# PENDING RULES

# COMMITTEE RULES REVIEW BOOK

**Submitted for Review Before** 

## Senate Agricultural Affairs Committee

68th Idaho Legislature First Regular Session – 2025



Prepared by:

Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator Division of Financial Management

January 2025

#### SENATE AGRICULTURAL AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

#### ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW

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#### **IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

# 02.02.12 – BONDED WAREHOUSE RULES DOCKET NO. 02-0212-2401 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 69-231, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 15-25.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking: There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

- The federal government does not regulate state licensed warehouses. This activity is defined in Idaho Code.
- The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

DATED this 1st day of January, 2025.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249

Boise, Idaho 83707 Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 69-231, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order.

The rule was reviewed over the course of two negotiated rulemaking meetings, and that review benefited from the participation of program stakeholders. No negative comments were submitted as part of this rulemaking process.

This rule clarifies the procedure for licensing and monitoring warehouses in the state of Idaho, maintaining electronic records, and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 18 and 19.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

There are no documents incorporated by reference.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does not regulate state licensed warehouses. This activity is defined in Idaho Code.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

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ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR DOCKET NO. 02-0212-2401

#### 02.02.12 - BONDED WAREHOUSE RULES

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Section 69-231, Idaho Code.

<del>(3-15-22)</del>(

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**91.** Title. The title of this chapter is IDAPA 02.02.12, "Bonded Warehouse Rules."

 $\frac{(3-15-22)}{(3-15-22)}$ 

**O2.** Scope. These rules clarify the procedure for licensing, collection and remittance of assessment, determining claim value, maintaining electronic records use of electronic scales and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

(3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

#### 002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. DEFINITIONS.

The definitions set forth in Section 69-202, Idaho Code, and the following apply:

(3-15-22)

- **01. Cash Sale.** Payment to the producer by the warehouse or dealer contemporaneously with the transfer of commodity to the warehouse or dealer. (3-15-22)
  - **O2.** Commodity Indemnity Fund (CIF). Commodity Indemnity Fund is a trust fund.

(3-15-22)

- **03. Credit-Sale Contract**. An agreement in writing containing the provisions of Section 69-249, Idaho Code, and where the producer transfers a specific quantity of commodity to a warehouse or dealer with a price or payment to the producer by the warehouse or dealer to be made at a later date or on the occurrence of a specific event expressed in the agreement. (3-15-22)
  - **04. Dealer.** Is limited to dealers licensed by the state of Idaho.

(3-15-22)

- **05. Deposit for Service**. Deposit of a commodity by a person for cleaning, processing, reconditioning or the rendering of other similar services by a warehouse, but does not include either a cash sale, credit-sale, or open storage. (3-15-22)
- **06. NPE**. (No price established contract) A contract containing no readily calculable sale value of the commodity for the producer. (3-15-22)
  - **Open Storage**. The deposit of commodity by the producer for a period of time with the subsequent

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disposition of the same commodity or a fungible commodity as agreed to by the parties. (3-15-22)

**Warehouse**. Is limited to warehouses licensed by the state of Idaho.

(3-15-22)

#### 011. (RESERVED)

#### 012. LICENSING.

- **01. Posting of License**. Immediately upon receipt of the license or any renewal, extension or modification thereof under Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, the licensed warehouseman shall post the license in a conspicuous place in each place of business or in any other place as the Director may determine. The Department will issue a duplicate license for each additional facility as needed. (3-15-22)
- **O2. Return of Suspended or Terminated License.** If a license issued to a warehouseman has lapsed or is suspended, revoked or canceled by the Director, the license shall be returned to the Department. (3-15-22)
- **O3.** Suspension Due to Neglect. If, through inspection or other information, it is revealed or indicated that the commodities in storage are deteriorating due to the warehouseman's or operator's neglect, the license may be suspended until the matter has been corrected to the satisfaction of the Director. (3-15-22)
- **04. Loss of License.** Upon satisfactory proof of the loss or destruction of a license issued to a warehouseman, a duplicate may be issued under the same number or a new number at the discretion of the Director. (3-15-22)
- **05. Sign to Be Posted.** Each licensed warehouseman shall maintain suitable signs on the licensed property in such manner as will give ample public notice of his tenancy. These signs shall be painted on the warehouse or elevator in letters not less than six (6) inches in height and contain the following words: "State No. ." The number of each warehouse will be assigned by the Director. (3-15-22)
- **06. Bins Labeled.** All storage areas licensed for the storage of agricultural commodities shall be numbered and have a diagram of the storage areas kept in the office showing the exact dimensions and the maximum capacity of the storage area. (3-15-22)
- **07. Insurance Calculations**. The director may approve a request to reduce the insurance calculation for a facility provided the request is in writing and evidence is supplied that all agricultural commodities that are stored at any given point in time are insured pursuant to Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)

#### 013. -- 049. (RESERVED)

#### 050. RECEIPTING.

- **O1. Every Warehouseman**. Every warehouseman shall issue a negotiable warehouse receipt when requested to do so by the depositor. All storage and handling charges are due and payable on or before July 1 following the date of the issuance of the receipt, or as agreed upon by the parties. (3-15-22)
- **O2. Form of Nonnegotiable Warehouse Receipts.** Nonnegotiable warehouse receipts that contain the essential terms for warehouse receipts as set forth in Section 28-7-202, Idaho Code, and Section 69-223, Idaho Code, are deemed sufficient for all purposes. Copies of all nonnegotiable warehouse receipts shall be kept as permanent records by the warehouseman issuing them. (3-15-22)
- **03.** Lost Negotiable Warehouse Receipt. To cancel an outstanding warehouse receipt or issue a new warehouse receipt supplementing one that has been lost or destroyed, the licensed warehouseman shall require the depositor or other applicant to submit to the warehouseman:

  (3-15-22)
- a. An affidavit showing that he is lawfully entitled to the possession of the original receipt, that he has not negotiated or assigned it and how the original receipt was lost or destroyed; and (3-15-22)

- b. A bond in the amount double the market value of the agricultural commodity represented by the lost or destroyed receipt. The market value shall be determined at the time this bond is submitted for the lost receipt. A duplicate warehouse receipt shall clearly state that it is a duplicate receipt, the number of the receipt the duplicate is replacing, and the license number under which the original receipt was issued.

  (3-15-22)
- 043. Electronic Warehouse Receipts. An electronic version of a warehouse receipt generated by a provider licensed and approved by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) that contains the same information as the paper version of a warehouse receipt may be issued instead of a paper document. The electronic version of a warehouse receipt carries the same rights and obligations as the paper version. At no time may a paper receipt and an electronic receipt represent the same lot of commodity. Electronic warehouse receipts shall be numbered and issued consecutively starting with the number specified to the provider by the department.

<del>(3-15-22)</del>( )

- **054. Agreements.** Prior to entering into an agreement with an electronic warehouse receipt provider to issue such receipts, a warehouse licensee must provide a copy of the proposed agreement to the department for review and approval. A warehouse operator shall not issue electronic negotiable warehouse receipts until and unless the department approves its agreement with an electronic warehouse receipt provider and notifies the licensee of such approval. A provider shall be independent of any outside influence or bias in action or appearance. In order to be approved by the department, an electronic warehouse receipt provider agreement shall: (3-15-22)
- a. Only be with a provider that is first approved as an electronic warehouse receipt provider by the USDA pursuant to the provisions of 7 CFR Part 735. Upon department request, a provider shall provide a copy of the provider's executed USDA Form WA-460 and any addenda, and any other documentation requested by the department to confirm that the provider is a USDA-approved provider in good standing. (3-15-22)
- **b.** Provide for the department to become a joint holder on all open electronic negotiable warehouse receipts if the issuing warehouse operator's license is relinquished or revoked. (3-15-22)
- c. Require the pProvider to provide security as required by its provider agreement with the USDA regarding on-site security, data authorization, security plans, and facility vulnerability.
- d. Prohibit the providerRefrain from deleting or altering any electronic negotiable warehouse receipts in the centralized filing system unless such actions are authorized by the department.
- e. Allow the department unrestricted access to the central filing system for electronic warehouse receipts issued on behalf of warehouse operators licensed by the department. The electronic warehouse receipt data shall be maintained for six (6) years after cancellation of the receipts. Access shall be free of charge and made available in a manner that allows interaction with department warehouse examinations. (3-15-22)
- f. Require the provider, w When a warehouse operator changes provider, to supply the new provider and the warehouse operator with a complete list of all the current holders of open electronic negotiable commodity warehouse receipts prior to the intended transfer date.
- **065. Change in Provider.** A warehouse operator shall issue electronic warehouse receipts through only one (1) approved provider at a time. (3-15-22)
- **a.** A warehouse operator may change providers only once a year unless otherwise approved by the department. (3-15-22)
- **b.** A warehouse operator shall notify the department of the exact date of the proposed transfer thirty (30) calendar days prior to the intended date of any transfer to a new provider. The operator must also, thirty (30) days prior to the intended transfer date, send notices of the change to the holders of all open electronic negotiable warehouse receipts specifying the date and time period during which access to receipts will not be available.

(3-15-22)

051. -- 079. (RESERVED)

#### 080. FORWARDING AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.

Warehouses licensed under Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, receiving agricultural commodities for shipment to terminals or to other warehouses for storage or processing within the state or outside the state shall have in their possession a statement authorizing the shipment of agricultural commodities to another location for storage or processing that is signed by the owner or producer of the agricultural commodity. The receiving warehouse shall be a state or federally licensed and bonded warehouse or have a Commodity Credit Corporation storage agreement. When requested to do so by an Idaho Warehouse Examiner, the shipping warehouse shall promptly procure from the terminal or storage warehouse a statement or negotiable warehouse receipt on a form approved by the director describing the quantity, class and grade of all agricultural commodities so shipped and in storage. The shipping warehouse shall have such forms promptly forwarded and returned to the Idaho Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Warehouse Control, within fifteen (15) days of issuance.

#### 081. -- 099. (RESERVED)

#### 100. OFFICE RECORDS.

A warehouseman shall maintain complete and sufficient records to show all deposits, purchases, sales contracts, storage obligations and loadouts of the warehouse in this state that are subject to Department inspection during normal business hours. Office records as set forth in Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, include, but not limited to, the following:

(3-15-22)

- **01. Daily Position Record.** This shows the total quantity of each kind and class of agricultural commodity received and loaded out, the amount remaining in storage at the close of each business day, and the warehouseman's total storage obligation for each kind and class of agricultural commodity at the close of each business day.

  (3-15-22)
- **O2. Storage Ledger**. This shows the name and address of the depositor, the date purchased, the terms of the sale, and the quality and quantity of the agricultural commodity purchased by the warehouseman. When applicable, the storage ledger shall also show the tare, grade, size, net weight, and unsold amount of agricultural commodities. (3-15-22)
- **O3. Scale Weight Tickets.** Scale weight tickets, except tickets for electronic scales that are recorded and maintained electronically, shall be pre-numbered with one (1) copy of each ticket maintained in numerical order. All scale weight tickets shall show the time when the commodities were delivered, the quantities delivered, who delivered the commodities, the ownership of the commodities, and the condition of the commodities upon delivery.
- **Receipts and Tickets**. Receipts and tickets in the warehouseman's possession that have not been issued. (3-15-22)
- **05.** Receipts and Tickets Issued by the Warehouseman. Receipts and tickets issued by the warehouseman. (3-15-22)
- **06.** Receipts and Tickets Returned and Cancelled. Receipts and tickets returned to and cancelled by the warehouseman. (3-15-22)
  - 07. Insurance Documentation. (3-15-22)
- **08.** Electronic Records. If any electronic records are maintained outside of the state of Idaho, the Department is entitled to examine them at any reasonable time and place as determined by the Department. (3-15-22)

#### 101. -- 129. (RESERVED)

#### 130. LICENSE APPLICATION AND CONDITIONS OF ISSUANCE.

**01. License Application**. Application for a license to operate a warehouse under the provisions of Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, shall be on a form prescribed by the Department and include: (3-15-22)

- **a.** The full name of the person applying for the license and whether the applicant is an individual, partnership, association, corporation or other entity. (3-15-22)
- **b.** The full name of each member of the firm or partnership, or the names of the officers and directors of the company or limited liability company, association, or corporation. (3-15-22)
  - **c.** The address of the principal place of business. (3-15-22)
  - **d.** Information relating to any judgments against the applicants. (3-15-22)
- e. The location of each warehouse the applicant intends to operate and the commodities expected to be stored. (3-15-22)
  - **f.** A current financial statement as specified by Section 69-206, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
  - g. A sketch or drawing as specified in Section 69-206, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
  - h. A bond as required by Section 69-208, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
  - i. Proof of insurance as required by Section 69-206, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
  - j. The license fee as prescribed by Section 69-211, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
- **k.** Any other reasonable information the Department finds necessary to carry out the purpose and provisions of Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
- **Modification**. If a licensee wishes to add additional capacity to an existing license, the Director may modify the license if all requirements of Section 69-206, Idaho Code, are met. (3-15-22)

## 131. AMOUNT OF BOND, IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT, CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT, OR SINGLE BOND.

- 91. Bonding Requirement. The amount of bond to be furnished shall be fixed at a rate pursuant to Section 69-208A, Idaho Code.
- **021. Single Bond, Irrevocable Letter of Credit or Certificate of Deposit.** For the purposes of licensing as a warehouseman pursuant to Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code and a seed buyer pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 51, Idaho Code a single bond, irrevocable letter of credit or certificate of deposit shall be fixed at whichever of the following amounts is greater: (3-15-22)
- **a.** Combined total indebtedness paid and owed to producers for agricultural commodity and seed crop, without any deductions, for the previous license year; or (3-15-22)
- **b.** The indebtedness owed and estimated to be owed to producers for agricultural commodity and seed crop, without any deductions, for the current license year. (3-15-22)

#### 132. -- 149. (RESERVED)

#### 150. WAREHOUSES TO BE KEPT CLEAN.

Each warehouseman is required to use such precautions and surveillance as is necessary to provide for the safe and adequate storage of all commodities stored in his warehouse and to prevent these commodities from being contaminated in any way from chemicals, pesticides, fertilizers, adulterated seeds, animals, birds or any such thing as may contaminate or reduce the quality of stored goods.

(3-15-22)

#### 151. -- 179. (RESERVED)

#### 180. WAREHOUSEMAN RESPONSIBILITIES.

**01.** Warehouse Receipts -- Quality. A warehouseman licensed under Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, shall maintain in the facility of issuance of any negotiable warehouse receipt, for as long as the receipt is outstanding and has not been canceled, like variety, quantity, and quality of the agricultural commodity stated on the receipt. No warehouseman shall remove, deliver, direct or permit any person to remove or deliver any agricultural commodity from any warehouse for which warehouse receipts have been issued and are outstanding, without receiving and canceling the warehouse receipt that was issued for the commodity, except if the Director determines an emergency storage situation exists. A warehouseman may then forward agricultural commodities to other licensed warehouses for storage without canceling the outstanding warehouse receipt, provided the following conditions are met:

(3-15-22)

- **a.** The warehouseman obtains written approval from the Department prior to forwarding agricultural commodities. (3-15-22)
- **b.** The warehouseman provides written guidelines to the Department establishing how he will be back in position within the time limits set and granted by the Department. (3-15-22)
- **c.** The warehouseman maintains and makes available to the Department records of positions concerning the forwarding of agricultural commodities. (3-15-22)
- **d.** The receiving warehouse is a state or federally licensed and bonded warehouse or have a Commodity Credit Corporation storage agreement. (3-15-22)
- e. The shipping warehouse has in its possession a statement signed by the bearer of the warehouse receipt authorizing the shipment of agricultural commodities represented by such receipt to another location for storage.

  (3-15-22)
- f. When requested to do so by the Department, the shipping warehouseman shall promptly procure from the receiving warehouseman a statement describing the quantity, class and grade of all agricultural commodities so shipped and in storage on a form approved by the Director. The shipping warehouseman shall have such forms promptly forwarded to the receiving warehouseman for verification of quantity, class and grade of agricultural commodities forwarded and return the verification to the Department within fifteen (15) days of issuance. Failure to provide this statement to the Department in the above specified time, will result in a short position for the warehouseman with penalties as prescribed by law. (3-15-22)
  - **02. Rights and Duties of Licensees -- Unlawful Practices**. It is unlawful for a warehouseman to: (3-15-22)
- **a.** Issue a warehouse receipt in excess of the amount of the agricultural commodity held in the licensee's warehouse to cover such receipt. (3-15-22)
- **b.** Sell, encumber, ship, transfer, remove or permit to be sold encumbered, shipped, transferred or removed from a warehouse any agricultural commodity received by him for deposit, shipment or handling for which scale weight tickets have been issued without the written approval of the holder of the scale weight ticket and such transfer shall be shown on the individual depositor's account and the inventory records of the warehouseman.

(3-15-22)

- e. Remove or permit any person to remove any agricultural commodity from a warehouse when the amount of any fairly representative grade or class of an agricultural commodity in the warehouses of such licensee is reduced below the amount for which a warehouse receipt or scale weight ticket for the particular agricultural commodity is outstanding, except as provided for in Section 69-223(2), Idaho Code, and Rule 180.01. (3-15-22)
- dc. Issue a warehouse receipt or scale weight ticket that exceeds the amount of agricultural commodities delivered for storage. (3-15-22)
- ed. Issue a warehouse receipt showing a grade or description different from the grade or description of the agricultural commodities delivered and for which such warehouse receipt is issued. (3-15-22)

**fe.** Fail to deliver agricultural commodities as required by Section 28-7-402, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)

gf. Knowingly accept for storage any agricultural commodity destined for human consumption that has been contaminated, if such agricultural commodities are commingled with any uncontaminated agricultural commodity.

(3-15-22)

**hg.** Terminate storage of an agricultural commodity in the warehouse without giving reasonable notice to the depositor as provided in Section 28-7-206, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)

th. Alter, falsify, or withhold records from the warehouse examiner. (3-15-22)

#### 181. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### 200. INSURANCE SETTLEMENT.

When the commodities within a licensed warehouse have been damaged or destroyed, the warehouseman shall make complete settlement to all depositors having agricultural commodities stored in the warehouse within ten (10) days after a settlement with the insurance company. Failure of the warehouseman to make such settlement is grounds for revocation of the license. However, such settlement need not be made within the ten (10) days period if the warehouseman and the depositor agree to other terms. In the case of commingled agricultural commodities where only a portion is damaged, settlement may be made on a pro rata basis to the owners of all agricultural commodities stored within the warehouse.

(3-15-22)

#### **201. -- 229.** (RESERVED)

#### 230. AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES -- WAREHOUSE OBLIGATIONS.

Any agricultural commodity deposited for storage that is not sold by contract or otherwise, as shown by documentation, is open storage and shall be considered a warehouse obligation. (3-15-22)

#### 231. -- 299. (RESERVED)

#### **300. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.**

In order to obtain a bonded warehouse license, the applicant shall submit a current financial statement that has been prepared not more than ninety (90) days prior to the date of application and conform to the applicable requirements of Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, as to annual financial statements. (3-15-22)

**01. Statement Compliance.** Each licensed warehouseman shall submit to the Department an annual financial statement that has been audited or reviewed by an independent certified public accountant or independent licensed public accountant and be submitted to the Department no later than ninety (90) days after the end of the warehouseman's fiscal year. The warehouse license may be suspended or revoked for failure to comply with licensing requirements stated in Bonded Warehouse Rule Section 300 and Section(s) 69 206(6) and (7), Idaho Code.

<del>(3-15-22)</del>( )

- **a.** The Department may grant an extension of no more than sixty (60) days, provided sufficient cause of an exceptional nature is provided, in writing, to the Department by a certified public accountant or a licensed public accountant and made prior to the date the financial statement is due. (3-15-22)
- **b.** The director may make exceptions to the financial statement requirements provided sufficient cause is provided and to do so would be in the best interest of the State. (3-15-22)
  - **02. Statement Content.** The acceptable statement includes: (3-15-22)
  - **a.** A balance sheet. (3-15-22)
- **b.** An income statement that includes annual gross sales of commodities purchased from producers covered under the act. (3-15-22)

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c. A statement of cash flows. (3-15-22)

**d.** All accompanying notes to the financial statement. (3-15-22)

#### **301. -- 329.** (RESERVED)

#### 330. AMENDING TARIFF.

Tariffs may be amended by the licensed warehouseman by filing a new tariff with the Department. The previous tariff continues to apply on all commodities received prior to the effective date of the amended tariff until the anniversary date of deposit. The amended tariff applies to any commodities received after the effective date of the amendment and on any commodities stored under the previous tariff commencing on the anniversary date of the storage period.

(3-15-22)

#### 331. -- 379. (RESERVED)

#### 380. LICENSE -- DURATION.

Licenses issued under the provisions of Title 69, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, expire annually on April 30th. (3-15-22)

#### **381. -- 399.** (RESERVED)

#### 400. INSURANCE DEDUCTIBLE.

The maximum deductible allowed for insurance required by Section 69-206(1), Idaho Code, shall be five thousand dollars (\$5,000). However, a larger deductible may be allowed at the discretion of the Director. (3-15-22)

#### **401. -- 429.** (RESERVED)

#### 430. ADDITIONAL BONDING REQUIREMENTS.

If it appears the licensee does not have the ability to pay producers for commodities purchased, or when it appears the licensee does not have a sufficient net worth to outstanding financial obligations ratio, the Department may require the licensee to post a bond or other additional acceptable security in the amount of The amount of bond or additional security pursuant to Section 69-260, Idaho Code, is two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or fraction thereof of deficiency.

#### **431. -- 479.** (RESERVED)

#### 480. COMMODITY INDEMNITY FUND.

The Commodity Indemnity Fund applies to entities governed by Chapter 2, Title 69, Idaho Code, and Chapter 5, Title 69, Idaho Code, warehouses and dealers, respectively, unless otherwise specified. (3-15-22)

- **01.** Rate of Assessment. The rate of assessment is two-tenths of one percent (.2%) of the total value at the time of sale of the commodities pursuant to Section 69-257(2), Idaho Code. The maximum rate of assessment shall not exceed two-tenths of one percent (.2%) of the total gross dollar amount, without deductions, due the producer. The Director may establish a lower rate of assessment whenever he deems it advisable or as recommended by the advisory committee established by Section 69-261, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
- **a.** The rate of assessment on commodity withdrawn by its producer from open storage is one cent (\$.01) per hundredweight (CWT) of commodity at the time of withdrawal. (3-15-22)
- **b.** If the amount of the assessment for a producer on all deposits made in a calendar year is calculated to be less than fifty cents (\$.50), no assessment will be collected. If deposits exceed the fifty cent (\$.50) limit, all assessments will be collected. (3-15-22)
- **02. Exemptions to Assessments**. Producers are not eligible to participate in CIF and no assessments can be collected in the following cases. (3-15-22)
- **a.** If a producer has a financial or management interest in a licensed warehouse or licensed commodity dealer, except members of a cooperative marketing association qualified under Title 22, Chapter 26,

Docket No. 02-0212-2401 PENDING RULE

Idaho Code. (3-15-22)

- **b.** If a producer sells to another producer, none of which are a licensed warehouseman or a licensed commodity dealer. (3-15-22)
- **c.** If a producer deposits or delivers commodity to an unlicensed entity pursuant to Title 69, Chapters 2 or 5, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)
- **d.** Non-producers or producers delivering commodity that was grown on land not situated within the borders of the state of Idaho are exempt from paying assessments. (3-15-22)

#### 481. HOW ASSESSMENTS ARE TO BE CALCULATED.

Assessments shall be collected by all warehouses from all producers who deposit commodities for storage or sale.

Assessments are calculated as follows:

(3 15 22)(

- **01.** Cash Sale or Credit Sale Contract. In a cash sale or credit sale contract on the contract price of the commodity at the time of sale. (3-15-22)
- **02. Open Storage or Deposit for Service.** When commodity is withdrawn from storage by the producer, the assessment will be one cent (\$.01) per hundred weight (CWT) at the time of withdrawal. (3-15-22)
- **03. Unpaid Assessments.** If any assessment is unpaid and a failure occurs, the amount of the unpaid assessment will be deducted from any CIF recovery paid to the producer. (3-15-22)
- **04. Incidental Costs and Expenses.** All incidental costs and expenses including, but not limited to transportation, cleaning, in and out charges, insurance, taxes or additional services or charges are not included in the calculation to determine the assessment. (3-15-22)

#### 482. RECORDKEEPING AND PAYMENT SCHEDULE.

**01. Permanent Record**. Each warehouse and dealer shall maintain a permanent record showing producer's name and address, lot or identification number, date assessment collected, amount of assessment, commodity assessed, quantity of commodity, gross dollars of settlement and check number issued to producer.

(3-15-22)

- **O2.** Payment—Due Dates of Assessment by Mail. On or before the twentieth day of the month following the close of the quarter, on a form prescribed by the Department, the assessments imposed by Chapters 2 and 5 of Title 69, Idaho Code, collected by warehouses and dealers, are due and payable to the Department. A quarter (1/4) will consist of three (3) months beginning on the first day of January, April, July, and October. If assessment is paid by mail, the payment must be postmarked not later than the twentieth day of the month following the close of the quarter to avoid interest and penalty charges.

  (3 15 22)
- **03. Notice.** The notice and rate of assessment or a copy of the official notice of suspension of assessment are to be posted in a conspicuous place in the warehouse or dealer facility. (3-15-22)

#### 483. TRUST FUNDS.

All assessments collected by warehouses and dealers in compliance with Chapters 2 and 5, Title 69, Idaho Code, shall, immediately upon payment to and collection by the warehouse or dealer, be trust fund money and held for payment to the Department for the CIF. Such money shall not, for any purpose, be considered to be a part of the proceeds of any transaction between a depositor and warehouse or dealer for which the collection and payment of the assessment was related and shall not be subject to an encumbrance, security interest, execution or seizure on account of any debt owed by the warehouse or dealer to any of their creditors. (3-15-22)

#### 484. PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COLLECT, ACCOUNT FOR, OR REMIT ASSESSMENTS.

Failure to collect, account for, or remit assessments, or violations of the statutory requirements of Chapters 2 and 5, Title 69, Idaho Code, as it relates to the CIF are grounds for the immediate demand on the warehouse, dealer bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit, and the undertaking by the Director of any other remedy provided by law.

Docket No. 02-0212-2401 PENDING RULE

(3-15-22)

#### 485. RETURN OF COMMODITY DUE TO FAILURE.

In the event of failure, the Department may:

<del>(3-15-22)</del>(

- **01. Identifiable Commodity**. Return specifically identifiable commodity or as much as is available to its producer in full or partial satisfaction of indebtedness; or (3-15-22)
- **02. Fungible Commodity.** If the commodity is fungible, an amount equal to the producer's original deposit or if insufficient fungible commodity is available, a pro-rata share to all producers of the commodity; and (3-15-22)
- **03. Shortfall in Commodity Distribution**. Any shortfall in commodity distribution may be submitted as a claim against the CIF. (3-15-22)

486. -- 500. (RESERVED)

#### 501. NO PRICE ESTABLISHED (NPE) CONTRACT CLAIMS ON THE FUND.

NPE contracts shall be executed in writing, dated, and signed by all parties to the contract.

<del>(3-15-22)</del>(

- **01. NPE Clause**. An NPE contract shall have the following statement: "No claim shall be paid from the CIF pursuant to Section 69-263, Idaho Code, if a producer files his claim more than one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the contract is executed." (3-15-22)
- **02. NPE Contract List.** A warehouseman shall maintain a list of all NPE contracts written in a calendar year that reflects the producers name, contract number, agricultural commodity, and date of the contract. (3-15-22)
- 03. NPE Contract Renewal Period. A producer may renew an NPE contract; but no claim shall be paid from the CIF if a producer files his claim more than three hundred sixty-five (365) days from the date the original NPE contract was executed.

502. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### IDAPA 02 - IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# 02.02.14 - RULES FOR WEIGHTS AND MEASURES DOCKET NO. 02-0214-2401

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 71-111, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

The pending rule updates the publication date for the document Incorporated by Reference at Section 004.01. The publication edition is updated to 2024 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Handbook No. 44. This handbook contains the specifications, tolerances, and other technical requirements for commercial weighing and measuring devices.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 26-28.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking: There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule regulates an activity that is not regulated by the federal government; therefore the entire rule is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law. The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

DATED this 1st day of January, 2025.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707 Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 71-111, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates the publication date for the document Incorporated by Reference at Section 004.01. The publication edition is updated to 2024 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Handbook No. 44. This handbook contains the specifications, tolerances, and other technical requirements for commercial weighing and measuring devices.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because these changes are to the publication dates of documents that were already incorporated into these rules.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The referenced NIST Handbook 44 has been updated to the 2024 edition.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule regulates an activity that is not regulated by the federal government; therefore the entire rule is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0214-2401

#### 02.02.14 - RULES FOR WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

#### 004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

- **01.** Required Reference Materials. The 20234 edition of Handbook No. 44 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, United States Department of Commerce, "Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices," hereby incorporated by reference, is the specifications, tolerances and other technical requirements for commercial weighing and measuring devices, unless otherwise stated in these rules.
- **02.** Required Reference Materials for Checking Prepackaged Commodities. The 2020 edition of Handbook No. 133 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, United States Department of Commerce, "Checking the Net Contents of Packaged Goods," hereby incorporated by reference, is the authority in checking packaged commodities, unless otherwise stated in these rules. (3-15-22)
- 93. Specifications for Diesel Fuel and Biodiesel Fuel. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) D975-20e, "Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel Oils," and ASTM D6751-20a, "Standard Specification for Biodiesel Fuel (B100) Blend Stock for Distillate Fuels," intended for blending with diesel fuel are hereby incorporated by reference and are the specifications for diesel fuel and biodiesel fuel blend stock (B100 biodiesel).
- 94. Specifications for Gasoline. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) D4814-21, "Standard Specification for Automotive Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel", dated November 15, 2016, is hereby incorporated by reference and is the specification for gasoline.

