PENDING FEE RULES

COMMITTEE RULES REVIEW BOOK

Submitted for Review Before

House Resources & Conservation Committee

67th Idaho Legislature First Regular Session – 2023



Prepared by:

Office of the Administrative Rules Coordinator Division of Financial Management

January 2023

HOUSE RESOURCES & CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW

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IDAPA 13 – DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

13.01.02 - RULES GOVERNING MANDATORY EDUCATION, MENTORED HUNTING, AND SHOOTING RANGES

DOCKET NO. 13-0102-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 36-103, 36-104, 36-401, 36-409, 36-412, 36-418 and 36-1508.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanation of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the agency's plan to review each rule chapter every five years, consistent with the Governor's Executive Order 2020-01: Zero-Based Regulation. The fee portion of the rulemaking relates to fees for hunter, archery, and trapping education, and fees related to Commission-owned or Department-operated shooting ranges. Changes to current rule include fees the Department may charge for use of Commission/Department shooting ranges and for goods and services associated with these ranges. The non-fee portion of the rulemaking relates to criteria for mandatory hunting, archery, trapping, and wolf-specific trapping education; and allowances for mentored hunting and the hunter passport program for first-time hunters.

No one expressed interest in negotiated rulemaking, and no one asked for public hearing or commented on this rulemaking. The agency conducted a public input survey regarding mountain goat gender identification training in April 2022. There are no changes to the pending rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 5, 2022 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-10, pages 266-268

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased. This fee or charge is being imposed pursuant to Sections 36-412 and 36-418, Idaho Code.

Under this rulemaking the Department would continue to charge a fee of \$8.00 for each course enrollment in hunter, archery, trapper, or wolf trapper education. This fee has been in effect since March 24, 2017. This fee rule would also allow the Director to set a daily use fee for Commission-owned or Department-operated shooting ranges, not to exceed \$10.00, and allows IDFG range program managers to set and charge reasonable fees for goods and services associated with these ranges.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no fiscal impact to the general fund associated with this rulemaking.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Amber Worthington, Deputy Director, at 208-334-3771.

DATED this 18th day of November, 2022.

Amber Worthington Deputy Director Idaho Department of Fish and Game 600 S. Walnut Street P.O. Box 25 Boise, ID 83707 Phone (208) 334-3771 Fax (208) 334-4885 Email: rules@idfg.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 36-103, 36-104, 36-401, 36-409, 36-412, 36-418, and 36-1508, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 19, 2022.

Any hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being presented for authorization as part of the IDFG plan to review each rule chapter every five years. Consistent with the Governor's Executive Order 2020-01: Zero-Based Regulation, the agency has revised current rule language to improve clarity and reduce duplication.

The fee portion of the rulemaking relates to fees the Department charges for hunter, archery, and trapping education, and fees related to Commission-owned or Department-operated shooting ranges. Changes to current rule include fees the Department may charge for use of Commission/Department shooting ranges and for goods and services associated with these ranges.

The non-fee portion of the rulemaking relates to criteria for mandatory hunting, archery, trapping, and wolf-specific trapping education; and allowances for mentored hunting and the hunter passport program for first-time hunters. Proposed changes from current rules allow parental acknowledgment for in-person classroom instruction of their children under 18 years of age, instead of a requirement for the parent or person designated by the parent to attend mandatory education instruction. Proposed changes include a requirement for mountain goat identification (via test available online) to obtain a mountain goat tag, to support future hunt opportunity by reducing take of female (nanny) goats during hunts.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

Under this rulemaking the Department would continue to charge a fee of \$8.00 for each course enrollment in hunter, archery, trapper, or wolf trapper education. This fee has been in effect since March 24, 2017. This fee rule would also allow the Director to set a daily use fee for Commission-owned or Department-operated shooting ranges, not to exceed \$10.00, and allows IDFG range program managers to set and charge reasonable fees for goods and services associated with these ranges.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

There is no fiscal impact to the general fund associated with this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, a Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the April 6, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-4, page 17 under Docket No. 13-0102-2201. The Department held a public meeting for negotiated rulemaking on May 16, 2022. No persons identified themselves as interested in participating in negotiated rulemaking.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not Applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions about the proposed rules, contact Amber Worthington, Deputy Director, at 208-334-3771.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 26, 2022.

DATED this 29th day of August, 2022.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 13-0102-2201

13.01.02 – RULES GOVERNING MANDATORY EDUCATION, MENTORED HUNTING, AND SHOOTING RANGES

Sections	_	36-104, 36-401, 36-409, 36-412, 36-418 and 36-1508.	()
001. These re	SCOPE ules gover	rn hunting, archery, and trapping education, mentored hunting and shooting ranges.	()
002 0	009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
	01.	Accompany(ied). Close enough for conversation without shouting or using electronic devices)
	02.	Mentee. Holder of a Hunting Passport or Nonresident Junior Mentored License.	()
011. – 1	00.	(RESERVED)		
101.	HUNTI	NG PASSPORT.		
Idaho C	ode, and	Hunting Passport . No person holding a Hunting Passport may hunt wildlife unless accomentor. Hunting Passports are licenses for carrying and exhibition purposes under Section 3 authorize holders to hunt without mandatory hunter education. Hunting Passports expire De which they are valid.	6-120 cemb	1,
	02.	Passport Eligibility.	()

Passport, hunting license, or equivalent license in any state or country, may possess a Hunting Passport. Youths may

Only persons eight (8) years of age or older, who have not previously possessed a Hunting

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME Mandatory Education, Mentored Hunting, & Shooting Ranges

Docket No. 13-0102-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

possess additional Hunting Passport(s) each year until reaching ten (10) years of age. ()
b. Hunting passport holders at least ten (10) years of age are eligible to obtain general hunt big tags available for their residency.	game
c. Hunting Passport holders are not eligible to apply for controlled hunts, except as designate landowners for landowner permission or depredation hunts.	ed by
d. Hunting Passport holders under eighteen (18) years of age are eligible to participate in youth seasons.	-only
102. HUNTING MENTOR.	
01. Eligibility. No person may be a mentor unless they are eighteen (18) years of age or older and a valid Idaho hunting license. A mentor may accompany no more than two (2) mentees at once.	have
02. Game Tag. Mentees may not hunt for species requiring game tag(s) under Section 36-409, I Code, unless the mentee has a valid tag for the hunt and the mentor has a tag for that species valid somewhold Idaho during that calendar year.	
Mentor Hunting . Mentors may hunt while serving as mentors if eligible for that hunt. ()
103. – 199. (RESERVED)	
200. HUNTER AND ARCHERY EDUCATION. Certification of hunter/archery education to comply with Section 36-411, Idaho Code, means presentation Department-issued or equivalent certification. "Equivalent certification" for hunter/archery education in completed instruction by an authorized agency or association including firearms/archery safety, wildlife manage and laws, hunter ethics, first aid, survival, and practical experience in handling and shooting firearms/archery equipment.	neans ement
201. TRAPPER EDUCATION. Any person who did not possess an Idaho trapping license before July 1, 2011, is ineligible to obtain a traplicense unless they present Department-issued or equivalent certification of trapper education. "Equivalentification" means completed instruction by an authorized agency or association including trapping safety, wi management and laws, non-target species avoidance techniques, trapper ethics and practical experience with trapequipment. Wolf-only trapping education is not equivalent certification.	valent ildlife
202. WOLF TRAPPER EDUCATION. No person may trap for wolves without successfully completing a Department-held wolf trapping education class (ss.
203. – 209. (RESERVED)	
210. PARENTAL PERMISSION. Students under age eighteen (18) who are not emancipated may only attend in-person Department mand education instruction with signed permission of a parent or legal guardian.	latory
211. – 219. (RESERVED)	
220. MOUNTAIN GOAT IDENTIFICATION. No person may obtain a mountain goat tag unless they have completed the Department's online mountain goat go identification test with a passing score (eighty percent (80%) or higher). One may take this test repeatedly to passing score (eighty percent (80%)) or higher).	ender ss.

(RESERVED)

221. – 249.

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME Mandatory Education, Mentored Hunting, & Shooting Ranges

Docket No. 13-0102-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

250. EDUCATION FEES.

The Department will charge eight dollars (\$8) for each course enrollment in hunter, archery, trapper, or wolf trapper education.

251. –299. (RESERVED)

300. SHOOTING RANGE FEES.

- **01. Fee Schedule**. The Director may set a daily use fee for Commission-owned or Department-operated shooting ranges, not to exceed ten dollars (\$10.00), which a person must pay to use the range.
- **02.** Goods and Services. Department range program managers have authority to set and charge reasonable fees for goods available for resale, equipment rentals, and services provided to enhance user experience unique to the range.

301. –999. (RESERVED)

IDAPA 20 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS

20.03.17 – RULES GOVERNING LEASES ON STATE-OWNED NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS DOCKET NO. 20-0317-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and the Idaho State Board of Land Commissioners and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 58-104(6), Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

Following Executive Order 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation, this rule chapter is scheduled for a comprehensive review in 2022 with the goal of simplifying the rules for increased clarity and ease of use. The overall regulatory burden has been reduced by decreasing both total word count and the number of restrictive words in the new rule chapter. Application and assignment fees have been increased to cover the costs of reviewing applications. Late payment policy is updated, and payment extensions are eliminated. Appraisals, if needed, will now be paid for by the applicant and will not be performed by qualified Department staff.

There are no changes to the pending fee rule and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the September 7, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-9, pages 209-216. An unofficial strikethrough version of the proposed rule, which shows the changes made through the rulemaking process, is available on the agency website at https://www.idl.idaho.gov/rulemaking/docket-20-0317-2201/.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased.

The \$150 application fee in place since 2008 is increased to \$425. This fee is being imposed pursuant to Sections 58-104, 58-127 and 58-603, Idaho Code. The \$150 assignment fee is increased to \$200. This fee is being imposed pursuant to Sections 58-104 and 58-127, Idaho Code.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Eric Wilson at (208) 334-0261 or ewilson@idl.idaho.gov.

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DATED this 18th day October, 2022.

Eric Wilson, Resource Protection and Assistance Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Lands 300 N. 6th Street, Suite 103 P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0050

Phone: (208) 334-0261 Fax: (208) 334-3698

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 58-104(6) and 58-105, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 21, 2022.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The Idaho Department of Lands initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order 2020-01: Zero-Based Regulation. This rule chapter is scheduled for a comprehensive review in 2022 with the goal of simplifying and streamlining the rules for increased clarity and ease of use.

The overall regulatory burden has been reduced by decreasing both total word count (-17%) and the number of restrictive words (-23%) in the proposed rule. Application and assignment fees have been increased to cover the costs of reviewing applications. Late payment policy is updated, and payment extensions are eliminated. Appraisals, if needed, will now be paid for by the applicant and will not be performed by qualified Department staff.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

The \$150 application fee in place since 2008 is increased to \$425. This fee is being imposed pursuant to Sections 58-104, 58-127 and 58-603, Idaho Code. The \$150 assignment fee is increased to \$200. This fee is being imposed pursuant to Sections 58-104 and 58-127, Idaho Code.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the April 6, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-4, pages 39-40.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Eric Wilson at (208) 334-0261 or ewilson@idl.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 28, 2022.

DATED this 7th day of September, 2022.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 20-0317-2201

20.03.17 - RULES GOVERNING LEASES ON STATE-OWNED NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This Chapter is adopted under the legal authorities of Title 58, Chapter 1, Idaho Code, Sections 58-104(6), 58-104(9), and 58-105; Title 58, Chapter 3, Idaho Code, Sections 58-304 through 58-312; Title 58, Chapter 6, Idaho Code; Title 58, Chapter 12; and Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code.

001. SCOPE.

- **O1.** Scope. These rules govern the issuance of leases on state-owned navigable waterways. While the State asserts the right to issue leases for all encroachments, navigational or non-navigational, upon, in or above the beds or waters of navigable lakes and rivers, nothing in these rules may be construed to vest in the state of Idaho any property, right or claim of such right to any private lands lying above the natural or ordinary high water mark of any navigable lake or river.
- **Rules Applicable To All Existing And Proposed Uses And Encroachments.** These rules apply to all existing and proposed uses and encroachments, whether or not authorized by permit under the Lake Protection Act, Title 58, Chapter 13, Idaho Code, or the Stream Channel Protection Act, Title 42, Chapter 38, Idaho Code. These rules provide that a lease may be required in addition to existing permits. See Section 020 of these rules for information about exceptions to lease requirements.

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. **DEFINITIONS.**

- **01. Board**. The Idaho State Board of Land Commissioners or its designee. ()
- **02.** Commercial Marina. A commercial navigational encroachment whose primary purpose is to provide moorage for rental or for free to the general public.
- **O3.** Commercial Navigational Encroachment. A navigational encroachment used for commercial purposes.
- **04. Community Dock.** A structure that provides private moorage for more than two (2) adjacent littoral owners, or other littoral owners possessing a littoral common area with littoral rights including, but not limited to, homeowners' associations. No public access is required for a community dock.
 - **05. Department.** The Idaho Department of Lands or its designee. ()
 - **06. Director**. The director of the Idaho Department of Lands or his designee. ()
- **07. Dock Surface Area**. Includes docks, slips, piers, and ramps and is calculated in square feet. Dock surface area does not include pilings, submerged anchors, or undecked breakwaters.
- **08.** Encroachments in Aid of Navigation. Includes docks, piers, jet ski and boat lifts, buoys, pilings, breakwaters, boat ramps, channels or basins, and other facilities used to support water craft and moorage on, in, or above the beds or waters of a navigable lake, river or stream. The term "encroachments in aid of navigation" is used interchangeably with "navigational encroachments."

structures not co	Encroachments Not in Aid of Navigation. Includes all other encroachments on, in, or ab of a navigable lake, river or stream, including landfills, bridges, utility and power lines, on naturated primarily for use in aid of navigation. It also includes float homes and floating to ments not in aid of navigation" is used interchangeably with "non-navigational encroachments.	or other
	Market Value . The most probable price at a specified date, in cash, or on terms reash, for which the property should bring in a competitive and open market under all control results, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably, and assuming the price stimulus.	nditions
purposes. If, how	Natural or Ordinary High Water Mark . The line that the water impresses upon the sufficient period of time to deprive the soil of its vegetation and destroy its value for agriculture, the soil, configuration of the surface, or vegetation has been altered by man's activater mark is located where it would have been if the alteration had not occurred.	cultura
12. unincorporated o tribal, or municip	Person . An individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association or other legal entity qualified to do business in the state of Idaho and any federa cal unit of government.	
	Riparian or Littoral Rights . The rights of owners or lessees of land adjacent to navigable to maintain their adjacency to the lake, river, or stream and to make use of their rights as riper lessees in building or using aids to navigation but does not include any right to material of the waters.	arian o
14. owner whose wa	Single-Family Dock . A structure providing noncommercial moorage that serves one (1) waterfront footage is no less than twenty-five (25) feet.	terfron
statehood. This is because of huma	State-Owned Navigable Waterways and Navigable Waterways. As used in these rules, to waterways up to the natural or ordinary high water mark as of the date Idaho was admitted includes any such bed that was formerly submerged and subsequently filled and is now an activity (e.g., dikes, berms, jetties) or by natural processes, and includes islands within nating from human activity or by natural processes.	ted into uplands
16. or ordinary high	Submerged Lands . The state-owned beds of navigable lakes, rivers, and streams below the water marks.	natura (
17. usually issued for	Temporary Permit . A revocable instrument authorizing a specific use on navigable war five (5) years or less, but that may be issued for up to ten (10) years.	terways (
	Two-Family Dock . A structure providing noncommercial moorage that serves two (2) are having a combined waterfront footage of no less than fifty (50) feet. Usually the structure property line.	
19.	Uplands. The land bordering on navigable waterways.	(
011 019.	(RESERVED)	
Leases are requir	CABILITY. red for all encroachments defined in subsections 010.08 and 010.09 that are above, across, ond under the beds of navigable waterways except:	over, in
01.	Single -Family Docks. Single-family docks constructed:	(
a. area, and for whi	On or before July 1, 1993, that occupy less than eleven hundred (1,100) square feet of dock ch all required permits and approvals have been obtained.	surface

b. for which all req	After July 1, 1993, that occupy less than seven hundred (700) square feet of dock surface a quired permits and approvals have been obtained.	rea, an	ıd)
02. dock surface are	Two-Family Docks . Two-family docks that occupy less than eleven hundred (1,100) square a, and for which all required permits and approvals have been obtained.	e feet o	of)
03. any municipality	Noncommercial Encroachments Free to the Public. Noncommercial encroachments over, county, state, or federal agency for which the complete use is offered free to the public.	vned b	у)
	Temporary Permits or Easements . Uses or encroachments that are customarily authorits or easements, such as roads, railroads, overhead utility lines, submerged cables, and pieasements can be found in IDAPA 20.03.09, "Easements on State-Owned Navigable Waterways and the state of the state o	peline	
021 024.	(RESERVED)		
025. POLIC	CY.		
other public use;	Policy of the State of Idaho . It is the policy of the state of Idaho to regulate and control the beds of navigable waterways so as to provide for their commercial, navigational, recreate provided that the Board will take no action in derogation of or seeking to interfere with the of upland landowners.	ional o	or
02. and consistent w	Director May Grant Leases . The Director may grant leases for uses that are in the public rith these rules.	intere	st)
	Requests or Inquiries Regarding Navigability. The State owns the beds of all lakes, river navigable in fact at statehood. Information about lakes, rivers, and streams deemed navigo is available from the Department.		
Resources, pursi	Stream Channel Alteration Permit or Encroachment Permit. Issuance of a lease is con ant obtaining a stream channel alteration permit if required by the Idaho Department of uant to Title 42, Chapter 38, Idaho Code, or an encroachment permit if required by the Department Protection Act, Title 58, Chapter 13, Idaho Code.	f Wate	er
05. manner that requ	Submerged Lands Lease Required Upon Notification . All persons using submerged landires a submerged land lease must obtain such a lease from the Director when notified to do so		a)
performance dur will not be denie	Term of Lease, Renewal of Lease. Leases are issued for a term of ten (10) years or as deterases may be renewed for additional periods as determined by the Department based upon satisfying the present term. Renewals will be processed with a minimum of procedural requirement except in the most unusual circumstances or noncompliance with the terms and condition A lease application fee is required for leases that are renewed upon expiration. Lease renew Department.	sfactor ents and s of th	ry id ie
07. navigable waters the state.	Rights Granted . The lease grants only such rights as are specified in the lease. The right to ways for all other purposes that do not interfere with the rights authorized in the lease remains		
Subsections 020	Waiver of Lease Requirements. The Director may, in his discretion, waive lease requirem two-family dock encroachments whose dock surface areas exceed square footages described through 020.02 of these rules when the additional dock surface area square footage is not access to water of sufficient depth to sustain dock use.	ribed i	in
09.	Private Moorage at Commercial Marinas.	()

	a.	This Subsection does not apply to community docks.	()
20.03.04	b. 4.015.03	Private moorage at commercial marinas is allowed as long as the requirements of are met.	IDAF (PA)
transact	c. ions relat	The sale, lease, or rental of private moorage is not an encumbrance on navigable waterward to private moorage are subject to the submerged lands lease's terms.	ays. A	All)
convey	d. navigable	Acquisition of private moorage must be documented with a disclosure that the transaction of waterways and only conveys the right to use the designated portion of the marina.	loes n (ot)
and priv	e. vate moor	The Department does not regulate the cost of private moorage or resolve disputes between a tage owners.	marii (na)
026 (029.	(RESERVED)		
030.	LEASE	APPLICATION, FEE, AND PROCEDURE.		
and exis	01. sting encr	Fee . The non-refundable lease application fee is four hundred twenty-five dollars (\$425) to achments.	for ne	w)
informa	02. tion, in st	Application to Lease and Fee . The lease application and fee must be submitted with the fourfficient detail for the Department to determine an appropriate lease rate:	llowii (ng)
	a.	A completed application form.	()
		A scale drawing of the proposed lease area with plans detailing all intended improvate to the nearest known property corner(s). An encroachment or stream channel alteration requirement.	ement perm	ts, nit)
lease ap	03. plication	Notification of Approval or Denial . The Department will notify the applicant in writing is approved or denied, and if any additional requirements will be included.	g if tl	he)
031 (034.	(RESERVED)		
	RENTA ates for s dl.idaho.g	ubmerged land leases are set by Board policy, which is available on the Department website	at http	p:/)
for com	nmercial	Standardized Rental Rates. The Board sets standard submerged land lease rental rach as commercial marinas, community docks, float homes, restaurants, and retail stores. Rentarinas and other uses that produce revenue for the lessee will commonly be calculated sets receipts, however, other methods may be used as the Board deems appropriate.	tal rat	es
	receipts,	Nonstandard Rental Rates . The Board directs the Department to use a percentage of mark or other methods determined appropriate by the Board, as the submerged lands lease rental encroachments or other uncommon uses.	et vali rate f (ue or
036.	YEARI	Y REPORTING.		
	01.	Annual Report. Lessees must provide an annual report to the Department that includes:	()
	a.	A schedule of moorage rental rates, including moorage sizes and types.	()
	b.	The number and size of all public boat and float home moorages.	()

		RTMENT OF LANDS Docket No. 20-03 ing Leases On State-Owned Navigable Waterways PENDING FE		
	c.	The number and size of all private boat and float home moorages.	()
	d.	Current proof of insurance as required by the lease.	()
	02.	Failure to Report. Failure to provide the annual report information is a violation of these	rules.	.)
037	039.	(RESERVED)		
040.	LATE	PAYMENT.		
follow	01. ing month	Late Payment of Rent. Rent not paid by the due date is considered late and will result charges.	ult in	the
	a.	A late charge of \$25.00 or 1% of the unpaid principal obligation, whichever is greater.	()
	b.	An interest charge of 1% on the unpaid principal obligation.	()
	until the	Late Charge Accrual. The Department will send monthly statements with the outstanding on the account and will continue to accrue late charges and interest each month, or any pobalance is paid in full. All payments will be applied first to accrued interest and late charges,	rtion (of a
041	044.	(RESERVED)		
rates. A propos perform	sals may An appraise an appr ned in a t	AISAL PROCEDURES. be used to determine the market value of adjacent uplands for calculating submerged leasal will be conducted by a licensed appraiser selected by the Department, although the application to the Department. The Department will provide appraisal instructions. The appraisa imely manner, and a copy sent to the Department and the applicant. The expense of the appraisal applicant.	cant r	nay l be
046	049.	(RESERVED)		
050.	LEAS	E AMENDMENT.		
encroa	01. chment o	Encroachment Amendment . A lease amendment must first be authorized through r stream alteration permit or permit amendment, if required.	n a 1	ake)
	of the lea	Amendment of Existing Lease. Amendment of an existing lease will be processed in w lease application, but no fee will be required. Amendment includes change of use, location as esite, but does not include ordinary maintenance, repair or replacement of existing structures.	n, size	e or
		Modification of Interior Facilities . If the proposed changes to a facility do not requiermit, a lease amendment may still be needed as described in Subsection 050.02 of these rewritten notice to the Department at least ten (10) days in advance of making such char	ules. '	The

051. -- 054. (RESERVED)

changes.

