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IDAPA 18 TITLE 01 CHAPTER 75

18.01.75 - CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE RULES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

In accordance with Section 41-211, Idaho Code, the Director of the Idaho Department of Insurance shall promulgate rules implementing the provisions of title 41, Idaho Code. (7-1-96)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **01. Title**. These rules shall be cited as Rules of the Department of Insurance, IDAPA 18.01.75, "Credit for Reinsurance Rules". (7-1-99)
- **O2. Scope**. The purpose of this rule is to set forth rules and procedural requirements which the director deems necessary to carry out the Credit for Reinsurance provision, Section 41-514, Idaho Code. The actions and information required by this rule are hereby declared to be necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of the ceding insurers in this state. (7-1-99)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

In accordance with Section 67--5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, this agency has written statements which pertain to the interpretation of the rules of this chapter, or to the documentation of compliance with the rules of this chapter. The document is available for public inspection and copying at cost at the Office of the Rules Coordinator, 650 West State, Room 100, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho, 83720-0011. (7-1-96)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

All contested cases shall be governed by the provisions of IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General". (7-1-96)

004. -- 010. (RESERVED).

011. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- REINSURER LICENSED IN THIS STATE.

Pursuant to Section 41-514(1)(a), Idaho Code, the director shall allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to assuming insurers which were licensed in this State as of the date of the ceding insurer's statutory financial statement. (7-1-96)

012. -- 020. (RESERVED).

021. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- ACCREDITED REINSURERS.

01. Accredited Reinsurers. Pursuant to Section 41-514(1)(b), Idaho Code, the director shall allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer which is accredited as a reinsurer in this state as of the date of the ceding insurer's statutory financial statement. An accredited reinsurer is one which:

(7-1-96)

- **a.** Has filed with the Idaho Department of Insurance an application to act as an accredited reinsurer in this state, on forms and in the format provided by the director and received written notice of accreditation by the department; (7-1-99)
- **b.** Files annually with the director a copy of its annual statement filed with the insurance department of its state of domicile or, in the case of an alien assuming insurer, with the state through which it is entered and in which it is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance, and a copy of its most recent audited financial statement; and (7-1-96)
- **c.** Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) and whose accreditation has not been denied by the director within ninety (90) days of its submission or, in the case of companies with a surplus as regards policyholders of less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000),

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whose accreditation has been approved by the director.

(7-1-96)

- **O2. Denial of Accreditation**. If the director determines that the assuming insurer has failed to meet or maintain any of these qualifications, he may upon written notice and hearing revoke the accreditation. No credit shall be allowed a domestic ceding insurer with respect to reinsurance ceded after 9/1/97 if the assuming insurer's accreditation has been denied or revoked by the director after notice and hearing. (7-1-96)
- 022. -- 030. (RESERVED).

031. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- REINSURER DOMICILED AND LICENSED IN ANOTHER STATE.

Pursuant to Section 41-514(1)(c), Idaho Code, the director shall allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer which as of the date of the ceding insurer's statutory financial statement: (7-1-96)

- **01. Applicable Domicile and License**. Is domiciled and licensed in (or, in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered through and licensed in) a state which employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance substantially similar to those applicable under the Act and this rule; (7-1-96)
- **02. Maintains Surplus**. Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000); and (7-1-96)
- **03. Proper AR-1 Form Filed.** Files a properly executed Form AR-1 with the director as evidence of its submission to this state's authority to examine its books and records. (7-1-96)
- **Q4. Provisions.** The provisions of this section relating to surplus as regards policyholders shall not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding company system. As used in this section, "substantially similar" standards means credit for reinsurance standards which the director determines equal or exceed the standards of Section 41-514, Idaho Code, and this rule. (7-1-96)
- 032. -- 040. (RESERVED).

041. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE -- REINSURERS MAINTAINING TRUST FUNDS.