  (3-15-22)
- **O5.** Local Availability. Copies of the incorporated documents are on file with the Idaho State Department of Agriculture, 2216 Kellogg Lane, Boise, Idaho 83712. Copies of NIST documents may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Copies are available for downloading at <a href="https://www.nist.gov/pml/weights-and-measures/publications-thtps://www.nist.gov/publications/specifications-tolerances-and-other-technical-requirements-weighing-and-measuring-15">https://www.nist.gov/publications/specifications-tolerances-and-other-technical-requirements-weighing-and-measuring-15</a>. Copies of ASTM specifications are on file with the Idaho State Department of Agriculture or may be purchased from <a href="https://www.astm.org">https://www.nist.gov/publications/specifications-tolerances-and-other-technical-requirements-weighing-and-measuring-15</a>. Copies of ASTM specifications are on file with the Idaho State Department of Agriculture or may be purchased from <a href="https://www.astm.org">https://www.nist.gov/publications/specifications-tolerances-and-other-technical-requirements-weighing-and-measuring-15</a>. Copies of ASTM specifications are on file with the Idaho State Department of Agriculture or may be purchased from <a href="https://www.astm.org">https://www.astm.org</a>, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA, 19428.

06. Three Year Tier Fee Table. Copy may be found online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/i need to/see-lawsrules/ag-inspections-law-and-rules. (3-15-22)

#### 005. DIESEL, BIODIESEL, AND GASOLINE STANDARDS.

Per Section 37-2506, Idaho Code, the latest specifications adopted by the American Society for Testing and Materials is the required standard for all diesel, biodiesel, and gasoline fuels. The standards can be accessed at https://www.astm.org/products-services/standards-and-publications/standards/petroleum-standards.html.

00<mark>56</mark>. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### 02.03.01 – RULES GOVERNING PESTICIDE MANAGEMENT PLANS FOR GROUND WATER PROTECTION

# DOCKET NO. 02-0301-2401 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-3419 and 22-3421, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statute has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order. This rule clarifies the procedure for testing and monitoring groundwater for pesticides and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 29-39.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking: There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does not regulate this state run program. This activity is defined in Idaho Code. The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

DATED this 1st day of January, 2025.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707 Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-3419, 22-3421, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order.

The rule was reviewed over the course of two negotiated rulemaking meetings, and that review benefited from the participation of program stakeholders. No negative comments were submitted as part of this rulemaking process.

This rule clarifies the procedure for testing and monitoring groundwater for pesticides and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 20 and 21.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

There are no changes in documents already incorporated by reference.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does not regulate this state run program. This activity is defined in Idaho Code.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR DOCKET NO. 02-0301-2401

## 02.03.01 – RULES GOVERNING PESTICIDE MANAGEMENT PLANS FOR GROUND WATER PROTECTION

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Sections 22-3418, 22-3419, and 22-3421, Idaho Code.

<del>(3-31-22)</del>(

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**91.** Title. The title of this chapter is IDAPA 02.03.01, "Rules Governing Pesticide Management Plans for Ground Water Protection." (3-31-22)

**Scope.** This chapter establishes a process for responding to pesticide detections in ground water.

#### 002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations of these rules.

(3-31-22)

#### 003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

There is no provision for administrative appeal before the Idaho Department of Agriculture under this chapter. Hearing and appeal rights are pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code.

(3-31-22)

**PAGE 21** 

#### <u>002. -- 003.</u> (RESERVED)

#### 004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into this chapter:

(3-31-22)

**01. Dimethyl Tetrachloroterephthalate (DCPA) Pesticide Management Plan.** The June 2007 edition published by the Idaho State Department of Agriculture. Copies of this document may be obtained from the Idaho State Department of Agriculture. (3-31-22)

#### 005. ADDRESS, OFFICE HOURS, TELEPHONE, FAX NUMBERS, WEB ADDRESS.

The Idaho State Department of Agriculture central office is located at 2270 Old Penitentiary Road, Boise, ID 83712-8298. The office is open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., except Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays. The mailing address is PO Box 7249, Boise, Idaho 83707. The phone number is (208) 332-8500 and the fax number is (208) 334-2170. The Department web address is https://agri.idaho.gov/.

#### 006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

These rules are public records available for inspection and copying at the Department.

2 21 22

#### 00<del>75</del>. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

The Idaho Department of Agriculture adopts the definitions set forth in Section 22-3401, Idaho Code, and the following definitions: (3-31-22)

- **01.** Aquifer. A geological unit of permeable saturated material capable of yielding economically significant quantities of water to wells and springs. (3-31-22)
- **02. Beneficial Uses.** Current or future uses of ground water supplies including, but not limited to domestic, industrial, agricultural, aquacultural, and mining. (3-31-22)
- **03. Best Management Practice.** A practice or combination of practices determined to be the most effective and practical means of preventing or reducing pesticide contamination to ground water and interconnected surface water from nonpoint and point sources to achieve water quality goals and protect the beneficial uses of the water.

  (3-31-22)
- **04. Constituent.** Any chemical, ion, radionuclide, synthetic organic compound, microorganism, waste or other substance occurring in ground water. (3-31-22)
- **05. Contaminant.** Any chemical, ion, radionuclide, synthetic organic compound, microorganism, waste or other substance which does not occur naturally in ground water or which naturally occurs at a lower concentration. (3-31-22)
- **06. Contamination**. The direct or indirect introduction into ground water of any contaminant caused in whole or in part by human activities. (3-31-22)
- **07. Ground Water**. Any water of the state which occurs beneath the surface of the earth in a saturated geological formation of rock or soil. (3-31-22)
- **08. Health Advisory Level**. Guidance for the maximum allowable or acceptable daily concentration of a pesticide in drinking water in the absence of or prior to a MCL being set. (3-31-22)
- **09. Maximum Contaminant Level**. Maximum allowable or acceptable daily concentration of a pesticide in drinking water that may be consumed over a lifetime. (3-31-22)
- **10. Pesticide Management Standard**. The United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resource Conservation Service Conservation Practice Standard, Idaho Pesticide Management Code 595, or the Idaho Agricultural Pollution Abatement Plan -- Pesticide Management Standard Component Practice. (3-31-22)
- 11. Pesticide Use. The mixing, application, handling, transport, storage, display, distribution, and disposal of pesticides and their containers. (3-31-22)

- 12. Projected Future Beneficial Uses. Various uses of ground water, such as drinking water, aquaculture, industrial, mining or agriculture, that are practical and achievable in the future based on hydrogeologic conditions, water quality, future land use activities and social/economic considerations. (3-31-22)
- 13. Reference Dose. Allowable or acceptable dose of a pesticide in terms of mg pesticide/kg body weight that can be ingested in one day (acute reference dose) or on a daily basis over a lifetime (chronic reference dose).

  (3-31-22)
- **14. Reference Point**. Numerical indicators of the toxicity of a substance based on test data and other reliable health effects information. (3-31-22)
- 15. Susceptibility. A method of describing the flow of water to, and through, the ground water resource based on physical factors such as hydraulic conductivity, porosity, hydraulic gradients, recharge, interactions with surface water, and transport through the unsaturated zone without considering specific natural or anthropogenic sources of contamination.

  (3-31-22)
- **16. Vulnerability.** Ground water characterized by a potential for contaminants to enter and be transported within the flow system. Determinations of ground water vulnerability will include consideration of land use practices and aquifer characteristics. (3-31-22)

#### 011. ABBREVIATIONS.

<del>01.</del>	APAP. Agricultural Pollution Abatement Plan.	(3 31 22)
<del>02.</del>	BMP. Best Management Practice.	(3-31-22)
<del>03.</del>	DCPA. Dimethyl Tetrachloroterephthalate.	(3-31-22)
<del>04.</del>	<b>DEQ.</b> Department of Environmental Quality.	(3-31-22)
<del>05.</del>	EPA. Environmental Protection Agency.	(3-31-22)
<del>06.</del>	HAL. Health Advisory Level.	(3-31-22)
<del>07.</del>	MCL. Maximum Contaminant Level.	(3-31-22)
<del>08.</del>	NRCS. Natural Resources Conservation Service.	(3-31-22)
<del>09.</del>	PMP. Pesticide Management Plan.	(3-31-22)
<del>10.</del>	QAPP. Quality Assurance Project Plan.	(3-31-22)
<del>11.</del>	QMP. Quality Management Plan.	(3-31-22)
<del>12.</del>	RfD. Reference Dose.	(3-31-22)
<del>13.</del>	SCC. Soil Conservation Commission.	(3-31-22)
<del>14.</del>	USDA. United States Department of Agriculture.	(3-31-22)

#### 01<u>2</u>1. -- 049. (RESERVED)

#### 050. CHEMICAL SPECIFIC PESTICIDE MANAGEMENT PLANS (PMPS).

**01.** Creating PMPs. The Director shall develop and implement chemical specific PMPs (Section 200) for certain pesticides in geographical areas as determined in Section 400 when:

(3 31 22)

- **a.** The level of a pesticide found in ground water is equal to or greater than fifty percent (50%) of the reference point and is scientifically validated; (3-31-22)
- **b.** EPA restricts the sale or use of a pesticide in the state, or otherwise initiates action against a pesticide because of ground water concerns for a pesticide, unless such PMP is not deemed necessary by the Director; (3-31-22)
- c. EPA's action, restriction, or prohibition will be implemented unless the state develops an adequate PMP; or (3-31-22)
  - **d.** A pesticide is conditionally registered by EPA because of ground water concerns. (3-31-22)
- **PMP Compliance**. No person shall use a pesticide in a manner inconsistent with the chemical specific PMP within a designated geographical area. (3 31 22)

#### 051. -- 099<u>100</u>. (RESERVED)

#### 100. CONTENTS OF A CHEMICAL SPECIFIC PMP.

#### 01. Required Elements of a PMP. (3-31-22)

- **a.** Actions to prevent pesticide contamination that are based on beneficial uses and vulnerability that address applicable aspects of the pesticide use; and
- **b.** Actions to prevent or minimize further presence of the pesticide in ground water and to provide protection for the present and projected future beneficial use of the ground water.

  (3 31 22)
- 02. Elements That May Be Included in a PMP. A PMP may include but is not limited to the following elements: (3.31.22)
  - **a.** Identification of geographical areas where a pesticide may be used; (3-31-22)
  - b. Pesticide, soil, hydrogeological, and meteorological characteristics; (3-31-22)
  - e. BMPs; (3.31.22)
  - d. Identification of ground water areas with pesticide detection(s): (3-31-22)
  - e. Certification, licensing, training, and education requirements for persons using the pesticide;
    (3-31-22)
  - f. Identification and establishment of an area of pesticide restriction requiring preventative measures;
  - g. Pesticide application rates and timing and related use criteria; (3-31-22)
  - h. Integrated pest management information; (3.31.22)
- it Other requirements for pesticides, as set forth in the Idaho Pesticide and Chemigation Law (Title 22, Chapter 34, Idaho Code), and IDAPA 02.03.03, "Rules Governing Pesticide and Chemigation Use and Application"; or (3-31-22)
  - j. Other requirements as listed by the EPA in rule or guidance. (3-31-22)

#### 101. MANAGEMENT PLANS ADOPTED BY RULEMAKING AND REVIEW.

01. Adoption Through Rulemaking. The Director shall adopt chemical specific PMPs through

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<del>rulemaking.</del> (3-31-22)

**PMP Review.** The Director shall review chemical specific PMPs every two (2) years to determine if the requirements contained in the plans need to be modified based on new scientific data and information.

(3-31-22)

#### 102. -- 149. (RESERVED)

#### 150. GROUND WATER QUALITY REFERENCE POINTS.

- **01. Reference Points**. The Director will use reference points for pesticides in ground water, based on the following order of availability: (3-31-22)
- **a.** Idaho rules of DEQ, IDAPA 58.01.11, "Ground Water Quality," Subsection 200.01.a. specific to pesticide primary constituent standards which were adopted from EPA MCLs; or (3-31-22)
- **b.** EPA Health Advisory Levels (HALs) identified in the 2006 Edition of the EPA Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories, EPA 822-R-06-013; or (3-31-22)
- **c.** EPA Reference Dose (RfD) identified in the 2006 Edition of the EPA Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories, EPA 822-R-06-013; or (3-31-22)
  - **d.** A reference point based on: (3-31-22)
  - i. Best scientific information currently available on adverse effects of the contaminant(s); and (3-31-22)
  - ii. Protection of a beneficial use(s); and (3-31-22)
- iii. Practical quantitation levels for the pesticides, if they exceed the levels identified in IDAPA 58.01.11, "Ground Water Quality Rule," Subsection 200.01.a. (3-31-22)
- **02. HAL and RfD Guide**. The Director shall use the EPA's HAL and RfD number associated with the effects on a person weighing seventy (70) kilograms and drinking two (2) liters of water per day over a lifetime.

  (3-31-22)

#### 151. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### 200. RESPONSE TO A PESTICIDE DETECTION.

This section describes the four (4) response levels for responding to pesticide detections in ground water. (3-31-22

01. Level One Response. When a pesticide or its metabolite(s) is detected at or above the detection limit yet below twenty percent (20%) of the reference point, the Director shall notify well users or well owners of pesticide(s) detection and continue ground water monitoring.; (3-31-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

<del>a.</del>	The Director shall:	<del>(3-31-22)</del>

- i. Notify well users or well owners of pesticide(s) detection; (3-31-22)
- ii. Continue ground water monitoring; (3-31-22)
- ba. The Director may: (3-31-22)
- i. Provide additional information to pesticide applicators within vulnerable areas; (3-31-22)
- ii. Review use practices, soils, hydrogeology, and vulnerability within the area of pesticide detection(s); (3-31-22)

iii. Review state records for previous point source or potential violations in accordance with the Idaho Pesticide and Chemigation Law (Title 22, Chapter 34, Idaho Code); (3-31-22)			
	iv.	Review existing monitoring data within area to check for previous detections;	(3-31-22)
	v.	Conduct outreach in local area applicable to relevant data and information; and	(3-31-22)
	vi.	Encourage voluntary BMPs consistent with the APAP.	(3-31-22)
less than	<b>02.</b> n fifty pe	<b>Level Two Response</b> . When a pesticide or its metabolite(s) is detected at twenty percent (50%) of the reference point;	nt (20%) to (3-31-22)
	<del>a.</del>	The Director shall:	(3-31-22)
	<u>ia</u> .	Implement actions in Subsection 200.01 in the area of pesticide detection;	(3-31-22)
detectio	<del>ii<u>b</u>.</del> n;	Establish area of pesticide concern, in accordance with Section 400, within area o	f pesticide (3-31-22)
concent	iii <u>c</u> . rations;	Develop a monitoring plan and monitor to determine trends and fluctuations in	pesticide (3-31-22)
not limi	ivd. ted to: po	Determine likely source(s) while notifying and working with the appropriate parties incesticide registrant(s), dealer(s), applicator(s) and producer(s) to determine likely source(s)	cluding but ; (3-31-22)
	<u>₩</u> .	Determine if pesticide detection(s) is from point or nonpoint source;	(3-31-22)
needed;	vi₫.	Promote voluntary BMPs or other measures; evaluate BMP effectiveness, and change	e BMPs if (3-31-22)
Code 59	<del>vii</del> g. 95.	Require the utilization of the Idaho NRCS Conservation Practice Standard, Pesticide M	anagement (3-31-22)
	<u>ь</u> <u>ь</u> .	The Director may:	(3-31-22)
so;	i.	Develop a chemical specific PMP per pesticide, unless already mandated through EPA	Rule to do (3-31-22)
	ii.	Monitor additional domestic wells in the hydrogeological up gradient and down gradient	t area; and (3-31-22)
	iii.	Conduct site specific pesticide use inspections within the area of detection(s).	(3-31-22)
less than	03. n one hu	<b>Level Three Response</b> . When a pesticide or its metabolite(s) is detected at fifty percendred percent (100%) of the reference point, the Director shall:	nt (50%) to (3-31-22)
the area	a. of pestic	Implement actions in Subsections 200.02.a. through 200.02.e., and 200.02.g. through 201.02.g. through 201.02.g in the area of pesticide detection; (3-31)	
		Establish an area of pesticide restriction, in accordance with Section 400 and Section en the Director determines ground water contamination resulted from the application of a put the label;	pesticide in
	e.	Restrict the use of the pesticide according to Section 22-3418, Idaho Code;	(3-31-22)

<u>dc</u>.

Install monitoring wells as soon as possible, if the Director determines installation to be necessary

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based on severity of risk, to evaluate ground water quality, flow direction, and the effectiveness of preventative measures; (3-31-22)

- ed. Assist well users or well owners within the area of pesticide restriction with health information and alternative water source information; and (3-31-22)
  - **fe.** Inspect the pesticide applicator records within the restricted area. (3-31-22)
- **04. Level Four Response.** When a pesticide or its metabolite(s) is detected at or above one hundred percent (100%) of the reference point, the Director shall: (3-31-22)
  - a. Implement actions in Subsection 200.03 in the area of pesticide detection; (3-31-22)
- **b.** Establish an area of pesticide prohibition, in accordance with Section 400 of this rule and Section 22-3418, Idaho Code, when the Director has determined ground water contamination resulted from the application of a pesticide in accordance with the label; (3-31-22)(\_\_\_\_)
  - c. Implement use prohibition area(s); (3-31-22)
  - **d.** Assist persons within the use prohibition area with health and alternative water source information; (3-31-22)
  - e. Determine effectiveness of regulatory actions. (3-31-22)
- **05. Mixing and Loading Prohibited.** No person shall mix or load the prohibited pesticide product in an identified pesticide prohibition area unless the mixing and loading is conducted over a spill containment surface which complies with the Idaho NRCS Conservation Practice Standard, Agrichemical Mixing Facility Code 702.

(3-31-22)

- **Prohibition Areas.** No person shall apply a prohibited pesticide within the corresponding pesticide area boundaries of the area of pesticide prohibition as identified in Section 400. (3-31-22)
- **201. -- 299.** (RESERVED)
- 300. CROUND WATER MONITORING PROCRAMS.
  - 91. Monitoring Programs. The Director shall conduct monitoring programs to: (3-31-22)
  - a. Determine whether residues of pesticides are present in ground water; (3-31-22)
  - b. Refine vulnerability mapping products or other assessment tools; (3 31-22)
  - e. Determine the effectiveness of BMPs; and (3-31-22)
  - d. Determine the effectiveness of regulatory approaches. (3-31-22)
- **Operation of the Department's EPA approved QMP and applicable QAPPs.**Conduct monitoring programs in compliance with the Department's EPA approved QMP and applicable QAPPs.

  (3-31-22)
- **63.** Evaluation. The Director shall evaluate ground water pesticide(s) data from sources other than the Department for use in implementing this rule. (3-31-22)
- 30<u>4</u>0. -- 399. (RESERVED)
- 400. DETERMINING PESTICIDE AREA BOUNDARIES.

Section 400 describes the methods for determining the pesticide area boundaries for the response levels in Section 200.

01. Pesticide Area Boundary Factors. In determining the area of pesticide conce	ern, restricted area, or
prohibition area the Director-shall implement Section 200 and may consider but not be limit	ited to the following
factors:	(3-31-22)()

a.	Pesticide detections from reliable ground water test samples;	(3-31-22)
b.	Number and frequency of detections;	(3-31-22)
c.	Statistical trends of detections;	(3-31-22)
d.	Location of detections;	(3-31-22)
e.	Hydrogeology of the aquifer;	(3-31-22)
f.	Well depth and construction;	(3-31-22)
g.	Aquifer vulnerability and susceptibility;	(3-31-22)
h.	Pesticide physical and chemical characteristics;	(3-31-22)
i.	Pesticide use; or	(3-31-22)
j.	Other scientifically defensible information.	(3-31-22)

**O2.** Determining Boundaries. An area of pesticide concern, restricted area, or a prohibition area may encompass land areas which, in the Director's judgment, are susceptible to pesticide contamination of ground water based on the factors identified in Subsection 400.01. The boundaries of an area of pesticide concern, restricted area, or a prohibition area shall be sufficient to meet Section 200 requirements. The boundaries may include any of the following:

(3-31-22)

0_	Manned boundaries between soil types or other by drogeologic features:	$(3_{-}31_{-}22)$
a.	with poet boundaries between son types of other nydrogeologic reduces,	(3 31 44)

- b. Ground water or surface water divides such as watershed boundaries; (3-31-22)
- e. Legal land description boundaries; (3-31-22)
- d. Public roads; or (3.31-22)
- e. Other recognizable boundaries. (3-31-22

#### 401. -- 409. (RESERVED)

#### 410. REPEALING SPECIFIC PESTICIDE AREAS.

- **01. Repealing an Area of Pesticide Concern**. The Director may repeal or reduce the size of an area of pesticide concern in response to pesticide contamination in ground water if all the <u>following</u> conditions in <u>Subsection</u> 410.01 are met:
- a. Tests on at least three (3) consecutive ground water samples, drawn from each well site in the area of pesticide concern at which the concentration of a pesticide and its metabolites previously were found at twenty percent (20%) to fifty percent (50%) of the reference point, show that the concentration at the well sites has fallen to and remains less than twenty percent (20%) of the reference point. The three (3) consecutive samples shall be collected at each well site at intervals of at least six (6) months, with the first sample being collected at least six (6) months after the effective date of the area of pesticide concern designation. A monitoring well approved by the Director may be substituted for any well site which is no longer available for testing. (3-31-22)

- **b.** Tests conducted at other well sites in the area of pesticide concern during the same retesting period, if any, reveal no other concentrations of the pesticide or its metabolites that exceed twenty percent (20%) of the reference point; and (3-31-22)
- c. The Director determines, based on credible scientific evidence, that use of a pesticide product in the area of pesticide concern is not likely to cause a renewed detection between twenty percent (20%) to fifty percent (50%) of the reference point. (3-31-22)
- **O2.** Repealing an Area of Pesticide Restriction. The Director may repeal or reduce the size of an area of pesticide restriction in response to ground water pesticide contamination if all the <u>following</u> conditions—in <u>Subsection 410.02</u> are met: (3 31 22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- a. Tests on at least three (3) consecutive ground water samples, drawn from each well site in the area of pesticide restriction at which the concentration of a pesticide and its metabolites previously were found at fifty percent (50%) to less than one hundred percent (100%) of the reference point, show that the concentration at the well sites has fallen to and remains less than fifty percent (50%) of the reference point. The three (3) consecutive samples shall be collected at each well site at intervals of at least six (6) months, with the first sample being collected at least six (6) months after the effective date of the area of the pesticide restriction designation. A monitoring well approved by the Director may be substituted for any well site which is no longer available for testing. As areas of pesticide restriction are repealed, the area automatically becomes an area of pesticide concern; (3-31-22)
- **b.** Tests conducted at other well sites in the area of pesticide restriction during the same retesting period, if any, reveal no other concentrations of the pesticide or its metabolites that exceed fifty percent (50%) of the reference point; and (3-31-22)
- c. The Director determines, based on credible scientific evidence, that use of a pesticide product in the area of pesticide restriction is not likely to cause a renewed exceedance of fifty percent (50%) of the reference point.
- **03. Repealing an Area of Pesticide Use Prohibition.** The Director may repeal or reduce the size of an area of pesticide use prohibition in response to ground water pesticide contamination if all the <u>following</u> conditions in <u>Subsection 410.03</u> are met: (3 31 22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- a. Tests on at least three (3) consecutive ground water samples, drawn from each well site in the prohibition area at which the concentration of a pesticide and its metabolites previously attained or exceeded the reference point, show that the concentration at that well site has fallen to and remains less than fifty percent (50%) of the reference point. The three (3) consecutive samples shall be collected at each well site at intervals of at least six (6) months, with the first sample being collected at least six (6) months after the effective date of the pesticide use prohibition designation. A monitoring well approved by the Director may be substituted for any well site which is no longer available for testing. As areas of pesticide prohibition are repealed, the area automatically becomes an area of pesticide concern;
- **b.** Tests conducted at other well sites in the area of pesticide prohibition during the same retesting period, if any, reveal no other concentrations of the pesticide and its metabolites that exceed fifty percent (50%) of the reference point; and

  (3-31-22)
- c. The Director determines, based on credible scientific evidence, that renewed use of a pesticide product in the area of pesticide prohibition is not likely to cause a renewed violation of the reference point. (3-31-22)

#### 411. 419. (RESERVED)

#### 420. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

When pesticide management practices are needed under Section 200, the Director's advisory committee, as established pursuant to Section 22-103, Idaho Code, shall provide appropriate guidance on this rule. This advisory committee shall include but is not limited to: applicators from the area of pesticide detection; pesticide, water user, and commodity groups; University of Idaho Extension staff and specialists; and staff from the USDA, NRCS, SCC, DEQ, and the Department. The duties of the advisory committee include but are not limited to the following:

(3-31-22)

- **Q1.** Review Existing Information. Review the existing information related to the area of pesticide detection and develop pesticide management practices options; (3-31-22)
- **Q2.** Recommendations. Make recommendations to the Director for approval of pesticide management practices prior to implementation at the voluntary and regulatory levels; (3-31-22)
- 93. Research. Evaluate the potential for gaining government or private research or cost share funding; and (3-31-22)
- **64.** Evaluate Effectiveness. Review information related to pesticide management practices effectiveness and make recommendations for changing and improving pesticide management practices. (3-31-22)

#### 421. PESTICIDE USE AND RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

Pursuant to Title 22, Chapter 34, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 02.03.03, "Rules Governing Pesticide and Chemigation Use and Application," the Director shall inspect pesticide records to meet the need as described in Section 200.

(3-31-22)

422<u>11</u>. -- 999. (RESERVED)

#### IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# 02.03.03 – RULES GOVERNING PESTICIDE AND CHEMIGATION USE AND APPLICATION DOCKET NO. 02-0303-2402

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-3421, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule is being presented to be in compliance with H.549, which was passed by the Idaho Legislature in the 2024 session and signed into law by the Governor on March 18, 2024. The legislation amended how licenses for chemigation applicators are categorized by separating those licenses from the federal FIFRA categories. This rule proposes a simplified process for the acquiring and maintenance of those licenses.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the July 3, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-7, pages 22-40.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking: There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

- This rule does not regulate an activity regulated by the federal government. This activity is defined in Idaho Code.
- The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:loyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">loyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

DATED this 1st day of January, 2025.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

## THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the temporary rule is July 1, 2024.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed regular rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-3421, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: A public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

Thursday, July 11, 2024 8:30 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. (MT)

In-person participation is available at:
Idaho State Department of Agriculture
2270 Old Penitentiary Road
Boise, ID 83712
Conference Rooms 1 and 2

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being presented to be in compliance with H.549, which was passed by the Idaho Legislature in the 2024 session and signed into law by the Governor on March 18, 2024. The legislation amended how licenses for chemigation applicators are categorized by separating those licenses from the federal FIFRA categories. This rule proposes a simplified process for the acquiring and maintenance of those licenses.

**TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION:** Pursuant to Section(s) 67-5226(1)(b) and (c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

H.549 included an emergency clause, meaning the changes went into effect immediately with the Governor's signature. A temporary rule is necessary to ensure that the rule is in compliance with the amended statute as the department begins issuing licenses for the 2024 season.

## IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Pesticide & Chemigation Use & Application

Docket No. 02-0303-2402 PENDING RULE

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5226(2), the Governor has found that the fee or charge being imposed or increased is justified and necessary to avoid immediate danger and the fee is described herein:

There are no changes to fees in the rule, except for breaking the chemigation license fees out from the other license categories. The amended statute does not identify changes in fees.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because HB 549 was passed by the Idaho Legislature and signed into law by the Governor on March 18, 2024. This rule proposes a simplified process that meets the legislation requirements that were passed.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 165, Subpart E. "Standards for Pesticide Containment Structures," Sections 165.80 through 165.97: As a delegated authority that implements the requirements and regulations of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, it is important that the federal regulations are incorporated into this rule.

U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Chapter 1, Part 171. "Certification of Pesticide Applicators": As a delegated authority that implements the requirements and regulations of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, it is important that the federal regulations are incorporated into this rule.

Restrictions For Use Of The Livestock Protection Collars (Compound 1080). The incorporation of this document is important because it provides the guidelines for the use of Livestock Protection Collars and the restriction governing that use.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Lloyd B. Knight, Deputy Director, at (208)332-8615.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before July 24, 2024.

DATED this 3rd day of July, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0303-2402

#### 02.03.03 - RULES GOVERNING PESTICIDE AND CHEMIGATION USE AND APPLICATION

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Section 22-3421, Idaho Code.