055. ASSIGNMENTS, ASSIGNMENT FEE.

01. Assignment of Lease. Leases may be assigned upon approval of the Director provided that the lease conforms with Subsection 025.02 and all other provisions of these rules. The assignor and assignee must

Department will determine if a lease amendment is needed due to the proposed changes. When requested, the lessee must also furnish one (1) set of as-built plans to the Department within thirty (30) days following completion of

_		RTMENT OF LANDS ing Leases On State-Owned Navigable Waterways	Docket No. 20-0317- PENDING FEE R	
complet	e the De	partment's standard assignment form and forward it to any Departmen	t office. (,
	02.	Assignment Fee. The assignment fee is two hundred dollars (\$200).	(,
	03. ened to a nit is assi	Permit Assignment . The encroachment permit/stream alteration perpurchaser simultaneously with a lease assignment. A lease assignment gned.		
Director	04.	Approval Required for Assignment. An assignment is not valid unt	til it has been approved b	y the
056 0)59.	(RESERVED)		
060.	CANCI	ELLATION AND ADDITIONAL REMEDIES.		
the least corrective the spec	e to cand we action ified time	Cancellation of Lease for Violation of Terms. Any violation of the rent or any violation by lessee of any rule now in force or hereafter adoutellation. The Department will provide the lessee with written notificate necessary, and a reasonable time to make the correction. If the correct, the Department will notify the lessee of cancellation of the lease no lon's effective date.	pted by the Board may su ation specifying the viola tive action is not taken w	ibjec ation vithii
paymen	02. t by payi	Lease Reinstatement . A lease may be reinstated within ninety (90) drug the rental, plus interest, and a reinstatement fee to be determined by	ays after cancellation for the Board. (non
cancella not be ca	tion. The anceled.	Cancellation of Lease for Use Other Than Intended Purpose. As granted may be canceled. The Department will notify the lessee lessee has thirty (30) days to reply in writing to the Department to sho Within sixty (60) days, the Department will notify the lessee of the Department (30) days to appeal an adverse decision to the Director.	in writing of any propow cause why the lease sl	posed hould
facilities	s and im	Removal of Improvements Upon Cancellation . Upon cancellation ecific amount of time, not to exceed six (6) months from the date or provements. Failure to remove any facilities or structures within such deemed a trespass on navigable waterways.	f final notice, to remove	e any
the lesse	05. ee, the lea	Additional Remedies Available. In addition to termination of the lease may provide for other remedies to non-monetary breach of the lease		
	a.	Civil penalties as determined by the Board and to be collected as add	itional rent; (
failure to	b. o perform	The reasonable costs of remedial action undertaken by the Departm a requirement of the lease. These costs will be collected as additional		ssee'
	c.	Such other remedies as the Board deems appropriate.	(,

BOND. 065.

061. -- 064.

01. Bond Requirement Determined by Director. Bonds may be required for commercial navigational, community dock, and nonnavigational leases. The need for bond will be at the discretion of the Director, who will consider the potential for abandonment of the facility, harm to state-owned submerged land and water resources, the personal and real property of adjacent upland owners and the personal and real property owned by the encroachment owner that is appurtenant to and supportive of the encroachment.

(RESERVED)

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS Rules Governing Leases On State-Owned Navigable Waterways

Docket No. 20-0317-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

O2. Performance Bond. In the event a bond is necessary, the lessee must submit a performance bond in favor of the state of Idaho and in a format acceptable to the Director before a lease is issued. Acceptable bonds include surety, collateral, and letters of credit. The amount of bond is the estimated cost of restoration as established by the Director in consultation with the lease applicant on a case by case basis. To determine restoration costs, the Director may consider the potential for damage to land, to improvements, and the cost of structure removal. ()

066. -- 074. (RESERVED)

075. OTHER RULES AND LAWS.

The lessee must comply with all applicable state, federal, and local rules and laws insofar as they affect the use of the lands described in the lease.

076. -- 999. (RESERVED)

IDAPA 37 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES / IDAHO WATER RESOURCE BOARD

37.02.03 – WATER SUPPLY BANK RULES

DOCKET NO. 37-0203-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE)

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 42-1762, 42-1734(19), and 42-1805(8), Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

This rule governs the Idaho Water Resource Board's operation and management of a Water Supply Bank provided for in Sections 42-1761 to 42-1766, Idaho Code. The purposes of the Water Supply Bank are to encourage the highest beneficial use of water, provide a source of adequate water supplies to benefit new and supplemental water uses, and generate funding for improving water user facilities and efficiencies.

There are no changes to the pending fee rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 5, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-10, pages 866–872.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

Idaho Code §§ 42-1761, 42-1762, and 42-1765 authorizes the Idaho Water Resource Board to generate revenue through the operation of water supply bank and rental pools and to collect "lease" and "rental" fees in association with water supply bank and rental pool transactions. This Proposed Rule does not change current water supply bank and rental pool fees.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

DATED this 14th day of November, 2022.

Gary Spackman, Director Idaho Department of Water Resources 322 E. Front Street PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720

Phone: (208) 287-4800

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. This action is authorized pursuant to §§ 42-1762, 42-1734(19), and 42-1805(8), Idaho Code

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 19, 2022.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a non-technical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rule.

The Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) and the Idaho Water Resource Board (IWRB) (the "Agencies") initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order No. 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation (ZBR) (EO 2020-01), issued by Governor Little on January 16, 2020. Pursuant to EO 2020-01, each rule chapter effective on June 30, 2020, must be reviewed by the promulgating agency over a five-year period. This review is being conducted according to a schedule established by the Division of Financial Management, Office of the Governor (DFM), posted at https://adminrules.idaho.gov/forms_menu.html. This rule chapter was scheduled for review in 2022.

With this Notice, the Agencies propose a new chapter of water supply bank rules. The new chapter is approximately 7% shorter than the existing water supply bank rule chapter due to both internal agency analysis and external stakeholder negotiation, commentary, and editing. Changes to the rule come through a combination of (a) removal of obsolete provisions (such as outdated "order of consideration" processes), (b) removal of unnecessary provisions (such as definitions for "year" and "person"), and (c) modifications to existing rules regulating the processing of water supply bank leases and rentals.

Pursuant to the ZBR process, this Notice represents the promulgation of a new rule chapter. As a result, the proposed rule does not contain strike-out/underline text in legislative format. The old rule has been repealed and replaced in its entirety. However, the development of the proposed rule text through two publicly-released preliminary rule draft iterations may be viewed at: https://idwr.idaho.gov/legal-actions/rules/idwr-rulemaking-2022-2023/. At the same website, the Agencies also developed and published rulemaking support documents, which provide the Agencies' recommendations on rulemaking, rulemaking analysis, and responses to substantive comments received through the negotiated rulemaking process.

Citizens of the state of Idaho, water users, governmental agencies, and environmental groups may be interested in commenting on the proposed rule text. After consideration of public comments received in response to this Proposed Rule, the Agencies will present the final rule text to the Idaho Legislature in the late fall of 2022.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed:

Idaho Code §§ 42-1761, 42-1762, and 42-1765 authorizes the Idaho Water Resource Board to generate revenue through the operation of water supply bank and rental pools and to collect "lease" and "rental" fees in association with water supply bank and rental pool transactions. This Proposed Rule does not change current water supply bank and rental pool fees.

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to § 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the March 2, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-3, pages 24-25.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to § 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on questions concerning this proposed rulemaking, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

Anyone can submit written comments regarding this proposed rule by mail to the address below or by email sent to rulesinfo@idwr.idaho.gov. The Department will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before October 26, 2022.

Dated this 2nd day of September 2022

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 37-0203-2201

37.02.03 - WATER SUPPLY BANK RULES

000. Section		AUTHORITY. Idaho Code.	()
1761 to rental o	42-1766 f natural	T. The Board's operation and management of a Water Supply Bank as provided for in Sectoral Landon Code. These rules are to be used by the Board in considering the purchase, sale, flow or stored water, the use of any funds generated therefrom, and the appointment cilitate the lease and rental of water from a rental pool.	lease	or
002 009. (RESERVED)				
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
	01.	Board. The Idaho Water Resource Board.	()
facilitate	02. e marketi	Board's Water Supply Bank . The water exchange market operated directly by the lang of water rights.	Board (to
	03.	Director . The Director of the Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
	04.	Department . The Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
rental po	05. ool opera	Lease . To convey by contract a water right to the Board's water supply bank or stored wated by a local committee.	ater to	o a)
operatin	06. g a rental	Local Committee . A committee designated by the Board to facilitate marketing of stored pool pursuant to Section 42-1765, Idaho Code.	water	by)

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IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Water Supply Bank Rules

Docket No. 37-0203-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

07. certain time and	Natural Flow . Water or the right to use water that exists in a spring, stream, river, or aquit which is not the result of the storage of water flowing at a previous time.	fer at a
08. or private organiz	Person . Any individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision, or zation or entity of any character.	public
09. rental pool.	Rent. To convey by contract a water right or stored water from the Board's water supply be	oank or
10.	Rental Pool. A market operated by a local committee for exchange of stored water.	()
11. reservoir.	Stored Water . Water made available by detention in surface reservoirs or storage space in a storage space	surface
12. Idaho, including Department.	Water Right . The legal right to divert and use or to protect in place the public waters of the sany storage entitlement, where such right is evidenced by a decree, a permit or license issued	
13. 1761 through 42 bank and rental p	Water Supply Bank. The water exchange market operated by the Board pursuant to Section 1766, Idaho Code, and these rules and is a general term which includes the Board's water wools.	
011 024.	(RESERVED)	
025. ACQUI	SITION OF WATER RIGHTS FOR THE BOARD'S WATER SUPPLY BANK.	
combined into m rights, and the ch existing lease co 1763B, Idaho Co include additiona application shall	General. The Board may purchase, lease, accept as a gift or otherwise obtain rights to natural and credit them to the Board's water supply bank. These water rights may then be divisore marketable blocks, if there is no injury to other right holders or enlargement of use of the ange is in the local public interest. Any person proposing to sell or lease water rights, or to amountract, or to make water available through the water supply bank for the purposes of Section de, shall file a completed application with the Director on forms established by the Department information required by the Board or Director to evaluate the proposed transaction. The constate the period a water right is offered for lease, or the period that storage water will be release the period and the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms, if any, recommendation is a supplied to the payment terms are particularly to the payment terms.	ded or e water end an ion 42- ent and apleted sed for
02.	Application. Submitted with the completed application shall be:	()
a. by the Departmen	Evidence that the water right has been recorded through a court decree or a permit or license nt. If the right is included in an ongoing adjudication, a copy of the claim is required;	issued ()
by shares of stoc	Proof that the applicant currently owns the water right or has the owner's authorization to f the right to the use of the water, or the use of the diversion works or irrigation system is represent in a company or corporation, or if such works or system is owned or managed by an irrigen consent of such company, corporation, or irrigation district to the proposed sale or leas application;	esented igation
c. 222(2), Idaho Co	Information that the water right has not been lost through forfeiture as defined in Sectide, or through abandonment;	on 42-
d.	Evidence demonstrating the relative availability of water to satisfy the water right; and	()
	A lease application filing fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per water right up to a mathematical dollars (\$500.00) for overlapping water rights which have a common place of use or endiversion volume.	

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Water Supply Bank Rules

Docket No. 37-0203-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

	Inadequate Application . If an application is not complete, the Director will correspond with t in the needed information. Failure to submit the requested information within thirty (30) days will ector to void the application.	
04. its water supply l	Criteria . The board will consider the following in determining whether to accept a water right in bank:	ito)
a. offered to the Bo	Whether the applicant is the current owner, title holder, or contract water user of the water rigard's water supply bank or has authority to act on behalf of the owner;	;ht)
b.	Whether all necessary consents have been filed with the Board; ()
c. abandoned or for	Whether the information available to the Board indicates that the water right may have be feited;	en)
d.	Whether the offering price or requested rental rate is reasonable; ()
e.	Whether acquisition of the water right will be contrary to the State Water Plan; ()
f.	Whether the application is in the local public interest as defined in Section 42-202B, Idaho Code (;
g.	The likelihood of selling or renting the water right from the Board's water supply bank; and ()
i.	Other factors as determined by the Board. ()
application to lea placed into the E sell water rights	Resolution of Board . The Board may by resolution accept an application to sell or lease wat ard's water supply bank, or otherwise make water available through the water supply bank. As together with the resolution accepting it becomes a lease. Water rights associated with a lease a Board's water supply bank upon adoption of the resolution. A resolution accepting an application to the Board's water supply bank will provide authority for the chairman of the Board to enter chase the water rights. The resolution may include conditions of approval, including but not limit in the conditions of approval.	An are to an
a. bank;	A condition providing the length of time the water right will be retained in the Board's water supp	oly)
b. price from the Bo	A condition describing the terms for payment to the owner of the water right and the sale or removard's water supply bank; and	tal)
c. is available throu of fish migration	Other conditions as the Board determines appropriate, including a condition recognizing that was 19th the water supply bank pursuant to the provisions of Section 42-1763B, Idaho Code, for purpos (
06. bank.	Placement of Water Right. Effect of placement of a water right into the Board's water supp	oly)
a. not authorized to	Upon acceptance of a water right into the Board's water supply bank, the owner of the water right continue the diversion and use of the right while it is in the Board's water supply bank. (is)
b. designated by the	A water right which has been accepted shall remain in the Board's water supply bank for the perie Board unless removed by resolution of the Board. (od)
c. right in an adjudito the water right	The owner of the water right shall remain responsible to take actions required to claim the water action or other legal action concerning the water right and to pay taxes, fees, or assessments related.	

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Water Supply Bank Rules

Docket No. 37-0203-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

right is	d. in the Boa	The forfeiture provisions of Section 42-222(2), Idaho Code are tolled during the time the ard's water supply bank, pursuant to the provisions of Section 42-1764, Idaho Code.	e wat	er)
026	029.	(RESERVED)		
030.	SALE (OR RENTAL OF WATER RIGHTS FROM THE BOARD'S WATER SUPPLY BANK.		
Directo	r and shal	General . The Board may in its discretion initiate the process to sell or rent water rights fr pply bank. An application to rent, or to amend an existing rental, shall be on forms established il include such additional information as required by the Board or Director to evaluate the progressive rental price shall be the price, if any, as determined by the Board.	l by th	ıe
	02.	Application. Submitted with the completed application shall be:	()
propose or ditch	a. ed point of	Evidence of authority or permission to use water at the proposed place of use, to divert water diversion, and to deliver water through the proposed conveyance system, including a canal, very of water;		
includi	b. ng the nur	The proposed beneficial use of water and the quantity of water to be diverted during the mber of acres to be irrigated if the application is for irrigation;	renta (ıl,)
includi	c. ng the nur	A map of sufficient scale to show the proposed points of diversion and proposed places mber of acres to be irrigated if the application is for irrigation; and	of us (e,)
sufficie be rente		If the rental application proposes to change the nature of use of a specific water right, evolish historical consumptive use, as defined in Section 42-202B, Idaho Code, of the right proposes.	vidend osed (to)
		Inadequate Application . If an application is not complete, the Director will correspond win the needed information. Failure to submit the requested information within thirty (30) days sector to void the application.		
		Notice . The Director may give notice of an intended rental as he deems necessary, providing any application for purchase, or for rental for a period of more than five (5) years, he shad in Section 42-222(1), Idaho Code.		
		Consideration . All applications received on or prior to November 1 of the calendar year partial start date will be considered as having been received at the same time. Applications received be considered only if sufficient water remains in the Board's water supply bank.	orior ed aft	to er)
	06.	Application Evaluation Criteria.	()
	a.	The Director will evaluate applications using the following:	()
	i.	Whether the proposal would constitute an enlargement of the water right;	()
	ii.	Whether the water will be put to a beneficial use;	()
sufficie	iii. nt for the	Whether the water supply available from applicable rights in the Board's water supply buse intended;	oank (is)
	iv.	Whether the proposal is in the local public interest; and	()
	v.	Other factors as determined by the Director or the Board.	()
evaluat	b. e the prop	The Department may request additional information from a lessor or rental applicant as necessed rental relative to the criteria stated in this section. If the information requested from a lessor or rental applicant as necessary and the criteria stated in this section.		

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Water Supply Bank Rules

Docket No. 37-0203-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

not received within thirty (30) days, the Department may consider a different lease to satisfy the proposed rental. If the information requested from a rental applicant is not received within thirty (30) days, the Director may void the rental application.

- **c.** For applications submitted pursuant to Section 42-1763B, Idaho Code, the Director will only make an evaluation as to whether the proposed use of water will cause injury to other water rights.
- d. The Director may defer the evaluation of potential injury to other water rights conditioned upon the right of any affected water right holder to petition the Director pursuant to Section 42-1766, Idaho Code, to revoke or modify the rental approval upon a showing of injury.
- e. The Director shall consider in determining whether to approve a rental of water for use outside of the state of Idaho those factors enumerated in Section 42-401(3), Idaho Code, except that this evaluation is not required for applications submitted pursuant to Section 42-1763B, Idaho Code.
- **O7. Authorized to Rent**. The Director is authorized to rent water rights offered by the Board from the Board's water supply bank for a period up to five (5) years, but shall submit applications for purchase, or rental for a period of more than five (5) years to the Board for action. The Director will advise the Board on applications which require Board approval under Rule Subsection 025.06. The Director will advise whether he can approve the application in whole or in part or with conditions to comply with Section 42-1763, Idaho Code.
- **08. Board Review.** The Board will review applications for purchase, or which propose the rental of water rights for a duration of more than five (5) years, and may approve, approve with conditions, or reject the applications as the Board determines to best meet the purposes of Section 42-1761, Idaho Code and promote the interest of the people of the state of Idaho.

031. -- 034. (RESERVED)

035. HANDLING OF MONEY ASSOCIATED WITH THE BOARD'S WATER SUPPLY BANK.

Fees collected pursuant to Rules 025 and 030 from the acquisition, sale, or rental of water rights for or from the Board's water supply bank do not apply to rental pools described in Rule 040 and will be handled as follows: ()

- **01.** Credited Amount. Ten percent (10%) of the gross amount received from the sale or rental of a water right from the Board's water supply bank and the entire lease application fee received pursuant to Rule 025 shall be credited to the Water Administration Account created by Section 42-238a, Idaho Code, or to the federal grant fund if the payment is received from a federal agency, for administrative costs of operating the Water Supply Bank.
- **02.** Excess Funds. Any funds in excess of the amount needed to compensate the owner of the water right in accordance with the resolution accepting the water right into the Board's water supply bank and the administrative charge of Rule Subsection 035.01.a shall be credited to the Water Management Account created by Section 42-1760, Idaho Code, for use by the Board.

