%) interest in one (1) residential improvement and Mr. Anderson has documented evidence of one hundred percent (100%) interest in the remaining residential improvement. Each residential improvement is owner occupied. The homeowner’s exemption is calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$42,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Improvement</td>
<td>$82,000</td>
<td>Owned and occupied by Mr. Smith</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Exemption</td>
<td>$51,500</td>
<td>For Mr. Smith</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Improvement</td>
<td>$67,000</td>
<td>Owned and occupied by Mr. Anderson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Exemption</td>
<td>$44,000</td>
<td>For Mr. Anderson</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3-30-07)

c. Example 3. Tom Johnson and Marie Johnson, husband and wife, and June Smith jointly own a property and occupy one (1) residential improvement located on the property. The following example shows how to calculate each homeowner’s exemption.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$95,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Improvement</td>
<td>$215,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Improvement</td>
<td>$310,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prorated ownership interest (land and improvement)</td>
<td>$206,677</td>
<td>Mr. &amp; Mrs. Johnson’s interest</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3-30-07)
d. Example 4. John and Susan Doe, husband and wife, and Mike Person jointly own a property, and Mr. and Mrs. Doe occupy the one (1) residential improvement located on the property. The following example shows how to calculate each homeowner’s exemption.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Exemption Maximum for 2010 ($101,153 X 66.67%)</td>
<td>$67,439</td>
<td>Mr. &amp; Mrs. Johnson’s Homeowner’s Exemption</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prorated ownership interest (land and improvement) ($310,000 X 33.33%)</td>
<td>$103,323</td>
<td>Ms. Smith’s interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Exemption Maximum for 2010 ($101,153 X 33.33%)</td>
<td>$33,714</td>
<td>Ms. Smith’s Homeowner’s Exemption</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

04. **Part year ownership.** For qualifying taxpayers who claimed the homeowner's exemption on an eligible property, the homestead that qualified on January 1 of the current tax year shall continue to receive the exemption, provided however, the assessor may remove that property’s exemption if, by April 15 of the tax year, the taxpayer owns a different homestead and requests that the exemption be transferred to the second homestead. (___)

045. **Determination of Residency.** The State Tax Commission may release pertinent information from any Idaho income tax return to the county assessor and the county Board of Equalization for the sole purpose of providing one (1) indicator of eligibility for the homeowner's exemption. According to Section 63-3077(4), Idaho Code, this information is confidential and is not subject to public disclosure. (4-11-06)

046. **Notification of Erroneous Claims.** When it is determined that an exemption granted under this Section to a taxpayer who has also received property tax relief under Chapter 7, Idaho Code, should not have been granted, the county assessor shall notify the State Tax Commission of the determination. (3-29-10)

(4-7-11)
01. Definitions. The following definitions apply for the purposes of the property tax exemption under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code, and do not decide investment tax credit eligibility for Idaho income tax purposes.

a. Year in which the investment is placed in service. “Year in which the investment is placed in service” means the calendar year the property was put to use or placed in a condition or state of readiness and availability for a specifically assigned function in the production of income.

b. Operator’s Statement. The “operator’s statement” is the annual statement listing all property subject to assessment by the State Tax Commission and prepared under Section 63-404, Idaho Code.

c. Personal Property Declaration. A “personal property declaration” is any form required for reporting personal property or transient personal property to the county assessor under Sections 63-302 or 63-313, Idaho Code, respectively.

d. Qualified Investment. “Qualified investment” means property that would have otherwise been taxable for property tax purposes and is eligible or qualified under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code, provided that property is reported on the personal property declaration or operator’s statement and is designated as exempt from property tax for two (2) years on Form 49E.

e. Qualified Investment Exemption. The “qualified investment exemption” (QIE) referred to in this rule is the property tax exemption under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code.

f. Assessor. The “assessor” is the representative of the county assessor’s office or the State Tax Commission who is responsible for the administration of the QIE.

02. Designation of Property for Which Exemption Is Elected. The owner shall designate the property on which the QIE is elected. The owner shall make this designation on Form 49E and attach it to a timely filed personal property declaration or, for operating property, the timely filed operator’s statement. Owners who designate property on which the QIE is elected may not file the annual affidavit provided for in Section 63-602KK(6), Idaho Code, but must file the personal property declaration. This prohibition shall be limited to the time period during which the taxpayer may be subject to recapture under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code. The description of the property on Form 49E must be adequate to identify the property to be granted the exemption. In addition to all other steps required to complete the personal property declaration or operator’s statement, the owner must provide on the personal property declaration or operator’s statement the date the item elected for the QIE was placed in service.

03. Election for Investments Not Otherwise Required to Be Listed on the Personal Property Declaration. For investments, like single purpose agricultural or horticultural structures, that are not otherwise required to be listed on the personal property declaration, the owner must list that property to elect the QIE. As with any property designated for the QIE, the owner must attach Form 49E to the personal property declaration.

04. Continuation of Listing. For all property designated for QIE, even though that property is exempt for two (2) years, the owner must list that property on the personal property declaration or operator’s statement in the initial year for which the QIE is claimed and the following four (4) consecutive years, unless that property has been sold, otherwise disposed of, or ceases to qualify pursuant to Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code.

05. Period of QIE. The QIE shall be granted for the two (2) calendar years immediately after the end of the calendar year in which the property acquired as a qualified investment was first placed in service in Idaho.

06. Election Specificity. The QIE election provided by Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code, shall be specific to each qualified item listed on the personal property declaration or operator’s statement. An item that is a qualified investment, but for which there is no QIE election during the year after the “year in which the investment is placed in service” in Idaho, is not eligible for the QIE.
07. Notification by Assessor.

a. Upon Receipt of Form 49E or a Listing. Upon receiving Form 49E or any listing provided to comply with Subsection 988.08 or 988.12 of this rule, the assessor shall review the application and determine if the taxpayer qualifies for the property tax exemption under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code. If the assessor determines that the property tax exemption should be granted, the assessor shall notify the taxpayer and, if applicable, send a copy of this form or listing to the State Tax Commission.

b. Upon Discovery of Changes. Upon discovering that property granted the QIE was sold, otherwise disposed of, or ceased to qualify under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code, within the five (5) year period beginning with the date the property was placed in service, the assessor shall notify the State Tax Commission and the taxpayer immediately. The assessor shall also provide this notification upon discovery that the owner first claiming the QIE failed to list the item on any personal property declaration or failed to file a personal property declaration in any year during this five (5) year period. This notice shall include:

i. Owner. Name of the owner receiving the QIE.

ii. Property description. A description of the property that received the QIE.

iii. New or used. State whether the individual item was purchased new or used.

iv. Date placed in service. The date the owner reported the item was first placed in service in Idaho.

v. First year value of QIE. For each item, the amount of exempt value in the first year the QIE was elected and an identification of the year.

vi. Second year value of QIE. For each item, the amount of exempt value in the second year after the QIE was elected.

vii. Tax code area number. For each item, the number of the tax code area within which that item was located.

c. Denial of the QIE. Upon review of the taxpayer’s application, if the assessor determines that the property tax exemption should not be granted for all or part of the market value of any item or items, then the assessor shall deny the exemption for those items. The assessor shall notify the taxpayer electing the QIE and shall identify the basis for the denial. The assessor’s notification cancels the election with respect to those items. Upon receiving this notification, the taxpayer is then free to pursue the income tax credit under Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code, for those items denied the QIE by the assessor.

08. Moved Personal Property. In order to provide unmistakable identification of the property, certain taxpayers must send written notification by the date provided in Section 63-302, 63-313, or 63-404, Idaho Code, when moving property that previously received the QIE. This notification:

a. Is required of taxpayers moving locally assessed property between counties in Idaho during the five (5) year period beginning the date that property was placed in service.

i. The taxpayers send this notification to the assessor in the county that granted the QIE and the assessor in any Idaho county to which the property has been moved.

ii. The taxpayers must include a listing which describes the property exactly as it was described on the original Form 49E or cross references the property originally listed on Form 49E.

b. Is not required of taxpayers when the property is State Tax Commission assessed nonregulated operating property.

09. Notification Regarding Transient Personal Property. For transient personal property elected for
the QIE, the definition of home county in Section 63-313, Idaho Code, and Rule 313 of these rules, applies. When a home county receives information of an election for QIE and a notice that the exempt property was used in another county in Idaho, the home county must forward information identifying that property to the other county(ies) in accordance with procedures in Section 63-313, Idaho Code. Also, the home county assessor shall send a copy of this notice to the State Tax Commission.

10. Partial-Year Assessments. Property assessed based on a value prorated for a portion of the year in which the property is first placed in service may still be eligible for the QIE in the subsequent two (2) calendar years, provided the QIE is elected.

11. Limitation on Amount of Exemption.

   a. New Property. The QIE shall be for the full market value for assessment purposes for new property that is a qualifying investment.

   b. Used Property. The QIE for used property placed in service during a taxable year for income tax purposes shall be limited. For each taxpayer, the QIE shall be the lesser of the QIE cost or the current year’s market value in accordance with the following procedure:

      i. QIE cost shall be determined for each item of used property upon which the QIE is claimed. QIE cost is the lesser of an item’s cost or one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000); provided, however, that the QIE cost for all elected used property shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) in a taxable year (See Example B in Subparagraph 988.11.c.ii., of this rule). In the event the cost of one (1) or more items of used property exceeds one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), QIE cost shall reflect the reduction necessary to stay within the one hundred fifty thousand dollar ($150,000) limit (See IDAPA 35.01.01, “Income Tax Administrative Rules,” Rule 719 for information on the selection of items of used property).

      ii. For each item purchased used, the QIE shall be limited to the lesser of the QIE cost or the current year’s market value (See Example B in Subparagraph 988.11.c.ii., of this rule).

   c. Examples. In the following examples, all of the property is owned by the same taxpayer and is a qualified investment.

      i. Example A. In Example A, 2004 is the first year during which the qualified investment receives the QIE. The taxpayer may decide which of the used items placed in service in 2003 is considered first for the exemption. In this example, computer 1 has been given the exemption first. Since the limitation is based on cost, the remaining used property exemption cannot exceed one hundred thirty thousand dollars ($130,000) and the QIE cost is determined accordingly. The conveyor belt is a new investment, first eligible for the QIE in 2005. In 2006, the assembly line, computer 1, and computer 2 would be fully taxable at the market value as of January 1, 2006.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Computer 1</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>Used</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$12,000</td>
<td>$12,000</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$8,000</td>
<td>$8,000</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assembly line</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>$160,000</td>
<td>Used</td>
<td>$130,000</td>
<td>$140,000</td>
<td>$130,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$110,000</td>
<td>$110,000</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer 2</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>New</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conveyor belt</td>
<td>2004</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
<td>Used</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ii. Example B. In Example B, the property was purchased at auction for a cost much less than its market value.
d. Used Property Placed in Service by Fiscal Year Taxpayer. If a taxpayer had a fiscal year beginning July 1, 2004, and placed one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) of qualifying used property in service on May 15, 2004, and an additional one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) of qualifying used property in service on August 1, 2004, the taxpayer would qualify for an exemption of up to three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) on this used property in 2005 and 2006. The exempt value in the second year of the exemption could not exceed the lesser of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) or the (depreciated) market value of this used property. (4-6-05)

12. Multi-County Taxpayers.

a. Except taxpayers electing QIE for property that is State Tax Commission assessed operating property, any taxpayers electing the QIE for properties purchased new must indicate on Form 49E the county where each property is located or must complete a separate Form 49E and attach it to the personal property declaration submitted to each county. (3-20-04)

b. Except taxpayers electing QIE for property that is State Tax Commission assessed operating property, any taxpayers electing the QIE for properties purchased used must attach any Form 49E listing property purchased used to the personal property declaration sent to each county. A Form 49E listing only property purchased used may be provided to comply with this requirement. (3-20-04)

c. Any taxpayers electing QIE for property that is State Tax Commission assessed nonregulated operating property and purchased new or used must indicate on Form 49E each county where each property is located and attach it to the operator’s statement. (4-6-05)

d. If multiple Form 49Es are submitted to one (1) or more assessors, a copy of each Form 49E must be attached to the correct year’s income tax return. (4-6-05)


a. For nonregulated operating property, the market value of the QIE is calculated by multiplying the depreciated original cost of the property times the ratio of the correlated value determined under Subsection 405.08 of these rules to the cost approach value determined under Subsection 405.02 of these rules. (4-6-05)

b. The following special provisions apply for the reduction in market value of nonregulated operating property resulting from QIE being elected.

i. Reduction in Idaho value. For nonregulated operating property except situs property, the reduction in market value will be made by subtracting the market value of the QIE from the allocated Idaho value before apportionment to any taxing district or unit. (4-6-05)

ii. Reduction in market value of situs property owned by nonregulated operating property companies. For situs property owned by nonregulated operating property companies, the reduction in market value will be made by subtracting the market value of the specific investment in the specific location. (4-6-05)

14. Cross Reference. For more information relating to procedures and requirements for QIE, refer to Section 63-3029B, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 35.01.01, “Income Tax Administrative Rules,” Rule 719. For information relating to recapture of QIE, refer to Rule 989 of these rules. (4-6-05)
NOTICE OF INTENT TO PROMULGATE RULES - NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5220, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Sections 63-105A, and Section 63-802, Idaho Code.

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Interested persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking may do any of the following:

1. Attend the negotiated rulemaking meeting(s) and participate in the negotiation process,
2. Attend through a teleconference,
3. Provide oral or written recommendations, or both, at the negotiated rulemaking meeting, and/or
4. Submit written recommendations and comments to the address below.

Upon conclusion of the negotiated rulemaking, any unresolved issues, all key issues considered, and conclusions reached during the negotiated rulemaking will be addressed in a written summary and made available on the agency website.

Failure of interested persons to respond to this notice of intent or the lack of a sufficient number of responses to this notice of intent may result in the discontinuation of further informal proceedings. In either event the agency shall have sole discretion in determining the feasibility of scheduling and conducting informal negotiated rulemaking and may proceed directly to formal rulemaking if proceeding with negotiated rulemaking is deemed infeasible.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

Property Tax Rule 126 is being amended to change the method of gaining the number of courses required for appraisal certification by providing an opportunity to challenge one of the two required courses by passing a test.

Property Tax Rule 128 is being amended to change the method of gaining the number of courses required for cadastral certification by providing an opportunity to challenge one of the two required courses by passing a test.

CONTACT INFORMATION, WEB ADDRESS, ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking, contact Alan Dornfest, (208) 334-7742. Materials pertaining to the negotiated rulemaking, including any available preliminary rule drafts, can be found on the commission website at the following web address: www.tax.idaho.gov.

All written comments must be directed to the address below.

DATED this 25th day of June, 2014

Alan Dornfest
Tax Policy Supervisor
State Tax Commission
P.O. Box 36
Boise, ID 83722-0410
(208) 334-7742
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 63-105A, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Property Tax Rule 205 is being amended to allow the rule to conform to Idaho code 63-201(9) as amended by HB441a, which recently became law. The rule deletes language that is inconsistent with current law regarding the three factor test which is used to determine if an item of property is a fixture and therefore real property.

Property Tax Rule 315 deletes the specific statutory references to the various property tax exemptions, and adds the words “property exempt from property tax”.

Property Tax Rule 508 Deletes personal property exempt value notification by taxing district or unit rule because reporting is no longer required. It also deletes the notice requirements made unnecessary by statutory changes.

Property Tax Rule 509 This rule required the reporting of the personal property exemption amount, which no longer needs to be reported. SB1213 deletes the need to apply for the oil and gas well exemption so the value may not be known. This rule deletes the requirement to report on the abstract exempt personal property and certain exempt oil and gas well property.

Property Tax Rule 512 is being amended to delete the word “fixture” from the headline describing Category 59 property items. The category is used for personal property and fixtures are statutorily defined as real property, so should not be included under this category.

Property Tax Rule 626 is being amended to clarify that personal property declarations need not be filed every fifth year, and replacement funds which have been established as of 2013 may need to be adjusted if errors are discovered. Taxpayer ownership examples contained in this rule will be transferred to proposed rule 627.

Property Tax Rule 627 is a new rule explaining the terms of common enterprise and taxpayer relationships that is transferred from Rule 626.

Property Tax Rule 645 changes the existing language from ‘requires net income when selling livestock’ to ‘requires gross income when selling livestock’ to be consistent with statute.

Property Tax Rule 803 is being amended to require the amount of personal property replacement funds received by the taxing districts to be subtracted before levies are computed. This conforms with HB441a.

Property Tax Rule 805 is being amended to provide a procedure for disallowing certain budget increases in accordance with HB560 when entities do not comply with reporting requirements.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA
NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because rules are simple in nature.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Alan Dornfest at (208)334-7742 or alan.dornfest@tax.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 30th day of June, 2014.

Alan Dornfest
Tax Policy Supervisor
State Tax Commission
P.O. Box 36
Boise, ID 83722-0410
(208)334-7742
alan.dornfest@tax.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 35-0103-1404
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

205. PERSONAL AND REAL PROPERTY -- DEFINITIONS AND GUIDELINES (RULE 205).
Sections 39-4105, 39-4301, 63-201, 63-302, 63-309, 63-602KK, 63-1703, 63-2801, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

01. Real Property. Real property is defined in Section 63-201, Idaho Code. Real property consists of land and improvements. (5-8-09)

a. Land. Land is real property as well as all rights and privileges thereto belonging or in any way appertaining to the land. (5-8-09)

b. Law and Courts. Real property also consists of all other property which the law defines, or the courts may interpret, declare, and hold to be real property under the letter, spirit, intent, and meaning of the law. (5-8-09)

c. Improvements. Improvements are buildings, structures, fences, and similar properties that are built upon land. Improvements are real property regardless of whether or not such improvements are owned separately from the ownership of the land upon or to which the same may be erected, affixed, or attached. (5-8-09)

02. Personal Property. Personal property is defined in Section 63-201, Idaho Code, as everything that is the subject of ownership that is not real property. (5-8-09)

03. Fixtures. Fixtures are defined in Section 63-201, Idaho Code, as articles that were once moveable.
personal property items but have become real property as determined by the application of the three factor test.

a. The three part factor test consists of annexation, adaptation and intent as explained below. If an item of property satisfies all three tests, the item becomes a fixture and therefore real property.

i. Annexation. Although once moveable chattels, articles become accessory to and a part of improvements to real property by having been physically or constructively incorporated therein or annexed or affixed thereto in such a manner that removing them would cause material injury or damage to the real property; and

ii. Adaptation. The use or purpose of an item is integral to the use of the real property to which it is affixed; and

iii. Intent. Items should be considered personal property unless a person would reasonably be considered to intend to make the articles, during their useful life, permanent additions to the real property. The intent depends on an objective standard and what a reasonable person would consider permanent and not the subjective intention of the owner of the property.

b. Fixtures does not include machinery, equipment, or other articles that are affixed to real property to enable the proper utilization of such articles. If an item of property satisfies all three factors of the three factor test, the item becomes a fixture and therefore real property.