<del>(7-1-24)</del>(

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **91.** Title. The title of this chapter is IDAPA 02.03.03, "Rules Governing Pesticide and Chemigation Use and Application."
- **O2.** Scope. This chapter governs the use and application of pesticides; licensing of pesticide applicators; registration of pesticides; and responsibilities for chemigation in Idaho. (7-1-24)(\_\_\_\_\_)

#### 002. - 003. (RESERVED)

#### 004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference:

(7-1-24)

- 01. U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 165, Subpart E. "Standards for Pesticide Containment Structures," Sections 165.80 through 165.97 that may be viewed at https://www.govregs.com/regulations/title40\_chapterI\_part165\_subpartE. \_[71 FR 47422, Aug. 16, 2006, as amended at 73 FR 64228, Oct. 29, 2008]
- **02.** U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Chapter 1, Part 171. "Certification of Pesticide Applicators" that may be viewed at https://www.govregs.com/regulations/title40\_chapterI\_part171. [82 FR 1028, Jan. 4, 2017]
- 03. Restrictions For Use Of The Livestock Protection Collars (Compound 1080). https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/LPC-RESTRICTIONS.pdf. [82 FR 1042, Jan. 4, 2017]

#### 005. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

The Idaho Department of Agriculture adopts the definitions set forth in In addition to Section 22-3401, Idaho Code, and the following are defined as definitions: (7-1-24)(\_\_\_\_\_)

- **01. Antimicrobial Pesticides.** Substances or mixture of substances used to destroy or suppress the growth of harmful microorganisms such as bacteria, viruses, or fungi on inanimate objects and surfaces. (7-1-24)
- **02. Certification.** Passing one (1) or more examinations, to initially demonstrate an applicant's competence, as required by the licensing provisions of this act, in order to use or distribute pesticides, or to act as a pesticide consultant. (7-1-24)
- **O3.** Chemigator. Any person engaged in the application of chemicals through any type of irrigation system. (7-1-24)
  - **04. Hazard Area**. Cities, towns, subdivisions, schools, hospitals, or densely populated areas. (7-1-24)
- **05. High Volatile Esters**. Formulations of 2,4-D which contain methyl, ethyl, butyl, isopropyl, octylamyl and pentyl esters. (7-1-24)
- **96. Janitorial Services.** Surface cleaning or surface sanitation operations that use pesticides. Janitorial services extend to households and buildings and may include, but are not limited to; bathroom, food storage/processing, food service, retail sales, office, maintenance, educational, government and other like facilities. (7-1-24)
- **07. Limited Supervision**. The supervision of a professional commercial apprentice by a supervising applicator licensed in the categories necessary for the pesticide application. The supervising applicator is limited to supervision of two (2) professional commercial apprentice applicators at one (1) time and must maintain immediate communications (voice, radio, cellular telephone, or similar) with the supervised applicators for the duration of all pesticide applications. (7-1-24)

- **08. Low Volatile Esters.** Formulations of 2,4-D; 2,4-DP; MCPA and MCPB which contain butoxyethanol, propylene glycol, tetrahydrofurfuryl, propylene glycol butyl ether, butoxy propyl, ethylhexyl and isoctyl esters. (7-1-24)
- **09. Mixer-Loader**. Any person who works under the supervision of a professional applicator in the mixing and loading of pesticides to prepare for, but not actually make, applications. (7-1-24)
- **10. On-Site Supervision**. A noncertified applicator may apply general use and restricted use pesticides under on-site supervision by a professional applicator with the required license categories. The supervising pesticide applicator must be physically at the site of application, must have visual contact with the pesticide applicator, and must be able to direct the actions of the noncertified pesticide applicator. The supervising applicator may not supervise more than two (2) noncertified pesticide applicators at one (1) time. (7-1-24)
- 11. Pesticide Drift. Movement of pesticide dust or droplets through the air at the time of application or soon after, to any site other than the area intended. (7-1-24)
- **12. Recertification**. The requalification of a certified person through seminar attendance over a set period of time, or taking an examination at the end of a set period of time, to ensure that the person continues to meet the requirements of changing technology and maintains competence. (7-1-24)
- **13. Seminar**. Any Department-approved meeting or activity convened for the purpose of presenting pesticide recertification information. (7-1-24)
- **14. Sprinkler Irrigation**. Method of irrigation in which the water is sprayed, or sprinkled, through the air to the ground surface. (7-1-24)
  - **15. Waters of the State**. Any surface waters such as canals, ditches, laterals, lakes, streams, or rivers. (7-1-24)
- 011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER A - LICENSING OF APPLICATORS AND DEALERS

#### 100. PROFESSIONAL APPLICATOR LICENSING.

To obtain a professional applicator's license an applicant must:

(7-1-24)

- **O1.** Submit Application. Submit an application prescribed by the Department with applicable fee (Section 280). (7-1-24)
  - **02.** Demonstrate Competence. (7-1-24)
- a. All professional applicators must pass the Applicator Core Competency exam in addition to any other category. Professional applicators may only-chemigate, make pesticide recommendations, or make pesticide applications for any purpose for which they have demonstrated competence. Competence is demonstrated by passing Department examinations and becoming licensed in categories described in Subsection 100.04. (7-1-24)(\_\_\_\_\_)
  - **b.** An applicant will demonstrate core competency in all standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(c). (7-1-24)
- **03.** Certification and Department Examination Procedures. Be certified by passing Department examinations with a minimum score of seventy percent (70%) in the applicable pesticide categories (Subsection 100.04). Examinations shall adhere to standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(a)(2). In addition, examinations are:

  (7-1-24)
  - **a.** Proctored by ISDA staff or by an authorized agent following approved Department procedures. (7-1-24)

	E DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Chemigation Use & Application	Docket No. 02-0303-2402 PENDING RULE
<b>b.</b>	Retaken after a minimum waiting period of one (1) day.	(7-1-24)
c.	Scores valid for twelve (12) months from the date of the examin	nation. (7-1-24)
d.	It is prohibited to:	(7-1-24)
i.	Attempt to cheat, or otherwise obtain an unfair advantage on the	e exam(s). (7-1-24)
ii.	Remove or attempt to remove any test questions or responses or	r any notes from a testing session. (7-1-24)
iii. the test), an ans	At any time, improperly access or attempt to improperly access ever key, or any information about the test.	the test site, the test (or any part of (7-1-24)
iv.	Engage in any way in:	(7-1-24)
(1)	Theft or attempted theft of test content through platform intrusion	on. (7-1-24)
(2)	Post-exam manipulation of test content, responses, or test admir	nistration data. (7-1-24)
(3) means includin	Attempting to adversely impact the exam proctor, test center, g cybersecurity means.	, or testing platforms through any (7-1-24)
V.	Attempt to give or receive assistance, including by copying or the	hrough the use of an answer key. (7-1-24)
vi. information abo	Record or copy information during the testing session includi- out the version or form of a test, or any other information that comp	
vii.	Communicate with other test takers or other individuals in any f	form while testing is in session. (7-1-24)
viii. or answers.	Allow anyone to see your test questions or answers or attempt t	to see or copy others' test questions (7-1-24)
ix. during breaks.	Consult notes, other people, electronic devices, textbooks, or an	ny other resources during the test or (7-1-24)
х.	Have subject-related information on your clothing, shoes, or boo	dy. (7-1-24)
	Use or access any prohibited items including devices or aids statches, fitness trackers, other oral or written communication device ence books, etc., during or in connection with the test, including during the statement of the	es or wearable technology, cameras,

- xii. Fail to turn in or store away a mobile/smartphone in accordance with the test site's collection process. (7-1-24)
  - xiii. Use a prohibited calculator. (7-1-24)
- xiv. Deliberately attempt to and/or take the test for someone else or attempt to have someone else impersonate you to take the test. (7-1-24)
- **04.** Categories. All professional applicators must be certified in Applicator Core Competency in one (1) or more of the following categories:

Category Name	ne Category Description	
Applicator Core Competency (CO)	Includes general knowledge of pesticides including proper use and disposal, product characteristics, first aid, labeling and laws. An applicant will demonstrate competency standard outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(c). This category is required for all Idaho Professional Pesticide Applicator Licenses	
Agricultural Crop Pest Control (AC)	This category applies to commercial professional applicators who use or supervise the use of pesticides in production of agricultural commodities including grasslands, and non-crop agricultural lands. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(1)(i).	
Aerial Pest Control (AA)	For application of pesticides to all application sites by operating or flying fixed-wing or rotary aircraft. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(15).	
Anti-Fouling Coatings (FC)		
Agricultural Livestock Pest Control (LP)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of pesticides on animals or to places on or in which animals are confined. Certification in this category alone is not sufficient to authorize the purchase, use, or supervision of use of products for predator control listed in the General Vertebrate category or outlined in 40 CFR 171.101(k)(I). An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(1)(ii).	
Aquatic Weed and Pest Control (AP)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of any pesticide purposefully applied to standing or running water, excluding applicators engaged in public health related activities included in as specified in the Public Health (PH) category. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(5).	
Chemigation (CH)	For professional applicators who apply chemicals through an irrigation system, excluding applications made to control aquatic organisms. The application of pesticides through a chemigation system will require additional relevant professional applicator categories. An applicant will demonstrate practical knowledge of chemigation including backflow prevention, minimizing risks related to chemigation, and approved chemigation equipment.	
Consultant and Research (CR)	For consultations or recommendations to supply technical advice concerning the use of agricultural pesticides and for the application or supervision of the use of restricted use pesticides (RUPs) for no compensation, to demonstrate the action of the pesticide or conduct research with restricted use pesticides. For all demonstration additional relevant professional applicator categories will be required. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(10).	
Forest Pest Control (FP)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of pesticides in forests, forest nurseries and forest seed production. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(2).	

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Category Name	Category Description		
General Vertebrate Control (GV)	For controlling vertebrate pests such as large and small predators, rodents, and birds by Wildlife Services (WS) personnel of the United States Department of Agriculture-Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS). This category applies to professional applicators who use or supervise the use of sodium cyanide and sodium fluoroacetate to control regulated predators. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(11-12).		
Industrial, Institutional, and Structural Pest Control – Commodity (CP)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of pesticides on manufactured products or commodities in the following: Food handling establishments, packing houses, and food-processing facilities; and industrial establishments, including commodity storage facilities, grain elevators, and any other similar areas, public or private, for the protection of stored, processed, manufactured products, or commodities. Applicators must demonstrate a practical knowledge of pests associated with manufactured products or commodities, including recognizing those pests and signs of their presence, their habitats, their life cycles, biology, and behavior as it may be relevant to problem identification and control. Applicators must demonstrate practical knowledge of types of formulations appropriate for control of pests associated with manufactured products or commodities, and methods of application that avoid contamination of food, minimize damage to and contamination of areas treated, minimize acute and chronic exposure of people and pets, and minimize environmental impacts.		
Industrial, Institutional, and Structural Pest Control – Non- Commodity (IP)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of-restricted use pesticides in, on, or around the following: food handling establishments, packing houses, and food-processing facilities; human dwellings; cooling towers; air washers; evaporative condensers; swimming pools; pulp and paper mills; sewer treatment; residential and commercial building; institutions, such as schools, hospitals, and prisons; and industrial establishments, including manufacturing facilities, warehouses, and any other structures and adjacent areas, public or private, for the protection of health, dwellings, structures, and stored, processed, or manufactured products. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(7).		
Non-Soil Fumigation (NS)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of a pesticide to fumigate anything other than soil. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(14).		
Ornamental Pest (OP)  For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of pesticides to control production of ornamental plants and turf. An applicant will demor competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(3).			
Public Health Pest (PH)  For State, Tribal, Federal or other governmental employees and contractors who us supervise the use of pesticides in government-sponsored public health programs for management and control of pests having medical and public health importance. An will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(8).			
Regulatory Pest Control (RP)	For State, Tribal, Federal, or other local governmental employees and contractors who use or supervise the use of restricted use pesticides in government-sponsored programs for the control of regulated pests. Certification in this category does not authorize the purchase, use, or supervision of use of products for predator control pesticides listed in the General Vertebrate category or outlined in 40 CFR 171.101(k)(l). An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(9).		

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Category Name	Category Description	
Right-of-Way Herbicide (RW)	For professional applicators who use or supervise the use of pesticides in the maintenance roadsides, powerlines, pipelines, and railway rights-of-way, and similar areas. An applicant demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(6).	
Seed Treatment (ST)	For professional applicators using or supervising the use of pesticides on seeds in seed treatment facilities. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(4).	
Soil Fumigation (SF)	For applying soil fumigation pesticides to agricultural fields, plant nurseries, and other simil growing media for the growing of agricultural commodities, excluding rodent control. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.103(d)(13).	

<del>(7-1-24)</del>(\_\_\_

- a. Professional Commercial Apprentice License. For conducting General Use Pesticide (GUP) applications only in situations applicable to the MP CP, OP, AC, IP, and RW categories. To obtain a professional commercial apprentice license the applicant must pass the Applicator Core Competency exam with a minimum score of seventy percent (70%) or better, and meet the requirements as outlined in Section 100. Persons with this license may only perform pesticide applications under limited supervision of a properly certified professional applicator. Applicators with this license cannot supervise other pesticide applicators. The professional commercial apprentice license may not be reciprocated with other participating agencies. This license will expire one (1) year from the date of issuance. The professional commercial apprentice license is non-renewable.
- **b.** Professional applicators who engage in janitorial services and use pesticides for cleaning, surface sanitation, and similar activities using general use pesticides with the labeled signal words Warning or Caution, are exempt from professional applicator licensing requirements as outlined in Sections 22-3404 (2)(3)(4), Idaho Code.

  (7-1-24)
- **05. Financial Responsibility.** Submits written proof of financial responsibility by any of the following methods: (7-1-24)
- **a.** Liability insurance with an insurance company licensed to do business in Idaho and documented on a form approved by the Director; (7-1-24)
  - **b.** A bond that is approved by the Director; (7-1-24)
  - c. A cash certificate of deposit in escrow with a bank or trust company; (7-1-24)
- **d.** An annuity issued by an insurance company, bank or other financial institution found acceptable to the Director; (7-1-24)
- **e.** An irrevocable letter of credit issued by a national bank in Idaho or by an Idaho state-chartered bank insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation. (7-1-24)
- f. Any certificate of deposit, annuity, or irrevocable letter of credit must be payable to the Director as trustee and remain on file with the Department until it is released, canceled or discharged by the Director. Any certificate of deposit, annuity, or irrevocable letter of credit must maintain a cash value equal to the requirements of Subsection 100.05.h., less any penalty for early withdrawal. Accrued interest upon a certificate of deposit or annuity shall be payable to the purchaser of the certificate or annuity. (7-1-24)
- g. Exclusions. Any exclusion to liability insurance, bond, cash certificate of deposit, annuity or irrevocable letter of credit coverage shall be listed on a form approved by the Director. (7-1-24)
  - h. Minimum Coverage Required. (7-1-24)

- i. Bodily injury fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per person/one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per occurrence. (7-1-24)
  - ii. Property damage fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per occurrence. (7-1-24)
  - iii. Maximum deductible five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (7-1-24)
- i. Target Property Not Required to Be Covered. The immediate property being treated is not required to be covered. (7-1-24)
- j. Cancellation or Reduction. The applicator must notify the Department in writing immediately after cancellation or reduction below the requirements of the financial coverage.

  (7-1-24)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- be concurrent with their two (2) year licensing period, beginning at the license issuance, and ending upon license expiration. For a professional applicator's license to be renewed, the license holder must complete the recertification provisions of this section. Licenses belonging to professional applicators with last names beginning with A through L, expire on December 31st in every odd-numbered year, and licenses belonging to professional applicators with last names beginning with M through Z, expire on December 31st in every even-numbered year. The apprentice license may not be recertified and will expire one year from the date that it was issued. Recertification requirements may be accomplished by complying with either Subsection 100.06.a. or 100.06.b. Any professional applicator with less than thirteen (13) months in the licensing period is not required to obtain recertification credits during the initial licensing period. Any license holder who fails to accumulate the required recertification credits prior to the expiration date of their license will be required to pass the appropriate examination(s) before being licensed. (7-1-24)
- **a.** Continuing Education: To recertify, an applicator must accumulate sixteen (16) recertification credits during their recertification period, by attending Department-accredited pesticide seminars which meet the following criteria: (7-1-24)
  - i. One (1) credit is issued for each fifty (50) minutes of instruction. (7-1-24)
- ii. To request accreditation for a seminar not provided by the Department, an applicant must submit a written request to the Department not less than thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled seminar. Applications received prior to thirty (30) days shall receive preference for credit approval and have the ability to amend their application until the seminar is held. Applications received after the thirty (30) days shall be reviewed by the Department as time and workload allows.
- iii. The number of credits to be given will be decided by the Department and may be revised if it is later found that the training does not comply. Credit is given only for those parts of seminars that deal with pesticide subjects as listed in Subsection 100.02.b. No credit will be given for training given to persons to prepare them for initial certification. (7-1-24)
- iv. Verification of attendance at a seminar is accomplished by validating the attendee's pesticide license, using a method approved by the Department. Verification of attendance must be submitted with the license renewal application. (7-1-24)
  - v. Excess credits may not be carried over to the next recertification period. (7-1-24)
- vi. Upon-earning the recertification credits as described above, license holder is recertified for the next recertification period corresponding with the next issuance of a license, provided that the license renewal application is submitted within twelve (12) months after the expiration date of the license completing all licensing requirements for recertification, the license holder is recertified for the next licensing period. Licenses may be renewed up to twelve (12) months after the expiration date of the license.

  (7-1-24)(\_\_\_\_)
- **b.** Recertification by Examination: A certified applicator who passes the Department's Applicator Core Competency (CO) examination plus examinations for all categories in which intend to license. (7-1-24)

- i. Recertification examinations may be taken by a professional applicator beginning the thirteenth month of the recertification period. (7-1-24)
  - ii. The examination procedures as outlined in Subsection 100.03 will be followed. (7-1-24)
- **c.** The Department may grant variances in the recertification of professional applicators' and dealers' licenses. Issuance of variances will not relieve the recipient from compliance with all other responsibilities under the Pesticide and Chemigation Act and Rules. The request will be on a Department-prescribed form and state fully the grounds for requesting a variance.

  (7-1-24)
  - **d.** Licenses are eligible for renewal no sooner than forty-five (45) days from the expiration date. (7-1-24)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 150. PRIVATE APPLICATOR LICENSING.

To obtain a private applicator's license, an applicant must:

(7-1-24)

**01.** (Section 250); Submit Application. Submit an application prescribed by the Department with applicable fee(s) (7-1-24)

#### 02. Demonstrate Competence.

(7-1-24)

**a.** Private applicators may only chemigate or make pesticide applications using RUP's in categories for which they have demonstrated competency by passing a Department examination based on a US EPA approved Core/Private Applicator manual. The examination must follow the procedures outlined in Subsection 100.03.

<del>(7-1-24)</del>( )

- **b.** An applicant will demonstrate competency in all standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.105(a). Demonstrate competence as outlined for Professional Applicators (Subsection 100.01). (7-1-24)
- **03.** Categories. Private applicators must be certified in the Private Applicator category as a prerequisite to all other private applicator license categories:

Category Name	Category Description	
Private Applicator (PA)	For use or supervision of restricted use pesticides to produce agricultural commodities on land owned or operated by applicator or applicator's employer. Certification in this category alone is not sufficient to authorize the purchase, use, or supervision of use of products for predator control listed in the predator control categories outlined in 40 CFR 171.105(b)(c). PA is prerequisite for all Idaho Private Applicator license categories. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.105(a).	
Aerial Pest Control (AA)	For application of pesticides to all sites owned or operated by an applicator or applicator's employer by operating or flying fixed-wing or rotary aircraft. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.105(f).	
Chemigation (CH)	For application of chemicals through an irrigation system, excluding pesticides to control aquatic organisms. Chemigation of pesticides will require additional relevant private applicator categories. An applicant will demonstrate practical knowledge of chemigation including backflow prevention, minimizing risks related to chemigation, and approved chemigation equipment.	

Category Name	Category Description
Non-Soil Fumigation (NS)	For applicators who use or supervise the use of a pesticide to fumigate anything other than soil. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.105(e).
Soil Fumigation (SF)	For applying soil fumigation pesticides to agricultural fields, plant nurseries, and other similar growing media on land owned or operated by applicator or applicator's employer for the growing of agricultural commodities, excluding rodent control. An applicant will demonstrate competency standards outlined in 40 CFR 171.105(d).

(7-1-24)(

- **04. License Periods and Recertification.** The recertification period for private applicator will be concurrent with their two (2) year licensing period, beginning at the license issuance, and ending upon license expiration. Licenses belonging to private applicators with last names beginning with A through L, expire on the last day of the month listed on the chart in Subsection 150.03.a. in every odd-numbered year, and licenses belonging to private applicators with last names beginning with M through Z, shall expire on the last day of the month listed on the chart in Subsection 150.03.a., in every even-numbered year. Recertification and relicensing may be accomplished by complying with either Subsection 150.03.b. or 150.03.c. Any person with less than thirteen (13) months in the initial licensing period is not required to obtain recertification credits for the initial period. Any license holder who fails to accumulate the required recertification credits prior to the expiration date of their license will be required to pass the appropriate examination(s) before being licensed. (7-1-24)
  - a. Licensing schedule.

Last Name		Month to License
Odd Year	Even Year	
A-D	M-P	March
E-H	Q-T	July
I-L	U-Z	October

(7-1-24)

- **b.** Continuing Education: To recertify, and applicator must accumulate seven (7) credits during their recertification period by attending Department-accredited pesticide seminars which meet the following criteria;
  - (7-1-24)

i. One (1) credit is issued for each fifty (50) minutes of instruction.

- (7-1-24)
- ii. To request accreditation for a seminar not provided by the Department, an applicant must submit a written request to the Department not less than thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled seminar. Applications received prior to thirty (30) days shall receive preference for credit approval and have the ability to amend their application until the seminar is held. Applications received after the thirty (30) days shall be reviewed by the Department as workload allows.

  (7 1 24)()
- iii. The number of credits to be given will be decided by the Department and may be revised if it is later found that the training does not comply. Credit is given only for those parts of seminars that deal with pesticide subjects as listed in <u>Subsection 100.02.b.</u> 40 CFR 171.105(a). No credit will be given for training given to persons to prepare them for initial certification.
- iv. Verification of attendance at an accredited seminar is accomplished by validating the attendee's pesticide license using a method approved by the Department. Verification of attendance must be submitted with the license renewal application. (7-1-24)

	v.	Excess credits may not be carried over to the next recertification period.	(7-1-24)
for rece	ertification	Upon earning the recertification credits as described above, license holder is recertified for riod corresponding with the next issuance of a license, provided that the license renewal apprint twelve (12) months from the expiration date of the license completing all licensing requine, the license holder is recertified for the next licensing period. Licenses may be renewed this after the expiration date of the license.	olication rements ed up to
examina	<b>c.</b> ation(s) fo	Recertification by Examination: A certified applicator passes the Department's private apor all categories in which they intend to license.	plicator (7-1-24)
	i.	Examinations may be taken beginning the thirteenth (13th) month of the license period.	(7-1-24)
	ii.	The examination procedures as outlined in Subsection 100.03 will be followed.	(7-1-24)
	iii. For the p nination.	Upon passing the examinations, a person is eligible for license renewal for the next li urpose of becoming licensed, examination scores are valid for twelve (12) months after the	
with all	l other re	The Department may issue variances for the requirements delineated in Subsection 150.0 private applicators' licenses. Issuance of variances do not relieve the recipient from comesponsibilities under the Pesticide and Chemigation Act and Rules. The request will be cribed form and state fully the grounds for requesting a variance.	npliance
	e.	Licenses are eligible for renewal no sooner than forty-five (45) days from the expiration da	te. (7-1-24)
<u>151.</u>	<u>CHEM</u>	IGATOR LICENSING.	
chemiga	01. ation per	<u>Chemigator License Required</u> . Anyone wishing to chemigate shall apply for a license to the process outlined in this section. Additional category certifications may be required.	perform ()
	<u>02.</u>	Applying for a Chemigator License. Prior to chemigating a person must:	()
	<u>a.</u>	Submit an application prescribed by the Department with applicable fees, and	()
	<u>b.</u>	Demonstrate competency through one of the following methods:	()
11	<u>i.</u>	Complete a Department approved chemigation training within 12 months of submitti	
	ng conten	migation trainings for licensure must be a minimum of one (1) hour and at a minimum add t:	ress the
	<u>(1)</u>	Backflow prevention devices, methods, and injection types;	()
	<u>(2)</u>	The mitigation of potential risks associated with chemigation;	()
	<u>(3)</u>	Pesticide label requirements for chemigation;	()
	<u>(4)</u>	Identification of approved chemigation equipment; or	()
		Pass the Chemigation examination with a minimum score of seventy percent (70%). Example for twelve (12) months after the date of the examination. The examination must follow	nination low the
		ned in Subsection 100.03; or	
	<u>iii.</u>	Verify compliance through another Department approved method.	()

<u>03.</u> <u>License Periods.</u> The licensing period will begin at license issuance and end upon license expiration. License periods will follow the schedule outlined in Section 150.03.a of this rule. Any person with less than thirteen (13) months in the initial licensing period is not required to test or attend chemigation training for the initial period.

15**12**. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 201. RUP DEALER RECORDS REQUIREMENTS.

- **01.** Records Requirements. Maintain, in a location designated by the pesticide dealer, restricted use pesticide distribution records for two three (23) years, ready to be inspected, duplicated, or submitted when requested by the Director. Such records must include the following: (7-1-24)(
  - a. The name and address of the person purchasing or receiving the restricted use pesticide (RUP); and (7-1-24)
- **b.** The certified applicator name, license number, license issuing authority, relevant certification category, and expiration date of the license for the person certified to use the RUP; or (7-1-24)
- **c.** In the case of distribution of a RUP to another pesticide dealer, the name, license number, and expiration date of the license of the licensed pesticide dealer. (7-1-24)
- **d.** The brand name and Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Registration Number for each RUP distributed and if applicable, include any emergency exemption or State special local need registration number; and (7-1-24)
  - **e.** Date of the distribution of each RUP; and

(7-1-24)

- f. The quantity and size of each RUP container distributed and the total quantity of RUP distributed; and (7-1-24)
  - g. The pesticide dealer's name, address, and pesticide dealer license number distributing the RUP.

    (7-1-24)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### **SUBCHAPTER B - FEES**

#### 280. FEES.

**01. Pesticide Registration**. One hundred sixty dollars (\$160) per product.

(7-1-24)

- **02. Professional Applicator's License.** One hundred twenty dollars (\$120) per licensing period of greater than fourteen thirteen (143) months or more, sixty dollars (\$60) per licensing period of thirteen (13) months or less.
- **03.** Commercial Apprentice (CA) Applicator's License. Sixty dollars (\$60) per licensing period of twelve (12) months or less. (7-1-24)
- **04.** Private Applicator's License. A Restricted Use Category, tTen dollars (\$10); a Chemigation Category, twenty dollars (\$20); or thirty dollars (\$30) for both categories. (7-1-24)

<u>05.</u> A Chemigation License. Twenty dollars (\$20). Pesticide Dealer's License. One hundred dollars (\$100) per licensing period of greater than 056. fourteen thirteen (143) months or more, fifty dollars (\$50) per licensing period of thirteen (13) months or less. (7-1-24)( 0<del>6</del>7. **Examination Fee per Examination Category.** Ten dollars (\$10). (7-1-24)281. -- 349. (RESERVED) SUBCHAPTER C - REGISTRATION AND USE OF PESTICIDES **350.** EXPERIMENTAL PERMITS. Any person who wishes to obtain an experimental permit to register a pesticide under Section 22-3402(5), Idaho Code, must file an application with the Department as outlines in Section 22-3402 which includes: <del>01.</del> Name. Company name. <del>02.</del> Applicant. Name, address, and telephone number of the applicant. <del>03.</del> Shipment. Proposed date of shipment or proposed shipping period not to exceed one (1) year. (7-1-24)041. **Active Ingredient**. A statement listing the active ingredient. (7-1-24)**052**. **Quantity Statement**. A statement of the approximate quantity to be tested. (7-1-24)**063**. Acute Toxicity. Available data or information or reference to available data on the acute toxicity of the pesticide. (7-1-24)Statement of Scope. A statement of the scope of the proposed experimental program, including the type of pests or organisms involved, the crops and animals for which the pesticide is to be used, the areas where the applicant proposes to conduct the program, and when requested by the Director, the results of previous tests. (7-1-24) **Temporary Tolerance.** If the pesticide is to be used on food or feed, a temporary tolerance must be obtained from the EPA or evidence that the proposed experiment will not result in injury to humans or animals, or illegal residues entering the food chain. A temporary tolerance is not needed if the food, feed, or fiber crop to which the experimental pesticide is applied will be completely destroyed after the data is collected. (7-1-24)**Proposed Labeling**. Proposed labeling which must bear: 096. (7-1-24)The prominent statement "For Experimental Use Only" on the container label and any labeling that (7-1-24)accompanies the product. An adequate caution or warning statement to protect those who may handle or be exposed to the experimental formulation. (7-1-24)Name and address of the applicant for the permit. c. (7-1-24)d. Name or designation of the formulation. (7-1-24)Directions for use. (7-1-24)e.

(7-1-24)

inert ingredients.

A statement listing the name and percentage of each active ingredient and the total percentage of

1007. Quantity Limit. The Director may limit the quantity of pesticide covered by the permit or make such other limitations as may be determined necessary for the protection of humans or the environment. (7-1-24)

**1108. Experimental Use.** A pesticide for experimental use will not be offered for sale unless a written permit has been obtained from the Director. (7-1-24)

#### 351. -- 399. (RESERVED)

#### 400. PESTICIDE RESTRICTIONS.

01. Application of Restricted Use Pesticides by Noncertified Applicators. A noncertifi	
may apply restricted use pesticides (RUPs) under on-site supervision by a professional applicator with	the required
license categories of the application being supervised if:	(7-1-24)

a.	Noncertified applicator has completed the following training within twelve (12) months prior to
application:	(7-1-24)

i.	EPA approved Worker Protection Standard (WPS) certification for pesticide handler training or
equivalent.	(7-1-24)

ii. The safe operation of any equipment they will use for mixing, loading, transferring, or applying pesticides. (7-1-24)

h	The noncertified application of any pesticide is prohibited for:	(7-1-24)
υ.	The honcerthed application of any pesticide is promotied for.	(/-1-24)

**c.** Maintain noncertified applicator training records for three (3) years, ready to be inspected, duplicated, or submitted when requested by the Director. Such records shall contain: (7-1-24)

i.	Noncertified applicator's printed name and signature.	(7-1-24)
		( '

• •	D . C	(7.1.04)
11	Linta at training	(1) 1 2/11
11.	Date of training.	(7-1-24)

vi. If the noncertified applicator is a licensed applicator who is not certified to perform the type of application being conducted while under on-site supervision by a professional applicator, the record must include all of the following information:

(7-1-24)

(1)	Noncertified applicator's name.	(7-1-24)
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- (2) Noncertified applicator's license number. (7-1-24)
- (3) Expiration date of the noncertified applicator's license. (7-1-24)
- (4) Certifying authority that issued the license. (7-1-24)

- **d.** Requirements for supervisors of noncertified applicators of RUPs under on-site supervision. A certified applicator must ensure that all the following requirements are met before allowing a noncertified applicator to use a restricted use pesticide under their on-site supervision:

  (7-1-24)
- i. The noncertified applicator must have access to the applicable product labeling at all times during its use. (7-1-24)
- ii. Where the labeling of pesticide product requires that personal protective equipment be worn for mixing, loading, application, or any other use activities, the noncertified application has been provided clean, label required personal protective equipment in proper operating condition and the personal protective equipment is used correctly.