- **01. Trust Fund.** Pursuant to Section 41-514(1)(d), Idaho Code, the director shall allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer which, as of the date of the ceding insurer's statutory financial statement maintains a trust fund in an amount prescribed below in a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-514(4), Idaho Code, for the payment of the valid claims of its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest. The assuming insurer shall report annually to the director substantially the same information as that required to be reported on the NAIC annual statement form by licensed insurers, to enable the director to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund. (7-1-96)
 - **Requirements.** The following requirements apply to the following categories of assuming insurer: (7-1-96)
- **a.** The trust fund for a single assuming insurer shall consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to business written in the United States, and in addition, a trusteed surplus of not less than twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000). (7-1-96)
- b. The trust fund for a group which includes incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters shall consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the group's aggregate liabilities attributable to business written in the United States and, in addition, the group shall maintain a trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) shall be held jointly for the benefit of the United States ceding insurers of any member of the group. The incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and shall be subject to the same level of solvency regulation and control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members. The group shall make available to the director annual certifications by the group's domiciliary regulator and its independent public accountants of the solvency of each underwriter member of the group. (7-1-96)

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- c. The trust fund for a group of incorporated insurers under common administration, whose members possess aggregate policyholders surplus of ten billion dollars (\$10,000,000,000) (calculated and reported in substantially the same manner as prescribed by the annual statement instructions and Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners) and which has continuously transacted an insurance business outside the United States for at least three (3) years immediately prior to making application for accreditation, shall consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurers' liabilities attributable to business ceded by United States ceding insurers to any members of the group pursuant to reinsurance contracts issued in the name of such group and, in addition, the group shall maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) shall be held jointly for the benefit of United States ceding insurers of any member of the group. The group shall file a properly executed Form AR-1 as evidence of the submission to this state's authority to examine the books and records of any of its members and shall certify that any member examined will bear the expense of any such examination. The group shall make available to the director annual certifications by the members' domiciliary regulators and their independent public accountants of the solvency of each member of the group.
- **03. Acceptable Form**. The trust shall be established in a form approved by the director and complying with Section 41-514(1), Idaho Code, and this section. The trust instrument shall provide that: (7-1-96)
- **a.** Contested claims shall be valid and enforceable out of funds in trust to the extent remaining unsatisfied thirty (30) days after entry of the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States.

 (7-1-96)
- **b.** Legal title to the assets of the trust shall be vested in the trustee for the benefit of the grantor's United States policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest. (7-1-96)
 - **c.** The trust shall be subject to examination as determined by the director. (7-1-96)
- **d.** The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer, or any member or former member of a group of insurers, shall have outstanding obligations under reinsurance agreements subject to the trust.

 (7-1-96)
- e. No later than February 28 of each year the trustees of the trust shall report to the director in writing setting forth the balance in the trust and listing the trust's investments at the preceding year end, and shall certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust shall not expire prior to the next following December 31.
- **f.** No amendment to the trust shall be effective unless reviewed and approved in advance by the director. (7-1-96)

042. -- 050. (RESERVED).

051. CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE REQUIRED BY LAW.

Pursuant to Section 41-514(1)(e), Idaho Code, the director shall allow credit for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of Section 41-514(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d), Idaho Code, but only with respect to the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions where such reinsurance is required by the applicable law or regulation of that jurisdiction. As used in this section, "jurisdiction" means any state, district or territory of the United States and any lawful national government. (7-1-96)

052. -- 060. (RESERVED).

061. REDUCTION FROM LIABILITY FOR REINSURANCE CEDED TO AN UNAUTHORIZED ASSUMING INSURER.

Pursuant to Section 41-514(2), Idaho Code, the director shall allow a reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of Section 41-514(1), Idaho Code, in an amount not exceeding the liabilities carried by the ceding insurer. Such reduction shall be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer, including funds held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the ceding insurer,

under a reinsurance contract with such assuming insurer as security for the payment of obligations thereunder. Such security must be held in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and under the exclusive control of, the ceding insurer or, in the case of a trust, held in a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-514(4), Idaho Code. This security may be in the form of any of the following:

(7-1-96)

01. Cash. (7-1-96)

- **02. Securities.** Securities listed by the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and qualifying as admitted assets. (7-1-96)
- **03. Letters of Credit.** Clean, irrevocable, unconditional and "evergreen" letters of credit issued or confirmed by a qualified United States institution, as defined in Section 41-514(3), Idaho Code, effective no later than December 31 of the year for which filing is being made, and in the possession of the ceding company on or before the filing date of its annual statement. Letters of credit meeting applicable standards of issuer acceptability as of the dates of their issuance (or confirmation) shall, notwithstanding the issuing (or confirming) institution's subsequent failure to meet applicable standards of issuer acceptability, continue to be acceptable as security until their expiration, extension, renewal, modification or amendment, whichever first occurs. (7-1-96)

04. Any Other Form of Security Acceptable to the Director.

(7-1-96)

Other Provisions Applicable. An admitted asset or a reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded to an unauthorized assuming insurer pursuant to Section 061 shall be allowed only when the requirements of Sections 101 and the applicable portions of Sections 074, 075, 076, 081, and 091 of this rule are met.