04. Operating Property. Operating Property is defined in Section 63-201, Idaho Code. For any purpose for which the distinction between personal property and real property is relevant or necessary for operating property, operating property will be characterized as personal or real based upon the criteria stated in this guideline and the rules of the State Tax Commission.

0315. USE OF RATIO STUDY TO EQUALIZE BOISE SCHOOL DISTRICT (RULE 315).
Section 63-315, Idaho Code.

01. Procedures for Boise School District Ratio Studies. The ratio study conducted by the State Tax Commission to comply with the requirements of Section 63-315, Idaho Code, shall be conducted in accordance with the “Standard on Ratio Studies” referenced in Rule 006 of these rules. The following specific procedures will be used.

a. Information on property sales, which meet the requirements of arm’s length and market value sales, will be obtained and assembled into samples representing various primary categories, described in Subsections 130.02 through 130.06 of these rules, and secondary categories, described in Rules 510, 511, and 512 of these rules, within designations defined in Subsection 315.02 of this rule in the Boise School District. Except when sales or appraisals must be added or deleted to improve representativeness, sales used will be those occurring within the Boise School District between October 1 of the year preceding the year for which adjusted market value is to be computed and September 30 of the year for which adjusted market value is to be computed. Each sale price is to be adjusted for time and compared to market value for assessment purposes for the year for which adjusted market value is to be computed, to compute ratios to be analyzed. The State Tax Commission may use sales from extended time periods and may add appraisals when data is lacking. The State Tax Commission may delete sales when necessary to improve representativeness.

b. A ratio will be determined for each sale by dividing the market value for assessment purposes of the property by the adjusted sale price or appraised value.

c. A statistical analysis is to be conducted for the sales and any appraisals in each property designation described in Subsection 315.02 of this rule in the Boise School District and appropriate measures of
d. With the exception of any property designations with extended time frames or added appraisals, if fewer than five (5) sales and appraisals are available, no adjustment to the taxable value of the designation will be made.

(7-1-98)

e. If there are five (5) or more sales and appraisals and it is determined with reasonable statistical certainty that the property designation is not already at market value for assessment purposes, an adjusted market value will be computed for the Boise School District by dividing the taxable value for the year for which adjusted market value is to be determined by the appropriate ratio derived from the ratio study. The appropriate ratio to be used shall be the weighted mean ratio calculated from the sample for each designation, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this statistic has been distorted by nonrepresentative ratios. In this case the median may be substituted:

(4-2-08)

f. Within the Boise School District, adjusted market value or taxable value for each primary and each applicable secondary category of real, personal and operating property will be summed to produce the total adjusted market value for the Boise School District. The Boise School District taxable value will then be divided by this adjusted market value to produce the overall ratio of assessment in the Boise School District. Statewide totals are to be calculated by compiling county totals.

(4-2-08)

g. Urban renewal increment values will not be included in the taxable value or the adjusted market value for the Boise School District.

(4-2-08)

h. “Reasonable statistical certainty,” that the property designation in question is not at market value for assessment purposes, is required. Such certainty is tested using ninety percent (90%) confidence intervals about the weighted mean or median ratios. If the appropriate confidence interval includes ninety-five percent (95%) or one hundred five percent (105%), there is not “reasonable statistical certainty” that the property designation is not at market value for assessment purposes.

(3-30-01)

i. Primary and secondary categories subject to adjustment following the procedure outlined in this rule and ratio study designations from which measures of central tendency used for adjustments will be derived are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Secondary Categories</th>
<th>Primary Categories</th>
<th>Ratio Study Designations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12, 15, 18, or 20</td>
<td>Vacant Residential Land</td>
<td>Residential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 26, 31, 34, 37, 40, 41, 46, 47, 48, or 50</td>
<td>Improved Residential Property</td>
<td>Residential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47, 49, or 65</td>
<td>Manufactured Home on Leased Land</td>
<td>Residential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 21, or 22</td>
<td>Vacant Commercial or Industrial Land</td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 21, 22, 27, 33, 35, 36, 38, 39, 42, 43, or 51</td>
<td>Improved Commercial or Industrial Property</td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3-30-07)

j. For all secondary categories, described in Rule 510, 511, or 512 of these rules but not contained in the list in Paragraph 315.01.i. of this rule, adjusted market value will equal taxable value.

(3-30-07)

k. “Appraisal” or “appraised value” refers to any State Tax Commission provided independently conducted property appraisal.

(7-1-98)

02. Use of Property Designations. In computing the ratio for the Boise School District, the State Tax Commission will designate property as residential or commercial and shall assign appropriate primary categories,
described in Subsections 130.02 through 130.06 of these rules, and secondary categories, described in Rules 510, 511, and 512 of these rules, to these designations as shown in Paragraph 315.01.i. of this rule. For the Boise School District, adjusted market value shall be computed by dividing the appropriate ratio ascertained for each of these designations into the sum of the taxable values for each primary and secondary category assigned to a designation. Except as provided in Subsection 315.06 of this rule, for the taxable value in any secondary category to be included in said sum, at least one (1) observation (sale or appraisal) from that secondary category must be present in the ratio study. If the ratio for any given designation in the Boise School District indicates that the market value for assessment purposes cannot be determined with reasonable statistical certainty to differ from statutorily required market value, the taxable value shown on the Boise School District abstract(s) required pursuant to Subsection 315.04 of this rule for each of the secondary categories included in that designation shall be the adjusted market value for said designation for said school district. (4-2-08)

03. Assessor to Identify Boise School Districts. Each county assessor will identify for the State Tax Commission which sales submitted for the ratio study are located within the Boise School District. (4-2-08)

04. Abstracts of Value for the Boise School District. Each applicable county auditor shall provide to the State Tax Commission abstracts of the taxable value of all property within the portion of the Boise School District in that county. These abstracts shall be submitted in the same manner and at the same time as provided for county abstracts of value. (4-2-08)

05. Urban Renewal Increment and Exemption to be Subtracted. The taxable value of each primary or secondary category within the Boise School District shall not include the value that exceeds the value on the base assessment roll in any urban renewal district pursuant to Chapter 29, Title 50, Idaho Code, and shall not include the value of any property exempt from property tax pursuant to Sections 63-602G, 63-602K, 63-602P, 63-602X, 63-602AA, 63-602BB, 63-602CC, 63-602DD, 63-602CC, 63-602HH, 63-602II, 63-606A, or 63-3029B, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

06. Exception from Requirement for at Least One Observation for Use of Secondary Category in Adjusted Value Determination. Properties identified as secondary categories 10 and 31 rarely sell separately from farms and therefore do not appear in any ratio study. However, the level of assessment typically is similar to that of other rural residential property, including property in secondary categories 12, 15, 34, and 37. For any ratio study where there is an adjustment to be made to the assessed values in the residential designation, such adjustment shall be applied to any assessed value in secondary category 10, provided there is at least one (1) observation (sale) of property identified in either secondary category 12 or 15. Such adjustment shall also be applied to any assessed value in secondary category 31, provided there is at least one (1) observation (sale) of property identified in either secondary category 34 or 37. (3-30-07)

07. Certification of Values. The values required to be certified to the county clerk by the first Monday in April each year under Section 63-315, Idaho Code, shall be published on the State Tax Commission’s web site or provided in an alternate format on request by the first Monday in April each year to satisfy this required certification. (3-30-07)

08. Cross References. The primary categories are described in Subsections 130.02 through 130.06 of these Rules, and the secondary categories are described in Rules 510, 511, and 512 of these rules. (3-30-07)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)
the increment value within each tax code area in each revenue allocation area shall also be reported. This report shall be submitted by the August and March dates provided under Section 63-510, Idaho Code.

509. CITY, COUNTY, SCHOOL DISTRICT, AND SPECIAL DISTRICT OR UNIT OF GOVERNMENT ABSTRACTS OF VALUE AND IDENTIFICATION OF URBAN RENEWAL INCREMENT AND PARTIAL EXEMPTION VALUES (RULE 509).
Sections 63-105A and 63-509, Idaho Code.

01. Definitions. The following definitions apply for the purposes of testing for equalization under Section 63-109, Idaho Code, notification under Sections 63-301 and 63-308, Idaho Code, and reporting under Section 63-509, Idaho Code.

a. Increment Value. Increment value means, as defined in Section 50-2903, Idaho Code, the total value calculated by summing the differences between the current equalized value of each taxable property in the revenue allocation area and that property’s current base value on the base assessment roll, provided such difference is positive.

b. Primary Category. Primary category means the categories established and described by Subsections 130.02 through 130.06 of these rules and used by the State Tax Commission to test for equalization under Section 63-109, Idaho Code.

c. Secondary Category. Secondary category means the categories established and described by Rules 510, 511, and 512 of these rules and used by county assessors to list property values on the valuation assessment notice under Sections 63-301 and 63-308, Idaho Code, and report values to the State Tax Commission under Section 63-509, Idaho Code, and this Rule. Secondary categories may also be tested for equalization purposes, provided they meet the criteria in Subsection 131.05 of these rules.

02. Indicate Increment and Exemption Values. In addition to the value of exemptions required under Section 63-509, Idaho Code, any increment value and the value of any exemption provided under Sections 63-602W(4), 63-602GG, 63-602HH, 63-602II, 63-602KK, 63-602NN, 63-4502, 63-606A, and 63-3029B, Idaho Code, shall be indicated and subtracted from the taxable value shown for each secondary category of property on each city and county abstract, and the Boise School District abstract. Increment value and the value of the exemptions found in this subsection shall also be indicated and subtracted from the taxable value for each secondary category subject to taxation by special districts and units of government which do not levy property tax against all otherwise taxable property.

03. Submittal of Corrections to Erroneous Abstracts or Related Documents. When completing the procedures set forth in Section 63-810, Idaho Code, boards of county commissioners should submit the corrections to the taxable values submitted on the abstracts or related documents under provisions of Section 63-509, Idaho Code, and this rule, no later than when they submit the corrected levies under Section 63-810, Idaho Code.

04. Cross Reference. See Rule 115 of these rules for requirements to submit city, Boise School District, and special district or unit of government abstracts. For the descriptions of the categories used to test for equalization, see Subsections 130.02 through 130.06 of these rules. For descriptions of secondary categories used to list and report land values, see Rule 510 of these rules, used to list and report the value of improvements, see Rule 511 of these rules, used to list and report all property values other than that for land or improvements, see Rule 512 of these rules. For information relating to notification of corrections to erroneous levies, see Sections 63-809 and 63-810, Idaho Code, and Rule 809 of these rules.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

512. SECONDARY CATEGORIES, OTHER THAN LAND OR IMPROVEMENTS - LISTING AND REPORTING (RULE 512).
Section 63-509, Idaho Code. County assessors will use the following secondary categories to list property values, other than that for land or improvements, on assessment notices under Sections 63-301 and 63-308, Idaho Code, and
will use these secondary categories to report values for property, other than land or improvements, to the state tax commission on the abstracts under Section 63-509, Idaho Code, and Rule 509 of these rules. (3-30-07)

01. Secondary Category 45 - Utility System Personal Property. Personal property that is part of locally assessed utility systems not under the jurisdiction of the state tax commission for appraisal. (3-30-07)

02. Secondary Category 55 - Boats or Aircraft. Unlicensed watercraft or unregistered aircraft. (3-30-07)

03. Secondary Category 56 - Construction Machinery, Tools, and Equipment. Unlicensed equipment such as cranes, tractors, scrapers, and rock crushers, used in the building trade or road construction. (3-30-07)

04. Secondary Category 57 - Equities in Personal Property Purchased From the State. Personal property purchased from the state under contract. (3-30-07)

05. Secondary Category 59 - Furniture, Fixtures, Libraries, Art, and Coin Collections. Trade articles used commercially for convenience, decoration, service, storage, including store counters, display racks, typewriters, office machines, surgical and scientific instruments, paintings, books, coin collections, and all such items held for rent or lease. (3-30-07)

06. Secondary Category 63 - Logging Machinery, Tools, and Equipment. Unlicensed logging machinery, shop tools, and equipment not assessed as real property. (3-30-07)

07. Secondary Category 64 - Mining Machinery, Tools, and Equipment. Unlicensed mining machinery, shop tools, and equipment not assessed as real property. (3-30-07)

08. Secondary Category 66 - Net Profits of Mines. That amount of money or its equivalent received from the sale or trade of minerals or metals extracted from the Earth after deduction of allowable expenses. See Section 63-2802, Idaho Code, and Rule 982 of these rules. (3-30-07)

09. Secondary Category 67 - Operating Property. Property assessed and apportioned by the state tax commission. (3-30-07)

10. Secondary Category 68 - Other Miscellaneous Machinery, Tools, and Equipment. Unlicensed machinery, tools, and equipment not used in construction, logging, mining, or not used exclusively in agriculture. (3-30-07)

11. Secondary Category 70 - Reservations and Easements. Reservations, including mineral rights reserved, divide ownership of property rights. Easements convey use but not ownership. (3-30-07)

12. Secondary Category 71 - Signs and Signboards. Signs and signboards, their bases and supports. (3-30-07)

13. Secondary Category 72 - Tanks, Cylinders, Vessels. Containers. (3-30-07)

14. Secondary Category 81 - Exempt Property, Other Than Land or Improvements. Category 81 is for county use to keep an inventory of exempt property other than land or improvements. (3-30-07)

15. Cross Reference. For descriptions of secondary categories used to list land values on the valuation assessment notice or report land values on the abstracts, see Rule 510 of these rules or used to list values for improvements on the valuation assessment notice or report improvement values on the abstracts, see Rule 511 of these rules. For the descriptions of primary categories and the assignment of secondary categories therein, see Subsections 130.02 through 130.06 of these rules. (3-30-07)
626. PROPERTY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION -- CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY (RULE 626).
Sections 63-105(A), 63-201, 63-302, 63-308, 63-313, 63-602Y, and 63-602KK, Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

01. Locally Assessed Property - Application Required. (3-20-14)

a. The taxpayer must file one (1) or more of the lists of taxable personal property as required by Section 63-302, Section 63-313, or Section 63-602Y, Idaho Code if the total market value of the property to be listed is greater than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). The filing of said list(s) shall constitute the filing of an application for exemption. For purposes of reporting personal property, the value is to be based on market value, not book value. (3-20-14)

b. Taxpayers establishing initial eligibility for the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, may in lieu of a list, file only an application attesting to ownership of otherwise taxable personal property having a cost of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or less. In providing such cost, newly acquired personal property items acquired at a price of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or less, that are exempt pursuant to Section 63-602KK(1), Idaho Code, shall not be included. The application must be filed no later than April 15th of the first year for which the exemption is claimed. (3-20-14)

c. In addition, for taxpayers with personal property with a total market value less than or equal to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in a single Idaho county, in every fifth year following the first year in which the exemption in section 63-602KK(2) is granted for any property, the taxpayer must file an application for the exemption to continue. The application must include certification by the taxpayer that the total market value of all otherwise taxable personal property is less than or equal to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), and must be filed with the county assessor no later than April 15 of the appropriate year. (3-20-14)

02. Locally Assessed Property - Taxpayers’ Election of Property Location. (3-20-14)

a. Multiple Locations Within A County. In cases where the taxpayer has personal property located in multiple places within the county, the taxpayer may elect the location of the property to which the exemption will apply by filing the “Idaho Personal Property Exemption Location Application Form” available from the State Tax Commission (Commission) for this purpose. To make the election for property required to otherwise be listed as provided in Section 63-302, Idaho Code, the form must be filed with the county assessor by April 15. For taxpayers with personal property required to be listed as provided in Sections 63-602Y and 63-313, Idaho Code, any application specifying the location of the property to which the exemption provided for in Section 63-602KK(2) will apply, must be filed by the dates specified for filing the lists required by these Sections. Should the taxpayer not make an election as to where to apply the exemption, the county shall have discretion regarding the property to which the exemption shall apply. However, to the extent possible and assuming the assessor is not aware of any changes in eligibility, the exemption will be first applied to the same property to which it applied in the immediate prior year. (3-20-14)

b. Multiple locations in different counties. The one hundred thousand dollar ($100,000) limit on the exemption applies to a taxpayer’s otherwise taxable personal property within any county. If the taxpayer owns qualifying personal property in more than one county, the limit is one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in market value per county. (3-20-14)

03. Centrally Assessed Property - Application Required. (3-20-14)

a. Except for private railcar fleets, the taxpayer must file a list of personal property with the operator’s statement filed pursuant to Rule 404 of these rules. The filing of such a list shall constitute the filing of an application for this exemption. Except as provided in Subsection 626.03.c. of this rule, for such personal property to be considered for the exemption, the operator’s statement must include:

i. A description of the personal property, including any tax code area in which the personal property subject to assessment as situs property is located; (3-20-14)

ii. Cost and depreciated cost of the personal property; (3-20-14)
iii. The county in which the personal property is located, if the taxpayer wishes to receive the exemption on property located in more than one county. (3-20-14)

b. For private railcar fleets subject to assessment by the Commission, and having an Idaho taxable market value of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) or greater, the application procedure described in Subsection 626.03.a. of this rule shall apply. However, the requirements to show specific or county locations, found in Subsections 626.03.a.i. and 626.03.a.iii. shall not apply. Instead, the Commission shall, after using apportionment procedures described in Rule 413 of these rules to apportion the market value of these fleets, allow an exemption of up to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) to be applied to the apportioned market value within each county. The remaining taxable and exempt market value is to be further apportioned to each taxing district and urban renewal revenue allocation area. (3-20-14)

c. For private railcar fleets subject to assessment by the Commission, and having an Idaho taxable market value of less than five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), the application procedure described in Subsection 626.03.a. of this rule shall apply. However, the property of such fleets is never apportioned to counties, so the exemption amount is limited to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) per company, unless the company provides proof showing the multiple counties in which the personal property is located for the entire tax year, in which case the one hundred thousand dollar ($100,000) limit shall apply per company per county. (3-20-14)

d. When operating property companies have locally assessed property, any exemption pursuant to Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code must be applied to the locally assessed property first. In this case, the county assessor must notify the Commission of the value of the exemption granted. (3-20-14)

04. Centrally Assessed Property - Taxpayers' Election of Property Location. Except for private railcar fleets having an Idaho taxable value of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) or greater, to which the procedures in Subsection 626.03.b. of this rule shall apply, the taxpayer owning personal property located in multiple counties may indicate the county in which the property is located. Should the taxpayer not make an election as to where to apply the exemption, the exemption shall be limited to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) applied to the Idaho value of the taxpayer prior to apportionment. (3-20-14)

05. Valuation Assessment Notice. The valuation assessment notice required by Section 63-308, Idaho Code, must show the taxable market value before granting the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, the exempt market value pursuant to the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, and the net taxable market value of the personal property. After the year of initial eligibility, if the net taxable market value is zero, no valuation assessment notice is required until every fifth year following when the claimant must reapply. (3-20-14)