  (7-1-24)
- iii. The certified applicator must provide to each noncertified applicator before use of a restricted use pesticide instructions specific to the site and pesticide used. These instructions must include labeling directions, precautions, and requirements applicable to the specific use and site, and how the characteristics of the use site and the conditions of application might increase or decrease the risk of adverse effects. (7-1-24)
- iv. The certified applicator must ensure that before each day of use equipment used for mixing, loading, transferring, or applying pesticides is in proper operating condition as intended by the manufacturer, and can be used without risk of reasonably foreseeable adverse effects to the noncertified applicator, other persons, or the environment.

  (7-1-24)
- v. The certified applicator must ensure that a means to immediately communicate with the certified applicator is available to each noncertified applicator using restricted use pesticides under their direct supervision.

  (7-1-24)
  - vi. The certified applicator must be physically present at the site of the use being supervised. (7-1-24)
- vii. The certified applicator must create or verify the existence of the records required by Subsection 400.01.c. of this rule. (7-1-24)
- **O2.** Application of General Use Pesticides by Noncertified Applicators. A Professional Commercial Apprentice applicator may apply general use pesticides (GUPs) under MP CP, OP, AC, IP, and RW categories with limited supervision by a professional applicator that has the required license categories of the application being supervised if:

  (7-1-24)(\_\_\_\_\_)
  - a. All of the following conditions are met: (7-1-24)
  - i. The Professional Commercial Apprentice applicator has a valid license. (7-1-24)
- ii. Immediate communication requirements exist between the supervising professional applicator and the Professional Commercial Apprentice applicator. (7-1-24)
  - **b.** Applications of RUPs are prohibited under the Professional Commercial Apprentice license. (7-1-24)
- **03. Mixer-Loaders**. No person will act as a mixer-loader for a professional applicator without first obtaining annual training. (7-1-24)
- **a.** Training will be conducted and certified by the professional applicator who employs the mixer-loader. Training recordkeeping requirements for mixer-loaders shall be the same as for noncertified applicators of restricted use pesticides under on-site supervision (see Subsection 400.01.c, of this rule.) (7-1-24)
- **b.** Training requirements shall be the same as for noncertified applicators of restricted use pesticides under on-site supervision (see Subsection 400.01a. of this rule.) (7-1-24)
  - 04. Non-Domestic Pesticides Restrictions. (7-1-24)

- **a.** Home and Garden Restrictions. The following pesticides are to be registered only when labeled, distributed, sold or held for sale and use other than home and garden use and are not be sold to home and garden users or applied by professional applicators around any home or garden. (7-1-24)
  - i. Bidrin (Foliar applications). (7-1-24)
  - ii. Strychnine (one percent (1%) and above). (7-1-24)
  - iii. Zinc Phosphide (two point one percent (2.1%) and above). (7-1-24)
- **b.** Ester Restriction. Low volatile liquid ester formulations of herbicides shall not be applied around any home or garden at any time when ambient air temperature exceeds or is forecasted to exceed eighty (80) degrees Fahrenheit during the day of application. (7-1-24)

#### 05. Restrictions to Protect Pollinators.

- a. Bee Restrictions. Any pesticide that is toxic to bees shall not be applied to any agricultural crop when such crop is in bloom or when bees are actively foraging on blooming weeds in the crop being sprayed except during the period beginning three (3) hours before sunset until three (3) hours after sunrise. (7-1-24)
- **b.** Green Pea Exception. In the counties of Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Clearwater, Idaho, Kootenai, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, and Shoshone: Green (white) pea crops may be sprayed or dusted at any time. (7-1-24)
- **c.** Other Exceptions. Pesticides may be applied at any time to sweet corn for processing, hops, potatoes, and beans other than lima beans, subject to all other applicable regulations. (7-1-24)
- **06. Deviations from Pesticide Labels and Labeling.** Any licensed professional or private applicator may deviate from pesticide label directions for use only as EPA or state laws, rules, and regulations permit. (7-1-24)
- **07. Wind Velocity Restrictions**. No person will apply pesticides in sustained wind speeds that exceed the product label directions. If a pesticide label does not state a specific wind speed limitation, pesticides will not be applied in sustained wind conditions exceeding ten (10) miles per hour. (7-1-24)
- **a.** Exceptions. Application of pesticides by injection into application site or by impregnated granules shall be made according to label directions. (7-1-24)
- **b.** Approval for Use of Other Application Techniques. Other pesticide application techniques or methods may be approved by the Director or his agent on a case-by-case basis. (7-1-24)
- **c.** Chemigation Wind Speed Precautions. Chemicals shall not be applied when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment or when chemical label restricts the use of a pesticide for wind speed.

  (7-1-24)

#### 08. Phenoxy Herbicide Restrictions.

(7-1-24)

(7-1-24)

- a. High Volatile Ester Restrictions. No aircraft pilot will apply high volatile ester formulations of 2,4-D: (7-1-24)
  - i. In Latah, Nez Perce, and Clearwater Counties in Idaho; or (7-1-24)
  - ii. Within five (5) miles of a susceptible crop or hazard area in any other county in Idaho. (7-1-24)
- iii. Waiver of the restriction in Subsections 400.08.a.i. and 400.08.a.ii. may be issued on a project-by-project basis by the Director. (7-1-24)
  - **b.** Low Volatile Ester Restrictions. No aircraft pilot will apply low volatile ester formulations of 2,4-

### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Pesticide & Chemigation Use & Application

Docket No. 02-0303-2402 PENDING RULE

D; MCPA and MCPB: (7-1-24)

- i. In Latah, Nez Perce, and Clearwater Counties in Idaho, unless ambient air temperatures are not above or expected to exceed eighty-five (85) degrees Fahrenheit within twenty-four (24) hours of the expected application time, or (7-1-24)
  - ii. Within one (1) mile of a hazard area in any other county in Idaho. (7-1-24)
- iii. Waiver of the restriction in Subsection 400.08.b.i. may be issued on a project-by-project basis by the Director. (7-1-24)
- **c.** A continuous smoke column or other device satisfactory to the Director will be employed to indicate to the pilot of any aircraft the direction and velocity of the airflow, and indicate a temperature inversion by layering of smoke, at the time and place of application when applying any formulation of 2,4-D; MCPA; MCPB and Dicamba.

  (7-1-24)
- **09. Pesticide-Fertilizer Mix Restrictions**. No person will distribute, sell, offer for sale, or hold for sale any dry pesticide incorporated in a dry blended bulk fertilizer mix. (7-1-24)
- 10. **Pesticide Drift Prohibitions**. The application of pesticides that results in drift outside of the target area is prohibited. (7-1-24)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### SUBCHAPTER D - CHEMIGATION

#### 600. GENERAL CHEMIGATION REQUIREMENTS.

- **01. Pesticides Labeled for Chemigation**. The chemigator will use only pesticides labeled for chemigation when chemigating. (7-1-24)
- **02. Monitoring Chemigation**. Licensed professional applicators that start the application of chemicals through chemigation equipment do not have to be present during the entire application, but must return to monitor the proper application at least once every four (4) hours for the duration of the application. (7-1-24)
- **03.** Chemigation Equipment Standards. Equipment will be placed on the Department's list of approved chemigation equipment after the manufacturers provide to the Department verification that the equipment meets the standards in the Department's chemigation protocol. Prior to chemigating, all chemigation systems must meet the requirements outlined in the Department's chemigation protocol. Chemigation system requirements are defined by the Department's chemigation system requirements protocol and the standards established in these rules.
- O4. Chemigating Over Waters of the State. Shall be prohibited, except for variances allowed in (7-1-24)

601. -- 649<u>999</u>. (RESERVED)

#### 650. IRRIGATION SYSTEMS.

Defined in the ISDA Chemigation System Requirement Protocol document located at the department website at www.agri.idaho.gov. (7-1-24)

651. 999. (RESERVED)

#### **IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

# 02.04.03 – RULES GOVERNING ANIMAL INDUSTRY DOCKET NO. 02-0403-2401 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 69-231, 22-3418, 22-3419, 22-3421, 22-103 (20), 25-203, 25-207, 25-207B, 25-212, 25-804, 25-3704, and 22-5404, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order. This rule clarifies the procedure for disease control of livestock and other animals into, within, and out of the state, procedures for prevention, control, and eradication of diseases among animals in the state of Idaho, and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 40-60.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government only provides standards and best practices for certain diseases and programs implemented under this rule. The federal government does not regulate animals within the state. This activity is defined in Idaho Code. The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

DATED this 1st day of January, 2025.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 69-231, 22-3418, 22-3419, 22-3421, 22-103 (20), 25-203, 25-207, 25-207B, 25-212, 25-804, 25-3704, 22-5404, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order.

The rule was reviewed over the course of two negotiated rulemaking meetings, and that review benefited from the participation of program stakeholders. No negative comments were submitted as part of this rulemaking process.

This rule clarifies the procedure for disease control of livestock and other animals into, within, and out of the state, procedures for prevention, control, and eradication of diseases among animals in the state of Idaho, and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 41 and 42.

Docket No. 02-0403-2401 PENDING RULE

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The Incorporation by Reference Section has been updated to remove four documents that are unnecessary in the rule as they are already included in the Code of Federal Regulations as they are federal program diseases, included in Idaho Code, or include standards that are impractical.

The following documents are no longer referenced:

- A. The USDA Pseudorabies Eradication State Federal Industry Program Standards
- B. National Poultry Improvement Plant and Auxiliary Provisions
- D. The Compendium of Animal Rabies Prevention and Control
- E. Equine Viral Arteritis Uniform Methods and Rules

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government only provides standards and best practices for certain diseases and programs implemented under this rule. The federal government does not regulate animals within the state. This activity is defined in Idaho Code.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR DOCKET NO. 02-0403-2401

#### 02.04.03 - RULES GOVERNING ANIMAL INDUSTRY

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Sections 22-103(20), 25-203, 25-207, 25-207B, 25-212, and 25-804, 25-3704 Idaho Code.

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

91. Title. The title of this chapter is "Rules Governing Animal Industry." (3 15-22)

Docket No. 02-0403-2401 PENDING RULE

**82.** Scope. These rules govern procedures for the prevention, control and eradication of diseases among the animals in the state of Idaho and the declaration of an animal health emergency.

#### 002. -- 010. (RESERVED)

#### 011. ABBREVIATIONS.

01.	<b>APHIS.</b> Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.	(3-15-22)
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**02.** CFR. Code of Federal Regulations. (3-15-22)

03. CVI. Certificate of Veterinary Inspection.

**04.** NASAHO. National Assembly of State Animal Health Officials.

**035.** USDA. United States Department of Agriculture. (3-15-22)

**046.** VS. Veterinary Services. (3-15-22)

012. -- 103. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER A – ANIMAL INDUSTRY

#### 104. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference and apply only to Subchapter A, Sections 110-460:

(3-15-22)

#### 01. Incorporated Documents.

(3-15-22)

**a.** The USDA Pseudorabies Eradication State-Federal-Industry Program Standards, November 1, 2003, which can be viewed online at <a href="http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal\_health/animal\_diseases/pseudorabies/downloads/program\_stds.pdf">https://www.aphis.usda.gov/sites/default/files/prv\_program\_standards.pdf</a>.

(3-15-22)(

- b. National Poultry Improvement Plan and Auxiliary Provisions, February 12, 2008, which can be viewed online at http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/2009/E9-7240.htm. (3-15-22)
- eb. Title 9, Parts 145, 146, 147, and 161, CFR, January 1, 200824, which can be viewed online at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/CFR-2008-title9-vol1/pdf/CFR-2008-title9-vol1-chapI.pdf https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-9/chapter-I/subchapter-J/part-161.
- **d.** The Compendium of Animal Rabies Prevention and Control, 2008, which can be viewed online at <a href="http://www.nasphv.org/Documents/NASPHVRabiesCompendium.pdf">http://www.nasphv.org/Documents/NASPHVRabiesCompendium.pdf</a>. (3-15-22)
- e. Equine Viral Arteritis Uniform Methods and Rules, April 19, 2004, which can be viewed online at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/nahss/equine/eva/eva-umr.pdf. (3-15-22)

#### 105. -- 109. (RESERVED)

#### 110. **DEFINITIONS.**

In addition to the definitions found in Idaho Code Sections 25-239 and 25-802, tThe definitions in Section 110 apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter A only:

**01. Accredited Veterinarian**. A veterinarian approved by the Administrator and USDA/APHIS/VS, in accordance with the provisions of Title 9, Part 161, Code of Federal Regulations, to perform functions of State-Federal animal disease control programs. (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

Docket No. 02-0403-2401 PENDING RULE

- **02. Animal.** Any vertebrate member of the animal kingdom, except man. (3-15-22)
- **03. Approved Pseudorabies Vaccine.** Any pseudorabies vaccine produced under current USDA license and intended for immunizing swine against pseudorabies. (3-15-22)
  - **O4.** Cachexia. Weakness and emaciation caused by a serious disease such as tuberculosis or cancer. (3-15-22)
  - **05.** Epithelioma. Cancer or tumor. (3-15-22)
  - **06.** Equidae. Horses, ponies, mules, asses, and zebras. (3-15-22)
- **07. Exposed Livestock**. Any livestock that have been in contact with an animal infected with, or affected by, any contagious, infectious or communicable disease, including all livestock in a known infected herd. (3-15-22)
- **08. Gamebirds**. Domesticated gallinaceous fowl such as pheasants, partridge, quail, grouse, and guineas. (3-15-22)
- **09. Garbage**. Putrescible animal and vegetable waste containing animal parts resulting from the handling, preparation, processing, cooking or consumption of foods. (3-15-22)
  - **10. Hatching Eggs.** Fertilized eggs. (3-15-22)
- 11. Herd. A herd is a A ny group of livestock maintained on common ground for any purpose, or two (2) or more groups of livestock under common ownership or supervision, geographically separated, but which have an interchange or movement of animals without regard to whether the animals are infected with or exposed to contagious, infectious, or communicable animal diseases.
- 12. Infected Livestock. Any herd of livestock or individual animal determined to be infected with a contagious, infectious, of or communicable disease by an official test or diagnostic procedure, or diagnosed by a veterinarian as infected.
- 13. Interstate Movement. Movements of livestock and poultry from Idaho into any other state, territory or the District of Columbia or from any other state, territory or the District of Columbia into Idaho.

  (3-15-22)
- 14. Intrastate Movement. Movement of any animal from one location to another location within Idaho. (3-15-22)
- 15. Known Infected Herd. Any herd in which any livestock has been determined to be infected with contagious, infectious, or communicable diseases by an official test or diagnostic procedure, or diagnosed by a veterinarian as being infected.

  (3-15-22)
- 165. Livestock. Swine, cattle, sheep, goats, equidae, domestic bison, domestic cervidae, camelids, ratites, and other domestically raised animals. (3-15-22)
  - 176. Necrosis. Death of tissue. (3-15-22)
  - **187. Negative.** An animal that has been tested with official test procedures and is found to be negative. (3-15-22)
  - 198. Neoplastic Tissue. New growth or tissue associated with a tumor. (3-15-22)
- **2019. Official Pseudorabies Test.** Any test for the diagnosis of pseudorabies that has been approved by USDA/APHIS and is conducted by a state/federal approved laboratory. (3-15-22)

- **240. Orbital Region**. The cavity containing the eye and surrounding bones. (3-15-22)
- - 232. Poultry. Domesticated fowl, including chickens, turkeys, waterfowl, and gamebirds. (3-15-22)
- **243. Pseudorabies**. The contagious, infectious, and communicable disease of livestock and other animals also known as Aujeszky's disease, mad itch or infectious paralysis. (3-15-22)
- **254. Quarantine.** A written order, or a verbal order followed by a written order, executed by the Administrator, to confine or hold animals on a premise or any other location, and to prevent movement of animals from a premise or any other location when the Administrator has determined that the animals have been found or are suspected to be exposed to or infected with any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, or the animals are not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. (3-15-22)
- **265. Quarantined Area.** The counties, areas, or districts, portions thereof, quarantined by the Division of Animal Industries for specific contagious, infectious, or communicable animal diseases. (3-15-22)
- **276. Quarantined.** Isolation of all animals diseased or exposed thereto, from contact with healthy animals and exclusion of such healthy animals from enclosures or grounds where said diseased or exposed animals are, or have been kept. (3-15-22)
- **287. Ratites.** Large, non-flying birds including, but not limited to ostriches, emus, cassowaries, and rheas. (3-15-22)
- 29. Registered Veterinarians. Veterinarians registered with, and approved by, the Division of Animal Industries to collect Trichomoniasis samples for official Trichomoniasis culture testing.

  (3-15-22)
- **3028. Restrain**. The confinement of livestock, or other animals, in a chute, or other device, for the purpose of efficiently, effectively, and safely inspecting, treating, vaccinating, or testing, as approved by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **3129. Stockyards.** A facility where trading in livestock is carried on, where yarding, feeding and watering places are provided by the stockyards or transportation companies, or where livestock associations or similar companies maintain corrals for feeding, shearing, dipping and separating animals. (3-15-22)
  - **320. Suppuration.** The formation of pus. (3-15-22)
- 331. Suspect. An animal that has a response to an official test, but the response is not sufficient to determine confirm the disease status of the animal tested.
  - **342. Swine**. All breeds of domestic porcine and all wild and exotic porcine. (3-15-22)
- **353. Swine Feedlot**. Premises designed and used exclusively for the finish feeding of swine, from which the swine will be moved directly to slaughter. (3-15-22)
  - **364.** Waterfowl. Domesticated fowl that normally swim such as ducks and geese. (3-15-22)
  - 37. Wildfowl. Wild gallinaceous fowl, turkeys, and waterfowl. (3-15-22)

#### 111. ABBREVIATIONS.

- **01.** AGID. Agar gel immunodiffusion. (3-15-22)
- **02. c-ELISA**. Competitive Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay. (3-15-22)

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03.	EIA. Equine Infectious Anemia.	(3-15-22)
04.	NPIP. National Poultry Improvement Plan.	(3-15-22)
112 113.	(RESERVED)	
	LES FOR OFFICIAL REGULATORY TESTS. collect samples, in Idaho, for official regulatory tests except:	(3-15-22)
01.	Accredited Veterinarians.	(3-15-22)
02.	State or Federal Animal Health Officials.	(3-15-22)

#### 115. QUARANTINE.

03.

The Administrator and all state and federal animal health officials are authorized to quarantine any animals affected or infected with, or exposed to any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease where such animals are found, or quarantine to a place designated by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

- Written Notice. The owner or person in charge of the quarantined animals shall be given written notice of the quarantine.

  (3-15-22)
- **O2.** Acknowledgment of Quarantine. A quarantine is valid whether or not it is acknowledged by the signature of the owner or person in charge of the quarantined animals.

  (3-15-22)
- 93. Disposition of Quarantined Animals. No quarantined animals shall be moved, treated, or disposed of without the written approval of the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **94. Hold Order.** A hold order is a form of quarantine that may be used to restrict the movement of animals while the disease status of the animals is being investigated.

  (3-15-22)

#### 1165. -- 119. (RESERVED)

#### 120. DISINFECTION OF PREMISES, BUILDINGS AND VEHICLES.

Persons Approved by the Administrator.

The Administrator is authorized to order the cleaning and disinfecting of any-barns, sheds, stockyards, railroad cars, ferryboats and other vehicles, feed yards, stable, pens, corrals, lanes and premises facilities, equipment, or vehicles which have been used in confining, trailing handling, or transporting any animals exposed to, affected by, or infected with any contagious, infectious, or communicable diseases.

(3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

- **O1.** Supervision of Cleaning and Disinfection. State or federal animal health officials <u>may</u> supervise <u>and/or verify</u> the cleaning and disinfecting of such premises or conveyances. (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- **Owner Responsibility**. The owner of such premises or conveyances, is responsible for cleaning and disinfecting when directed to do so by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- 03. Moving Contaminated Vehicle. Any conveyance that has contained eattle, swine or other livestock exposed to, or affected by, any contagious, infectious or communicable disease, may not be moved for any purpose unless the Administrator has approved the movement in writing, prior to the movement occurring. (3-15-22)
- 44. Yards and Other Premises. Yards and other premises which have contained eattle, swine or other livestock exposed to, or affected by, any contagious, infectious or communicable disease shall not be used in connection with the movement of healthy animals until the said yards and premises have been cleaned and disinfected, under state or federal supervision, as directed by the Administrator.

  (3-15-22)
  - **053. Disinfectants**. Only disinfectants approved by USDA or the Administrator may be used. (3-15-22)

(3-15-22)

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#### 121. -- <del>124.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 125. TRANSIT INSPECTION.

When deemed necessary, movements of animals will be stopped in transit for inspection. If the animals are suspected of being infected with or exposed to any contagious, infectious or communicable disease, all persons having control of the transportation or movement of the animals shall cease the movement of the animals upon receipt of an order from state or federal animal health officials.

(3-15-22)

#### <del>126.</del>—129. (RESERVED)

#### 130. SLAUGHTERING OF DISEASED ANIMALS.

- **01. Authorized by Law.** When, in order to prevent the spread of contagious, infectious or communicable disease, it becomes necessary to slaughter any diseased or exposed livestock, the purchase of such livestock by the state is authorized by law, and an appropriation is available therefore, the value of the livestock is ascertained and compensation made therefore in accordance with the rules hereinafter provided. (3-15-22)
- **02. Not Authorized by Law**. When, in order to prevent the spread of or to eradicate any contagious, infectious or communicable disease among any animals of this state, it becomes necessary to slaughter or destroy any diseased or exposed animals, and the purchase of such animals by the state is not authorized, and an appropriation not available therefore, the said animals shall be slaughtered under federal meat inspections rules and regulations, or destroyed and disposed of in accordance with IDAPA 02.04.17, "Rules Governing Dead Animal Movement and Disposal."

#### 131. -- 139. (RESERVED)

#### 140. INSPECTION OF ANIMALS.

When animals are being inspected by a state or federal animal health official, proper facilities for restraining the animals, and assistance shall be provided by the owner in order that a careful inspection may be made, and state and federal animal health officials shall not be interfered with in any manner. The owner of any animal being inspected shall assist, in any manner required, state or federal health officials and shall not interfere with the inspection.

<del>(3 15 2<u>2</u>)</del>(\_\_\_\_

#### 141. -- 144. (RESERVED)

#### 145. CERTIFICATES OF VETERINARY INSPECTION.

- 01. Copies Approved Certificates. Legible copies of All certificates of veterinary inspection shall be submitted to the Division of Animal Industries must be an electronic CVI approved by the NASAHO and issued by an accredited veterinarian.
- **Q2.** Idaho Certificates. Accredited veterinarians in Idaho shall submit legible copies of all certificates that they issue to the Division of Animal Industries within five (5) business days of issuance. (3-15-22)

#### 146. -- 149. (RESERVED)

#### 150. STATE AND FEDERAL SEALS.

No person may break, or in any way tamper with, a seal or other device applied to premises or conveyances by state or federal animal health officials, except: (3-15-22)

01. State or Federal Animal Health Officials; or (3-15-22)

**02.** Persons Designated by the Administrator. (3-15-22)

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#### 151. NOTIFICATION OF BROKEN SEALS.

Any person who discovers a state or federal seal that has been broken, tampered with, or is missing shall immediately notify the Administrator. (3-15-22)

#### 152. LIVESTOCK IDENTIFICATION REMOVAL.

No person, except persons authorized by the Administrator, may remove or tamper with any state or federal livestock identification, including but not limited to: (3-15-22)

01.	Official Vaccination Tags.	(3-15-22)
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**02.** Official Identification Tags. (3-15-22)

03. Trichomoniasis Tags. (3-15-22)

04. Identification Tattoos. (3-15-22)

#### 153. -- 199. (RESERVED)

#### 200. ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION.

- **01. License Application**. Any person desiring to practice artificial insemination of domestic animals may file an application for a license on an application form furnished by the Administrator and accompanied by a license fee of twenty-five (\$25) dollars. (3-15-22)
- 02. Training. Each applicant is required to take a course of training in artificial insemination at the place and time designated by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
  - 03. Examination. Examinations are in writing and focused on the skill of artificial insemination.
    (3-15-22)
- **Q4.** Passing Examination. To be granted a license to practice artificial insemination applicants must answer correctly seventy five percent (75%) of all questions asked. (3-15-22)
- **052. Temporary License**. Temporary license to practice artificial insemination under the direct supervision of a licensed inseminator or veterinarian may be granted by the administrator, until such time as the next insemination course and examination is given. (3-15-22)
- **66.** License Expiration. Licenses expire on the 30th day of June of each year, and all persons holding a license shall renew their license on or before the 1st day of July of each year.

  (3-15-22)
- **67.** License Renewal. Each license renewal is to be addressed to the Administrator and accompanied by a renewal license fee of five dollars (\$5). (3-15-22)
- **88.** Renewal Delinquency. Licenses not renewed by the 1st day of October following the date of delinquency are canceled. (3-15-22)
- **810**, Idaho Code:

  Issuance Denial. The Administrator may refuse to issue or renew a license pursuant to Section 25-810, Idaho Code:

#### 201. -- 209. (RESERVED)

#### 210. CANCER EYE - EPITHELIOMA.

Any animal offered for sale and found to be affected with epithelioma of the eye or of the orbital region in which the eye has been destroyed or obscured by neoplastic tissue and which shows extensive infection, suppuration and necrosis, usually accompanied with foul odor, or any animal affected with epithelioma of the eye or the orbital region which, regardless of extent, is accompanied with cachexia shall not be sold for slaughter for human consumption. All such animals shall be humanely euthanized, or disposed of for immediate slaughter directly to:

(3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_\_)

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#### **01.** Animal Rendering Plants; or

(3-15-22)

**02.** Fur Farms. Fur or mink farm or other establishment as approved by the Administrator. (3-15-22)

#### 211. EPITHELIOMA -- PUBLIC LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Any animal entering a public livestock market that is affected, as described in Section 210 of this rule, shall be held only in the quarantine pen and sold only there from.

(3-15-22)

#### 212. -- <del>219.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 220. RABIES.

The Administrator is authorized to develop and implement a plan for rabies control in any portion of this state.

(3.15.22)

- **Q1.** Reporting. It is hereby made the duty of all persons practicing veterinary medicine in this state, or owners or persons in charge of animals, to report to the Administrator, by telephone, facsimile, or electronic mail, all cases of rabies within forty-eight (48) hours.

  (3-15-22)
  - 02. Discharging Authority. State and federal animal health officials are authorized and empowered to:
    (3-15-22)
- a. Inspect, quarantine, treat, condemn, slaughter and dispose of any animals affected or infected with or exposed to rabies.

  (3-15-22)
  - b. Quarantine, clean and disinfect all premises where such animals have been kept. (3-15-22)
  - e. Call upon sheriffs, constables and other peace officers to assist them in the discharge of their duties.

    (3-15-22)

#### **221.**—229. (RESERVED)

#### 230. BIOLOGICALS.

Veterinary serums, vaccines, recombinant vaccines, bacterins, biologic remedies, diagnostic agents, immunoassay agents and diagnostic probes ("biologicals") used in the treatment or diagnosis of disease of livestock, poultry, domestic animals, fish or fur bearing animals shall not be imported into or sold, distributed, or used within the state of Idaho unless such serum, vaccines, recombinant vaccines, bacterins, biologic remedies, diagnostic agents, immunoassay agents and diagnostic probes biologicals have been produced under a license by the United States Department of Agriculture and the manufacturers shall have a permit issued by the Idaho Department of Agriculture, Division of Animal Industries.

#### 231. -- <del>239.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 240. POULTRY AND RATITES.

Any person producing poultry or ratites for any of the following uses, is required to be in compliance with the NPIP program:

(3-15-22)

- 01. Sale of Live Birds or Hatching Eggs. The sale of live birds or hatching eggs; or (3-15-22)
- **Q2.** Release of Live Birds. Release of live birds, such as hunting clubs, hunting preserves, or dog trials; or the release of live birds into the wild. (3-15-22)

#### 241. RECORD REQUIREMENTS.

In addition to meeting the record keeping requirements of the NPIP program, all NPIP participants shall forward a copy of their annual flock qualification test results to the Division of Animal Industries within fifteen (15) days of the completion of testing.

(3-15-22)

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#### 242. INSPECTIONS.

The premises where participants in the NPIP program raise poultry or ratites shall be inspected at least once each ealendar year by state or federal animal health officials.

(3-15-22)

**91.** Seheduling of Inspections. State or federal animal health officials will attempt to notify the NPIP participant prior to any inspection and schedule the annual inspections in advance with the NPIP participant.

(3-15-22)

**192.** Inspecting Records. During normal business hours, state or federal animal health officials are authorized to inspect, review, and copy any poultry or ratite records deemed necessary to ensure compliance with these rules. State or federal animal health officials will attempt to notify the owner or operator of the premises where records are kept prior to inspecting records.

(3-15-22)

#### 243. NPIP CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION.

The Division of Animal Industries will issue NPIP participation certificates annually to the owners of poultry and ratites that meet the following requirements:

(3-15-22)

- **Records.** Each NPIP participant must have on file records of their flock qualification testing; and
- **02.** Inspection Forms. Each NPIP participant shall have on file a copy of the annual inspection form from the previous year documenting compliance with the NPIP program.

