

IDAPA 05 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

Community, Operations, and Program Services

05.01.02 – Rules and Standards for Secure Juvenile Detention Centers

Who does this rule apply to?

This rule applies to county juvenile detention centers in Idaho.

What is the purpose of this rule?

This rule ensures safe and lawful operation of county juvenile detention centers consistent with the principles of accountability, community protection, and competency development.

What is the legal authority for the agency to promulgate this rule?

This rule implements the following statute passed by the Idaho Legislature:

State Prison and County Jails -
Juvenile Corrections Act:

- [Section 20-504, Idaho Code](#) – Duties of The Department of Juvenile Corrections

Who do I contact for more information on this rule?

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05.01.02 – RULES AND STANDARDS FOR SECURE JUVENILE DETENTION CENTERS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules are adopted pursuant to Section 20-504, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

001. SCOPE.

These rules are established to ensure that the juvenile corrections system in Idaho will be consistently based on the following principles: accountability; community protection; and competency development. (3-31-22)

002. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for appeal of the administrative requirements for agencies. (3-31-22)

003. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. DEFINITIONS.

In addition to the definitions in Section 20-502, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply: (3-31-22)

01. Body Cavity Search. The manual internal examination into the rectal or vaginal cavities to detect contraband, performed only by a medical authority. (3-31-22)

02. Chemical Agent. An active substance, such as oleoresin capsicum, used to deter disturbances that might cause personal injury or property damage. (3-31-22)

03. Classification. A process for determining the needs and requirements of those for whom confinement has been ordered and for assigning them to housing units and/or programs according to their needs and existing resources, while addressing the safety and security of all detained juveniles. (3-31-22)

04. Contact Visiting. A program that permits juvenile offenders to visit with designated person(s). The area is free of obstacles or barriers that prohibit physical contact. (3-31-22)

05. Contraband. Any item not issued or authorized by the detention center. (3-31-22)

06. Corporal Punishment. Any act of inflicting punishment directly on the body, causing pain or injury. (3-31-22)

07. Day Room/Multi-Purpose Room. That portion of the housing unit used for varied juvenile offender activities which is separate and distinct from the sleeping rooms. (3-31-22)

08. Detention Center. A facility established pursuant to Title 20, Chapter 5, Sections 20-517 and 20-518, Idaho Code, for the temporary placement of juvenile offenders who require secure confinement. (3-31-22)

09. Detention Records. Information regarding the maintenance and operation of the detention center including but not limited to correspondence, memorandums, complaints regarding the detention center, daily activity logs, security and fire safety checks, head counts, health inspection records, and safety inspection records, use of physical force records and use of restraints records, incident reports, employee training and certification for use of security equipment. (3-31-22)

10. Direct Care Staff. Any care staff member charged with day-to-day supervision of juvenile offenders housed in a juvenile detention center. (3-31-22)

11. Electroshock Device. A device which delivers an electric shock designed to temporarily disrupt muscle function. (3-31-22)

12. Emergency Care. Care for an acute illness or unexpected health care need that cannot be deferred until the next scheduled sick call. Emergency care will be provided to the juvenile offender population by the medical staff, physician, other appropriately trained staff, local ambulance services or outside hospital emergency rooms. (3-31-22)

13. Emergency Plans. Written documents that address specific actions to be taken in an institutional emergency or catastrophe such as a medical emergency, fire, flood, riot or other major disruption. (3-31-22)

14. Health Appraisal. An evaluation of a patient's current physical and mental condition and medical histories conducted by the health authority or medical employee. (3-31-22)

- 15. Health Authority.** The physician, health administrator, or agency responsible for the provision of health care services at the detention center. (3-31-22)
- 16. Health-Trained Employee.** A person who operates within the limits of any license or certification to provide assistance to a physician, nurse, physician’s assistant, or other professional medical staff. Duties may include preparing and reviewing screening forms for needed follow-up; preparing juvenile offenders and their records for sick call; and assisting in the implementation of medical orders regarding diets, housing, and work assignments. (3-31-22)
- 17. Housing Unit.** The total living area available to a group or classification of juvenile offenders in a detention center. This area may consist of a dormitory or a combination of the space in each sleeping room and day room/ multi-purpose room. (3-31-22)
- 18. Incident Report.** A written document reporting any occurrence or event, or an incident which threatens the safety and security of direct care staff, juvenile offenders or others, or which threatens the security of the program and which requires a staff response. (3-31-22)
- 19. Juvenile Detention Records.** Information maintained in hard copy or electronic format concerning the individual’s delinquent or criminal, personal, and medical history and behavior and activities while in detention. (3-31-22)
- 20. Mechanical Restraints.** Devices used to restrict physical activity. (3-31-22)
- 21. Medical Employee.** A certified or licensed person such as a physician, nurse, physician’s assistant, or emergency medical technician who works under the supervision and authority of the health authority consistent with their respective levels of licensure, certification, training, education and experience. (3-31-22)
- 22. Medical Records.** Records maintained by the health authority, to include medical examinations, diagnoses, and any medical care provided. (3-31-22)
- 23. Medical Screening.** A system of structured observation and initial health assessment of newly arrived juvenile offenders. Medical screenings may be performed by a medical employee or health-trained employee, or by a juvenile detention officer using a checklist approved by the Health Authority. (3-31-22)
- 24. Pat Search.** The touching or feeling of a subject’s clothed body to detect contraband. (3-31-22)
- 25. Perimeter Security.** A system that controls ingress and egress to the interior of a detention center or institution. The system may include electronic devices, walls, fence, patrols or towers. (3-31-22)
- 26. Perimeter Security Check.** Physical inspection of the perimeter of the detention center performed for the purpose of discovering or preventing security breach. May include the inspection of the perimeter of the detention center and adjacent containment fence or areas, as designated by detention center policy and procedures. (3-31-22)
- 27. Petition for Exemption.** A formal written document addressed to the Director of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections requesting exception from a detention center standard. (3-31-22)
- 28. Physical Intervention.** Physical contact to guide, restrict, or prevent movement in order to take immediate control of a situation. (3-31-22)
- 29. Policy and Procedures.** Standard operating strategies and processes developed by the administrative authority governing detention center operations. (3-31-22)
- a.** Policy is a course of action that guides and determines present and future decisions and actions. Policies indicate the general course or direction of an organization within which the activities of the direct care staff must operate. (3-31-22)

b. Procedure is the detailed and sequential action which must be executed to ensure that policy is implemented. It is the method of performing an operation or a manner of proceeding on a course of action. It differs from a policy in that it directs actions required to perform a specific task within the guidelines of the policy. (3-31-22)

30. Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (PREA). Public Law No. 108-79, including all subsequent amendments thereto as codified in 34 U.S.C. §§ 30301-30309, and all federal rules and standards promulgated thereunder, which promote zero (0) tolerance of sexual abuse of juvenile offenders by staff or by other juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)

31. Rated Capacity. The maximum number of juvenile offenders which may be housed in a particular room, housing unit, or detention center based upon available square footage, sanitation fixtures, and other physical plant features specified in these rules. (3-31-22)

32. Renovation. The alteration of the structure of any existing juvenile detention center, or portion thereof, for the purposes of changing or improving its function. This may include, but not be limited to, altering the physical layout of essential areas within the detention center or reconstruction of the existing structure, areas, or interior features. (3-31-22)