06. Tax Commission's Review and Correction of the Personal Property Tax Reduction Lists Replacement Amounts.

a. If an entry on the personal property tax reduction list is found to be erroneous, the Commission shall disapprove as much of the claim as necessary and so notify the county clerk. (3-20-14)

b. If, after certifying the personal property tax reduction list, the county learns of any erroneous information included in said list, the county clerk will immediately, and not later than the fourth Monday in February, 2014, notify the Commission of the correction. If the county cancels the tax otherwise due, the county must notify the Commission of the cancellation, and the Commission will adjust the replacement money accordingly. In addition to any other errors, corrections may include market value and tax changes resulting from actions of the county board of equalization related to property listed and assessed as required in Sections 63-313 and 63-602Y, Idaho Code. Corrections may also include market value changes as a result of appeals to the state board of tax appeals or district court, provided however that the Commission is notified by the county of such changes by the fourth Monday in February, 2014. Once notified of any correction, the Commission shall adjust the total certified personal property tax reduction amount for any applicable taxing district or urban renewal agency, and shall change any payment due to the county in accordance with the correction. (3-20-14)

c. If a disapproval occurs after the Commission has certified the amount to be paid to the county in December, the Commission shall notify the county as soon as practicable and shall make all necessary adjustments in...
the amount to be paid in June of 2014.  

\[3-20-14\]  

d. If the amount of the disapproval exceeds the amount remaining to be paid to the county, the Commission, subsequent to finalization of the amount of replacement money to be paid to any county, an amount paid on behalf of any taxpayer is disapproved by the county, the county shall so notify the Commission, which shall adjust the payment to the county, and then the county shall begin proceedings to recover any remaining excessive amounts paid on behalf of any taxpayer, pursuant to the recovery procedures found in Section 63-602KK(7), Idaho Code. Any amount so recovered shall be remitted to the Commission. \[3-20-14\]  

e. Corrections may also be made to account for additional amounts of exemptions granted provided the Commission is so notified not later than January 30, 2014. Such additional amounts may be related to exemptions granted for transient personal property, or for other personal property listed on the subsequent or missed assessment rolls and shall be subject to review by the Commission. \[3-20-14\]  

07. Limitation on Eligibility for the Exemption. \[3-20-14\]  

a. Except for taxpayers claiming and receiving the exemption provided for in Section 63-4502, Idaho Code, taxpayers receiving the personal property exemption provided in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, may be eligible for, and are not precluded from, other applicable exemptions. \[3-20-14\]  

b. Personal property exempt in accordance with statutes other than Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, shall not be included in determining when the one hundred thousand dollar ($100,000) limit provided in Section 63-602KK(2) is reached. \[3-20-14\]  

c. Taxpayers with requirements to annually apply for, or list personal property for, which other statutorily provided personal property exemptions are sought, must continue to comply with the requirements of these statutes. \[3-20-14\]  

d. Improvements, as defined or described in Sections 63-201 and 63-309, Idaho Code, shall not be eligible for the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK. Improvements shall be deemed to include mobile and manufactured homes and float homes, regardless of whether such property is considered personal property. Leasehold real properties and other leasehold improvements that are structures or buildings shall be considered improvements, and therefore ineligible for the exemption. Structures, such as cell towers, are improvements and therefore are not personal property eligible for the exemption. \[3-20-14\]  

08. Illustrations of Eligibility Situations Related to Common Enterprise and Related Ownerships. \[3-20-14\]  

a. First, an analysis must be made to determine if a common enterprise exists. If entities or individuals are organized to manage a common scheme of business, they would be in common enterprise. \[3-20-14\]  

i. Horizontal Commonality is explained by the following chart: \[3-20-14\]  

Here, the usual functions involved in a working potato farm are split between several LLCs, all of which own the property involved with the functions they perform. The operation of the business is no different than if all the functions were combined in just Potato Farm, LLC
Vertical Commonality is explained by the following chart:

Second, an analysis would be made to determine whether the ownership between the entities are within the relationships identified in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code. If such a relationship is found to exist, the entities or individuals would be considered one (1) taxpayer for purposes of this exemption.

Ownership alone does not determine whether entities are considered one taxpayer for purposes of this exemption. Two (2) businesses can have identical ownership, and each receive the exemption, providing they do not operate as a common enterprise. In addition, entities in a common enterprise can receive separate exemptions, providing that their ownership does not consist of a relationship identified in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The following examples are given to illustrate eligibility situations related to common enterprise and related ownerships:

Example 1. This is an example of common enterprise, but being entitled to two (2) exemptions because the owners are not related in a manner as described in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Example 2. This is an example of the same owner with multiple businesses not all united in a common enterprise. Bob's farm businesses are common enterprises, and therefore entitled to only one (1) exemption for all the farm businesses. Bob's used car business is not involved with Bob's farm businesses, so Bob is entitled to an additional exemption related to his used car business.

Example 3. This is an example of multiple businesses being entitled to only one (1) exemption because common enterprise exists.

Example 4. This is an example showing how owners of common enterprises may intersect.
e. In cases of partial ownership as noted in example four wherein Bob owns ten percent (10%) and Dump Trucks, LLC owns ninety percent (90%) only the majority owner is eligible to receive this exemption. (3-20-14)

098. Special Rules for the Exemption Provided in Section 63-602KK(1), Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

a. Newly acquired items of personal property, exempt as provided in Section 63-602KK(1), are not to be reported on any list otherwise required pursuant to Sections 63-302, 63-602Y, and 63-313, Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

b. The exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(1), Idaho Code, is in addition to the one hundred thousand dollar ($100,000) per taxpayer, per county exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

c. No application for the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(1), Idaho Code, is necessary. (3-20-14)

d. The requirement in Section 63-602KK(6) requiring the assessor to provide the application by no later than March 1, applies only to taxpayers who have an obligation to file any application. (3-20-14)

109. Limitation on Replacement Money. (3-20-14)

a. Once the 2013 amount of replacement money for each taxing district, and unit, and for each urban renewal district revenue allocation area is made final, following corrections as provided in this rule, there shall be no additions. However, in addition to replacement money reductions due to corrections as provided in section 06 of this rule, there may be changes and reductions as follows: (3-20-14)

i. If a taxing district dissolves, the state will make no payment of the amount previously certified for that district, and when an urban renewal district revenue allocation area dissolves and is no longer receiving any allocation of property tax revenues, the state will discontinue payment of amounts previously certified for that revenue allocation area, beginning with the next scheduled distribution. (3-20-14)

ii. If taxing districts or revenue allocation areas within urban renewal districts are consolidated, the amounts of replacement money attributed to each original district or revenue allocation area shall be summed and, in the future, distributed to the consolidated taxing or urban renewal district. (3-20-14)

iii. No urban renewal district shall receive replacement money based on exempt personal property within any revenue allocation area (RAA) established on or after January 1, 2013, or within any area added to an existing RAA on or after January 1, 2013. (3-20-14)

iv. Any payment made to the Idaho Department of Education, as provided in Subsection 626.14(1) of this rule shall be discontinued if the state authorized plant facilities levy is not certified in any year. Certification in subsequent years shall not cause any resumption of this payment. (3-20-14)

b. If otherwise eligible personal property is exempt in 2013 by reason of any property tax exemption other than the exemption found in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, there shall be no personal property replacement money related to exempt taxes on this property nor shall the amount of replacement money be adjusted if this personal property adjustment to replacement money if personal property not receiving the exemption found in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, receives this exemption in Section 63-602KK(2) in the future. (3-20-14)

140. Special Provision For Replacement Money For State Authorized Plant Facilities Levy. The amount of replacement money calculated based on any 2013 state authorized plant facilities levy will be applied to the exempt personal property in any school district within which this levy has been certified in 2013, and the amount of tax calculated will be billed to the Commission as part of the property tax reduction list. The Commission shall be remitted any related funds directly to the Idaho Department of Education for deposit to the Public School Cooperative Fund. (3-20-14)
121. **Special Provision For Exempt Personal Property Within Urban Renewal Revenue Allocation Areas (RAAs).** When personal property subject to the exemption in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, is within an RAA, any adjustment shall first be to the increment value, and there shall be no adjustment to the base value of the RAA unless the remaining taxable market value of the parcel is less than the most current base value of the parcel. In that case, the base value shall be reduced. The amount to be subtracted is to be determined on a parcel by parcel basis in accordance with procedures found in Rule 804 of these rules. (3-20-14)

132. **Special Provision For No Reporting of Exempt Value.** Beginning in 2014, taxing district values submitted to the Commission as required in Section 63-510, Idaho Code, shall not include or indicate the otherwise taxable value exempt pursuant to Section 63-602KK(2), in addition to the net taxable value of each district. In the absence of a more current value of the exemption, the value of the exemption may be estimated based on the last known value determined in 2013 by the county assessor, or in the case of centrally assessed property, the Commission. The Commission will include this exempt value in the total taxable valuation reported to the Idaho State Board of Education and the Idaho Department of Education for each school district, as required in Section 63-1312, Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

143. **Cross Reference.** For information on transient personal property, see Rule 313 of these rules, and for information on the definition of personal property see Rule 205 of these rules. For information on the definition of a taxpayer, see Rule 627 of these rules. (3-20-14)

**627. PROPERTY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION -- CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY – TAXPAYER OWNERSHIP CLARIFICATION (RULE 627).**

Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code. (3-20-14)

01. **Multiple Taxpayer Exemption Within One (1) County.** Although taxpayers are limited to receiving one (1) one-hundred thousand dollar ($100,000) exemption per county, a taxpayer owning more than one (1) business within one (1) county may be entitled to more than one (1) one-hundred thousand dollar ($100,000) exemption within the county. (3-20-14)

02. **Illustration of Common Enterprise and IRS Section 267 Restriction.** For purposes of this exemption, a taxpayer includes two (2) or more individuals or organizations using the property in a common enterprise, and the individuals or organizations are within a relationship described in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code. This is illustrated in the following chart:

![Diagram of Common Enterprise and IRS Section 267 Relationship]

a. First, an analysis must be made to determine if a common enterprise exists. If entities or individuals are organized to manage a common scheme of business, they would be in a common enterprise. (3-20-14)

i. Horizontal Commonality is demonstrated by the following chart:
ii. **Vertical Commonality is demonstrated by the following chart:**

Here, the usual functions involved in a working car manufacturing company are split between several LLCs, all of which own the property involved with the functions they perform. The operation of the business is no different than if all the functions were combined in just Car Manufacturing, LLC.

Here, a business operation is split so that each step in a process is designated to a different LLC. All the steps rely on the one below in order to produce the final product, or process.

**b.** Second, an analysis would be made to determine whether the ownership between the entities are within the relationships identified in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code. If such a relationship is found to exist, and the businesses are in a common enterprise, then the entities or individuals would be considered one (1)
Ownership alone does not determine whether entities are considered one (1) taxpayer for purposes of this exemption. Two (2) businesses can have identical ownership, and each receive the exemption, providing they do not operate as a common enterprise. In addition, entities in a common enterprise can receive separate exemptions, providing that their ownership does not consist of a relationship identified in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The following examples are given to illustrate eligibility situations related to common enterprise and related ownerships:

i. Example 1. This is an example of a common enterprise, but being entitled to two (2) exemptions because the owners are not related in a manner as described in Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.

So long as Bob and John are not related in a manner identified in IRC 267, two (2) exemptions exist. One (1) for Car Manufacturing, LLC. The other for all of Bob’s businesses, because they are in a common enterprise and are all owned by him.

ii. Example 2. This is an example of the same owner with multiple businesses not all united in a common enterprise. Bob’s car businesses are common enterprises, and therefore entitled to only one (1) exemption for all the car businesses. Bob’s used furniture business is not involved with Bob’s car businesses, so Bob is entitled to an additional exemption related to his used car business.
iii. Example 3. This is an example of multiple businesses being entitled to only one (1) exemption because a common enterprise exists.

iv. Example 4. This is an example showing how owners of common enterprises may intersect. Here, one (1) exemption exists for all of the entities because they are in a common enterprise, due to their vertical commonality, and are all constructively owned by Bob, pursuant to IRC 267.
e. In cases of partial ownership as noted in example four wherein Bob owns ten percent (10%) and Dump Trucks, LLC owns ninety percent (90%) only the majority owner is eligible to receive this exemption.

03. Cross Reference. For information on applying for the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, see Rule 626 of these rules.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

645. LAND ACTIVELY DEVOTED TO AGRICULTURE DEFINED (RULE 645).
Section 63-604, Idaho Code.

01. Definitions. The following definitions apply for the implementation of the exemption for the speculative value portion of agricultural land.

a. Homesite. The “homesite” is that portion of land, contiguous with but not qualifying as land actively devoted to agriculture, and the associated site improvements used for residential and farm homesite purposes.

b. Associated Site Improvements. The “associated site improvements” include developed access, grading, sanitary facilities, water systems and utilities.


d. Land Used to Produce Nursery Stock. “Land used to produce nursery stock” means land used by an
agricultural enterprise to promote or support the promotion of nursery stock growth or propagation, not land devoted primarily to selling nursery stock or related products. This term also includes land under any container used to grow or propagate nursery stock. This term does not include land used for parking lots or for buildings sites used primarily to sell nursery stock or related items or any areas not primarily used for the nurturing, growth or propagation of nursery stock. (3-15-02)

e. Speculative Value Exemption. The “speculative value exemption” is the exemption allowed on land actively devoted to agriculture. (7-1-99)

02. Homesite Assessment. Effective January 1, 1999, each homesite and residential and other improvements, located on the homesite, shall be assessed at market value each year. (7-1-99)

a. Accepted Assessment Procedures. Market value shall be determined through procedures, methods, and techniques recommended by nationally recognized appraisal and valuation associations, institutes, and societies and according to guidelines and publications approved by the State Tax Commission. Acceptable techniques include those that are either time tested in Idaho, mathematically correlated to market sales, endorsed by assessment organizations, or widely accepted by assessors in Idaho and other states. (7-1-99)

b. Appropriate Market and Comparable Selection. The appropriate market is the market most similar to the homesite and improvements located on the homesite. In applying the sales comparison approach, the appraiser should select comparables having actual or potential residential use. (7-1-99)

c. Assigning secondary category. List and report the secondary category for the homesite using the chart in Subsection 645.02.c.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of Land</th>
<th>Secondary Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rural and Nonsubdivided</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural and Subdivided</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(4-2-08)

d. Homesite Independent of Remaining Land. The value and classification of the homesite will be independent of the classification and valuation of the remaining land. (7-1-99)

03. Valuing Land, Excluding the Homesite. The assessor shall value land, excluding the homesite, on the following basis: (5-3-03)

a. Land Used for Personal Use or Pleasure. Any land, regardless of size, utilized for the grazing of animals kept primarily for personal use or pleasure and not a portion of a for profit enterprise, shall be valued at market value using appraisal procedures identified in Paragraph 645.02.a. of this rule and shall not qualify for the speculative value exemption. (4-11-06)

b. Land in a Subdivision. Land in a subdivision with restrictions prohibiting agricultural use shall be valued at market value using appraisal procedures identified in Paragraph 645.02.a. of this rule and shall not qualify for the speculative value exemption. Land meeting the use qualifications identified in Section 63-604, Idaho Code, and in a subdivision without restrictions prohibiting agricultural use shall be valued as land actively devoted to agriculture using the same procedures as used for valuing land actively devoted to agriculture and not located in a subdivision. (4-11-06)

c. Land, Five (5) Contiguous Acres or Less. Land of five (5) contiguous acres or less shall be presumed nonagricultural, shall be valued at market value using appraisal procedures identified in Paragraph 645.02.a of this rule, and shall not qualify for the speculative value exemption. If the owner produces evidence that each contiguous holding of land under the same ownership has been devoted to agricultural use for the last three (3) growing seasons and it agriculturally produced for sale or home consumption fifteen percent (15%) or more of the
owner’s or lessee’s annual gross income or it produced gross revenue in the immediate preceding year of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or more, the land actively devoted to agriculture, shall qualify for the speculative value exemption. For holdings of five (5) contiguous acres or less, gross income is measured by production of crops, nursery stock, grazing, or net gross income from sale of livestock. Income shall be estimated from crop prices at harvest or nursery stock prices at time of sale. The use of the land and the income received in the prior year must be certified with the assessor by March 15, each year.

(4-11-06)

d. Land, More Than Five (5) Contiguous Acres. Land of more than five (5) contiguous acres under one (1) ownership, producing agricultural field crops, nursery stock, or grazing, or in a cropland retirement or rotation program, as part of a for profit enterprise, shall qualify for the speculative value exemption. Land not annually meeting any of these requirements fails to qualify as land actively devoted to agriculture and shall be valued at market value using appraisal procedures identified in Paragraph 645.02.a. of this rule. (4-11-06)

04. Cross Reference. For definitions and general principles relating to the taxable value of land actively devoted to agriculture, see Rule 613 of these rules. For agricultural land taxable value calculation examples, see Rule 614 of these rules. For information relating to Christmas tree farms, other annual forest products, and yield tax, see Rule 968 of these rules. (3-30-07)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

803. BUDGET CERTIFICATION -- DOLLAR CERTIFICATION FORM (L-2 FORM) (RULE 803).
Sections 63-602G(5), 63-802, 63-803, 63-3029B(4), and 63-3638(101) and (13), Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

01. Definitions. (4-5-00)

a. “Dollar Certification Form” (L-2 Form). The Dollar Certification Form (L-2 Form) is the form used to submit to the State Tax Commission the budget request from each Board of County Commissioners for each taxing district. This form shall be presumed a true and correct representation of the budget previously prepared and approved by a taxing district. The budget will be presumed adopted in accordance with pertinent statutory provisions unless clear and convincing documentary evidence establishes that a budget results in an unauthorized levy and action as provided in Section 63-809, Idaho Code. (4-6-05)

b. “Prior Year’s Market Value for Assessment Purposes.” Prior year’s market value for assessment purposes shall mean the value used to calculate levies during the immediate prior year. This value shall be used for calculating the permanent budget increase permitted for cities, pursuant to Section 63-802(1)(f), Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

c. “Annual Budget.” For the purpose of calculating dollar amount increases permitted pursuant to Section 63-802(1), Idaho Code, the annual budget shall include any amount approved as a result of an election held pursuant to Sections 63-802(1)(f) or 63-802(1)(g), Idaho Code, provided that said amount is certified on the L-2 Form as part of the budget request. If the amount certified does not include the entire amount approved as a result of the election held pursuant to Sections 63-802(1)(f) or 63-802(1)(g), Idaho Code, then the amount not used shall be added to the foregone increase amount determined for the taxing district. See the following example.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CERTIFIED PROPERTY TAX BUDGET LIBRARY DISTRICT*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual Budget</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 1999 $10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 2000 $10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 2001 $10,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 2002 $11,621</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3% Increase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$11,021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$11,970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999 Election Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$400 of $1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$600 of $1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certified Budget</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$11,621</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$11,970</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
d. “Property Tax Funded Budget.” Property tax funded budget means that portion of any taxing district’s budget certify to the Board of County Commissioners, approved by the State Tax Commission, and subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code.