036. -- 039. (RESERVED)

040. APPOINTMENT OF LOCAL RENTAL POOL COMMITTEES.

- O1. Board Meetings for Committee Appointments. The Board may at any regular or special meeting consider appointing an entity to serve as a local committee to facilitate the lease and rental of stored water. At least ten (10) days prior to the meeting, the entity seeking appointment shall provide to the Director information concerning the organization of the entity, a listing of its officers, a copy of its bylaws and procedures, if applicable, a copy of the proposed local committee procedures, pursuant to which the local committee would facilitate the lease and rental of stored water, together with a copy of each general lease and rental form proposed to be used by the local committee. The local committee procedures must be approved by the Board and provide for the following: ()
- **a.** Determination of priority among competing applicants to lease stored water to the rental pool and to rent stored water from the rental pool;

b.	Determination of the reimbursement schedule for those leasing stored water into the rental	pool;)
с.	Determination of the rental price charge to those renting stored water from the rental pool;	()
d.	Determination of the administrative charge to be assessed by the local committee;	()
e.	Allocation of stored water leased to the bank but not rented;	()
f. moved from the	Notification of the Department and the watermaster of any rentals where stored water place of use authorized by the permit, license, or decree establishing the stored water right;	will 1	be)
g. for review and a	Submittal of applications to rent water from the rental pool for more than five (5) years to the approval as a condition of approval by the local committee;	e Boa	rd)
h.	Prevention of injury to other water rights;	()
i. 1763B, Idaho Co	Protection of the local public interest, except for applications submitted pursuant to Secode;	tion 4	2-
j. applications sub	Consistency with the conservation of water resources within the state of Idaho, exemitted pursuant to Section 42-1763B, Idaho Code; and	cept f	or)
k. Title 57, Idaho C	Management of rental pool funds as public funds pursuant to the Public Depository Law, Chode.	napter	1,
and credited to t 1752 and 42-176 together with mo	Local Committee Procedures. The local committee procedures shall provide that a surch of the rental fee charged per acre foot of stored water rented from the rental pool shall be a the revolving development account and the water management account established in Section, Idaho Code, in such proportion as the Board in its discretion shall determine. Such a preparation or earned thereon, shall be set aside, and made available until expended, to the purposes of Section 42-1761, Idaho Code, unless the surcharge is prohibited by statute, cannot agreement.	assesso ions 4 money be use	ed 2- /s, ed
approval. The B years. A Certific additional period designation upor Procedure of the	Review by Director. The Director will review the local committee procedures and subminimeteror's recommendation to the Board. The lease and rental form must receive the Director's recommendation to the Board. The lease and rental form must receive the Director's receive the applying entity as the local committee for a period not to exceed the cate of Appointment will be issued by the Board. The Board may extend the appointment due to five (5) years, upon written request of the local committee. The Board may request of the local committee, or after a hearing pursuant to the promulgated Rules of Prace Board, if the Board determines that the local committee is no longer serving a necessary put its own approved procedures, these rules or applicable statutes.	five (nent fevoke tice and	or and
04. forms provided by	Annual Report . The local committee shall report annually on the activity of the rental by the Board.	pool (on)
the Board by Ap	Submission of Amendments to Procedures to Board. Amendments to the approved procedured committee which change the amount charged for the rental of stored water shall be submit 1st of any year. The amendment will be considered approved by the Board unless specifically approve of the local committee. The cause being determined by the Board, specifically approve of amendments submitted after A	nitted cifical e Boa	to ly rd
041 999.	(RESERVED)		

IDAPA 37 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES / IDAHO WATER RESOURCE BOARD

37.03.04 – DRILLING FOR GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES RULES DOCKET NO. 37-0304-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 42-1734(19), 42-1805(8), and 42-4010, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

This rule governs the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of all geothermal wells in the state. The rule also addresses other related operations and environmental hazards pertaining to the exploration and development of geothermal resources.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 5, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-10, pages 873–882.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

IDAPA 37.03.04 governs the regulation of geothermal resource exploration and development and ensures that such activities occur in the public interest. The Rule ensures Idaho's geothermal policy, "to maximize the benefits to the entire state which may be derived from the utilization of our geothermal resources, while minimizing the detriments and costs of all kinds which could results from their utilization" is met. The Rule also requires fees for geothermal exploratory wells, production wells, injection wells, and amendments to permits, as set forth in Idaho Code §§ 42-4003 and 42-4011.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

DATED this 14th day of November, 2022.

Gary Spackman, Director Idaho Department of Water Resources 322 E. Front Street PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720

Boise, ID 83720 Phone: (208) 287-4800

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. This action is authorized pursuant to §§ 42-1734(19), 42-1805(8), and 42-4010, Idaho Code

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 19, 2022.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a non-technical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rule.

The Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) and the Idaho Water Resource Board (IWRB) (the "Agencies") initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order No. 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation (ZBR) (EO 2020-01), issued by Governor Little on January 16, 2020. Pursuant to EO 2020-01, each rule chapter effective on June 30, 2020, must be reviewed by the promulgating agency over a five-year period. This review is being conducted according to a schedule established by the Division of Financial Management, Office of the Governor (DFM), posted at https://adminrules.idaho.gov/forms_menu.html. This rule chapter was scheduled for review in 2022.

With this Notice, the Agencies propose a new chapter of drilling for geothermal resources rules. The new chapter is approximately 23% shorter than the existing drilling for geothermal resources rule chapter due to both internal agency analysis and external stakeholder negotiation, commentary, and editing. Changes to the rule come through a combination of (a) removal of obsolete provisions (such as the classification and treatment of "confidential" agency well construction records), (b) removal of unnecessary provisions (such as the definition and use of the term "production well"), and (c) modifications to existing rules regulating the processing of permits for the drilling of wells to use geothermal resources.

Pursuant to the ZBR process, this Notice represents the promulgation of a new rule chapter. As a result, the proposed rule does not contain strike-out/underline text in legislative format. The old rule has been repealed and replaced in its entirety. However, the development of the proposed rule text through two publicly-released preliminary rule draft iterations may be viewed at: https://idwr.idaho.gov/legal-actions/rules/idwr-rulemaking-2022-2023/. At the same website, the Agencies also developed and published rulemaking support documents, which provide the Agencies' recommendations on rulemaking, rulemaking analysis, and responses to substantive comments received through the negotiated rulemaking process.

Citizens of the state of Idaho, water users, governmental agencies, and environmental groups may be interested in commenting on the proposed rule text. After consideration of public comments received in response to this Proposed Rule, the Agencies will present the final rule text to the Idaho Legislature in the late fall of 2022.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed:

IDAPA 37.03.04 governs the regulation of geothermal resource exploration and development and ensures that such activities occur in the public interest. The Rule promotes Idaho's geothermal policy, "to maximize the benefits to the entire state which may be derived from the utilization of our geothermal resources, while minimizing the detriments and costs of all kinds which could result from their utilization". The Rule also requires fees for geothermal exploratory wells, production wells, injection wells, and amendments to permits, as set forth in Idaho Code §§ 42-4003 and 42-4011.

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to § 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the March 2, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-3, pages 26-27.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to § 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on questions concerning this proposed rulemaking, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

Anyone can submit written comments regarding this proposed rule by mail to the address below or by email sent to rulesinfo@idwr.idaho.gov. The Department will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before October 26, 2022.

Dated this 2nd day of September 2022

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 37-0304-2201

37.03.04 - DRILLING FOR GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES RULES

		AUTHORITY (RULE 0). through Section 42-4015, Idaho Code.	()
These r		AND SCOPE (RULE 1). blish the framework for the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of all ge	,	nal)
002	009.	(RESERVED)		
		ITIONS (RULE 10). ne following definitions apply.	()
constru		Applicant . Any person applying to the Department of Water Resources for a permit operation of any well or injection well.		he)
	02.	Board. The Idaho Water Resource Board.	()
the casi	03. ng in a ge	BOPE . An abbreviation for Blow Out Prevention Equipment which is designed to be attothermal well to prevent a blow out of the drilling mud.		to)
geother	mal resou	Completion . A well is completed thirty (30) days after drilling operations have ceased peration is approved by the Director, or thirty (30) days after it has commenced procure, whichever occurs first, unless drilling operations are resumed before the end of the suspension	ducing	a

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Drilling for Geothermal Resources Rules

Docket No. 37-0304-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

05. casing extends fi	Conductor Pipe . The first and largest diameter string of casing to be installed in the wrom land surface to a depth great enough to keep surface waters from entering and loose ear eand to provide anchorage for blow out prevention equipment prior to setting surface casing	ırth fi	
failing in the nor	e and to provide anchorage for blow out prevention equipment prior to setting surface cashi,	g. ()
06.	Department. The Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
07.	Director . The Director of the Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
08.	Drilling Logs . The recorded description of the lithologic sequence encountered in drilling	a we	ll.
	Drilling Operations . The actual drilling, redrilling, or recompletion of the well for produing the running and cementing of casing and the installation of well head equipment tinclude perforating, logging, and related operations after the casing has been cemented.		
10.	Exploratory Well . A well drilled for the discovery or evaluation of geothermal resources.	()
	Geothermal Area . The same general land area which in its subsurface is underlain or rederlain by geothermal resources from or in a single reservoir, pool, or other source or intarea or areas may be designated from time to time by the Director.		
12. geothermal resou	Geothermal Field . An area which contains a well or wells capable of commercial produces.	uctior (n of)
or which may be material medium degrees Fahrenhe are found and he	Geothermal Resource . The natural heat energy of the earth, the energy in whatever for any position and at any depth below the surface of the earth, present in, resulting from, or cre extracted from such natural heat and all minerals in solution or other products obtained in of any geothermal resource. Groundwater having a temperature of two hundred twelfield or more in the bottom of a well shall be classified as a geothermal resource. Geothermal resource such declared suitageneris, being neither a mineral resource nor a water resource but they y declared closely related to and possibly affecting and affected by water and mineral resource.	eated from ve (2 resour are a	the (12) rces also
reservoir, pool, o	Injection Well . Any special well, converted producing well, or reactivated or converted about injecting material into a geothermal area or adjacent area to maintain pressures in a geor other source, or to provide new material or to serve as a material medium therein, or for redium or the residue thereof, or any by-product of geothermal resource exploration or development.	other inject	mal ting
etc., below the b land surface.	Intermediate Casing. The casing installed within the well to seal out brackish water, cavir ottom of the surface casing. Such casings may either be lapped into the surface casing or expect the surface case of the		
associated gasses	Material Medium . Any substance including, but not limited to, naturally heated fluids and steam in whatever form, found at any depth and in any position below the surface of tor transmits the natural heat energy of the earth, but excluding petroleum, oil, hydrocarbon substances.	he ea	rth,
17.	Notice of Intent (NOI). A written statement to the Director that the applicant intends to do	o wor	k.)
18. an observation w	Observation Well . A small diameter well drilled strictly for monitoring purposes. In no covell be completed for production of geothermal resources or for use as an injection well.	ase sl	hall)
19. term operator als	Operator . Any person drilling, maintaining, operating, pumping, or in control of any voi includes owner when any well is or has been or is about to be operated by or under the dir	vell. T	The n of

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Docket No. 37-0304-2201 **Drilling for Geothermal Resources Rules** PENDING FEE RULE the owner. Owner. The owner of the geothermal lease or well and includes operator when any well is operated or has been operated or is about to be operated by any person other than the owner. Permit. A permit issued pursuant to these rules for the construction and operation of any well or 21. injection well. 22. **Person**. Any individual natural person, general or limited partnership, joint venture, association, cooperative organization, corporation, whether domestic or foreign, agency or subdivision of this or any other state or municipal or quasi-municipal entity whether or not it is incorporated. **Production Casing.** The casing or tubing through which a geothermal resource is produced. This casing extends from the producing zone to land surface. Surface Casing. The first casing run after the conductor pipe to anchor blow out prevention equipment and to seal out all existing groundwater zones. Suspension of Operations. The cessation of drilling, redrilling, or alteration of casing before the well is officially abandoned or completed. All suspensions must be authorized by the Director. Waste. Any physical waste including, but not limited to: 26. a. Underground waste resulting from inefficient, excessive, or improper use, or dissipation of geothermal energy, or of any geothermal resource pool, reservoir, or other source, or the locating, spacing, constructing, equipping, operating, or producing of any well in a manner which results, or tends to result in reducing the quantity of geothermal energy to be recovered from any geothermal area in the state; The inefficient above-ground transporting and storage of geothermal energy; and the locating, spacing, equipping, operating, or producing of any well or injection well in a manner causing or tending to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or destruction of geothermal energy;

011. -- 024. (RESERVED)

necessary in the efficient development or production of a well.

025. DRILLING (RULE 25).

01. General. All wells shall be drilled to protect or minimize damage to the environment, waters usable for all beneficial purposes, geothermal resources, life, health, or property.

crust by means of which the energy of any geothermal resource or its material medium is sought or obtained. (

02. Permits and Notices. ()

The escape into the open air from a well of steam or hot water more than what is reasonably

Well or Geothermal Resource Well. Any excavation or other alteration in the earth's surface or

- **a.** Permit to Drill for Geothermal Resources. Any person, owner, or operator who proposes to construct or alter a well to produce or explore for geothermal resources or to construct or alter an injection well shall first apply to the Director for permit. If the owner or operator plans to deepen, redrill, plug, or perform any operation that will in any manner alter the well, an application shall be filed with the Director and written approval must be received prior to beginning work. Application for permit shall be on a form approved by the Department. ()
- **b.** Application for Permit to Convert to Injection. If the owner plans to convert an existing geothermal well into an injection well with no change of mechanical condition, an application for permit shall be filed with the Director and written approval must be received prior to beginning injection. Application for permit shall be made on a form approved by the Department.

c. Amendment of Permit. No well may be owned or operated by any person whose name does not appear on the permit or permit application and no changes in departure from the procedures, location, data, or persons specified on the face of a permit shall be allowed until an amendment to such permit is approved by the Director. Application for amendment shall be made on a form approved by the Department.
d. Notice to Other Agencies. Notice of applications, permits, orders, or other actions received or issued by the Director may be given to any other agency or entity which may have information, comments, or jurisdiction over the activity involved. The Director may execute a memorandum of understanding with other agencies to eliminate duplication of applications or other efforts.
e. No application shall be accepted by the Director until the filing fee required by § 42-4003(5), Idaho Code has been deposited with the Director.
03. Bonds. ()
a. The Director shall require every operator or owner who engages in the construction, alteration, testing, operation, or abandonment of the well to provide to the Director evidence of good and sufficient security in the form and amounts required by Idaho Code § 42-4005(f).
b. Bonds remain in force for the life of the well or wells and may not be released until the well or wells are properly abandoned, or another valid bond is substituted therefor. Any person who acquires the ownership or operation of any well or wells shall within thirty (30) days after acquisition provide to the Director evidence of good and sufficient security in the form and amounts required by Idaho Code § 42-4005(f).
04. Well Spacing. ()
a. Any well drilled for the discovery and production of geothermal resources or as an injection well shall be located more than one hundred (100) feet from and within the outer boundary of the parcel of land on which the well is situated, or more than one hundred (100) feet from a public road, street, or highway dedicated prior to the commencement of drilling. This requirement may be modified or waived by the Director upon written request.
b. For several contiguous parcels of land in one or different ownerships that are operated as a single geothermal field, the term outer boundary line means the outer boundary line of the land included in the field. In determining the contiguity of any such parcels of land, no street, road, or alley lying within the lease or field shall be determined to interrupt such contiguity.
c. The Director shall approve the proposed well spacing programs or prescribe such modifications to the programs as he deems necessary for proper development giving consideration to such factors as, but not limited to, topographic characteristics of the area, hydrologic, geologic, and reservoir characteristics of the area, the number of wells that can be economically drilled to provide the necessary volume of geothermal resources for the intended use, minimizing well interference, unreasonable interference with multiple use of lands, and protection of the environment.
d. Directional Drilling. Where the surface of the parcel of land containing one acre or more is unavailable for drilling, the surface well location may be located upon property which may or may not be contiguous. Such surface well locations shall not be less than twenty-five (25) feet from the outer boundary of the parcel on which it is located, nor less than twenty-five (25) feet from an existing street or road. The production or injection interval of the well shall not be less than one hundred (100) feet from the outer boundary of the parcel into which it is drilled. Directional surveys must be filed with the Director for all wells directionally drilled.
05. Casing. ()
a. General. All wells shall be cased in such a manner as to protect or minimize damage to the environment, usable ground waters, geothermal resources, life, health, and property. The permanent well head completion equipment shall be attached to the production casing or to the intermediate casing if production casing

does not reach the surface. No permanent well head equipment may be attached to any conductor or surface casing alone. The specification for casing strength shall be determined by the Director on a well-to-well basis. All casing reaching the surface shall provide adequate anchorage for blow out prevention equipment, hole pressure control, and protection for natural resources. Sufficient casing shall be run to reach a depth below all known or reasonably estimated groundwater levels to prevent blow outs or uncontrolled flows. The following casing requirements are general but should be used as guidelines in submitting applications for permit to drill. The casing schedule may consist of multiple casing strings (i.e., surface casing, intermediate casing, production casing) provided drilling depth does not exceed ten times the depth of last cemented casing.

- **b.** Conductor Pipe. A minimum of forty (40) feet of conductor pipe shall be installed. The annular space is to be cemented solid to the surface. A twenty-four (24) hour cure period for the grout must be allowed prior to drilling out the shoe unless additives sufficient, as determined by the Director, are used to obtain early strength. An annular blow out preventer shall be installed on all exploratory wells and on development wells when deemed necessary by the Department.
- c. Surface Casing. The surface casing hole shall be logged with an induction electrical log or equivalent or gamma-neutron log before running casing. This requirement may be waived by the Director. Permission to waive this requirement must be granted by the Director in writing prior to running surface casing. This casing shall provide for control of formation fluids, protection of usable groundwater, and for adequate anchorage for blow out prevention equipment. All surface casing shall be cemented solid to the surface. A twenty-four (24) hour cure period shall be allowed prior to drilling out the shoe of the surface casing unless additives sufficient, as determined by the Director, are used to obtain early strength.
- i. In areas of known high formation pressure, surface casing shall be set at the depth determined by the Director after a study of geologic conditions in the area.
- ii. In areas where subsurface geological conditions are variable or unknown, surface casing shall be in accordance with specifications as outlined in a. above. The casing must be seated through a sufficient series of low permeability, competent lithologic units such as claystone, siltstone, basalt, etc., to ensure a solid anchor for blow out prevention equipment and to protect usable groundwater from contamination. Additional casing may be required if the first string has not been cemented through a sufficient series of such beds, or a rapidly increasing thermal gradient or formation pressures are encountered.
- iii. The temperature of the return drilling mud shall be monitored continuously during the drilling of the surface casing hole. Either a continuous temperature-monitoring device shall be installed and maintained in a working condition or the temperature shall be read manually. In either case, the return temperature shall be entered into the logbook on thirty (30) foot increments.
- iv. BOPE capable of shutting in the well during any operation shall be installed on the surface casing and maintained ready for use at all times. BOPE pressure tests shall be performed by the operator for Department personnel on all exploratory wells prior to drilling out the shoe of the surface casing. The decision to perform BOPE pressure tests on other types of wells shall be made on a well-to-well basis by the Director. The Director must be notified five (5) days in advance of a scheduled pressure test. Permission to proceed with the test sooner may be given verbally by the Director upon request by the operator.
- **d.** Intermediate Casing. Intermediate casing shall be required for protection against anomalous pressure zones, cave-ins, washouts, abnormal temperature zones, uncontrollable lost circulation zones or other drilling hazards. Intermediate casing strings when installed shall be cemented solidly to the surface or to the top of the casing.
- e. Production Casing. Production casing may be set above or through the producing or injection zone and cemented either below or just above the objective zones. Sufficient cement shall be used to exclude overlying formation fluids from the geothermal zone, to segregate zones, and to prevent movement of fluids behind the casing into possible fresh groundwater zones. Production casing shall either be cemented solid to the surface or lapped into the intermediate casing if run. If the production casing is lapped into an intermediate casing, the casing overlap shall be at least fifty (50) feet, the lap shall be cemented solid, and the lap shall be pressure tested to ensure its integrity.

06. Electric Logging. All wells except observation wells shall be logged with an induction electrical log or equivalent or gamma-neutron log from the bottom of the hole to the bottom of the conductor pipe. This requirement may be modified or waived by the Director upon written request.