  (3-15-22)

#### **244. 249.** (RESERVED)

#### 250. EQUIDAE -- EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA.

Official tests for EIA include the AGID test, the C-ELISA test, and other EIA tests approved by USDA or the Administrator. (3-15-22)

- **01. Blood Samples**. Equine blood samples collected for official EIA tests shall be collected by a state or federal animal health official or an accredited veterinarian who is licensed in the state in which the animal being tested is located. (3-15-22)
- **Official Samples.** Official EIA test samples shall be accompanied to the testing laboratory by an official EIA-test report on submission form approved by USDA or the Administrator which is recorded the name and address of the owner or person in charge of the animal, the breed, sex, age and includes the physical description and identification of the animal being tested. Identification includes identifying tattoos, brands, color and distinctive markings. The accredited veterinarian or animal health official collecting the EIA test samples shall record the date the samples were collected and affix his signature to the official EIA test report.

  (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- **03. Official Tests.** Official EIA tests shall be conducted in a laboratory approved by USDA or the state of Idaho to conduct EIA tests. (3-15-22)

#### 251. EIA IS A REPORTABLE DISEASE.

All laboratories conducting EIA tests on Idaho origin equidae and all veterinarians who diagnose EIA in Idaho equidae shall report positive results of all EIA tests and diagnoses to the Administrator of Animal Industries within twenty-four (24) hours of such test or diagnosis. Negative test results shall be reported within forty eight (48) hours.

(3-15-22)

#### 252. EIA INFECTED ANIMALS.

Any equidae which are positive to an official EIA test are to be declared infected with EIA and designated as an EIA reactor. The Administrator may require or recommend a re-test of EIA reactors in order to confirm infection or identification of the animal. In cases where a confirmatory test is conducted, the final determination of infection will be delayed until the results of the confirmatory test are available. The animal on which a confirmatory test is to be conducted will be placed under an official Hold Order until the results of the confirmatory test are available.

(3-15-22)

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#### 253. DISPOSITION OF EIA REACTORS.

Equidae found to be infected with EIA shall:

(3-15-22)

- **01. Quarantined.** Be quarantined to the premises where the animal was found to be infected, the owner's premises, or another premises that is approved by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
  - **02. Duration of Quarantine**. Remain under quarantine until it is: (3-15-22)
  - a. Consigned to slaughter at a USDA approved equine slaughter establishment; or (3-15-22)
  - **b.** Euthanized and buried or incinerated; or (3-15-22)
  - **c.** Donated to a university or other research facility for use in EIA research projects. (3-15-22)

#### 254. ISOLATION OF EIA REACTORS.

The quarantine premises or area for EIA reactors shall provide no less than two-hundred (200) yards separation from all other equidae. The quarantine area and quarantined animals therein may be monitored periodically by state or federal animal health officials to ensure that provisions of the quarantine are being met. (3-15-22)

#### 255. IDENTIFICATION OF EIA REACTORS.

All equidae found to be infected with EIA shall be identified with an "82 A", at least two (2) inches high, hot iron or freeze brand on the left neck or left shoulder of the animal. Identification as an EIA reactor shall be accomplished within fifteen (15) days of notification that the animal is infected with EIA. (3-15-22)

#### 256. EXPOSED EQUIDAE.

EIA exposed equidae may include all equidae that are held within two-hundred (200) yards of the location where an EIA reactor is or was maintained. (3-15-22)

**01. Hold Order**. Exposed equidae shall be placed under a Hold Order until the animals have been tested negative to EIA at least sixty (60) days after the last reactor animal has been removed from the premises.

(3-15-22)

**02. Movement of Exposed Equids**. Individual exposed equids, which have not had a negative sixty (60) day test, may be allowed to move under Hold Order for specific purposes if they have a negative EIA test prior to movement. Such movement shall not be for longer than fifteen (15) days. (3-15-22)

#### 257. EXTENDED VALIDITY EQUINE CERTIFICATES.

Provided there is a written agreement between the Administrator and the chief livestock sanitary official of the state of destination, Idaho origin equidae may be moved from Idaho for shows, rides, or other equine events and return to Idaho on an extended validity equine certificate under a state system of equine certification acceptable to the Administrator and the state of destination. The Administrator may authorize the movement of equidae into or out of Idaho on extended validity equine certificates system approved by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_\_)

#### 258. -- 299. (RESERVED)

#### 300. FOREIGN ANIMAL AND REPORTABLE DISEASES.

It is the duty of all persons in Idaho to <u>immediately</u> report to the Administrator <u>immediately</u>, by telephone, facsimile, or electronic mail, any lesions or symptoms resembling any of the foreign animal and reportable diseases listed in Subchapter A, that they may find existing among the <u>if observed in any</u> animals in Idaho. The Administrator may add a foreign animal and reportable disease by issuing an administrative order explaining in writing the reasons for requiring the disease to be reported.

(3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

#### 301. FOREIGN ANIMAL AND REPORTABLE DISEASES: MULTIPLE SPECIES.

01.	Anthrax.	(3-15-22)
UI.	Aninrax.	(3-13-22)

**02.** Brucellosis. (3-15-22)

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	03.	Foot and Mouth Disease.	(3-15-22)
	04.	Heartwater.	(3-15-22)
	05.	Leishmaniasis.	(3-15-22)
	06.	Plague (Yersinia pestis).	(3-15-22)
	07.	Pseudorabies.	(3-15-22)
	08.	Q Fever (Coxiella burnetti).	(3-15-22)
	09.	Rabies.	(3-15-22)
	10.	Rift Valley Fever.	(3-15-22)
	11.	Scabies.	(3-15-22)
	12.	Screw Worms.	(3-15-22)
	13.	Theileriosis.	(3-15-22)
	14.	Trypanosomiasis.	(3-15-22)
	15.	Tuberculosis.	(3-15-22)
	16.	Tularemia.	(3-15-22)
	17.	Vesicular Stomatitis.	(3-15-22)
302.	FORI	EIGN ANIMALAND REPORTABLE DISEASES: AVIAN DISEA	SES.
	01.	Avian Influenza.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Avian Chlamydiosis (Psittacosis).	(3-15-22)
	03.	Exotic Newcastle Disease.	(3-15-22)
303.	FORI	EIGN ANIMALAND REPORTABLE DISEASES: BOVINE DISE	EASES.
	01.	Babesiosis.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Bovine Brucellosis (B. abortus).	(3-15-22)
	03.	Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy.	(3-15-22)
	04.	Bovine Tuberculosis.	(3-15-22)
	05.	Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia.	(3-15-22)
	06.	Crimean Congo Hemorrhagic Fever.	(3-15-22)
	07.	Lumpy Skin Disease.	(3-15-22)
	08.	Malignant Catarrhal Fever (Foreign Type).	(3-15-22)

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	09.	Rinderpest.	(3-15-22)
	10.	Trichomoniasis.	(3-15-22)
<b>304.</b> Chroni		EIGN ANIMAL AND REPORTABLE DISEASES: CERVIDAE DISE ag Disease is a reportable disease.	<b>ASES.</b> (3-15-22)
305.	FORI	EIGN ANIMALAND REPORTABLE DISEASES: EQUINE DISEAS	ES.
	01.	African Horse Sickness.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Contagious Equine Metritis.	(3-15-22)
	03.	Dourine.	(3-15-22)
	04.	Equine Encephalomyelitis (Eastern, Western, Venezuelan).	(3-15-22)
	05.	Equine Infectious Anemia.	(3-15-22)
	06.	Equine Piroplasmosis (Babesiosis).	(3-15-22)
	07.	Equine Viral Arteritis.	(3-15-22)
	08.	Glanders.	(3-15-22)
	09.	Hendra Virus.	(3-15-22)
	10.	Japanese Encephalitis.	(3-15-22)
	11.	Surra (Trypanosoma evansi).	(3-15-22)
306.	FORI	EIGN ANIMALAND REPORTABLE DISEASES: FISH DISEASES.	
	01.	Asian Tapeworm of Carp.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Oncorhynchus Masou Virus Disease.	(3-15-22)
	03.	Spring Viremia of Carp.	(3-15-22)
	04.	Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia.	(3-15-22)
<b>307.</b> Rabbit		EIGN ANIMAL AND REPORTABLE DISEASES: LAGOMORPH DI hagic Disease is a reportable disease.	ISEASES. (3-15-22)
308.	FORI	EIGN ANIMAL AND REPORTABLE DISEASES: SHEEP AND GOA	T DISEASES.
	01.	Contagious Caprine Pleuropneumonia.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Nairobi Sheep Disease.	(3-15-22)
	03.	Ovine Brucellosis (B. melitensis).	(3-15-22)
	04.	Peste des Petits Ruminants.	(3-15-22)
	05.	Scrapie.	(3-15-22)
	06.	Sheep and Goat Pox.	(3-15-22)

309.	FORE	IGN ANIMAL AND REPORTABLE DISEASES: SWINE DISEASES.	
	01.	African Swine Fever.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Classical Swine Fever (Hog Cholera).	(3-15-22)
	03.	Enterovirus Encephalitis (Teschen Disease).	(3-15-22)
	04.	Nipah Virus Encephalitis.	(3-15-22)
	05.	Porcine Brucellosis (B. suis).	(3-15-22)
	06.	Swine Vesicular Disease.	(3-15-22)
310	329.	(RESERVED)	
Admini	erinarian istrator. T the reaso	FIABLE DISEASES. s licensed to practice in Idaho shall report any notifiable diseases listed in Subchapt The Administrator may add a notifiable disease by issuing an administrative order expons for requiring the disease to be reported.	
<b>331.</b> West N		FIABLE DISEASES: MIXED SPECIES DISEASES. is a notifiable disease.	(3-15-22)
332.	NOTIF	FIABLE DISEASES: AVIAN DISEASES.	
	01.	Avian Mycoplasmosis (M. gallisepticum and M. synoviae).	(3-15-22)
	02.	Fowl Typhoid (Salmonella gallinarum).	(3-15-22)
	03.	Pullorum Disease (Salmonella pullorum).	(3-15-22)
333.	NOTIF	FIABLE DISEASES: BOVINE DISEASES.	
	01.	Hemorrhagic Septicemia (Pasteurella multocida).	(3-15-22)
	02.	Malignant Catarrhal Fever (Sheep Associated).	(3-15-22)
334.	NOTIF	FIABLE DISEASES: EQUINE DISEASES.	
	01.	Equine Herpesvirus Myeloencephalopathy.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Equine Rhinopneumonitis.	(3-15-22)
335.	NOTIF	FIABLE DISEASES: FISH DISEASES.	
	01.	Epizootic Hematopoietic Necrosis.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Infectious Hematopoietic Necrosis.	(3-15-22)
	03.	Whirling Disease.	(3-15-22)
<b>336.</b> Myxom		FIABLE DISEASES: LAGOMORPH DISEASES. a notifiable disease.	(3-15-22)
337.	NOTIF	FIABLE DISEASES: SHEEP AND GOAT DISEASES.	

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	01.	Bluetongue.	(3-15-22)
	02.	Caprine Arthritis/Encephalitis (CAE).	(3-15-22)
	03.	Caseous Lymphadenitis.	(3-15-22)
	04.	Contagious Agalactia (Mycoplasma spp.).	(3-15-22)
	05.	Enzootic Abortion (Chlamydia psittici).	(3-15-22)
	06.	Footrot.	(3-15-22)
	07.	Haemonchus Contortus (drug-resistant).	(3-15-22)
	08.	Johne's Disease.	(3-15-22)
	09.	Maedi-Visna/Ovine Progressive Pneumonia (OPP).	(3-15-22)
	10.	Ovine Epididymitis (Brucella ovis).	(3-15-22)
	11.	Toxoplasma Gondii Abortion.	(3-15-22)
	12.	Vibrionic Abortion (Campylobacter fetus).	(3-15-22)
338.	NOTI	FIABLE DISEASES: SWINE DISEASES.	
	01.	Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome (PRRS).	(3-15-22)
	02.	Transmissible Gastroenteritis.	(3-15-22)
339	- <del>359.</del>	<del>(RESERVED)</del>	
<del>360.</del>	ACTI	NOMYCOSIS (LUMP JAW).	
manne	<del>01.</del> er transfe	Selling Diseased Animal. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly sell, or ownership to another person any animal infected or affected with the person is in the control of the disease shows well marked clinical symptoms, or is in the	offer for sale, or in any

actinomycosis or lump jaw if the disease shows well marked clinical symptoms, or is in the advanced stage, except for immediate slaughter, and then only in accordance with the meat inspection rules and regulations of the USDA.

(3-15-22)

92. Public Livestock Markets. Animals showing well marked clinical symptoms or in the advanced stage of actinomycosis or lump jaw passing through public livestock markets shall be placed and sold only from quarantine pens.

(3-15-22)

#### <del>361.</del> 399. (RESERVED)

#### 400. GARBAGE FEEDING.

No person shall feed garbage to swine.

(3-15-22)

- 01. Household Wastes. Private household wastes not removed from the premises where produced is not considered garbage. (3-15-22)
- **102.** Inspection and Investigation. The Administrator is authorized to enter upon any private or public property for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the feeding of garbage to swine.

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(3 - 15 - 22)

#### 4010. PSEUDORABIES -- PROCEDURES FOR CONTROL AND ERADICATION.

- **91.** Laboratories. Blood, serum, tissues, or other samples are to be tested only by state/federal-approved laboratories. (3-15-22)
- **82.** Supervision. State or federal veterinarians will supervise pseudorabies control and eradication efforts. (3-15-22)
- 03. Quarantines. Any herd in which any livestock has been determined to be infected with pseudorabies by an official pseudorabies test or diagnosed by a veterinarian as having pseudorabies will be placed under official state quarantine for pseudorabies.

  (3-15-22)
- **801.** Sale of Infected Animals. All swine on pseudorabies-infected premises shall be sold for slaughter under permit within fifteen (15) days of diagnosis.
- b. Livestock, other than swine, on pseudorabies infected premises shall be confined to the premises for a period of ten (10) days after the swine herd is sold for slaughter. Livestock, other than swine can, under permit, be moved to a separate holding area and be released from quarantine after a period of ten (10) days, if no signs of pseudorabies occur in the animals.

  (3-15-22)
- **402.** Pseudorabies-Vaccine. No person shall import into Idaho, possess, use, keep, buy, sell, offer for sale, barter, exchange, give away, or otherwise dispose of any pseudorabies vaccine without written permission from the Administrator.

#### 403. VACCINATED SWINE.

No person shall import into Idaho any swine that have been vaccinated for Pseudorabies.

(3.15.22)

#### <del>404. 419.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 420. ERADICATION METHODS.

USDA Program Standards apply to elimination of pseudorabies from a herd.

(3.15.22)

#### 421. 429. (RESERVED)

4303. Identification Oof Infected and Exposed Swine. All seropositive and infected swine are to be individually identified by placing a reactor ear tag in the left ear of the animal and recording the tag number on all movement documents. Identification shall be accomplished within five (5) days of the date the animals were being reported as positive or infected. All exposed swine removed from the premises of origin are to be administered official identification in the right ear of the animal prior to removal. Individual identification may be waived for swine moving directly to slaughter, on a permit, in a sealed vehicle.

(3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

#### 431. IDENTIFICATION OF EXPOSED SWINE.

All exposed swine that are removed from the premises of origin shall be individually identified by placing a swine identification tag in the right ear of the animal. The identification number shall be recorded on movement documents. Individual identification may be waived for swine moving directly to slaughter, on a permit, in a sealed vehicle.

<del>(3-15-22)</del>

#### 432. 449. (RESERVED)

#### 450. OUALIFIED PSEUDORABIES NEGATIVE HERDS.

The qualifying method and development of a pseudorabies negative herd shall be accomplished in accordance with the USDA Program Standards for pseudorabies.

(3-15-22)

#### 451.—459. (RESERVED)

#### 460. CLEANING AND DISINFECTION.

All pens, wherein swine are held prior to or after their sale, shall be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected within

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seventy-two (72) hours following completion of the sale or before the next sale, whichever occurs first. (3-15-22)

4601. -- 503. (RESERVED)

#### SUBCHAPTER B – ANIMAL HEALTH EMERGENCIES

#### 504. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference and apply only to Subchapter B, Sections 510-591: 9 C.F.R. § 53.2, January 1, 2002, which can be viewed online at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/CFR-2002-title9-vol1/pdf/CFR-2002-title9-vol1-sec53-2.pdf. (3-15-22)

50<u>54</u>. – 509. (RESERVED)

#### 510. **DEFINITIONS.**

The definitions in Section 510 following apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter: B only:

(3-15-22)(

**01. Animals**. All vertebrates, except humans.

- (3-15-22)
- <u>O2.</u> Animal Health Emergency. The discovery of any disease that could have a devastating impact on livestock, other animals, or people of this state, that requires immediately implementation of prevention, management, control, or eradication measures.
- **023. Conveyance.** Any type of vehicle, carrier, kennel, or trailer of any kind used to move or hold animals. (3-15-22)
  - **034. Domestic Cervidae.** Elk, fallow deer, and reindeer owned by a person. (3-15-22)
- **045. Emergency Disease.** A disease, agent or parasite that could have a devastating impact on people, animals, or the economy as determined by the Director. (3-15-22)
- **056. Epidemiology**. The study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events in specified populations, and the application of this study to control of health problems. (3-15-22)
- **067. Exposed.** Animals that have had contact with other animals, herds, or materials that have been determined to be infected with or affected by any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease. (3-15-22)
- **078. Federal Animal Health Official**. An employee of USDA/APHIS/VS who is authorized to perform animal health activities. (3-15-22)
- **089. Foreign Animal Disease**. A transmissible disease of animals, believed to not exist in the United States and its territories, as determined by USDA that has a potential significant health or economic impact.

  (3-15-22)
- **109. Infected Zone**. The geographic portion of a quarantine area, which contains all animals known to be infected with or exposed to an emergency disease as designated by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- 101. Livestock. Cattle, swine, horses, mules, asses, sheep, goats, domestic cervidae, camelids, and ratites. (3-15-22)
- **1+2. Operator.** The person who has authority to manage or direct an animal premises or conveyance and the animals thereon. (3-15-22)
- 123. Premises. The ground area, buildings, corrals, and equipment utilized to keep, hold or maintain animals. (3-15-22)
  - 134. Quarantine. A written order, executed by the Administrator, to confine or hold animals on a

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premises or any other location, where found, and prevent movement of animals from a premises or any other location when the Administrator has determined that the animals are infected with or exposed to a disease, or are not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. (3-15-22)

145. Quarantine Area. A geographic designation encompassing one (1) or more premises in one (1) or more counties, and consisting of an infected zone and a surveillance zone as determined by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

- **156. State Animal Health Official**. The Administrator, or his designee, who is responsible for disease control and eradication programs. (3-15-22)
- **167. Surveillance Zone**. The geographic portion of the quarantine area surrounding the infected zone as designated by the Administrator. (3-15-22)

#### 511. -- 52<del>0</del>1. (RESERVED)

#### 521. CIRCUMSTANCES OF AN ANIMAL HEALTH EMERGENCY.

The discovery of any emergency disease, which could have a devastating impact on the livestock, other animals, or people of this state, may constitute an animal health emergency requiring the implementation of prevention, management, control or eradication measures by state animal health officials.

(3-15-22)

#### 522. DECLARATION OF AN ANIMAL HEALTH EMERGENCY.

The Director is authorized to declare an animal health emergency upon the discovery of:

<del>(3-15-22)</del>(

- 01. Foreign Animal Disease. The discovery of any disease, parasite or agent which has been identified by the USDA/APHIS/VS as a "communicable foreign disease not known to exist in the United States"; oOr:
  - $\frac{(3-15-22)}{(3-15-22)}$
- 02. Eradicated Diseases. The discovery of any disease, parasite or agent which is not naturally occurring in or has been eradicated from Idaho, as determined by the Administrator, and which, if introduced into Idaho, would have a devastating impact on the livestock or other animals of the state; or (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- 93. Specific Diseases. The exposure to or infection of foot and mouth disease, bovine spongiform encephalopathy, chronic wasting disease, other transmissible spongiform encephalopathies, brucellosis, tuberculosis, or any foreign, exotic or emerging disease, as determined by the Administrator.

  (3-15-22)
- O4. Disease Presence. The presence of any foreign, eradicated, or specific diseases in any state in the United States, any country contiguous to the United States, or any country from which the state of Idaho receives animals or animal products may constitute an emergency.

  (3-15-22)

#### 523. OUARANTINE AUTHORITY.

State or federal animal health officials are authorized to quarantine any animal infected with or exposed to an emergency disease, or any premises, county or area of the state to prevent ingress or egress of animals, people, or vehicles in the event of an emergency disease.

(3-15-22)

#### 5243. UTILIZATION OF VACCINATION IN ANIMAL HEALTH EMERGENCIES.

The Administrator is authorized to order the strategic use of vaccinations, treatments or other remedies to reduce the risk or spread of emergency diseases. (3-15-22)

52<mark>54</mark>. -- 5<del>29</del><u>31</u>. (RESERVED)

#### 530. QUARANTINE PROCEDURES FOR AN ANIMAL HEALTH EMERGENCY.

State or federal animal health officials are authorized to place under quarantine any infected animals, exposed animals, and those animals exhibiting signs of an emergency disease. The quarantine may also include susceptible animals not yet exposed.

(3-15-22)

**Written Notice.** Written notice of quarantine will be given to the owner of the animals, or the

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owner or operator of the premises or conveyance where the animals are found.

(3-15-22)

- **Validity of Quarantine**. The quarantine is valid whether or not it is acknowledged by signature of the owner or operator.

  (3-15-22)
- **Quarantine Release.** The quarantine remains in place until a state or federal animal health official releases the quarantine in writing.

  (3-15-22)

#### 531. OUARANTINE AREA.

The Administrator may establish a quarantine area, which includes an infected zone encompassing the infected and exposed animals and premises, and a surveillance zone, based on the locations of said premises and the characteristics and epidemiology of the disease. The quarantine area may include one or more premises, all or part of a county, or all or part of the state.

(3-15-22)

#### 532. QUARANTINE AREA SECURITY.

The Administrator may limit access of people and vehicles to the quarantine area.

(3-15-22)

#### 533. QUARANTINE AREA BIO-SECURITY.

Bio-security of the quarantine area will be instituted and maintained.

(3-15-22)

- **01. Personnel**. People entering or leaving the quarantine area will follow disinfection or decontamination guidelines and procedures established by state or federal animal health officials. (3-15-22)
- **02. Vehicles and Equipment**. Vehicles and equipment moving into or out of the quarantine area will be cleaned and disinfected or decontaminated according to guidelines and procedures established by state or federal animal health officials. (3-15-22)

#### 534. ANIMAL MOVEMENT IN QUARANTINE AREA.

Animals shall not be moved into, out of, through, or within the quarantine area except by permit issued by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

#### 535. SALE OF DISEASED OR EXPOSED ANIMALS NOT ALLOWED.

Animals infected with, or susceptible animals exposed to, an emergency disease shall not be set free, sold, or in any way transferred to another person without written authorization from the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

#### 5364. EXPOSURE OF ANOTHER'S ANIMALS NOT ALLOWED.

Animals infected with or exposed to an emergency disease or any disease not known to exist in Idaho shall not be: (3-15-22)

- **01. Housed**. Housed with, or adjacent to, another person's animals that have not been previously exposed or land used for raising such animals; or (3-15-22)
- **02. Turned Out**. Turned out with, or adjacent to, another person's animals that have not been previously exposed or land used for raising such animals. (3-15-22)

#### 5375. MOVEMENT OR SALE OF ANIMAL PRODUCTS.

The Administrator may prohibit the movement or sale of products from animals infected with or exposed to an emergency disease. (3-15-22)

53<u>86</u>. -- 5<u>3940</u>. (RESERVED)

### 540. RESTRICTIONS ON ANIMALS FROM AREAS OR STATES AFFECTED BY EMERGENCY DISEASES.

The Administrator may impose restrictions on animal movement into Idaho from areas or states affected by an emergency disease as provided in IDAPA 02.04.21, "Rules Governing the Importation of Animals." (3-15-22)

#### 541. ANIMALS IN TRANSIT AT TIME OF DECLARED EMERGENCY.

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The Administrator will determine the disposition of animals in transit at the time of the declaration of an animal health emergency. (3-15-22)

542. -- <del>549.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 550. CONDEMNATION OF INFECTED, EXPOSED, OR SUSCEPTIBLE ANIMALS.

The Administrator is authorized to condemn, and order the slaughter, destruction, or other disposition of animals, infected with, exposed to, or susceptible to an emergency disease.

(3-15-22)

<del>551. -- 559.</del> <del>(RESERVED)</del>

#### 560. DEPOPULATION OF ANIMALS.

Animals infected with, exposed to, or susceptible to an emergency disease may be depopulated to control and eradicate the disease.

(3.15.22)

**91.** Preventive Slaughter or Destruction. Animals, located within the quarantine area, that are susceptible to an emergency disease may be depopulated to control or eradicate the emergency disease. (3-15-22)

**92.** Scope of Depopulation. The Administrator will determine the scope of depopulation. (3-15-22)

#### 561. METHOD OF DEPOPULATION.

The Administrator will determine the method for destruction of animals in quarantine areas. (3-15-22)

#### 562. TIME LIMIT FOR DEPOPULATION.

The Administrator will determine the time limit for depopulation of condemned animals. (3-15-22)

<del>563.</del>—569. (RESERVED)

#### 570. COMPENSATION FOR APPRAISED ANIMALS.

Owners of condemned animals will be compensated for animals ordered destroyed by the Administrator if the animals are appraised prior to depopulation, and the owner is in compliance with these rules. Compensation may be paid on animals that die or are depopulated before appraisal at the discretion of the Administrator. (3-15-22)

#### 571. COMPENSATION FOR ANIMALS DESTROYED.

State compensation is limited to appraised value less any federal indemnity and salvage value for animals condemned, and slaughtered or otherwise destroyed. (3-15-22)

#### 572. APPRAISAL PROCEDURE FOR ANIMALS DEPOPULATED.

**O1.** Animal Appraisal. Animals to be depopulated shall be appraised by a team of three (3) persons including: (3-15-22)

A representative of the Division of Animal Industries; (3-15-22)

**ba.** The owner; and (3-15-22)

eb. A person with experience marketing the species of animal as determined by the Administrator.
(3-15-22)

**02. Dispute of Appraisal.** When the appraisal price is in dispute, the Director may grant a hearing to any person, under such rules as the Department may prescribe which are in compliance with Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)

#### 573. TIME LIMIT FOR APPRAISAL.

The Administrator will determine the time limit for completing the appraisal. (3-15-22)

574<u>3</u>. -- 579. (RESERVED)

#### 580. COMPENSATION FOR LABOR EMPLOYED.

- **01. Disposal of Animals**. The Department may pay actual costs for labor employed for disposal of animals depopulated at the direction of the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **02.** Cleaning and Disinfection. The Department may pay actual costs for labor employed in the cleaning and disinfection of premises where infected or exposed animals were kept. (3-15-22)

#### 581. COMPENSATION FOR PROPERTY DESTROYED.

The Department will compensate owners for property ordered destroyed by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

- **01. Property Destroyed Otherwise**. The department may compensate owners for property otherwise destroyed as approved by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **02. Actual Value**. The Department will pay actual value of property destroyed, as determined by the Administrator, if compensation is paid. (3-15-22)

#### 582. -- <del>589.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 590. CLEANING AND DISINFECTION OF PREMISES.

Any premises or area where animals infected with or exposed to an emergency disease were held or kept shall be cleaned, disinfected, or decontaminated under the supervision and at the direction of state or federal animal health officials within the time limit established by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

#### 591. CLEANING AND DISINFECTION OF ANIMAL CONVEYANCE.

Any conveyance used to hold or transport animals infected with or exposed to an emergency disease shall be cleaned, disinfected, or decontaminated under the supervision and at the direction of state or federal animal health officials within the time limit established by the Administrator.

(3-15-22)

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<del>592.</del> 999. (RESERVED)

#### **IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

## 02.04.05 – RULES GOVERNING GRADE A MILK AND MANUFACTURE GRADE MILK DOCKET NO. 02-0405-2401

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 37-303, 37-402, 37-405, and 37-516, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

The proposed rule updates changes in federal code regarding pasteurized milk ordinances, methods of making sanitation rating milk shippers, evaluation of milk laboratories, and procedures governing the cooperative state-public health service/Food and Drug Administration Program of the National Conference on Interstate Milk Shippers. This rule governs procedures for the design, construction, production, manufacture, distribution, handling, storage, quality, analysis and sale of Grade A Milk and Manufacture Grade Milk and Milk Products to ensure safe and wholesome dairy products.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 61-63.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does regulate Grade A Milk and Manufacture Grade Milk. Idaho Code mimics federal regulation to ensure compliance with federal law. This activity is defined in Idaho Code. The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at <a href="https://www.agri.idaho.gov">www.agri.idaho.gov</a>.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY**: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 37-303, 37-402, 37-405, AND 37-516, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates changes in federal code regarding pasteurized milk ordinances, methods of making sanitation rating milk shippers, evaluation of milk laboratories, and procedures governing the cooperative state-public health service/Food and Drug Administration Program of the National Conference on Interstate Milk Shippers. This rule governs procedures for the design, construction, production, manufacture, distribution, handling, storage, quality, analysis and sale of Grade A Milk and Manufacture Grade Milk and Milk Products to ensure safe and wholesome dairy products.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because these changes are to the publication dates of documents that were already incorporated into these rules.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

#### PMO- Pasteurized Milk Ordinances:

The standards for continuous water disinfection using Ultraviolet (UV) treatment have been relaxed, particularly for water used in dairy production.