33. Rule Infraction. A violation of detention center rules of conduct or policy and procedures as governed by detention center policy and procedures. (3-31-22)

34. Safety Equipment. Devices primarily used for safety purposes such as but not limited to firefighting equipment, for example, chemical extinguishers, hoses, nozzles, water supplies, alarm systems, sprinkler systems, portable breathing devices, gas masks, fans, first aid kits, stretchers, and emergency alarms. (3-31-22)

35. Secure Perimeter. The outer portions of a detention center that provide for secure confinement of juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)

36. Security Devices. Equipment used primarily to confine and control detained persons and may include but is not limited to locks, gates, doors, bars, fences, screens, ceilings, floors, walls, and barriers, electronic monitoring equipment, security alarm systems, security light units, auxiliary power supplies, and other equipment used to maintain detention center security. (3-31-22)

37. Staffing Plan. A documented schedule which includes staffing of direct care staff, staffing ratios, resident activities, and the certification level of staff. (3-31-22)

38. Standards. Rules for Secure Juvenile Detention Centers, IDAPA 05, Title 01, Chapter 02. (3-31-22)

39. Strip Search. A visual examination of a juvenile offender's naked body for weapons, contraband, injuries, or a medical condition that may require further attention. This also includes a thorough search of the juvenile offender's clothing while such is not being worn. (3-31-22)

40. Volunteer. A person who freely chooses to provide services to juvenile offenders or staff at a juvenile detention center, and is not compensated for the services or time. Volunteers are supervised by direct care staff. Volunteers shall not be unsupervised with juvenile offenders and will be supervised by direct care staff at the detention center. (3-31-22)

011. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. INSPECTION PROVISIONS.

The Department or its designee has the authority to visit and inspect all juvenile detention facilities to assess such facilities' compliance with these rules and any other standards outlined in Title 20, Chapter 5, Section 20-518, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

01. Annual Visits. Each juvenile detention center is subject to announced or unannounced visits by Department representatives on at least an annual basis. (3-31-22)

02. Review of Logs, Records, Policy and Procedure Manuals, Memorandums and Reports. All logs, records, policy and procedures manuals, memorandums, training records, and incident and other reports shall be available for review excluding medical records, personnel records and personnel action reports. Department representatives shall be allowed to observe and privately interview juvenile offenders and staff concerning any matter pertaining to these rules. Department representatives will have access to all parts of the detention center for the purpose of inspecting the physical plant. (3-31-22)

201. DEPARTMENT PREPARED WRITTEN REPORT OR THEIR AGENTS.

Department representatives shall prepare a written report of each inspection within ninety (90) days following such inspection and provide copies to the appropriate detention center administrator with copies to the governing body and the county attorney. The report will additionally be submitted to the Director for consideration and review of the issuance or renewal of a certificate. (3-31-22)

202. COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS ENFORCED.

Upon completion of an inspection, the Department will send notice of such compliance or noncompliance to the detention center administrator, governing body responsible for the detention center, and Idaho County Risk Management Program where applicable. (3-31-22)

01. Development of a Plan of Corrective Action. Upon receipt of a notice of noncompliance from the Department, the detention center administrator and governing body shall develop a plan of corrective action to correct the deficiencies cited in the report. The plan shall include a description of the nature of noncompliance for each standard cited, the steps to be taken to correct the deficiency, and a projected completion date. Inspection representatives shall be available to advise and consult concerning an appropriate corrective action. The plan shall be submitted no later than sixty (60) days from receipt of notice to the Department for approval. (3-31-22)

02. Demonstration of Meaningful Progress Toward Achieving Compliance. Meaningful progress toward achieving compliance according to the submitted plan must be demonstrated during the time frame approved by the Department in the corrective action plan. (3-31-22)

203. CONFORMITY WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

Juvenile detention centers shall conform to laws, rules, and regulations adopted by the federal government, state of Idaho, the county, and the municipality in which such detention center is located including, but not limited to, all applicable public health, safety, fire codes, building regulations, and interstate compact regulations. (3-31-22)

204. STANDARDS COMMITTEE.

A standing committee shall be created for the purpose of reviewing the standards, petitions for exemption from standards and requests for modification of standards. The committee will be made up of three committee members: one (1) representative and one (1) alternate from the detention center administrators, one (1) representative and one (1) alternate county commissioner, and one (1) representative from the Department. Final appointment of all Standards Committee members and alternates are made by the Director. The detention center representative of detention center administrators and county commissioner representative should not be from the same judicial district. Alternates should not be from the same judicial district as their corresponding representative. Committee members' terms will run two (2) years starting on October 1 of the year in which the member is nominated and approved. If the petition for exemption or request for modification is initiated from the same district as a committee representative, that committee representative will abstain and the alternate will serve in place of said representative. (3-31-22)

01. Standards Committee Meetings. The Standards Committee will meet at least biennially to review the Juvenile Detention Center Standards, requests for modification of standards, or petitions for exemptions. The Standards Committee will also meet when the Director determines that a special meeting is necessary to review the juvenile detention center standards, requests for modification of standards, or petitions for exemptions. (3-31-22)

02. Requests for Modification of Standards. In the event a standard becomes obsolete or unworkable, a request for modification may be filed with the Director. The request letter must represent the views of at least three detention center administrators and contain their signatures. The Director will then make determinations

as to the necessity, scheduling and convening of a special meeting of the Standards Committee. If convened, the Standards Committee will review the request, prepare and submit its written recommendations to the Director. The Director retains the authority to make the final decision to promulgate rules or allow the standards to remain unmodified. (3-31-22)

03. Modification of Standards by the Standards Committee. In the event that the Standards Committee determines that a standard is obsolete, unworkable, unclear, or otherwise unreasonable, the committee may submit written recommendations to the Director for changes to the standards, along with explanations regarding the reasons for the requested changes. The Director retains the authority to make the final decision to promulgate rules or allow the standards to remain unmodified. Any modification of the standards must be promulgated as rules in accordance with the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act. (3-31-22)

205. -- 209. (RESERVED)

210. DETENTION CENTER ADMINISTRATION.

01. Legal Entity. The public or private agency operating a detention center is a legal entity, part of a legal entity, or a political subdivision. (3-31-22)

02. Governing Body. Governing body means any public or private entity established or delegated as a source of legislative or administrative authority to provide the fiscal needs of the detention center administrator so that he may carry out the provisions of these rules. (3-31-22)

03. Detention Center Administrator. The detention center shall have a designated administrator who is responsible for all detention center operations. (3-31-22)

04. Mission Statement. The detention center shall have a written mission statement which describes its philosophy and goals. (3-31-22)

05. Policy and Procedures. The detention center administrator shall develop and maintain written policy and procedures which safeguard the basic rights of juvenile offenders and safeguard the juvenile offenders' freedom from discrimination based upon sex, race, creed, religion, national origin, disability, or political belief and establish practices that are consistent with fundamental legal principles, sound correctional practices, and humane treatment. These written policy and procedures shall be reviewed on a regular basis, updated as needed and made available to all detention center employees. The policy and procedures manual shall be submitted to the prosecuting attorney or other legal authority for review and approved by county commissioners or other governing authority. After such approval, a copy of the policy and procedures manual shall be submitted to the Department. (3-31-22)

211. (RESERVED)