026. ALTERNATIVE METHODS (RULE 26).

To accommodate the use of advanced or new technology, and in consideration of methods not specifically addressed in these rules, the Director may consider specific proposals for alternative methods of drilling and constructing geothermal resource wells.

027. -- 029. (RESERVED)

030. RECORDS (RULE 30).

01. General. The owner of any well shall keep or cause to be kept a careful and accurate log, core record, temperature logs, and history of the drilling of the well. These records shall be kept in the nearest office of the owner or at the well site and together with all other reports of the owner and operator regarding the well shall be subject to inspection by the Director during business hours. All records unless otherwise specified must be filed with the Director within thirty (30) days of completion of the well.

02. Records to Be Filed with the Director.

- a. Drilling Logs and Core Record. Include the lithologic characteristics and depths of formations encountered, the depth and temperatures of water-bearing and steam-bearing strata, the temperatures, chemical compositions and other chemical and physical characteristics of fluids encountered as ascertained. The core record shall show the depth, lithologic character, and fluid content of the obtained cores.
- **b.** Well History. The well history shall describe in detail all significant daily operations carried out and equipment used during all phases of drilling, testing, completion, and abandonment of any well.
- c. Well Summary Report. The well summary report shall accompany the core record and well history reports. It is designed to show data pertinent to the condition of a well at the time of completion of work done.
- **d.** Production Records. The owner of any well producing geothermal resources shall file with the Director on or before the 20th day of each month for the preceding month a statement of production utilized in such a form as the Director may designate. Copies of monthly geothermal energy report forms are available from the Director; however, production data can be submitted on non-department forms if previously approved by the Director.
- **e.** Injection Records. The owner of any well injecting geothermal fluids or wastewater for any purpose shall file with the Director on or before the twentieth day of each month for the preceding month a report of the injection in such form as the Director may designate. Copies of monthly injection report forms are available from the Director. Injection data may be submitted on non-department forms if previously approved by the Director.
- f. Electric Logs and Directional Surveys. When conducted, electric logs and directional surveys shall be filed with the Director within sixty (60) days of completion, cessation of drilling operations, excluding any approved suspension of operations, or abandonment of any well. Like copies shall be filed upon recompletion of any well. Upon a showing of hardship, the Director may extend the time within which to comply for a period not to exceed six (6) additional months.

031. -- 034. (RESERVED)

035. BLOW OUT PREVENTION (RULE 35).

01. BOPE. Must be capable of controlling the well under known and unknown reservoir conditions.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Drilling for Geothermal Resources Rules

Docket No. 37-0304-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

		()
a. record the fo	If reservoir conditions are unknown, data loggers shall be installed to continuously mollowing conditions until the well has been drilled to total depth.	nitor a	nd)
i.	Drilling mud temperature (in and out).	()
ii.	Drilling mud pit level.	()
iii.	Drilling mud pump volume.	()
iv.	Drilling mud weight.	()
v.	Drilling rate.	()
vi.	Hydrocarbon and hydrogen sulfide gas volume (with alarm).	()
b. the surface of	Annular BOPE with a minimum working pressure of one thousand (1,000) PSI shall be in asing. If unusual conditions are anticipated, a BOPE may be required on the conductor pipe.	stalled (on)
	If drilling mud temperature out reaches one hundred twenty-five (125) Degrees C (Celsius nall cease, drilling mud circulation will continue and the Director must be notified immediate obtain the Director's approval of his proposed course of action prior to resuming drilling open	itely. T	'ne
d. three hundre	When reservoir conditions are known, a gate valve with a minimum working pressure d (300) PSI may be installed on the well head.	rating (of)
condition or	When reservoir conditions are known, the temperature of the return mud shall be in Either a continuous temperature monitoring device shall be installed and maintained in the temperature shall be read manually. In either case, return mud temperatures shall be entered each thirty (30) feet of depth drilled.	worki	ng
requirements	The Director may approve BOPE modifications upon written request by the applicar sunder these rules may be modified by the Director depending upon the knowledge of the as may be set forth on the approved application for permit to drill a geothermal well or made in the personnel monitoring construction of the well.	rea. Su	ch
036 039.	(RESERVED)		
040. INJ	ECTION WELLS (RULE 40).		
reservoir an injection, so affected, and	Construction . The owner of a proposed injection well or series of injection wells shall proposed information he deems necessary for evaluation of the impact of such injection on the goal other natural resources. Such information shall include existing reservoir conditions, more of injection fluid, estimates of daily amount of material medium to be injected, zones or for analysis of fluid to be injected and of the fluid from the intended zone of the injection. Such inform approved or provided by the Director.	eotherm nethod ormatio	nal of ons
02.	Surveillance.	()
	When an owner proposes to drill or modify an injection well or convert a producing or id well, he shall be required to demonstrate to the Director by means of a test that the casing has a stest shall be conducted in a method approved by the Director.	le well comple (to ete)
b. sufficient su	To establish the integrity of the annular cement above the shoe of the casing, the owner slaveys within thirty (30) days after injection is started into a well to prove that all the injecte		

confined to the intended zone of injection. Thereafter, such surveys shall be made at least every two (2) years or more often if necessary. The Director shall be notified forty-eight (48) hours in advance of such surveys in order that a representative may be present if deemed necessary. If in the Director's opinion such tests are not necessary, he may grant a waiver excepting the operator from such tests. Department personnel may inspect the well site periodically after the well has been placed on injection. The Director may notify the operator or owner if any remediation work is necessary. Any remediation work must be performed within ninety (90) days of notification by the Director. The Director may rescind approval of the injection well for failure to perform necessary work. 041. -- 044. (RESERVED) 045. **ABANDONMENT (RULE 45).** 01. **Objectives.** The objectives of abandonment are to block interzonal migration of fluids to: a. Prevent contamination of fresh water or other natural resources; b. Prevent damage to geothermal reservoirs; Prevent loss of reservoir energy; and c. d. Protect life, health, environment, and property. 02. General Requirements. The following are general requirements which are subject to review and modification for individual wells or field conditions. A NOI to abandon geothermal resource wells is required to be filed with the Director five (5) days prior to beginning abandonment procedures. A permit to abandon may be given verbally by the Director provided the operator submits a written abandonment request on a form approved by the Director within twenty-four (24) hours of the verbal request. All wells abandoned shall be monumented with four (4) inch diameter pipe ten (10) feet in length of which four (4) feet shall be above ground. The remainder shall be embedded in concrete. The name, number, and location of the well shall be shown on the monument. Alternate methods of monumentation may be approved by the Director where land surface use indicates the above-described method is not satisfactory. Heavy drilling fluid or other seal material approved by the Director shall be used to replace any water in the hole and to fill all portions of the hole not plugged with cement. All cement plugs with a possible exception of the surface plug shall be pumped into the hole from the bottom up through drill pipe or tubing. All open annuli shall be filled with cement to the surface.) e. A minimum of one hundred (100) feet of cement shall be emplaced straddling the interface or transition zone at the base of groundwater aquifers. One hundred (100) feet of cement shall straddle the shoe plug on all casings including conductor pipe. A surface plug of either neat cement or cement shall be emplaced from the top of the casing to at least fifty (50) feet below the top of the casing.

All casing shall be cut off at least five (5) feet below land surface.

Cement plugs shall extend at least fifty (50) feet over the top of any liner installed in the well.

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j.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Drilling for Geothermal Resources Rules

Docket No. 37-0304-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

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- **k.** Other abandonment procedures may be approved by the Director if the owner can demonstrate that the geothermal resource, groundwaters, and other natural resources will be protected. Such approval must be given in writing by the Director prior to the beginning of any abandonment procedures.
- **l.** An abandonment report must be submitted to the Department within five (5) days after the completion of the abandonment.

046. -- 049. (RESERVED)

050. MAINTENANCE (RULE 50).

- **01. General.** All well heads, separators, pumps, mufflers, manifolds, valves, pipelines, and other equipment used to produce geothermal resources shall be maintained in good condition in order to prevent loss of or damage to life, health, property, and natural resources.
- **02. Corrosion.** All surface well head equipment and pipelines and subsurface casing and tubing will be subject to periodic corrosion surveillance to safeguard health, life, property, and natural resources. ()
- **03. Tests.** The Director may require such tests or remediation necessary to prevent damage to life, health, property, and to protect geothermal and groundwater resources. Such tests may include, but are not limited to, casing tests, cementing tests, and equipment tests.

051. -- 059. (RESERVED)

060. HEARINGS ON DENIED, LIMITED, OR CONDITIONED PERMIT OR OTHER DECISIONS OF THE DIRECTOR (RULE 60).

Pursuant to Idaho Code §§ 42-4004(c) and 42-4005(d), any applicant who is granted a limited or conditioned permit, or who is denied a permit or any person aggrieved by a decision of the Director may seek a hearing on said action of the Director by serving on the Director written notice and request for a hearing before the Board within thirty (30) days of service of the Director's decision. Said hearing will be set, conducted, and notice given as set forth in the Rules promulgated by the Board under the provisions of Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. Any applicant may appeal the decision of the Board to the District Court within thirty (30) days of service of the decision.

061. -- 064. (RESERVED)

065. ENFORCEMENT (RULE 65).

01. Enforcement by Director. When the Director determines that any person is in substantial violation of any provisions of the Geothermal Resources Act (Chapter 40, Title 42, Idaho Code) or of any rule, permit, certificate, condition of approval or order issued or promulgated pursuant to the Geothermal Resources Act, the Director may commence an administrative enforcement action by issuing a written notice of violation in accordance with the provisions of Idaho Code §42-1701B. The Director may enforce any provision of the Geothermal Resources Act or any order or regulation issued or adopted pursuant thereto by an appropriate action in the district court. The Director may bring action in the District Court to enjoin noncompliance with any provision of this act.

066. --999. (RESERVED)

IDAPA 37 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES / IDAHO WATER RESOURCE BOARD

37.03.05 – MINE TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT STRUCTURES RULES DOCKET NO. 37-0305-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 42-1710 and 42-1714, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

This rule governs the design review, bonding, and inspection of the construction and operation of mine tailings impoundment structures.

There are no changes to the pending rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 5, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-10, pages 883–893.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

IDAPA 37.03.05 establishes acceptable construction standards and governs IDWR's design and technical review of mine tailing and water impoundment structures. This rule also supports the collection of a fee to review plans, drawings, and specifications pertaining to any mine tailings impoundment structure, as set forth in Idaho Code §§ 42-1712 and 42-1713.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

DATED this 14th day of November, 2022.

Gary Spackman, Director Idaho Department of Water Resources 322 E. Front Street PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720

Phone: (208) 287-4800

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THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. This action is authorized pursuant to §§ 42-1710 and 42-1714, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 19, 2022.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a non-technical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rule.

The Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) and the Idaho Water Resource Board (IWRB) (the "Agencies") initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order No. 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation (ZBR) (EO 2020-01), issued by Governor Little on January 16, 2020. Pursuant to EO 2020-01, each rule chapter effective on June 30, 2020, must be reviewed by the promulgating agency over a five-year period. This review is being conducted according to a schedule established by the Division of Financial Management, Office of the Governor (DFM), posted at https://adminrules.idaho.gov/forms_menu.html. This rule chapter was scheduled for review in 2022.

With this Notice, the Agencies propose a new chapter of mine tailings impoundment structures rules. The new chapter is approximately the same length as the existing mine tailings impoundment structures rules. Only one change from the existing rule is proposed in this rule. The change addresses fixing an inconsistency between current statutory requirements and outdated requirements in the old rule concerning the inspection intervals of mine tailings impoundment structures. Rules 10.13 and 40.01 were updated to reconcile the inconsistency.

Pursuant to the ZBR process, this Notice represents the promulgation of a new rule chapter. As a result, the proposed rule does not contain strike-out/underline text in legislative format. The old rule has been repealed and replaced in its entirety. However, the development of the proposed rule text through two publicly-released preliminary rule draft iterations may be viewed at: https://idwr.idaho.gov/legal-actions/rules/idwr-rulemaking-2022-2023/. At the same website, the Agencies also developed and published rulemaking support documents, which provide the Agencies' recommendations on rulemaking, rulemaking analysis, and responses to substantive comments received through the negotiated rulemaking process.

Citizens of the state of Idaho, water users, governmental agencies, and environmental groups may be interested in commenting on the proposed rule text. After consideration of public comments received in response to this Proposed Rule, the Agencies will present the final rule text to the Idaho Legislature in the late fall of 2022.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed:

IDAPA 37.03.05 establishes acceptable construction standards and governs IDWR's design and technical review of mine tailing and water impoundment structures. The Rule also supports the collection of a fee to review plans, drawings, and specifications pertaining to any mine tailings impoundment structure.

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to § 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules – Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the May 4, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-5, page 84-85.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to § 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on questions concerning this proposed rulemaking, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

Anyone can submit written comments regarding this proposed rule by mail to the address below or by email sent to rulesinfo@idwr.idaho.gov. The Department will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before October 26, 2022.

Dated this 2nd day of September 2022

LEGAL AUTHORITY (RULE 0).

000.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 37-0305-2201

37.03.05 - MINE TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT STRUCTURES RULES

These ru	ıles are a	dopted pursuant to Section 42-1714, Idaho Code.	()
001.	SCOPE	(RULE 1).		
	01.	Scope.	()
to depri jurisdict	ive or ling tion confe I by the D	These rules and standards will only apply to structures upon which construction, lift consulteration is underway on or after July 1, 1978. Under no circumstances shall these rules be continued that the Director of the Department of Water Resources of any exercise of powers, due the director of the Director from any owner of a mine tailings impoundment structure for the proper administration.	onstru ties a may	ed nd be
Director mine tai	r will eva ilings imp	The design requirements listed are intended as a guide to establish acceptable standers are not intended to restrict the application of other sound design principles by engine luate any deviation from the standards hereinafter stated as they pertain to the safety of an oundment structure. Engineers are encouraged to submit new ideas which will advance the ablic safety.	ers. T 1y giv	he en
002 0	009.	(RESERVED)		
010. Unless t		ITIONS (RULE 10). At otherwise requires, the following definitions govern these rules.	()
	01.	Board. The Idaho Water Resource Board.	()
	02.	Director . The Director of the Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
	03.	Department . The Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
	04.	Mine Tailings Impoundment Structure. Any artificial embankment which is or will be m	ore th	an

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025. AUTHO	ORITY OF REPRESENTATIVE (RULE 25).		
011 024.	(RESERVED)		
14.	Engineer. A registered professional engineer, licensed as such by the state of Idaho.	()
structures shall be impound water of inspection sched	13. Certificate of Approval. A certificate issued by the Director for the mine tailings impoundment structure listing restrictions imposed by the Director, and without which no new mine tailings impoundment structures shall be allowed to impound mine tailings slurry or water and no existing impoundment shall be allowed to impound water or continue deposition of mine tailings slurry. The structure will be recertified following the site inspection scheduled according to the Hazard Classification assigned by the Department, unless the Director determines that the structure is unsafe.		
12.	Days Used in Establishing Deadlines. Calendar days including Sundays and holidays.	()
11. reservoir, which	Enlargement . Any change in or addition to an existing mine tailings impoundment structures as defined in Rule Subsection 010.06		or)
10. the safety of the 1	Alterations, Repairs or Either of Them. Only such alterations or repairs as may directly mine tailings impoundment structure or reservoir, as determined by the Director.	affe	ct)
g.	Receivers or trustees appointed by any court for any of the foregoing.	()
f.	The duly authorized agents, lessees, or trustees of any of the foregoing;	()
e.	Every person, firm, association, organization, partnership, business, trust, corporation or con	npany (y;)
d.	Every public utility;	()
c.	Every municipal or quasi-municipal corporation;	()
	The United States of America and any of its departments, bureaus, agencies and instit United States of America shall not be required to pay any of the fees required by Section 42 shall submit plans, drawings and specifications as required by Section 42-1721, Idaho Co oses only;	2-171	3,
a.	The state of Idaho and any of its departments, agencies, institutions and political subdivision	ns; ()
09.	Owner. Includes any of the following who own, control, operate, maintain, manage, or propagilings impoundment structure or reservoir.	pose	to
08. impoundment str	Reservoir . Any basin which contains or will contain the material impounded by the mine tucture.	tailing (gs)
07. which is designed	Borrowed Fill Embankment . Any embankment constructed of borrowed earth material of for construction by conventional earth moving equipment.	als ar (ıd)
06. tailings to the ma	Mine Tailings Storage Capacity. The total storage volume of the impoundment when filled eximum approved design storage elevation.	ed wi	th)
05.	Mine Tailings Slurry. All slurry wastes from a mineral processing or mining operation.	()
	height measured from the lowest elevation of the toe to the maximum crest elevation construction mine tailings slurry.	ted fo	or)

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	awings and specifications are filed by another person on behalf of an owner, written evidesent the owner shall be filed with the plans, drawings and specifications.	dence o
026 029.	(RESERVED)	
030. FORM Forms required by	S (RULE 30). by these rules.	(
01. to interested part	Samples of Forms . Samples of all forms required by these rules are available from the Depties upon request.	partmen (
02. 1721.	Form 1721. Construction of a mine tailings impoundment structure requires the filing	of Forn
031 034.	(RESERVED)	
	S, DRAWINGS, AND SPECIFICATIONS (RULE 35). rovisions shall apply in submitting plans, drawings, and specifications.	(
and specification desires to constr	Submission of Plans, Drawings, and Specification. Any owner who shall desire to consor repair any mine tailings impoundment structure shall submit duplicate copies of plans, does prepared by an engineer for the proposed work to the Director with required fees. An own ruct a continuously raised tailings impoundment structure shall submit duplicate copies of pecifications prepared by an engineer, showing the stages of lift height, by periods of timeight.	rawings mer who of plans
impoundment st plans, drawings,	Application for and Receipt of Written Approval. Construction of a new mine structure or enlargement, or non-emergency alteration or repairs on existing mine ructures shall not be commenced until the owner has applied and obtained written approv and specifications covering the work. In emergency situations, the owner shall make the pairs necessary to relieve the emergency, and notify the Director.	tailing al of th
legible and perm	Preparation and Submission of Plans . Plans must be prepared on a good grade of tracing vellum or mylar. Transparent copies reproducible by standard duplicating processes, if a tanent, will be accepted. Plans may initially be submitted in the form of nonreproducible paper the plans, the Director will notify the owner of any required changes.	accurate
04. adequate number	Scale of Plans and Drawings . Plans and drawings shall be of sufficiently large scale r of views and proper dimensions, so that drawings may be readily interpreted and studied.	with an
	Dimensions of Plans . All sheets for a set of plans shall have an outside dimension of two x 36) inches. A margin of two (2) inches on the left-hand end and a margin of one-half (1/2) ides must be provided, making the available work space twenty-three (23) x thirty-three and) inch or
06.	Plans. The plans shall include the following:	(
	A topographic map of the mine tailings impoundment structure site showing the location ailings impoundment structure by section, township and range, and location of spillway or continuous, and all borings, test pits, borrow pits;	
b. depths of boring	A profile along the mine tailings impoundment structure axis showing the locations, elevations or test pits, including logs of bore hole and/or test pits:	ions, and

c. A maximum cross-section of the mine tailings impoundment structure showing elevation and width of crest, slopes of upstream and downstream faces, thickness of any proposed riprap, zoning of the earth embankment (if any), location of cutoff and bonding trenches, elevations, size and type of decant systems, valves, operating

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mechani etc.;	ısm, and (dimensions of all other essential structural elements such as cutoff walls, filters, embankment	zones ()
system;	d.	Detailed drawings describing the outlet system, i.e., decant line, barge pump system,	sipho (n)
		If a spillway is used, a curve showing the discharge capacity in cubic feet per second height of the storage pool level above the spillway crest up to the maximum high-water lev in making such determinations;		
		If a stream diversion is created, a tabulation of the discharge capacity in cubic feet per secorks and of the diversion channel vs. flow depth through the diversion works or channel ty of the system, and the formulas used in making such determinations;		
operatin	g. g level fo	Where staged construction will take place and no spillway exists, a curve showing maximu or the tailings as a function of embankment height and the design criteria used to arrive at this		e)
associat	h. ed chann	Detailed plans, including cross-sections and profile, of the spillway or diversion works arels;	nd an	y)
of the in	i. npoundm	Plans for monitoring and/or recovering seepage from the reservoir in those instances where ent may be affected;	e safet	y)
	j.	An operation plan;	()
	k.	An emergency procedure plan for protection of life and property;	()
mining o	l. operation	An abandonment plan that assures the Director to his satisfaction that, upon completion, the site will be in a safe maintenance-free condition.	of th	e)
observat		Specifications . Specifications shall include provisions acceptable to the Director for adjunction and control of the work by a registered professional engineer during the per		
may not	08. be mater	Provision Included with Plans . The specifications shall provide that the plans and specifically changed without prior written consent of the Director.	cation (s)
construc	09. ction shal	Provisions Included with Specifications . The specifications shall provide that certain stall not proceed without the approval of the Director. Those stages requiring approval are as follows:		f)
	a.	After clearing and excavation of foundation and prior to placing any fill material;	()
material	b. around c	After installation of the decant conduit and any proposed collars and before placing any benduit;)
or mine	c. tailings s	After construction is completed (first stage starter dike if staged construction) and before any slurry is stored in the reservoir;	y wate (r)
	d.	Before each successive enlargement of the impoundment structure;	()
allowed	e. to exceed	After each stage of enlargement of the impoundment structure is completed and before sto d the level approved for the previous approved stage;	orage i (s)
days aft	f. er notific	At such other times as determined necessary by the Director. The Director will, within severation by the engineer, inspect and if satisfactory, approve the completed stage of constr		

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Owners are encouraged to give prior notice to the Department, so that the inspection can be scheduled to prevent delays. Inspections, Examinations, and Tests. All materials and workmanship may be subject to inspection, examination and test by the Director at any and all reasonable times during manufacture and/or construction and at any and all places where such manufacture and/or construction are carried on. **Rejection of Defective Material.** The Director shall have the right to require the owner or engineer to reject defective material and workmanship or require its correction. Rejected workmanship shall be corrected and rejected material shall be replaced with proper material. Suspension of Work. The Director may order the engineer to suspend any work that may be subject to damage by climatic conditions. Responsibility of Engineer. These provisions shall not relieve the engineer of his responsibility to 13. assure that construction is accomplished in accordance to approved plans and specifications or to suspend work on his own motion. Detailing Provisions of Specifications. The specifications shall state in sufficient detail, all 14. provisions necessary to ensure that construction is accomplished in an acceptable manner and provide needed control for construction to ensure that a safe structure is constructed. Required Information. The following information shall be submitted with the plans and 15. specifications. Engineer's Report. An engineer's report giving details necessary for analysis of the structure and 16. appurtenances. Included as a part of the report where applicable shall be the following: a. Formulas and assumptions used in designs; h. Hydrologic data used in determining runoff from the drainage areas; Engineering properties of each type of material to be used in the embankment and of the foundation c. areas; Stability analysis, including an evaluation of overturning, sliding, upstream and downstream slopes and foundation stability: Geologic description of reservoir area, including evaluation of landslide potential; e. f. Chemical analysis of all materials composing the slurry; Earthquake design loads must be evaluated at all sites located east of Range 22 E., Boise Meridian. This area corresponds to Seismic Zone 3 as designated by the Recommended Guidelines of the National Dam Safety Program. Earthquake analysis may be required at other impoundment structure sites if deemed necessary by the Director: A seepage analysis of the embankment and reservoir bottom; h. i. A hydraulic analysis of the outlet system and spillway, diversion work or diversion channel; (Engineering properties and the weathering characteristics of the proposed tailings to be stored in j. the impoundment; Other information which would aid in evaluating the safety of the design. k.)