New labeling requirements have been introduced for homeopathic drugs, which previously did not have any labeling guidelines.

The PMO has removed the requirements for lighting and ventilation in Automated Milking Installations (AMIs). Previously, AMIs were required to have positive air ventilation systems in operation during the cleaning or sanitizing of the milking system.

MMSR- Methods of Making Sanitation Rating Milk Shippers:

Ratings are now due by the last day of the month; prior ratings were due exactly on the anniversary date from the last rating.

A proposal eliminates the evaluation of the Milking Time Inspection program for dairy farms from the calculations of enforcement ratings under Part I. Prior version required an Inspection of a producer while milking and not milking.

A proposal included additional pertinent animal health information to be updated within the MMSR. This information included the specific testing requirements and current language within Section 8 of the PMO with regards to Tuberculosis and Brucellosis testing for animals intended for Grade "A" milk production.

#### EML-Evaluation of Milk Laboratories:

No Proposals were passed that addressed changes to the Evaluation of Milk Laboratories (EML). Procedures Governing the Cooperative State-Public Health Service/ Food and Drug Administration Program of the National Conference on Interstate Milk Shipments

A proposal formalizes the NCIMS Aseptic Program Committee (APC) as a standing committee in accordance with the NCIMS Constitution and Bylaws

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does regulate Grade A Milk and Manufacture Grade Milk. Idaho Code mimics federal regulation to ensure compliance with federal law. This activity is defined in Idaho Code.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0405-2401

#### 02.04.05 - RULES GOVERNING GRADE A MILK AND MANUFACTURE GRADE MILK

#### 104. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

All Grade A Milk and Milk Products shall comply with the provisions set forth in the following documents incorporated by reference in this Subchapter A only:

(3-15-22)

- **O2.** Evaluation of Milk Laboratories. The Evaluation of Milk Laboratories, 201923 revision, published by the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Food and Drug Administration. Available online at <a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/137754/download/">https://www.fda.gov/media/137754/download/</a> <a href="https:/
- 03. Methods of Making Sanitation Ratings of Milk Shippers, and the Certifications/Listings of Single-Service Containers and/or Closures for Milk and/or Milk Products Manufactures. The Methods of Making Sanitation Ratings of Milk Shippers, and the Certifications/Listings of Single-Service Containers and/or Closures for Milk and/or Milk Products Manufactures, 201923 revision, published by the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Food and Drug Administration. Available online at <a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/180976/download?attachment">https://www.fda.gov/media/180976/download?attachment</a>. (3-15-22)(</a>

#### IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### 02.04.15 – RULES GOVERNING BEEF CATTLE ANIMAL FEEDING OPERATIONS DOCKET NO. 02-0415-2401

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-110 and 22-4903, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rulemaking is being facilitated to remove now redundant language that is included in the Environmental & Nutrient Management Rule that underwent Zero Based Regulation (ZBR) review in 2023 and was approved by the Idaho Legislature in 2024. This rule was last open for ZBR review in 2022.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 64-68.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule implements the requirements of the Beef Cattle Environmental Control Act, as defined in Title 22, Chapter 49, Idaho Code. The federal government does have regulatory authority over the permitting of discharges from beef cattle animal feeding operations, which is implemented by the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Idaho Pollution Discharge Elimination System (IPDES) program. The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at <a href="https://www.agri.idaho.gov">www.agri.idaho.gov</a>.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-110 and 22-4903, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rulemaking is being facilitated to remove now redundant language that is included in the Environmental & Nutrient Management Rule that underwent Zero Based Regulation (ZBR) review in 2023 and was approved by the Idaho Legislature in 2024. This rule was last open for ZBR review in 2022.

The rule was reviewed over the course of one negotiated rulemaking meeting, and that review benefited from the participation of program stakeholders. No negative comments were submitted as part of this rulemaking process.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 43 and 44.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The 1997 United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Agricultural Waste

#### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations

Docket No. 02-0415-2401 PENDING RULE

Management Field Handbook was added as an attachment to the ISDA website. The referenced web address change reflected this.

The 1999 Publication by the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service, Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590 was removed to be consistent with rule changes approved by the Idaho Legislature in the 2024 session.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule implements the requirements of the Beef Cattle Environmental Control Act, as defined in Title 22, Chapter 49, Idaho Code. The federal government does have regulatory authority over the permitting of discharges from beef cattle animal feeding operations, which is implemented by the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Idaho Pollution Discharge Elimination System (IPDES) program.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0415-2401

#### 02.04.15 - RULES GOVERNING BEEF CATTLE ANIMAL FEEDING OPERATIONS

#### 001 SCOPE

These rules govern the design, function, and management practices of waste systems on beef cattle animal feeding operations. Nothing in this rule affects the authority of the Department of Environmental Quality to enforce an IPDES permit for dairy farms that discharge pollutants to waters of the United States, including without limitation, the authority to issue permits, access records, conduct inspections and take enforcement actions. The provisions of this rule do not alter the requirements, liabilities, and authorities with respect to or established by the IPDES program.

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into this chapter:

(4-6-23)

01. The 1997 United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Agricultural Waste Management Field Handbook, Appendix 10 D. This document can be viewed online at <a href="http://directives.se.egov.usda.gov/OpenNonWebContent.aspx?content=17767.wba">https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/</a>

uploads/2017/08/nrcs 10d 1997.pdf.

<del>4-6-23)</del>(\_\_\_

- **O2.** Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers Specification ASAE EP393.3 Manure Storages February 2004. This document is part of a copyrighted publication and is available for viewing at the ISDA offices or a copy may be purchased online at <a href="http://www.asabe.org/">http://www.asabe.org/</a>. (4-6-23)
- 03. The 1999 Publication by the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service, Conservation Practice Standard, Nutrient Management Code 590. This can be viewed online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/nutrient Management code 590.pdf. (4-6-23)
- 043. The Phosphorus Site Index: A Systematic Approach to Assess the Risk of Nonpoint Source Pollution of Idaho Waters by Agricultural Phosphorus, 2022. This document is available online at https://agri.idaho.gov/main/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/PSIBeef.pdf. (4-6-23)

#### 003. **DEFINITIONS.**

The following definitions apply in the interpretation and enforcement of this chapter.

(4-6-23)

- **01. Animal**. Bovidae, ovidae, suidae, equidae, captive cervidae, captive antilocapridae, camelidae, and ratitidae. (4-6-23)
- **O2.** Animal Feeding Operation. A lot or facility where slaughter and feeder cattle or dairy heifers are confined and fed for a total of forty-five (45) days or more during any twelve-month (12) period and crops, vegetation forage growth, or post\_harvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot or facility.

  (4-6-23)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- **03. Compost.** A biologically stable material derived from the biological decomposition of organic matter. (4-6-23)
- **04.** Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation. An AFO that is defined as a large CAFO or as a medium CAFO by the terms of this section and designated by the Director. Two (2) or more AFOs under common ownership on contiguous property are considered to be a single AFO for the purposes of determining the number of animals at an operation, if they adjoin each other, or if they use a common area or system for the disposal of wastes.

  (4-6-23)
- **05. Discharge.** Release of process wastewater or manure from a beef cattle animal feeding operation to waters of the state. (4-6-23)
- 06. Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (IPDES). Idaho's program for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits, and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements, under these rules and the Clean Water Act sections 307, 402, 318, and 405. (4-6-23)
- **076. Land Application**. The spreading on, or incorporation of manure or process wastewater into the soil. (4-6-23)
- **087.** Large Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation. An AFO is defined as a large CAFO if it stables or confines as many as or more than the numbers of cattle specified in any of the following categories:

(4-6-23)

**a.** Seven hundred (700) mature dairy cows, whether milked or dry;

(4-6-23)

**b.** One thousand (1,000) veal calves;

(4-6-23)

- **c.** One thousand (1,000) cattle other than mature dairy cows or veal calves. Cattle includes but is not limited to heifers, steers, bulls and cow/calf pairs; (4-6-23)
- **098. Medium Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation**. A medium CAFO includes any AFO that has been defined or designated as CAFO and stables or confines the number of cattle that fall within any of the following

#### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Beef Cattle Animal Feeding Operations

#### Docket No. 02-0415-2401 PENDING RULE

ranges: (4-6-23)

- a. Two hundred (200) to six hundred ninety-nine (699) mature dairy cows, whether milked or dry; (4-6-23)
- **b.** Three hundred (300) to nine hundred ninety-nine (999) veal calves; (4-6-23)
- **c.** Three hundred (300) to nine hundred ninety-nine (999) cattle other than mature dairy cows or veal calves. Cattle includes but is not limited to heifers, steers, bulls and cow/calf pairs; (4-6-23)
  - **1009. Operate.** Confining and feeding slaughter and feeder cattle in the state of Idaho. (4-6-23)
- **110. Operator.** The person who has power or authority to manage, or direct, or has financial control of a beef cattle animal feeding operation. (4-6-23)
- **121. Phosphorus Site Index**. A method to evaluate the relative potential for off-site movement of phosphorus from a field or pasture based upon risk factors relating to surface transport, phosphorus loss potential and nutrient management practices. (4-6-23)
- **132. Runoff.** Any precipitation that comes into contact with manure, compost, bedding, or feed on a beef cattle animal feeding operation. (4-6-23)
- 143. Slaughter and Feeder Cattle. All cattle except those cattle located on a dairy farm permitted by the Idaho State Department of Agriculture pursuant to IDAPA 02.04.14, "Rules Governing Dairy Byproduct."

  (4-6-23)
- **154. Small Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation**. An AFO that is designated as a CAFO and is not a medium or large CAFO. (4-6-23)

#### 004. ABBREVIATIONS.

- **01. AFO**. Animal Feeding Operation. (4-6-23)
- **02. CAFO**. Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation. (4-6-23)
- 03. Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. (4-6-23)
- 043. NMP. Nutrient Management Plan. (4-6-23)
- **NRCS**. United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. (4-6-23)
- 065. PSI. Phosphorus Site Index (4-6-23)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 020. WASTEWATER STORAGE AND CONTAINMENT FACILITIES.

- - a. All process wastewater generated on the facility during the non-land application season; and

(4-6-23)

b. The runoff from a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event; and

(4-6-23)

- e. Either three (3) inches of runoff from the accumulation of winter precipitation or the amount of runoff from the accumulation of precipitation from a one in five (1 in 5) year winter. (4-6-23)
- **O2.** All Substances Entering Wastewater Storage and Containment Facilities. All substances entering wastewater storage and containment facilities shall be composed of manure and process wastewater from the operation of the beef cattle AFO. The disposal of any other materials into a wastewater storage and containment facility, including, but not limited to, human waste, is prohibited. (4-6-23)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 032. NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT RECORDS.

The operators of beef cattle AFOs shall keep complete and accurate records of:

(4-6-23)

- **01.** Land Application. The dates and amounts of any manure or process wastewater applied on land owned or controlled by the operator. (4-6-23)
- **Manure Transferred to Another Person**. The name and address of any third party that receives manure or process wastewater from the operation, including the dates of the transfer and the amount of manure or process wastewater transferred.

  (4-6-23)

03**32**. -- 039. (RESERVED)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

041. -- <del>049.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 050. ADMINISTRATION OF IPDES PROCRAM.

The Director of the Department of Agriculture and the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall, as appropriate, establish an agreement relating to the administration of an IPDES program that recognizes the expertise of the Department of Agriculture.

(4-6-23)

051. COMPLIANCE WITH IDAHO POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM RULES. The Department of Environmental Quality shall be solely responsible and authorized to determine whether the discharge of pollutants from a beef cattle feeding operation is required to be authorized by an IPDES permit. The provisions of this rule do not define when a beef cattle feeding operations is required to obtain a permit for a discharge, do not exempt a beef cattle feeding operation from permitting requirements for such discharges or alter the authority of DEQ with respect to such discharges.

(4-6-23)

<del>052.</del> 999. (RESERVED)

#### **IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

# 02.04.19 – RULES GOVERNING DOMESTIC CERVIDAE DOCKET NO. 02-0419-2401

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 25-3704, 25-303, 25-305, 25-401, 25-601, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

H 591 was passed by the Idaho Legislature and approved by the Governor during the 2024 Legislative Session. The legislation made certain changes to the quarantine process, sampling protocols, and requirements for domestic cervidae operations while under quarantine. This rulemaking will make the rule consistent and compliant with the legislation.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 69-75.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The purpose of the rule is to implement the requirements of Title 25, Chapter 37, Idaho Code. The federal government does not regulate cervidae within the state, with the exception of certain requirements for import into the United States.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707 Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 25-3704, 25-303, 25-305, 25-401, 25-601, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

H 591 was passed by the Idaho Legislature and approved by the Governor during the 2024 Legislative Session. The legislation made certain changes to the quarantine process, sampling protocols, and requirements for domestic cervidae operations while under quarantine. This rulemaking will make the rule consistent and compliant with the legislation.

**FEE SUMMARY**: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 45 and 46.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

There are no changes to documents already incorporated by reference.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted

by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The purpose of the rule is to implement the requirements of Title 25, Chapter 37, Idaho Code. The federal government does not regulate cervidae within the state, with the exception of certain requirements for import into the United States.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0419-2401

#### 02.04.19 - RULES GOVERNING DOMESTIC CERVIDAE

#### 010. **DEFINITIONS.**

- **01. Approved Laboratory**. NVSL, an AAVLD accredited laboratory that is qualified to perform CWD diagnostic procedures, or a laboratory designated by the Administrator to perform CWD diagnostic procedures. (3-15-22)
- **02. Approved Slaughter Establishment**. A USDA inspected slaughter establishment at which antemortem and post-mortem inspection is conducted by USDA inspectors. (3-15-22)
- **03.** Area Veterinarian in Charge. The USDA/APHIS/VS veterinary official who is assigned to supervise and perform official animal health activities in Idaho. (3-15-22)
- **04. Breed Associations and Registries**. Organizations maintaining permanent records of ancestry or pedigrees of animals, individual animal identification records and records of ownership. (3-15-22)
- **05. Cervid Herd.** One (1) or more domestic cervidae or groups of domestic cervidae maintained on common ground or under common ownership or supervision that may be geographically separated but can have interchange or movement. (3-15-22)
- **06.** Cervidae. Deer, elk, moose, caribou, reindeer, and related species and hybrids including all members of the cervidae family and hybrids. (3-15-22)
- **07. Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD).** A transmissible spongiform encephalopathy of cervids that is a nonfebrile, transmissible, insidious, and degenerative disease affecting the central nervous system of cervidae.

(3-15-22)(

- **08.** Commingling. Within the last five (5) years, the animals have had direct contact with each other, had less than thirty (30) feet of physical separation, or shared management equipment, pasture, or surface water sources, except for periods of less than forty eight (48) hours at sales or auctions when a state or federal animal health official has determined such contact presents minimal risk of CWD transmission.

  (3-15-22)
- 098. Custom Exempt Slaughter Establishment. A slaughter establishment that is subject to facility inspection by USDA, but that does not have ante-mortem and post-mortem inspection of animals by USDA inspectors. (3-15-22)
- **1009. CWD-Adjacent Herd.** A herd of domestic cervidae occupying premises that border a premises occupied by a CWD positive herd, including herds separated by roads or streams. (3-15-22)
- 11. CWD Exposed Animal. A cervid animal that is not exhibiting any signs of CWD, but has had contact within the last five (5) years with cervids from a CWD-positive herd or the animal is a member of a CWD-exposed herd.

  (3-15-22)
  - 12. CWD-Exposed Herd. A herd of cervidae in which no animals are exhibiting signs of CWD, but:

    (3-15-22)
- a. An epidemiological investigation indicates that contact with CWD positive animals or contact with animals from a CWD positive herd has occurred in the previous five (5) years; or (3-15-22)
- **b.** A herd of cervidae occupying premises that were previously occupied by a CWD positive herd within the past five (5) years as determined by the designated epidemiologist; or (3-15-22)
- e. Two (2) herds that are maintained on a single premises even if they are managed separately, have no commingling, and have separate herd records.

  (3-15-22)
- 13. CWD Positive Cervid. A domestic cervid on which a diagnosis of CWD has been confirmed through positive test results on any official cervid CWD test by an approved laboratory. (3-15-22)
- 14. CWD Positive Herd. A domestic cervidae herd in which any animal(s) has been diagnosed with CWD, based on positive laboratory results, from an approved laboratory.

  (3-15-22)
- 15. CWD-Suspect Cervid. A domestic cervid for which laboratory evidence or clinical signs suggests a diagnosis of CWD.
- 160. CWD-Suspect Herd. A domestic cervidae herd in which any animal(s) has been determined to be a CWD-suspect. (3-15-22)
- **171. Death Certificate.** A form, approved by the administrator, provided by the Division for the reporting of cervidae deaths and for reporting sample submission for CWD testing. (3-15-22)
- **182. Designated Epidemiologist**. A state or federal veterinarian who has demonstrated the knowledge and ability to perform the functions required under these rules and who has been selected by the Administrator to fulfill the epidemiology duties relative to the state domestic cervidae disease control program. (3-15-22)
  - **193. Disposal.** Final disposition of dead cervidae. (3-15-22)
- **2014. Domestic Cervidae**. Fallow deer (*Dama dama*), elk (*Cervus elaphus*) or reindeer (*Rangifer tarandus*) owned by a person. (3-15-22)
- **2115. Domestic Cervidae Ranch**. A premises where domestic cervidae are held or kept, including multiple premises under common ownership. (3-15-22)

- **2216. Electronic Identification**. A form of unique, permanent individual animal identification such as radio frequency identification tag, radio frequency identification implant, or other forms approved by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **2317. Endemic Area**. A geographical area designated by a state animal health official in the state of origin where animals located within that area are subject to an increased risk of acquiring a contagious disease. Most commonly in reference to Tuberculosis or Chronic Wasting Disease. (3-15-22)
- **2418. Escape.** Any domestic cervidae located outside the perimeter fence of a domestic cervidae ranch and not under the immediate control of the owner or operator of the domestic cervidae ranch. (3-15-22)
- **2519. Federal Animal Health Official**. An employee of USDA/APHIS/VS who is authorized to perform animal health activities. (3-15-22)
- 260. Harvest. Any healthy domestic cervid that is intentionally and lethally removed from a domestic cervidae facility, by an owner, designated employee or customer of the facility, strictly for the purposes of either shooting or meat production. Harvested includes cervids slaughtered at an approved or custom-exempt slaughter establishment.

  (3-15-22)
- **271. Herd of Origin.** A cervid herd, on any domestic cervidae ranch or other premise, where the animals were born, or where they were kept for at least one (1) year prior to date of shipment. (3-15-22)
  - **282. Herd Status.** Classification of a cervidae herd with regard to CWD. (3-15-22)
- **293. Intrastate Movement Certificate.** A form approved by the Administrator, and available from the Division, to document the movement of domestic cervidae between premises within Idaho. (3-15-22)
- **3024. Individual CWD Herd Plan.** A written herd management agreement and testing plan developed by the herd owner and approved by the Administrator to identify and eradicate CWD from a positive, source, suspect, exposed, or adjacent herd. (3-15-22)
- 31. Limited Contact. Incidental contact between animals of different herds in separate pens off of the herd's premises at fairs, shows, exhibitions and sales. (3-15-22)
- **3225. National CWD Herd Certification Program**. A federal-state-industry cooperative program administered by APHIS and implemented by participating states that establishes CWD surveillance and testing standards that owners must achieve before interstate transport of cervids will be permitted. (3-15-22)
- 3326. Official CWD Test. A test approved by the Administrator and conducted at an approved laboratory to diagnose CWD where both obex and medial retropharyngeal lymph node samples were submitted for testing.
- **3427. Official Identification**. Identification, approved by the Administrator, that individually, uniquely, and permanently identifies each cervid. (3-15-22)
  - 3528. Operator. A person who has authority to manage or direct a domestic cervidae ranch. (3-15-22)
- 3629. **Premises**. The ground, area, buildings, and equipment utilized to raise, propagate, control, or harvest domestic cervidae. (3-15-22)
- 370. Quarantine. An order issued on authority of the Administrator, by a state or federal animal health official or accredited veterinarian, prohibiting movement of cervids from any location without a written restricted movement permit. (3-15-22)
- **381. Quarantine Facility.** A confined area where selected domestic cervidae can be secured and isolated from all other cervidae and livestock. (3-15-22)

392. Ranch Management Plan. A written plan for a domestic cervidae ranch that sets forth best management practices that mitigates the introduction or dissemination of disease among domestic cervidae.

(3-15-22)

- **4033. Reidentification**. The identification of a domestic cervid which had been officially identified, as provided by this chapter, but which has lost the official identification device, or the tattoo or official identification device has become illegible. (3-15-22)
- **4134. Restrain**. The immobilization of domestic cervidae in a chute, other device, or by other means for the purpose of efficiently, effectively, and safely inspecting, treating, vaccinating, or testing. (3-15-22)
- **4235. Restricted Movement Permit.** An official document that is issued by the Administrator, AVIC, or an accredited veterinarian for movement of animals from positive, suspect, or exposed herds. (3-15-22)
  - 4336. Source Herd. The herd or herds from where a producer acquired their existing livestock. (3-15-22)
  - 4437. State Animal Health Official. The Administrator, or Administrator's designee. (3-15-22)
- 4538. Status Date. The date on which the Administrator approves in writing a herd status change with regard to CWD. (3-15-22)
- 39. Tissues. The obex and medial retropharyngeal lymph node (MRPLN) tissue required for screening elk and deer for Chronic Wasting Disease.
- **460. Trace Back Herd.** An exposed herd in which at least one (1) CWD positive animal resided within any of the previous sixty (60) months prior to diagnosis with CWD. (3-15-22)
- **471. Trace Forward Herd.** A herd that has received exposed animals from a positive herd within sixty (60) months prior to the diagnosis of CWD in the positive herd or from the identified point of entry of CWD into the positive herd. (3-15-22)
- **482. Traceback**. The process of identifying the movements and the herd of origin of CWD positive, or exposed animals, including herds that were sold for slaughter. (3-15-22)
  - **493. Wild Cervidae**. Any cervid animal not owned by a person. (3-15-22)
- **5044. Wild Ungulate**. Any four (4) legged, hoofed herbivore, including cervids and other ruminants, not owned by a person. (3-15-22)
- **5145. Wild Ungulate Cooperative Herd Plan.** A plan, developed cooperatively by the owner of the domestic cervidae ranch, the ISDA, and the Idaho Department of Fish and Game to determine the disposition of any wild ungulates that are found to be located on a domestic cervidae ranch. (3-15-22)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 500. SURVEILLANCE FOR CWD.

- 01. Routine Surveillance. Brain tissue Obex and medial retropharyngeal lymph node tissues from domestic elk and reindeer sixteen (16) months of age or older at the time of death must be submitted annually to official laboratories for CWD testing as provided for in these rules, under the following conditions: (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
  - a. No less than ten percent (10%) of cervids harvested or slaughtered. (3-15-22)
- **b.** No less than one hundred percent (100%) of cervids that die for any reason other than slaughter or harvest. (3-15-22)

- **c.** Tissues samples submitted to an official laboratory that are untestable or are given an indeterminate test result do not count towards the tissue submission requirement. (3-15-22)
  - **d.** Fallow deer are exempt from CWD testing.

(3-15-22)

- **O2.** Enhanced Surveillance. Brain t Tissues from one hundred percent (100%) of all domestic elk and reindeer sixteen (16) months of age or older that die for any reason on a facility will be required to be tested for CWD for a period of sixty (60) months under the following conditions:

  (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- **a.** A facility has imported cervids from a location within twenty-five (25) miles from a confirmed case of CWD in wild cervids. (3-15-22)
- **b.** A facility has received cervids via intrastate movement from a facility under enhanced CWD surveillance requirements at the time of the transfer. (3-15-22)
- **c.** The duration of the enhanced CWD surveillance requirements are based upon the most recent date of movement that meets the criteria listed in this section. (3-15-22)

#### 501. COLLECTION OF SAMPLES FOR CWD TESTING.

Obex and medial retropharyngeal lymph node samples must be collected immediately upon discovery of the death of a domestic cervid.

- 01. Non-Testable or Samples That Do not Contain Appropriate Tissues. The Administrator may conduct an investigation to determine if a domestic cervidae ranch is complying with the provisions of Section 500 if the owner or operator of a domestic cervidae ranch submits samples for CWD testing which cannot be identified to the animal of origin.

  (3-15-22)
- **O2. Failure to Meet Annual CWD Tissue Submission Requirement.** An owner or operator of a domestic cervidae ranch who fails to submit samples for CWD testing or who fails to meet the annual tissue submission requirements of this chapter, or both, is in violation of these rules, except the Administrator may approve, in writing, a variance from sample submission requirements on a case specific basis.

  (3-15-22)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### 504. INVESTIGATION OF CWD.

An epidemiological investigation will be conducted on all CWD positive, suspect, and exposed animals and herds, herds of origin, source herds, all adjacent herds, and all trace herds as determined by the Administrator. (3-15-22)

- **Quarantine**. All positive, suspect, and exposed herds or animals, herds of origin, adjacent herds, and herds having contact with positive or exposed animals must be quarantined; and A quarantine shall be applied to all CWD-exposed, CWD-suspect, and CWD-positive herds and animals following an epidemiological investigation that confirms such status as defined in this section.

  (3-15-22)
- **02. Identification**. CWD suspect and exposed animals must be identified and remain on the premises where they are found until they have met the provisions for release of quarantine established in this chapter, are destroyed and disposed of as directed by the Administrator, or are moved at the Administrator's direction on a restricted movement permit. (3-15-22)
- <u>Multi-Facility Ranches</u>. Multi-facility ranches under quarantine may move animals from one facility to another facility owned by the same entity for the purpose of harvest with the approval of the Director of the Idaho State Department of Agriculture.

#### 505. DURATION OF CWD QUARANTINE.

Quarantines imposed because of CWD in accordance with this chapter remain in effect until one (1) of the following

### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Domestic Cervidae

Docket No. 02-0419-2401 PENDING RULE

criteria are met: (3-15-22)

- **O1. CWD Positive Herds**. The quarantine may be released after the herd is completely depopulated as provided in Subsection 505.07, or after five (5) years of compliance with an individual herd CWD plan and all provisions of these rules, during which there was no evidence of CWD. (3-15-22)
- **02. CWD Suspect Herds**. The quarantine may be released after the herd is completely depopulated as provided in Subsection 505.07, or after a minimum of five (5) years of compliance with an individual CWD herd plan and all provisions of these rules and during which there was no evidence of CWD, or an epidemiologic investigation determines that there is no evidence CWD exists in the herd as determined by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **93. Source Herds and Herds of Origin**. The quarantine may be released after a minimum of five (5) years of compliance with an individual CWD herd plan and all provisions of these rules and during which there was no evidence of CWD, or an epidemiologic investigation determines that there is no evidence CWD exists in the herd and that the herd is not the source of infection as determined by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **04. Exposed Herds**. The quarantine may be released after the herd is completely depopulated as provided in Subsection 505.07, or after a minimum of five (5) years of compliance with an individual CWD herd plan and all provisions of these rules and during which there was no evidence of CWD, or an epidemiologic investigation determines that there is no evidence CWD exists in the herd as determined by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **05.** Adjacent Herds. The quarantine may be released when directed by the Administrator based upon an epidemiological investigation and in consultation with the designated epidemiologist. (3-15-22)
- **96.** Fencing Requirements. Any owner of a domestic cervidae ranch who chooses to remain under quarantine for five (5) years must construct a second maintain perimeter fence that meets the requirements for perimeter fence, as provided in Section 102, such that no domestic cervidae on the domestic cervidae ranch can get within ten (10) feet of the original exterior perimeter fence or as approved by the Administrator fencing pursuant to Idaho Code 25-3705C and Section 102 of this rule.
  - **07. Complete Depopulation.** The quarantine may be released after: (3-15-22)
  - a. Complete depopulation of all cervidae on the premises as directed by the Administrator; and (3-15-22)
- **b.** The premises have been free of all livestock as specified in an individual CWD herd plan approved by the Administrator; and (3-15-22)
- **c.** The soil and facilities have been cleaned, treated, decontaminated, or disinfected as directed by the Administrator. (3-15-22)
- **08. Disposal of Positive or Exposed Cervidae**. All CWD positive or exposed domestic cervidae must be disposed of as directed by the Administrator. (3-15-22)

#### IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# 02.05.01 – RULES GOVERNING PRODUCE SAFETY DOCKET NO. 02-0501-2401 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-5404, Idaho Code, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order. This rule clarifies the procedure for administering the Food Safety Modernization Act and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 76-79.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does regulate the Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA). Per Title 22, Chapter 54, Idaho Code, the agency is authorized to administer and enforce FSMA through this rule, and are not to exceed the standards required by federal law.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707 Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-5404, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking.

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISDA's plan to review each rule every 5 years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order.

The rule was reviewed over the course of two negotiated rulemaking meetings, and that review benefited from the participation of program stakeholders. No negative comments were submitted as part of this rulemaking process.

This rule clarifies the procedure for administering the Food Safety Modernization Act and remedies of the Department for non-compliance.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 47 and 48.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The federal Food and Drug Administration made several edits to the CFR. This included deleting redundant language and clarifying pre-harvest water requirements.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does regulate the Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA). Per Title 22, Chapter 54, Idaho Code, the agency is authorized to administer and enforce FSMA through this rule, and are not to exceed the standards required by federal law.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR DOCKET NO. 02-0501-2401

#### 02.05.01 - RULES GOVERNING PRODUCE SAFETY

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Section 22-5404, Idaho Code.

<del>(3-31-22)</del>(\_\_

#### 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

**101.** Title. The title of this chapter is "Rules Governing Produce Safety."

(3.31.22)

**Scope.** The purpose of these rules is to establish standards for growing, harvesting, packing, and holding of safe and unadulterated produce for human consumption.