212. STAFF REQUIREMENTS AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT.

01. Twenty-Four Hour Supervision. The detention center shall be staffed by detention center employees on a twenty-four (24) hour basis when juvenile offenders are being housed. (3-31-22)

02. Staffing. The detention center shall have staff to perform all functions relating to security, supervision, services and programs as needed to operate the detention center. The detention center shall have policy and procedures in place governing staffing and submit a staffing plan to the Department as requested. It is recommended that each secure juvenile facility shall maintain staff ratios of a minimum of one to eight (1:8) plus one (1) during resident waking hours and one to sixteen (1:16) during resident sleeping hours, except during limited and discrete exigent circumstances, which need full documentation. (3-31-22)

a. If the detention center houses eight (8) or fewer juvenile offenders, there should be at least one (1) direct care staff and one (1) other staff awake at all times. (3-31-22)

b. If the detention center houses more than eight (8) juvenile offenders, there should be one (1) direct care staff for each eight (8) juvenile offenders plus one (1) additional staff awake at all times. Example: if the

detention center houses thirty-two (32) juvenile offenders, four (4) direct care staff would be recommended (one (1) staff to eight (8) juvenile offenders), plus one (1) additional staff for a total of five (5) staff. (3-31-22)

03. Gender of Employees. At least one (1) of the detention center employees on duty should be female when females are housed in the detention center and at least one (1) should be male when males are housed in the detention center. During the admission process, an employee of the same gender as the juvenile offender should be present. (3-31-22)

04. Minimum Qualifications. (3-31-22)

a. Direct care staff, at the time of employment, shall meet the minimum criminal history background and certification requirements as provided in IDAPA 11.11.01, “Rules of the Idaho Peace Officer Standards and Training Council.” (3-31-22)

b. Direct care volunteers, before starting volunteer services, shall meet the minimum criminal history background requirements as provided in IDAPA 11.11.01, “Rules of the Idaho Peace Officer Standards and Training Council.” (3-31-22)

c. The agency shall conduct criminal background records checks at least every five (5) years of current employees, contractors, and volunteers who may have contact with residents as outlined in PREA Standard Section 115.317. (3-31-22)

05. Training and Staff Development Plan. Each juvenile detention center shall develop a staff training and development plan based on the policy and procedures of the detention center. The plan shall also ensure that all juvenile detention officers earn the juvenile detention officer certificate as mandated in IDAPA 11.11.01, “Rules of the Idaho Peace Officer Standards and Training Council.” (3-31-22)

a. All new direct care staff shall be provided orientation training that addresses areas including, but not limited to: (3-31-22)

i. First aid/CPR; (3-31-22)

ii. Security procedures; (3-31-22)

iii. Supervision of juvenile offenders; (3-31-22)

iv. Suicide prevention; (3-31-22)

v. Fire and emergency procedures; (3-31-22)

vi. Safety procedures; (3-31-22)

vii. Appropriate use of physical intervention, and demonstrate an adequate level of proficiency as determined by a P.O.S.T. certified appropriate use of force instructor using a P.O.S.T. approved grading matrix; (3-31-22)

viii. Report writing; (3-31-22)

ix. Juvenile offender rules of conduct; (3-31-22)

x. Rights and responsibilities of juvenile offenders; (3-31-22)

xi. Key control; (3-31-22)

xii. Interpersonal relations; (3-31-22)

xiii. Social/cultural life styles of the juvenile population; (3-31-22)

- xiv. Communication skills; (3-31-22)
 - xv. Mandatory reporting laws and procedures; (3-31-22)
 - xvi. Professional boundaries; and (3-31-22)
 - xvii. All training as outlined in section 115.331 of the PREA Standards. (3-31-22)
- b.** All direct care staff who are considered part-time, on-call, or working fewer than forty (40) hours per week and any direct care staff who works in a facility classified as Rural Exception, must obtain a part-time juvenile detention officer certification as mandated by IDAPA 11.11.01, “Rules of the Idaho Peace Officer Standards and Training Council.” (3-31-22)
- c.** Ongoing training shall be provided at the minimum rate of twenty-eight (28) hours for each subsequent year of employment, which include, but are not limited to: (3-31-22)
- i. A total of eight (8) hours of appropriate use of force, and demonstrate an adequate level of proficiency as determined by a P.O.S.T. certified appropriate use of force instructor using a P.O.S.T. approved grading matrix; and (3-31-22)
 - ii. All ongoing training as outlined in section 115.331 of the PREA Standards; and (3-31-22)
 - iii. All other trainings that require recertification. (3-31-22)
- d.** Volunteers and contractors shall be trained commensurate to their level of contact with juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)
- e.** Each facility shall maintain accurate training documentation. (3-31-22)

213. -- 214. (RESERVED)

215. DETENTION CENTER INFORMATION SYSTEMS.

- 01. Records.** The detention center shall have written policy and procedures to govern the collection, management, and retention of information pertaining to juvenile offenders and the operation of the detention center. Written policy and procedures will address, at a minimum, the following: (3-31-22)
- a.** Accuracy of information, including procedures for verification; (3-31-22)
 - b.** Security of information, including access and protection from unauthorized disclosure; (3-31-22)
 - c.** Content of records; (3-31-22)
 - d.** Maintenance of records; (3-31-22)
 - e.** Length of retention; and (3-31-22)
 - f.** Method of storage or disposal of inactive records. (3-31-22)
- 02. Release of Information.** Prior to release of information to agencies other than criminal justice authorities or other agencies with court orders for access, a written release of information shall be obtained from the juvenile offender’s parent, legal guardian or through a court order with a copy of that release placed in the juvenile offender’s file folder. (3-31-22)
- 03. Access to Records.** Parents, legal guardians, legal representatives, and staff shall be permitted access to information in the juvenile offender’s files and records as authorized by law. Absent a court order to the

contrary, the detention center administrator may restrict access to certain information, or provide a summary of the information when its disclosure presents a threat to the safety and security of the detention center or may be detrimental to the best interests of the juvenile offender. If access to records is denied or restricted, documentation that states the reason for the denial or restriction shall be maintained by the detention center administrator. (3-31-22)

216. DOCUMENTATION.

01. Shift Log. The detention center shall maintain documentation including time notations on each shift which includes the following information, at a minimum: (3-31-22)

- a.** Direct care staff on duty; (3-31-22)
- b.** Time and results of security or well-being checks and head counts; (3-31-22)
- c.** Names of juvenile offenders received or discharged with times recorded; (3-31-22)
- d.** Names of juvenile offenders temporarily released or returned for such purposes as court appearances, work/education releases, furloughs, or other authorized absences from the detention center with times recorded; (3-31-22)
- e.** Time of meals served; (3-31-22)
- f.** Times and shift activities, including any action taken on the handling of any routine incidents; (3-31-22)
- g.** Notation and times of entry and exit of all visitors, including physicians, attorneys, volunteers, and others; (3-31-22)
- h.** Notations and times of unusual incidents, problems, disturbances, escapes; (3-31-22)
- i.** Notations and times of any use of emergency or restraint equipment; and (3-31-22)
- j.** Notation and times of perimeter security checks. (3-31-22)

02. Housing Assignment Roster. The detention center shall maintain a master file or roster board indicating the current housing assignment and status of all juvenile offenders detained. (3-31-22)

03. Visitor's Register. The detention center shall maintain a visitor's register in which the following will be recorded: (3-31-22)