Filing of Additional Information. The Director may require the filing of such additional

17.

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information which in his opinion is necessary to assess safety or waive any requirement herein cited if in his opinion it is unnecessary.

036. -- 039. (RESERVED)

040. BONDING (RULE 40).

An active surety bond or other means of acceptable surety payable to the Director of the Department of Water Resources shall be on file with the Director throughout the active life of the tailings disposal site. The purpose of this bond is to provide a means by which the tailings impoundment can be placed in a safe maintenance-free condition if abandoned by the owner without conforming to an abandonment plan approved by the Director.

- **01. Filing of Bond**. The bond shall be filed prior to any issuance by the Director of a certificate of approval for use of the mine tailings impoundment structure to impound mine tailings slurry and shall run for the approval period covered on the certificate of approval.
- **02. Provisions of Bond**. Bond provisions shall provide that the surety may be held liable for a period of up to five (5) years following notice of default on the bond.
- **03. Amount of Bond**. The bond amount will be set by the Director and is subject to revision each time it is renewed. The owner must obtain approval for the amount of his surety bond prior to each renewal.
- **04. Cost Estimate Submitted by Engineer.** In order to provide a basis for setting the bond amount, the engineer shall submit a cost estimate acceptable to the Director, together with conceptual details needed to arrive at the estimate, for abandonment of the facility at each proposed stage of its construction.
- **05. Current Costs for Abandonment**. Bond amount will be based on current costs for abandonment of the facility based on the approved cost estimate for abandonment at the present construction condition or the next approved proposed stage, whichever represents the larger bond amount.
- **06. Determination of Bond Amount.** If the final abandonment is determined to be the most costly condition, the owner may elect to use this as a basis for bonding throughout the life of the project. The Director may, however, revise the bonding amount to reflect updated costs when he feels it is necessary in order to maintain a realistic bond.
- **07. Filing Initial Bond**. The initial bond shall be filed upon completion of the first stage of construction and before the required certificate of approval is issued to allow storage of mine tailings slurry in the impoundment. No certificate of approval shall be renewed prior to filing by the owner of a bond renewal in an amount approved by the Director.
- **08.** Filing Copy of Performance Bond. Upon the filing of a copy of a performance bond with the Director, covering the terms and conditions of a state of Idaho mineral lease or an approved reclamation plan, in which these documents specify compliance with a plan of restoration of all mining operations, including the tailings impounding structure, the Director may determine the bond required of this section has been met, if the amount of the bond accurately reflects the cost associated with the abandonment plan provided by the owner.

041. -- 044. (RESERVED)

045. MINE TAILINGS IMPOUNDMENT STRUCTURES DESIGN CRITERIA (RULE 45).

The following minimum design criteria shall be used for all mine tailings impoundment structures designed for installation in Idaho. These limitations are intended to serve as guidelines for a broad range of circumstances, and engineers should not consider them as a restriction to the use of other sound design criteria. Deviation from this established criteria will be considered by the Director in approving plans and specifications.

01.	Embankment Slopes.	(

For construction of borrowed fill embankments, in the absence of a stability analysis, the slopes

shall be:

Upstream slope	2:1 or flatter
Downstream slope	2:1 or flatter

	-	
		()
impoundment wi	Construction by the upstream method shall not be used in the area of the state east of Range unless the engineer can provide evidence that the construction and operation of the taili achieve a relative density of sixty percent (60%) or greater in the embankment and taili ion during earthquake loading.	ailings
c. minimum of one	Safety factors for the embankment shall be at least one and five-tenths (1.5) for static loads (1) for the static plus the appropriate earthquake load.	s and a
d. materials other th	To insure sufficient permeability and stability of the embankment, designs will require ut nan the tailings, when the tailings materials:	tilizing (
i. percent (50%) pa	Contain greater than seventy-five percent (75%) passing the #200 standard U.S. sieve, of assing the #325 standard U.S. sieve;	or fifty
ii.	Contain phosphate clays;	(
iii.	The design calls for the water to be impounded against the embankment;	(
iv.	Have other properties which makes them unsuitable for use as construction materials.	(
	Embankments designed for the storage of hazardous levels of radioactive materials shequirements of these regulations, meet the criteria outlined in the Nuclear Regulatory Committee 3.11 and the Idaho Radiation Control Regulations administered by the Idaho Departm Quality.	nissior
used beneath em piping of the tail the quality of the	The design shall consider the need for drains and/or operational procedures to pred insure that a low phreatic surface is maintained within the embankment. Drainage pipe shall bankments where excessive or differential settlement may cause failure of the pipes and subscings or embankment. When the quality of the mine tailings slurry is such that it will adversely existing ground water, the design should be coordinated with the Department and the Department and the Department to insure that all applicable permits are obtained.	not be equen affec
	Instrumentation of the embankment and/or foundation will be required to insure that the structure factorily. Standpipe piezometers with an inside diameter greater than one-half (1/2) inch will be in fine-grained or cohesive soils in order to minimize response time.	
h. or raised during during the summ	Tailings impoundment structures which are constructed using the tailings shall not be const freezing weather to prevent frost lenses in the embankment. Sufficient freeboard must be preer construction season if the disposal operation is to continue during the winter.	
	If tailings are to be discharged during times of freezing weather and the embankment is g either the upstream or centerline method, the pond shall be of sufficient size to insure that a lings pond area melts during the next warm season.	

02. Top Width Embankment.

a. In the absence of a stability analysis, the minimum top width for mine tailings impoundment structures shall be:

W = 2 (H to 1/2 power) + 4, minimum

	RTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Impoundment Structures Rules	Docket No. 37-0305-2201 PENDING FEE RULE
	W = Top width H = Embankment height	()
b.	The minimum top width for any tailings embankment is ten (10) fee	et. ()
03.	Cutoff Trenches or Walls.	()
impoundment el enough to allow for depths up to	Cutoff trenches, if needed, shall be used to bond the fill through ream or zone. The bond area shall extend up the abutments to the mevation. Cutoff (keylock) trenches which are to be backfilled with the free movement of excavation and compaction equipment. Side slowelve (12) feet, and no steeper than one and one-half (1 1/2) to one dection. Flatter slopes may be required for safety and stability.	naximum high water or tailings h compacted fill shall be wide opes shall be no steeper than 1:1
cutoff wall. Con- spacing of eight	Concrete cutoff walls may be used to bond fills to smooth rock s nd they shall be entrenched in the rock to a depth approximately oncrete cutoff walls shall be doweled into the rock a minimum of twelveen (18) inches for three-quarter (3/4) inch steel dowels. Concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface and shall have a minimum of the concrete (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surface (3) feet perpendicular to the rock surfac	e-half (1/2) the thickness of the ve (12) inches with a maximum e walls shall have a minimum
04.	Borrowed Fill Embankment.	()
698 for cohesive	The approved earth materials (silt soils are seldom acceptable) shall be embankment in continuous, approximately level layers. Compaction soils and a minimum compaction of ninety-five percent (95%) of equired. Compaction of cohesionless soils shall insure a relative determined to the compaction of cohesionless soils shall insure a relative determined.	on shall be based on ASTM D- the laboratory Standard Proctor
b. maintained.	An acceptable working range of moisture content for the fill ma	aterial shall be established and
c. acceptable mean	The material shall be compacted by means of a loaded sheepsfoot s, to the required density.	roller, vibratory roller, or other
d. thickness. The fi	No rock shall be left in the fill material which has a maximum ll material shall be free of brush and organic materials.	n dimension exceeding the lift
e. fill shall be kept	The fill shall be carried up simultaneously the full design width of substantially level at all times or slope slightly toward the reservoir.	the structure, and the top of the
f. or unscarified su	No frozen or cloddy fill material shall be used, and no material sharfaces.	all be place upon frozen, muddy
g. shown by a desig	All materials used in the embankment shall meet all the stability an analysis of the structure and shall be properly installed to meet the	
05.	Riprap.	()
	All dams shall be protected from wave action. In cases where wat coundment structure or where wave action at maximum pool level during of the embankment, the Director may require use of riprap or other	ring design inflow events would
b. erosion.	If riprap is used the design shall specify the rock size and extent	of blanket required to prevent

Outlet Systems.

06.

a. Reservoirs must safely handle the design inflow for all areas draining into the reservoir. This may be done either by storing the entire design inflow or by having an outlet system or combination of systems adequate to safely pass the design inflow. If the tailings reservoir is situated on a stream channel, an outlet system or an approved alternative system capable of meeting downstream flow requirements must be provided.
b. The minimum design inflow for all reservoirs shall be the flood with one percent (1%) probability of occurrence. The Director may require a greater design inflow be used in instances of high hazard, for larger mine tailings impoundment structures, or when the inflow is to be entirely stored in the reservoir during the flood period. ()
c. The outlet system may be composed of one (1) or a combination of the following: decant line, spillway, or stream channel diversion to bypass the reservoir. The system will be determined by individual reservoir conditions. Unless removal of the mine tailings impoundment structure and reservoir is part of the abandonment plan, the outlet system shall be maintained in perpetuity, unless it is demonstrated that an outlet system is not needed.
d. Outlet systems will not be allowed if their use would release toxic, highly turbid, radioactive or otherwise hazardous flows from the reservoir. In these cases the design inflow must either be entirely stored or diverted around the reservoir.
e. All spillways shall be stabilized to discharge flow through the use of concrete, masonry, riprap or sod, if not constructed in resistant rock.
f. Wherever possible, the spillway shall be constructed independent of the impoundment structure. It shall lead the water far enough away from the mine tailings impoundment structure so as not to endanger the structure.
g. A diversion system must not subject the mine tailings impoundment structure to erosion during the design inflow event. All stream diversions shall conform to the minimum standards for stream channel alterations as written by this Department.
h. Decant conduits, if under the embankment, shall be laid on a firm, stable foundation and normally must not be placed on fill. They shall have a minimum inside diameter of twelve (12) inches and one (1) of the following provisions included in the design:
i. The owner shall have the conduit inspected by photographic or video tape equipment and a copy of the inspection provided to the Department, if a problem is suspected; or
ii. The conduit shall be completely plugged with concrete and/or suitable material, for that portion which extends through the embankment, if a nonrepairable problem occurs within the conduit. The conduit shall consist of material which has been shown to possess the qualities necessary to perform in the environment of the specific tailings impoundment. The design life of the conduit shall be greater than the life of the mine tailings impoundment structure. The portion of the conduit through the embankment shall be completely filled with concrete,

i. All decant conduits, if under the embankment, shall have a seepage path through the impervious zone at least equivalent in length to the maximum head above the downstream end of the system. Only one third (1/3) the horizontal distance through the impervious zone will be utilized when calculating the length of the seepage path. Collars may be used to satisfy this requirement, but all collars shall extend a minimum of three (3) feet outside the conduit. Collars shall be spaced at intervals of at least seven (7) times their height and no collar may be closer to the outer surface of the impervious zone than the distance it extends out from the conduit.

or other suitable material, and the riser portion of the conduit capped, upon abandonment of the mine tailings

- **j.** More than two (2) decant conduits are not to be used, unless special conditions warrant. ()
- **07.** Freeboard. A minimum freeboard of two (2) feet plus wave height (H) shall be provided on the

impoundment structure.

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crest of the mine tailings impoundment structure during passage of the design inflow. H = 1.95 (F to 1/2 power) F = Fetch in miles across water surface at a design maximum level. 08. Records. All instrumentation shall be read and recorded on a regular basis, and all records must be available for inspection by Department personnel on request. **Inspection and Completion Reports.** It is the responsibility of the engineer to submit test reports along with periodic inspection and progress reports to the Director. Upon completion of each approved stage of construction, a letter shall be sent to the Director, giving a short, narrative account covering all items of work. As-built plans shall be submitted to the Director if the completed project was substantially changed from the plans originally approved. **Abandonment**. An abandonment plan which provides a stable, maintenance-free condition when the mine tailings impoundment is no longer being regularly maintained by the owner or the owner has ceased to use the site for disposal of mine tailings slurry, shall be submitted to the Director by the owner. The plan shall provide a safe condition by providing for removal of the tailings, or construction of a maintenance-free spillway or diversion works where needed to accommodate runoff. The plan shall include provisions to prevent water storage behind, and erosion of, the mine tailings impoundment structure and the impounded tailing. A conceptual plan which includes an engineering design report, detailed enough to provide the required cost estimate for bonding purposes, will be required prior to the approval of the proposed project. Detailed construction plans must be approved by the Director prior to implementation of any abandonment work. The Director shall notify the owner upon acceptance of completion of abandonment in accordance with the approved plan. 046. -- 049. (RESERVED) DAMS STORING TAILING AND WATER (RULE 50). Construction of dams intended to store water in excess of the water being decanted in the tailing placement operation shall also meet the requirements for water storage reservoirs specified in the Department's Rules for the Safety of Dams. The Director may waive any or all of these requirements if, in the opinion of the Director, sound engineering design supplied by the owner indicates such requirements are not applicable. 051. -- 054. (RESERVED) PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 17, TITLE 42, IDAHO CODE (RULE 55).

)

(RESERVED)

056. -- 999.

The provisions of Sections 42-1709 through 42-1721, Idaho Code, are a part of these rules.

IDAPA 37 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES / IDAHO WATER RESOURCE BOARD

37.03.06 – SAFETY OF DAMS RULES
DOCKET NO. 37-0306-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE)

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 42-1710 and 42-1714, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

This rule establishes acceptable standards for the construction of new and existing regulated dams and to establish guidelines for the inspection and safety evaluation of new or existing dams. The rules apply to all new dams, to existing dams to be enlarged, altered, or repaired, and maintenance of certain existing dams, as specifically provided in the rules.

The pending rule incorporates amendments to the definition and regulation of hazard classification, changes to seismic analyses requirements for new and existing dams, changes to emergency action plan requirements, changes to construction requirements for new dams, and removal of Rule 65 Dams Storing Tailings and Water.

The text of the pending fee rule has been amended in accordance with Section 67-5227, Idaho Code. Only those sections that have changes that differ from the proposed text are printed in this bulletin. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 5, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-10, pages 894–908.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

This rule establishes the collection of a fee to review plans, drawings, and specifications pertaining to the construction, enlargement, alteration, or repair of regulated dams, as set forth in Idaho Code §§ 42-1712 and 42-1713.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

DATED this 14th day of November, 2022.

Gary Spackman, Director Idaho Department of Water Resources 322 E. Front Street PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720 Phone: (208) 287-4800

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. This action is authorized pursuant to §§ 42-1710 and 42-1714, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 19, 2022.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a non-technical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rule.

The Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) and the Idaho Water Resource Board (IWRB) (the "Agencies") initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order No. 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation (ZBR) (EO 2020-01), issued by Governor Little on January 16, 2020. Pursuant to EO 2020-01, each rule chapter effective on June 30, 2020, must be reviewed by the promulgating agency over a five-year period. This review is being conducted according to a schedule established by the Division of Financial Management, Office of the Governor (DFM), posted at https://adminrules.idaho.gov/forms_menu.html. This rule chapter was scheduled for review in 2022.

With this Notice, the Agencies propose a new chapter of safety of dams rules. The new chapter is approximately 12% shorter than the existing safety of dams rule chapter due to both internal agency analysis and external stakeholder negotiation, commentary, and editing. Changes to the rule come through a combination of (a) removal of obsolete provisions (such as removal of unique design requirements for small dams), (b) removal of unnecessary provisions (such as the definition and use of the term "active storage" and "water storage elevation"), (c) reconciling inconsistencies between current statutory requirements and outdated requirements in the old rule concerning the inspection intervals of some dams, and (d) modifications to existing rules governing the size limits, hazard categories, and design requirements for various dams.

Pursuant to the ZBR process, this Notice represents the promulgation of a new rule chapter. As a result, the proposed rule does not contain strike-out/underline text in legislative format. The old rule has been repealed and replaced in its entirety. However, the development of the proposed rule text through two publicly-released preliminary rule draft iterations may be viewed at: https://idwr.idaho.gov/legal-actions/rules/idwr-rulemaking-2022-2023/. At the same website, the Agencies also developed and published rulemaking support documents, which provide the Agencies' recommendations on rulemaking, rulemaking analysis, and responses to substantive comments received through the negotiated rulemaking process.

Citizens of the state of Idaho, water users, governmental agencies, and environmental groups may be interested in commenting on the proposed rule text. After consideration of public comments received in response to this Proposed Rule, the Agencies will present the final rule text to the Idaho Legislature in the late fall of 2022.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed:

IDAPA 37.03.06 establishes acceptable standards for construction of dams and establishes guidelines for safety evaluation of new or existing dams. The Rule applies to all new dams, to existing dams to be enlarged, altered or repaired, and maintenance of certain existing dams, as specifically provided in the Rule. This chapter also establishes the collection of a fee to review plans, drawings, and specifications pertaining to the construction, enlargement, alteration, or repair of small high-risk, intermediate, or large dams.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Safety of Dams Rules

Docket No. 37-0306-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to § 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the May 4, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-5, page 86-87.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to § 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on questions concerning this proposed rulemaking, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

Anyone can submit written comments regarding this proposed rule by mail to the address below or by email sent to rulesinfo@idwr.idaho.gov. The Department will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before October 26, 2022.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 2022.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 37-0306-2201

Substantive changes have been made in the pending rule. Italicized red text indicates changes between the text of the proposed rule as adopted in the pending rule.

37.03.06 - SAFETY OF DAMS RULES

LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are adopted pursuant to Chapter 17, Section 42-1714, Idaho Code.

These rules establish acceptable standards for design and construction, and guidelines for evaluating the safety of new or existing dams. The rules apply to all new construction including existing structures considered for enlargement, alteration, modification, or repair as specifically provided in the rules. The Director will evaluate any deviation from the standards hereinafter stated as they pertain to the safety of any given dam. The standards listed herein are not intended to restrict the application of other sound engineering design principles that will provide for the public safety. Under no circumstances shall these rules be construed to deprive or limit the Director of any exercise of powers, duties and jurisdiction conferred by law, nor to limit or restrict the amount or character of data, or information which may be required by the Director from any owner of a dam or for the proper administration of the law.

ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Any person aggrieved by an action of the Director and who has not previously been afforded an opportunity for a hearing on the matter is entitled to a hearing before the Director to contest the action pursuant to the provisions of Section 42-1701A(3), Idaho Code, and the Department's adopted Rules of Procedure.

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003. - 009.(RESERVED))

010. Unless t		ITIONS. At otherwise requires, the following definitions govern these rules.	()
and repa	01. airs do no	Alterations or Repairs. Any activity that may affect the safety or integrity of a dam. Alte t include routine maintenance items.	erations
auxiliar	02. y barriers	Appurtenant Structures . Ancillary features (e.g., outlets, tunnels, gates, valves, spin, etc.) used for operation of a dam, which are owned or for which the owner has responsible of	
	03.	Artificial Barrier or Embankment. Any structure constructed to impede, obstruct, or store	water.
which is	04. s designed	Borrowed Fill Embankment . Any embankment constructed of borrowed earth material for construction by conventional earth moving equipment.	ls, and
restriction	05. ons impos	Certificate of Approval . A certificate issued by the Director for all existing dams sed by the Director, and without which none shall be allowed to impound water.	listing
in the re	06. eservoir.	Conduit. A pipe or other constructed conveyance within a dam designed to release water or	r liquid ()
	07.	Core. A zone of relatively low permeability material within an embankment.	()
dam to l	08. limit seep	Cutoff Trench . An excavation later to be filled with <i>impermeable</i> material during constructing beneath the structure and through the foundation.	ion of a
more. H downstr barrier, 1711, Id	Teight of a ream toe of if it is not laho Code	Dam . Any artificial barrier together with appurtenant works, which is or will be ten (10) and has or will have an impounding capacity at maximum storage elevation of fifty (50) acrea dam is defined as the vertical distance from the natural bed of the stream or watercourse of the barrier, as determined by the Director, or from the lowest elevation of the outside limit across a stream channel or watercourse, to the maximum water storage elevation. Under Sect e, the following are not included as regulated dams or are not considered dams for the purport through 42-1721, Idaho Code:	feet or at the tof the ion 42-
	a.	Barriers in a canal used to raise or lower water therein or divert water therefrom.	()
traffic.	b.	Fills or structures determined by the Director to be designed primarily for highway or r	ailroad
designe	d primari	Fills, retaining dikes or structures less than twenty (20) feet in height, which are under juris nt of Environmental Quality or the Department of Agriculture, determined by the Directo ly for retention or treatment of municipal, livestock, or domestic wastes, or sediment and shing or food processing plants.	r to be
	d.	Levees, that store water regardless of storage capacity.	()
	10.	Days. Calendar days including Sundays, Saturdays, and holidays.	()
	11.	Department . The Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
		Design Evaluation . The engineering analysis required to evaluate the performance of quakes, floods, or other site-specific conditions anticipated to affect the safety or operation ant facilities.	a dam of the
	13.	Director . The Director of the Department of Water Resources.	()

water.	14.	Embankment. An artificial barrier constructed of earth, sand, rock, or gravel used to impound
potentia contents		Emergency Action Plan (EAP) . A written plan with instructions to be taken to reduce the perty damage and loss of life in an area affected by a dam failure or uncontrolled release of stored ()
of the co	16. ontents in	Enlargement . Any change in or addition to an existing dam which raises or may raise the elevation mpounded by the dam.
	17.	Factor of Safety. A ratio of available shear strength to shear stress, required for stability. ()
placed a	18. across a c	Flashboards . Structural members of timber, concrete, steel, or other erosion resistant material hannel or entrance to a spillway to temporarily raise the surface level of the reservoir.
expresse	ed in tern	Flood . An increase in water surface elevation due to naturally occurring runoff or other rise in result in the inundation of areas not normally covered by water. As defined herein floods may be as of average annual probability of exceedance, corresponding to values which may be described as e, or elevation (i.e., stage).
Flood si	urcharge	Flood Surcharge. A variable volume of water temporarily detained in a reservoir, in the space (or tis filled by excess runoff or flood water, above the approved design maximum storage elevation. is passed through the reservoir and discharged downstream until the reservoir level has been drawn gn maximum storage elevation.
		Freeboard . Vertical height between the maximum design water surface elevation and the lowest the top of the dam. Freeboard can include a provision for variables such as wave height, flood nent, and flashboards.
operation assigned	on of the d to new	Hazard Classification. The potential adverse incremental consequences to downstream life, e environment resulting from the release of water or stored content due to dam failure or misdam, exclusive of the size or the physical condition of the dam. Hazard Classifications shall be and existing dams based on potential adverse incremental impacts in three categories: downstream imated loss of life, and economic losses.
	23.	Hydraulics. The <i>study of the</i> conveyance of liquid through pipes and channels.
	24.	Hydrology . The study of precipitation, snowmelt, and runoff in relation to land surfaces. ()
having a	an annua	Inflow Design Flood (IDF) . The flood specified for designing a dam, or appurtenant facility. essed inflow design flood(s) include peak rate(s) of flow and volume(s) associated with floods 1 exceedance probability of one percent (1%) (i.e., Q100) and zero point two percent (0.2%) (i.e., PMF (probable maximum flood).
feet or	26. capable o	Intermediate Dams . Artificial barriers twenty (20) feet or more in height but less than forty (40) f storing one hundred (100) acre-feet of water or more but less than four thousand (4,000) acre-feet.

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(4,000) acre-feet or more of water.

28.

29.

retaining structure.

greater than its greatest height measured from the lowest elevation of the toe to the maximum crest elevation of the

Large Dams. Artificial barriers forty (40) feet or more in height or capable of storing four thousand

Levee. A retaining structure alongside a natural lake which has a length two hundred (200) times

Lift Construction. Embankment enlargement by raising the elevation of the structure on a

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continuous or recrest elevation.	ecurring basis. Such practice will be considered under construction until the structure reaches	its fii	nal)
30. stored contents	Maximum Water Storage Elevation . The maximum design elevation of the water surwhich can be impounded by the dam.	rface	or)
31. purpose, and waslurry.	Operation Plan . A specific plan that promotes the safe operation of the dam for its in hich provides specific limits and procedures for controlling inflow, storage, and/or release of various procedures.		
32. construct a dam	Owner . Includes any of the following who own, control, operate, maintain, manage, or product, or reservoir:	pose (to)
a.	The state of Idaho and its departments, agencies, institutions, and political subdivisions;	()
	The United States of America and any of its departments, bureaus, agencies and instine United States of America shall not be required to pay any of the fees required by Section 4 d shall submit plans, drawings and specifications as required by Section 42-1712, Idaho Corposes only;	2-17	13,
c.	Every municipal or quasi-municipal corporation;	()
d.	Every public utility;	()
e.	Every person, firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, corporation, or co	mpan (ıy;)
f.	The duly authorized agents, lessees, or trustees of any of the foregoing; or	()
g.	Receivers or trustees appointed by any court for any of the foregoing.	()
	Professional Engineer . A person licensed as a professional engineer by the Idaho B ofessional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors under chapter 12, title 54, Idaho Code. It is rule, the use of the term engineer implies a professional engineer consistent with this definition.	For t	of he
34. works, <i>includin</i>	Release Capacity . The ability of a dam to pass excess water through the spillway(s) an g the contribution from any designed conveyance through or around the dam.	d out	let
35.	Reservoir. Any basin which contains or will contain the water impounded by a dam.	()
36. height and that	Small Dams . Artificial barriers ten (10) feet or more in height but less than twenty (20) store fifty (50) acre-feet or more but less than one hundred (100) acre-feet of water.	feet (in)
37. is designed to a	Spillway . A constructed channel <i>or other approved feature</i> over, through, or around a dam ccommodate the <i>net</i> inflow design flood and thus prevent overtopping by the reservoir.		ich)
38.	Storage Capacity. The total storage in acre-feet at the maximum design storage elevation.	()
011. – 014.	(RESERVED)		
When plans, di	IORITY OF REPRESENTATIVE. rawings, and specifications are filed by another person on behalf of an owner, written evid resent the owner shall be filed with the plans, drawings, and specifications.	ence	of)
016. – 019.	(RESERVED)		

020. DAM SIZE CLASSIFICATION.

01. Size Classification. The following table defines the height and storage capacity limits used by the Department to classify dams regulated for the benefit of public safety:

Dam Size Classification	Height		Storage Capacity
Small Dams and Reservoirs	Ten (10) feet or more but less than twenty (20) feet	and	Fifty (50) acre-feet or more but less than one hundred (100) acre-feet.
Intermediate Dams and Reservoirs	Twenty (20) feet or more but less than forty (40) feet	or	One hundred (100) acre-feet or more but less than four thousand (4,000) acre-feet.
Large Dams or Reservoirs	Forty (40) feet or more	or	Four thousand (4,000) acre-feet or more.

O2. Determination of Size. The Director shall determine the size *classification* of a new or existing dam.

021. – 024. (RESERVED)

025. HAZARD CLASSIFICATION.

01. Hazard Classification. The following table describes categories of hazard used by the Department to classify dams relative to the potential failure consequences estimated for downstream locations. The listed hazard *classifications* are meant to serve as guidelines for implementing design, construction, and operation criteria, subject to final interpretation by the Director:

Hazard Classification	Downstream Development	Estimated Loss of Life	Economic Losses
Low	Undeveloped property, no permanent or permanently occupied structures for human habitation.	No loss of life	Low economic losses generally limited to the owner; low damage to or disruption of transportation, utilities, or other public facilities or values including environmental loss.
Significant	No concentrated urban development, 1 or more permanent structures for human habitation within the flood zone that are potentially inundated with flood water at a depth of <i>less than</i> two (2) feet.	Loss of life is unlikely to occur	Moderate damage to agricultural, commercial, or industrial facilities; moderate damage to or the disruption of transportation, utilities, or other public facilities or values including environmental loss.
High	Urban development, or any structure for permanent or temporary human habitation which are potentially inundated with flood water at a depth of two (2) feet or greater.	High probability for loss of life	Severe damage to agricultural, commercial, or industrial facilities; damage to or the prolonged disruption of transportation, utilities, or other public facilities or values including environmental loss.

(

O2. Determination of Hazard Classification . The Director shall determine the hazard <i>classification</i>	of
a new or existing dam governed by these rules. Hazard classifications shall be assigned to new and existing dam	ns
based on the severity of failure consequences exclusive of the size or the physical condition of the dam. To	he
designated hazard classification, as established by the Director, shall determine the applicable design ar	nd
operational standards applied to the dam.)

026. - 029. (RESERVED)

030. FORMS.

Forms required by these rules are available from the Department to interested parties upon request.

031. – 034. (RESERVED)

035. DESIGN REPORTS, DRAWINGS, AND SPECIFICATIONS.

The following provisions shall apply when submitting plans, drawings, reports, and specifications for dams to the Director for design review and approval, prior to commencing construction.

- **01.** Submission of Duplicate Plans, Drawings and Specifications. Any owner desiring to construct, enlarge, alter, or repair any dam, shall submit duplicate plans, drawings and specifications prepared by an engineer for the proposed work to the Director with required fees for approval prior to commencing construction. ()
- **02.** Applying for and Obtaining Written Approval. Construction of a new dam, or the enlargement, alteration, or repair of such shall not commence until the owner has applied for and obtained written approval of the plans, drawings, and specifications from the Director.
- **O3. Preparation and Submission of Plans.** Plans and drawings shall be of a sufficient scale with an adequate number of views showing proper dimensions, so that the plans and drawings may be readily interpreted and so that the structure and appurtenances can be built in conformance with the approved design. Plans and drawings shall be submitted in both printed and digital format, with the printed version consisting of paper size eleven by seventeen (11 x 17) inches. After reviewing the plans, the Director will notify the owner of any required changes.
- **04. Information Included with Plans**. Plans for new dams or the enlargement, alteration, or repair of such shall include as much of the following information as determined necessary by the Director to adequately describe the enlargement, alteration, or repair and the effect on the existing structure or its appurtenances: ()
- **a.** A topographic map of the project site showing the location of the proposed construction by section, township and range, and location of all borings, test pits, borrow pits and other locations of samples obtained for field or laboratory testing;
- **b.** A profile depicting the locations, elevations, and depths of borings or test pits, including the visual illustration of logs of bore holes, test pits, or borrow pits;
- **c.** A cross-section of the structure at maximum section showing elevation and width of crest, slopes of upstream and downstream faces, thickness of riprap, zoning of earth embankment, location of cutoff and bonding trenches, elevations and dimensional heights, size and type of conduits, valves, operating mechanism, and dimensions of all other essential elements deemed to be necessary for properly constructing the approved design;
- **d.** Detailed drawings showing plans, cross and longitudinal sections of appurtenant features such as but not limited to the spillway, training walls, outlet conduits, valves, gates, trash rack, and control works; ()
- **e.** A curve or table showing the capacity of the reservoir or tailings impoundment in acre-feet vs. gauge height referenced to a common project datum and the computations used in making such determinations;

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f. A curve or table showing the outlet discharge capacity in cubic feet per second vs. gauge height o reservoir storage level, and the computations used in making such determinations;
g. A curve or table showing the spillway discharge capacity in cubic feet per second vs. gauge heigh of the reservoir or flood surcharge level above the spillway crest and the computations used in making such determinations;
h. Detailed drawings of spillway structure(s), including cross-sections of the channel entrance and exit points to and from the spillway and a spillway profile;
i. Plans for flow measuring devices capable of providing an accurate determination of the flow of the stream above or below the reservoir, and a permanent reservoir or staff gauge near the outlet of the reservoir plainly marked in feet and tenths of a foot referenced to an approved datum; and
j. Plans or drawings of instruments recommended by the owner or engineer to monitor the performance of the dam to assure safe operation, or as may be required by the Director as deemed necessary to monitor any structure for benefit of public safety regardless of size.
O5. Specifications . The engineer shall prepare specifications that include instructions for construction of the approved design in accordance with accepted engineering and industry standards of care, including provisions for adequate observation, inspection, and control of the work by an engineer during the period of construction.(
O6. Changes to the Approved Design. The approved design shall not be materially changed without prior written consent of the Director. Design changes which may affect the stability, size, or integrity of the structure while construction is underway, shall be submitted for the Director's review and approval. In emergency situations the owner shall make the required alterations or repairs necessary to relieve the emergency, and subsequently notify the Director of all alterations or repairs implemented.
07. Inspections . The owner shall allow inspections by the Department to assure the dam and appurtenant structures are constructed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications, or as may be revised by the engineer and approved by the Director if there are unforeseen conditions discovered during site preparation or construction which potentially jeopardize the future integrity and safety of the project works. The Department may request of the owner that certain stages of construction not proceed without inspection and approvately the Director.
08. Inspection, Examination and Testing of Materials . All materials and workmanship shall be subject to review, inspection, examination, or testing by the Director.
09. Rejection of Defective Material . The Director may order the owner or engineer to reject defective material. The owner shall correct rejected workmanship and replace rejected material with approved material. (
10. Suspension of Work. The Director may order the engineer to suspend any work that is or is likely to be subject to damage by inclement weather conditions.
11. Responsibility of Engineer. These provisions shall not relieve the engineer of their responsible charge to assure that construction is accomplished in accordance with their approved plans and specifications at mandated by Sections 54-1202(10) and (15), Idaho Code, or to unilaterally suspend work as deemed necessary.
12. Design Report . Owners proposing to construct, enlarge, alter, or repair a dam shall submit at engineering or design evaluation report to accompany the plans and specifications. The engineering report shall include as much of the following information as necessary to present the technical basis for the design and to describe the analyses used to evaluate performance of the structure and appurtenances.

All technical reference(s), equations, calculations, and assumptions used in the design.

)

a.

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b.	Hy	drolo	gic	data	used	in	dete	rmining	g runoff	from	the	drai	nage	areas,	reservoir	flood	roı	iting	3
pertinent to the								aluatio	ns of the	outle	t(s) a	ınd th	ie sp	illway(s	s) as may	be requ	aire	d fo	r
approval of the	desig	n pla,	ns aı	nd spo	ecifica	itio	ns.										()
				c	•.		,	C	11.1				.1					1	

c. Investigation of site and subsurface conditions, to include the engineering properties of the foundation area and of each type of material to be encountered or used in the construction of the project works.

d. A stability analysis, including an evaluation of overturning, sliding, slope, and foundation stability;

- i. An evaluation of seismic design loads may be included in the stability analysis for all dams as deemed necessary by the Director for benefit of public safety. The evaluation required for the design of large dams or high hazard structures shall use the maximum ground acceleration which could affect the dam. In the absence of a site-specific seismic hazard analysis, the Director may accept seismic analyses that reference published seismic hazard maps which determine seismic loads estimated for seismic events corresponding to a return interval of two percent (2)% in fifty (50) years.
- ii. Seismic analyses may be waived by the Director for new or existing dams if the consequence of failure is demonstrated to be sufficiently low or the critical features of design are demonstrated to be sufficiently conservative to allow minor deformation(s) without releasing the contents of the impounding structure.
- e. Geologic description of *the dam and* reservoir area, including evaluation of landslide potential *near* the dam;
- f. Engineering properties and the weathering characteristics of the contents proposed for storage in the impoundment, if applicable;
 - g. Other information which would aid in evaluating the safety of the design.
- **13. Additional Information/Waiver**. The Director may require the filing of such additional information which in *their* opinion is necessary for the benefit of public safety or waive any requirement in these rules if available data demonstrates that it is unnecessary.
- 14. Alternate Plans. The Director may accept plans and specifications for dams, or portions thereof prepared for other agencies which are determined to meet the requirements of Rule 35, including but not limited to the following:
 - a. An operation plan; or (
- **b.** An emergency action plan to help protect or mitigate the consequences of a dam failure on downstream life and property.

036. – 044. (RESERVED)

045. EMERGENCY ACTION AND OPERATION PLANS.

An Emergency Action Plan (EAP) is required for all Significant and High Hazard dams. The EAP shall establish emergency procedures for notification and response during unexpected or non-routine events that occur naturally, or in response to mechanical issues, or due to intentional vandalism *or* terrorism. The EAP may be a component of an Operation Plan that includes comprehensive guidelines and procedures for inspection, operation, maintenance, and monitoring of instruments required to record performance of the structure during normal operating cycles, critical filling, or flood periods, or as may be necessary for evaluating the effects of an earthquake. Before the initial filling of a reservoir, the owner shall file with the Director an EAP for review and approval.

046. – 049. (RESERVED)

050. NEW DAMS AND RESERVOIRS.

The following criteria shall be used by the Director as a basis to evaluate the design of new embankment dams and reservoirs. These guidelines are intended for a broad range of circumstances, and engineers should not consider them as a restriction to the use of other sound engineering design principles. Exclusion from these established criteria will be considered by the Director on a case-by-case basis during design review of plans, drawings, reports, and specifications submitted for approval prior to commencing construction. Structures which are or will be constructed of other materials, for example concrete, timber, steel, or combinations thereof shall comply with these criteria as found appropriate by the Director, and with other engineering design methods and construction standards of care approved by the Director.

01. Embankment Stability. Slope stability analyses shall determine the appropriate upstream and downstream slopes. Unless a discrete slope stability analysis determines otherwise, the embankment slopes of earthen dams shall comply with the following:

Upstream slope	3:1 or flatter
Downstream slope	2.5:1 or flatter

)

- **a.** Embankments shall be designed, constructed, and maintained to assure stability under static loads and prevent instability due to seepage or uplift forces, rapid drawdown conditions, and applied seismic loads. ()
- **b.** The design analysis shall consider the need for installing filters, including but not limited to chimney drains, blanket drains, or toe drains, to avoid developing saturated conditions and *to* protect against piping of the embankment fill material. Transmission of seepage through the embankment, abutments, and foundation shall be controlled to prevent internal erosion, the removal of material, *or the creation of* instability.
- c. The minimum factor of safety for a steady state loading condition shall be one point five (1.5.) The minimum factor of safety for rapid drawdown loading shall be one point two (1.2.) The minimum factor of safety for seismic loading shall be one point zero (1.0.)
 - d. Seismic Stability. ()
- i. The stability of an embankment subjected to earthquake ground motions may be analyzed by the engineer using either a dynamic response or pseudo-static analyses. Pseudo-static analyses are acceptable for embankment dams and foundations composed of non-liquifiable soils that preclude the generation of excess pore water pressures due to shaking. Otherwise, the stability analysis shall employ a dynamic response method.
- ii. Slope deformation analyses are required for structures that are constructed of cohesionless soils exhibiting fine grain-size gradation and/or on foundations that may be subject to liquefaction.
- iii. The design analysis for *regulated* dams shall include in the *seismic* stability analysis peak ground accelerations obtained from Seismic Hazard Maps published by the United States Geologic*al* Survey (USGS) using a minimum return interval of 2 percent (2%) probability of exceedance in fifty (50) years, or greater interval, as determined by the Director.
- iv. The design analyses for large and high hazard dams shall include a report or report(s) covering geology, geologic hazard, and seismicity. The report(s) shall identify the location of faults, evaluate landslide potential, and include a history of seismicity. A comparison using deterministic and probabilistic analyses to calculate peak ground acceleration at the dam site may be required for geographic areas of the state showing evidence of seismic faults or faulting, as determined by the Director.
- **e.** Where in the opinion of the Director, embankment design or conditions warrant, the owner may be required to instrument their embankment or foundation.
 - **02.** Top Width. The minimum top width for any embankment shall be twelve (12) feet to allow safe

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Safety of Dams Rules

Docket No. 37-0306-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

access by wheeled vehicles or tracked equipment for maintenance or repair.