(3-20-04)

e. “Recovered/Recaptured Property Substitute Funds Tax List.” Recovered/recaptured property tax substitute funds list means the report sent by the county auditor to the appropriate taxing district(s)/unit(s) by the first Monday in August and to the State Tax Commission with the L-2 Forms, listing the amount of revenue distributed to each appropriate taxing district/unit as recovery of property tax or other payments during the twelve (12) month period ending June 30 each year under the following sections:

(5-8-09)

i. Section 63-602G(5), Idaho Code; and

(5-8-09)

ii. Section 63-3029B(4), Idaho Code; and

(5-8-09)

iii. Section 31-808(11), Idaho Code; and

(5-8-09)

iv. Section 63-602KK(7), Idaho Code.

(5-8-09)

f. “Taxing District/Unit.” Taxing district/unit means any governmental entity with authority to levy property taxes as defined in Section 63-201, Idaho Code, and those noncountywide governmental entities without authority to levy property taxes but on whose behalf such taxes are levied or allocated by an authorized entity such as the county or city for such entities as county road and bridge funds or urban renewal agencies, respectively. (4-6-05)

g. “New Taxing District.” For property tax budget and levy purposes, new taxing district means any taxing district for which no property tax revenue has previously been levied. See the Idaho Supreme Court case of Idaho County Property Owners Association, Inc. v. Syringa General Hospital District, 119 Idaho 309, 805 P.2d 1233 (1991). (4-2-08)

02. Budget Certification. The required budget certification shall be made to each Board of County Commissioners representing each county in which the district is located by submitting the completed and signed L-2 Form prescribed by the State Tax Commission. Unless otherwise provided for in Idaho Code, budget requests for the property tax funded portions of the budget shall not exceed the amount published in the notice of budget hearing if a budget hearing notice is required in Idaho Code for the district. The levy approved by the State Tax Commission shall not exceed the levy computed using the amount shown in the notice of budget hearing. (3-20-14)

03. Budget Certification Requested Documents. Using the completed L-2 Form, each board of county commissioners shall submit to the State Tax Commission a budget request for each taxing district in the county that certifies a budget request to finance the property tax funded portion of its annual budget. The board of county commissioners shall only submit documentation specifically requested by the State Tax Commission. (4-2-08)

04. L-2 Form Contents. Each taxing district or unit completing an L-2 Form shall include the following information on or with this form.

(3-20-04)

a. “Department or Fund.” Identify the department or fund for which the taxing district is requesting a budget for the current tax year. (4-5-00)

b. “Total Approved Budget.” List the dollar amount of the total budget for each department or fund identified. The amounts must include all money that a taxing district has a potential to spend at the time the budget is set, regardless of whether funds are to be raised from property tax. (4-5-00)
c.  “Cash Forward Balance.” List any money brought forward from a prior year to help fund the approved budget being certified on the L-2 form. Cash forward balance (Column 3) is the difference between the total approved budget (Column 2) and the sum of amounts reported as other revenue not shown in Column 5 (Column 4), agricultural equipment property tax replacement (Column 5), and balance to be levied (Column 6). (3-15-02)

d.  “Other Revenue not Shown in Column 5.” List the revenue included in the total approved budget to be derived from sources other than property tax or money brought forward from a prior year. For example, sales tax revenue is included. (3-15-02)

e.  “Property Tax Replacement.” Report the following: (5-8-09)
   i.  The amount of money received annually under Section 63-3638(14), Idaho Code, as replacement revenue for the agricultural equipment exemption under Section 63-602EE, Idaho Code; (4-2-08)
   ii. The amount of money received as recovery of property tax exemption under Section 63-602G(5), Idaho Code, and listed on the “Recovered/recaptured property tax substitute funds list”; (5-8-09)
   iii. The amount of money received as recapture of the property tax benefit under Section 63-3029B(4), Idaho Code, and listed on the “Recovered/recaptured property tax substitute funds list”; (5-8-09)
   iv. The amount of money transferred from the interest-bearing trust to the county indigent fund under Section 31-808(11), Idaho Code; (4-6-05)
   v.  The appropriate amount of money listed on the statement and distributed to the county and each appropriate city under Section 63-2603, Idaho Code, as county property tax relief and detention facility debt retirement; and (4-6-05)
   vi. The amount of money received annually under Section 63-3638(13), for the personal property exemption under 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code. (3-20-04)

f.  “Balance to be Levied.” Report the amount of money included in the total approved budget to be derived from property tax. (3-15-02)

g.  Other Information. Provide the following additional information. (4-5-00)
   i.  The name of the taxing district or unit; (3-20-04)
   ii. The date of voter approval (if required by statute) and effective period for any new or increased fund which is exempt from the budget limitations in Section 63-802, Idaho Code; (4-5-00)
   iii. The signature, date signed, printed name, address, and phone number of an authorized representative of the taxing district; and (5-3-03)
   iv. For a hospital district which has held a public hearing, a signature certifying such action. (4-5-00)

h.  Attached Information. Other information submitted to the county auditor with the L-2 Form. (4-6-05)
   i. For all taxing districts, L-2 worksheet. (3-20-04)
   ii. For newly formed recreation or auditorium districts, a copy of the petition forming the district showing any levy restrictions imposed by that petition. (3-20-04)
   iii. For any new ballot measures (bonds, overrides, permanent overrides, supplemental maintenance and operations funds, and plant facility funds), notice of election and election results. (3-20-04)
iv. Voter approved fund tracker. (3-20-04)

v. For fire districts, a copy of any new agreements with utility companies providing for payment of property taxes by that utility company to that fire district. (3-20-04)

vi. For any city with city funded library operations and services at the time of consolidation with any library district, each such city must submit a certification to the Board of County Commissioners and the Board of the Library District reporting the dedicated portion of that city’s property tax funded library fund budget and separately reporting any portion of its property tax funded general fund budget used to fund library operations or services at the time of the election for consolidation with the library district. (3-20-04)

vii. For any library district consolidating with any city that had any portion of its property tax funded budget(s) dedicated to library operations or services at the time of consolidation, each such library district must submit to the Board of County Commissioners a copy of the certification from that city reporting the information provided for in Subparagraph 803.04.h.vi. of this rule. (4-6-05)

05. Special Provisions for Fire Districts Levying Against Operating Property. To prevent double counting of public utility property values, for any year following the first year in which any fire district increases its budget using the provision of Section 63-802(2), Idaho Code, such fire district shall not be permitted further increases under this provision unless the following conditions are met:

a. The fire district and public utility have entered into a new agreement of consent to provide fire protection to the public utility; and (3-30-01)

b. Said new agreement succeeds the original agreement; and (3-30-01)

c. In the first year in which levies are certified following the new agreement, the difference between the current year's taxable value of the consenting public utility and public utility value used in previous budget calculations made pursuant to this section is used in place of the current year's taxable value of the consenting public utility. (3-30-01)

06. Special Provisions for Property Tax Replacement other than Replacement Money Received for Property Subject to the Exemption Provided in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code. With the exception of property tax replacement monies received for property subject to the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, property tax replacement monies must be reported on the L-2 Form and separately identified on accompanying worksheets. Exception as provided in Paragraph 803.06.f. of this rule. For all taxing districts, these monies must be subtracted from the “balance to be levied”. The reduced balance shall be used to compute levies, but the maximum amount permitted pursuant to Section 63-802, Idaho Code, shall be based on the sum of these property tax replacement monies, excluding monies received pursuant to Section 31-808(11), Idaho Code, and the amount actually levied. (5-8-09)

a. The State Tax Commission shall, by the fourth Monday of July, notify each county clerk if the amount of property tax replacement money, pursuant to Sections 63-3638(14) and (13), Idaho Code, to be paid to a taxing district changes from the amount paid in the preceding year. By the first Monday of May, the State Tax Commission shall further notify each school district and each county clerk of any changes in the amount of property tax replacement money to be received by that school district pursuant to Sections 63-3638(14) and (13), Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

b. By no later than the first Monday of August of each year, each county clerk shall notify each appropriate taxing district or unit of the total amount of property tax replacement monies that will be received, and shall further identify the type of replacement money as described in Paragraph 803.04.e. of this rule. For charter school districts subject to the provisions of Paragraph 803.06.f. of this rule, the amount to be subtracted shall be reported. (4-2-08)

c. Except as provided in Paragraph 803.06.d. of this rule, the subtraction required in Subsection 803.06 of this rule may be from any fund(s) subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code. For school districts this subtraction must be first from funds subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code, then from
other property tax funded budgets. (5-8-09)

d. For counties receiving monies described in Section 31-808(11), Idaho Code, the amount of money transferred from the interest-bearing trust to the county indigent fund shall be subtracted from the maximum amount of property tax revenue permitted pursuant to Section 63-802, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

e. Levy limits shall be tested against the amount actually levied. (3-15-02)

f. For charter school districts with a levy in 2013 for maintenance and operations, as provided in Section 33-802(6), Idaho Code, a portion of the property tax replacement money received for property subject to the exemption in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, is not required to be subtracted in determining the “balance to be levied.” Said portion shall be the amount calculated by applying the 2013 levy rate for the maintenance and operations levy amount, as authorized in the district’s charter, to the 2013 exempt value of personal property used to compute replacement money provided to the school district.

07. Special Provisions for Property Tax Replacement Received for Property Subject to the Exemption Provided in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code. The following procedure is to be used to calculate levy rates and maximum amounts of property tax revenue for taxing districts or units that receive property tax replacement money for property subject to the exemption in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

a. Such property tax replacement money is not to be subtracted from the “balance to be levied” amount certified on the L-2 Form. (5-8-09)

b. The otherwise taxable value of the property subject to the exemption provided in Section 63-602KK, Idaho Code, is to be included in the value of the taxing district or unit used to calculate the levy rate. (5-8-09)

c. The maximum amount permitted pursuant to Section 63-802, Idaho Code, shall be based on the amount actually levied plus other property tax replacement money as defined in Paragraph 803.04.e. of this rule, excluding any amount transferred as provided in Section 31-808(11), Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

08. Special Provisions for Library Districts Consolidating with Any City’s Existing Library Operations or Services. For any library district consolidating with any city’s existing library operations or services, the amount of the dedicated property tax funded general fund and library fund budgets certified by the city under Subparagraph 803.04.h.vi., of this rule shall be added to that library district’s property tax funded budget in effect at the time of the election for consolidation. This total shall be used as this district’s property tax funded budget for the most recent year of the three (3) years preceding the current tax year for the purpose of deciding the property tax funded budget that may be increased as provided by Section 63-802, Idaho Code. (4-6-05)

09. Special Provisions for Cities with Existing Library Operations or Services Consolidating with Any Library District. For any city with existing library operations or services at the time of consolidation with any library district, the amount of the dedicated property tax funded library fund budget included in the certification by the city under Subparagraph 803.04.h.vi., of this rule shall be subtracted from that city’s total property tax funded budget in effect at the time of the election for the consolidation. This difference shall be used as this city’s property tax funded budget for the most recent year of the three (3) years preceding the current tax year for the purpose of deciding the property tax funded budget that may be increased as provided by Section 63-802, Idaho Code. (4-6-05)

10. Special Provisions for Calculating Total Levy Rate for Taxing Districts or Units with Multiple Funds. Whenever the “Calculated Levy Rate” column of the L-2 Form indicates that a levy rate has been calculated for more than one (1) fund for any taxing district or unit, the “Column Total” entry must be the sum of the levy rates calculated for each fund. Prior to this summation, the levy rates to be summed must be rounded or truncated at the ninth decimal place. No additional rounding is permitted for the column total. (4-6-05)

11. Special Provisions for School Districts’ Tort Funds - Hypothetical New Construction Levy. To calculate the new construction portion of the allowed annual increase in a school district’s tort fund under Section 63-802(1), Idaho Code, calculate a Hypothetical New Construction Levy. To calculate this levy, sum the school district’s tort fund for the prior year and the agricultural equipment replacement revenue subtracted from that tort fund, then
divide this sum by the school district's taxable value used to determine the tort fund's levy for the prior year. For the current year, the allowed tort fund increase for new construction is this Hypothetical New Construction Levy times the current year's new construction roll value for the school district. (4-2-08)

121. Special Provisions for Interim Abatement Districts. When an interim abatement district transitions into a formally defined abatement district under Section 39-2812, Idaho Code, the formally defined abatement district shall not be considered a new taxing district as defined in Paragraph 803.01.g. of this rule for the purposes of Section 63-802, Idaho Code. For the formally defined abatement district, the annual budget subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code, shall be the amount of property tax revenue approved for the interim abatement district. (4-2-08)

122. Special Provisions for Levies for Payment of Judgments by Order of Court. The levy permitted pursuant to Section 63-1305A, Idaho Code, requires that the taxing district first budgets the maximum amount of property tax permitted pursuant to Section 63-802, Idaho Code, including any foregone amount. This requirement shall be deemed to have been met if, despite additional budget allowed pursuant to Section 63-802, Idaho Code, every fund used by the taxing district levies at the maximum levy rate provided by law, or, if no maximum levy rate is provided, the fund levies the maximum permitted budget amount. To the extent necessary to enable all previously accrued foregone amounts to be levied, the taxing district may need to use additional funds within which it is permitted to levy property taxes before levying as permitted pursuant to Section 63-1305A, Idaho Code. (4-4-13)

143. Cross Reference for School Districts with Tuition Funds. For any school district certifying a tuition fund levy in 2006 or any year thereafter, the amount of property tax revenue for a tuition fund is not subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code. See Section 33-1408, Idaho Code, as amended by the First Extraordinary Session of the Fifty-eighth Legislature, for clarification that the amount of property tax revenue for a tuition fund is not subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

805. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF BUDGET HEARING COMPLY WITH REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (RULE 805).
Section 63-802A and Section 67-450E, Idaho Code. (3-15-02)

01. Property Tax Limitation Penalties for Noncompliance. Effective January 1, 2003, penalties shall be applied to any taxing district that fails, by April 30 of each year, to provide each appropriate county clerk with written notification of the budget hearing information required pursuant to Section 63-802A, Idaho Code, or, beginning in 2015, that is found by September 1 to be out of compliance with the requirements of section 67-450E, Idaho Code. There shall be no increase in the portion of the budget subject to the limitations of Section 63-802, Idaho Code. This restriction shall apply to otherwise available budget increases from the three percent (3%) growth factor, new construction or change of land use classification, and annexation. There shall also be no increase resulting from adding previously accrued foregone increase amounts to the budget and the total accrued foregone amount shall not change for a noncomplying district. The penalties provided by this section apply only to failure to comply with the April 30 notification deadline. (4-2-08)

02. Exceptions. Voter approved budget increases permitted pursuant to Section 63-802(4), Idaho Code, shall be allowed. (3-15-02)

03. County Clerks to Submit Lists. By the fourth Monday of May, each county clerk shall submit to the state tax commission a list of noncomplying taxing districts out of compliance with the requirements of Section 63-802A, Idaho Code, along with other documents required pursuant to Rule 803 of these rules and Section 63-808, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

04. Notification by state tax commission. By September 3 each year, the state tax commission will provide each county clerk a list of all taxing districts in the county that are subject to the penalties in Section 63-802A, Idaho Code. The state tax commission will also notify each county clerk when a previously noncomplying taxing district is found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 67-450E, Idaho Code. Such notification

05. Additional penalties. For taxing districts that fail to comply with the requirements of Section 67-450E, Idaho Code, additional penalties affect the distribution of sales tax money for which the district may be eligible. See Rule 995 of these rules.
**IDAPA 35 - STATE TAX COMMISSION**

**35.01.03 - PROPERTY TAX ADMINISTRATIVE RULES**

DOCKET NO. 35-0103-1405

**NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE**

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rule is August 6, 2014.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 63-105A, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Rule 804T - Adding the state-authorized plant facility fund to the list of those funds excluded from generating property tax to be allocated to urban renewal agencies.

Rule 995T - Requires the amount of the 2013 personal property tax exemption be included in the market value for assessment purpose for the computation of the amount of sales tax to be distributed to cities.

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Section(s) 67-5226(1) Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

Compliance with deadlines in amendments to governing law or federal programs.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year: NA

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published under docket no. 35-0103-1401 in the May 7, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-5, pages 75 and 76. Due to the need for temporary rulemaking, a separate docket was necessary for Rules 804 and 995 to be effective.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: n/a

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Alan Dornfest (208) 334-7742.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 16th day of July, 2014.
THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 35-0103-1405 (Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

804. TAX LEVY - CERTIFICATION - URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICTS (RULE 804).
Section 50-2908, 63-803, and 63-811, Idaho Code. (5-8-09)

01. Definitions. (4-5-00)

a. “Urban renewal district.” An urban renewal district, as referred to in Section 63-215, Idaho Code, shall mean an urban renewal area formed pursuant to an urban renewal plan adopted in accordance with Section 50-2008, Idaho Code. Urban renewal districts are not taxing districts. (4-5-00)

b. “Revenue allocation area (RAA).” A revenue allocation area (RAA) as referred to in Section 50-2908, Idaho Code, shall be the area defined in Section 50-2903, Idaho Code, in which base and increment values are to be determined. Revenue allocation areas (RAAs) are not taxing districts. (4-5-00)

c. “Current base value.” The current base value of each parcel in a taxing district or unit shall be the value of that parcel on the current base assessment roll as defined under Section 50-2903, Idaho Code. Current base value does not include value found on the occupancy roll. (4-5-00)

d. “Initial base value.” The initial base value for each parcel is the sum of the taxable value of each category of property in the parcel for the year the RAA is established. (4-5-00)

e. “Increment value.” The increment value is the difference between the current equalized value of each parcel of taxable property in the RAA and that parcel’s current base value, provided such difference is a positive value. (4-5-00)

02. Establishing and Adjusting Base and Increment Values. (4-5-00)

a. Establishing initial base value. If a parcel’s legal description has changed prior to computing initial base year value, the value that best reflects the prior year’s taxable value of the parcel’s current legal description must be determined and will constitute the initial base year value for such parcel. The initial base value includes the taxable value, as of the effective date of the ordinance adopting the urban renewal plan, of all otherwise taxable property, as defined in Section 50-2903, Idaho Code. Initial base value does not include value found on the occupancy roll. (4-5-00)

b. Adjustments to base value - general value changes. Adjustments to base values will be calculated on a parcel by parcel basis, each parcel being a unit and the total value of the unit being used in the calculation of any adjustment. Base values are to be adjusted downward when the current taxable value of any parcel in the RAA is less than the most recent base value for such parcel. In the case of parcels containing some categories of property which increase in value and some which decrease, the base value for the parcel will only decrease provided the sum of the changes in category values results in a decrease in total parcel value. Any adjustments shall be made by category and may result in increases or decreases to base values for given categories of property for any parcel. Adjustments to
base values for any real, personal, or operating property shall establish new base values from which future adjustments may be made. In the following examples the parcel’s initial base value is one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), including Category 21 value of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) and Category 42 value of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000).