- a.** Name of each visitor; (3-31-22)
- b.** Time and date of visit; (3-31-22)
- c.** Juvenile offender to be visited; and (3-31-22)
- d.** Relationship of visitor to juvenile offender and other pertinent information. (3-31-22)

04. Juvenile Detention Records. The detention center shall classify, retain and maintain an accurate and current record for each juvenile offender detained in accordance with the provisions of Title 31, Chapter 8, Section 31-871, Idaho Code. The record will contain, at a minimum, the following: (3-31-22)

- a.** Booking and intake records; (3-31-22)
- b.** Record of court appearances; (3-31-22)
- c.** Documentation of authority to hold; (3-31-22)

- d. Probation officer or caseworker, if assigned; (3-31-22)
- e. Itemized inventory forms for all clothing, property, money, and valuables taken from the juvenile offender; (3-31-22)
- f. Classification records and information about a resident’s personal history and behavior to reduce the risk of sexual abuse by or upon a resident; (3-31-22)
- g. Documentation of education as outlined in PREA Standard Section 115.333; (3-31-22)
- h. Rule infraction reports; (3-31-22)
- i. Records of disciplinary actions; (3-31-22)
- j. Grievances filed and their dispositions; (3-31-22)
- k. Release records; (3-31-22)
- l. Personal information and emergency contact information; (3-31-22)
- m. Documentation of a completed intake medical screening; (3-31-22)
- n. Visitor records; (3-31-22)
- o. Incident reports; (3-31-22)
- p. Photographs. (3-31-22)

05. Incident Reports. Any person involved in or witness to an incident shall write an individual incident report. The incident report shall include, at a minimum, who, what, when, where, why, how, and action taken. Incidents reports shall be written for situations including but not limited to the following: (3-31-22)

- a. Any criminal act; (3-31-22)
- b. Use of force; (3-31-22)
- c. Use of restraints, except for transfer; (3-31-22)
- d. Suicide or attempted suicide; (3-31-22)
- e. Escape or attempted escape; (3-31-22)
- f. Emergencies; (3-31-22)
- g. Serious rule violations; (3-31-22)
- h. Cross-gender searches; (3-31-22)
- i. Body cavity searches; (3-31-22)
- j. Seizure and disposition of contraband; and (3-31-22)
- k. Any incident deemed serious enough to disrupt or disturb the security, safety, and orderly operations or well-being of the center, staff, juveniles, or public. (3-31-22)

06. Incident Report Review. All incident reports shall be reviewed by the detention center

administrator, or designee, and be maintained as part of the detention center records. (3-31-22)

217. MEDICAL INFORMATION.

01. Medical Files. The health authority shall maintain medical records for each juvenile offender which are kept separate from other records. (3-31-22)

02. Access to Medical Files. The detention center administrator, in conjunction with the health authority, shall establish procedures to determine access to medical files in accordance with privacy laws. (3-31-22)

218. -- 219. (RESERVED)

220. PROHIBITED CONTACT AND PRISON RAPE ELIMINATION ACT (PREA) COMPLIANCE.

01. Sexual Abuse of Juvenile Offenders. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures mandating zero (0) tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and outlining the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to such conduct. The policy and procedures shall contain, at a minimum, the following provisions: (3-31-22)

a. The prohibition of any sexual abuse or sexual harassment as defined by PREA Standards or as defined in Title 18, Chapter 61, Section 18-6110, Idaho Code; (3-31-22)

b. The appointment of a PREA Coordinator, as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.311(c), to be determined by the detention center administrator; (3-31-22)

c. Procedures that enable residents to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.315(d); (3-31-22)

d. The requirement of staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering a resident housing unit or any area where residents are likely to be showering, performing bodily functions, or changing clothing as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.315(d); (3-31-22)

e. The process that will be in place to provide age appropriate education to juvenile offenders as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.333; (3-31-22)

f. The provision of multiple avenues for a juvenile offender or a third party to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, at least one of which must be external to the agency as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.351; (3-31-22)

g. The process for gathering information to make classification and housing decisions to reduce the risk of sexual victimization as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.342; (3-31-22)

h. The handling of all information regarding sexual abuse or sexual harassment with confidentiality as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.361(c); (3-31-22)

i. The process to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.322; (3-31-22)

j. Policies to protect all residents and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment from acts of retaliation as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.367; (3-31-22)

k. The provision of timely and unimpeded access to crisis intervention services, medical, and mental health care to victims as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.382(a); (3-31-22)

l. The provision and documentation of training for staff as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.331; (3-31-22)

m. Within thirty (30) days of the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, the facility shall conduct a sexual abuse incident review as outlined in PREA Standard 115.386. (3-31-22)

221. -- 222. (RESERVED)

223. SAFETY AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES.

01. Emergency Plan. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures that address safety plans for responding to emergency situations. (3-31-22)

02. Compliance with Fire Code. The detention center shall comply with local and state fire codes. A request for an annual inspection shall be made to the local fire marshal or authorized agency. The detention center needs to maintain documentation of this inspection. (3-31-22)

224. DETENTION CENTER SECURITY.

01. Security and Control Policy. The detention center's policy and procedures manual shall contain all procedures for detention center security and control, with detailed instructions for implementing these procedures, and are reviewed at least annually and updated as needed. The manual shall be made available to all staff. (3-31-22)

02. Personal Observation. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures that govern the observation of all juvenile offenders and shall, at a minimum, require direct care staff to personally observe all juvenile offenders every thirty (30) minutes on an irregular schedule and the time of such checks shall be logged. More frequent checks should be made of juvenile offenders who are violent, suicidal, mentally ill, or who have other special problems or needs warranting closer observation. (3-31-22)

03. Cross Gender Supervision. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures governing supervision of female juvenile offenders by male employees and male juvenile offenders by female employees which shall be based on privacy needs and legal standards. Except in emergencies, detention center employees shall not observe juvenile offenders of the opposite sex in shower areas. Reasonable accommodation of privacy needs shall be observed. (3-31-22)

04. Head Counts. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which shall outline a system to physically count or account for all juvenile offenders, including juvenile offenders on work release, educational release, or other temporary leave status who may be absent from the detention center for certain periods of the day. At least three (3) documented counts shall be conducted every twenty-four (24) hours. At least one (1) count shall be conducted each shift with at least four (4) hours between each count. (3-31-22)

05. Camera Surveillance. Camera surveillance equipment shall not be used in place of the personal observation of juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)

225. PHYSICAL INTERVENTION.

01. Appropriate Use of Physical Intervention. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern the use of physical intervention. (3-31-22)

a. The use of physical intervention shall be restricted to the following situations, and then only to the degree necessary to restore order: (3-31-22)

i. Instances of justifiable self-protection; (3-31-22)

ii. The protection of others; (3-31-22)

iii. The protection of property; (3-31-22)