(3-31-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

#### 002. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following document is incorporated by reference pursuant to Idaho Code Section 67-5229. Copies of this document may be obtained from the Idaho State Department of Agriculture central office.

(3.31-22)

01. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Part 112, January 1, 2018 July 5, 2024. Standards for the Growing, Harvesting, Packing, and Holding of Produce for Human Consumption. This document can be viewed online

at <a href="https://www.eefr.gov/egi-bin/text-idx?SID=7f8ab876ff3e20e6edd06e9de9141296&me=true&node=pt21.2.112&rgn">https://www.eefr.gov/egi-bin/text-idx?SID=7f8ab876ff3e20e6edd06e9de9141296&me=true&node=pt21.2.112&rgn</a>

 $\underline{-\text{div5}}\underline{\text{https://www.fda.gov/food/food-safety-modernization-act-fsma/fsma-final-rule-pre-harvest-agricultural-water.}$ 

(3-31-22)(\_

(3 31 22)

#### 003. - 00011. (RESERVED)

#### 010. DEFINITIONS.

The Idaho State Department of Agriculture adopts the definitions set forth in Section 22 5403, Idaho Code. In addition as used in this chapter:

(3-31-22)

- **Petition.** A petition for submission to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration requesting a variance from the requirements of 21 CFR Part 112. (3-31-22)
- **92.** Petitioner. An individual, business, group, association, or entity who submits a petition to the Department for submission to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration requesting a variance from the requirements of 21 CFR Part 112.

  (3-31-22)

#### 011. ABBREVIATIONS.

**61. FDA.** The U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

#### 012. VARIANCE.

- Procedure for Seeking a Variance. Under the Produce Safety Rule, only a State, tribe, or a foreign country may request a variance from the Produce Safety Rule's requirements by submitting a petition to the FDA in accordance with Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and with 21 CFR 10.30. Pursuant to 22 5404, Idaho Code, the Idaho Legislature designated the Department to administer the Produce Safety Rule, which includes the authority to decide whether to submit petitions to the FDA. The Department will submit a petition to the FDA if the following procedures are followed:

  (3 31 22)
- **a01.** Submission of Variance. The petitioner must prepare the petition in accordance with the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30. Additionally, the petitioner must attach all required documentation and any other supporting documentation. The petitioner must submit the petition and all attached documents to the Department via the Department's food safety email at fsma@isda.idaho.gov or mailed to the Department at the mailing address above or hand delivered to the Department at the physical address above The petitioner must submit the petition and all attached documents to the Department via the Department's food safety email at fsma@isda.idaho.gov or mailed or hand delivered to the Department.

  (3-31-22)(
- ba. Within thirty (30) days of receiving a petition, the Department will complete a review of a petition to determine whether it meets the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30. If the Department determines the petition meets all relevant requirements, the Department will submit the petition to the FDA within ten (10) days of that determination.
- i. If, after reviewing the petition, the Department determines that the petition meets the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30, the Department will submit the petition to the FDA within ten (10) days of that determination. (3-31-22)
- iib. If, after reviewing the petition, the Department determines that the petition does not meet the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30, the Department will notify the petitioner and return the petition for correction. After correcting the deficiencies, the petitioner must resubmit the petition to the Department. Within thirty (30) days, the Department will complete an additional review of the petition to determine if the petition meets the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30 If the Department determines that the initial petition or any subsequent version is deficient, the Department will notify the petitioner and return the petition for correction. After correcting the deficiencies, the petitioner must resubmit the petition to the Department for evaluation pursuant to subsection 2 of this section.

  (3-31-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- iii. If, after reviewing the petition, the Department determines that the petition meets the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30, the Department will submit the petition to the FDA within ten (10) days of that determination. If, after reviewing the petition, the Department determines that the petition still does not meet the requirements of Subpart P of the Produce Safety Rule and 21 CFR 10.30, the Department will

### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Produce Safety

Docket No. 02-0501-2401 PENDING RULE

follow the procedure in Subparagraph 012.01.b.ii.

(3-31-22)

#### 02. Support and Withdrawal of Petitions.

(3-31-22)

- **a.** When the Department submits a petition to the FDA, the petitioner who prepared the petition, or an individual, business, group, association, or entity that supports the petition, shall assist the Department in responding to inquiries or directions from the FDA regarding the petition. If neither the petitioner nor an individual, business, group, association, or entity that supports the petition provides this assistance to the Department within thirty (30) days, the Department may withdraw the petition. (3-31-22)
- **b.** If the FDA takes action to modify or revoke a variance previously granted to the Department, the Department may waive the opportunity for a hearing unless a petitioner or an interested person adequately supports the Department in defending the variance in whole or in part from modification or revocation by FDA. (3-31-22)

013. – 999. (RESERVED)

#### **IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

## 02.06.02 – RULES GOVERNING REGISTRATIONS AND LICENSES DOCKET NO. 02-0602-2401

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-604, 22-2204, 22-2303 (5), 22-2503, 22-2511, and 25-2710, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

The proposed rule updates the publication dates for the Official Publications of the American Association of Feed Control Officials and the American Association of Plant Food Control Officials. The two publications are incorporated into this rule as standardized regulations for three subchapters of this rule — Commercial Feed, Commercial Fertilizer, and Soil and Plant Amendments.

The updates to these documents include refinements to definitions, technical terms, and other standards necessary for regulation that meets state statutes as well as the national cooperation in regulating these products.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 80-82.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule implements regulatory activities and requirements directed and authorized in Idaho Code. As these are directed in statute, they are not directly regulated by the federal government.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-604, 22-2204, 22-2303 (5), 22-2503, 22-2511, and 25-2710.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates the publication dates for the Official Publications of the American Association of Feed Control Officials and the American Association of Plant Food Control Officials. The two publications are incorporated into this rule as standardized regulations for three subchapters of this rule — Commercial Feed, Commercial Fertilizer, and Soil and Plant Amendments.

The updates to these documents include refinements to definitions, technical terms, and other standards necessary for regulation that meets state statutes as well as the national cooperation in regulating these products.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because these changes are to the publication dates of documents that were already incorporated into these rules.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

IDAPA 02.06.02 {...} 104. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:

01. The Association of American Feed Control Officials (AAFCO) Official Publication. The Terms, Ingredient Definitions, Model Bill and Regulations, and Policies as published in the "2025 Official Publication" of AAFCO where those statements do not conflict with Title 25, Chapter 27, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAFCO website at: www.aafco.org.

IDAPA 02.06.02 {...} 404. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:

01. The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. The Officially adopted Documents, Official Terms, and Policies, as published in the "2025 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those statements do not conflict with Title 22, Chapter 6, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org.

IDAPA 02.06.02 {...} 504. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:

01. The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. The Terms, Ingredient Definitions, and Policies as published in the "2025 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements do not conflict with terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements adopted under Title 22, Chapter 22, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule implements regulatory activities and requirements directed and authorized in Idaho Code. As these are directed in statute, they are not directly regulated by the federal government.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0602-2401

#### 02.06.02 - RULES GOVERNING REGISTRATIONS AND LICENSES

#### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rules Governing Registrations and Licenses

Docket No. 02-0602-2401 PENDING RULE

#### INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into this Subchapter A:

(3-23-23)

The Association of American Feed Control Officials (AAFCO) Official Publication. The Terms, Ingredient Definitions, Model Bill and Regulations, and Policies as published in the "20245 Official Publication" of AAFCO where those statements do not conflict with Title 25, Chapter 27, Idaho Code, and any rule Publication" of AAFCO where those statements do not conflict with Ties 20, compared promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAFCO website at: www.aafco.org.

The Merck Index. The "Merck Veterinary Manual," 11th Edition, as published by Merck Research Laboratories Division of Merck & Co., Incorporated. The manual is publicly available online from Merck & Co., Inc at: http://www.rsc.org/merckindex. (3-23-23)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter C:

(3-23-23)

- The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. 01. The Officially adopted Documents, Official Terms, and Policies, as published in the "20245 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those statements do not conflict with Title 22, Chapter 6, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aafco.org.
- **02.** The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC) International. The "2019 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the AOAC," 21st Edition, a copyrighted publication, is maintained and published by the AOAC International. The AOAC OMA is available in electronic format at: www.EOMA.AOAC.org. A copy may be purchased online from AOAC International. (3-23-23)

#### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

#### INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter D:

(3-23-23)

- The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. The Terms, Ingredient Definitions, and Policies, as published in the "20245 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements do not conflict with terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements adopted under Title 22, Chapter 22, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org. (7-1-24)(
- The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC) International. The "2019 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the AOAC," 21st Edition, a copyrighted publication, is maintained and published by the AOAC International. The AOAC OMA is available in electronic format at: www.EOMA.AOAC.org. A copy may be purchased online from AOAC International. (3-23-23)

#### IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### 02.06.09 – RULES GOVERNING INVASIVE SPECIES AND NOXIOUS WEEDS DOCKET NO. 02-0609-2402

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-2403, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

The department received two separate petitions proposing new additions to the Noxious Weed List – one for Palmar amaranth and one for Myrtle spurge. There was not consensus on the petitions for listing of the two species. Those species are not proposed to be listed in this Proposed Rule.

In addition, the agency is proposing to reduce categorization of Turkish thistle from Early Detection/Rapid Response (EDRR) to Control category and to add EDRR language that was missed during the last rulemaking session.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 83-88.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does not regulate state invasive species or noxious weeds within the state. This activity is defined in Title 22, Chapter 24, Idaho Code.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-2403, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking.

The department received two separate petitions proposing new additions to the Noxious Weed List – one for Palmar amaranth and one for Myrtle spurge. Palmar amaranth is a weed species found in agricultural crop lands. Myrtle spurge is a landscaping species. Both species have either had in impact on agricultural production or present a threat to landscapes or native species. Both have degrees of prevalence in the state.

In addition, the agency is proposing to reduce categorization of Turkish thistle from EDRR to Control category and to add EDRR language that was missed during the last rulemaking session.

Two negotiated rulemaking meetings were held, and participation includes stakeholders from weed management agencies, cooperators, agricultural industry, and the general public. There was not consensus on the petitions for listing of the two species. Those species are not proposed to be listed in this Proposed Rule. No negative comments were submitted about the re-categorization or Turkish Thistle or adding the EDRR language.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Volume 24-7, Pages 49 and 50.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

There are no changes to documents already incorporated by reference.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

The federal government does not regulate state invasive species or noxious weeds within the state. This activity is defined in Title 22, Chapter 24, Idaho Code.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0609-2402

#### 02.06.09 - RULES GOVERNING INVASIVE SPECIES AND NOXIOUS WEEDS

#### 220. NOXIOUS WEEDS - DESIGNATIONS.

The weeds listed on the Statewide Prohibited Genera, EDRR, Containment, and Control lists are hereby officially designated and published as noxious. (3-15-22)

#### 01. Statewide Prohibited Genera Noxious Weed List.

(3-15-22)

- **a.** All plants and plant parts in the genera of: *Cytisus*, *Genista*, *Spartium*, and *Chamaecytisus* additionally including "all" subtaxa of these plant genera are prohibited in Idaho. (3-15-22)
- **b.** Weeds listed in the Prohibited Genera list may exist in varying populations throughout the state. The concentration of these weeds is at a level where control and/or eradication may be possible. A written plan for weeds on the Statewide Prohibited Genera Noxious Weed List shall be developed by the control authority that specifies active control methods to reduce known populations in not more than five (5) years. The plan shall be available to the Department upon request. (3-15-22)
- 02. Statewide EDRR Noxious Weed List. Weeds listed in the EDRR list are not known to exist in Idaho, however, have the potential to become established, or are known to exist in Idaho in small enough infestations

that eradication is possible. If any of the listed plants (Subsection 220.02) are found to occur in Idaho, they shall be reported to the Department within ten (10) days following positive identification by the University of Idaho or other qualified authority as approved by the Director. These weeds shall be eradicated during the same growing season as identified.

Common Name		Scientific Name	
1.	Brazilian Elodea	Egeria densa	
2.	Cogongrass	Imperata cylindrica	
3.	Common/European Frogbit	Hydrocharis morsus-ranae	
4.	Fanwort	Cabomba caroliniana	
5.	Feathered Mosquito Fern	Azolla pinnata	
6.	Giant Hogweed	Heracleum mantegazzianum	
7.	Giant Salvinia	Salvinia molesta	
8.	Goatsrue	Galega officinalis	
9.	Hydrilla	Hydrilla verticillata	
10.	Iberian Starthistle	Centaurea iberica	
11.	Policeman's Helmet	Impatiens glandulifera	
12.	Purple Starthistle	Centaurea calcitrapa	
13.	Squarrose Knapweed	Centaurea triumfetti	
14.	Starry Stonewort	Nitellopsis obtusa	
15.	Syrian Beancaper	Zygophyllum fabago	
16.	Tall Hawkweed	Hieracium piloselloides	
<del>17.</del>	Turkish Thistle	Carduus cinereus	
1 <mark>87</mark> .	Variable-Leaf-Milfoil	Myriophyllum heterophyllum	
1 <u>98</u> .	Water Chestnut	Trapa natans	
<del>20</del> 19.	Water Hyacinth	Eichhornia crassipes	
24 <u>0</u> .	Yellow Devil Hawkweed	Hieracium glomeratum	
2 <mark>2</mark> 1.	Yellow Floating Heart	Nymphoides pelata	

(7.1.24)(

**03. Statewide Control Noxious Weed List.** Weeds listed in the control list are known to exist in varying populations throughout the state. The concentration of these weeds is at a level where control or eradication, or both, may be possible. A written plan for weeds on the Statewide Control Noxious Weed List shall be developed by the control authority that specifies active control methods to reduce known populations in not more than five (5) years. The plan shall be available to the Department upon request.

	Common Name	Scientific Name
1.	Black Henbane	Hyoscyamus niger

Common Name		Scientific Name	
2.	Bohemian Knotweed	Polygonum X bohemicum	
3.	Common Crupina	Crupina vulgaris	
4.	Common Reed (Phragmites)	Phragmites australis	
5.	Dyer's Woad	Isatis tinctoria	
6.	Eurasian Watermilfoil	Myriophyllum spicatum (and hybrids)	
7.	Flowering Rush	Butomus umbellatus	
8.	Giant Knotweed	Polygonum sachalinense	
9.	Japanese Knotweed	Polygonum cuspidatum	
10.	Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	
11.	Matgrass	Nardus stricta	
12.	Meadow Knapweed	Centaurea debeauxii	
13.	Mediterranean Sage	Salvia aethiopis	
14.	Musk Thistle	Carduus nutans	
15.	Orange Hawkweed	Hieracium aurantiacum	
16.	Parrotfeather Milfoil	Myriophyllum aquaticum	
17.	Perennial Sowthistle	Sonchus arvensis	
18.	Russian Knapweed	Acroptilon repens	
19.	Scotch Broom	Cytisus scoparius	
20.	Small Bugloss	Anchusa arvensis	
<u>21.</u>	Turkish Thistle	<u>Carduus cinereus</u>	
2 <mark>42</mark> .	Vipers Bugloss	Echium vulgare	
2 <mark>23</mark> .	Yellow Hawkweed	Hieracium caespitosum	

(7.1.24)(

**O4. Statewide Containment Noxious Weed List.** Weeds listed in the containment noxious weeds list are known to exist in various populations throughout the state. Weed control efforts may be directed at reducing or eliminating new or expanding weed populations while known and established weed populations, as determined by the weed control authority, may be managed by any approved weed control methodology, as determined by the weed control authority.

Common Name		Scientific Name	
1.	Canada Thistle	Cirsium arvense	
2.	Curlyleaf Pondweed	Potamogeton crispus	
3.	Dalmatian Toadflax	Linaria dalmatica ssp. dalmatica	
4.	Diffuse Knapweed	Centaurea diffusa	

Common Name		Scientific Name	
5.	Field Bindweed	Convolvulus arvensis	
6.	Hoary Alyssum	Berteroa incana	
7.	Houndstongue	Cynoglossum officinale	
8.	Jointed Goatgrass	Aegilops cylindrica	
9.	Leafy Spurge	Euphorbia esula	
10.	Milium	Milium vernale	
11.	Oxeye Daisy	Leucanthemum vulgare	
12.	Perennial Pepperweed	Lepidium latifolium	
13.	Plumeless Thistle	Carduus acanthoides	
14.	Poison Hemlock	Conium maculatum	
15.	Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	
16.	Purple Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria	
17.	Rush Skeletonweed	Chondrilla juncea	
18.	Saltcedar	Tamarix spp.	
19.	Scotch Thistle	Onopordum acanthium	
20.	Spotted Knapweed	Centaurea stoebe	
21.	Tansy Ragwort	Senecio jacobaea	
22.	White Bryony	Bryonia alba	
23.	Whitetop (Hoary Cress)	Cardaria draba	
24.	Yellow Flag Iris	Iris pseudocorus	
25.	Yellow Starthistle	Centaurea solstitialis	
26.	Yellow Toadflax	Linaria vulgaris	

(3-15-22)

- **05. Designation of Articles Capable of Disseminating Noxious Weeds**. The following articles are designated by the Director as capable of disseminating noxious weeds: (3-15-22)
  - **a.** Construction equipment, road building and maintenance equipment, and implements of husbandry. (3-15-22)
- **b.** Motorized vehicles such as, all-terrain vehicles, motorcycles, and other off-road vehicles and non-motorized vehicles such as bicycles and trailers. (3-15-22)
  - **c.** Grain and seed. (3-15-22)
  - **d.** Hay, straw and other material of similar nature. (3-15-22)
- e. Nursery stock including plant material propagated for the support of aquarium, pet, or horticultural activities. (3-15-22)
  - **f.** Feed and seed screenings. (3-15-22)

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g.	Fence posts, fencing and railroad ties.	(3-15-22)
h.	Sod.	(3-15-22)
i.	Manure, fertilizers and material of similar nature.	(3-15-22)
j.	Soil, sand, mulch, and gravel.	(3-15-22)
k.	Boats, personal watercraft, watercraft trailers, and items of a similar na	ture. (3-15-22)

#### IDAPA 02 – IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# 02.06.33 – ORGANIC FOOD PRODUCTS RULES DOCKET NO. 02-0633-2401

#### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-1103, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

The proposed rule updates the publication date for the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 7, Part 205, National Organic Program Regulations. This regulation contains the specifications, tolerances, and other technical requirements for maintaining organic accreditation.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 91-92.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

There is no change in fee or charge.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule allows the agency to implement the organic certification program specifically according to the National Organic Program Regulations. Incorporating these national regulations ensures that the state program is in compliance with the federal program, to the benefit of the voluntary certification customers served by the agency.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Lloyd Knight at <a href="mailto:lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov">lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov</a>.

Lloyd Knight Deputy Director Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

Boise, Idaho 83707 Phone: (208) 332-8615

Email: lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-1103, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The proposed rule updates the publication date for the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 7, Part 205, National Organic Program Regulations. This regulation contains the specifications, tolerances, and other technical requirements for maintaining organic accreditation.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is no change in fee or charge

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because these changes are to the publication dates of documents that were already incorporated into these rules.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The Code of Federal Regulations, Title 7, Part 205, National Organic Program Regulations was updated to the January 2, 2024 version.

**IDAHO CODE SECTION 22-101A STATEMENT:** Pursuant to 22-101A(1), for any rule promulgated or adopted by the director which is broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or regulations, or which regulates an

### IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Organic Food Products Rules

Docket No. 02-0633-2401 PENDING RULE

activity not regulated by the federal government, the director shall identify the portions of the adopted rule that are broader in scope or more stringent than federal law or rules, or which regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government. The following sections of the rule are broader in scope, more stringent than federal law or regulations, or regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government:

This rule allows the agency to implement the organic certification program specifically according to the National Organic Program Regulations. Incorporating these national regulations ensures that the state program is in compliance with the federal program, to the benefit of the voluntary certification customers served by the agency.

The detailed 22-101A analysis can be found on the agency's website at www.agri.idaho.gov.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lloyd Knight at lloyd.knight@isda.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 2nd day of October, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 02-0633-2401

#### 02.06.33 - ORGANIC FOOD PRODUCTS RULES

#### 004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The Code of Federal Regulations, Title 7, Part 205, National Organic Program Regulations (March 20, 2023 January 2, 2024), except sections 205.620 through 205.622, is incorporated by reference and can be viewed online at https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-7/subtitle-B/chapter-I/subchapter-M/part-205/subpart-G/subject-group-ECFR370552c56dd7aef. Copies of this document may be obtained from the Idaho State Department of Agriculture (ISDA), 2270 Old Penitentiary Road, Boise, Idaho 83712.

# IDAPA 02.08 - IDAHO SHEEP AND GOAT HEALTH BOARD

# 02.08.01 – SHEEP AND GOAT RULES OF THE IDAHO SHEEP AND GOAT HEALTH BOARD DOCKET NO. 02-0801-2401 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Incorporation By Reference Synopsis (IBRS)

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 25-129(1) and 25-147, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

Following Executive Order 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation, this rule chapter is scheduled for a comprehensive review in 2025 with the goal of simplifying the rules for increased clarity and ease of use. The overall regulatory burden has been reduced by decreasing both total word count and utilize incorporated by reference to ensure clarity in the new rule chapter.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 93-104.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a description of the fee or charge imposed or increased in this rulemaking:

As authorized in Sections 25-129(1) and 25-147, Idaho Code, the fees in this rulemaking will remain the same. The rate of assessment is eight cents (\$.08) per pound on all wool, in the grease basis, except tags, crutchings, and dead wool. The rate of assessment is eighty cents (\$.80) per head of goats.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact t Lauren Mink, Executive Secretary, at (208) 803-5084.

DATED this 11th day of December, 2024.

Lauren Mink Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board Executive Secretary 2118 W Airport Way Boise, Idaho 83705 Phone: (208) 803-5084

Email:lauren.mink@isda.idaho.gov

Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road P.O. Box 7249 Boise, Idaho 83707

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 25-129(1) and 25-147, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 16, 2024.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the ISGHB's effort to review rules every five years. Redundant language that is verbatim in statue has been removed, consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order.

The rule was reviewed over the course of two negotiated rulemaking meetings, and that review benefited from the participation of program stakeholders. No negative comments were submitted as part of this rulemaking process. This rule governs the health and disease control measures for sheep and goats within the state of Idaho. This includes regulations on disease prevention, identification, interstate movement, and management practices to protect and maintain the health of the state's sheep and goat populations.

The proposed rule includes updates to the publication dates for publications Incorporation by Reference in the rule. The two publications include Code of Federal Regulations and Voluntary Scrapie Flock Certification Program Standards, USDA.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

No changes have been made to fees for these rules.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact due to these changes.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the June 5, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-6, page 12.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

The documents incorporated by reference in this rule are federal regulations and manuals related to disease. These documents are important to include to ensure that any activities are consistent with the federal regulation and the National Scrapie Eradication Program.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Lauren Mink, Executive Secretary, at (208) 803-5084.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 23, 2024.

DATED this 30th day of August, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR DOCKET NO. 02-0801-2401

#### 02.08.01 - SHEEP AND GOAT RULES OF THE IDAHO SHEEP AND GOAT HEALTH BOARD

# 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Sections 25-129(1) and 25-147, Idaho Code. (3-23-23)(

# 001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- 91. Title. The title of this chapter is the "Sheep and Goat Rules of the Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board."
- **O2.** Scope. These rules govern procedures for the prevention, control and eradication of diseases among sheep and goats, the interstate and intrastate movement of sheep and goats and the assessment of fees on sheep and goats to provide resources to carry out these functions.

  (3-23-23)(\_\_\_\_\_)

# 002. – 003. (RESERVED)

# 004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

Copies of the following documents may be obtained from the Idaho State Department of Agriculture Division of Animal Industries. IDAPA 02.08.01 incorporates by reference: (3-23-23)

- **02.** The Voluntary Scrapie Flock Certification Program Standards, USDA, June 2013 2016. This document can be viewed online at https://www.aphis.usda.gov/sites/default/files/standards\_current.pdf.
- <u>03.</u> <u>Code of Federal Regulations, Title 9, Part 79, January 1, 2024.</u> This document can be viewed online at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/CFR-2024-title9-vol1/pdf/CFR-2024-title9-vol1-part79.pdf. (
- 034. The Code of Federal Regulations, Title 9, Part 161, January 1, 2009 2024. This document can be viewed online at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/CFR-2024-title9-vol1/pdf/CFR-2024-title9-vol1-part161.pdf.

005. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. **DEFINITIONS.** 

- **O1.** Accredited Veterinarian. A veterinarian approved by the Administrator and USDA/APHIS/VS in accordance with provisions of Title 9, Part 161, Code of Federal Regulations to perform functions of State Federal animal disease control programs.

  (3-23-23)
  - **Animals**. All vertebrates, except humans.

(3 23 23)

(3-23-23)

- **031. Authorized Federal Inspector**. An employee of USDA authorized by the Board to perform the functions of the Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board. (3-23-23)
- **042. Authorized State Inspector.** An employee of the state of Idaho authorized by the Board to perform the functions of the Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board. (3-23-23)
  - **053. Board**. The Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board or its designee.
  - **064. Breeding Stock**. Intact male or female sheep or goats of any age. (3-23-23)
  - **075. Brucellosis.** An infectious disease of animals and humans caused by bacteria of the genus *Brucella*. (3-23-23)
- **086.** Brucella Ovis Test Positive. An animal that tests in the positive range on an approved Brucella Ovis ELISA test. (3-23-23)
- **097. Brucella Ovis Test Suspect.** An animal that tests in the suspect range on an approved *Brucella Ovis* ELISA test. (3-23-23)
- 1908. Brucella Ovis Test Negative. An animal that tests in the negative range on an approved Brucella Ovis ELISA test. (3-23-23)
- 11. Certificate. An official certificate of veterinary inspection or other approved certificate issued by an accredited veterinarian, state or federal animal health official, or other approved official at the point of origin of the shipment of animal(s) being imported.

  (3-23-23)
- **1209. Commercial Low-Risk Goats**. Intact or castrated goats, raised for fiber or meat, that are not registered or exhibited, that are not scrapie positive, suspect, high risk, or exposed animals and that have not been exposed to sheep or are not from a state that has scrapie in goats. (3-23-23)
- 130. Contemporary Lambing Group. The time from the first birth to sixty (60) days post birthing of the entire group in a given lambing season. (3-23-23)
- **141. Exposed**. Animals that have had direct contact with other animals, herds, or materials that have been determined to be infected with or affected by any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease. (3-23-23)
- **152. Federal Animal Health Official**. An employee of USDA/APHIS/VS who has been authorized to perform animal health activities. (3-23-23)
- 16. Flock or flocks are interchangeable with the terms herd or herds and denote a group of one (1) or more animals that are fed, housed and birthed together on the same premises, or animals maintained in separate geographic areas that have interchange at or around the time of birth. Changes in ownership of a flock do not change the identity of the flock or the regulatory requirements applicable to the flock.

  (3-23-23)
- 47. Flock Plan. A written flock management agreement signed by the owner, his accredited veterinarian if there is one, a representative of the Division of Animal Industries, and an APHIS representative in which each signatory agrees to undertake action specified in the Flock Plan to eradicate or control scrapic as defined in 9 CFR Part 54.8 a f. Goats exposed to scrapic will be subjected to the same rules as sheep.

  (3-23-23)
- **183. Goats Requiring Premises/Flock Identification Number.** Sexually intact goats or goats that have resided on the same premises as sheep or any other goats not defined in Subsection 010.13. (3-23-23)

- 194. Idaho Premises/Flock Identification Number. A unique identification number or alphanumeric designation approved by APHIS, and assigned by the Board to each premises/flock of breeding sheep or goats, as defined in Subsection 010.21, in the state of Idaho. (3-23-23)
- 2015. Low Risk Commercial Sheep. Commercial whiteface, white-faced cross, or commercial hair sheep from a flock with no known risk factors for scrapie, including any exposure to female black-faced sheep, that are identified with a permanent brand or ear notch pattern registered with an official brand registry and that are not scrapie-positive, suspect, high-risk, or exposed animals and are not animals from an infected, source, or exposed flock.

  (3-23-23)
- **2+16. Negative.** Animals are classified as negative when they have been subjected to official tests for a disease, and the tests performed have failed to disclose evidence of the disease. (3-23-23)
- **2217. Official Individual Identification**. The unique identification of individual animals with an alpha numeric number applied as a tag, a legible tattoo, electronic device, or any other device approved by APHIS. The Idaho Premises/Flock Identification number can serve as the official individual identification number if it contains a unique individual animal number in addition to the Idaho premises/flock identification number. (3-23-23)
- 23. Post Exposure Monitoring and Management Plan. A monitoring plan which includes a written agreement signed by the owner of the flock and a representative of the Division of Animal Industries and an APHIS representative in which each participant agrees to undertake actions specified in the agreement to monitor for the occurrence of scrapic in the flock for at least five (5) years after an approved Flock Plan has been completed. The PEMMP requires at least once a year flock inspections and prompt reporting of any animal over fourteen (14) months of age which dies in the flock so that some of these animals can be selected and submitted for scrapic testing. The Plan also includes the requirements outlined in 9 CFR Part 54.8. Owners may request to join the Scrapic Flock Certification Program after two (2) years of participation in the PEMMP.

  (3-23-23)
- **24<u>18</u>. Premises**. The ground, area, buildings and equipment utilized to raise, propagate or control sheep and goats. (3-23-23)
- **2519. Quarantine.** A written order, executed by the Board or the Administrator of Animal Industries, to confine or hold animals on a premises or any other location, where found, and prevent movement of animals from a premises or any other location. (3-23-23)
- **260. Scrapie**. A transmissible spongiform encephalopathy that is a nonfebrile, transmissible, insidious, degenerative disease affecting the central nervous system of sheep and goats. (3-23-23)
- 27. Serapic Exposed Animal. Any animal which has been in the same flock at the same time within the previous seventy-two (72) months as a scrapic positive female animal excluding limited contacts. Limited contacts are contacts between animals that occur off the premises of the flock and do not occur during or within sixty (60) days after parturition for any of the animals involved.