i. Case 1: Offsetting decreases and increases in value. One (1) year later the parcel has a one thousand dollar ($1,000) decrease in value in Category 21 and a one thousand dollar ($1,000) increase in Category 42 value. There is no change in the base value for the parcel. (4-5-00)

ii. Case 2: Partially offsetting decreases and increases in value. One (1) year later the parcel has a three thousand dollars ($3,000) decrease in value in Category 21 and a one thousand dollars ($1,000) increase in Category 42 value. The base value decreases two thousand dollars ($2,000) to ninety-eight thousand dollars ($98,000). (4-5-00)

iii. Case 3: Future increase in value following decreases. One (1) year after the parcel in Case 2 has a base value reduced to ninety-eight thousand dollars ($98,000), the value of the parcel increases by five thousand dollars ($5,000) which is the net of category changes. The base value remains at ninety-eight thousand dollars ($98,000). (4-5-00)

Adjustments to base value - splits and combinations. Before other adjustments can be made, the most recent base value must be adjusted to reflect changes in each parcel’s legal description. This adjustment shall be calculated as described in the following subsections. (4-5-00)

i. When a parcel has been split, the most recent base year value is transferred to the new parcels, making sure that the new total equals the most recent base year value. Proportions used to determine the amount of base value assigned to each of the new parcels shall be based on the value of the new parcels had they existed in the year preceding the year for which the value of the new parcels is first established. (4-5-00)

ii. When a parcel has been combined with another parcel, the most recent base year values are added together. (4-5-00)

iii. When a parcel has been split and combined with another parcel in the same year, the value of the split shall be calculated as set forth in Subsection 804.02.c.i. and then the value of the combination will be calculated as set forth in Subsection 804.02.c.ii. (4-5-00)

d. Adjustments to base values when exempt parcels become taxable. Base values shall be adjusted as described in the following subsections. (4-5-00)

i. Fully exempt parcels at time of RAA establishment. When a parcel that was exempt at the time the RAA was established becomes taxable, the base value is to be adjusted upwards to reflect the estimated value of the formerly exempt parcel at the time the RAA was established. (4-5-00)

ii. Partially exempt parcels losing the speculative value exemption. When a partially exempt parcel with a speculative value exemption that applies to farmland within the RAA becomes fully taxable, the base value of the RAA shall be adjusted upwards by the difference between the taxable value of the parcel for the year in which the exemption is lost and the taxable value of the parcel included in the base value of the RAA. For example, assume a parcel of farmland within an RAA had a taxable value of five hundred dollars ($500) in the year the RAA base value was established. Assume also that this parcel had a speculative value exemption of two thousand dollars ($2,000) at that time. Two (2) years later the parcel is reclassified as industrial land, loses the speculative value exemption, and has a current taxable value of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000). The base value within the RAA would be adjusted upwards by forty-nine thousand five hundred dollars ($49,500), the difference between fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) and five hundred ($500). The preceding example applies only in cases of loss of the speculative value exemption that applies to land actively devoted to agriculture and does not apply to timberland. Site improvements, such as roads and utilities, that become taxable after the loss of the speculative value exemption are not to be added to the base value. For example, if, in addition to the fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) current taxable value of the undeveloped land, site improvements valued at twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) are added, the amount reflected in the base value remains fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), and the additional twenty-five thousand dollars...
($25,000) is added to the increment value. In addition, this example applies only to land that loses the speculative value exemption as a result of changes occurring in 2010 or later and first affecting taxable values in 2011 or later. Parcels that lost speculative value exemptions prior to 2010 had base value adjustments as described in Subsection 804.02.d.iii. of this rule. (3-29-12)

iii. Partially exempt parcels other than those losing the speculative value exemption. When a partially exempt parcel, other than one subject to the speculative value exemption that applies to farmland, within the RAA becomes fully taxable, the base value of the RAA shall be adjusted upwards by the difference between the value that would have been assessed had the parcel been fully taxable in the year the RAA was established and the taxable value of the parcel included in the base value of the RAA. For example, assume a residential parcel within an RAA had a market value of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), a homeowner’s exemption of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), and a taxable value of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) in the year the RAA base value was established. After five (5) years, this parcel is no longer used for owner-occupied residential purposes and loses its partial exemption. At that time the parcel has a taxable value of one hundred eighty thousand dollars ($180,000). The base value within the RAA would be adjusted upwards by fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) to reflect the loss of the homeowner’s exemption, but not any other value increases. (3-29-12)

iv. Partially exempt properties for which the amount of the partial exemption changes. For partially exempt properties that do not lose an exemption, but for which the amount of the exemption changes, there shall be no adjustment to the base value, unless the current taxable value is less than the most recent base value for the property. For example, assume a home has a market value of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) and a homeowner’s exemption of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), leaving a taxable value of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), all of which is base value. The following year the homeowner’s exemption limit increases in market value to two hundred twenty thousand dollars ($220,000) and the homeowner’s exemption drops to ninety thousand dollars ($90,000) because of the change in the maximum amount of this exemption. The base value remains at one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). Alternatively, assume the property in the preceding example increases in market value to two hundred twenty thousand dollars ($220,000) and the homeowner’s exemption drops to ninety thousand dollars ($90,000) because of the change in the maximum amount of this exemption. The base value remains at one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). Finally, assume the property decreases in value to one hundred eighty-eight thousand dollars ($188,000) at the same time the homeowner’s exemption limit changes to ninety thousand dollars ($90,000). The property now has a taxable value of ninety-eight thousand dollars ($98,000), requiring an adjustment in the base value to match this amount, since it is lower than the original base value of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). (3-29-12)

v. Change of exempt status. When a parcel that is taxable and included in the base value at the time the RAA is established subsequently becomes exempt, the base value is reduced by the original most current value of the parcel included in the base value. If this parcel subsequently becomes taxable, the base value is to be adjusted upward by the same amount that was originally subtracted. For example, assume a land parcel had a base value of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000). One (1) year later the parcel has a value of nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000), so the base value is reduced to nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000). Three (3) years later, an improvement valued at one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) was added. The land at this later date had a value of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000). Both land and improvements were purchased by an exempt entity. The base would be reduced by twenty nineteen thousand dollars ($20,000). Five (5) years later, the land and improvement becomes taxable. The base value is to be adjusted upwards by twenty nineteen thousand dollars ($20,000). (4-5-00)

e. Adjustments to base values when property is removed. Base values are to be adjusted downward for real, personal, and operating property removed from the RAA. Property shall be considered removed only under the conditions described in the following subsections. (4-5-00)

i. For real property, all of the improvement is physically removed from the RAA, provided that there is no replacement of said improvement during the year the original improvement was removed. If said improvement is replaced during the year of removal, the reduction in base value will be calculated by subtracting the value of the new improvement from the current base value of the original improvement, provided that such reduction is not less than zero (0). (4-5-00)

ii. For personal property, all of the personal property associated with one (1) parcel is physically removed from the RAA or any of the personal property associated with a parcel becomes exempt. In the case of exemption applying to personal property, the downward adjustment will first be applied to the increment value and
then, if the remaining taxable value of the parcel is less than the most current base value, to the base value. Assume, for example that a parcel consists entirely of personal property with a base value of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) and an increment value of ninety thousand dollars ($90,000). The next year the property receives a one hundred thousand ($100,000) personal property exemption. The increment value is reduced to zero and the base value is reduced to ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

iii. For operating property, any of the property under a given ownership is removed from the RAA.

f. Adjustments to base value for annexation. When property is annexed into an RAA, the base value in the RAA shall be adjusted upwards to reflect the value of the annexed property as of January 1 of the year in which the annexation takes effect. As an example, assume that parcels with current taxable value of one million dollars ($1,000,000) are annexed into an RAA with an existing base value of two million dollars ($2,000,000). The base value of the RAA is adjusted upwards to three million dollars ($3,000,000).

f. Adjustments to increment values. In addition to the adjustment illustrated in subsection (02)(c)(ii) of this rule, decreases in total parcel value below the initial base value decrease the base value for the parcel. This leads to greater increment value if the parcel increases in value in future years. For example, if a parcel with an initial base value of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) decreases in value to ninety-five thousand dollars ($95,000), but later increases to ninety-eight thousand dollars ($98,000), an increment value of three thousand dollars ($3,000) is generated. If the same parcel increases in value to one hundred two thousand dollars ($102,000) after the decrease to ninety-five thousand dollars ($95,000), the increment value would be seven thousand dollars ($7,000).

Apportioning operating property values. For operating property, the original base value shall be apportioned to the RAA on the same basis as is used to apportion operating property to taxing districts and units. The operating property base value shall be adjusted as required under Section 50-2903, Idaho Code. (4-5-00)

03. Levy Computation for Taxing Districts Encompassing RAAs Within Urban Renewal Districts. Beginning in 2008, levies shall be computed in one (1) of two (2) ways as follows: (5-8-09)

a. For taxing district or taxing unit funds other than those meeting the criteria listed in Subsection 804.05 of this rule, the property tax levy shall be computed by dividing the dollar amount certified for the property tax portion of the budget of the fund by the market value for assessment purposes of all taxable property within the taxing district or unit, including the value of each parcel on the current base assessment roll (base value), but excluding the increment value. For example, if the taxable value of property within a taxing district or unit is one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000) but fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000) of that value is increment value, the levy of the taxing district must be computed by dividing the property tax portion of the district’s or unit’s budget by eighty-five million dollars ($85,000,000).

b. For taxing district or taxing unit funds meeting the criteria listed in Subsection 804.05 of this rule, the property tax levy shall be computed by dividing the dollar amount certified for the property tax portion of the budget of the fund by the market value for assessment purposes of all taxable property within the taxing district or unit, including the increment value. Given the values in the example in Paragraph 804.03.a. of this rule, the levy would be computed by dividing the property tax portion of the fund by one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000).

04. Modification of an Urban Renewal Plan. When an authorized municipality passes an ordinance modifying an urban renewal plan containing a revenue allocation financing provision, the current value of property in the RAA shall be determined as if the modification had not occurred. All modifications to urban renewal areas and RAAs must comply with the provisions of Rule 225 of these rules. (5-8-09)

a. Modification by consolidation of RAAs. If such modification involves combination or consolidation of two (2) or more RAAs, the base value shall be determined by adding together independently determined current base values for each of the areas to be combined or consolidated. The current taxable value of property in an area not previously included in any RAA shall be added to determine the total current base value for the consolidated RAA.
b. Modification by annexation. (5-8-09)

i. If an RAA is modified by annexation, the current taxable value of property in the area annexed shall be added to the most current base value determined for the RAA prior to the annexation. (5-8-09)

ii. For levies described in Paragraphs 804.05.b., c., or d. of this rule approved prior to December 31, 2007, and included within the boundaries of a revenue allocation area by a change in the boundaries of either the revenue allocation area or the area subject to the levy by the taxing district or unit fund after December 31, 2007, the property tax levy shall be computed by dividing the dollar amount certified for the property tax portion of the budget of the fund by the market value for assessment purposes of all taxable property within the taxing district or unit, including the increment value. The example below shows the value to be used for setting levies for various funds within an urban renewal district “A” that annexes area “B” within a school district. Area (B) was annexed after December 31, 2007. Therefore, the Area (B) increment was added back to the base for all funds shown except the tort fund. The Area (A) increment value was added back to the base for the bond and override funds which were certified or passed after December 31, 2007.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>2009 Value Table</th>
<th>School District (base only)</th>
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<tr>
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<td>RAA (A) increment</td>
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<td>RAA annex (B) increment</td>
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<td>2008 RAA Annexation (B)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pre 2008 RAA (A) Boundaries</td>
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<td>2001 Plant</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2008 Bond (Passed and first levied in 2008)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2009 Override Supplemental</td>
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</table>

05. Criteria for Determining Whether Levies for Funds Are to Be Computed Using Base Value or Market Value for Assessment Purposes. Beginning in 2008, levies to be certified for taxing district or unit funds meeting the following criteria or used for any of the following purposes will be computed as described in Paragraph 804.03.b. of this rule. (5-8-09)

a. Refunds or credits pursuant to Section 63-1305, Idaho Code, and any school district judgment pursuant to Section 33-802(1), Idaho Code, provided the refunds, credits, or judgments were pursuant to actions taken no earlier than January 1, 2008; (5-8-09)

b. Voter approved overrides of the limits provided in Section 63-802, Idaho Code, provided such overrides are for a period not to exceed two (2) years and were passed after December 31, 2007, or earlier as provided in the criteria found in Paragraph 804.05.e.; (5-8-09)

c. Voter approved bonds and plant facilities reserve funds passed after December 31, 2007, or earlier as provided in the criteria found in Paragraph 804.05.e.; (5-8-09)
d. Voter approved school or charter school district temporary supplemental maintenance and operation levies passed after December 31, 2007; or (3-29-10)

e. Levies described in Paragraphs 804.05.b., c., or d. approved prior to December 31, 2007, and included within the boundaries of a revenue allocation area by a change in the boundaries of either the revenue allocation area or the area subject to the levy by the taxing district or unit fund after December 31, 2007; (3-29-10)

f. Levies authorized by Section 33-317A, Idaho Code, known as the cooperative service agency school plant facility levy. (3-29-10)

g. Levies authorized by Section 33-909, Idaho Code, known as the state-authorized plant facility levy. (8-6-14)

06. Cross Reference. The county auditor shall certify the full market value by taxing district as specified in Rule 995 of these rules. (4-2-08)

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995. CERTIFICATION OF SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION (RULE 995).
Section 63-3638, Idaho Code.

01. Most Current Census. Population shall be from the most current population census or estimate of incorporated city populations available from “Table 4, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Incorporated Places in Idaho” and estimate of county populations from “Table 1, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Idaho” available from the Bureau of the Census during the quarter of the year for which any distribution of sales tax money is to be made. If the State Tax Commission is notified that the Bureau of the Census has revised any city or county population estimates, the revised estimates shall be used for the distribution of sales tax money. (5-3-03)

02. Market Value for Assessment Purposes. Market value for assessment purposes shall mean the market value certified to the State Tax Commission pursuant to Section 63-510, Idaho Code, and shall include homeowner’s exemptions and the value of personal property exempt pursuant to Section 63-602KK(2), Idaho Code, as determined for tax year 2013, and the amount of real and personal property value which exceeds the assessed value shown on the base assessment roll for a revenue allocation area as defined in Section 50-2903(15), Idaho Code, for the calendar year immediately preceding the current fiscal year. (8-6-14)

03. Current Fiscal Year. For the purposes of this section, current fiscal year shall mean the current fiscal year of the state of Idaho. For distribution purposes, the current fiscal year shall begin with the distribution made in October, following collection of sales taxes in July, August, and September. (3-30-01)

04. Incorporated City. Incorporated city shall, for the current fiscal year, have a duly elected mayor and city council. (4-4-13)

05. Valuation Estimates. Valuation estimates for distribution of revenue sharing monies shall be updated at least annually. Updated estimates shall be used beginning with the October distribution. (4-4-13)

06. Determination Date and Eligibility. (8-6-14)

a. General eligibility. Except as provided in Subsection 06.b. of this rule, the eligibility of each city for revenue sharing monies pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(a), Idaho Code, shall be determined as of July 1 of the current year. Cities formed after January 1, 2001, shall also be entitled to a share of the money pursuant to the provisions of Section 63-3638(10)(c), Idaho Code. (4-6-05)

b. Ineligibility as a result of non-compliance. Otherwise eligible taxing districts that are found to be
out of compliance with the requirements of Section 67-450B, Idaho Code, or Section 67-450E, Idaho Code, shall be ineligible for distributions provided under Section 63-3638(10), Idaho Code, commencing with the next scheduled quarterly distribution following the tax commission’s receipt of notification of non compliance and continuing until the distribution following the tax commission’s receipt of notification of compliance. At that time the tax commission shall add to the current quarterly distribution any amount previously withheld under these provisions. (8-6-14T)

07. Quarterly Certification. Except if shares are required to be withheld pursuant to Sections 67-450B and 67-450E, Idaho Code, the State Tax Commission shall certify quarterly to each county clerk the base and excess shares of the distributions required pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(c) and 63-3638(10)(d), Idaho Code, and the distributions to cities and counties required pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(a) and 63-3638(10)(b), Idaho Code. Each county clerk shall calculate and certify the distribution of these monies to the eligible taxing districts based on the directives of the State Tax Commission. (4-6-05)

a. City and County Base Shares. For cities and counties, the initial base share shall be the amount of money to which they were entitled for the fourth calendar quarter of 1999, based on the provisions of Section 63-3638(e), Idaho Code, as such section existed prior to July 1, 2000. In addition, the initial base share shall be adjusted proportionally to reflect increases that become available or decreases that occur, unless increases exceed five percent (5%) of the initial base share. (3-30-01)

b. Special Purpose Taxing District Base Shares. For special purpose taxing districts the initial base share shall be the amount of money to which they were entitled for the fourth calendar quarter of 1999, based on the provisions of Section 63-3638(e), Idaho Code, as such section existed prior to July 1, 2000. Special purpose taxing district initial base shares shall be proportionally reduced to reflect decreases in the amount of sales tax available to be distributed. (3-30-01)

c. Excess Shares. Excess shares shall be any amounts above the base share that any city, county or special purpose taxing district is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(c) or 63-3638(10)(d), Idaho Code. These amounts shall not be subject to redistribution provisions of Section 40-801, Idaho Code. (4-6-05)

d. Shares Pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(a) or 63-3638(10)(b), Idaho Code. Shares to be distributed pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(a) or 63-3638(10)(b), Idaho Code, shall be termed “revenue sharing.” Such shares shall be subject to quarterly distribution and for this purpose, the one million three hundred twenty thousand dollars ($1,320,000) distribution pursuant to Section 63-3638(10)(b)(i), Idaho Code, shall be considered an annual amount and shall be divided into four (4) equal shares. (4-6-05)

e. Amounts authorized to be paid to counties for redistribution to taxing districts shall be withheld if necessary to comply with the requirements of Sections 67-450B and 67-450E, Idaho Code. The tax commission shall identify the district for which amounts are being withheld and the amount being withheld. The county should notify the district accordingly and notify them that they will receive the withheld funds following a determination by the legislative services office that they are in compliance with the provisions of these statutes. (8-6-14T)

08. Notification of Value. The county auditor shall notify the State Tax Commission of the value of each taxing district and unit as specified in Section 63-510, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

09. Corrections.

a. When distributions have been made erroneously, corrections shall be made to the following quarterly distribution(s) so as to provide the quickest practicable restitution to affected taxing districts. Corrections shall be made to reconcile erroneous distributions made for the current fiscal year. Errors made in distributions for the last quarter of the current fiscal year shall be corrected as soon as practicable in distributions made for the following fiscal year. (4-6-05)

b. The State Tax Commission shall notify affected county clerks when the State Tax Commission becomes aware of an error in the distribution of the base or excess shares. (3-30-01)

c. The State Tax Commission shall notify affected cities or county clerks when the State Tax Commission becomes aware of an error in the distribution of city or county revenue sharing monies. (3-30-01)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5220, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency intends to promulgate rules and desires public comment prior to initiating formal rulemaking procedures. This negotiated rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Section 63-105A, Idaho Code, and Section 63-802, Idaho Code.