- iv. The prevention of escapes; and (3-31-22)
 - v. The suppression of disorder. (3-31-22)
 - b. Physical intervention shall not be used as punishment. (3-31-22)
- 02. Use of Chemical Agents.** The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern the use of chemical agents, if approved for use in the detention center. (3-31-22)
- a. The use of chemical agents shall be restricted to the following situations, and then only to the degree necessary to restore order: (3-31-22)
 - i. Instances of justifiable self-protection; (3-31-22)
 - ii. The protection of others; (3-31-22)
 - iii. The prevention of escapes; and (3-31-22)
 - iv. The suppression of disorder. (3-31-22)
 - b. Chemical agents shall only be administered by an individual who has been certified in its use by a qualified instructor. (3-31-22)
 - c. Oleoresin Capsicum shall be the only chemical agent approved for use in juvenile detention centers. (3-31-22)
- 03. Use of Electroshock Devices.** The use of electroshock devices is prohibited in juvenile detention centers unless used by law enforcement officers responding to a call for assistance initiated by detention staff. (3-31-22)
- 04. Use of Mechanical Restraints.** The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern the use of mechanical restraints, including notification of medical or mental health professionals. (3-31-22)
- a. The use of restraints shall be restricted to: (3-31-22)
 - i. Instances of transfer; (3-31-22)
 - ii. Instances of justifiable self-protection; (3-31-22)
 - iii. The protection of others; (3-31-22)
 - iv. The protection of property; (3-31-22)
 - v. Medical reasons under the direction of medical staff; (3-31-22)
 - vi. The prevention of escapes; and (3-31-22)
 - vii. The suppression of disorder. (3-31-22)
 - b. Restraints shall not be used as punishment or for the convenience of staff. (3-31-22)
 - c. Juvenile offenders in mechanical restraints shall not be left unattended except in documented exigent circumstances. (3-31-22)

226. PERIMETER SECURITY CHECKS AND SECURITY INSPECTIONS.

01. Perimeter Security Checks. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern the frequency and performing of perimeter security checks. (3-31-22)

02. Security Inspections. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures that require timely notification to the detention center administrator or designee of any structural or security deficiencies. The detention center administrator shall promptly correct any identified problems. The facility shall maintain documentation of any corrective action. (3-31-22)

227. SEARCH AND SEIZURE.

01. Detention Center Search Plan. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which outline a detention center search plan for the control of contraband and weapons and provides for unannounced and irregularly timed searches of juvenile offenders' rooms, day rooms, and activity, work or other areas accessible to juvenile offenders and searches of all materials and supplies coming into the detention center. (3-31-22)

02. Personal Searches. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures governing the personal searches of juvenile offenders, to include pat, strip, visual body cavity, and body cavity searches for the control of contraband and weapons and provides for unannounced and irregularly timed searches of juvenile offenders. Said policies and procedures shall include, at a minimum, requirements that: (3-31-22)

a. All searches be performed under sanitary conditions in a manner which protects the dignity of the juvenile to the greatest extent possible; (3-31-22)

b. All pat searches be performed by direct care personnel of the same sex as the juvenile, except under exigent circumstances; (3-31-22)

c. All strip or visual body cavity searches be performed by direct care personnel of the same sex as the juvenile with the exception of the health authority or medical personnel; (3-31-22)

d. No person of the opposite sex of the juvenile shall be allowed to observe any unclothed search of the juvenile, including strip, visual body cavity, or body cavity searches with the exception of the health authority or medical personnel; (3-31-22)

e. All body cavity searches shall be conducted only by the health authority or by medical personnel; (3-31-22)

f. An initial pat search must be performed at the intake process prior to the removal of any mechanical restraints; and (3-31-22)

g. Any search or physical examination of transgender or intersex residents for the sole purpose of determining genital status is prohibited. (3-31-22)

03. Documentation of Certain Searches. The detention center shall have policies and procedures which govern the documentation of certain searches. Documentation shall be maintained in detention center records and in the juvenile offender's record, and shall include justification and any exigent circumstances surrounding the search. Searches which must be documented include, but are not limited to; (3-31-22)

a. Any search performed by direct care personnel of the opposite sex as the juvenile; (3-31-22)

b. Any strip or visual body cavity search performed or observed by direct care personnel of the opposite sex of the juvenile; (3-31-22)

c. Any body cavity search observed by direct care personnel of the opposite sex of the juvenile; or (3-31-22)

d. Any strip, visual body cavity or body cavity search performed. (3-31-22)

04. Seizure and Disposition of Contraband. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which explains the chain of custody to govern the handling and/or disposal of contraband. All contraband found during detention center or juvenile offender searches shall be seized and processed according to detention center policy, including involvement of law enforcement, if appropriate. The seizure and disposition of the contraband shall be documented. When a crime is suspected to have been committed within the detention center, all evidence shall be maintained and made available to the proper authorities. (3-31-22)

228. SECURITY DEVICES.

01. Key Control. The detention center shall have policy and procedures in place to govern key and tool control. (3-31-22)

02. Security Devices. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures that govern the use of security devices. Detention center employees shall use only security equipment on which they have been properly trained and is issued through, or authorized by, the detention center administrator. The facility shall maintain documentation of proper training. (3-31-22)

03. Weapons Locker. The detention center shall provide a weapons locker or similar arrangement at security perimeter entrances for the temporary storage of weapons belonging to law enforcement officers who must enter the detention center. (3-31-22)

229. (RESERVED)

230. FOOD SERVICES.

The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern food service. If food is not obtained through a food service contract from an outside source, the detention center's food service operation shall be supervised by a designated employee who has experience and/or training in meal preparation, menu planning, staff supervision, ordering procedures, health and safety policies, theft precautions, and inventory control. If food is obtained through a food service contract from an outside source, provisions shall be made to assure that the contractor complies with the applicable section of these rules. (3-31-22)

231. (RESERVED)

232. SPECIAL DIETS.

The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern special diets. (3-31-22)

01. Special Diets, Medical. Special diets prescribed by a physician shall be followed according to the orders of the treating physician or dentist. (3-31-22)

02. Special Diets, Religious. Provisions should be made for special diets when a juvenile offender's religious beliefs require adherence to particular dietary practices. (3-31-22)

233. DIETARY RECORDS.

01. Food Service Records. The detention center shall maintain an accurate record of all meals served to juvenile offenders, including special diets. All menus shall be planned, dated, and available for review at least one (1) week in advance. Notations shall be made of any changes in the menu. Menus shall be kept at least one (1) year after use. (3-31-22)

02. Review of Menus. Menus and records of meals served shall be reviewed on a regular basis at least annually by a licensed dietitian, physician or nutritionist to verify nutritional adequacy or shall meet the current guidelines of the National School Lunch Program. The detention center shall maintain documentation of the dietitian's, physician's or nutritionist's review and verification. Subsequent menus shall be promptly revised to eliminate any deficiencies noted. (3-31-22)

234. MEALS.

01. Providing Meals. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern the providing of meals. Three (3) meals, at least two (2) of which includes a hot entree, shall be served daily. (3-31-22)

a. Meals must be served at approximately the same time every day. No more than fourteen (14) hours shall elapse between the evening meal and breakfast the next day unless an evening snack is served. If snacks are provided, up to sixteen (16) hours may elapse between the evening meal and breakfast. (3-31-22)

b. Juvenile offenders out of the detention center attending court hearings or other approved functions when meals are served shall have a meal provided upon their return if they have not already eaten. (3-31-22)

c. If meals are provided to staff, the menu should be the same as provided to juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)

d. The health authority or a medical employee shall be notified when a juvenile offender does not eat three (3) consecutive meals. (3-31-22)

02. Withholding of Meals as Disciplinary Sanction Prohibited. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which dictate that meals shall not be withheld from juvenile offenders, nor the menu varied as a disciplinary sanction. (3-31-22)