  (3-23-23)
- 28. Scrapic Flock Certification Program. A cooperative Federal State Industry voluntary program for reducing the incidence and controlling the spread of scrapic through flock certification. (3-23-23)
- 29. Serapie High Risk Animal. An animal determined by epidemiologic investigation to face a high risk of developing clinical scrapic because the animal was:

  (3-23-23)
  - Progeny of a scrapic positive dam; (3 23 23)
  - b. Born in the same contemporary lambing group as a scrapic-positive animal, or (3-23-23)
- e. During any subsequent lambing season if born before the flock completes the requirements of a (3-23-23)
  - d. Born in the same contemporary lambing group as progeny of a scrapic-positive dam or any QQ, at

eodon 171, sheep present in the lambing facility/area where a scrapic positive animal was born during the contemporary birth of a scrapic positive animal.

(3 23 23)

- e. Animals that fit the criteria for high risk animals which are determined by genetic testing to be QR or RR at the 171 codon, or are determined by other recognized testing procedures to pose no risk, may be exempted as high risk animals by the Board, upon the recommendation of the State Scrapic Certification Board, based upon evidence from the latest research information available.

  (3-23-23)
- 30. Serapic Infected Flock. Any flock in which a scrapic positive animal has been born, birthed or aborted. A flock will no longer be considered infected after an approved Flock Plan has been completed. (3-23-23)
- 31. Serapic Positive Animal. An animal for which a diagnosis of scrapic has been made by the National Veterinary Services Laboratories, or another laboratory authorized by state or federal officials to conduct scrapic tests approved for scrapic diagnosis by APHIS or the Administrator.

  (3 23 23)
- 32. Serapic Source Flock. A flock in which an animal was born and subsequently diagnosed as scrapic positive at less than seventy two (72) months of age. The flock will no longer be considered a source flock after the requirements of an approved Flock Plan have been completed. A trace to a flock must meet the following criteria to designate the flock as a source flock: The scrapic positive animal must:

  (3-23-23)
- **a.** Be identified with a Premises/Flock Identification Number, or on an official ear tag, electronic device, ear tattoo, or flank tattoo which is correlated to the Premises/Flock Identification number on flock records; or (3-23-23)
  - b. Be identified with a genetic heredity test or nose print; or (3-23-23)
- e. Possess the original registry car tag or individual identification car tag along with the movement, production, or registry records indicating birth in the source flock; or (3-23-23)
- **d.** Be traced to the flock by a veterinary epidemiologist through a thorough epidemiological investigation of records and all other available evidence.

  (3-23-23)
- **3321. State Animal Health Official.** The Administrator, or his designee, responsible for disease control and eradication programs. (3-23-23)
- 3422. State Scrapie Certification Board. The State Scrapie Certification Board will consist of APHIS-AVIC, the State animal health official, animal producers and accredited veterinarians. Animal producers and accredited veterinarians will be appointed by the AVIC and the State animal health official. (3-23-23)
  - 35. Terminal Feedlot. As defined in Title 9 CFR, Parts 54 and 79. (3-23-23)
  - 3623. Trace. All actions required to identify the flock of origin or destination of an animal. (3-23-23)

# 011. ABBREVIATIONS.

- **01. APHIS.** Animal Plant Health Inspection Service. (3-23-23)
- **02.** AVIC. Area Veterinarian in Charge. (3-23-23)
- **03. CFR.** Code of Federal Regulations. (3-23-23)
- **04. PEMMP.** Post Exposure Monitoring and Management Plan. (3-23-23)
- **05.** USDA. United States Department of Agriculture. (3-23-23)
- **06.** VS. Veterinary Services. (3-23-23)

# 012. APPLICABILITY.

These rules apply to all domestic sheep and goats located in, imported into, exported from, or transported through the state of Idaho. (3-23-23)

# 013. ADDITIONAL IMPORT REQUIREMENTS.

The Board may impose additional or more restrictive import requirements than the requirements in this chapter by issuing a written order stating the additional requirements and the reasons for the requirements. (3-23-23)

014. -- 099. (RESERVED)

# 100. SHEEP AND GOAT STATE ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS.

- Entrance Requirements. All breeding sheep and goat stock entering the state of Idaho except as provided in Sections 103, 105, and 107 of these rules will be accompanied by a permit or approved eCVI issued by the Board together with a certificate of veterinary inspection certifying that such sheep or goats are free from scrapie, scabies, foot rot, brucella or symptoms of any communicable disease and are not known to have been exposed to scrapie for at least seventy-two (72) months prior to the date of inspection, scabies for a period of at least six (6) months immediately prior to date of inspection and are not known to have been exposed to any communicable disease for at least thirty (30) days immediately prior to date of inspection. All breeding sheep and goats with the exception of low-risk commercial goats imported into the state of Idaho must be individually identified with an official premises/ flock identification number, or legible tattoo or other form of individual identification approved by the Board. The premises/flock identification number must be listed on the certificate of veterinary inspection. The original or true copy of the permit and certificate of veterinary inspection required by this rule will be attached to the waybill covering such shipments. No sheep will be shipped, trailed, or in any manner moved into the state of Idaho for any purpose if they originate in a state or area where sheep scabies is known to exist until the Board has been notified by the APHIS that such state or area where sheep scabies is known to exist has been classified by the APHIS as a sheep scabies eradication area. (3-23-23)(
- **O2. Brucella Ovis.** Intact male sheep six (6) months of age or older must test negative for Brucella Ovis within thirty (30) days prior to entry. Rams entering for exhibition only and returning to the state of origin are exempt from testing. Rams imported from a state certified *Brucella Ovis* free flock are also exempt. (3-23-23)

# 101. PERMITS.

- 01. Request for Permits. Request for the permits required under Section 100 are to be in writing, by telephone or faesimile and set forth the name and address of the owner of the animals offered for movement into the state of Idaho, the number and class of sheep and goats to be brought in, the destination, the name and address of the consignee, and the approximate date and place of entry. A copy of the permit, or permit number written on the face of the waybill or certificate of veterinary inspection accompanying movement, will be shown to a representative of the Board or any law enforcement officer of the state, county, or municipality of the state of Idaho upon request Request for permits to import sheep and goats, when applicable, into the state of Idaho shall be directed to the Division of Animal Industries online Import Permit System at https://www.isda.idaho.gov/AnimalImport/ or by telephone (208) 803-5084.
- **O2.** Certificates of Veterinary Inspection to Be Furnished. Copies of the certificates of veterinary inspection from the point of origin must accompany the shipment and include a copy of the permit or the permit number written on the face of the certificate of veterinary inspection and will be shown to a representative of the Board or any law enforcement officer of the state, county, or municipality of the state of Idaho upon request, and a copy forwarded to the Idaho Department of Agriculture, Division of Animal Industries, c/o Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board, P.O. Box 7249, Boise, Idaho 83707, immediately after issuance for sheep and goats entering the state of Idaho.

  (3-23-23)
- **03. Inspection Fees.** An inspection fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) per incidence, plus mileage, will be paid on all sheep and goats exported from or imported into Idaho in violation of these rules. Such incidences require an inspection of animals, certificates of veterinary inspection and permit. (3-23-23)
  - **O4. Examination and Treatment Fees.** The Board may assess a fee on sheep and goat producers who

receive services from the Board or its representatives, such as examination and treatment of animals for diseases or parasites. The fees assessed are not to exceed the actual costs for the services rendered. (3-23-23)

#### 102. SCABIES.

All sheep and goats, including rams and bucks, entering Idaho and which have originated in an area or areas in which scabies is known to exist within the past six (6) months must be treated with a product approved by the APHIS under the supervision of an authorized state or federal inspector or accredited veterinarian. At the time of shipment, such sheep or goats must be accompanied by a permit from the Board and a certificate of veterinary inspection from the state of origin and also a treatment certificate showing that such sheep or goats have been treated at point of origin as herein required. Any and all shipments of sheep and goats entering Idaho, and which have originated in states where scabies is known to exist, are subject to a thirty (30) to sixty (60) day quarantine and inspection at the time of arrival at destination, and a second inspection at the time of quarantine release, or as often as it may be deemed necessary by the Board.

(3-23-23)

### 103. ANIMALS IN TRANSIT.

Sheep and goats in course of transit through the state of Idaho, in trucks, or other vehicles from a point outside the state of Idaho to another state or country, are not to be unloaded in Idaho except in pens designated by APHIS for purpose of feed, water and rest for a period of time not to exceed ten (10) days, need not comply with Section 100, provided waybills or other documents accompanying the sheep or goats show origin and destination of such sheep and goats. Failure to have such waybills or other documents with the sheep or goats constitutes a violation of these rules. The Board, however, may prohibit the transportation of any sheep or goats through the state it feels represents a threat to the general health and welfare of the Idaho sheep industry.

(3-23-23)

#### 104. DAIRY GOATS.

All dairy type goats, including bucks, entering the state of Idaho must be accompanied by a permit issued by the Board, together with a certificate of veterinary inspection issued at point of origin by an authorized veterinarian. All dairy type goats, including bucks, aged six (6) months or older must have been tested negative for *Brucella Melitensis* within thirty (30) days of the date of entry into the state of Idaho accompanied by the negative test chart signed by the person in charge of the laboratory where the test was made and approved by the state animal health official of the state of origin and attached to the certificate of veterinary inspection. Goats entering Idaho on a short-term temporary basis for show or other temporary purposes may be exempted from having a negative test for *Brucella Melitensis* completed, with permission from the Board. (3-23-23)

# 105. IMPORTATION OF SCRAPIE EXPOSED, SUSPECT AND HIGH RISK ANIMALS.

Sheep and goats that are scrapie suspect, exposed, or high risk animals or from scrapie infected, source, or exposed flocks, as defined Title 9, Parts 54.1 and 79.1, Code of Federal Regulations, are not allowed entry into Idaho except as follows:

(3-23-23)

- **01. Valid Permit**. Scrapie suspect, exposed or high-risk animals and animals from infected, source or exposed flocks may be imported directly to scrapie research facilities, or to approved slaughter establishments for immediate slaughter, or other destinations approved by the Administrator, if accompanied by a permit issued by the Board or its representative; and (3-23-23)
- **02. Officially Identified**. The animals are individually identified by official identification tattoos, tags, or devices on a VS 1-27 or other approved movement document. (3-23-23)

# 106. IDAHO ORIGIN SHEEP INTERSTATE GRAZING PERMIT.

Idaho origin, low-risk commercial sheep breeding stock with no history of scrapie exposure returning to Idaho from seasonal grazing in other states may return to Idaho without a certificate of veterinary inspection if they are accompanied by an Idaho Origin Sheep Interstate Grazing Permit and a waybill. The Idaho Origin Sheep Interstate Grazing Permit is to be obtained from the Board. (3-23-23)

# 107. INTERSTATE SHIPMENTS.

**01. Waybill Requirement.** All sheep and goats leaving the state of Idaho by any common carrier, by private conveyance, or any kind of transportation must be accompanied by a waybill, stating the owner's name and indicating destination of sheep or goats, or be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection issued by an

inspector appointed by the Board or a representative of the APHIS or accredited veterinarian; said certificates of veterinary inspection to be dated not more than thirty (30) days prior to date of movement, and comply with the rules for the state of destination.

(3-23-23)

- **02. Waybill Violation**. Failure to have such waybills or other documents accompanying the sheep or goats constitutes a violation of these rules and is punishable as provided in Section 900. (3-23-23)
- **O3. Carriers.** No common or contract carrier or owner or caretaker will unload any breeding sheep, breeding goats, or dairy goats within the state of Idaho from other states or country, other than as provided in Sections 103, 105, 106, and 107, of these rules, unless such shipments be accompanied by an Idaho Origin Sheep Interstate Grazing Permit issued by the Board or other permit issued by the Board, and the official certificate as provided herein. The original or true copy of each certificate with permit must be attached to the waybill covering such shipments or be in possession of the owner or caretaker of shipment. (3-23-23)
- **04. Who May Inspect**? Authorized state or federal inspectors and accredited veterinarians may inspect sheep and goats. (3-23-23)

# 108. -- 199. (RESERVED)

# 200. SCRAPIE PROGRAM STANDARDS, SCRAPIE FLOCK CERTIFICATION, SCRAPIE CONTROL AND ERADICATION.

The Board adopts the provisions of the Voluntary Scrapic Flock Certification Program Standards, which were effective June 2013, and 9 CFR, Parts 54.1, 54.2, 54.8, 54.9, 54.10, 54.11, 54.20, 54.21, 54.22 and 79, January 1, 2015, as the minimum standards for the scrapic certification program in Idaho.

(3-23-23)

# 2040. IDENTIFICATION OF BREEDING SHEEP AND GOATS.

- **01. Assignment of APHIS Approved Idaho Premises/Flock Identification Numbers**. The Board or its designee will assign APHIS-approved Idaho premises/flock identification numbers with unique individual animal identification numbers to Idaho sheep and goat flocks/herds. (3-23-23)
- **02. Responsibility for Identification**. Owners and possessors of breeding sheep and goats bear the cost and responsibility of obtaining the identification devices and placing the device in or on the animal. (3-23-23)
- **03. Time of Identification**. All owners or possessors of breeding sheep and goats in Idaho will identify all breeding stock in the flock of any age with a premises/flock identification number before transfer of ownership or possession, show, sale, or other movement unless the animals are under eighteen (18) months of age and are in slaughter channels. (3-23-23)
- **04. Importation Identification**. Breeding sheep or goats imported into the state must be identified with a premises/flock identification number before entry into the state. (3-23-23)
- **05. Loss of Identification.** Breeding sheep or goats sold within the state retain the original premises/flock identification number. In the event an animal loses a premises/flock identification device, the owner of the animal will re-identify the animal with his or her flock identification number and maintain records to document the original and new flock identification numbers. (3-23-23)
- **06.** Acceptable Identification. Acceptable devices for application of the premises/flock identification number to breeding sheep and goats include: APHIS-approved ear tags bearing the premises/flock identification number, legible tattoos bearing the premises/flock identification number, approved Scrapie Flock Certification Program identification devices, except electronic identification, and other identification devices approved by APHIS except electronic identification. (3-23-23)
- **07. Identification Exemption**. Animals exempt from the requirement for identification with a premises/flock identification number include: (3-23-23)
  - a. Neutered animals under eighteen (18) months of age. (3-23-23)

- **b.** Sexually intact market lambs under eighteen (18) months of age shipped directly to an approved slaughter establishment or shipped directly to a feedlot for finish feeding for slaughter only. (3-23-23)
- **c.** Animals which have not been removed from their premises of origin and/or transferred ownership with the exception of white-face low-risk range sheep as defined in the 9 CFR Part 79 which are moved for grazing or other management purposes and do not change ownership. (3-23-23)
  - d. Castrated or low-risk commercial goats. (3-23-23)
- e. Registered sheep and goats accompanied by registration papers or a certificate of veterinary inspection with legible unique registration tattoos. (3-23-23)
- **f.** Goats registered with a National Goat Registry that allows for electronic implant identification, as recorded on a registration certificate, may be identified with an electronic implant. (3-23-23)

# 2021. QUARANTINE.

Infected and source flocks or flocks that have received high-risk animals will be placed and held under quarantine until the infected or high-risk animals have been slaughtered or depopulated, an approved Flock Plan has been completed and the flock is participating in a Post Exposure Monitoring Program. Flocks that do not participate in a Post Exposure Monitoring Program remain under quarantine until the entire flock has been depopulated. Flocks which are removed from the Post Exposure Monitoring Program before the agreed time will be re-quarantined.

(3-23-23)

# 2032. RESTRICTION OF HIGH-RISK ANIMALS.

High-risk animals will be placed under a quarantine when the flock or animals are determined to be exposed. An epidemiological investigation will be conducted on the flock or animals to determine the risk of infection with scrapie. The flock or animals will be maintained under quarantine until the flock is in compliance with the Scrapie Uniform Methods and Rules in effect or until the scrapie epidemiologist has determined that the flock or animals do not pose a substantial risk to other flocks.

(3-23-23)

#### 2043. MOVEMENT OF RESTRICTED ANIMALS.

Animals from infected and source flocks and high-risk animals may be moved from quarantined premises only under the following conditions: (3-23-23)

- **01. Individually Identified on Approved Document**. The animals are individually identified on a VS 1-27 form or other approved document, by official ear tags, tattoos or devices; or (3-23-23)
- **02. Indelibly Marked**. The animals are indelibly marked with an "S" at least one (1) inch high on the (3-23-23)
- **03.** Consigned Directly to Approved Destination. The animals are consigned directly to an approved slaughter facility for immediate slaughter or to a terminal feedlot for finish feeding for slaughter only; or (3-23-23)
- a. The animals are consigned directly to an approved livestock market for sale directly to an approved slaughter facility for immediate slaughter or to a feedlot for finish feeding for slaughter only. The animals must be individually identified on a VS 1-27 form or other approved document for movement from the approved livestock market to final destination; or (3-23-23)
- **b.** The Board or its representative may, by written permission, allow the animals to be moved, under quarantine, to other pre-approved locations. The animals may be moved in sealed vehicles or be accompanied in transit by representatives of the Board in lieu of individual identification. Animals so moved will be retained under quarantine at the new location. (3-23-23)

20<u>54</u>. -- 399. (RESERVED)

400. CONDEMNATION AND DESTRUCTION OF DISEASED ANIMALS OR FLOCKS.

- **O1. Animals or Flocks Infected**. Animals or flocks determined by representatives of the Board or APHIS to be infected with scrapie or other contagious, infectious, or communicable diseases which have been identified by the Board to be diseases of concern to human health or the livestock industry of the state may be condemned by order of the Board. (3-23-23)
- **02.** Animals or Flocks Condemned. Animals or flocks condemned by order of the Board will be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as directed by order of the Board and under the conditions set by the Board.

# 401. -- 499. (RESERVED)

# 500. INDEMNIFICATION.

- **01. Owners, Individuals, Partnerships, Corporations or Other Legal Entities.** Owners, individuals, partnerships, corporations or other legal entities whose animals or flocks have been destroyed or otherwise disposed of by order of the Board may be eligible for indemnification in the form of cash payment from the Sheep and Goat Disease Indemnity Fund for all or part of the value of the animals destroyed or otherwise disposed of and for the actual cost for burial or disposal of animal carcasses. (3-23-23)
- **02. Indemnity Payments Paid**. Indemnity payments are paid only to an owner of sheep or goats that were born in the state of Idaho or were imported into the state in compliance with existing Idaho statutes and rules promulgated thereunder. (3-23-23)
- **03. Amount of Indemnity to Be Paid for Each Animal.** The amount of indemnity to be paid for each animal is determined by the Board and does not exceed the difference between the appraised price, less federal indemnity, and the salvage value of the animal. In the event federal indemnity is not available the amount of indemnity will not exceed the difference between the appraised price and salvage value. (3-23-23)
- **04. Appraisals.** Appraisals are to be performed by a team comprised of an Animal Health representative, the owner, and a person with experience in sheep or goat marketing. (3-23-23)
- **O5. Maximum Amount of Indemnity**. The maximum amount of indemnity for each animal will not exceed: (3-23-23)
  - **a.** Ewes or does one (1) year of age or older two hundred dollars (\$200) per head. (3-23-23)
  - **b.** Rams or bucks one (1) year of age or older four hundred dollars (\$400) per head. (3-23-23)
- **c.** Lambs or kids under one (1) year of age current market price per pound with a maximum of one hundred dollars (\$100) per head. (3-23-23)
- **06. Indemnity Payment upon Approval of Appraisal.** Upon approval of the appraisal by the Board, one-half (1/2) of the indemnity payment will be paid at that time. The other one-half (1/2) of the indemnity payment, or the prorated portion thereof, will be paid at the end of the fiscal year. Indemnity payments are paid in their entirety in a single fiscal year and do not exceed the amount in the fund. (3-23-23)

# **501. -- 599.** (RESERVED)

# 600. CLEANING AND DISINFECTION.

Barns, sheds, stockyards, trucks, aircraft, ferryboats and other vehicles, feed yards, stables, pens, corrals, lanes and premises that have been used in confining, trailing, or transporting any sheep or goats affected or infected with any contagious, infectious or communicable diseases, will be cleaned and disinfected under state or federal supervision as directed by the Board, or an authorized representative of the Board, and the owner of such premises, conveyances, or carrier are responsible for such cleaning and disinfecting.

(3-23-23)

#### 601. -- 699. (RESERVED)

#### 700. SHEEP ASSESSMENTS.

The following rules apply to all sheep.

(3-23-23)

- **01. Payment of Assessment**. The owner of sheep on July 1st of the assessment year is responsible for the payment of the assessment levied by the Boards as provided for in Section 25-130 and 25-131, Idaho Code. The rate of assessment is eight cents (\$.08) per pound on all wool, in the grease basis, except tags, crutchings, and dead wool.

  (3-23-23)
- **02. Assessment as Resident Sheep.** The assessment is levied and assessed to the producer at the time of the first sale of wool and is deducted by the first purchaser from the price paid to the producer at the time of such sale.

  (3-23-23)
- **03. Migratory Sheep.** In the event that a sheep, which produces wool subject to this assessment, is located outside the state of Idaho during a part of the assessment year, the amount of the assessment is reduced on a prorated basis. A grower will be required to request a prorated adjustment in writing to the Board. (3-23-23)
- **04. Costs of Collection.** All costs of collection of delinquent assessments are borne as an additional charge against the delinquent assessee first purchaser. (3-23-23)

#### 701. GOAT ASSESSMENTS.

The following rules apply to all goats.

(3-23-23)

- **01. Payment of Assessment**. The owner of goat(s) is responsible for the payment of the assessment levied by the Board as provided for in Sections 25-130 and 25-131, Idaho Code. The rate of assessment is eighty cents (\$.80) per head. (3-23-23)
- **02. Assessment as Resident Goats**. The assessment is levied and assessed to the producer at the time of the sale of said goat(s). (3-23-23)
- a. Auction Yards: Auction yards will deduct the assessment from the price paid to the producer at the time of sale. All goat assessments will be sent to the Idaho Sheep and Goat Health Board (ISGHB) from the auction yards after each sale, but no later than thirty (30) days after the sale. Assessments will be accompanied by a board approved form that includes a list of the producers (sellers) name, address, and number of head sold. (3-23-23)
- **b.** Private Sales: The producer will handle assessment on private sales. The producer will send at minimum an annual assessment to the ISGHB on all private sales no later than the end of December of the current year.

  (3-23-23)
- **03.** Costs of Collection. All costs of collection of delinquent assessments are borne as an additional charge against the delinquent assessee. (3-23-23)

# <del>702. 899.</del> (RESERVED)

# 900. VIOLATIONS.

Any person, company, corporation or association, or any agent, servant or employee of such, who violates or disregard any of these sheep and goat rules or any other sanitary or quarantine rule, order of the Board or inspector thereof, is deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each offense.

901<u>702</u>. -- 999. (RESERVED)

# **IDAPA 43 – IDAHO OILSEED COMMISSION**

# 43.01.01 – RULES GOVERNING THE IDAHO OILSEED COMMISSION DOCKET NO. 43-0101-2401 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2025 Idaho State Legislature and must be approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature to go into effect, in accordance with Section 67-5224(2)(c), Idaho Code. Should the pending rule be approved, it will become final and effective on July 1 following the First Regular Session of the Sixty-eighth Idaho Legislature, unless the concurrent resolution states a different effective date.

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending rule. This rulemaking action is authorized pursuant to Sections 22-4710, 22-4717, and 22-4718, Idaho Code.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change:

Based on public comments received, the Commission has updated the pending rule in Subsection 010.01 to clarify the language for deadlines on tax payments and documents due by and submitted to the Commission.

The text of the pending rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 2, 2024, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-10, pages 461-463.

**FEE SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 67-5224(2)(d), Idaho Code, a pending fee rule shall not become final and effective unless affirmatively approved by concurrent resolution of the Legislature. The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

There is not a fee associated with this rulemaking.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending rule, contact Patxi Larrocea-Phillips at patxi@amgidaho.com.

DATED this 26th day of November, 2024.

Patxi Larrocea-Phillips Administrator 55 SW 5th Ave, Suite 100 Meridian, ID 83642 Phone: 208-888-0988

Email: patxi@amgidaho.com

#### THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 22-4710, 22-4717, and 22-4718 Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: A public hearing concerning this rulemaking will be held as follows:

# 43.01.01 – Rules Governing the Idaho Oilseed Commission

Thursday, October 3, 2024 – 10:00 a.m. - 11:30 a.m. (MT) Idaho Oilseed Commission Office 55 SW 5th Ave, Suite 100 Meridian, ID 83642

Additionally, the meeting will be held virtually. For virtual meeting links please contact Patxi Larrocea-Phillips at patxi@amgidaho.com.

The hearing site will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

These rules are being presented for authorization as part of the Idaho Oilseed Commission's plan to review its rules every 5 years. There are no specific rulemaking changes planned by the Idaho Oilseed Commission at this time except for evaluation and amendment consistent with the Governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order. It is anticipated that rulemaking stakeholders will propose and advocate for rulemaking changes as part of the negotiated rulemaking process. The Idaho Oilseed Commission intends to carefully consider all changes presented by the public and may propose certain changes so long as they are consistent with the rules' statutory authority and the Governor's Executive Order.

**FEE SUMMARY:** The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: There is not a fee associated with this rulemaking.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year as a result of this rulemaking: There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 7, 2024 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 24-8, pg. 191.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: There are no materials incorporated by reference associated with this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Patxi Larrocea-Phillips at patxi@amgidaho.com.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before November 1, 2024.

DATED this 30th day of August, 2024.

#### THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR DOCKET NO. 43-0101-2401

Italicized red text that is <u>double underscored</u> indicates amendments to the proposed text as adopted in the pending rule.

#### 43.01.01 - RULES GOVERNING THE IDAHO OILSEED COMMISSION

#### 000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The Idaho Oilseed Commission (hereinafter "Commission") promulgates these rules implementing the provisions of Title 22, Chapter 47, Idaho Code Section 22-4710, Idaho Code. (3-15-22)(\_\_\_\_\_)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

#### 010. FIRST PURCHASER RULES.

- a. The Commission's first quarter will begin on the first day of July and end the thirtieth day of September. The first quarter tax is due on or before the fifteenth day of October First Quarter: July 1 through September 30.
- b. The Commission's second quarter will begin on the first day of October and end the thirty-first day of December. The second quarter tax is due on or before the fifteenth day of January Second Quarter: October 1 through December 31.
- c. The Commission's third quarter will begin on the first day of January and end the thirty first day of March. The third quarter tax is due on or before the fifteenth day of April Third Quarter: January 1 through March 31.

  (3-15-22)(
- d. The Commission's fourth quarter will begin on the first day of April and end the thirtieth day of June. The fourth quarter tax is due on or before the fifteenth day of July Fourth Quarter: April 1 through June 30.

  (3-15-22)
- **02.** Oilseed Tax Invoice (Form Number 1). Pursuant to Section 22 4719, Idaho Code, the first purchaser of oilseed is required to complete and send the Oilseed Tax Invoice (Form Number 1) to the Commission office each and every quarter on or before the dates specified in these rules. Form Number 1 shall be on official forms as prescribed by the Commission and be provided to the first purchaser by the Commission and, at a minimum, require the following legible information:

  (3-15-22)

IDAHO OILSEED COMMISSION	
Rules Governing the Idaho Oilseed Commission	ì

# Docket No. 43-0101-2401 PENDING RULE

<del>a.</del>	The date of purchases and tax reporting period.	(3-15-22)
<del>b.</del>	The name and address of the oilseed seller and purchaser.	(3-15-22)
e <del>.</del>	The net weight of the oilseed sold in pounds or hundredweights.	(3-15-22)
<del>d.</del>	The total amount of tax deducted from Idaho oilseed producers by the purchaser.	(3-15-22)
e <del>.</del>	The total amount of tax due the Commission.	(3-15-22)

**032.** Late Payment Penalty. Per Section 22-4716(4), Idaho Code, any person or firm who makes payment to the Commission at a date later than prescribed by law, is subject to a late payment penalty of twelve percent (12%) per annum on the amount due. (3-15-22)

# <del>011. 499.</del> (RESERVED)

#### 500. REFUND APPLICATIONS.

41. Assessment Refund. In accordance with Section 22 4717, Idaho Code, any seller may request from the Commission in writing, within thirty (30) days after payment thereof, a refund of all or any portion of an assessment levied on oilseed and paid by such seller. Sellers requesting an oilseed assessment refund, as specified in Section 22 4717, Idaho Code, are required to complete and return a refund application form (Form Number 2) to the Commission office no later than thirty (30) days after payment of the assessment. Form Number 2 will be available through the Commission office. Written requests for refund application forms must be sent to the Commission office.

**Q2.** Refund Application Form Number 2. Form Number 2 shall, at a minimum, require the following information from the applicant: (3-15-22)

0	The applicant's name and address	(2.15.22)
et.	The applicant 5 hame and address.	(3-13-22)

- b. The applicant's federal tax identification number. (3-15-22)
- e. The first purchaser or lender who deducted the assessment from the applicant's settlement.
- <del>(3-13-22</del>
- d. The applicant's date of settlement. (3-15-22)
- e. The hundredweight of oilseed sold by the applicant. (3-15-22)
- f. The dollar amount of oilseed assessment deducted from the applicant's settlement. (3-15-22)
- g. The applicant shall enclose evidence with the application proving the oilseed assessment was deducted by providing a copy of the invoice (Form Number 1) for which the refund is claimed. In the absence of a copy of the invoice, the Commission may, but is not bound to, accept other satisfactory evidence of payment.

(3-15-22)

# <del>501</del>011. -- 999. (RESERVED)