- **03.** Cutoff Trenches or Walls. Cutoff trenches shall be excavated into competent foundation material to bear on an approved stratum or zone, as site conditions require and when employed.
- a. The cutoff trench shall be backfilled with suitable material free from organic matter and debris and compacted to the specified moisture and density. The cutoff trench shall extend up the sides of both abutments to the design maximum storage elevation.
- **b.** Cutoff trenches shall be wide enough to allow the free movement of excavation and compaction equipment. To provide for proper compaction side slopes shall be no steeper than one to one (1:1) for shallow depths up to twelve (12) feet, and no steeper than one and one half to one (1.5:1) for greater depths. Flatter slopes may be required for safety and stability, as determined by the Director.
- c. Concrete cutoff walls may be used in a similar manner as cutoff trenches, with the base firmly entrenched in the underlying foundation material. Where suitable bedrock or suitable foundation material exists, concrete cutoff walls shall be doweled with steel rebar a minimum depth and spacing determined by the engineer necessary to create a structural bond with the underlying foundation. Concrete walls shall have a minimum vertical projection above the foundation surface of three (3) feet, oriented perpendicular to the surface, and shall have a minimum thickness of twelve (12) inches. Reinforcement of the concrete may be required in addition to being doweled into suitable foundation material(s).
- **104.** Impermeable Core Material. Soils used to construct the inner sectional core of an embankment shall consist of relatively impermeable cohesive materials approved by the engineer and compacted in strict accordance with the approved plans and specifications. A minimum ninety-five percent (95%) maximum dry density compacted in accordance with the American Society Testing Materials (ASTM) D-698 is required. The use of other relatively impermeable however non-cohesive material is subject to approval by the Director on a case-by-case basis.
- **05. Drains.** Toe, blanket, or chimney drains consisting of approved free draining material or approved manufactured drainage geotextile shall be installed where necessary to maintain the phreatic line at or near the design level(s) within the embankment.
- **a.** Filter design for toe, blanket, or chimney drains, or any combination thereof shall be included in the design plans and specifications submitted by the engineer for review and approval by the Director. ()
- **b.** Perforated and slotted drainpipes must be four (4) inches diameter or greater and shall be surrounded by permeable drainage material *to a distance* equal to or greater than the outside pipe diameter. The maximum particle size of the drainage material shall be between one-half (1/2) inch to three-fourths (3/4) inch, *or as specified by the design engineer based on the drainage filter analysis.* Underdrains and collection pipes must be constructed of noncorrosive material, taking care to ensure slots and perforations are appropriately sized to avoid long-term migration of the drain material into the pipe.
- **06. Freeboard**. The elevation of the top of the embankment shall be constructed and maintained above the design flood surcharge level, including the vertical height of wind generated waves estimated for the greatest distance of open water measured perpendicular to the major axis of the dam. Camber estimated for post-construction settlement shall be included in the design and incorporated in the construction of the top of the embankment. ()
- **a.** The minimum freeboard shall be two (2) feet plus wave height as calculated for the design spillway flow capacity during passage of the one percent (1%) flood, or greater.
- **Riprap**. All embankments which are subject to erosion on either the upstream and downstream slope(s) shall be protected using riprap or other approved material. Pipes, cables, brush, tree growth, dead growth, logs, or floating debris are not acceptable substitutes for approved riprap. The engineer, with approval of the Director, shall determine the extent of slope protection as deemed necessary for existing site, seasonal, and operating conditions.

- **a.** Where rock riprap or other approved material is used for erosion protection on the upstream slope, it shall be placed on an approved thickness of well-graded and free-draining granular bedding material. Riprap or other approved erosion protection material shall extend up the slope a sufficient height.
- **Outlet Conduits.** All reservoirs impounding water shall have an outlet conduit of sufficient capacity to prevent interference with natural streamflow through the reservoir to the injury of downstream appropriators. In addition to any natural flow releases, the outlet conduit should be of sufficient capacity to pass at the same time, the maximum water requirement of the owner. A larger outlet conduit may be required to provide adequate release capacity as determined by the Director. *Upon recommendation n of the design engineer, the Director may waive this requirement for off channel reservoirs.*
- a. Outlet conduits shall be laid on a firm and stable foundation material to avoid the likelihood of differential settlement or consolidation causing the separation or misalignment of the conduit. Outlet conduits shall be encased on all sides by concrete of approved compressive strength and having a minimum thickness of twelve (12) inches. During construction outlet conduits shall be properly aligned on an established grade and adequately supported to prevent movement or damage caused by placement of concrete or by compaction equipment.
- **b.** Unless otherwise required, the outlet conduit shall have a minimum inside diameter of twelve (12) inches. The conduits shall consist of approved material and composition as approved by the Director. Exceptions may be made only where conditions warrant, but in no case shall the reasonable life expectancy of the pipe be less than the design life of the embankment.

09.	Gates and Valves.	()
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- **a.** Conduits shall be gated on the upstream end to avoid pressurizing the conduit inside the embankment. *Designed pressurized* conduits shall be fitted with both a guard gate and a control gate or valve. ()
 - **b.** All conduits shall be vented directly behind the gate. (
 - c. All gate stem pedestals shall be securely founded to prevent future movement.
- **d.** At least one (1) of the sides of the inlet structure shall be open to allow water to flow into the outlet conduit. The opening shall be covered with a trash rack.
- **e.** Trash racks should be designed to facilitate cleaning of trash and debris. If fish screens are used, they shall be placed over the trash rack and shall be removable for cleaning or be self-cleaning.
- 10. Outlet Controls. Outlet controls shall be installed at a stable location, on the crest or on an elevated platform, or within an enclosure when required, but secured to prevent unauthorized operation. Reservoirs storing water during the winter and subject to severe freezing conditions shall have inclined gate stems or other controlling mechanical or hydraulic features enclosed in a protective sleeve which is buried beneath the upstream slope to suitable depth, to prevent damage or movement caused by ice.
- 11. Release Capacity. Based on the size of the dam and the downstream hazard classification assigned by the Director, the release capacity shall equal or exceed the inflow design flood as set forth in the following table. Where the table specifies an inflow design flood range, the governing inflow design flood shall be determined by the professional engineer in responsible charge of design and IDWR based on a site-specific review of the proposed dam, watershed conditions, and downstream hazard potential. The minimum flow capacity of the emergency spillway(s) shall be sized using the one-percent (1%) rate of flow (i.e., Q100 cfs) calculated for the contributing watershed upstream from the dam, plus two (2) feet of freeboard, plus wave height.

Hazard Classification	Dam Size Classification	Inflow Design Flood (IDF)
Low	All Sizes	Q100
Significant	Small	Q100

Hazard Classification	Dam Size Classification	Inflow Design Flood (IDF)
	Intermediate	Q100 to Q500
	Large	Q500
High	Small	Q100 to Q500
	Intermediate	Q500
	Large	Q500 to PMF

- **a.** All spillways shall be stabilized for the discharge of flow using concrete, masonry, riprap, or sod, if not constructed in resistant rock.
- **b.** For embankment dams, where site conditions allow, the spillway shall be constructed independent of the embankment. The spillway(s) shall guide the discharge of water away from the embankment. ()
- c. The minimum base width of an open-channel spillway shall be ten (10) feet, or greater to allow access by mechanical equipment. Siphon pipes or pumps are not acceptable substitutes for an open-channel spillway.
- **d.** The effective flow capacity of spillways shall be undiminished by bridges, fences, pipelines, or other obstructions.
- e. The installation of stop logs or flashboards in the spillway is prohibited unless they are part of an approved design and included as an integral part of an approved operation plan.
- 12. Reservoir Site. Prior to filling the reservoir, the site shall be cleared of all woody material, growth or debris that is large enough to lodge in the spillway, or outlet works.
- 13. Inspection and Completion Reports. As construction proceeds, it is the responsibility of the engineer to submit test reports (e.g., soil material analyses, density tests, concrete strength tests, etc.) along with periodic inspection and progress reports to the Director.
- **a.** Upon completion of construction the owner or *their* engineer shall provide the Director a written narrative account of all items of construction. Record drawings (i.e., as-builts or as-constructed drawings) and revised specifications shall be submitted to the Director to accurately reflect the completed project works.
- **b.** The engineer, acting on behalf of and representing the owner, shall certify that the construction, reconstruction, enlargement, replacement, or repair of the embankment and appurtenances was completed in accordance with the record drawings and specifications.

051. – 059. (RESERVED)

060. EXISTING DAMS AND RESERVOIRS.

All dams and reservoirs regulated by the Department shall be operated and maintained to retain the existing structural dimensions, to resist deformations or movement, and to maintain the hydraulic capacity of the outlet works, spillway, and other discharge features as designed and constructed, or as otherwise required by these rules.

- **01. Analyses Required.** The analyses required by Rule 035 shall apply to all existing dams when the Director specifically requires the analyses. Where applicable, non-embankment dams shall comply with the following criteria.
- **a.** Every dam shall have an overflow spillway with a capacity that will pass an inflow design flood of one percent (1%) probability of occurrence (i.e., Q100) or more, with the reservoir or the impoundment full to the

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Docket No. 37-0306-2201 Safety of Dams Rules PENDING FEE RULE spillway crest while maintaining the freeboard required by Rule 050.06. The Director may lessen or waive the spillway requirement for dams that demonstrate out-ofstream (off-channel) storage. The release capability or discharge capacity can include the combined rates of flow for multiple appurtenances; for example, spillways, outlets, diversion facilities, or other constructed conveyance features. Approved operating procedures which can be shown to utilize upstream storage, diversion, and reservoir flood routing to reduce flood runoff events may also be considered. The remainder of the required release capacity, if any, may be met by the following: Reconstruction, enlargement or addition of spillways, outlets, diversion facilities, or other constructed conveyance features. A showing acceptable to the Director that potential failure of the dam during a flood of the specified magnitude described in Rule 050.11 would be incrementally small in comparison to the flood being considered, and that the release of reservoir would not substantially increase downstream damages to life and property which are anticipated to result from any natural flood equal to or exceeding that magnitude. A showing acceptable to the Director that limiting physical factors unique to the project site exist that prevent construction of a spillway or other release capability mechanisms during a flood of the specified magnitude described in Rule 050.11, and provided the owner implements storage operational procedures, or restrictions, or provides for emergency warning to protect life and property. Seismic loads shall be evaluated and applied to dam stability. The Director may require that evaluation of seismic loads for large and high hazard structures shall use the maximum ground motion/acceleration generated by the maximum credible earthquake. For any existing dam, the Director may accept maximum ground motion/acceleration corresponding to specified return intervals using a probabilistic evaluation of earthquake history in accordance with USGS hazard maps using a minimum return interval of 2 percent (2%) probability of exceedance in fifty (50) years, or greater interval, as determined by the Director. The Director may accept existing studies relative to requirements of Rule 060.01.a. and Rule 060.01.d., if the Director determines the information provided fulfills the requirements of the rules. The Director may allow the owner of an existing dam a compliance period to complete structural modifications or implement other improvements deemed necessary to provide the necessary hydraulic capability. The Director may allow the owner of an existing dam a compliance period to complete structural modifications or implement other improvements deemed necessary to resolve seismic stability or safety concerns. Within thirty (30) days after completing the analyses required in Rules 060.01.a. or 060.01.d., the h. owner of an existing dam found deficient by either analyses shall file with the Director a plan and schedule for mitigating the deficiency. 02. Other Requirements. Routine maintenance items include the following: a. i. Eradication of rodents and filling animal burrows;

Removal of vegetation and debris from the dam;

Restoring original dimensions of the dam by the addition of fill material;

Addition of bedding or riprap material which will not increase the height or storage capacity;

ii.

iii.

iv.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Docket No. 37-0306-2201 Safety of Dams Rules PENDING FEE RULE Repair or replacement of gates, gate stems, seals, valves, lift mechanisms or vent pipes with similar v. equipment; or Repair or replacement of wingwalls, headwalls or aprons including spalling concrete. vi. b. The following are not routine maintenance items and are subject to design review and approval prior to commencing construction: i. Alteration or modification of embankment slopes; ii. Replacement, reconstruction, or extension of outlets; iii. Foundation stabilization; Filter or drain construction or replacement; iv. Spillway size alteration or modification; Installation of instrumentation or piezometers; or vi. vii. Release capability or reservoir storage modification. Items not specifically described in Rules 060.02.a. and 060.02.b. will be determined by the Director as either routine or non-routine upon receipt of a written request from the owner or their representative seeking such a determination. Where riprap is required to prevent erosion and to maintain a stable embankment, pipes, cables, brush, tree growth, logs, or floating debris are not acceptable substitutes for rock riprap and granular bedding material. Dams or portions thereof which are stable without riprap, are not required to have riprap. Upon completion of reconstruction of a dam or feature of a dam included in Rule 060.02.b., the owner or their engineer shall provide the Director a written narrative account of all items of work. Record drawings and revised specifications shall be submitted to the Director if the completed project has been substantially changed from the plans and construction specifications originally approved.

Upon request, the owner of every dam shall provide their name and address to the Director and

shall advise the Director of future changes in ownership. If the owner does not reside in Idaho, the owner shall provide the name and address of the person residing in Idaho who is responsible for the operation, maintenance, and

061. – **999**. (RESERVED)

repair of the dam.

IDAPA 37 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES / IDAHO WATER RESOURCE BOARD

37.03.10 – WELL DRILLER LICENSING RULES DOCKET NO. 37-0310-2201 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – ADOPTION OF PENDING FEE RULE

LINK: LSO Rules Analysis Memo and Cost/Benefit Analysis (CBA)

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule has been adopted by the agency and is now pending review by the 2023 Idaho State Legislature for final approval. Pursuant to Section 67-5224(5)(c), Idaho Code, this pending rule will not become final and effective until it has been approved by concurrent resolution of the legislature because of the fee being imposed or increased through this rulemaking. The pending fee rule becomes final and effective upon adoption of the concurrent resolution or upon the date specified in the concurrent resolution unless the rule is rejected.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5224, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a pending fee rule. This action is authorized pursuant to Sections 42-238, 42-1734(19), and 42-1805(8), Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a concise explanatory statement of the reasons for adopting the pending fee rule and a statement of any change between the text of the proposed rule and the text of the pending fee rule with an explanation of the reasons for the change.

This rule establishes the requirements and procedures for obtaining and renewing authorization to drill wells in the state of Idaho. The rule also establishes the requirements and procedures for obtaining authorization to operate drilling equipment under the supervision of a licensed driller. The rule is applicable to all individuals and companies drilling or contracting to drill wells.

There are no changes to the pending fee rule, and it is being adopted as originally proposed. The complete text of the proposed rule was published in the October 5, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-10, pages 909–919.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased:

IDAPA 37.03.10 establishes the requirements and procedures for obtaining and renewing authorization to drill wells in the state of Idaho. The rules also establish the requirements and procedures for obtaining authorization to operate drilling equipment under the supervision of a licensed driller. The licensing rules are applicable to all individuals and companies drilling or contracting to drill wells. The rules also implement the application licensing fees set forth in Idaho Code, § 42-238.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this pending fee rule, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

DATED this 14th day of November, 2022.

Gary Spackman, Director Idaho Department of Water Resources 322 E. Front Street PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720

Phone: (208) 287-4800

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE PUBLISHED WITH THE PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. This action is authorized pursuant to §§ 42-238, 42-1734(19), and 42-1805(8), Idaho Code

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 19, 2022.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a non-technical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rule.

The Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) and the Idaho Water Resource Board (IWRB) (the "Agencies") initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order No. 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation (ZBR) (EO 2020-01), issued by Governor Little on January 16, 2020. Pursuant to EO 2020-01, each rule chapter effective on June 30, 2020, must be reviewed by the promulgating agency over a five-year period. This review is being conducted according to a schedule established by the Division of Financial Management, Office of the Governor (DFM), posted at https://adminrules.idaho.gov/forms_menu.html. This rule chapter was scheduled for review in 2022.

With this Notice, the Agencies propose a new chapter of well driller licensing rules. The new chapter is approximately 30% shorter than the existing well driller licensing rule chapter due to both internal agency analysis and external stakeholder negotiation, commentary, and editing. Changes to the rule come through a combination of (a) removal of obsolete provisions (such as Rule 21 Construction and Use of Holes that are Not Wells), (b) removal of unnecessary provisions (such as the definition and use of the term "responsible charge"), and (c) modifications to existing rules governing the "experience requirements" to obtain a well drilling license.

Pursuant to the ZBR process, this Notice represents the promulgation of a new rule chapter. As a result, the proposed rule does not contain strike-out/underline text in legislative format. The old rule has been repealed and replaced in its entirety. However, the development of the proposed rule text through two publicly-released preliminary rule draft iterations may be viewed at: https://idwr.idaho.gov/legal-actions/rules/idwr-rulemaking-2022-2023/. At the same website, the Agencies also developed and published rulemaking support documents, which provide the Agencies' recommendations on rulemaking, rulemaking analysis, and responses to substantive comments received through the negotiated rulemaking process.

Citizens of the state of Idaho, water users, governmental agencies, and environmental groups may be interested in commenting on the proposed rule text. After consideration of public comments received in response to this Proposed Rule, the Agencies will present the final rule text to the Idaho Legislature in the late fall of 2022.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed:

IDAPA 37.03.10 establishes the requirements and procedures for obtaining and renewing authorization to drill wells in the state of Idaho. The rules also establish the requirements and procedures for obtaining authorization to operate drilling equipment under the supervision of a licensed driller. The licensing rules are applicable to all individuals and companies drilling or contracting to drill wells. The rules also implement the application licensing fees set forth in Idaho Code § 42-238.

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to § 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the April 6, 2022, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 22-4, pages 51-52.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to § 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary: N/A.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on questions concerning this proposed rulemaking, contact Mathew Weaver at mathew.weaver@idwr.idaho.gov, (208) 287-4800.

Anyone can submit written comments regarding this proposed rule by mail to the address below or by email sent to rulesinfo@idwr.idaho.gov. The Department will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before October 26, 2022.