03. Control of Utensils. The detention center shall have a control system for the issuance and return of all food preparation and eating utensils. (3-31-22)

235. FOOD SERVICE SANITATION.

01. Written Policy and Procedures. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures to govern food service sanitation. Food service and related sanitation practices shall comply with the requirements of the state health department or other appropriate regulatory body. The detention center's food service operation shall be inspected in the manner and frequency mandated by local health authorities. The detention center administrator shall solicit at least an annual sanitation inspection by a qualified entity. The results of such inspections shall be documented and the detention center administrator shall take prompt action to correct any identified problems; (3-31-22)

236. -- 239. (RESERVED)

240. SANITATION AND HYGIENE.

01. Sanitation Inspections. Written policy and procedures shall provide that the detention center be maintained in a clean and healthful condition and that the detention center administrator or designee shall conduct monthly sanitation and maintenance inspections of all areas of the detention center. (3-31-22)

02. Vermin Control. The detention center shall have a plan for the control of vermin and pests which includes inspections and fumigations, as necessary, by a licensed pest control professional. (3-31-22)

03. Housekeeping Plan. The detention center shall have a written housekeeping plan for all areas of the physical plant which provides for daily housekeeping and maintenance by assigning specific duties to juvenile offenders and staff. All work shall be assigned and supervised by detention center employees. No juvenile offender shall be allowed to assign work to other juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)

04. Maintenance and Repair. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures to provide that all plumbing, lighting, heating and ventilation equipment, furnishings, and security hardware in juvenile offender living areas shall be kept in good working order. Any broken fixture, equipment, furnishings, or hardware shall be promptly repaired or replaced. Painted surfaces shall not be allowed to become scaled or deteriorated. (3-31-22)

05. Water Quality. The water shall meet all current standards set by the applicable state and local

authority as to bacteriological, chemical, and physical tests for purity. (3-31-22)

241. -- 244. (RESERVED)

245. PERSONAL HYGIENE.

01. Personal Hygiene Items. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern the provision of, without charge, the following articles necessary for maintaining proper personal hygiene: (3-31-22)

- a.** Soap; (3-31-22)
- b.** Toothbrush; (3-31-22)
- c.** Toothpaste; (3-31-22)
- d.** Comb or brush; (3-31-22)
- e.** Shaving equipment; (3-31-22)
- f.** Products for female hygiene needs; and (3-31-22)
- g.** Toilet paper. (3-31-22)

02. Removal of Personal Hygiene Items. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures that govern the removal of personal hygiene items from juvenile offenders' sleeping areas. Removal must be based upon sufficient reason to believe that the juvenile offender's access to the items poses a risk to the safety of juvenile offenders, staff or others, or poses a security risk to the detention center. (3-31-22)

03. Clothing and Linens. The detention center shall provide for the issue of clean clothing, bedding, linens, and towels to new juvenile offenders held overnight. At a minimum, the following shall be provided: (3-31-22)

- a.** A set of standard detention center clothing or uniform; (3-31-22)
- b.** A set of standard detention center bedding and linens; (3-31-22)
- c.** Fire-retardant mattress; (3-31-22)
- d.** Sufficient blankets to provide comfort under existing temperature conditions; and (3-31-22)
- e.** One (1) clean towel. (3-31-22)

04. Laundry Services. Laundry services shall be sufficient to allow required clothing, bedding, and towel exchanges for juvenile offenders. (3-31-22)

a. Clothing and towels used by the juvenile offender while in the detention center shall be laundered or exchanged at least twice each week. (3-31-22)

b. Linen shall be changed and laundered or exchanged at least once weekly or more often, as necessary. (3-31-22)

c. Blankets in use shall be laundered or exchanged at least monthly, or before re-issue to another juvenile offender. (3-31-22)

05. Clothing and Linen Supplies. The detention center inventory of clothing, bedding, linen, and towels shall exceed the maximum population to ensure that a reserve is always available. (3-31-22)

246. -- 249. (RESERVED)

250. HEALTH SERVICES.

01. Health Care. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures to govern the delivery of reasonable medical, dental, and mental health services. These written policy and procedures must at a minimum address, but are not limited to the following: (3-31-22)

a. Intake medical screening must be documented and performed on all juvenile offenders upon admission to the detention center. (3-31-22)

i. The medical screening should include inquiry of current illness and health problems, dental problems, sexually transmitted and other infectious diseases, medication taken and special health requirements, if any, the use of alcohol or drugs, mental illness and/or suicidal behavior. (3-31-22)

ii. The screening should also include observations of the physical condition, mental condition, and/or behavior. (3-31-22)

b. Handling of juvenile offenders' requests for medical treatment; (3-31-22)

c. Non-emergency medical services; (3-31-22)

d. Emergency medical and dental services; (3-31-22)

e. Use of a vehicle for emergency transport; (3-31-22)

f. Emergency on-call physician and dental services when the emergency health care facility is not located nearby; (3-31-22)

g. The availability of first-aid supplies; (3-31-22)

h. Screening, referral, and care of juvenile offenders who may be suicide-prone, or experience physical, mental or emotional disabilities; (3-31-22)

i. Arrangements for providing close medical supervision of juvenile offenders with special medical or psychiatric problems; (3-31-22)

j. Delousing; (3-31-22)

k. Medical isolation, and proper examination of juvenile offenders suspected of having contagious or infectious diseases; (3-31-22)

l. Management of pharmaceuticals, including storage in a secure location; and (3-31-22)

m. Notification of next of kin or appropriate authorities in case of serious illness, injury or death. (3-31-22)

02. Medical Judgments. Except for regulations necessary to ensure the safety and order of the detention center, all matters of medical, mental health, and dental judgment shall be the sole province of the health authority, who shall have final responsibility for decisions related to medical judgments. (3-31-22)

03. Informed Consent. Permission to perform medical, surgical, dental or other remedial treatment shall be obtained from parents, spouse, guardian, court or other competent person as stated in Title 16, Chapter 16, Section 16-1627, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

04. Health Appraisal. A health appraisal for each juvenile offender shall be provided by the health

authority or medical employee within fourteen (14) days of admission. (3-31-22)

251. -- 254. (RESERVED)

255. RULES AND DISCIPLINE.

01. Behavioral Management. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures for maintaining discipline and regulating juvenile offenders' conduct. The following general principle shall apply: (3-31-22)

a. The conduct of juvenile offenders shall be regulated in a manner which encourages and supports appropriate behavior, with penalties for negative behavior; (3-31-22)

b. The detention center shall have written rules of conduct which specify prohibited acts, the penalties that may be imposed for various degrees of violation, and the disciplinary procedures to be followed; (3-31-22)

c. Disciplinary action shall be of a nature to regulate juvenile offenders' behavior within acceptable limits and shall be taken at such times and in such degrees as necessary to accomplish this objective; (3-31-22)

d. The behavior of juvenile offenders shall be controlled in an impartial and consistent manner; (3-31-22)

e. Disciplinary action shall not be arbitrary, capricious, retaliatory, or vengeful; (3-31-22)

f. Corporal or unusual punishment is prohibited, and care shall be taken to insure juvenile offenders' freedom from personal abuse, humiliation, mental abuse, personal injury, disease, property damage, harassment, or punitive interference with daily functions of living, such as eating or sleeping; (3-31-22)

g. Juvenile offenders shall not be subject to any situation in which juvenile offenders impose discipline on each other. (3-31-22)