(7-1-99)

062. -- 069. (RESERVED).

070. TRUST AGREEMENTS QUALIFIED UNDER IDAPA 18.01.75.

071. BENEFICIARY.

Beneficiary means the entity for whose sole benefit the trust has been established and any successor of the beneficiary by operation of law. If a court of law appoints a successor in interest to the named beneficiary, then the named beneficiary includes and is limited to the court appointed domiciliary receiver (including conservator, rehabilitator or liquidator).

(7-1-96)

072. GRANTOR.

Grantor means the entity that has established a trust for the sole benefit of the beneficiary. When established in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement, the grantor is the unlicensed, unaccredited assuming insurer. (7-1-96)

073. OBLIGATIONS.

Obligations, as used in IDAPA 18.01.75, "Credit for Reinsurance Rules," means:

(7-1-99)

- **01. Losses Paid But Not Recovered.** Reinsured losses and allocated loss expenses paid by the ceding company, but not recovered from the assuming insurer; (7-1-99)
 - **02.** Reserves for Reinsured Losses Reported and Outstanding; (7-1-96)
 - **03.** Reserves for Reinsured Losses Incurred But Not Reported; and (7-1-96)
 - 04. Reserves for Allocated Reinsured Loss Expenses and Unearned Premiums. (7-1-96)

074. REQUIRED CONDITIONS.

01. Who Shall Enter the Agreement. The trust agreement shall be entered into between the beneficiary, the grantor and a trustee which shall be a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-514(4), Idaho Code. (7-1-99)

- **O2. Trust Account**. The trust agreement shall create a trust account into which assets shall be deposited. (7-1-99)
- **03. Who Shall Hold Assets in Trust Account.** All assets in the trust account shall be held by the trustee at the trustee's office in the United States, except that a bank may apply for the director's permission to use a foreign branch office of such bank as trustee for trust agreements established pursuant to this section. If the director approves the use of such foreign branch office as trustee, then its use must be approved by the beneficiary in writing and the trust agreement must provide that the written notice described in Subsection 074.04.d. must also be presentable, as a matter of legal right, at the trustee's principal office in the United States. (7-1-99)
 - **04. Provisions of Trust Agreement.** The Trust Agreement shall provide that: (7-1-99)
- a. The beneficiary shall have the right to withdraw assets from the trust account at any time, without notice to the grantor, subject only to written notice from the beneficiary to the trustee; (7-1-96)
- **b.** No other statement or document is required to be presented in order to withdraw assets, except that the beneficiary may be required to acknowledge receipt of withdrawn assets; (7-1-96)
 - **c.** It is not subject to any conditions or qualifications outside of the trust agreement; and (7-1-96)
- **d.** It shall not contain references to any other agreements or documents except as provided for under Subsection 074.11. (7-1-99)
- **O5. Sole Benefit of Beneficiary**. The Trust Agreement shall be established for the sole benefit of the beneficiary. (7-1-99)
 - **06. Required of Trustee**. The Trust Agreement shall require the trustee to: (7-1-99)
 - **a.** Receive assets and hold all assets in a safe place;

- (7-1-96)
- **b.** Determine that all assets are in such form that the beneficiary, or the trustee upon direction by the beneficiary, may whenever necessary negotiate any such assets, without consent or signature from the grantor or any other person or entity;

 (7-1-96)
- **c.** Furnish to the grantor and the beneficiary a statement of all assets in the trust account upon its inception and at intervals no less frequent than the end of each calendar quarter; (7-1-96)
- **d.** Notify the grantor and the beneficiary within ten (10) days, of any deposits to or withdrawals from the trust account; (7-1-96)
- **e.** Upon written demand of the beneficiary, immediately take any and all steps necessary to transfer absolutely and unequivocally all right, title and interest in the assets held in the trust account to the beneficiary and deliver physical custody of the assets to the beneficiary; and (7-1-96)
- f. Allow no substitutions or withdrawals of assets from the trust account, except on written instructions from the beneficiary, except that the trustee may, without the consent of but with notice to the beneficiary, upon call or maturity of any trust asset, withdraw such asset upon condition that the proceeds are paid into the trust account.