METHOD OF PARTICIPATION: Interested persons wishing to participate in the negotiated rulemaking must respond to this notice by contacting the undersigned either in writing, by email, or by calling the phone number listed below. To participate, responses must be received by August 27, 2014.

Should a reasonable number of persons respond to this notice, negotiated meetings will be scheduled and all scheduled meetings shall be posted and made accessible on the agency website at the address listed below.

Upon conclusion of the negotiated rulemaking, any unresolved issues, all key issues considered, and conclusions reached during the negotiated rulemaking will be addressed in a written summary and made available on the agency website.

Failure of interested persons to respond to this notice of intent or the lack of a sufficient number of responses to this notice of intent may result in the discontinuation of further informal proceedings. In either event the agency shall have sole discretion in determining the feasibility of scheduling and conducting informal negotiated rulemaking and may proceed directly to formal rulemaking if proceeding with negotiated rulemaking is deemed infeasible.

Negotiated meetings will be scheduled and all scheduled meetings shall be posted and made accessible on the agency website at the address listed below.

1. Attend the negotiated rulemaking meeting(s) and participate in the negotiation process,
2. Attend through a teleconference,
3. Provide oral or written recommendations, or both, at the negotiated rulemaking meeting, and/or
4. Submit written recommendations and comments to the address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a statement in nontechnical language of the substance and purpose of the intended negotiated rulemaking and the principle issues involved:

Property Tax Rule 204 is a new rule clarifying that operating property required to be assessed by the State Tax Commission shall include gathering lines as defined in Section 61-114, Idaho Code, regardless of whether such lines are owned or operated in conjunction with a public utility, and shall also include property owned by the same taxpayer and associated with the extraction or production of any oil or gas to be carried by such gathering lines.

CONTACT INFORMATION, WEB ADDRESS, ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this negotiated rulemaking, contact Alan Dornfest, (208) 334-7742. Materials pertaining to the negotiated rulemaking, including any available preliminary rule drafts, can be found on the commission website at the following web address: www.tax.idaho.gov.

All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 23rd day of July, 2014.

Alan Dornfest, Tax Policy Supervisor
State Tax Commission
P.O. Box 36
Boise, ID 83722-0410
(208) 334-7742
IDAPA 35 - STATE TAX COMMISSION
35.01.05 - MOTOR FUELS TAX ADMINISTRATIVE RULES
DOCKET NO. 35-0105-1402
NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 63-105 and 63-2427, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearings concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing sites will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Motor Fuels Tax Rule 110, Calculation of Tax on Gaseous Fuels, outlines conversion factors required by Section 63-2424(1), Idaho Code, to make it possible to assess the $0.25/gallon gasoline tax on given volume of gaseous fuel based on the energy equivalent of a gallon of gasoline. The rule is being changed to align the current conversion factors to national and industry standards.

Motor Fuels Tax Rule 311, IFTA License Bond, outlines the procedure for International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) license bonds according to Section 63-2442A(2), Idaho Code, and the IFTA Articles of Agreement R340, Bond Requirement. This new rule clarifies a timely filer and allows the IFTA licensee to request a waiver from the bond requirement. The rule also includes instructions for the bonding an IFTA licensee who has his license revoked then reapplies for an IFTA license.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: NA

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the June 4, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 14-6, pages 95 and 96.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Don Williams at (208)334-7855 or don.williams@tax.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 6th day of August, 2014.

Don Williams, Tax Policy Specialist
State Tax Commission
P.O. Box 36
Boise, ID 83722-0410
(208) 334-7855
Don.williams@tax.idaho.gov
110. CALCULATION OF TAX ON GASEOUS FUELS (RULE 110).

Section 63-2424, Idaho Code.

01. In General. In all cases in which any tax under Chapter 24, Title 63, Idaho Code, must be calculated for any special fuel that is a gaseous fuel, the following equivalency formulas shall be used to calculate the amount of tax due. The following applies to gaseous special fuels:

a. One (1) therm of natural gas will be the equivalent of one (1) gallon of liquid. A gaseous special fuel is a special fuel that is a gas at sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit and fourteen and seven-tenths (14.7) pounds per square inch absolute.

b. Four and one-fourth (4 1/4) pounds of propane will be the equivalent of one (1) gallon of liquid. A gaseous special fuel may be sold at volumes or weights other than those listed in this section, but, must be converted to the volumes and weights used in this section for reporting purposes to ensure that the gaseous special fuels are taxed at the energy equivalent to a gallon of gasoline.

02. Equivalents BTU’s. Special fuels tax on gaseous fuels will be computed based upon the equivalent BTU’s per gallon of gaseous fuels. The following values will be used in a formula establishing the rate. The following equivalents will be used when calculating amounts of gaseous special fuel sold and corresponding tax amounts for motor fuels tax reporting purposes. Gaseous special fuel distributors are required to report the volumes and tax as required on the fuel distributor form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor Fuel</th>
<th>BTUs per liquid gallon</th>
<th>Tax per liquid gallon</th>
<th>Volume per Gasoline Gallon Equivalent (GGE)</th>
<th>Tax per GGE</th>
<th>Volume per Diesel Gallon Equivalent (DGE)</th>
<th>Tax per DGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gasoline</td>
<td>127,000</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
<td>1 gallon</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>92,000</td>
<td>$0.181</td>
<td>1.39 gallon</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressed Natural gas (CNG)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>126.67 cu. ft. or 5.66 lbs. @ 60° F</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
311. IFTA LICENSE BOND (RULE 311).
Section 63-2442A, Idaho Code.

01. General. The State Tax Commission (Commission) may require an International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) licensee to post a bond following the requirements of the IFTA Agreement in order to maintain his license. A bond may be required when he files returns or remits taxes, separately or in combination, after the due date at least three times within a three year period. When a bond is required, the licensee must post the bond within thirty (30) days from the date of the request. When no bond is posted within the thirty (30) days, the license is automatically revoked and it must be surrendered to the Commission. An assessment may be made for any unreported tax liability based on actual records or an estimate.

02. Reinstating Revoked Licenses. An applicant may be required to post a bond when he has previously had his IFTA license revoked or is related to a person who has previously had his IFTA license revoked. An applicant is related to a person who has previously had his IFTA license revoked when:

a. The applicant is owned at least twenty-five percent (25%) by a person or persons who has previously had his IFTA license revoked.  

b. The applicant is operated or controlled by a person or persons who has previously had his IFTA license revoked. Operation and control includes, but is not limited to, an officer or director or other person authorized by the applicant to engage in the business or commercial activity of the applicant.

03. Amount and Type of Bond. The amount of the bond will be one thousand dollars ($1,000) or twice the estimated tax liability for the licensee's quarterly tax reporting period, whichever is greater, without regard to actual or anticipated tax-paid credits. Any type of bond allowed by the IFTA Agreement or these rules may be secured. The bond amount will be reviewed annually, but may be reviewed at any time, thereafter. The licensee's returns and records may be reviewed to determine if the bond amount will be raised, lowered, or remain unchanged.

04. Bond Waiver Request. The licensee may request a waiver of bond requirement within thirty (30) days from the approval of the license renewal request. The licensee must be a quarterly filer. The licensee must have submitted the quarterly returns and paid the tax due by the due date for one calendar year. An annual filer may not request a bond waiver.

05. Denial of Bond Waiver Request and Appeal of Denial. The Commission may deny a bond waiver request when it determines that waiving the bond requirement puts the financial interests of IFTA jurisdictions in jeopardy. The licensee must follow the appeal procedure in Section R1400, IFTA Articles of Agreement (revised July 2013) to appeal the denial of a bond waiver request.
EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is July 1, 2014.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 67-5761, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made no later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

Revisions incorporate changes in federal law governing health plan eligibility and the expiration of the Medicare prescription drug reimbursement program.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Section 67-5226(1) (b), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

Revisions incorporate changes in federal law governing health plan eligibility and the expiration of the Medicare prescription drug reimbursement program.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

No fee or charge is being changed or imposed through this rulemaking.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact from the rule change.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the proposed rule change will provide conformity with federal law.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

No documents are being incorporated by reference into this rule.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Amy Johnson at (208) 332-1865.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 30th day of June, 2014.
001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 38.03.01, “Rules Governing Group Insurance.”

02. Scope. Pursuant to Section 67-5761, Idaho Code, these rules set forth eligibility for the state of Idaho’s group insurance and eligibility and procedures for reimbursing a Medicare-eligible retiree for his out-of-pocket expenses for prescription medications when he has exceeded the initial Medicare prescription medication coverage amount.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

The provisions found in Section 040 of these rules shall govern administrative appeals of the director’s denial to the Group Insurance Advisory Committee.

004. EXEMPTION FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL’S ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE RULES FOR CONTESTED CASES.

Pursuant to Section 67-5206(5), Idaho Code, except as provided in these rules, the procedures contained in Subchapter B, “Contested Cases,” of the rules promulgated by the attorney general as IDAPA 04.11.01, “Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General,” Sections 100 through 799, do not apply to appeals from denied petitions.

005. REASONS FOR EXEMPTION FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL’S ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE RULES.

To prevent unnecessary delays and increased costs in the determination of whether a Medicare eligible retiree or his Medicare eligible dependent is eligible to receive reimbursement of out of pocket expenses for prescription medications, the rules of procedure in this chapter are adopted to promote the speedy resolution of appeals from denied petitions.

003. -- 005. (RESERVED)

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

011. DEFINITIONS.

01. Child. Child includes a natural child, stepchild, adopted child or child in the process of adoption from the time placed with the eligible active employee or eligible retiree. The term also includes a child legally
dependent upon the eligible active employee, the eligible active employee’s spouse, the eligible retiree or the eligible retiree’s spouse for support where a normal parent-child relationship exists with the expectation that the eligible active employee or eligible retiree will continue to rear that child to adulthood. The definition does not include a child where one or both of that child’s natural parents live in the same household with the eligible active employee or eligible retiree, as a parent-child relationship is not deemed to exist even though the eligible active employee, eligible retiree or their spouses provide support. (3-29-10)

02. Date of Hire. The first day an individual begins work for the state or his employer. (3-29-10)

03. Director. The director of the Department of Administration. (3-29-10)

04. Eligible Active Employee. An officer or employee of a state agency, department or institution, including a state official, elected official or employee of another governmental entity which has contracted with the state of Idaho for group insurance coverage, who is working twenty (20) hours or more per week, and whose term of employment is expected to exceed five (5) consecutive months. (3-29-10)

05. Eligible Dependent of an Eligible Active Employee. An eligible dependent of an eligible active employee who is enrolled in group insurance, is a person who is any of the following: (3-29-10)

a. The spouse of an eligible active employee. (3-29-10)

b. A child up to the age of twenty-six (26) of an eligible active employee or an eligible active employee’s spouse, unless the dependent child is eligible to enroll in their own employer based group coverage. (3-21-12)(7-1-14)

06. Eligible Dependent of an Eligible Retiree. An eligible dependent of an eligible retiree who is enrolled in group insurance, is a person who is any of the following: (3-29-10)

a. The non-Medicare-eligible spouse of an eligible retiree. (3-29-10)

b. A child up to the age of twenty-six (26) of an eligible retiree or an eligible retiree’s spouse, unless the dependent child is eligible to enroll in their own employer based group coverage. (3-21-12)(7-1-14)

07. Eligible Retiree. A person who is any of the following: (3-29-10)

a. An officer or employee of a state agency, department or institution, including state and elected officials, who retired on or before June 30, 2009, and who is not Medicare eligible. (3-29-10)

b. An officer or employee of a state agency, department or institution, including state and elected officials, who meets all of the following: (3-29-10)

i. He retires after June 30, 2009, and retires directly from state employment. (3-29-10)

ii. He is not Medicare eligible. (3-29-10)

iii. He was hired on or before June 30, 2009, and has at least twenty thousand eight hundred (20,800) credited state service hours on or before June 30, 2009, is reemployed, reelected or reappointed after June 30, 2009, and accrues an additional six thousand two hundred forty (6,240) continuous credited state service hours. (3-21-12)

c. A person receiving benefits from a state of Idaho retirement system who has at least twenty thousand eight hundred (20,800) credited state service hours in a state of Idaho retirement system, and who is not Medicare eligible. (3-21-12)

08. Group Insurance. Medical, dental, vision, life, disability and other types of insurance coverage provided through a carrier who has contracted with the Office of Group Insurance to provide such insurance to eligible active employees, eligible retirees and their dependents. (3-29-10)
09. **Health Care Coverage.** Medical insurance coverage provided through a carrier who has contracted with the Office of Group Insurance to provide medical insurance to eligible active employees, eligible retirees and their dependents. (3-29-10)

10. **Medicare Coverage Gap.** Under a Medicare-supplement plan, there is a gap in coverage for prescription medications between the initial coverage limit (two thousand seven hundred dollars ($2,700) in 2009) and the catastrophic coverage threshold (four thousand three hundred fifty dollars ($4,350) in 2009). Within this gap, the Medicare recipient pays one hundred percent (100%) of the cost of prescription medications before catastrophic coverage begins. (3-29-10)

11. **Medicare Eligible.** A person who is age sixty-five (65) or older and qualifies to receive Medicare. (3-29-10)

**(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)**

034. -- 039. *(RESERVED)*

040. **MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM.** Effective January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2013, any Medicare-eligible retiree or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse, who is no longer eligible for health care coverage due to Medicare eligibility, may petition the director for reimbursement of prescription medications up to, but not to exceed, two thousand dollars ($2,000) per calendar year, per Medicare-eligible retiree and per Medicare-eligible dependent spouse. (3-21-12)

01. **Eligibility for Medicare Prescription Medication Reimbursement.** If an eligible retiree or his eligible dependent spouse meet the following conditions, he can request reimbursement for his respective out-of-pocket expenses for prescription medications. Each individual must meet all criteria each calendar year: (3-29-10)

a. The Medicare-eligible retiree or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse has met or exceeded the initial Medicare coverage limit for prescription medication expenses under his Medicare-supplement plan. (3-29-10)

b. The Medicare-eligible retiree or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse is in the Medicare coverage gap, and has paid two thousand dollars ($2,000) or more out of pocket for prescription medications. (3-29-10)

c. The Medicare-eligible retiree's or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse's total out-of-pocket prescription medication expenses have not exceeded the Medicare catastrophic coverage threshold. (3-29-10)

02. **Deadline to Request Reimbursement from the Director.** A Medicare-eligible retiree or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse must submit a petition and a request for reimbursement to the director on or before March 31 of each year for the petition and request to be considered timely. (3-29-10)

a. All reimbursement requests for 2010 out-of-pocket prescription medication expenses must be received on or before March 31, 2011, and requests for 2011 out-of-pocket prescription medication expenses must be received on or before March 31, 2012, to be considered. Petitions and reimbursement requests received after March 31, 2011 (for 2010 expenses), and March 31, 2012 (for 2011 expenses), will be denied for being untimely. (3-29-10)

03. **Contents of the Petition and Reimbursement Requests.** The Medicare-eligible retiree's or Medicare-eligible dependent spouse's petition and reimbursement request shall specifically state the reasons why the director should grant the Medicare-eligible retiree's or the Medicare-eligible dependent spouse's petition and reimbursement request, including but not limited to evidence that the petitioner has met all of the eligibility criteria above. (3-29-10)

a. Reimbursement requests must include all of the following information on an itemized receipt or statement: (3-29-10)
i. **Date of service.** (3-29-10)

ii. **Description of prescription medication.** (3-29-10)

iii. **Total amount of expenses.** (3-29-10)

iv. **Patient name.** (3-29-10)

v. **Any amount covered by other insurance, if applicable.** (3-29-10)

04. **Director’s Review of the Petition and Reimbursement Request.** The director shall review the petition and reimbursement request, and may ask for additional information or documentation from the petitioner to assist the director in reaching a decision on the petition and reimbursement request. (3-29-10)

05. **Director’s Decision of the Petition and Reimbursement Request.** The director shall approve or deny the petition and reimbursement request, and shall provide reasons for any denial within ten (10) business days after receipt of the petition or the receipt of requested information or documentation, whichever is later. (3-29-10)

06. **Appeal of Denial.** A petitioner may appeal the director’s denial within thirty (30) days of the denial. The appeal shall state the reasons why the director’s decision is in error. The appeal shall be reviewed by the Group Insurance Advisory Committee within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the appeal. (3-29-10)

a. The Group Insurance Advisory Committee may review the appeal and make a decision on the basis of the information and documentation provided by the Medicare-eligible retiree or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse, may request additional information or documentation, and may take written or oral testimony. (3-29-10)

b. The Group Insurance Advisory Committee shall issue a written decision on the Medicare-eligible retiree’s or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse’s appeal within ninety (90) days of the date of the appeal. (3-29-10)

c. The Group Insurance Advisory Committee shall deny any appeal for any of the following reasons:

1. The individual is not Medicare eligible. (3-29-10)

2. The individual has not yet retired from state employment. (3-29-10)

3. The Medicare-eligible retiree or the Medicare-eligible dependent spouse has not met all of the criteria described in Subsection 040.01 of these rules. (3-29-10)

iv. The appeal is untimely or the original petition was submitted untimely. (3-29-10)

07. **Subsequent Reimbursement Requests After Approval of Petition.** A Medicare-eligible retiree or his Medicare-eligible dependent spouse, whose petition for prescription medication reimbursement has been approved by the director, may submit subsequent requests for reimbursement to the Office of Group Insurance, until the individual has received two thousand dollars ($2000) for reimbursed prescription medication, per calendar year, under these rules. (3-29-10)

08. **Reimbursement Considered Taxable Income.** Any reimbursed prescription medication expenses by and through these rules are considered taxable income to the reimbursed party. (3-29-10)

041—049. (RESERVED)
**IDAPA 46 - BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE**

**46.01.01 - RULES OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE**

**DOCKET NO. 46-0101-1401**

**NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE**

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 54-2105, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The Board of Veterinary Medicine issues certifications to qualified veterinary technician applicants. Current rule provides several ways a certified veterinary technician (CVT) applicant can demonstrate completion of the educational requirements for certification. Two of the existing methods for an applicant to satisfy these requirements are to submit evidence of graduation from a veterinary technology program equivalent to a program approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association or, if a foreign graduate, graduation from a program of veterinary medicine from a foreign school approved by the Board. The Board has determined that it lacks the expertise and means to adequately evaluate whether a non-accredited CVT program is equivalent to an accredited AVMA program or to approve foreign schools of veterinary medicine. To ensure uniformity in entry-level knowledge of certified veterinary technicians in Idaho, IDAPA 46.01.01.100 is being amended to delete these provisions.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: NA

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the June 4, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-6, page 101**.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jodie Ellis, Executive Director, (208) 332-8588.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 11th day of July, 2014.