02. Resolution of Rule Infractions. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures to define and govern the resolution of rule infractions. (3-31-22)

03. Grievance Procedures. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures for juvenile offenders which will identify grievable issues and define the grievance process. (3-31-22)

04. Criminal Law Violations. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures to govern the handling of incidents that involve the violation of federal, state, or local criminal law, including prompt referral to the appropriate authority for possible investigation and prosecution. (3-31-22)

256. COMMUNICATION AND CORRESPONDENCE.

01. Mail, Visiting, Telephone. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which shall govern the practices of handling mail, visitation, use of the telephone, and any limitations or restriction on these privileges. Juvenile offenders shall have the opportunity to receive visits and to communicate and correspond with persons, representatives of the media or organizations, subject to the limitations necessary to maintain detention center security and order. (3-31-22)

02. Resident Access to Outside Support Services. The facility shall provide residents with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.353. (3-31-22)

03. Mail Service. Mail, other than sent to or received from public officials, judges, attorneys, courts, government officials and officials of the confining authority, may be opened and inspected for contraband. (3-31-22)

04. Telephone Service. All juvenile offenders, except those restricted as a result of disciplinary action,

shall be provided the opportunity to complete at least two (2) telephone calls weekly to maintain family and community ties. (3-31-22)

- a. Telephone calls may be monitored and notification shall be provided to the juvenile. (3-31-22)
- b. The detention center may require that any costs for telephone calls be borne by the juvenile offender or the party called. (3-31-22)
- c. Written policy and procedures shall grant all juvenile offenders the right to make at least one (1) local or collect long distance telephone call to family members, attorneys, or other approved individuals during the admissions process. (3-31-22)
- d. Juvenile offenders shall be allowed to make a reasonable number of telephone calls to their attorneys that: (3-31-22)
 - i. Are of reasonable duration; (3-31-22)
 - ii. Are not monitored; and (3-31-22)
 - iii. Are not revoked as a disciplinary measure. (3-31-22)

05. Visitation Restrictions. The parents or legal guardians, probation officer, parole officer, detention center administrator or the court of jurisdiction may impose restrictions on who may visit a juvenile offender. (3-31-22)

06. Search of Visitors. Written policy and procedures shall specify that visitors register upon entry into the detention center and the circumstances under which visitors are searched and supervised during the visit. (3-31-22)

07. Confidential Visits. The detention center shall provide juvenile offenders adequate opportunities for confidential access to courts, attorneys, and their authorized representatives, probation and parole officers, law enforcement, counselors, caseworkers, and the clergy. (3-31-22)

08. Visitation. Attorneys, probation and parole officers, law enforcement, counselors, caseworkers, and clergy shall be permitted to visit juvenile offenders at reasonable hours other than during regularly scheduled visiting hours. (3-31-22)

a. Visits with attorneys, probation and parole officers, law enforcement, counselors, caseworkers, and clergy shall not be monitored, except that detention center employees may visually observe the visitation as necessary to maintain appropriate levels of security. (3-31-22)

b. Visits with attorneys, probation and parole officers, law enforcement, counselors, caseworkers, or clergy should be of the contact type unless otherwise indicated by the juvenile offender or visitor, or the detention center administrator determines there is a substantial security justification to restrict the visit to a non-contact type. (3-31-22)

257. -- 260. (RESERVED)

261. ADMISSION.

01. Orientation Materials. Written policy and procedures shall provide that new juvenile offenders receive orientation materials, including conduct rules. If, at any time, a literacy or language barrier is recognized, the detention center shall make good faith efforts to assure that the juvenile offender understands the material. (3-31-22)

02. Procedures for Admission. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures for admission of juvenile offenders which shall address, but are not limited to, the following: (3-31-22)

- a. Determination that the juvenile offender is lawfully detained in the detention center; (3-31-22)
- b. The classification of juvenile offenders in regard to sleeping, housing arrangements, and programming; (3-31-22)
- c. Any juvenile offender showing signs of impairment should not be admitted to the detention center without documentation from medical personnel or a physician of examination, treatment, and fitness for confinement; (3-31-22)
- d. A complete search of the juvenile offender and possessions; (3-31-22)
- e. Pat searches shall be performed before mechanical restraints are removed at the admissions process; (3-31-22)
- f. The care and disposition of personal property; (3-31-22)
- g. Provision of shower and the issuance of detention clothing and personal hygiene articles; (3-31-22)
- h. The provision of medical, dental and mental health screening; (3-31-22)
- i. Male and female juvenile offenders shall not occupy the same sleeping room; (3-31-22)
- j. The recording of basic personal data and information; (3-31-22)
- k. Providing assistance to juvenile offenders in notifying their families of their admission and the discussion of procedures for mailing and visiting; (3-31-22)
- l. The fingerprinting and photographing in accordance with Title 20, Chapter 5, Section 20-516(8), Idaho Code; and (3-31-22)
- m. The administration of the MAYSI or other approved assessment tool. (3-31-22)

03. Court Appearance Within Twenty-Four Hours. According to Title 20, Chapter 5, Section 20-516(4), Idaho Code, written policy and procedures shall ensure that any juvenile offender placed in detention or shelter care be brought to court within twenty-four (24) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays for a detention hearing to determine where the juvenile offender will be placed until the next hearing. (3-31-22)

04. Limitations of Detention. Written policy and procedures shall limit the use of detention in accordance with Title 20, Chapter 5, Section 20-516, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

262. RELEASE.

01. Release of Offender. Written policy and procedures shall govern the release of any juvenile offender and the release process including, but not limited to: (3-31-22)

- a. Verification of juvenile offender’s identity; (3-31-22)
- b. Verification of release papers; (3-31-22)
- c. Completion of release arrangements, including the person or agency to whom the juvenile offender is being released: (3-31-22)
- d. Return of personal effects; and (3-31-22)
- e. Completion of any pending action. (3-31-22)

02. Temporary Release. Written policy and procedures shall govern escorted and unsecured day

leaves into the community. (3-31-22)

03. Personal Property Complaints. Written policy and procedures shall govern a procedure for handling complaints about personal property. (3-31-22)

04. Disposal of Property. Property not claimed within four (4) months of a juvenile offender's discharge may be disposed of by the detention center in accordance with Title 55, Chapter 14, Section 55-1402, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

263. -- 264. (RESERVED)

265. PROGRAMS AND SERVICES AVAILABLE.

01. Programs and Services. The detention center shall have written policy and procedures which govern what programs and services will be available to juvenile offenders. These programs and services shall include, at a minimum, the following: (3-31-22)

- a. Access or referral to counseling; (3-31-22)
- b. Religious services on a voluntary basis; (3-31-22)
- c. One (1) hour per day, five (5) days per week of large muscle exercise; (3-31-22)
- d. Passive recreational activities: (3-31-22)
- e. Regular and systematic access to reading material: (3-31-22)
- f. Work assignments; and (3-31-22)
- g. Educational programs according to the promulgated rules of the Idaho State Department of Education. (3-31-22)

02. Records of Participation in Programs and Services. Records of participation in programs and services must be recorded in daily shift log or juvenile offender's file or program records. (3-31-22)

03. Limitations and Denial of Services. Access to services and programs will be afforded to all juvenile offenders, subject to the limitations necessary to maintain detention center security and order. Any denial of services must be documented. (3-31-22)