 (7-1-96)
- **07. Written Notification of Termination**. The trust agreement shall provide that at least thirty (30) days, but not more than forty-five (45) days, prior to termination of the trust account, written notification of termination shall be delivered by the trustee to the beneficiary. (7-1-99)
- **O8.** Subject to Laws of State in Which Trust Is Established. The trust agreement shall be made subject to and governed by the laws of the state in which the trust is established. (7-1-99)
 - **O9. Prohibit Invasion of Trust Corpus.** The trust agreement shall prohibit invasion of the trust corpus

for the purpose of paying compensation to, or reimbursing the expenses of, the trustee.

(7-1-99)

- **10. Trustee Shall Be Liable**. The trust agreement shall provide that the trustee shall be liable for its own negligence, willful misconduct or lack of good faith. (7-1-99)
- 11. Purposes for Applying Amounts Drawn Upon Trust Account. Notwithstanding other provisions of this rule, when a trust agreement is established in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement covering risks other than life, annuities and accident and health, where it is customary practice to provide a trust agreement for a specific purpose, such a trust agreement may, notwithstanding any other conditions in this rule, provide that the ceding insurer shall undertake to use and apply amounts drawn upon the trust account, without diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding insurer or the assuming insurer, for the following purposes:

 (7-1-99)
- **a.** To pay or reimburse the ceding insurer for the assuming insurer's share under the specific reinsurance agreement regarding any losses and allocated loss expenses paid by the ceding insurer, but not recovered from the assuming insurer, or for unearned premiums due to the ceding insurer if not otherwise paid by the assuming insurer;

 (7-1-96)
- **b.** To make payment to the assuming insurer of any amounts held in the trust account that exceed one hundred two percent (102%) of the actual amount required to fund the assuming insurer's obligations under the specific reinsurance agreement; or (7-1-96)
- c. Where the ceding insurer has received notification of termination of the trust account and where the assuming insurer's entire obligations under the specific reinsurance agreement remain unliquidated and undischarged ten (10) days prior to the termination date, to withdraw amounts equal to the obligations and deposit those amounts in a separate account, in the name of the ceding insurer in any qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-514(4), Idaho Code, apart from its general assets, in trust for such uses and purposes specified in Subsections 074.11 as may remain executory after such withdrawal and for any period after the termination date.

(7-1-99)

12. Reinsurance Agreement Provisions. The reinsurance agreement entered into in conjunction with the trust agreement may, but need not, contain the provisions required by Subsection 076.01.b., so long as these required conditions are included in the trust agreement. (7-1-99)

075. PERMITTED CONDITIONS.

- **O1. Resignation of Trustee.** The trust agreement may provide that the trustee may resign upon delivery of a written notice of resignation, effective not less than ninety (90) days after receipt by the beneficiary and grantor of the notice and that the trustee may be removed by the grantor by delivery to the trustee and the beneficiary of a written notice of removal, effective not less than ninety (90) days after receipt by the trustee and the beneficiary of the notice, provided that no such resignation or removal shall be effective until a successor trustee has been duly appointed and approved by the beneficiary and the grantor and all assets in the trust have been duly transferred to the new trustee.
- **02. Grantor's Rights**. The grantor may have the full and unqualified right to vote any shares of stock in the trust account and to receive from time to time payments of any dividends or interest upon any shares of stock or obligations included in the trust account. Any such interest or dividends shall be either forwarded promptly upon receipt to the grantor or deposited in a separate account established in the grantor's name. (7-1-99)
- **O3. Trustee's Authority to Invest.** The trustee may be given authority to invest, and accept substitutions of, any funds in the account, provided that no investment or substitution shall be made without prior approval of the beneficiary, unless the trust agreement specifies categories of investments acceptable to the beneficiary and authorizes the trustee to invest funds and to accept substitutions which the trustee determines are at least equal in market value to the assets withdrawn and that are consistent with the restrictions in Subsection 076.01.b. (7-1-99)
- **04. Transfer of Assets**. The trust agreement may provide that the beneficiary may at any time designate a party to which all or part of the trust assets are to be transferred. Such transfer may be conditioned upon

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the trustee receiving, prior to or simultaneously, other specified assets.