Dated this 2nd day of September 2022

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF ZBR FEE DOCKET NO. 37-0310-2201

37.03.10 – WELL DRILLER LICENSING RULES

	GAL AUTHORITY (RULE 0). 238, Idaho Code.	()
These rules state of Idah equipment	OPE (RULE 1). establish the requirements and procedures for obtaining and renewing at o. The rules also establish the requirements and procedures for obtaining under the supervision of a licensed driller. The licensing rules are aphrilling or contracting to drill wells.	authorization to operate drillin	g
002 009.	(RESERVED)		
	CFINITIONS (RULE 10). ontext otherwise requires, the following definitions govern these rules.	()
01.	Abandonment. See Decommissioned Well.	()
02 . operator's p	Applicant . An individual who submits to the Department a complement or a company that submits a complete application for a license.	lete application for a license o	
03. Idaho Code the ground	within which special drilling procedures and equipment are needed to pro-		
04.	Board. The Idaho Water Resource Board.	()
05.	Bond . A cash or surety bond obtained by a licensed driller or com	npany (the principal) payable t	0

the director (the obligee) to provide funding for decommissioning or repair should the driller fail to comply with well construction standards, and to allow information to be collected concerning the drilling of the well if the driller fails

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Well Driller Licensing Rules

Docket No. 37-0310-2201 PENDING FEE RULE

to submit a timel	y, accurate driller's report.	()
06. water encountere	Bottom Hole Temperature of an Existing or Proposed Well . The temperature of the d in the bottom of a well or borehole.	groi (und)
07. rules to drill or co	Company . A firm, co-partnership, corporation, or association licensed in accordance with outract to drill wells.	th th	iese)
08. other states relati	Compliance History . An applicant's record of compliance with the laws and rules of Id ng to drilling of wells.	aho (and)
09. construction, mo	Continuing Education . Education or training pertinent to the drilling industry additional or decommissioning of wells.	and (the
10. activities related	Continuing Education Committee (CEC). A committee whose purpose is to review and to continuing education credit.	appr	ove)
11. service and filled	Decommissioned (Abandoned) Well . Any well which has been permanently remove or plugged in accordance with these rules. A properly decommissioned well will not:	ed fr	om)
a.	Produce or accept fluids;	()
b.	Serve as a conduit for the movement of contaminants inside or outside the well casing; or	()
c. between aquifers	Allow the movement of surface or ground water into unsaturated zones, into another aq	uifer (, or)
12.	Department . The Idaho Department of Water Resources.	()
13. representative.	Director. The director of the Idaho Department of Water Resources or his duly au	thori	zed)
14. decommissioning	Drilling or Well Drilling . The act of constructing a new well, or modifying the construction of an existing well.	ction (, or)
15. Idaho Code.	Drilling Permit. Authorization by the Department to drill a well as provided in Section	42-2	:35,)
16. equipment are se	Drilling Site . The location of the drill rig and immediate area where the drill rig and at up to drill a well.	uxili (ary
17. triangulate a geog	Global Positioning System (GPS). A global navigational receiver unit and satellite system graphic position.	useo (d to
18. requirements of S with Section 42-2	License . A certificate issued by the director to an individual or a company upon mee Section 42-238, Idaho Code, and these rules authorizing the drilling of wells permitted in acc 235, Idaho Code.		
19. operators in the s	Licensed Driller . An individual having a license to drill wells and who is authorized to state of Idaho to assure compliance with well construction standards.	uperv (vise)
20. liner, place a screwell from its orig	Modify . To deepen a well, increase or decrease the diameter of the casing or the well bore, perforate existing casing or liners, alter the seal between the casing and the well bore, or ginal construction.	insta alter (ıll a the
21. driller after obtai	Operator . Any person authorized to operate drilling equipment for a licensed company or ning an operator's permit from the Director.	licen	sed

42-238,	22. Idaho Co	Operator's Permit . A certificate issued by the director upon meeting the requirements of ode, and these rules authorizing the holder to operate drill equipment.	Section (
operatio	23. ons and ac	Principal Driller . A licensed driller designated by a company to supervise the company's ctivities.	drilling (
resident	24. ial wells.	Start Card. An expedited drilling permit for the construction of cold-water Single	Family
determin Any wa	ned by me ter encou	Well. An artificial excavation or opening in the ground more than eighteen (18) feet in a surface by which ground water of any temperature is sought or obtained. The depth of a easuring the maximum vertical distance between the land surface and the deepest portion of the three of in the well is obtained for the purpose of these rules. Well also means any waste dispondefined by Section 42-3902, Idaho Code.	well is he well.
by the b	26. oard.	Well Construction Standards. IDAPA 37.03.09, "Well Construction Standards Rules," a	adopted ()
describi	27. ng drillin	Well Driller's Report or Driller's Report. A report required by Section 42-238, Idaho g of the well and supplying information required on forms provided by the Department.	Code,
	28.	Well Log. A diary maintained at the drilling site consistent with Section 42-238, Idaho Cod	e. ()
any othe	29. er power-	Well Rig or Drill Rig. Any power-driven percussion, rotary, boring, digging, jetting, auge driven mechanical equipment used in the drilling of a well.	ring, or
011 0	19.	(RESERVED)	
020.	LICEN	SE APPLICABILITY (RULE 20).	
		Wells to be Drilled by Licensed Drillers. A well shall only be drilled by a licensed driller under the supervision of a licensed driller except that a property owner, who is not licens on his property for his own use without the aid of power-driven mechanical equipment.	
supervis	02. sion of a l	Operators to Have Permits . Any person authorized to operate drilling equipment unlicensed driller shall possess an operator's permit as provided in these rules.	der the
compan	03. y has bee	Company to be Licensed. No company shall drill or contract to drill a well or wells un in issued a license and has employed a principal driller as described in accordance with these	
that wel	04. ls may be	Decommissioning Wells . Only licensed drillers and operators may decommission wells, e decommissioned by the owner after receiving a specific waiver from the Director.	except ()
021 ()29.	(RESERVED)	
030.	OBTAI	NING A DRILLER'S LICENSE (RULE 30).	
	01	Experience Requirements	()

An applicant for a driller's license shall submit evidence to establish a minimum of twenty-four

(24) months of drilling experience. Twelve (12) of the twenty-four (24) months of drilling experience must have occurred within the five (5) year period immediately preceding the filing of the application. An applicant will be credited with one (1) month of drilling experience for each one hundred sixty (160) hours of employment as a driller or operator, or the equivalent, as determined by the director. Experience drilling monitoring wells, geothermal wells

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or other cased wells will be credited as experience by the Director if the equipment and drilling methods are applicable to water well construction. Application Requirements. An individual desiring a license shall file with the Department a completed application on a form provided by the Department accompanied by the following: The application fee required by Section 42-238, Idaho Code.) Written documentation of drilling experience and compliance history. b. Successful completion of classroom study in geology, well drilling, map reading, and other related subjects may be substituted for up to, but not exceeding, twelve (12) months of drilling experience. The director will determine the number of months of classroom study, up to twelve (12), to be credited as experience. The names and addresses of up to three (3) references to confirm the applicant's drilling experience may be requested at the Department's discretion. **Examination.** An applicant determined by the director to have adequate experience and an acceptable compliance history, as confirmed by references acceptable to the director, is eligible to take a written examination. **OBTAINING A COMPANY LICENSE (RULE 31).** 031. **Application Requirements.** A company shall file with the Department a complete application for a company license upon a form provided by the Department to be accompanied by the following: The names and addresses of up to three (3) persons not affiliated with the company, whom the Department can contact for information regarding the company's past well drilling operations, may be requested at the Department's discretion. Designation of a principal driller who shall be a full-time employee of the company and shall drill wells only for the company. A licensed driller who renders only occasional, part-time or consulting drilling services to or for a company may not be designated as the principal driller. The names and addresses of drillers and operators presently employed. 032. **OBTAINING AN OPERATOR'S PERMIT (RULE 32).** 01. **Experience Requirements.** An applicant for an operator's permit shall submit evidence to establish a minimum of 600 hours of well drilling experience acquired while in the presence of a licensed driller or operator. Evidence may include but is not limited to: payroll information, daily logs signed by a licensed driller or operator, or other documentation approved by the Director. Application Requirements. An individual desiring an operator's permit shall file with the Department a completed application on a form provided by the Department accompanied by the following: The fee required by Section 42-238, Idaho Code. a. Attendance records, completion certificates, or other documents that verify attendance and completion of two (2) continuing education credit hours, approved by the CEC, earned while in training to become an operator. 03. Written Examination. Applicants for an operator's permit shall pass an examination pursuant to

these rules.

04. Operator Drills Only for Licensed Driller or Company. An operator shall drill only for the licensed driller or company approved by the director. If an operator changes employment to another licensed driller or company, a new operator's permit application or transfer form shall be filed as provided in this rule. ()

033. PROCESSING APPLICATION FOR A DRILLER'S LICENSE OR OPERATOR'S PERMIT (RULE 33).

- **01. Incomplete Application**. If an application is incomplete, not properly signed, or does not include the information required by these rules, the Department will advise the applicant in writing of the deficiency. If the deficiencies are not satisfied within ninety (90) days of sending the notice of the deficiency, the application will be void. The application fee is not refundable.
- **02. Issuance of License**. If the director, upon review of the application, determines that an applicant for license is qualified and the driller has subsequently taken and passed an examination, a notice will be sent to the applicant requesting a bond, in an amount determined in accordance with Rule 60, be filed with the Department. Upon receipt of a satisfactory bond, the director will issue a license to the applicant.
- **03. Issuance of Operator's Permits**. The Department will mail a notice and operator's permit card to the principal driller on behalf of the applicant if the application is complete and the applicant meets the qualifications described in these rules.
- **Operator's Permit.** The Director may issue a license or operator's permit with specific conditions or limitations based on the applicant's experience and compliance history. The Director may refuse to issue or renew a driller's license permanently or for a designated period if the driller has previously constructed wells improperly or constructed a well without a valid driller's license. If the Director determines that the applicant is not qualified, the Director will deny the application. Notice of a denied application or a conditioned license or operator's permit will be given to the applicant in accordance with IDAPA 37.01.01, "Rules of Procedure of the Idaho Department of Water Resources."

034. EXAMINATION PROCEDURES (RULE 34).

- **01. Written Examination.** Written examinations will be offered at Department offices on the first Monday of each quarter. If the first Monday is a legal holiday, written examination will be offered on the first Tuesday. Re-examination may be taken at a regularly scheduled examination date during a following quarter and shall be scheduled with the Department office originally testing the applicant.
- **02. Verbal or Oral Examination**. Successful passage of a verbal examination may satisfy all or a part of the written testing requirements under the following circumstances:
- **a.** The applicant requests a verbal examination and shows cause acceptable to the director why the examination should be verbal rather than written. Applicants desiring to take the examination verbally shall request that a verbal examination be scheduled allowing at least fifteen (15) days to set an examination date.
- **b.** The director determines that because of the applicant's compliance history, additional testing is needed to determine the applicant's qualifications.
 - **O3.** Examination Scoring. A score of seventy percent (70%) or higher is a passing score.
- **04.** Assistance Must Be Authorized. The use of written materials, equipment, or other individuals to assist an applicant during an examination is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Department. An applicant receiving unauthorized assistance during an examination may be disqualified and the application may be rejected. An application filed by a disqualified applicant will not be processed for a period of up to one (1) year from the time of disqualification.
- 035. EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL OF DRILLER LICENSES AND OPERATOR PERMITS (RULE 35).

renewal of a driller license or operator permit for any licensing period.

		Expiration of Licenses and Permits . All driller licenses and operator permits expire at the iod for which they are issued. The licensing period begins April 1 and ends March 31 of the suance.		
	2. n includ	Renewal Application . A license or operator permit may be renewed by submitting a ding the following:	rene (wal)
a. be signed b		A completed application on a form provided by the Department. An application for renew principal driller.		hall)
b.		The renewal fee required by Section 42-238, Idaho Code.	()
c. employed l		A new bond or continuation certificate for an existing bond covering all drillers and o company.	pera	tors)
03	3.	Continuing Education Requirements. Credit hours not to exceed twenty (20) are requ	ired	for

036. PROCESSING APPLICATION TO RENEW LICENSE OR OPERATOR'S PERMIT (RULE 36).

- **O1.** Processing Applications for Renewal. The Department shall receive a complete application for renewal no later than March 15 to assure that the license or operator's permit will remain in force without interruption. If the director determines that the application is complete and the applicant is qualified, the license or operator's permit will be renewed for the period ending on March 31 of the second year after approval of the renewal.
- **02.** Regulatory Compliance Required for Renewals. A license or operator's permit will not be renewed if the applicant has not submitted all required driller's reports, applications for drilling permits, fees, agreed civil penalties, has not complied with all orders requiring repair or decommissioning of improperly constructed wells or is not otherwise in compliance with Sections 42-235 and 42-238, Idaho Code, and the applicable rules. ()
- **03. Compliance History.** If the Director determines that the applicant has exhibited an unacceptable compliance history, the Director may deny renewal, refuse renewal for a specified time, or renew with conditions, including but not limited to an increased bond amount.
- **Q4.** Renewal of Expired Licenses or Operator's Permits. A license or an operator's permit which has expired or otherwise not been in effect for a period not exceeding three (3) years shall be renewed in accordance with the requirements of Rule 35. An applicant for renewal shall provide verification of earned credit hours required for the entire period since the license or operator's permit was last issued. If a license or operator's permit has been expired or otherwise not effective for a period of more than three (3) years, a new application shall be submitted in accordance with these Rules. The director may waive the examination requirement if the applicant has been previously licensed or permitted in the state of Idaho.
- **05.** Reuse of Identification Numbers. The identification number assigned to a license by the Department will not be reused if the license has been expired or otherwise not in effect for three (3) years or more except, at the director's discretion, the number may be reissued to the original owner.
- **06.** Condition or Denial of an Application for Renewal. If the Director determines that the applicant has not or cannot fully comply with these rules, a license or operator's permit may be issued with conditions. If the Director determines that the applicant is not qualified or has documented violations of well drilling laws and/or rules, the Director will deny the application. When there are documented violations of well drilling laws and/or rules, including well construction standards, the Director may issue a conditional license or operator's permit or deny an application based on the applicant's compliance history. Notice of a denied application or a conditioned license will be given as provided in IDAPA 37.01.01, "Rules of Procedure of the Idaho Department of Water Resources." ()

037. -- 049. (RESERVED)

050. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF DRILLERS, COMPANIES AND OPERATORS (RULE 50).

50).			
	01.	Licensed Drillers and Principal Drillers. All licensed drillers and principal drillers shall:	()
accordi	a. ng to any	Allow drilling only by those authorized by and under the supervision required by these ru conditions of the license or permit.	les and
and dril	b. ling perm	Complete each well in compliance with IDAPA 37.03.09, "Well Construction Standards latt conditions.	Rules,"
	c.	Maintain a valid cash or surety bond, as defined in Rule 60.	()
identific the app a fee.	d. cation pla licant, on	Display the driller or company license number in a conspicuous place on the drill rig using a te issued by the Department or other permanent marking approved by the director. If request e plate will be issued upon initial licensure. Replacement plates or additional plates are available.	sted by
shall be has bee	held resp	Keep current the Department's list of operators and drillers employed by the licensed dring current addresses for the company, drillers, and operators. The licensed driller or principal consible for all drilling activity of a driller or operator under their supervision until such notified in writing to the Department that the driller or operator is no longer employed by the liny.	l driller fication
the dire	f. ctor to dr	Have at the drilling site the driller's license and drilling permit or other written authorization ill the well.	on from
	g.	Obtain specific written authorization from the director to drill:	()
	i.	In contaminated areas identified by the Department;	()
	ii.	In areas of drilling concern designated by the Department;	()
Drinkin	iii. g Water S	A public drinking water supply well, as defined in IDAPA 58.01.08, "Idaho Rules for Systems";	Public (
	iv.	Low temperature geothermal resource wells; and	()
	v.	Geothermal resource wells.	()
tempera	iture geot	Monitor and record bottom-hole temperature in areas where low temperature geothermal resuspected or when the well is being constructed pursuant to IDAPA 37.03.09, Rule 30, as thermal resource well. Bottom-hole temperature of every well being constructed pursuant to 0, must be measured, recorded, and reported on the well drillers report.	a low
sufficie	nt to com	Maintain a daily well log at the drilling site acceptable to the Department and as requildly, Idaho Code. Pertinent data required to be recorded on the daily log must include inforuplete a well drillers report acceptable to the Director. The driller shall retain the well log for the driller's report is submitted to the Department.	mation
shall be	prepare	Submit driller's reports, acceptable to the Director, on forms approved by the Department following removal of the drill rig from the drilling site at completion of the well. Driller's d from information recorded on the daily well log. Driller's reports returned to the driller to be corrected and returned to the Department within thirty (30) days of mailing by the Department.	reports due to

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required.	The tag	Attach a well tag supplied by the Department to every well drilled for which a drilling pe shall be affixed permanently to the casing, or other permanent object attached to the well by the Director prior to removing the well rig from the drilling site.				
_		Cause all drilling activity under the supervision of the driller to cease when the driller's invalid, or is suspended or revoked.	licens (se)		
(02.	Companies. Companies shall:	()		
	a. iformatio	Have a principal driller always designated with the Department and keep current the Depart on to include a valid phone number for the principal driller.	ment	's)		
b. Notify the Department within ten (10) days of the principal driller leaving employment with the company. The company's license shall immediately become void and of no effect when the principal driller leave employment with the company and shall remain so until the Department has been notified in writing that a new principal driller has been employed and designated by the company. Failure to designate a principal driller within ninety (90) days of the departure of the designated principal driller is cause for the director to take action to cancel the company's license.						
(с.	Always maintain a bond as required in Rule 60.	()		
(03.	Operators. Operators shall:	()		
â	a.	Have in their possession a valid operator's permit while operating drill rigs or drilling equip)		
l	b.	Only drill wells as authorized by the operator's permit.	()		
(с.	Maintain a complete and accurate well log at the drilling site.	()		
(d.	Co-sign a driller's report with the licensed driller upon completion of the well.	()		
051 05	59.	(RESERVED)				
060.	BONDI	NG (RULE 60).				
01. Bonding Requirements . Each licensed company shall submit a surety bond or cash bond in an amount determined by the director, within the limits of 42-238, Idaho Code, covering all drillers and operators employed by the company, payable to the director for the licensing period. If the licensed driller drills wells as an individual and not for a company, a separate bond must be filed with the director.						
wells, the	ne size ar e resourc	The amount of the bond will be determined by the director based on the applicant's compand depth of wells the applicant proposes to construct and is authorized to drill, the complexity to be recovered, the area of operation of the applicant, the number of drillers and operation, and other relevant factors.	of the	ıe		
monitorin temperatu	ng wells, ure geoth	The amount of the bond required prior to drilling in an area of drilling concern, and/or of public water supply wells, or wells with a bottom hole temperature meeting the definition of the definition of the defined by Section 42-233, Idaho Code, shall be the maximum amount a B, Idaho Code.	f a lo	w		
company	and be	All bonds and continuation certificates shall commence on April 1 or date of licensure for valid until March 31 of the year the driller or company license expires. Bonds and continue on a form approved or provided by the Department.				
(02.	Cash Bonds.	()		

- a. Cash bonds shall be in a separate account readily accessible to the director for use as provided in these rules. The director will review cash bond proposals made by an applicant. Cash bonds shall be retained in financial institutions within the state of Idaho unless waived by the director.
- b. The director will retain cash bonds for two (2) years from the date the driller requests that the bond be released unless replaced by another bond or the director determines that all wells drilled by the driller satisfy well construction standards. The release of a cash bond must be requested in writing.
- **03. License Void Without Bond.** If the surety cancels a bond, the bond expires or otherwise becomes non-effective during the term of a license, the license shall immediately become void and of no further effect until an adequate replacement bond is received by the Department.

061. -- 069. (RESERVED)

070. CONTINUING EDUCATION (RULE 70).

- **01. Requirements.** Every licensed driller or operator must earn the applicable number of credit hours consistent with these rules. The credit hours must be obtained during the licensing period preceding the renewal application.
- **02. Earning Credit Hours.** Credit hours may be earned for time spent in attendance at workshops, seminars, short courses, and other educational opportunities devoted to well drilling or related subjects acceptable to the Director or approved by the continuing education committee (CEC) in compliance with the CEC guidelines. These may include completion of college courses, correspondence courses, or online courses.
- **03. Documentation**. Documentation in support of credit hours is the responsibility of each licensed driller and operator. Records required include but are not limited to:
- **a.** A log showing the type of course or activity, sponsoring organization, duration, instructor's name, and credit hours.
- **b.** Attendance verification records in the form of completion certificates or other official documents providing evidence of attendance and completion.
- **04. Submittal and Maintenance of Records**. Copies of continuing education records for the preceding license period shall be submitted with applications to renew licenses or permits. These records shall be maintained by the applicant for a period of three (3) years and shall be available for review by the Department at the request of the director.
- **05. Insufficient Credit Hours.** If at the time of renewal, the applicant is unable to provide verification of the required credit hours, the director will deny renewal of the driller's license or operator's permit, except as follows:
- **a.** The director may withhold action on an application for renewal for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days to allow the applicant to provide verification of the required credit hours. The applicant is not authorized to drill until the verification is provided and the renewal is issued.
- **b.** The director may exempt an applicant from all or part of the continuing education requirements if the applicant served on active duty in the armed forces of the United States for one hundred twenty (120) consecutive days or more during the licensing period prior to filing the application for renewal; or the applicant suffered physical disability, serious illness, or other extenuating circumstances that prevented the applicant from earning the required units.
- **06. Out-of-State Residents**. The continuing education requirements for a driller's license or operator's permit are the same for both resident and non-resident applicants.

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07. Responsibility for Education Development and Implementation. The Department's responsibility to develop and implement a program for continuing education may, at the Director's discretion, be delegated through a memorandum of understanding (MOU) and/or contract to external providers such as the Idaho Ground Water Association (IGWA).

071. -- 089. (RESERVED)

090. ENFORCEMENT (RULE 90).

- **01. Violations**. Violations of these rules or Sections 42-235 or 42-238, Idaho Code, will be enforced as provided in Sections 42-238 and 42-1701B, Idaho Code.
- **02.** Enforcement Procedures. Department procedures and guidance for administrative enforcement are published on the Department's website and available upon request.

091. -- 999. (RESERVED)