Jodie Ellis, Executive Director
Board of Veterinary Medicine
2270 Old Penitentiary Road
P. O. Box 7249
Boise, ID 83712
Phone: (208) 332-8588
Fax: (208) 334-2170
100. CERTIFICATION OF VETERINARY TECHNICIANS.

Any person representing himself as a veterinary technician, licensed veterinary technician, registered veterinary technician, or certified veterinary technician, shall hold a valid, unexpired certificate to practice veterinary technology in the state of Idaho. (3-30-07)

01. Application for Certification -- Contents -- Examinations. An individual desiring to be certified as a veterinary technician shall make written application to the Board upon a form furnished by the Board. A complete application shall be valid and maintained at the Board office for a period of one (1) year, contain the applicant's notarized signature, and include:

   a. A copy of a birth certificate or current passport proving that the applicant is eighteen (18) years of age or older. (4-2-08)

   b. Notarized affidavits issued during the year preceding certification from two (2) individuals, personally acquainted with the applicant, attesting to the fact that the applicant is of good moral character. (3-30-01)

   c. Documentation of education/training/experience as follows:

      i. A certified copy of a diploma or transcript, or a letter verifying graduation from a veterinary technology program, accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association; (3-29-10)

      ii. A certified copy of a diploma or transcript, or a letter verifying graduation from a veterinary technology program equivalent to a program accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association, or from another college or institution approved by the Board; (3-29-10)

      iii. A certified copy of a diploma or transcript, or a letter verifying the award of a D.V.M. or V.M.D. degree or equivalent, from an accredited school of veterinary medicine; or (3-29-10)

      iv. If a foreign veterinary graduate, notarized verification of having been awarded a D.V.M. or V.M.D. degree or equivalent in a program of veterinary medicine from a foreign school of veterinary medicine or the veterinary department of a foreign university or another college or institution that is approved by the Board a letter from the Educational Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates (ECFVG) certifying completion of the ECFVG program or a copy of the ECFVG certificate. (3-30-07)

   d. Verification of a criterion-referenced passing score reported by the Professional Examination Service or its designee, or by other designated test vendors or their designees approved by the American Association of Veterinary State Boards on the Veterinary Technician National Examination (VTNE) or other national examination approved by the American Association of Veterinary State Boards or its designated test vendor or by the Board. If such a score is not available, the passing score shall be as reported by the Professional Examination Service or its designee, or by other designated test vendors or their designees approved by the American Association of Veterinary State Boards or by the Board and shall be considered equal to or greater than one and five-tenths (1.5) standard deviation below the mean score of the examination. (3-30-01)

      i. The VTNE or other national examination approved by the American Association of Veterinary State Boards or its designated test vendor or by the Board may have been taken at any time. (3-30-01)

      ii. Scores for the VTNE or other national examination approved by the American Association of Veterinary State Boards or its designated test vendor or by the Board are to be provided to the Board by the Professional Examination Service or its designee or by other designated test vendors or their designees approved by the American Association of Veterinary State Boards. (3-30-01)
e. A passing score for the jurisprudence examination, which should be ninety percent (90%) or such score as deemed appropriate by the Board. The jurisprudence examination, as prepared by the Board or its designee, may be taken more than once, at three-month intervals. (3-29-10)

02. Application for Certification -- Fee -- Deadline -- Validity. (3-30-01)

a. A completed application, other required documents, and first year's certification fee in the amount established by the Board shall be received at the Board office by the first day of January or June. All application and certification fees are nonrefundable. (4-4-13)

b. The Board will review applications and issue certifications in January and June of each year. Veterinary Technician Certifications shall be consecutively numbered beginning with the number one (1) and all numbers shall be prefixed with the letters CVT. If an applicant is found not qualified, the Board shall notify the applicant in writing of such finding and grounds therefor. An applicant denied certification may request a hearing pursuant to the procedures set forth in Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. (4-4-13)
EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is June 15, 2014.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 14-539, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than August 20, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The rule defines when an insurer has knowledge that an individual has died and when the period for determining if benefits are unclaimed begins to run.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Section 67-5226(1)(c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

Many life insurance policy and annuity benefits go unclaimed because the beneficiary is unaware of the policy or contract. The unclaimed property laws are in place to provide a centralized location for holders of unclaimed property to deposit the property and for the rightful owner to search for and discover property. Several life insurance and annuity companies have taken the position that they do not have to transfer unclaimed policy and contract benefits under the Idaho unclaimed property laws because they do not know of the policy holder’s death until they receive certification of death or because the time period for abandonment does not run until they receive such certification. In the meantime, the insurers hold and invest the policy benefits for their own account and do not take any action to locate a beneficiary. This is contrary to the public policy on which the unclaimed property laws are based. A temporary rule is necessary to define when the company knows of a death and to specify when the period of abandonment begins to run. The temporary rule will result in the inclusion of benefits long past their payable date on the list of unclaimed property and provide an immediate benefit to Idahoans who are unaware that the policies and contracts exist.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year:

No general funds are used for the unclaimed property program. Additional unclaimed property will be located due to the rule change and held for the rightful owners pursuant to title 14, chapter 5, Idaho Code. A limited amount of interest is earned on unclaimed property held by the Treasurer and retained in the general fund. The addition of unclaimed life insurance benefits under this rule will not generate sufficient income to produce a fiscal impact.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because of the need for temporary rulemaking. The Office of the Treasurer will request and consider comments on the proposed rule. The temporary rule is a compromise position between the proposal of the Uniform Law Commission requiring insurers check the Social Security Administration Master Death File and the insurer’s position that they can hold and invest the policy benefits for their own account until they receive a death certificate. The Treasurer believes the compromise is reasonable for both the public and the insurers and appropriate for a temporary rule.
INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: NA

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Audra Fink, Program Specialist, at (208) 332-2978.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before August 27, 2014.

DATED this 19th day of June, 2014.

Ron Crane
Idaho State Treasurer
Office of the State Treasurer
700 W. Jefferson St., Ste. 126
P. O. Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0091
Phone: (208) 332-2950
Fax: (208) 332-2970

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 54-0301-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

022. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT INSURANCE POLICIES AND ANNUITY CONTRACTS.

01. Dormancy Period. Funds are presumed abandoned if the period during which funds are unclaimed meets or exceeds the period set forth in Section 14-507(1), Idaho Code. The period during which funds are unclaimed shall begin to run on the occurrence of the maturity or termination date. For the purposes of Section 14-507, Idaho Code, the maturity or termination date shall be as follows:

   a. If the policy or contract specifies a maturity date other than the date of death of the insured or annuitant, the date specified in the contract or policy.

   b. If the policy or contract is matured or otherwise becomes due and payable on the death of the insured or annuitant, the earlier of:

      i. The date of death of the insured or annuitant; or

      ii. The date the insured or annuitant attained, or would have attained, the limiting age pursuant to Section 14-507(3)(b), Idaho Code.

   c. If the policy or contract is matured or terminated by any cause or event other than those set forth in Paragraphs 022.01.a. and 01.b. of this rule, the date of such cause or event.

02. Knowledge of Death.

   a. For the purposes of Section 14-507(3), Idaho Code, the occurrence of one (1) of the following shall
mean that an insurance company holding or owing funds knows the insured or annuitant has died:

   i. The insurance company has received actual proof of death from any source;

   ii. The State Treasurer or its agent has notified the insurance company that the insured or annuitant may have died and the insurance company has confirmed such death;

   iii. A person appearing to have an interest in the policy or contract has notified the insurance company that the insured or annuitant may have died and the insurance company has confirmed such death; or

   iv. The insurance company receives notice in the regular course of its business that the insured or annuitant may have died and the insurance company has confirmed such death.

b. Upon receipt of notice that an insured or annuitant may have died, the insurance company shall, within ninety (90) days of such notice, make a good faith effort to confirm the death. A good faith effort shall include use of the methods utilized by the insurance company in the regular course of its business to determine that an insured or annuitant has died.

0223. -- 999. (RESERVED)
AUTHORIZED: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. The action is authorized by Sections 39-105 and 39-107, Idaho Code. This rulemaking updates citations to the federal regulations incorporated by reference as mandated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for approval of the state’s Title V Operating Permit Program pursuant to 40 CFR Part 70 and fulfilling the requirements of Idaho’s delegation agreement with EPA under Section 112(l) of the Clean Air Act. It also updates citations to other federal regulations necessary to retain state primacy of Clean Air Act programs.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: A public hearing concerning this proposed rulemaking will be held as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tuesday, September 9, 2014, 3:00 p.m.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Department of Environmental Quality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference Room A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1410 N. Hilton, Boise, Idaho</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made no later than five (5) days prior to the hearing. For arrangements, contact the undersigned at (208)373-0418.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: This rulemaking is necessary to ensure that the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho are consistent with federal regulations. This proposed rule updates citations to federal regulations incorporated by reference at Section 107 to include those revised as of July 1, 2014.

Members of the regulated community who may be subject to Idaho’s air quality rules, special interest groups, public officials, and members of the public who have an interest in the regulation of air emissions from sources in Idaho may be interested in commenting on this proposed rule. The proposed rule text is in legislative format. Language the agency proposes to add is underlined. Language the agency proposes to delete is struck out. It is these additions and deletions to which public comment should be addressed.

After consideration of public comments, DEQ intends to present the final proposal to the Board of Environmental Quality in the fall of 2014 for adoption of a pending rule. The rule is expected to be final and effective upon adjournment of the 2015 legislative session if adopted by the Board and approved by the Legislature. DEQ will submit the final rule to EPA for approval.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary:

Incorporation by reference is necessary to ensure that the state rules are consistent with federal regulations. Information for obtaining a copy of the federal regulations is included in the rule.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Negotiated rulemaking was not conducted. DEQ determined that negotiated rulemaking is not feasible due to the simple nature of this rulemaking and because DEQ has no discretion with respect to adopting the federal regulations that are necessary for EPA approval of Idaho’s Title V Operating Permit Program. Whenever possible, DEQ incorporates federal regulations by reference to ensure that the state rules are consistent with federal regulations.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 39-107D STATEMENT: This proposed rule does not regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.
FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS AND SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this rulemaking, contact Tiffany Floyd at tiffany.floyd@deq.idaho.gov or (208) 373-0440.

Anyone may submit written comments by mail, fax or e-mail at the address below regarding this proposed rule. DEQ will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before September 9, 2014.

DATED this 1st day of July, 2014.

Paula J. Wilson
Hearing Coordinator
Department of Environmental Quality
1410 N. Hilton
Boise, Idaho 83706-1255
(208) 373-0502. (7-1-97)
paula.wilson@deq.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 58-0101-1403
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

107. INCORPORATIONS BY REFERENCE.

01. General. Unless expressly provided otherwise, any reference in these rules to any document identified in Subsection 107.03 shall constitute the full incorporation into these rules of that document for the purposes of the reference, including any notes and appendices therein. The term “documents” includes codes, standards or rules which have been adopted by an agency of the state or of the United States or by any nationally recognized organization or association. (5-1-94)

02. Availability of Referenced Material. Copies of the documents incorporated by reference into these rules are available at the following locations: (5-1-94)

a. All federal publications: U.S. Government Printing Office at www.gpoaccess.gov/ecfr; (3-20-14)

b. Statutes of the state of Idaho: http://legislature.idaho.gov/idstat/TOC/IDStatutesTOC.htm; and (3-20-14)

c. All documents herein incorporated by reference: (7-1-97)

i. Department of Environmental Quality, 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706-1255 at (208) 373-0502. (7-1-97)

ii. State Law Library, 451 W. State Street, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0051, (208) 334-3316. (7-1-97)

03. Documents Incorporated by Reference. The following documents are incorporated by reference into these rules: (5-1-94)
a. Requirements for Preparation, Adoption, and Submittal of Implementation Plans, 40 CFR Part 51 revised as of July 1, 2014. The following portions of 40 CFR Part 51 are expressly excluded from any incorporation by reference into these rules:

i. All sections included in 40 CFR Part 51, Subpart P, Protection of Visibility, except that 40 CFR 51.301, 51.304(a), 51.307, and 51.308 are incorporated by reference into these rules; and

ii. Appendix Y to Part 51, Guidelines for BART Determinations Under the Regional Haze Rule.


d. Ambient Air Monitoring Reference and Equivalent Methods, 40 CFR Part 53, revised as of July 1, 2014.

e. Ambient Air Quality Surveillance, 40 CFR Part 58, revised as of July 1, 2014.


h. Federal Plan Requirements for Hospital/Medical/Infectious Waste Incinerators Constructed on or Before December 1, 2008, 40 CFR Part 62, Subpart HHH, revised as of July 1, 2014.


j. Compliance Assurance Monitoring, 40 CFR Part 64, revised as of July 1, 2014.

k. State Operating Permit Programs, 40 CFR Part 70, revised as of July 1, 2014.

l. Permits, 40 CFR Part 72, revised as of July 1, 2014.

m. Sulfur Dioxide Allowance System, 40 CFR Part 73, revised as of July 1, 2014.

n. Protection of Stratospheric Ozone, 40 CFR Part 82, revised as of July 1, 2014.

o. Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 7401 through 7671g (1997).


q. Determining Conformity of Federal Actions to State or Federal Implementation Plans: Conformity to State or Federal Implementation Plans of Transportation Plans, Programs and Projects Developed, Funded or Approved Under Title 23 U.S.C. or the Federal Transit Laws, 40 CFR Part 93, Subpart A, Sections 93.100 through 93.129, revised as of July 1, 2013, except that Sections 93.102(c), 93.104(d), 93.104(e)(2), 93.105, 93.109(c)-(f), 93.118(e), 93.119(f)(3), 93.120(a)(2), 93.121(a)(1), and 93.124(b) are expressly omitted from the incorporation by reference.

(3-20-14)
AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. The action is authorized by Chapters 44 and 58, Title 39, Idaho Code. In addition, 40 CFR 271.21(e) and Section 39-4404, Idaho Code, require DEQ to adopt amendments to federal law as proposed under this docket.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: No hearings have been scheduled. Pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, a public hearing will be held if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency. Written requests for a hearing must be received by the undersigned on or before August 20, 2014. If no such written request is received, a public hearing will not be held.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: Idaho’s Rules and Standards for Hazardous Waste are updated annually to maintain consistency with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA’s) federal regulations implementing the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) as directed by the Idaho Hazardous Waste Management Act (HWMA). This proposed rule updates the federal regulations incorporated by reference to include those revised as of July 1, 2014, and makes technical corrections as recommended in the most recent EPA Incorporation By Reference Guidance.

Groups interested in hazardous waste and handlers of hazardous waste including generators, transporters, and treatment, storage, and disposal facilities may be interested in commenting on this proposed rule. The proposed rule text is in legislative format. Language the agency proposes to add is underlined. Language the agency proposes to delete is struck out. It is these additions and deletions to which public comment should be addressed.

After consideration of public comments, DEQ intends to present the final proposal to the Board of Environmental Quality in the fall of 2014 for adoption of a pending rule. The rule is expected to be final and effective upon the conclusion of the 2015 legislative session if adopted by the Board and approved by the Legislature.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary:

Idaho has historically adopted both required and optional federal regulations so that Idaho's hazardous waste rules are the same as federal requirements. Optional federal regulations usually allow more flexibility to the regulated community; required federal regulations are necessary to maintain program primacy. Adoption by reference allows DEQ to keep its rules up to date with federal regulation changes and minimizes the EPA Region 10 effort needed to keep Idaho’s authorization current. Adoption by reference also simplifies compliance for the regulated community. Information for obtaining a copy of the federal regulations is included in the rule.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Negotiated rulemaking was not conducted. DEQ determined that negotiated rulemaking is not feasible due to the simple nature of this rulemaking and because DEQ has no discretion with respect to adopting EPA's federal regulations implementing the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) as directed by the Idaho Hazardous Waste Management Act (HWMA). Whenever possible, DEQ incorporates federal regulations by reference to ensure that the state rules are consistent with federal regulations.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 39-107D STATEMENT: This proposed rule does not regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on questions concerning the proposed rulemaking, contact John Brueck at john.brueck@deq.idaho.gov or (208)373-0458.
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
Rules and Standards for Hazardous Waste
Docket No. 58-0105-1401
Proposed Rulemaking

Anyone can submit written comments by mail, fax or e-mail at the address below regarding this proposed rule. The Department will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before September 3, 2014.

Dated this 1st day of July, 2014.

Paula J. Wilson
Hearing Coordinator
Department of Environmental Quality
1410 N. Hilton/Boise, Idaho 83706-1255
(208) 373-0418/Fax No. (208) 373-0481
paula.wilson@deq.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 58-0105-1401
(Only those Sections being amended are shown.)

002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
Any reference in these rules to requirements, procedures, or specific forms contained in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 40, Parts 124, 260 - 268, 270, 273, 278, and 279 shall constitute the full adoption by reference of that part and Subparts as they appear in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2014, including any notes and appendices therein, unless expressly provided otherwise in these rules.

01. Exceptions. Nothing in 40 CFR Parts 260 - 268, 270, 273, 278, 279 or Part 124 as pertains to permits for Underground Injection Control (U.I.C.) under the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Dredge or Fill Program under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) under the Clean Water Act or Prevention of Significant Deterioration Program (PSD) under the Clean Air Act is adopted or included by reference herein.