(7-1-99)

05. Termination of Trust Account. The trust agreement may provide that, upon termination of the trust account, all assets not previously withdrawn by the beneficiary shall, with written approval by the beneficiary, be delivered over to the grantor. (7-1-99)

076. ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO REINSURANCE AGREEMENTS.

- **01. Reinsurance Agreement in Conjunction With Trust Agreement.** A reinsurance agreement, which is entered into in conjunction with a trust agreement and the establishment of a trust account, may contain provisions that:

 (7-1-99)
- **a.** Require the assuming insurer to enter into a trust agreement and to establish a trust account for the benefit of the ceding insurer, and specifying what the agreement is to cover; (7-1-96)
- b. Stipulate that assets deposited in the trust account shall be valued according to their current fair market value and shall consist only of cash (United States legal tender), certificates of deposit (issued by a United States bank and payable in United States legal tender), and investments of the types permitted by the Insurance Code or any combination of the above, provided that such investments are issued by an institution that is not the parent, subsidiary or affiliate of either the grantor or the beneficiary. The reinsurance agreement may further specify the types of investments to be deposited. Where a trust agreement is entered into in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement covering risks other than life, annuities and accident and health, then the trust agreement may contain the provisions required by this paragraph in lieu of including such provisions in the reinsurance agreement; (7-1-96)
- c. Require the assuming insurer, prior to depositing assets with the trustee, to execute assignments or endorsements in blank, or to transfer legal title to the trustee of all shares, obligations or any other assets requiring assignments, in order that the ceding insurer, or the trustee upon the direction of the ceding insurer, may whenever necessary negotiate these assets without consent or signature from the assuming insurer or any other entity; (7-1-96)
- **d.** Require that all settlements of account between the ceding insurer and the assuming insurer be made in cash or its equivalent; and (7-1-96)
- e. Stipulate that the assuming insurer and the ceding insurer agree that the assets in the trust account, established pursuant to the provisions of the reinsurance agreement, may be withdrawn by the ceding insurer at any time, notwithstanding any other provisions in the reinsurance agreement, and shall be utilized and applied by the ceding insurer or its successors in interest by operation of law, including without limitation any liquidator, rehabilitator, receiver or conservator of such company, without diminution because of insolvency on the part of the ceding insurer or the assuming insurer, only for the following purposes:

 (7-1-96)
- i. To reimburse the ceding insurer for the assuming insurer's share of premiums returned to the owners of policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement because of cancellations of such policies; (7-1-96)
- ii. To reimburse the ceding insurer for the assuming insurer's share of surrenders and benefits or losses paid by the ceding insurer pursuant to the provisions of the policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement; (7-1-96)
- iii. To fund an account with the ceding insurer in an amount at least equal to the deduction, for reinsurance ceded, from the ceding insurer liabilities for policies ceded under the agreement. The account shall include, but not be limited to, amounts for policy reserves, claims and losses incurred (including losses incurred but not reported), loss adjustment expenses and unearned premium reserves; and (7-1-96)
 - iv. To pay any other amounts the ceding insurer claims are due under the reinsurance agreement. (7-1-96)
- **02. Other Provisions of Reinsurance Agreement.** The Reinsurance Agreement may also contain provisions that: (7-1-99)