266. -- 274. (RESERVED)

275. DETENTION CENTER DESIGN, RENOVATION, AND CONSTRUCTION.

01. Applicability. All standards in this section, except where exceptions are stated, shall apply to new juvenile detention centers, renovation of existing juvenile detention centers, and renovation of any existing building for use as a juvenile detention center. In the case of a partial renovation of an existing detention center, it is intended that these rules should apply only to the part of the detention center being added or renovated. (3-31-22)

02. Code Compliance. In addition to these rules, all new construction and renovation shall comply with the applicable ADA, building, safety, and health codes of the local authority and the applicable requirements of the State Fire Marshal, and state law. Standards herein which exceed those of the local authority shall take precedence. (3-31-22)

03. Site Selection. Juvenile detention centers should be located to facilitate access to community resources and juvenile justice agencies. If the detention center is located on the grounds or in a building with any other correctional facility, it shall be constructed as a separate, self-contained unit in compliance with Title 20, Chapter 5, Section 20-518, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

04. General Conditions. All newly constructed or renovated juvenile detention centers shall conform to the following general conditions: (3-31-22)

a. Light levels in all housing areas shall be appropriate for the use and type of activities which occur. Night lighting shall permit adequate illumination for supervision; (3-31-22)

b. All living areas shall provide visual access to natural light; (3-31-22)

c. HVAC systems shall be designed to provide that temperatures in indoor living and work areas are appropriate to the summer and winter comfort zones, and healthful and comfortable living and working conditions exist in the detention center; (3-31-22)

d. All locks, detention hardware, fixtures, furnishings, and equipment shall have the proper security value for the areas in which they are used. The use of padlocks in place of security locks on sleeping room or housing unit doors is prohibited; (3-31-22)

e. Juvenile offenders' rights to privacy from unauthorized or degrading observation shall be protected without compromising the security and control of the detention center. Privacy screening for all toilet and shower areas which still allows adequate supervision of those areas should be incorporated into the design; (3-31-22)

f. The detention center shall have a perimeter which is secured in such a way that juvenile offenders remain within the perimeter and that access by the general public is denied without proper authorization; (3-31-22)

g. The security area of the detention center shall have an audio communication system equipped with monitors in each sleeping room and temporary holding room designed to allow monitoring of activities and to allow juvenile offenders to communicate emergency needs to detention center employees. Closed circuit television should primarily be used to verify the identity of persons where direct vision is not possible. Closed circuit television shall not be used to routinely monitor the interior of sleeping rooms; and (3-31-22)

h. All newly constructed or renovated detention centers shall provide an emergency source of power to supply electricity for entrance lighting, exit signs, circulation corridors, fire alarm, electrically operated locks and the heating and ventilation system. (3-31-22)

i. When designing or acquiring any new facility and in planning any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, the agency shall consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect residents from any harm including sexual abuse as outlined by PREA Standard Section 115.318. (3-31-22)

05. Admission and Release Area. The detention center shall have an intake and release area which should be located within the security perimeter, but apart from other living and activity areas. (3-31-22)

a. Adequate space shall be allocated for, at least but not limited to; (3-31-22)

i. Reception; (3-31-22)

ii. Booking; (3-31-22)

iii. Search; (3-31-22)

iv. Shower and clothing exchange; (3-31-22)

v. Medical screening; (3-31-22)

vi. Storage of juvenile offender's personal property and detention center clothing; (3-31-22)

vii. Telephone calls; (3-31-22)

- viii. Interviews; and (3-31-22)
- ix. Release screening and processing. (3-31-22)
- b.** If a detention center has temporary holding rooms, the rooms may be designed to detain juvenile offenders for up to eight (8) hours pending booking, court appearance, housing assignment, transfer, or release. Temporary holding rooms may be designed for multiple occupancy and shall provide thirty-five (35) square feet of unencumbered floor space for each juvenile offender at capacity (3-31-22)
- c.** Temporary holding rooms shall have access to a toilet and wash basin with hot and cold water. (3-31-22)
- 06. Single Occupancy Rooms.** Single occupancy sleeping rooms or cells shall have a minimum of thirty-five (35) square feet of unencumbered space and shall be equipped with at least a bed above the floor. (3-31-22)
- 07. Multiple Occupancy Rooms.** Multiple occupancy sleeping rooms or cells shall have at least thirty-five (35) square feet of unencumbered floor space per juvenile offender at the room's rated capacity and shall be equipped with at least a bed off the floor for each juvenile offender. (3-31-22)
- 08. Sanitation and Seating.** All single or multiple occupancy sleeping rooms shall be equipped with, or have twenty-four (24) hours per day access without detention center staff assistance to toilets, wash basins with hot and cold running water, and drinking water at the following ratios: (3-31-22)
- a.** One (1) shower and one (1) toilet for every eight (8) juvenile offenders or fraction thereof; (3-31-22)
- b.** One (1) wash basin with hot and cold water for every twelve (12) juvenile offenders or a fraction thereof; and (3-31-22)
- c.** Tables and seating sufficient for the maximum number expected to use the room at one (1) time. (3-31-22)
- 09. Day Room and Multi-Purpose Room.** The detention center shall have at least one (1) day room and multi-purpose room which provides a minimum of thirty-five (35) square feet of floor space per juvenile offender for the maximum number expected to use the room at one (1) time. (3-31-22)
- 10. Program Space.** Adequate space shall be allocated for, but not limited to: (3-31-22)
- a.** Educational programs; (3-31-22)
- b.** Individual and group activities; (3-31-22)
- c.** Exercise and recreation, indoor and outdoor; (3-31-22)
- d.** Visitation; (3-31-22)
- e.** Confidential attorney and clergy interviews; and (3-31-22)
- f.** Counseling. (3-31-22)
- 11. Interview Space.** A sufficient number of confidential interview areas to accommodate the projected demand of visits by attorneys, counselors, clergy, or other officials shall be provided. At least one (1) confidential interview area is required. (3-31-22)
- 12. Medical Service Space.** Space shall be provided for routine medical examinations, emergency

first-aid, emergency equipment storage, and secure medicine storage. (3-31-22)

13. Food Service. The kitchen or food service area shall have sufficient space for food preparation, serving, disposal, and clean-up to serve the detention center at its projected capacity. The kitchen or food service area shall be properly equipped and have adequate storage space for the quantity of food prepared and served. (3-31-22)

14. Laundry. Where laundry services are provided in-house, there shall be sufficient space available for heavy duty or commercial type washers, dryers, soiled laundry storage, clean laundry storage, and laundry supply storage. (3-31-22)

15. Janitor's Closet. At least one (1) secure janitor's closet containing a mop sink and sufficient space for storage of cleaning supplies and equipment shall be provided within the security perimeter of the detention center. (3-31-22)

16. Security Equipment Storage. A secure storage area shall be provided for all chemical agents, weapons, and security equipment. (3-31-22)

17. Administration Space. Adequate space shall be provided which includes but is not limited to, administrative, security, professional and clerical staff, offices, conference rooms, storage rooms, a public lobby, and toilet facilities. (3-31-22)

18. Public Lobby. A public lobby or waiting area shall be provided which includes sufficient seating and toilets. Public access to security and administrative work areas shall be restricted. All parts of the detention center that are accessible to the public shall be accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities in compliance with ADA standards. (3-31-22)

276. -- 999. (RESERVED)