02. Availability of Referenced Material. The federal regulations adopted by reference throughout these rules are maintained at the following locations:
   b. State Law Library, 451 W. State Street, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0051, (208) 334-3316;

004. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

005. IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.
40 CFR Part 261 and all Subparts (excluding 261.4(b)(17)), except the language “in the Region where the sample is
collected" in 40 CFR 261.4(e)(3)(iii), are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012. For purposes of 40 CFR 261.10 and 40 CFR 261.11, “Administrator” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Administrator. For purposes of 40 CFR 261.41(a), Regional Administrator shall be defined as U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 Regional Administrator. Copies of advance notification required under this section should also be sent to the Director. For purposes of 40 CFR 261.4(b)(11)(ii), 40 CFR 261.39(a)(5), and 40 CFR 261 Appendix IX, “EPA” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

01. Excluded Wastes. Chemically Stabilized Electric Arc Furnace Dust (CSEAFD) generated by Envirosafe Services of Idaho, Inc. (ESII) at ESII’s facility in Grand View, Idaho using the Super Detox(R) treatment process as modified by ESII and that is disposed of in a Subtitle D or Subtitle C landfill is excluded from the lists of hazardous waste provided ESII implements a program that meets the following conditions:

a. Verification Testing Requirements. Sample Collection and analyses, including quality control procedures, conducted pursuant to Subsections 005.01.b. and 005.01.c., must be performed according to SW-846 methodologies and the RCRA Part B permit, including future revisions.

b. Initial Verification Testing.

i. For purposes of Subsections 005.01.b., “new source” shall mean any generator of Electric Arc Furnace Dust (EAFD), EPA and Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Hazardous Waste No. KO61, whose waste has not previously been processed by ESII using the Super Detox(R) treatment process resulting in processed EAFD which has been subjected to initial verification testing and has demonstrated compliance with the delisting levels specified in Subsection 005.01.d.

ii. Prior to the initial treatment of any new source of EAFD, ESII must notify the Department in writing. The written notification shall include:
   (1) The waste profile information; and
   (2) The name and address of the generator.

iii. The first four (4) consecutive batches treated must be sampled in accordance with Subsection 005.01.a. Each of the four (4) samples shall be analyzed to determine if the CSEAFD generated meets the delisting levels specified in Subsection 005.01.d.

iv. If the initial verification testing demonstrates that the CSEAFD samples meet the delisting levels specified in Subsection 005.01.d., ESII shall submit the operational and analytical test data, including quality control information, to the Department, in accordance with Subsection 005.01.f. Subsequent to such data submittal, the CSEAFD generated from EAFD originating from the new source shall be considered delisted.

v. CSEAFD generated by ESII from EAFD originating from a new source shall be managed as hazardous waste in accordance with Subtitle C of RCRA until:
   (1) Initial verification testing demonstrates that the CSEAFD meets the delisting levels specified in Subsection 005.01.d.; and
   (2) The operational and analytical test data is submitted to the Department pursuant to Subsection 005.01.b.iv.

vi. For purposes of Subsections 005.01.b. and 005.01.c., “batch” shall mean the CSEAFD which results from a single treatment episode in a full scale mixing vessel.

c. Subsequent Verification Testing.

i. Subsequent to initial verification testing, ESII shall collect a representative sample, in accordance with Subsection 005.01.a., from each batch of CSEAFD generated by ESII. ESII may, at its discretion, conduct
subsequent verification testing on composite samples. In no event shall a composite sample consist of representative
samples from more than twenty (20) batches of CSEAFD.

ii. The samples shall be analyzed prior to disposal of each batch of CSEAFD to determine if the
CSEAFD meets the delisting levels specified in Subsection 005.01.d.

iii. Each batch of CSEAFD generated by ESII shall be subjected to subsequent verification testing no
later than thirty (30) days after it is generated by ESII.

iv. If the levels of constituents measured in a sample, or composite sample, of CSEAFD do not exceed
the levels set forth in Subsection 005.01.d., then any batch of CSEAFD which contributed to the sample that does not
exceed the levels set forth in Subsection 005.01.d. is non-hazardous and may be managed and/or disposed of in a
Subtitle D or Subtitle C landfill.

v. If the constituent levels in a sample, or composite sample, exceed any of the delisting levels set
forth in Subsection 005.01.d., then ESII must submit written notification of the results of the analysis to the
Department within fifteen (15) days from receiving the final analytical results, and any CSEAFD which contributed
to the sample must be:

1. Retested, and retreated if necessary, until it meets the levels set forth in Subsection 005.01.d.; or
2. Managed and disposed of in accordance with Subtitle C of RCRA.

vi. Each batch of CSEAFD shall be managed as hazardous waste in accordance with Subtitle C of
RCRA until subsequent verification testing demonstrates that the CSEAFD meets the delisting levels specified in
Subtitle C of RCRA.

d. Delisting Levels.

i. All leachable concentrations for these metals must not exceed the following levels (mg/l):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antimony</th>
<th>Mercury</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.06</td>
<td>0.009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsenic</td>
<td>Nickel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barium</td>
<td>Selenium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.60</td>
<td>0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beryllium</td>
<td>Silver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadmium</td>
<td>Thallium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.050</td>
<td>0.020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromium</td>
<td>Vanadium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>Zinc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ii. Metal concentrations must be measured in the waste leachate by the method specified in 40 CFR
Part 261.24.

e. Modification of Treatment Process.

i. If ESII makes a decision to modify the Super Detox(R) treatment process from the description of
the process as set forth in ESII's Petition for Delisting Treated K061 Dust by the Super Detox(R) Process submitted
to the Department on July 14, 1995, ESII shall notify the Department in writing prior to implementing the
modification.

ii. After ESII's receipt of written approval from the Department, and subject to any conditions
included with the approval, ESII may implement the proposed modification. (3-16-96)

iii. If ESII modifies its treatment process without first receiving written approval from the Department, this exclusion of waste will be void from the time the process was modified. (3-16-96)

iv. ESII’s Petition for Delisting Treated K061 Dust by the Super Detox(R) Process submitted to the Department on July 14, 1995 is available at the Department of Environmental Quality, Waste Management and Remediation Division, 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706. (3-29-12)

f. Records and Data Retention and Submittal. (3-16-96)

i. Records of disposal site, operating conditions and analytical data from verification testing must be compiled, summarized, and maintained at ESII’s Grand View facility for a minimum of five (5) years from the date the records or data are generated. (3-16-96)

ii. The records and data maintained by ESII must be furnished upon request to the Department or EPA. (3-16-96)

iii. Failure to submit requested records or data within ten (10) business days of receipt of a written request or failure to maintain the required records and data on site for the specified time, will be considered by the Department, at its discretion, sufficient basis to revoke the exclusion to the extent directed by the Department. (3-16-96)

iv. All records or data submitted to the Department must be accompanied by a signed copy of the following certification statement to attest to the truth and accuracy of the records or data submitted: “Under civil and/or criminal penalty of law for the making or submission of false or fraudulent statements or representations, I certify that the information contained in or accompanying this document is true, accurate, and complete. As to any identified sections of this document for which I cannot personally verify the truth and accuracy, I certify as the ESII official having supervisory responsibility for the persons who, acting under my direct instructions, made the verification that this information is true, accurate, and complete. In the event that any of this information is determined by the Department in its sole discretion to be false, inaccurate, or incomplete, and upon conveyance of this fact to ESII, I recognize and agree that this exclusion of waste will be void as if it never had effect or to the extent directed by the Department and that ESII will be liable for any actions taken in contravention of ESII’s RCRA and CERCLA obligations premised upon ESII’s reliance on the void exclusion.” (3-16-96)

g. Facility Merger and Name Change. On May 4, 2001, the Department was notified of a stock transfer that resulted in ESII’s facility merging with American Ecology. This created a name change from Envirosafe Services of Idaho, Inc. (ESII) to US Ecology Idaho, Inc. effective May 1, 2001. All references to Envirosafe Services of Idaho, Inc. or ESII now refer to US Ecology Idaho, Inc. (3-15-02)

006. STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO GENERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.

01. Incorporation by Reference. 40 CFR Part 262 and all Subparts (excluding Subparts I and J and 40 CFR 262.10(i), 262.34(j),(k),(l)), except for the language “for the Region in which the generator is located” in 40 CFR 262.42(a)(2) and 40 CFR 262.42(b), are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012. For purposes of 40 CFR 262.53, 262.55, and 262.56, and 262.57(b), “Administrator EPA” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Administrator. Copies of advance notification, annual reports, and exception reports, required under those sections, shall also be provided to the Director. For purposes of 40 CFR 262.21, 262.51, 262.53, 262.54(e), 262.54(g)(1), 262.55, 262.56, 262.60, and 262.85(g), EPA or Environmental Protection Agency shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. For purposes of 40 CFR Part 262 Subparts E, F, H, and 40 CFR 262.41(a)(4), “United States or U.S.” shall be defined as the United States. (4-14-13)

02. Generator Emergency Notification. In addition to the emergency notification required by 40 CFR 265.56(d)(2), 262.34(d)(5)(iv)(C), (see 40 CFR 262.34(a)(4)), 263.30(c)(1), and 264.56(d)(2), the emergency coordinator must also immediately notify the State Communications Center by telephone, 1-800-632-8000, to file an identical report. (3-15-02)
007. STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO TRANSPORTERS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.
40 CFR Part 263 and all Subparts are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012. For purposes of 40 CFR 263.20(g), 263.20(g)(1), 263.20(g)(4), 263.21(a)(4), and 263.22(d), “United States” shall be defined as the United States.

008. STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES.
40 CFR Part 264 and all Subparts (excluding 40 CFR 264.1(f), 264.1(g)(12), 264.149, 264.150, 264.301(l), 264.1030(d), 264.1050(g), 264.1080(e), 264.1080(f) and 264.1080(g)) are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012. For purposes of 40 CFR Subsection 264.12(a), “Regional Administrator” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 Regional Administrator. For purposes of 40 CFR 264.71(a)(3) and 264.1082(c)(4)(ii), “EPA” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

009. INTERIM STATUS STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES.
40 CFR Part 265, and all Subparts (excluding Subpart R, 40 CFR 265.1(c)(4), 265.1(c)(15), 265.149, 265.150, 265.1030(c), 265.1050(f), 265.1080(e), 265.1080(f), and 265.1080(g)) and, except the language contained in 40 CFR 265.340(b)(2) as replaced with, “The following requirements continue to apply even when the owner or operator has demonstrated compliance with the MACT requirements of part 63, subpart EEE of this chapter: 40 CFR 265.351 (closure) and the applicable requirements of Subparts A through H, BB and CC of this part,” are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012. For purposes of 40 CFR Subsection 265.12(a), “Regional Administrator” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 Regional Administrator. For purposes of 40 CFR 265.71(a)(3) and 265.1083(c)(4)(ii), “EPA” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

010. STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SPECIFIC HAZARDOUS WASTES AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES.
40 CFR Part 266 and all Subparts are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012.

011. LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS.
40 CFR Part 268 and all Subparts are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012, except for 40 CFR 268.1(e)(3), 268.5, 268.6, 268.13, 268.42(b), and 268.44(a) through (g). The authority for implementing the provisions of these excluded sections remains with the EPA. However, the requirements of Sections 39-443(17) and 39-4423, Idaho Code, shall be applied in all cases where these requirements are more stringent than the federal standards. If the Administrator of the EPA grants a case-by-case variance pursuant to 40 CFR 268.5, that variance will simultaneously create the same case-by-case variance to the equivalent requirement of these rules. For purposes of 40 CFR 268.2(j) “EPA” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. For purposes of 40 CFR 268.40(b), “Administrator” shall be defined as U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Administrator. In 40 CFR 268.7(a)(9)(iii), “D009” is excluded. (from lab packs as noted in 40 CFR Part 268 Appendix IV.)

012. HAZARDOUS WASTE PERMIT PROGRAM.
40 CFR Part 270 and all Subparts, except 40 CFR 270.1(c)(2)(ix), 270.12(a) and 40 CFR 270.14(b)(18), are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012. For purposes of 40 CFR 270.2, 270.5, 270.10(e)(2), 270.10(e)(3), 270.10(f)(2), 270.10(f)(3), 270.10(g), 270.11(a)(3), 270.32(a), 270.32(b)(2), 270.32(c), 270.51, 270.72(a)(5), and 270.72(b)(5), “EPA” and “Administrator” or “Regional Administrator” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 Regional Administrator respectively.

013. PROCEDURES FOR DECISION-MAKING (STATE PROCEDURES FOR RCRA OR HWMA PERMIT APPLICATIONS).
40 CFR Part 124, Subparts A, B and G are herein incorporated by reference as provided in 40 CFR, revised as of July 1, 2012, except that the last sentence of 40 CFR 124.10(b)(1), 40 CFR 124.19, the fourth sentence of 40 CFR 124.31(a), the third sentence of 40 CFR 124.32(a), and the second sentence of 40 CFR 124.33(a) are expressly omitted from the incorporation by reference of each of those subsections. For purposes of 40 CFR 124.6(e),

124.10(b), and 124.10(c)(1)(ii) “EPA” and “Administrator” or “Regional Administrator” shall be defined as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 Regional Administrator, respectively.

014. (RESERVED)

015. STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF USED OIL.


02. Used Oil as a Dust Suppressant. 40 CFR Part 279 contains a prohibition on the use of used oil as a dust suppressant at 279.82(a), however, States may petition EPA to allow the use of used oil as a dust suppressant. Members of the public may petition the State to make this application to EPA. This petition to the State must:

a. Be submitted to the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality, 1410 North Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706-1255; and

b. Demonstrate how the requirements of 40 CFR 279.82(b) will be met.

016. STANDARDS FOR UNIVERSAL WASTE MANAGEMENT.


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LEGAL NOTICE

Summary of Proposed Rulemakings

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT
TO PROPOSE OR PROMULGATE
NEW OR CHANGED AGENCY RULES

The following agencies of the state of Idaho have published the complete text and all related, pertinent information concerning their intent to change or make the following rules in the latest publication of the state Administrative Bulletin.

The written comment submission deadline is August 27, 2014 unless otherwise noted.
Public hearing request deadline is August 20, 2014 unless otherwise noted.
(Temp & Prop) indicates the rule is both Temporary and Proposed.
(*PH) indicates that a public hearing has been scheduled.

IDAPA 02 - DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
PO Box 790, Boise, ID 83701
02-0105-1401, Rules Governing Certificates of Free Sale. Removes requirement that payment of annual certification fees be made within 30 days of receipt of invoice.

02-0303-1401, Idaho Department of Agriculture Rules Governing Pesticide and Chemigation Use and Application. Eliminates the specific names of low volatile liquid ester herbicide formulations and the dates they may be applied; and restricts application of these herbicides for home and garden use to ambient air temperature.

IDAPA 08 - STATE BOARD AND STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0037
08-0201-1401, Rules Governing Administration. (Temp & Prop) Complies with statutory requirements that LEAs develop and maintain strategic plans to improve student performance by establishing criteria for qualified training providers to train LEA personnel and interested persons in the development those plans; establishes appropriate procedures for training and the reimbursement of associated training costs.

IDAPA 10 - BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS
1510 Watertower St., Meridian, ID 83642

*10-0102-1401, Rules of Professional Responsibility. (*PH) Updates statutory citation requiring public agencies to use qualification-based selection processes when soliciting engineering or land surveying services.

IDAPA 11 - IDAHO STATE POLICE (POST COUNCIL)
700 S. Stratford Drive, Meridian, ID 83642
11.11.01 - Rules of the Idaho Peace Officer Standards and Training Council
11-1101-1401, (Temp & Prop) Updates list of disciplines trained and certified by POST that must meet minimum standards for employment; clarifies that the POST Division Administrator may waive the minimum standards for employment or refer the application to the POST Council for consideration; removes a reference to Black's Law Dictionary; and clarifies provisions regarding moral turpitude and drug use.

11-1101-1402, Establishes that POST-certified instructors of defensive tactics, firearms, and emergency vehicle operation must complete 8 hours of continuing instructor training every 2 years on use-of-force law, liability, and other instructor training specific to their topic area.
IDAPA 16 - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0036
16-0322-1401, Residential Care or Assisted Living Facilities in Idaho. Adds definition for “administrator designee”; allows for and provides the requirements and enforcement for a plan of operation for an administrator of multiple facilities; provides options for facilities to employ a worker prior to receiving a Department criminal history clearance.

IDAPA 17 - IDAHO INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0041
17-0211-1401, Administrative Rules of the Industrial Commission Under the Workers' Compensation Law -- Security for Compensation -- Self-Insured Employers. (Temp & Prop) Implements the qualified exception requirements of self-insured employers; ensures the Commission's ability to assess the financial stability and ability of a self-insured employer working under a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government to demonstrate adequate security for injured workers.

IDAPA 24 - BUREAU OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0063
24-1001-1401, Rules of the State Board of Optometry. Changes timeframe for obtaining continuing education to a calendar year for license renewal.
24-1701-1401, Rules of the State Board of Acupuncture. Decreases the application, original license and annual renewal fees to reduce dedicated fund balance.
24-2701-1401, Rules of the Idaho State Board of Massage Therapy. Removes “light” (an external agent) from the continuing education content area and adds provisions to clarify the supervision required for clinical work and fieldwork.

IDAPA 35 - STATE TAX COMMISSION
PO Box 36, Boise, ID 83722-0410
35.01.03 - Property Tax Administrative Rules
35-0103-1401, Defines the subject matter of complaints and provides a timeline for complaint hearings; provides that assessor may remove a property's homestead exemption if, by April 15 of the tax year, the taxpayer requests that the exemption be transferred to a second homestead; deletes reference to an annual affidavit; provides for the 2013 value of exempt personal property to be included in market value for assessment purposes for distribution of sales tax to cities; and provides a mechanism for the tax commission to withhold sales tax from those entities that do not comply with the reporting requirements of HB560.
35-0103-1404, Deletes the 3-factor test used to determine real property; deletes personal property exempt value notification by taxing district or unit rule; deletes reporting requirement for abstract exempt personal property and certain exempt oil and gas well property; deletes the word “fixture” from Category 59 property items; clarifies that personal property declarations and replacement funds established as of 2013 may need to be adjusted if in error; requires the amount of personal property replacement funds received by the taxing districts to be subtracted before levies are computed; provides procedure for disallowing certain budget increases when entities do not comply with reporting requirements.
35-0103-1405, Adds state-authorized plant facility fund to list of funds excluded from generating property tax for urban renewal agencies; requires the 2013 personal property tax exemption amount be included in the market value for computing the sales tax to be distributed to cities.
35-0105-1402, Motor Fuels Tax Administrative Rules. Per statute, aligns conversion factors for assessing a per-gallon gasoline tax with national and industry standards; outlines procedure for IFTA license bonds; clarifies a timely filer; allows the IFTA licensee to request a waiver from the bond requirement; includes instructions for the bonding of an IFTA licensee who reapply for a license after having license revoked.

IDAPA 38 - DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0065
38-0301-1401, Rules Governing Group Insurance. (Temp & Prop) Incorporates changes in federal law governing health plan eligibility and the expiration of the Medicare prescription drug reimbursement program.
IDAPA 46 - BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE
PO Box 7249, Boise, ID 83712
46-0101-1401, Rules of the State of Idaho Board of Veterinary Medicine. Deletes two provisions for demonstrating completion of educational requirements for certification as a veterinary technician in Idaho.

IDAPA 54 - OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0065
54-0301-1401, Idaho Unclaimed Property Administrative Rules. (Temp & Prop) Clarifies circumstances regarding when a life insurance or annuity company knows or learns of a policy holder's death and specifies when the period of abandonment begins to run.

IDAPA 58 - DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0078
*58-0101-1403, Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho. (*PH) Updates citations to documents incorporated by reference.
58-0105-1401, Rules and Standards for Hazardous Waste. Updates citations to federal regulations that are incorporated by reference.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF TEMPORARY RULE
IDAPA 28 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
28-0401-1401, Rules Governing the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Act

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IDAPA 01 - BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY
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Please refer to the Idaho Administrative Bulletin, August 6, 2014, Volume 14-8, for the notices and text of all rulemakings, public hearings schedules, information on negotiated rulemakings, executive orders of the Governor, and agency contact information.

Issues of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin can be viewed at adminrules.idaho.gov.

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CUMULATIVE RULEMAKING INDEX
OF IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

Idaho Department of Administration
Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator

July 1, 1993 -- Present

CUMULATIVE RULEMAKING INDEX OF IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

This online index provides a history of all agency rulemakings from 1993 to the present. It tracks all rulemaking activities on each chapter of rules and includes negotiated, temporary, proposed, pending and final rules, public hearing notices, vacated rulemaking notices, and executive orders of the Governor.

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Idaho Department of Administration
Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator

March 20, 2014 -- August 6, 2014

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