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- **a.** Give the assuming insurer the right to seek approval from the ceding insurer to withdraw from the trust account all or any part of the trust assets and transfer those assets to the assuming insurer, provided: (7-1-96)
- i. The assuming insurer shall, at the time of withdrawal, replace the withdrawn assets with other qualified assets having a market value equal to the market value of the assets withdrawn so as to maintain at all times the deposit in the required amount, or (7-1-96)
- ii. After withdrawal and transfer, the market value of the trust account is no less than one hundred and two percent (102%) of the required amount. (7-1-96)
 - iii. The ceding insurer shall not unreasonably or arbitrarily withhold its approval. (7-1-96)
 - **b.** Provide for: (7-1-96)
- i. The return of any amount withdrawn in excess of the actual amounts required for Subsections 076.01.e.i. or 076.01.e.ii., or 076.01.e.ii., or in the case of Subsection 076.01.e.iv., any amounts that are subsequently determined not to be due; and (7-1-99)
- ii. Interest payments, at a rate not in excess of the prime rate of interest, on the amounts held pursuant to Subsection 076.01.e. (7-1-99)
 - **c.** Permit the award by any arbitration panel or court of competent jurisdiction of: (7-1-96)
 - i. Interest at a rate different from that provided in Subsection 076.02.b.; (7-1-99)
 - ii. Court of arbitration costs; (7-1-96)
 - iii. Attorney's fees, and (7-1-96)
 - iv. Any other reasonable expenses. (7-1-96)
- 03. Financial Reporting. A trust agreement may be used to reduce any liability for reinsurance ceded to an unauthorized assuming insurer in financial statements required to be filed with this department in compliance with the provisions of this regulation when established on or before the date of filing of the financial statement of the ceding insurer. Further, the reduction for the existence of an acceptable trust account may be up to the current fair market value of acceptable assets available to be withdrawn from the trust account at that time, but such reduction shall be no greater than the specific obligations under the reinsurance agreement that the trust account was established to secure.
- **04.** Existing Agreements. Notwithstanding the effective date of this rule, any trust agreement or underlying reinsurance agreement in existence prior to July 1, 1996 will continue to be acceptable until 7/1/96, at which time the agreements will have to be in full compliance with this rule for the trust agreement to be acceptable.
- **05. Failure to Identify Beneficiary**. The failure of any trust agreement to specifically identify the beneficiary as defined in Section 071 of this section shall not be construed to affect any actions or rights which the director may take or possess pursuant to the provisions of the laws of this state. (7-1-99)
- 077. -- 080. (RESERVED).

081. LETTERS OF CREDIT QUALIFIED UNDER SECTION 061.

01. Letters of Credit Under Section 061. The letter of credit must be clean, irrevocable and unconditional and issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution as defined in Section 41-514(3), Idaho Code. The letter of credit shall contain an issue date and date of expiration and shall stipulate that the beneficiary need only draw a sight draft under the letter of credit and present it to obtain funds and that no other document need be presented. The letter of credit shall also indicate that it is not subject to any condition or

qualifications outside of the letter of credit. In addition, the letter of credit itself shall not contain reference to any other agreements, documents or entities, except as provided in Subsection 081.09.a. As used in this section, "beneficiary" means the domestic insurer for whose benefit the letter of credit has been established and any successor of the beneficiary by operation of law. If a court of law appoints a successor in interest to the named beneficiary, then the named beneficiary includes and is limited to the court appointed domiciliary receiver (including conservator, rehabilitator or liquidator). (7-1-96)

- **O2. Heading of Letter.** The heading of the letter of credit may include a boxed section which contains the name of the applicant and other appropriate notations to provide a reference for the letter of credit. The boxed section shall be clearly marked to indicate that such information is for internal identification purposes only. (7-1-96)
- **03. Statement**. The letter of credit shall contain a statement to the effect that the obligation of the qualified United States financial institution under the letter of credit is in no way contingent upon reimbursement with respect thereto. (7-1-96)
- **04. Term of Letter.** The term of the letter of credit shall be for at least one (1) year and shall contain an "evergreen clause" which prevents the expiration of the letter of credit without due notice from the issuer. The "evergreen clause" shall provide for a period of no less than thirty (30) days' notice prior to the expiration date or nonrenewal. (7-1-96)
- **05. Disclosure Statement.** The letter of credit shall state whether it is subject to and governed by the laws of this state or the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits of the International Chamber of Commerce (Publication 500), and all drafts drawn thereunder shall be presentable at an office in the United States of a qualified United States financial institution. (7-1-96)
- **06. Letter Subject to Uniform Customs and Practice.** If the letter of credit is made subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits of the International Chamber of Commerce (Publication 500), then the letter of credit shall specifically address and make provision for an extension of time to draw against the letter of credit in the event that one or more of the occurrences specified in Article 19 of Publication 500 occur.

 (7-1-96)
- **07. Issued or Confirmed by Authorized Institution**. The letter of credit shall be issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution authorized to issue letters of credit, pursuant to Section 41-514(3), Idaho Code. (7-1-96)
- **08. Exception.** If the letter of credit is issued by a qualified United States financial institution authorized to issue letters of credit, other than a qualified United States financial institution as described in Subsection 081.07, then the following additional requirements shall be met: (7-1-96)
- **a.** The issuing qualified United States financial institution shall formally designate the confirming qualified United States financial institution as its agent for the receipt and payment of the drafts, and (7-1-96)
- **b.** The "evergreen clause" shall provide for thirty (30) days' notice prior to the expiration date for nonrenewal. (7-1-96)

09. Reinsurance Agreement Provisions. (7-1-96)

- **a.** The reinsurance agreement in conjunction with which the letter of credit is obtained may contain provisions which: (7-1-96)
- i. Require the assuming insurer to provide letters of credit to the ceding insurer and specify what they are to cover. (7-1-96)
- ii. Stipulate that the assuming insurer and ceding insurer agree that the letter of credit provided by the assuming insurer pursuant to the provisions of the reinsurance agreement may be drawn upon at any time, notwithstanding any other provisions in the agreement, and shall be utilized by the ceding insurer or its successors in interest only for one or more of the following reasons:

 (7-1-96)

- (1) To reimburse the ceding insurer for the assuming insurer's share of premiums returned to the owners of policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement on account of cancellations of such policies; (7-1-96)
- (2) To reimburse the ceding insurer for the assuming insurer's share of surrenders and benefits or losses paid by the ceding insurer under the terms and provisions of the policies reinsured under the reinsurance agreement; (7-1-96)
- (3) To fund an account with the ceding insurer in an amount at least equal to the deduction, for reinsurance ceded, from the ceding insurer's liabilities for policies ceded under the agreement (such amount shall include, but not be limited to, amounts for policy reserves, claims and losses incurred and unearned premium reserves); and

 (7-1-96)
 - (4) To pay any other amounts the ceding insurer claims are due under the reinsurance agreement. (7-1-96)
- iii. All of the foregoing provisions of Subsection 081.09.a. should be applied without diminution because of insolvency on the part of the ceding insurer or assuming insurer. (7-1-96)
- **b.** Nothing contained in Subsection 081.09.a. shall preclude the ceding insurer and assuming insurer from providing for: (7-1-96)
- i. An interest payment, at a rate not in excess of the prime rate of interest, on the amounts held pursuant to Subsection 081.09.a.ii.(3); and/or (7-1-96)
- ii. The return of any amounts drawn down on the letters of credit in excess of the actual amounts required for the above or, in the case of Subsection 081.09.a.ii.(4), any amounts that are subsequently determined not to be due. (7-1-96)
- c. When a letter of credit is obtained in conjunction with a reinsurance agreement covering risks other than life, annuities and health, where it is customary practice to provide a letter of credit for a specific purpose, then the reinsurance agreement may, in lieu of Subsection 081.09.a.ii., require that the parties enter into a "Trust Agreement" which may be incorporated into the reinsurance agreement or be a separate document. (7-1-96)
- 10. No Reduction in Liability. A letter of credit may not be used to reduce any liability for reinsurance ceded to an unauthorized assuming insurer in financial statements required to be filed with this department unless an acceptable letter of credit with the filing ceding insurer as beneficiary has been issued on or before the date of filing of the financial statement. Further, the reduction for the letter of credit may be up to the amount available under the letter of credit but no greater than the specific obligation under the reinsurance agreement which the letter of credit was intended to secure.

 (7-1-96)

082. -- 090. (RESERVED).

091. OTHER SECURITY.

A ceding insurer may take credit for unencumbered funds withheld by the ceding insurer in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by the ceding insurer and under its exclusive control. (7-1-96)

092. -- 100. (RESERVED).

101. REINSURANCE CONTRACT.

Credit will not be granted to a ceding insurer for reinsurance effected with assuming insurers meeting the requirements of Sections 011, 021, 031, 041, or 061 or otherwise in compliance with Section 41-514(1), Idaho Code, after the adoption of this rule unless the reinsurance agreement: (7-1-96)

01. Insolvency Clause. Includes an insolvency clause which provides, in substance, the following: (7-1-96)

- **a.** In the event of the ceding insurer's insolvency, the reinsurance afforded by the reinsurance agreement shall be payable by the assuming insurer directly to the ceding insurer or its domiciliary liquidator, on the basis of and at the time the ceding insurer's liability is determined in the liquidation proceedings, without diminution because of the ceding insurer's insolvency or because its liquidator has failed to pay all or a portion of any claim, except:

 (7-1-96)
- i. Where the contract specifically provides another payee of such reinsurance in the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer; or (7-1-96)
- ii. Where the assuming insurer, with the consent of the direct insured(s), has assumed such policy obligations of the ceding insurer as direct obligations of the assuming insurer to the payees under such policies and in substitution for the obligations of the ceding insurer to such payees. (7-1-96)
- b. The ceding insurer's liquidator, shall give written notice to the assuming insurer of the pendency of a claim against the insolvent ceding insurer on the contract reinsured within a reasonable time after such claim is filed in the liquidation proceeding. During the pendency of such claim, any assuming insurer may investigate such claim and interpose in the proceeding where the claim is to be adjudicated, at its own expense, any defense that it may deem available to the ceding insurer or its liquidator. The expense thus incurred by the assuming insurer shall be chargeable against the ceding insurer, subject to court approval, as part of the expense of liquidation to the extent of proportionate share of the benefit which may accrue to the ceding insurer solely as a result of the defense undertaken by the assuming insurer. Where two (2) or more assuming companies are involved in the same claim and a majority in interest elect to interpose a defense to such claim, each assuming insurer's share of the expense thus incurred shall be determined in accordance with the terms of the reinsurance agreement as though such expense had been incurred by the ceding insurer.

 (7-1-96)
- **Other Provision**. Includes a provision pursuant to Section 41-514(1)(f), Idaho Code, whereby the assuming insurer, if an unauthorized assuming insurer, has submitted to the jurisdiction of an alternative dispute resolution panel or court of competent jurisdiction within the United States, has agreed to comply with all requirements necessary to give such court or panel jurisdiction, has designated an agent upon whom service of process may be effected, and has agreed to abide by the final decision of such court or panel. (7-1-96)

102. -- 110. (RESERVED).

111. CONTRACTS AFFECTED.

All new and renewal reinsurance transactions entered into after July 1, 1996 shall conform to the requirements of the Idaho Code and this rule if credit is to be given to the ceding insurer for such reinsurance. (7-1-96)

112. -- 999. (RESERVED).

FORM AR-1

CERTIFICATE OF ASSUMING INSURER

I,	,	
(name of officer)	(title of officer)	
of		the assuming insurer
(name of assumi	ng insurer)	_
under a reinsurance agreement(s) v	with one or more insurers dom	niciled in
		, hereby certify that
(name of state)		
		("Assuming Insurer"):
(name of assumi	ng insurer)	

1. Submits to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in Idaho for the adjudication of any issues arising out of the reinsurance agreement(s), agrees to comply with all requirements necessary to give such court jurisdiction, and will abide by the final decision of such court or any appellate court in the event of an appeal. Nothing in this paragraph constitutes or should be understood to constitute a waiver of Assuming Insurer's rights to commence an

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IDAPA 18.01.75 Credit for Reinsurance Rules

action in any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States, to remove an action to a United States District Court, or to seek a transfer of a case to another court as permitted by the laws of the United States or of any state in the United States. This paragraph is not intended to conflict with or override the obligation of the parties to the reinsurance agreement(s) to arbitrate their disputes if such an obligation is created in the agreement(s).

2. Designates the Director of the Idaho Department of Insurance as its lawful attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding arising out of the reinsurance agreement(s) instituted by or on behalf

of the ceaning misurer.		
3. Submits to the authority of the Insurance Commis	ssioner of	to examine its books and records
(ceding insurer's state of domicile and agrees to bear the expense of any such examina		
4. Submits with this form a current list of insurers d to submit additions to or deletions from the list to the		
Dated:		
(name of assuming insurer)		
	BY:	
		(name of officer)
		(title of officer)

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